

For Reference

Not to be taken from this room

Census

Ref

HA

201

1990

.A5732x

CPH-3-175

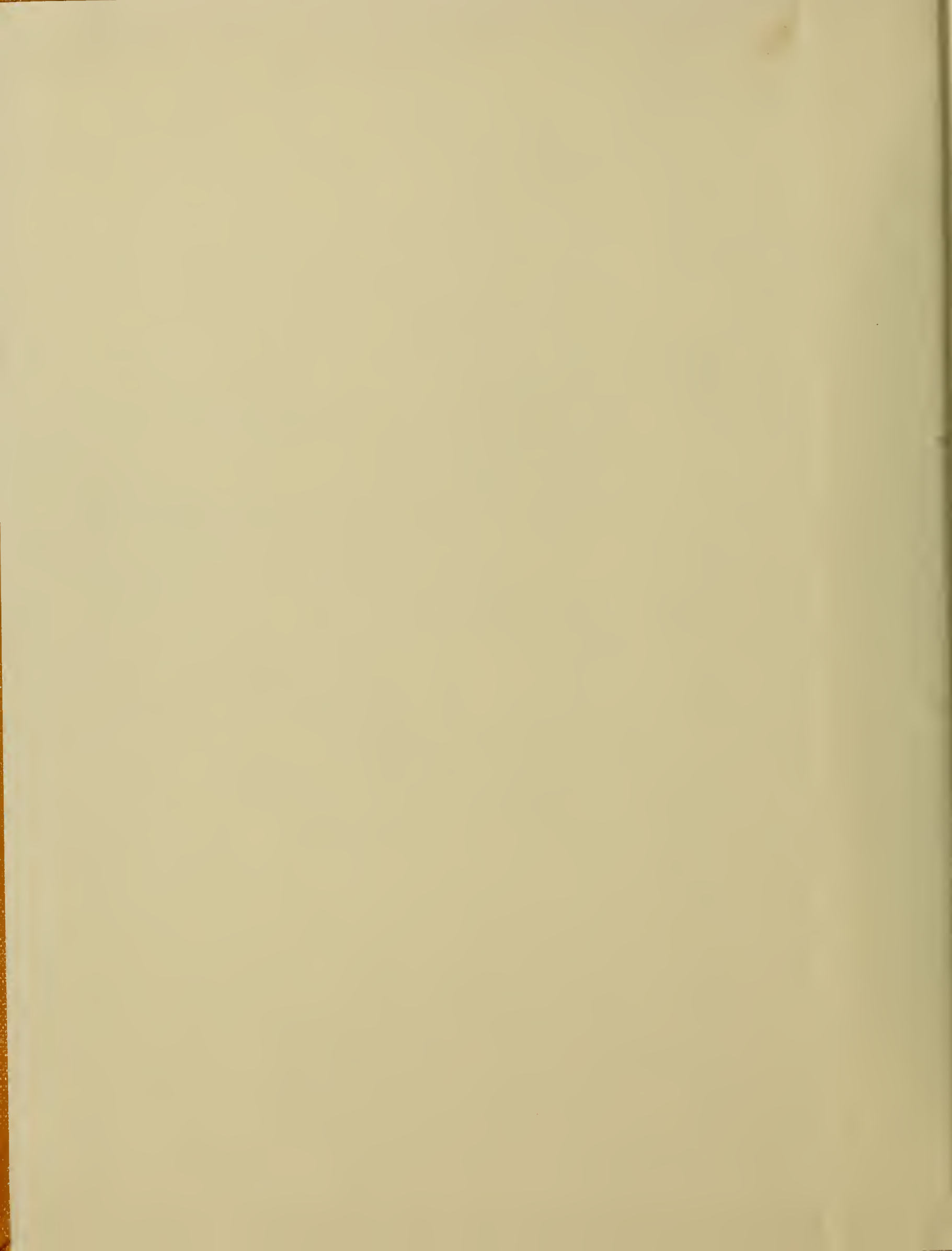
1990

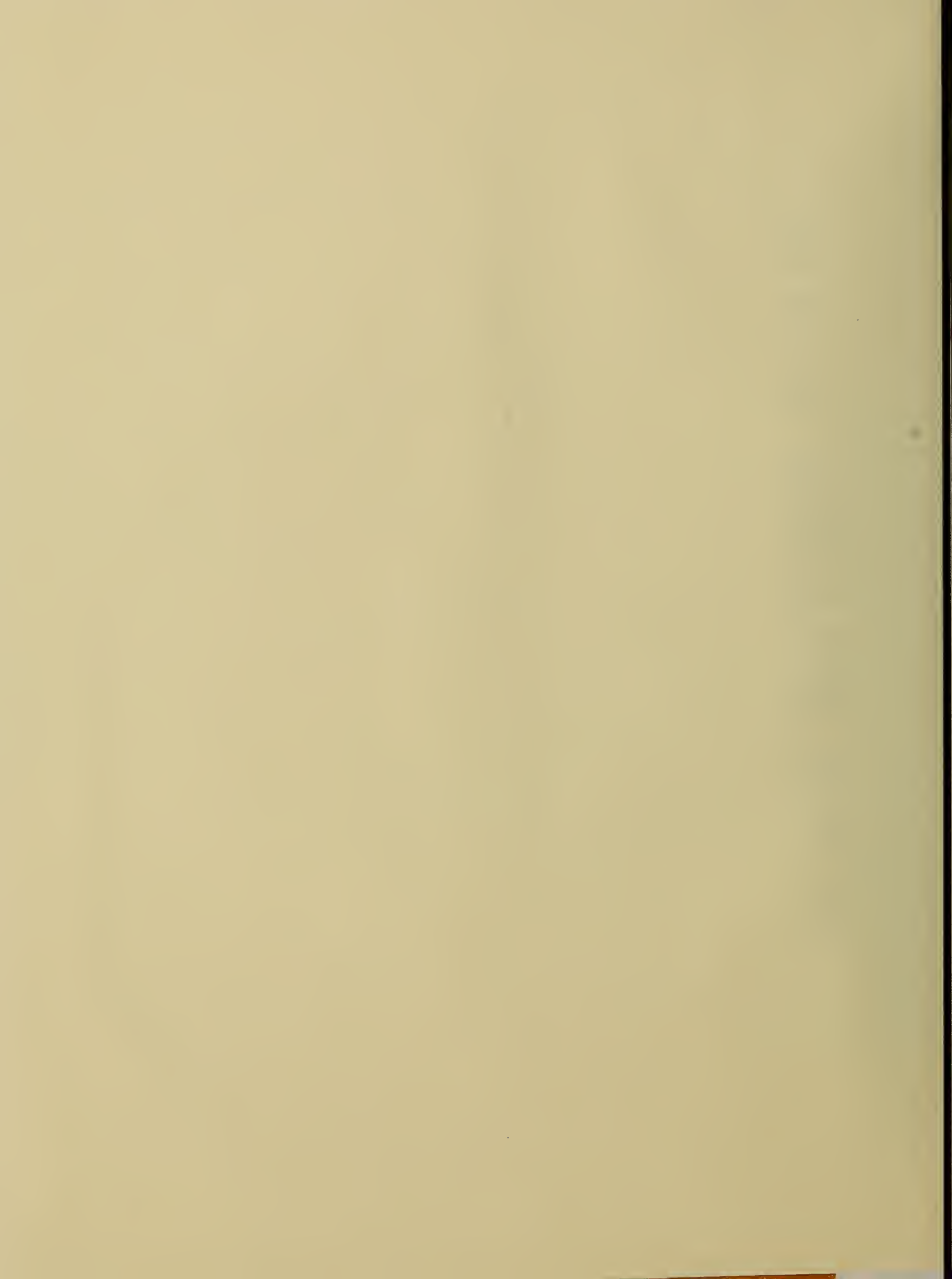
CENSUS OF
POPULATION
AND HOUSING

SERIES CPH (3)

CENSUS TRACTS
AND BNA'S

LIBRARY
BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

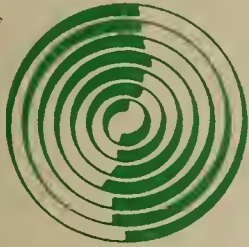




U.S. Department of Commerce
Economics and Statistics Administration
BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

1990 CPH-3-175

132x
3-175
CENSUS '90



1990 Census of
Population and Housing
Population and Housing
Characteristics for
Census Tracts and Block
Numbering Areas
Houma-Thibodaux, LA MSA

For Reference

to be taken from this room

BUREAU OF THE CENSUS
LIBRARY



ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The Decennial Planning Division, **Susan M. Miskura**, Chief, coordinated and directed all census operations. **Patricia A. Berman**, Assistant Division Chief for Content and Data Products, directed the development and implementation of the 1990 Census Tabulation and Publication Program. Other assistant division chiefs were **Robert R. Bair**, **Rachel F. Brown**, **James L. Dinwiddie**, **Allan A. Stephenson**, and **Edwin B. Wagner, Jr.** The following branch chiefs made significant contributions: **Cheryl R. Landman**, **Adolfo L. Paez**, **A. Edward Pike**, and **William A. Starr**. Other important contributors were **Linda S. Brudvig**, **Cindy S. Easton**, **Avis L. Foote**, **Carolyn R. Hay**, **Douglas M. Lee**, **Gloria J. Porter**, and **A. Nishea Quash**.

The Decennial Operations Division, **Arnold A. Jackson**, Chief, was responsible for processing and tabulating census data. Assistant division chiefs were: **Donald R. Dalzell**, **Kenneth A. Riccini**, **Billy E. Stark**, and **James E. Steed**. Processing offices were managed by **Alfred Cruz, Jr.**, **Earle B. Knapp, Jr.**, **Judith N. Petty**, **Mark M. Taylor**, **Russell L. Valentine, Jr.**, **Carol A. Van Horn**, and **C. Kemble Worley**. The following branch chiefs made significant contributions: **Jonathan G. Ankers**, **Sharron S. Baucom**, **Catharine W. Burt**, **Vickie L. Cotton**, **Robert J. Hemmig**, **George H. McLaughlin**, **Carol M. Miller**, **Lorraine D. Neece**, **Peggy S. Payne**, **William L. Peil**, **Cotty A. Smith**, **Dennis W. Stoudt**, and **Richard R. Warren**. Other important contributors were **Eleanor I. Banks**, **Miriam R. Barton**, **Danny L. Burkhead**, **J. Kenneth Butler, Jr.**, **Albert A. Csellar**, **Donald H. Danbury**, **Judith A. Dawson**, **Donald R. Dwyer**, **Beverly B. Fransen**, **Katherine H. Gilbert**, **Lynn A. Hollabaugh**, **Ellen B. Katzoff**, **Randy M. Klear**, **Norman W. Larsen**, **Peter J. Long**, **Sue Love**, **Patricia O. Madson**, **Mark J. Matsko**, **John R. Murphy**, **Dan E. Philipp**, **Eugene M. Rashlich**, **Willie T. Robertson**, **Barbara A. Rosen**, **Sharon A. Schoch**, **Imelda B. Severdia**, **Diane J. Simmons**, **Emmett F. Spiers**, **Johanne M. Stovall**, **M. Lisa Sylla**, and **Jess D. Thompson**.

The Housing and Household Economic Statistics Division, **Daniel H. Weinberg**, Chief, developed the questionnaire content, designed the data tabulations, and reviewed the data for the economic and housing characteristics. **Gordon W. Green, Jr.**, Assistant Division Chief for Economic Characteristics, and **Leonard J. Norry**, Assistant Division Chief for Housing Characteristics, directed the development of this work. The following branch chiefs made significant contributions: **William A. Downs**, **Peter J. Fronczek**, **Patricia A. Johnson**, **Enrique J. Lamas**, **Charles T. Nelson**, and **Thomas S. Scopp**. Other important contributors were **Eleanor F. Baugher**, **Jeanne C. Benetti**, **Robert L. Bennefield**, **Robert W. Bonnette**, **William S. Chapin**, **Higinio Feliciano**, **Timothy S. Grall**, **Cynthia J. Harpine**, **Selwyn Jones**, **Mary C. Kirk**, **Richard G. Kreinsen**, **Gordon H. Lester**, **Mark S. Littman**, **Wilfred T. Masumura**, **John M. McNeil**, **Diane C. Murphy**, **George F. Patterson**, **Thomas J. Palumbo**, **Kirby G. Posey**, **John Priebe**, **Anne D. Smoler**, and **Carmina F. Young**.

The Population Division, **Paula J. Schneider**, Chief, developed the questionnaire content, designed the data tabulations, and reviewed the data for the demographic and social characteristics of the population. **Philip N. Fulton**, Assistant Division Chief for Census Programs, directed the development of this work. Other assistant division chiefs were **Nampeo R. McKenney** and **Arthur J. Norton**. The following branch and staff chiefs made significant contributions: **Jorge H. del Pinal**, **Campbell J. Gibson**, **Roderick J. Harrison**, **Donald J. Hernandez**, **Jane H. Ingold**, **Martin T. O'Connell**, **Marie Pees**, **J. Gregory Robinson**, **Phillip A. Salopek**, **Paul M. Siegel**, **Robert C. Speaker**, **Gregory K. Spencer**, and **Cynthia M. Taeuber**. Other important contributors were **Celia G. Boertlein**, **Rosalind R. Bruno**, **Janice A. Costanzo**, **Rosemarie C. Cowan**, **Arthur R. Cresce**, **Larry G. Curran**, **Carmen DeNavas**, **Robert O. Grymes**, **Kristin A. Hansen**, **Mary C. Hawkins**, **Rodger V. Johnson**, **Michael J. Levin**, **Edna L. Paisano**, **Sherry B. Pollock**, **Stanley J. Rolark**, **A. Dianne Schmidley**, **Denise I. Smith**, and **Nancy L. Sweet**.

The Data User Services Division, **Gerard C. Iannelli**, then Chief, directed the development of data product dissemination and information to increase awareness, understanding, and use of census data. **Marie G. Argana**, Assistant Chief for Data User Services, directed preparation of electronic data products and their dissemination. **Alfonso E. Mirabal**, Assistant Chief for Group Information and Advisory Services, directed activities related to the National Services Program, State Data Centers, and preparation of training materials. The following branch chiefs made significant contributions: **Deborah D. Barrett**, **Frederick G. Bohme**, **Larry W.**

Carbaugh, **James P. Curry**, **Samuel H. Johnson**, **John C. Kavaliunas**, and **Forrest B. Williams**. Other important contributors were **Molly Abramowitz**, **Celestin J. Aguigui**, **Barbara J. Aldrich**, **Delores A. Baldwin**, **Albert R. Barros**, **Geneva A. Burns**, **Carmen D. Campbell**, **James R. Clark**, **Virginia L. Collins**, **George H. Dailey, Jr.**, **Barbara L. Hatchl**, **Theresa C. Johnson**, **Paul T. Manka**, **John D. McCall**, **Jo Ann Norris**, **David M. Pemberton**, **Sarabeth Rodriguez**, **Charles J. Wade**, **Joyce J. Ware**, and **Gary M. Young**.

The Geography Division, **Robert W. Marx**, Chief, directed and coordinated the census mapping and geographic activities. **Jack R. George**, Assistant Division Chief for Geoprocessing, directed the planning and development of the TIGER System and related software. **Robert A. LaMacchia**, Assistant Division Chief for Planning, directed the planning and implementation of processes for defining 1990 census geographic areas. **Silla G. Tomasi**, Assistant Division Chief for Operations, managed the planning and implementation of 1990 census mapping applications using the TIGER System. The following branch chiefs made significant contributions: **Frederick R. Broome**, **Charles E. Dingman**, **Linda M. Franz**, **David E. Galdi**, **Dan N. Harding**, **Donald I. Hirschfeld**, **David B. Meixler**, **Peter Rosenson**, **Joel Sobel**, **Brian Swanhart**, and **Richard Trois**. Other important contributors were **Gerard Boudriault**, **Desmond J. Carron**, **Anthony W. Costanzo**, **Paul W. Daisey**, **Beverly A. Davis**, **Carl S. Hantman**, **Christine J. Kinnear**, **Terence D. McDowell**, **Linda M. Pike**, **Rose J. A. Quarato**, **Lourdes Ramirez**, **Gavin H. Shaw**, **Daniel L. Sweeney**, **Timothy F. Trainor**, **Phyllis S. Willette**, and **Walter E. Yergen**.

The Statistical Support Division, **John H. Thompson**, Chief, directed the application of mathematical statistical techniques in the design and conduct of the census. **John S. Linebarger**, Assistant Division Chief for Quality Assurance, directed the development and implementation of operational and software quality assurance. **Henry F. Woltman**, Assistant Division Chief for Census Design, directed the development and implementation of sample design, disclosure avoidance, weighting, and variance estimation. **Howard Hogan** and **David V. Bateman** were contributing assistant division chiefs. The following branch chiefs made significant contributions: **Florence H. Abramson**, **Deborah H. Griffin**, **Richard A. Griffin**, **Lawrence I. Iskow**, and **Michael L. Mersch**. Other important contributors were **Linda A. Flores-Baez**, **Larry M. Bates**, **Somonica L. Green**, **James E. Hartman**, **Steven D. Jarvis**, **Alfredo Navarro**, **Eric L. Schindler**, **Carolyn T. Swan**, and **Glenn D. White**.

The 1990 Census Redistricting Data Office, **Marshall L. Turner, Jr.**, Chief, assisted by **Cathy L. Talbert**, directed the development and implementation of the 1990 Census Redistricting Data Program.

The Administrative and Publications Services Division, **Walter C. Odom**, Chief, provided direction for the census administrative services, publications, printing, and graphics functions. **Michael G. Garland** was a contributing assistant division chief. The following branch and staff chiefs made significant contributions: **Bernard E. Baymler**, **Albert W. Cosner**, **Gary J. Lauffer**, **Gerald A. Mann**, **Clement B. Nettles**, **Russell Price**, and **Barbara J. Stanard**. Other important contributors were **Barbara M. Abbott**, **Robert J. Brown**, **David M. Coontz**, and **John T. Overby**.

The Data Preparation Division, **Joseph S. Harris**, Chief, provided management of a multi-operational facility including kit preparation, procurement, warehousing and supply, and census processing activities. **Plummer Alston, Jr.**, and **Patricia M. Clark** were assistant division chiefs.

The Field Division, **Stanley D. Matchett**, Chief, directed the census data collection and associated field operations. **Richard L. Bitzer**, **Richard F. Blass**, **Karl K. Kindel**, and **John W. Marshall** were assistant division chiefs. Regional office directors were **William F. Adams**, **John E. Bell**, **LaVerne Collins**, **Dwight P. Dean**, **Arthur G. Dukakis**, **Sheila H. Grimm**, **William F. Hill**, **James F. Holmes**, **Stanley D. Moore**, **Marvin L. Postma**, **John E. Reeder**, and **Leo C. Schilling**.

The Personnel Division, **David P. Warner**, Chief, provided management direction and guidance to the staffing, planning pay systems, and employee relations programs for the census. **Colleen A. Woodard** was the assistant chief.

The Technical Services Division, **C. Thomas DiNenna**, Chief, designed, developed, deployed, and produced automated technology for census data processing.

1990 CPH-3-175

**1990 Census of
Population and Housing
Population and Housing
Characteristics for
Census Tracts and Block
Numbering Areas
Houma-Thibodaux, LA MSA**

Ref
HH
201
1990
.A573
CPH-3
175
C.1

Issued May 1993



**U.S. Department of Commerce
Ronald H. Brown, Secretary
John Rollwagen, Deputy Secretary
Economics and Statistics Administration
Jeffrey Mayer, Acting Under Secretary
for Economic Affairs
BUREAU OF THE CENSUS
Harry A. Scarr, Acting Director**



**Economics and Statistics
Administration**
**Jeffrey Mayer, Acting Under Secretary
for Economic Affairs**



BUREAU OF THE CENSUS
Harry A. Scarr, Acting Director

Charles D. Jones, Associate Director for
Decennial Census
William P. Butz, Associate Director for
Demographic Programs
Bryant Benton, Associate Director for
Field Operations
Clifford J. Parker, Acting Associate Director
for Administration
Peter A. Bounpane, Assistant Director for
Decennial Census

CONTENTS

Page

List of Statistical Tables	iv
How to Use This Census Report.....	I-1
Table Finding Guide.....	II-1
User Notes	III-1
List of Census Tract Reports and Census Tract Comparability Tables.....	IV-1

Statistical Tables (For detailed list of statistical tables, see page iv.)	1
--	---

APPENDIXES

A. Area Classifications	A-1
B. Definitions of Subject Characteristics	B-1
C. Accuracy of the Data.....	C-1
D. Collection and Processing Procedures.....	D-1
E. Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages	E-1
F. Data Products and User Assistance	F-1
G. Maps	G-1

LIST OF STATISTICAL TABLES

[An asterisk (*) indicates that the table was omitted because there were no qualifying geographic area(s) or population group(s)]

Table	Page	Table	Page
1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1990 Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	1	12. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1990 Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	46
2. General Characteristics of White Persons: 1990 Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	10	13. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1990 Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	47
3. General Characteristics of Black Persons: 1990 Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	15	14. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With an Hispanic Origin Householder: 1990 Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	48
4. General Characteristics of American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Persons: 1990 Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	19	15. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White, Not of Hispanic Origin Householder: 1990 Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	49
5. General Characteristics of Asian or Pacific Islander Persons: 1990 Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	20	16. Selected Ancestry Groups and Persons in Selected Hispanic Origin Groups: 1990 Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	50
6. General Characteristics of Hispanic Origin Persons: 1990 Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	21	17. Social Characteristics of Persons: 1990 Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	57
7. General Characteristics of White, Not of Hispanic Origin Persons: 1990 Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	22	18. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1990 Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	66
8. Race and Hispanic Origin: 1990 Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	23	19. Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990 Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	75
9. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990 Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	30	20. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of White Persons: 1990 Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	84
10. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990 Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	39	21. Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of White Persons: 1990 Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	89
11. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1990 Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	43		

Table	Page	Table	Page
22. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of Black Persons: 1990 Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	94	33. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990 Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	119
23. Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of Black Persons: 1990 Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	98	34. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990 Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	128
24. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Persons: 1990 Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	102	35. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990 Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	133
25. Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Persons: 1990 Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	103	36. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1990 Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	138
26. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of Asian or Pacific Islander Persons: 1990 Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	104	37. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1990 Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	142
27. Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of Asian or Pacific Islander Persons: 1990 Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	105	38. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1990 Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	146
28. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of Hispanic Origin Persons: 1990 Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	106	39. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1990 Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	147
29. Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of Hispanic Origin Persons: 1990 Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	107	40. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1990 Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	148
30. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of White, Not of Hispanic Origin Persons: 1990 Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	108	41. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1990 Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	149
31. Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of White, Not of Hispanic Origin Persons: 1990 Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	109	42. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With an Hispanic Origin Householder: 1990 Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	150
32. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990 Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	110	43. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With an Hispanic Origin Householder: 1990 Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	151

Table	Page	Table	Page
44. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With a White, Not of Hispanic Origin Householder: 1990	152	45. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White, Not of Hispanic Origin Householder: 1990 Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	153
Census Tract or Block Numbering Area		46. Percent of Persons and Housing Units in Sample: 1990 Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	154

HOW TO USE THIS CENSUS REPORT

CONTENTS

Contents of the Appendixes	I-3
Census Tract Comparability Tables	I-3
How to Find Race/Hispanic Origin Detail and Subject-Matter Data	I-1
How to Use the Statistical Tables	I-2
User Notes.....	I-3

INTRODUCTION

Data from the 1990 census are presented in several different report series. These series are published under the following three subject titles:

1. 1990 Census of Population (1990 CP)
2. 1990 Census of Housing (1990 CH)
3. 1990 Census of Population and Housing (1990 CPH)

The types of data and the geographic areas shown in reports differ from one series to another. In most series, there is one report for each State, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands of the United States (Virgin Islands), plus a United States summary report. Some series include reports for American Indian and Alaska Native areas, metropolitan areas, and urbanized areas. See appendix F for detailed information about the various report series; additional 1990 census data products such as computer tapes, microfiche, and laser disks; other related materials; and sources of assistance.

The data from the 1990 census were derived from a limited number of basic questions asked of the entire population and about every housing unit (referred to as the 100-percent questions), and from additional questions asked of a sample of the population and housing units (referred to as the sample questions). Two primary versions of questionnaires were used: a short form containing only the 100-percent questions and a long form containing both the 100-percent questions and the additional sample questions. Appendix E presents facsimiles of the questionnaire pages and the respondent instructions used to collect the data included in this report. Appendix F lists the subjects that are covered by the 100-percent and sample components of the 1990 census.

Legal provision for this census, which was conducted as of April 1, 1990, was made in the Act of Congress of August 31, 1954 (amended August 1957, December 1975, and October 1976), which is codified in Title 13, United States Code.

HOW TO FIND RACE/HISPANIC ORIGIN DETAIL AND SUBJECT-MATTER DATA

This report includes a table finding guide to assist the user in locating those statistical tables that contain the data that are needed. The table finding guide lists alphabetically, the subjects shown in this report by race groups, Hispanic origin, and White, not of Hispanic origin. To determine which tables in this report show data for a particular topic, find the subject in the left-hand column of the table finding guide and then look across the columns using the headings at the top for specific race groups or persons of Hispanic origin. Below is an example of a table finding guide.

TABLE FINDING GUIDE

Subjects by Race Groups, Hispanic Origin, and White, Not of Hispanic Origin and Table Number

[Subjects covered in this report are shown on the left side, and race groups, Hispanic origin, and White, not of Hispanic origin are shown at the top. For definitions and explanations of subject characteristics, see appendix E.]

Subject	Total	White	Black	American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	Asian or Pacific Islander	Hispanic origin (of any race)	White, not of Hispanic origin
POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS							
Age	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Ancestry	18	--	--	--	--	--	--
Class of worker	18	--	--	--	--	--	--
Count adjustment	1	2	3	4	5	8	7
Disability	18	20	22	24	26	28	30
Educational attainment	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Family type by presence of own children	1	2	3	4	5	8	7
Fertility	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Hispanic origin	8, 16	--	--	--	--	--	--
Household type and relationship	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Income in 1989	19	21	23	25	27	29	31
Industry	18	--	--	--	--	--	--
Journey to work	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Labor force status	18	20	22	24	26	28	30
Language spoken at home and ability to speak English	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Marital status	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Means of transportation to work	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Occupation	18	21	23	25	27	29	31
Place of birth	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Place of work	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Poverty status in 1989	19	21	23	25	27	29	31
Race	8	--	--	--	--	--	--
Residence in 1985	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
School enrollment and type of school	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Sex	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Urban, rural, and farm residence (persons)	17	--	--	--	--	--	--
Work status in 1989	18	20	22	24	26	28	30
Workers in family in 1989	18	--	--	--	--	--	--
HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS							
Bedrooms	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Condominium	32	--	--	--	--	--	--
Contract rent	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Gross rent	33	35	37	39	41	43	45
House heating fuel	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Household income in 1989	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Kitchen facilities	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Meals included in rent	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs	33	35	37	39	41	43	45
Persons in unit	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Persons per room	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Plumbing facilities	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Rooms	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Sewage disposal	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Source of water	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Telephone in unit	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Tenure	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Units in structure	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Urban, rural, and farm residence (housing units)	32	--	--	--	--	--	--
Vacancy characteristics	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Value	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Vehicles available	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Year householder moved into unit	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Year structure built	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
LAND AREA	1	--	--	--	--	--	--

... Not applicable for this report.

Unit Counts report, for that State. The information for all States appears in the "User Notes" section of the technical documentation for Summary Tape Files 1 and 3.

- A plus sign "+" or a minus sign "-" following a figure denotes that the median falls in the initial or terminal category of an open-ended distribution. (For more information on medians, see the discussion under "Derived Measures" in appendix B.)
- A minus sign "-" preceding a figure denotes decrease.

The following geographic abbreviations are used in the tables and explanations of subjects covered in this report:

- A "(pt.)" next to the name of a geographic area in a hierarchical presentation indicates that the geographic entity is only partially located in the superior geographic entity. For example, a "(pt.)" next to a place name in a county subdivision-place hierarchy indicates that the place is located in more than one county subdivision. (Places also may be "split" by county, congressional district, urban/rural, metropolitan area, voting district, and other geographic boundaries, depending on the presentation.) Other geographic entities also can be "split" by a higher-level entity. The exception is a tabulation block, which is unique within all geographic entities in census products.

- BG is block group.
- BNA is block numbering area.
- CDP is census designated place.
- CMSA is consolidated metropolitan statistical area.
- MA is metropolitan area.
- MSA is metropolitan statistical area.
- PMSA is primary metropolitan statistical area.
- TDSA is tribal designated statistical area.
- TJSA is tribal jurisdiction statistical area.
- unorg. is unorganized territory.
- VTD is voting district.

Census tables often include derived measures such as medians, means, percents, and ratios. More detailed information about derived measures is provided in appendix B.

CENSUS TRACT COMPARABILITY TABLES

A listing of all the census tract reports in this series and information on changes in the boundaries of census tracts between 1980 and 1990 for the area covered in this report appear on page IV-1, directly before the statistical tables.

The census tract comparability table shows the 1980 components of 1990 census tracts and 1990 components of 1980 census tracts, as relevant, for: (1) 1980 census tracts that were split into two or more 1990 census tracts; (2) 1980 census tracts that were combined into new 1990 census tracts; (3) 1980 census tracts in areas with new

numbering systems for 1990; and (4) those census tracts with boundary changes between 1980 and 1990 that affected 2.5 percent or more of the population of the census tract.

A census tract will not appear in the comparability tables if: (1) no change occurred between 1980 and 1990; (2) boundary revisions affected fewer than 2.5 percent of the persons and that was the only change that occurred to that census tract; (3) the area has block numbering areas for 1990; or (4) an area where census tracts were defined for the first time in 1990.

USER NOTES

User notes include corrections, errata, and related explanatory information. They present information about unique characteristics of the report and changes or corrections made too late to be reflected in the text or tables themselves.

CONTENTS OF THE APPENDIXES

Appendix A—Provides definitions of the types of geographic areas and related information used in census reports.

Appendix B—Contains definitions for the subject-matter items used in census reports, including explanations of derived measures, limitations of the data, and comparability with previous censuses. The subjects are listed alphabetically. In reports that contain both population and housing characteristics, the population characteristics are described first, followed by the explanations of the housing subjects.

Appendix C—Provides information on confidentiality of the data, allocations and substitutions, and sources of errors in the data.

Appendix D—Explains the residence rules used in counting the population and housing units, presents a brief overview of data collection operations, and describes processing procedures used to convert data from unedited questionnaires to final 1990 publications and tapes. This appendix also clarifies the procedures used to collect data for persons abroad at the time of the census, where persons on military bases or away at school were counted, how data were collected for persons in institutions, and which citizens of foreign countries were included in the U.S. data.

Appendix E—Presents a facsimile of the 1990 census questionnaire pages and the respondent instructions used to collect the data in this report.

Appendix F—Summarizes the 1990 census data products program by describing the information available in printed reports and in other sources, such as microfiche or computer tape; and provides information on where to obtain assistance.

Appendix G—Contains maps depicting the geographic areas shown in this report.

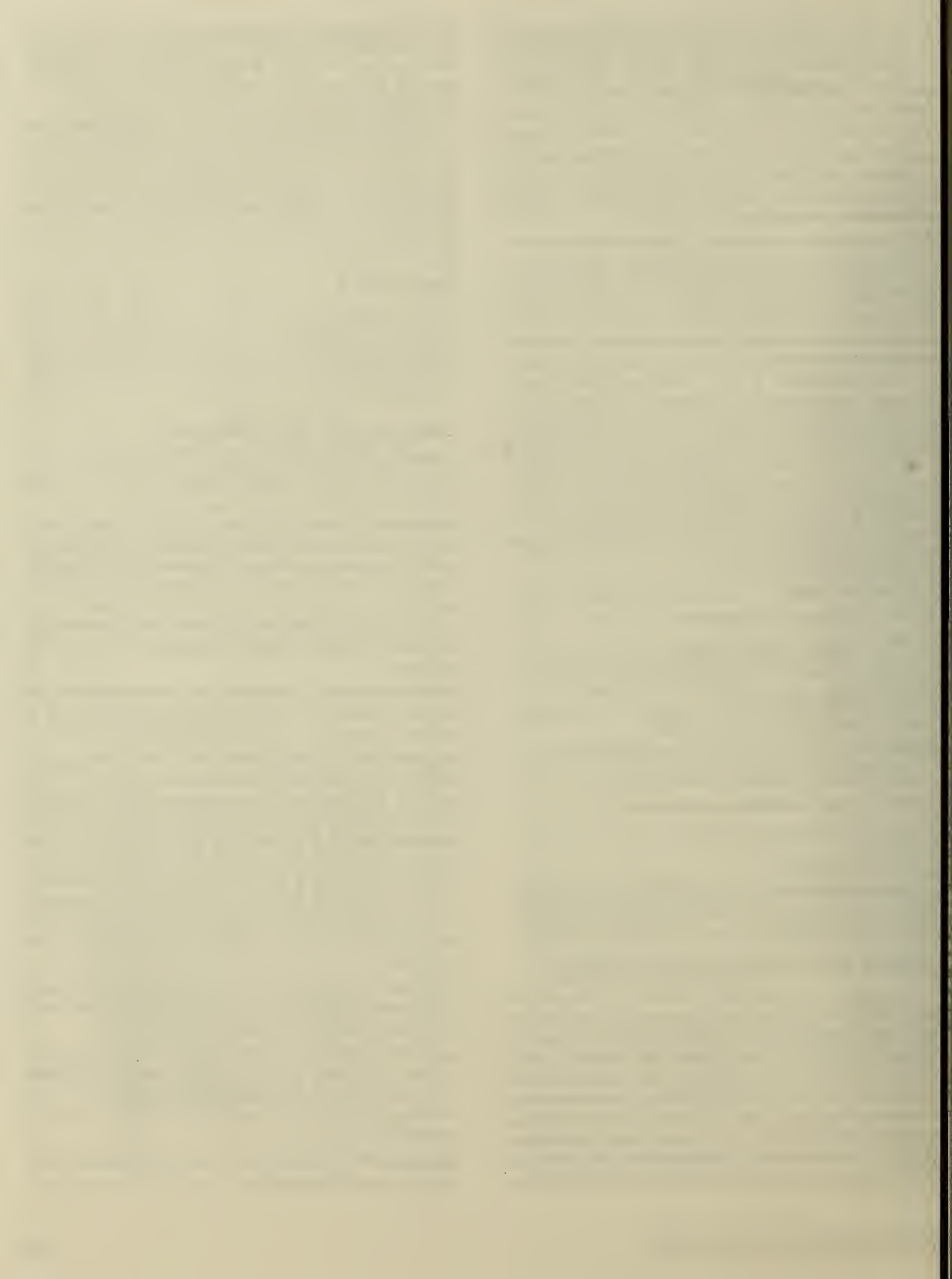


TABLE FINDING GUIDE

Subjects by Race Groups, Hispanic Origin, and White, Not of Hispanic Origin and Table Number

Subjects covered in this report are shown on the left side, and race groups, Hispanic origin, and White, not of Hispanic origin are shown at the top. Tables 1 through 15 show 100-percent characteristics. Tables 16 through 45 show sample characteristics. For definitions and explanations of subject characteristics, see appendix B]

Subject	Total	White	Black	American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	Asian or Pacific Islander	Hispanic origin (of any race)	White, not of Hispanic origin
POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS							
Age	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Ancestry	16	...	...	...	...	...	...
Class of worker	18	...	...	...	...	...	...
Disability	18	20	22	24	26	28	30
Educational attainment	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Family type by presence of own children	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Fertility	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Hispanic origin	8, 16	...	...	...	...	...	...
Household type and relationship	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Income in 1989	19	21	23	25	27	29	31
Industry	18	...	...	...	...	...	...
Journey to work	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Labor force status	18	20	22	24	26	28	30
Language spoken at home and ability to speak English	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Marital status	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Means of transportation to work	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Occupation	18	21	23	25	27	29	31
Place of birth	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Place of work	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Poverty status in 1989	19	21	23	25	27	29	31
Race	8	...	...	...	...	...	...
Residence in 1985	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
School enrollment and type of school	17	20	22	24	26	28	30
Sex	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Urban, rural, and farm residence (persons)	17	...	...	...	...	...	...
Work status in 1989	18	20	22	24	26	28	30
Workers in family in 1989	18	...	...	...	...	...	...
HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS							
Bedrooms	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Condominium	32	...	...	...	...	...	...
Contract rent	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Gross rent	33	35	37	39	41	43	45
House heating fuel	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Household income in 1989	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Kitchen facilities	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Meals included in rent	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs	33	35	37	39	41	43	45
Persons in unit	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Persons per room	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Plumbing facilities	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Rooms	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Sewage disposal	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Source of water	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Telephone in unit	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Tenure	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Units in structure	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Vacancy characteristics	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Value	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Vehicles available	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Year householder moved into unit	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
Year structure built	32	34	36	38	40	42	44
LAND AREA	1	...	...	...	...	...	...

... Not applicable for this report.

The history of the United States is a complex and multifaceted one, spanning centuries and encompassing a wide range of events, people, and ideas. From the early days of European exploration and settlement to the present day, the United States has undergone significant changes and challenges. This history is a testament to the resilience and ingenuity of the American people, who have built a nation that has shaped the world.

The early years of the United States were marked by a period of rapid expansion and growth. The country's borders expanded westward, and new states were added to the Union. This period was also characterized by a struggle for independence from British rule, which culminated in the American Revolution. The resulting Constitution established a new form of government, one that has since become a model for other nations.

The 19th century was a time of great change and challenge for the United States. The Civil War, which raged from 1861 to 1865, was a defining moment in the nation's history. It was a conflict that tested the country's unity and its commitment to the principles of liberty and equality. The war resulted in the abolition of slavery and the preservation of the Union, but it also left a deep and lasting impact on the American people.

The 20th century has been a period of unprecedented growth and change for the United States. The country has become a global superpower, with a significant influence on the world. It has also faced a number of major challenges, including the Great Depression, World War II, and the Cold War. Despite these challenges, the United States has emerged as a more unified and resilient nation, one that is better equipped to face the future.

USER NOTES

Additional information concerning this 1990 census product may be available at a later date. If you wish to receive these *User Notes*, contact:

Data User Services Division
Customer Services
Bureau of the Census
Washington, DC 20233
301-763-4100

Questions concerning the content of this report may be directed to:

Housing and Household Economic Statistics Division
Bureau of the Census
Washington, DC 20233

Population Division
Bureau of the Census
Washington, DC 20233

ADDITIONAL DEFINITIONS AND EXPLANATIONS OF DATA

GENERAL

User Note 1

Age Reporting—Review of detailed 1990 information indicated that respondents tended to provide their age as of the date of completion of the questionnaire, not their age on April 1, 1990. In addition, there may have been a tendency for respondents to round up their age if they were close to having a birthday. It is likely that approximately 10 percent of persons in most age groups are actually 1 year younger. For most single years of age, the misstatements are largely offsetting. The problem is most pronounced at age 0 because persons lost to age 1 may not have been fully offset by the inclusion of babies born after April 1, 1990, and because there may have been more rounding up to age 1 to avoid reporting age as 0 years. (Age in completed months was not collected for infants under age 1.)

The reporting of age 1 year older than age on April 1, 1990, is likely to have been greater in areas where the census data were collected later in 1990. The magnitude of this problem was much less in the three previous

censuses where age was typically derived from respondent data on year of birth and quarter of birth. (For more information on the design of the age question, see the discussion on comparability under "Age" in appendix B.)

User Note 2

The user should note that there are limitations to many of these data. Please refer to the text provided with this report for further explanations on the limitations of the data.

User Note 3

This report series (CPH-3) includes 100-percent and sample data for population and housing characteristics. Tables 1 through 8 present data on general population characteristics based on tabulations of 100-percent data and tables 9 through 15 show 100-percent housing data. Tables 16 through 31 show sample data on social and economic characteristics and tables 32 through 45 show sample housing data.

User Note 4

Persons or householders of Hispanic origin may be of any race. References indicating this information were inadvertently omitted from some tables in this report series.

User Note 5

Electrostatic-plotter copies of Census Tract/Block Numbering Area (BNA) Outline Maps are no longer sold by the Census Bureau's Customer Services. Printed copies of maps are obtainable through the Superintendent of Documents. The availability of selected products and information on certain services described in appendix F of this report series has changed. For current information about various report series; additional 1990 census data products such as computer tapes, microfiche, and laser disks; reference materials; and sources of assistance, see appendix F in the 1990 CP-2 or CH-2 report series.

User Note 6

The data shown in selected products for persons enumerated in "visible in street locations" are incorrect and should not be used. Only the 100-percent data shown in

data products, such as Summary Tape Files (STF's) 1 and 2 and in the 1990 CP-1, *General Population Characteristics* State reports should be used for persons enumerated at "visible in street locations."

During "Shelter and Street Night Enumeration," all visible persons on the streets were asked only the basic 100-percent population questions (age, sex, marital status, race, and Hispanic origin).

During census processing of sample data, information from the long-form questionnaire was inadvertently assigned to a very small percentage of the visible in street population.

User Note 7

The estimated population totals for persons in group quarters, specifically by group quarters type, that are based on census sample tabulations may differ from comparable figures shown in 100-percent tabulations. Such differences result, in part, from sampling variability which occurs because information was obtained from a sample of the population rather than from all persons. Differences also occur because of nonsampling errors which affect the 100-percent and sample data. Examples of nonsampling errors include respondent and enumerator errors, processing errors, and nonresponse.

The 100-percent data are the official counts and should be used as the source for data on group quarters type when the primary focus is on counts of the population in group quarters, especially for small areas such as census tracts/BNA's or blocks. When the group quarters population is shown by characteristics covered only on a sample basis (for example, education, labor force status, income, etc.), the sample figures should be used within the context of the sampling variability associated with them.

For more information on the limitations of 100-percent and sample data for persons in group quarters and the classification of group quarters type, see appendix B. Reasons for the differences between 100-percent and sample totals will be an important focus of post-census research and evaluation.

User Note 8

Estimated population and housing unit totals based on tabulations from only the sample questionnaires (sample tabulations) may differ from the official counts as tabulated from every census questionnaire (100-percent tabulations). Such differences result, in part, because the sample tabulations are based on information from a sample of households rather than from all households (sampling error). Differences also can occur because the interview situation (length of questionnaire, effect of the interviewer, etc.) and the processing rules differ between the 100-percent and sample tabulations. These types of differences are referred to as nonsampling errors. (For more information on nonsampling error, see appendix C.)

The 100-percent data are the official counts and should be used as the source of information on population and housing items collected on the 100-percent questionnaire, such as age, race, Hispanic origin, number of rooms, and tenure. This is especially appropriate when the primary focus is on counts of the population or housing units for small areas such as census tracts/BNA's, block groups, and for American Indian and Alaska Native areas. For estimates of counts of persons and housing units by characteristics asked only on a sample basis (such as education, labor force status, income, and source of water), the sample estimates should be used within the context of the error associated with them.

Many users are interested in tabulations of items collected on the sample cross-classified by items collected on a 100-percent basis such as age, race, sex, Hispanic origin, and housing units by tenure. Given the way the weights were applied during sample tabulations, generally, there is exact agreement between sample estimates and 100-percent counts for total population and total housing units for most geographic areas. At the State level and higher geographic levels, sample estimates and 100-percent counts for population by age, sex, race, and Hispanic origin and for housing units by tenure, number of rooms and so on would be reasonably similar and, in some cases, the same.

At smaller geographic levels, including census tract/BNA, there is still general agreement between 100-percent counts and sample estimates of total population or housing units. At smaller geographic levels, however, there will be expected differences between sample estimates and 100-percent counts for population by age, sex, race, and Hispanic origin and for housing units by tenure, number of rooms and so on. In these cases, users may want to consider using derived measures (such as means and medians) or percent distributions. Whether using absolute numbers or derived measures for small population groups and for a small number of housing units in small geographic areas, users should be cautioned that the sampling error associated with these data may be large.

Even though the differences between sample estimates and 100-percent counts for these categories are generally small, the differences for the American Indian, as well as the Hispanic origin populations, are relatively larger than for other groups. The following provides some explanation for these differences.

State-level sample estimates of the number of American Indians are generally higher than the corresponding 100-percent counts. It appears the differences are primarily the result of proportionately higher reporting of "Cherokee" tribe on sample questionnaires. This phenomenon occurs primarily in off-reservation areas. The reasons for the greater reporting of Cherokee on sample forms are not fully known at this time. The Census Bureau will do research to provide more information on this phenomenon.

For the Hispanic origin population, sample estimates at the State level are generally lower than the corresponding 100-percent counts. The majority of difference is caused

by the 100-percent and sample processing of the Hispanic question on the sample questionnaire when the respondent did not mark any response category. When processing the sample, we used written entries in race or Hispanic origin as well as responses to questions only asked on the sample, such as ancestry and place of birth. These procedures led to a lower proportion of persons being assigned as Hispanic in sample processing than were assigned during 100-percent processing. The Census Bureau will evaluate the effectiveness of the 100-percent and sample procedures.

As in previous censuses, the Census Bureau will evaluate the quality of the data and make this information available to data users. In the meanwhile, both 100-percent and sample data serve very important purposes and, therefore, should be used within the limitations of the sampling and nonsampling errors.

User Note 9

Thresholds and Complementary Thresholds—To show characteristics for a large number of racial and Hispanic groups and to avoid using a large number of pages to show characteristics for small population groups, population thresholds are used in some tables in selected reports. Also, complementary population thresholds are used in some tables to avoid showing largely repetitive data for the

White population and for the White, not of Hispanic origin population. Specifically, complementary thresholds are used to limit the presentation of characteristics for the White population when the population of races other than White is small and for the White, not of Hispanic origin population when the Hispanic origin population is small.

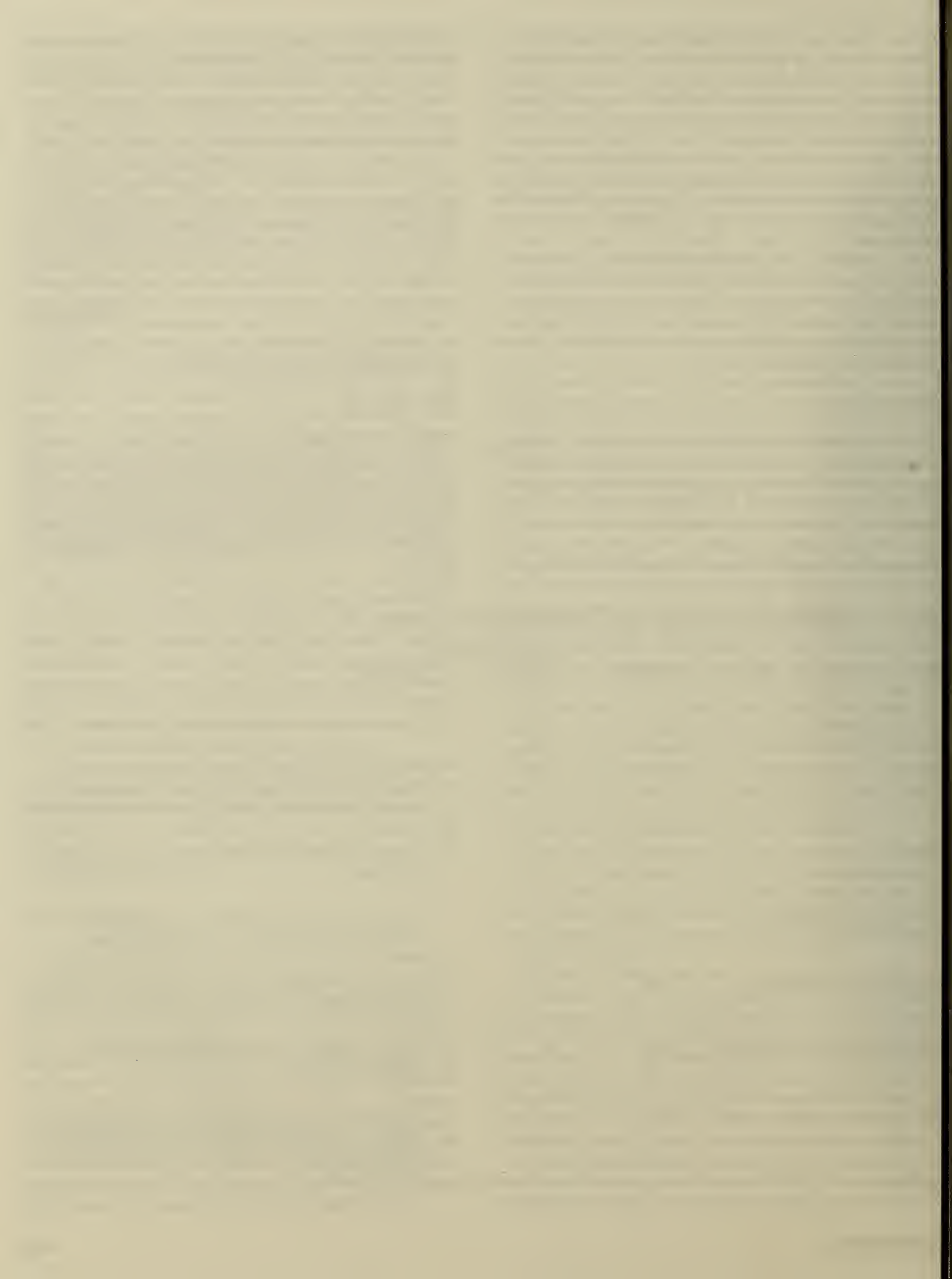
For example, assume that the threshold and complementary threshold are 400 in a table showing data by race and Hispanic origin for counties. The threshold of 400 applies to each group, and in addition, the complementary threshold of 400 applies to White and to White, not of Hispanic origin. The following figure shows how the threshold and complementary threshold for race and Hispanic origin apply for a hypothetical county. (For simplicity, it is assumed that the “Other race” population of the county is zero because characteristics are not shown for the “Other race” population below the State level.

User Note 10

Thresholds in CPH-3—For this report series, the threshold and complementary threshold of 400 persons used to present characteristics for racial and Hispanic origin groups are applied separately for 100-percent and sample data. Therefore, the geographic coverage may differ between tables showing 100-percent data and tables showing sample data.

Figure. Example of Threshold and Complementary Threshold

Race and Hispanic origin	Population	Characteristics shown	Reason
All persons	14,700	Yes	Threshold does not apply to total population.
White	13,800	Yes	Threshold and complementary threshold apply. There are 400 or more White persons, <i>and</i> there are 400 or more persons of races other than White.
Black	500	Yes	Threshold applies. There are 400 or more Black persons.
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	100	No	Threshold applies. There are fewer than 400 American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut persons.
Asian or Pacific Islander	300	No	Threshold applies. There are fewer than 400 Asian or Pacific Islander persons.
Hispanic origin (or any race)	300	No	Threshold applies. There are fewer than 400 Hispanic persons.
White, not of Hispanic origin	13,500	No	Threshold and complementary threshold apply. There are 400 or more White, not of Hispanic origin persons, <i>but</i> there are fewer than 400 Hispanic origin persons.



LIST OF CENSUS TRACT REPORTS

Report No.	Area	Report No.	Area	Report No.	Area
1	United States	56	Not Assigned		Buffalo-Niagara Falls, NY CMSA:
2	Alabama	57	Not Assigned	100A	Buffalo, NY PMSA
3	Alaska	58	Abilene, TX MSA	100B	Niagara Falls, NY PMSA
4	Arizona	59	Aguadilla, PR MSA		
5	Arkansas	60	Albany, GA MSA	101	Burlington, NC MSA
6	California	61	Albany-Schenectady-Troy, NY MSA	102	Burlington, VT MSA
7	Colorado	62	Albuquerque, NM MSA	103	Canton, OH MSA
8	Connecticut	63	Alexandria, LA MSA	104	Casper, WY MSA
9	Delaware	64	Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton, PA-NJ MSA	105	Cedar Rapids, IA MSA
10	Not Assigned	65	Altoona, PA MSA	106	Champaign-Urbana-Rantoul, IL MSA
11	Florida	66	Amarillo, TX MSA	107	Charleston, SC MSA
12	Georgia	67	Anchorage, AK MSA	108	Charleston, WV MSA
13	Hawaii	68	Anderson, IN MSA	109	Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill, NC-SC MSA
14	Idaho	69	Anderson, SC MSA	110	Charlottesville, VA MSA
15	Illinois	70	Anniston, AL MSA	111	Chattanooga, TN-GA MSA
16	Indiana	71	Appleton-Oshkosh-Neenah, WI MSA	112	Cheyenne, WY MSA
17	Iowa				Chicago-Gary-Lake County, IL-IN-WI CMSA:
18	Kansas	72	Arecibo, PR MSA	113A	Aurora-Elgin, IL PMSA
19	Kentucky	73	Asheville, NC MSA	113B	Chicago, IL PMSA
20	Louisiana	74	Athens, GA MSA	113C	Gary-Hammond, IN PMSA
21	Maine	75	Atlanta, GA MSA	113D	Joliet, IL PMSA
22	Maryland			113E	Kenosha, WI PMSA
23	Massachusetts	76	Atlantic City, NJ MSA	113F	Lake County, IL PMSA
24	Michigan	77	Augusta, GA-SC MSA		
25	Minnesota	78	Austin, TX MSA	114	Chico, CA MSA
26	Mississippi	79	Bakersfield, CA MSA		
27	Missouri	80	Baltimore, MD MSA		Cincinnati-Hamilton, OH-KY-IN CMSA:
28	Montana			115A	Cincinnati, OH-KY-IN PMSA
29	Nebraska	81	Bangor, ME MSA	115B	Hamilton-Middletown, OH PMSA
30	Nevada	82	Baton Rouge, LA MSA		
31	New Hampshire	83	Battle Creek, MI MSA		
32	Not Assigned	84	Beaumont-Port Arthur, TX MSA	116	Clarksville-Hopkinsville, TN-KY MSA
33	New Mexico	85	Bellingham, WA MSA		
34	New York				Cleveland-Akron-Lorain, OH CMSA:
35	North Carolina	86	Benton Harbor, MI MSA		
36	North Dakota	87	Billings, MT MSA	117A	Akron, OH PMSA
37	Ohio	88	Biloxi-Gulfport, MS MSA	117B	Cleveland, OH PMSA
38	Oklahoma	89	Binghamton, NY MSA	117C	Lorain-Elyria, OH PMSA
39	Oregon	90	Birmingham, AL MSA		
40	Pennsylvania	91	Bismarck, ND MSA	118	Colorado Springs, CO MSA
41	Rhode Island	92	Bloomington, IN MSA	119	Columbia, MO MSA
42	South Carolina	93	Bloomington-Normal, IL MSA	120	Columbia, SC MSA
43	South Dakota	94	Boise City, ID MSA	121	Columbus, GA-AL MSA
44	Tennessee		Boston-Lawrence-Salem, MA-NH CMSA:	122	Columbus, OH MSA
45	Texas	95A	Boston, MA PMSA	123	Corpus Christi, TX MSA
46	Utah	95B	Brockton, MA PMSA	124	Cumberland, MD-WV MSA
47	Vermont	95C	Lawrence-Haverhill, MA-NH PMSA		Dallas-Fort Worth, TX CMSA:
48	Virginia			125A	Dallas, TX PMSA
49	Washington	95D	Lowell, MA-NH PMSA	125B	Fort Worth-Arlington, TX PMSA
50	West Virginia	95E	Nashua, NH PMSA		
51	Wisconsin	95F	Salem-Gloucester, MA PMSA	126	Danville, VA MSA
52	Wyoming	96	Bradenton, FL MSA	127	Davenport-Rock Island-Moline, IA-IL MSA
53	Puerto Rico	97	Bremerton, WA MSA	128	Dayton-Springfield, OH MSA
54	Not Assigned	98	Brownsville-Harlingen, TX MSA	129	Daytona Beach, FL MSA
55	Virgin Islands	99	Bryan-College Station, TX MSA	130	Decatur, AL MSA
				131	Decatur, IL MSA

Report No.	Area	Report No.	Area	Report No.	Area
	Denver-Boulder, CO CMSA:	179	Indianapolis, IN MSA	230	Midland, TX MSA
132A	Boulder-Longmont, CO PMSA	180	Iowa City, IA MSA		
132B	Denver, CO PMSA	181	Jackson, MI MSA		Milwaukee-Racine, WI CMSA:
133	Des Moines, IA MSA	182	Jackson, MS MSA	231A	Milwaukee, WI PMSA
	Detroit-Ann Arbor, MI CMSA:	183	Jackson, TN MSA	231B	Racine, WI PMSA
134A	Ann Arbor, MI PMSA	184	Jacksonville, FL MSA	232	Minneapolis-St. Paul, MN-WI MSA
134B	Detroit, MI PMSA	185	Jacksonville, NC MSA	233	Mobile, AL MSA
135	Dothan, AL MSA	186	Jamestown-Dunkirk, NY MSA	234	Modesto, CA MSA
136	Dubuque, IA MSA	187	Janesville-Beloit, WI MSA	235	Monroe, LA MSA
137	Duluth, MN-WI MSA	188	Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol, TN-VA MSA	236	Montgomery, AL MSA
138	Eau Claire, WI MSA	189	Johnstown, PA MSA	237	Muncie, IN MSA
139	El Paso, TX MSA	190	Joplin, MO MSA	238	Muskegon, MI MSA
140	Elkhart-Goshen, IN MSA	191	Kalamazoo, MI MSA	239	Naples, FL MSA
141	Elmira, NY MSA	192	Kankakee, IL MSA	240	Nashville, TN MSA
142	Enid, OK MSA	193	Kansas City, MO-KS MSA	241	New Bedford, MA MSA
143	Erie, PA MSA	194	Killeen-Temple, TX MSA	242	New Haven-Meriden, CT MSA
144	Eugene-Springfield, OR MSA	195	Knoxville, TN MSA	243	New London-Norwich, CT-RI MSA
145	Evansville, IN-KY MSA	196	Kokomo, IN MSA	244	New Orleans, LA MSA
146	Fargo-Moorhead, ND-MN MSA	197	La Crosse, WI MSA		New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island, NY-NJ-CT CMSA:
147	Fayetteville, NC MSA	198	Lafayette, LA MSA	245A	Bergen-Passaic, NJ PMSA
148	Fayetteville-Springdale, AR MSA	199	Lafayette-West Lafayette, IN MSA	245B	Bridgeport-Milford, CT PMSA
149	Fitchburg-Leominster, MA MSA	200	Lake Charles, LA MSA	245C	Danbury, CT PMSA
150	Flint, MI MSA	201	Lakeland-Winter Haven, FL MSA	245D	Jersey City, NJ PMSA
151	Florence, AL MSA	202	Lancaster, PA MSA	245E	Middlesex-Somerset-Hunterdon, NJ PMSA
152	Florence, SC MSA	203	Lansing-East Lansing, MI MSA	245F	Monmouth-Ocean, NJ PMSA
153	Fort Collins-Loveland, CO MSA	204	Laredo, TX MSA	245G	Nassau-Suffolk, NY PMSA
154	Fort Myers-Cape Coral, FL MSA	205	Las Cruces, NM MSA	245H	New York, NY PMSA
155	Fort Pierce, FL MSA	206	Las Vegas, NV MSA	245I	Newark, NJ PMSA
156	Fort Smith, AR-OK MSA	207	Lawrence, KS MSA	245J	Norwalk, CT PMSA
157	Fort Walton Beach, FL MSA	208	Lawton, OK MSA	245K	Orange County, NY PMSA
158	Fort Wayne, IN MSA	209	Lewiston-Auburn, ME MSA	245L	Stamford, CT PMSA
159	Fresno, CA MSA	210	Lexington-Fayette, KY MSA	246	Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News, VA MSA
160	Gadsden, AL MSA	211	Lima, OH MSA	247	Ocala, FL MSA
161	Gainesville, FL MSA	212	Lincoln, NE MSA	248	Odessa, TX MSA
162	Glens Falls, NY MSA	213	Little Rock-North Little Rock, AR MSA	249	Oklahoma City, OK MSA
163	Grand Forks, ND MSA	214	Longview-Marshall, TX MSA	250	Olympia, WA MSA
164	Grand Rapids, MI MSA		Los Angeles-Anaheim-Riverside, CA CMSA:	251	Omaha, NE-IA MSA
165	Great Falls, MT MSA	215A	Anaheim-Santa Ana, CA PMSA	252	Orlando, FL MSA
166	Greeley, CO MSA	215B	Los Angeles-Long Beach, CA PMSA	253	Owensboro, KY MSA
167	Green Bay, WI MSA	215C	Oxnard-Ventura, CA PMSA	254	Panama City, FL MSA
168	Greensboro-Winston-Salem-High Point, NC MSA	215D	Riverside-San Bernardino, CA PMSA	255	Parkersburg-Marietta, WV-OH MSA
169	Greenville-Spartanburg, SC MSA	216	Louisville, KY-IN MSA	256	Pascagoula, MS MSA
170	Hagerstown, MD MSA	217	Lubbock, TX MSA	257	Pensacola, FL MSA
171	Harrisburg-Lebanon-Carlisle, PA MSA	218	Lynchburg, VA MSA	258	Peoria, IL MSA
	Hartford-New Britain-Middletown, CT CMSA:	219	Macon-Warner Robins, GA MSA		Philadelphia-Wilmington-Trenton, PA-NJ-DE-MD CMSA:
172A	Bristol, CT PMSA	220	Madison, WI MSA	259A	Philadelphia, PA-NJ PMSA
172B	Hartford, CT PMSA	221	Manchester, NH MSA	259B	Trenton, NJ PMSA
172C	Middletown, CT PMSA	222	Mansfield, OH MSA	259C	Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton, NJ PMSA
172D	New Britain, CT PMSA	223	Mayagüez, PR MSA	259D	Wilmington, DE-NJ-MD PMSA
173	Hickory-Morganton, NC MSA	224	McAllen-Edinburg-Mission, TX MSA	260	Phoenix, AZ MSA
174	Honolulu, HI MSA	225	Medford, OR MSA	261	Pine Bluff, AR MSA
175	Houma-Thibodaux, LA MSA	226	Melbourne-Titusville-Palm Bay, FL MSA		Pittsburgh-Beaver Valley, PA CMSA:
	Houston-Galveston-Brazoria, TX CMSA:	227	Memphis, TN-AR-MS MSA	262A	Beaver County, PA PMSA
176A	Brazoria, TX PMSA	228	Merced, CA MSA	262B	Pittsburgh, PA PMSA
176B	Galveston-Texas City, TX PMSA		Miami-Fort Lauderdale, FL CMSA:	263	Pittsfield, MA MSA
176C	Houston, TX PMSA	229A	Fort Lauderdale-Hollywood-Pompano Beach, FL PMSA	264	Ponce, PR MSA
177	Huntington-Ashland, WV-KY-OH MSA	229B	Miami-Hialeah, FL PMSA	265	Portland, ME MSA
178	Huntsville, AL MSA				

Report No.	Area	Report No.	Area	Report No.	Area
	Portland-Vancouver, OR-WA CMSA:	292	San Antonio, TX MSA	315	Stockton, CA MSA
266A	Portland, OR PMSA	293	San Diego, CA MSA	316	Syracuse, NY MSA
266B	Vancouver, WA PMSA			317	Tallahassee, FL MSA
			San Francisco-Oakland-San Jose, CA CMSA:		
267	Portsmouth-Dover-Rochester, NH-ME MSA	294A	Oakland, CA PMSA	318	Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, FL MSA
268	Poughkeepsie, NY MSA	294B	San Francisco, CA PMSA	319	Terre Haute, IN MSA
		294C	San Jose, CA PMSA	320	Texarkana, TX-Texarkana, AR MSA
		294D	Santa Cruz, CA PMSA	321	Toledo, OH MSA
	Providence-Pawtucket-Fall River, RI-MA CMSA:	294E	Santa Rosa-Petaluma, CA PMSA		
269A	Fall River, MA-RI PMSA	294F	Vallejo-Fairfield-Napa, CA PMSA	322	Topeka, KS MSA
269B	Pawtucket-Woonsocket-Attleboro, RI-MA PMSA			323	Tucson, AZ MSA
269C	Providence, RI PMSA		San Juan-Caguas, PR CMSA:	324	Tulsa, OK MSA
		295A	Caguas, PR PMSA	325	Tuscaloosa, AL MSA
270	Provo-Orem, UT MSA	295B	San Juan, PR PMSA	326	Tyler, TX MSA
271	Pueblo, CO MSA			327	Utica-Rome, NY MSA
272	Raleigh-Durham, NC MSA	296	Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Lompoc, CA MSA		
273	Rapid City, SD MSA	297	Santa Fe, NM MSA	328	Victoria, TX MSA
274	Reading, PA MSA	298	Sarasota, FL MSA	329	Visalia-Tulare-Porterville, CA MSA
		299	Savannah, GA MSA	330	Waco, TX MSA
275	Redding, CA MSA	300	Scranton-Wilkes-Barre, PA MSA	331	Washington, DC-MD-VA MSA
276	Reno, NV MSA			332	Waterbury, CT MSA
277	Richland-Kennewick-Pasco, WA MSA		Seattle-Tacoma, WA CMSA:		
278	Richmond-Petersburg, VA MSA	301A	Seattle, WA PMSA	333	Waterloo-Cedar Falls, IA MSA
279	Roanoke, VA MSA	301B	Tacoma, WA PMSA	334	Wausau, WI MSA
				335	West Palm Beach-Boca Raton-Delray Beach, FL MSA
280	Rochester, MN MSA	302	Sharon, PA MSA	336	Wheeling, WV-OH MSA
281	Rochester, NY MSA	303	Sheboygan, WI MSA	337	Wichita, KS MSA
282	Rockford, IL MSA	304	Sherman-Denison, TX MSA		
283	Sacramento, CA MSA	305	Shreveport, LA MSA	338	Wichita Falls, TX MSA
284	Saginaw-Bay City-Midland, MI MSA	306	Sioux City, IA-NE MSA	339	Williamsport, PA MSA
				340	Wilmington, NC MSA
285	St. Cloud, MN MSA	307	Sioux Falls, SD MSA	341	Worcester, MA MSA
286	St. Joseph, MO MSA	308	South Bend-Mishawaka, IN MSA	342	Yakima, WA MSA
287	St. Louis, MO-IL MSA	309	Spokane, WA MSA		
288	Salem, OR MSA	310	Springfield, IL MSA	343	York, PA MSA
289	Salinas-Seaside-Monterey, CA MSA	311	Springfield, MO MSA	344	Youngstown-Warren, OH MSA
		312	Springfield, MA MSA	345	Yuba City, CA MSA
290	Salt Lake City-Ogden, UT MSA	313	State College, PA MSA	346	Yuma, AZ MSA
291	San Angelo, TX MSA	314	Steubenville-Weirton, OH-WV MSA		

Table A. Census Tract Comparability: 1990 to 1980

[Tables list selected census tracts for which boundaries or identification changed between 1980 and 1990. See text "How to Use This Census Report" for further explanation]

1990 tract	1980 tract	1990 tract	1980 tract	1990 tract	1980 tract
LAFOURCHE PARISH, LA		TERREBONNE PARISH, LA—Can.		TERREBONNE PARISH, LA—Can.	
202.01 -----	202 (pt.)				
202.02 -----	202 (pt.)				
210 -----	210 (pt.)				
211 -----	211 (pt.)	3 -----	112 (pt.)		
212 -----	212 (pt.)		113		
213 -----	212 (pt.)	4 -----	115 (pt.)	11 -----	123 (pt.)
	213	5 -----	102		124 (pt.)
214 -----	212 (pt.)		103	12 -----	122 (pt.)
	214		115 (pt.)		123 (pt.)
	215 (pt.)		116 (pt.)		124 (pt.)
215 -----	210 (pt.)	6 -----	104 (pt.)	13 -----	108 (pt.)
	211 (pt.)	7 -----	106		121 (pt.)
	215 (pt.)		107 (pt.)		122 (pt.)
	216 (pt.)	8 -----	109 (pt.)	14 -----	120 (pt.)
216 -----	216 (pt.)		108 (pt.)		121 (pt.)
		9 -----	109 (pt.)	15.98 -----	110 (pt.)
TERREBONNE PARISH, LA			101		119 (pt.)
1 -----	116 (pt.)		105	16 -----	118 (pt.)
	117 (pt.)		110 (pt.)		119 (pt.)
	118 (pt.)		111	17 -----	110 (pt.)
2 -----	114	10 -----	112 (pt.)		112 (pt.)
	116 (pt.)		104 (pt.)		117 (pt.)
	117 (pt.)		107 (pt.)		118 (pt.)
			124 (pt.)		119 (pt.)

Table B. Census Tract Comparability: 1980 to 1990

[Tables list selected census tracts for which boundaries or identification changed between 1980 and 1990. See text "How to Use This Census Report" for further explanation]

1980 tract	1990 tract	1980 tract	1990 tract	1980 tract	1990 tract
LAFOURCHE PARISH, LA		TERREBONNE PARISH, LA—Con.		TERREBONNE PARISH, LA—Con.	
202	202.01	102	5 (pt.)	116	1 (pt.)
	202.02	103	5 (pt.)		2 (pt.)
210	210	104	6		5 (pt.)
	215 (pt.)	105	10 (pt.)	117	1 (pt.)
211	211	106	9 (pt.)		2 (pt.)
	215 (pt.)	107	7 (pt.)	118	17 (pt.)
212	212	107	7 (pt.)		1 (pt.)
	213 (pt.)	108	10 (pt.)		16 (pt.)
	214 (pt.)	108	8 (pt.)	119	17 (pt.)
213	213 (pt.)	109	13 (pt.)		15.98 (pt.)
214	214 (pt.)	109	7 (pt.)		16 (pt.)
215	214 (pt.)	110	8 (pt.)	120	17 (pt.)
	215 (pt.)	110	9 (pt.)		1
216	215 (pt.)		15.98 (pt.)	121	14 (pt.)
	216	111	17 (pt.)		13 (pt.)
		111	9 (pt.)	122	14 (pt.)
		112	3 (pt.)		12 (pt.)
			9 (pt.)	123	13 (pt.)
			17 (pt.)		11 (pt.)
		113	3 (pt.)	124	12 (pt.)
		114	2 (pt.)		10 (pt.)
		115	4		11 (pt.)
			5 (pt.)		12 (pt.)
TERREBONNE PARISH, LA					
101	9 (pt.)				

¹In 1990, this census tract or part of this census tract is in St. Mary Parish.

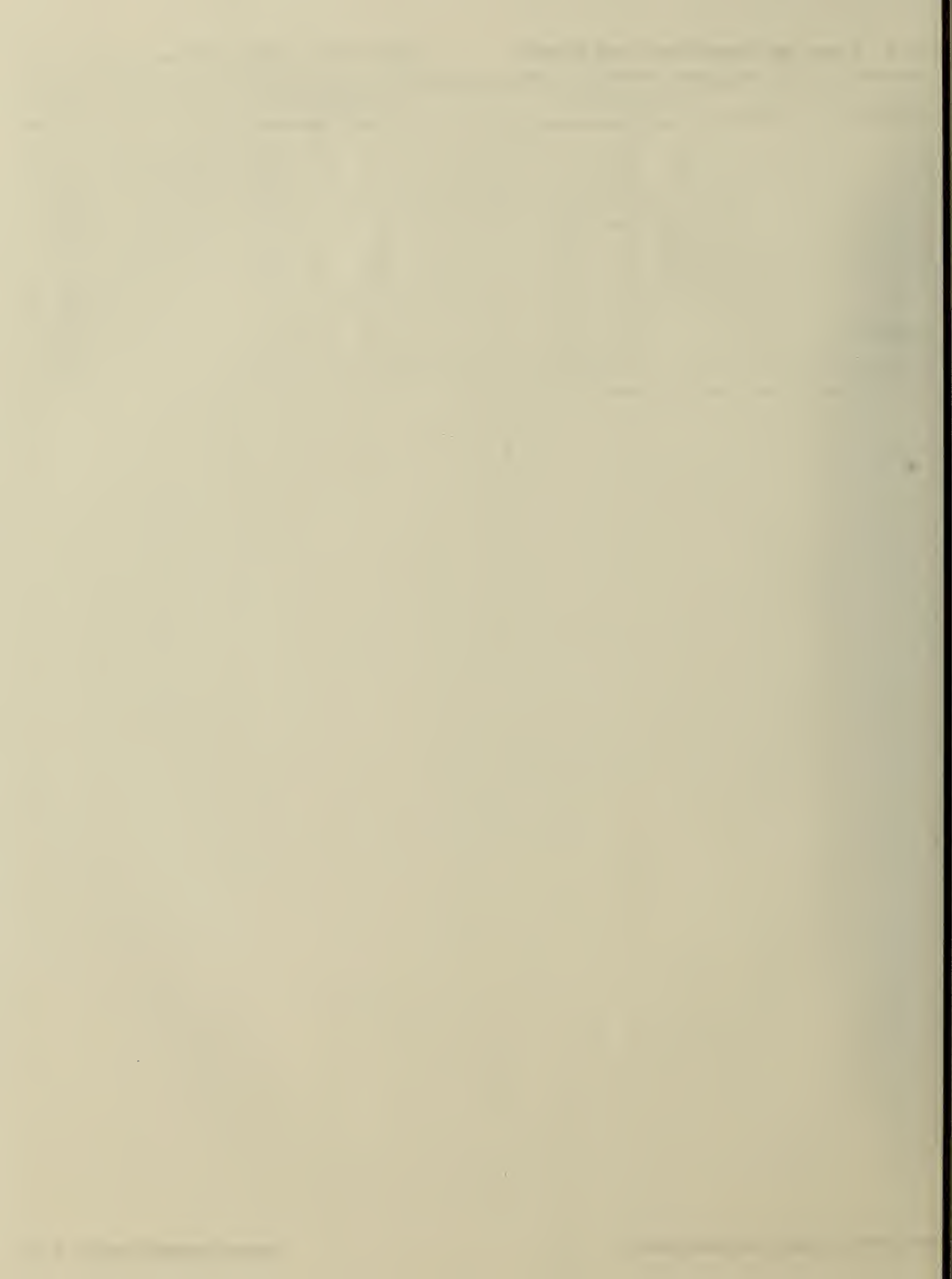


Table 1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1990

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Houma-Thibodaux, LA MSA	Lafourche Parish		Terrebonne Parish			Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Lafourche Parish			
		Total	Thibodaux city	Total	Bayou Cane COP	Houma city	Tract 202.02	Tract 203	Tract 204	Tract 205
LAND AREA										
Square kilometers	6 060.3	2 809.7	10.0	3 250.6	19.8	35.1	10.9	1.0	1.7	9.3
Square miles	2 339.9	1 084.8	3.9	1 255.1	7.6	13.6	4.2	.4	.7	3.6
AGE										
All persons	182 842	85 860	14 035	96 982	15 876	30 495	2 677	609	2 510	5 777
Under 5 years	15 491	7 091	1 025	8 400	1 267	2 586	192	—	211	577
5 to 9 years	17 061	7 613	1 091	9 448	1 395	2 869	213	—	189	592
10 to 14 years	15 972	7 157	922	8 815	1 306	2 542	176	—	177	550
15 to 19 years	14 526	6 857	1 371	7 669	1 199	2 246	280	251	210	528
20 to 24 years	14 678	7 527	1 731	7 151	1 247	2 100	326	329	222	590
25 to 34 years	31 683	14 836	2 126	16 847	2 981	4 979	381	13	362	1 005
35 to 44 years	25 551	11 805	1 622	13 746	2 373	4 151	382	9	282	769
45 to 54 years	17 853	8 274	1 119	9 579	1 625	2 871	347	1	190	510
55 to 64 years	13 956	6 703	1 106	7 253	1 271	2 536	214	2	203	306
65 to 74 years	9 950	4 937	1 104	5 013	743	2 186	117	2	219	234
75 to 84 years	4 821	2 422	621	2 399	318	1 118	40	1	170	93
85 years and over	1 300	638	197	662	151	311	9	1	75	23
3 and 4 years	6 458	2 966	438	3 492	526	1 063	81	—	92	236
16 years and over	131 413	62 966	10 820	68 717	11 660	22 042	2 048	609	1 898	3 959
18 years and over	125 644	60 046	10 423	65 598	11 158	21 101	1 975	608	1 814	3 730
21 years and over	116 828	55 607	9 183	61 221	10 472	19 825	1 725	231	1 679	3 400
60 years and over	22 739	11 247	2 477	11 492	1 754	4 960	269	4	551	506
62 years and over	19 984	9 908	2 246	10 076	1 514	4 443	225	4	509	440
Median	29.4	29.5	28.9	29.3	30.1	30.9	29.1	20.4	30.9	25.5
Female	93 388	43 889	7 469	49 499	8 169	15 974	1 394	229	1 368	3 055
Under 5 years	7 503	3 462	507	4 041	629	1 209	102	—	102	291
5 to 9 years	8 490	3 731	538	4 759	721	1 461	116	—	88	303
10 to 14 years	7 813	3 489	462	4 324	636	1 266	89	—	81	274
15 to 19 years	7 242	3 407	693	3 835	600	1 173	155	111	100	244
20 to 24 years	7 561	3 824	883	3 737	662	1 132	164	105	119	324
25 to 34 years	16 127	7 595	1 101	8 532	1 530	2 498	196	5	194	543
35 to 44 years	12 893	5 992	858	6 901	1 162	2 139	192	2	153	421
45 to 54 years	9 115	4 200	597	4 915	853	1 491	177	1	109	275
55 to 64 years	7 127	3 442	605	3 685	645	1 371	106	1	108	164
65 to 74 years	5 557	2 732	650	2 825	417	1 283	67	2	139	143
75 to 84 years	2 989	1 520	414	1 469	189	723	24	1	114	56
85 years and over	971	495	161	476	125	228	6	1	61	17
3 and 4 years	3 091	1 447	216	1 644	257	479	47	—	44	121
16 years and over	68 171	32 597	5 866	35 574	6 046	11 787	1 060	229	1 082	2 140
18 years and over	65 316	31 301	5 694	34 015	5 822	11 299	1 023	229	1 045	2 035
21 years and over	60 761	28 987	5 032	31 774	5 437	10 635	879	73	974	1 865
60 years and over	12 928	6 392	1 520	6 536	1 006	2 970	145	4	358	291
62 years and over	11 501	5 697	1 394	5 804	888	2 681	123	4	336	260
Median	30.0	30.2	30.6	29.8	30.3	32.0	29.1	20.1	35.0	26.7
Male	89 454	41 971	6 566	47 483	7 707	14 521	1 283	380	1 142	2 722
Median age	28.7	28.7	27.0	28.7	29.9	29.8	29.2	20.6	27.5	24.2
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP										
All persons	182 842	85 860	14 035	96 982	15 876	30 495	2 677	609	2 510	5 777
In households	180 608	84 413	12 858	96 195	15 553	30 080	2 671	6	2 348	5 626
Householder	60 672	28 835	4 945	31 837	5 457	10 658	947	5	831	1 899
Family householder	48 110	22 860	3 330	25 250	4 193	7 939	689	1	575	1 441
Nonfamily householder	12 562	5 975	1 615	6 587	1 264	2 719	258	4	256	458
Living alone	10 527	4 979	1 348	5 548	1 043	2 361	162	4	216	374
Spouse	38 455	18 451	2 204	20 004	3 395	5 722	599	1	282	904
Child	67 444	30 891	4 432	36 553	5 591	10 948	866	—	863	2 328
Other relatives	8 998	3 938	796	5 060	642	1 819	91	—	279	333
Nonrelatives	5 039	2 298	481	2 741	468	933	168	—	93	162
Institutionalized persons	1 341	676	416	665	323	342	6	3	162	138
Other persons in group quarters	893	771	761	122	—	73	—	600	—	13
Persons per household	2.98	2.93	2.60	3.02	2.85	2.82	2.82	1.20	2.83	2.96
Persons per family	3.39	3.33	3.23	3.44	3.30	3.33	3.26	2.00	3.48	3.47
Persons 65 years and over	16 071	7 997	1 922	8 074	1 212	3 615	166	4	464	350
In households	15 253	7 563	1 716	7 690	953	3 491	166	1	321	350
Householder	10 468	5 157	1 222	5 311	635	2 475	105	1	235	243
Nonfamily householder	4 318	2 113	561	2 205	231	1 139	30	1	105	113
Living alone	4 172	2 032	540	2 140	221	1 110	29	1	100	109
Spouse	3 546	1 818	378	1 728	232	746	49	—	62	83
Other relatives	1 078	512	103	566	82	233	10	—	21	22
Nonrelatives	161	76	13	85	4	37	2	—	3	2
Institutionalized persons	806	425	205	381	259	122	—	2	143	—
Other persons in group quarters	12	9	1	3	—	2	—	1	—	—
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN										
Families	48 110	22 860	3 330	25 250	4 193	7 939	689	1	575	1 441
With own children under 18 years	26 689	12 419	1 619	14 270	2 346	4 160	354	—	267	889
Number of own children under 18 years	51 249	23 338	3 089	27 911	4 305	8 144	646	—	530	1 783
Married-couple families	38 455	18 451	2 204	20 004	3 395	5 722	599	1	282	904
With own children under 18 years	21 166	9 895	981	11 271	1 852	2 921	311	—	112	518
Number of own children under 18 years	40 766	18 545	1 810	22 221	3 487	5 698	578	—	215	985
Female householder, no husband present	7 474	3 401	969	4 073	621	1 784	69	—	251	479
With own children under 18 years	4 461	2 050	585	2 411	397	1 041	33	—	142	349
Number of own children under 18 years	8 662	3 999	1 184	4 663	665	2 117	47	—	291	763
MARITAL STATUS										
Males 15 years and over	64 736	30 792	5 035	33 944	5 725	10 460	1 009	380	836	1 871
Never married	17 810	8 649	2 119	9 161	1 498	2 987	337	369	390	715
Now married, except separated	40 105	19 148	2 324	20 957	3 546	6 033	605	8	313	947
Separated	1 426	609	134	817	135	316	12	—	39	68
Widowed	1 511	699	158	812	118	347	9	—	38	37
Divorced	3 884	1 687	300	2 197	428	777	46	3	56	104
Females 15 years and over	69 582	33 207	5 962	36 375	6 183	12 038	1 087	229	1 097	2 187
Never married	15 042	7 438	2 040	7 604	1 272	2 668	329	219	378	748
Now married, except separated	40 160	19 180	2 324	20 980	3 541	6 055	614	6	324	948
Separated	2 093	933	251	1 160	199	479	26	—	65	125
Widowed	7 393	3 555	873	3 838	596	1 726	57	1	230	184
Divorced	4 894	2 101	474	2 793	575	1 110	61	3	100	182

Table 1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/8NA's in Lofourche Parish—Con.		Thibodaux city, Lafourche Parish							
	Tract 206	Tract 207	Tract 201	Tract 202.01	Tract 202.02 (pt.)	Tract 203 (pt.)	Tract 204 (pt.)	Tract 205 (pt.)	Tract 206 (pt.)	Tract 207 (pt.)
LAND AREA										
Square kilometers	1.7	275.0	1.7	1.5	—	.8	1.7	2.0	.3	1.9
Square miles	.7	106.2	.7	.6	—	.3	.7	.8	.1	.7
AGE										
All persons	2 199	9 883	3 490	1 617	54	609	2 510	2 998	568	2 189
Under 5 years	155	887	237	76	2	—	211	298	44	157
5 to 9 years	165	957	258	95	1	—	189	278	42	228
10 to 14 years	191	824	203	96	1	—	177	221	53	171
15 to 19 years	178	705	242	172	12	251	210	296	41	147
20 to 24 years	142	828	367	226	20	329	222	386	27	154
25 to 34 years	312	1 873	555	227	15	13	362	516	88	350
35 to 44 years	345	1 456	395	182	—	9	282	333	56	365
45 to 54 years	230	926	325	92	2	1	190	251	42	216
55 to 64 years	224	634	350	141	1	2	203	174	57	178
65 to 74 years	133	479	365	173	—	2	219	162	42	141
75 to 84 years	84	237	152	114	—	1	170	62	47	75
85 years and over	40	77	41	23	—	1	75	21	29	7
3 and 4 years	64	403	94	36	—	—	92	124	16	76
16 years and over	1 660	7 073	2 758	1 331	50	609	1 898	2 147	422	1 605
18 years and over	1 578	6 784	2 664	1 304	50	608	1 814	2 031	401	1 551
21 years and over	1 484	6 346	2 470	1 127	29	231	1 679	1 810	381	1 456
60 years and over	359	1 090	753	390	—	4	551	341	136	302
62 years and over	312	958	681	359	—	4	509	305	126	262
Median	33.6	28.9	32.8	31.0	22.3	20.4	30.9	25.3	33.7	32.1
Female	1 184	4 967	1 864	933	26	229	1 368	1 612	337	1 100
Under 5 years	86	427	114	34	1	—	102	160	24	72
5 to 9 years	77	436	134	45	1	—	88	145	20	105
10 to 14 years	96	392	96	53	1	—	81	113	30	88
15 to 19 years	91	348	122	128	9	111	100	128	21	74
20 to 24 years	69	437	210	143	10	105	119	214	13	69
25 to 34 years	175	964	274	119	3	5	194	269	51	186
35 to 44 years	180	736	211	84	—	2	153	194	30	184
45 to 54 years	129	462	164	53	1	1	109	138	25	106
55 to 64 years	120	295	201	84	—	1	108	95	33	83
65 to 74 years	72	266	199	100	—	2	139	101	29	80
75 to 84 years	53	139	107	73	—	1	114	39	32	48
85 years and over	36	65	32	17	—	1	61	16	29	5
3 and 4 years	35	191	48	14	—	—	44	67	9	34
16 years and over	909	3 646	1 502	787	23	229	1 082	1 166	258	819
18 years and over	870	3 500	1 459	775	23	229	1 045	1 120	250	793
21 years and over	823	3 276	1 347	639	10	73	974	1 005	238	746
60 years and over	214	613	448	238	—	4	358	202	100	170
62 years and over	189	556	406	216	—	4	336	183	94	155
Median	34.9	29.6	34.2	29.8	20.3	20.1	35.0	26.4	38.2	32.8
Male	1 015	4 916	1 626	684	28	380	1 142	1 386	231	1 089
Median age	32.1	28.2	31.6	32.3	24.5	20.6	27.5	24.2	29.9	31.3
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP										
All persons	2 199	9 883	3 490	1 617	54	609	2 510	2 998	568	2 189
In households	2 136	9 819	3 476	1 433	54	6	2 348	2 847	505	2 189
Householder	720	3 353	1 431	626	31	5	831	1 040	184	797
Family householder	604	2 666	927	381	5	1	575	708	134	599
Nonfamily householder	116	687	504	245	26	4	256	332	50	198
Living alone	103	561	439	198	16	4	216	263	46	166
Spouse	497	2 171	677	297	3	1	282	397	83	464
Child	804	3 750	1 078	373	3	—	863	1 098	204	813
Other relatives	74	284	168	63	1	—	279	199	23	63
Nonrelatives	41	261	122	74	16	—	93	113	11	52
Institutionalized persons	63	64	—	50	—	3	162	138	63	—
Other persons in group quarters	—	—	14	134	—	600	—	13	—	—
Persons per household	2.97	2.93	2.43	2.29	1.74	1.20	2.83	2.74	2.74	2.75
Persons per family	3.28	3.33	3.07	2.92	2.40	2.00	3.48	3.39	3.31	3.24
Persons 65 years and over	257	793	558	310	4	4	464	245	118	223
In households	197	737	558	310	—	1	321	245	58	223
Householder	127	512	401	210	—	1	235	169	42	164
Nonfamily householder	40	212	186	92	—	1	105	84	21	72
Living alone	38	204	181	89	—	1	100	81	21	67
Spouse	47	178	118	80	—	—	62	61	10	47
Other relatives	19	42	34	18	—	—	21	14	6	10
Nonrelatives	4	5	5	2	—	—	3	1	—	2
Institutionalized persons	60	56	—	—	—	2	143	—	60	—
Other persons in group quarters	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN										
Families	604	2 666	927	381	5	1	575	708	134	599
With own children under 18 years	316	1 585	399	145	3	—	267	408	73	324
Number of own children under 18 years	581	2 934	730	270	3	—	530	796	153	607
Married-couple families	497	2 171	677	297	3	1	282	397	83	464
With own children under 18 years	250	1 268	277	105	2	—	112	197	37	251
Number of own children under 18 years	450	2 337	500	200	2	—	215	358	70	465
Female householder, no husband present	87	376	208	72	2	—	251	281	45	110
With own children under 18 years	54	262	106	38	1	—	142	199	32	67
Number of own children under 18 years	115	493	202	67	1	—	291	415	77	131
MARITAL STATUS										
Males 15 years and over	763	3 503	1 272	549	27	380	836	1 007	166	798
Never married	191	961	408	200	18	369	390	448	55	231
Now married, except separated	514	2 209	701	310	4	8	313	430	88	470
Separated	9	67	33	4	1	—	39	40	3	14
Widowed	15	71	51	16	—	—	38	25	6	22
Divorced	34	195	79	19	4	3	56	64	14	61
Females 15 years and over	925	3 712	1 520	801	23	229	1 097	1 194	263	835
Never married	214	804	399	328	18	219	378	449	70	179
Now married, except separated	511	2 217	694	314	3	6	324	425	86	472
Separated	17	112	57	13	—	—	65	75	10	31
Widowed	128	348	257	94	—	1	230	119	78	94
Divorced	55	231	113	52	2	3	100	126	19	59

Table 1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Lofourche Parish									
	Tract 202.02 (pt.)	Tract 203 (pt.)	Tract 204 (pt.)	Tract 205 (pt.)	Tract 206 (pt.)	Tract 207 (pt.)	Tract 208	Tract 209	Tract 210	Tract 211
LAND AREA										
Square kilometers	10.8	.1	--	7.2	1.4	273.1	210.6	28.1	551.2	801.5
Square miles	4.2	--	--	2.8	.5	105.4	81.3	10.9	212.8	309.4
AGE										
All persons	2 623	--	--	2 779	1 631	7 694	3 866	2 427	2 781	6 767
Under 5 years	190	--	--	279	111	730	291	202	245	607
5 to 9 years	212	--	--	314	123	729	328	230	250	596
10 to 14 years	175	--	--	329	138	653	323	251	250	547
15 to 19 years	268	--	--	232	137	558	309	192	202	533
20 to 24 years	306	--	--	204	115	674	312	190	225	526
25 to 34 years	366	--	--	489	224	1 523	688	386	515	1 192
35 to 44 years	382	--	--	436	289	1 091	642	311	364	961
45 to 54 years	345	--	--	259	188	710	386	247	268	676
55 to 64 years	213	--	--	132	167	456	289	204	224	526
65 to 74 years	117	--	--	72	91	338	189	119	162	367
75 to 84 years	40	--	--	31	37	162	94	70	68	176
85 years and over	9	--	--	2	11	70	15	25	8	60
3 and 4 years	81	--	--	112	48	327	123	94	103	239
16 years and over	1 998	--	--	1 812	1 238	5 468	2 854	1 706	1 992	4 917
18 years and over	1 925	--	--	1 699	1 177	5 233	2 726	1 627	1 914	4 676
21 years and over	1 696	--	--	1 590	1 103	4 890	2 566	1 511	1 798	4 396
60 years and over	269	--	--	165	223	788	428	313	338	848
62 years and over	225	--	--	135	186	696	375	268	294	754
Median	29.7	--	--	25.8	33.5	28.2	30.3	28.6	29.4	29.5
Female	1 368	--	--	1 443	847	3 867	1 900	1 237	1 389	3 377
Under 5 years	101	--	--	131	62	355	139	101	120	286
5 to 9 years	115	--	--	158	57	331	163	111	124	293
10 to 14 years	88	--	--	161	66	304	158	126	117	260
15 to 19 years	146	--	--	116	70	274	140	106	107	234
20 to 24 years	154	--	--	110	56	368	155	83	100	271
25 to 34 years	193	--	--	274	124	778	347	198	264	592
35 to 44 years	192	--	--	227	150	552	311	158	184	485
45 to 54 years	176	--	--	137	104	356	184	132	125	339
55 to 64 years	106	--	--	69	87	212	144	98	116	259
65 to 74 years	67	--	--	42	43	186	98	66	85	195
75 to 84 years	24	--	--	17	21	91	52	40	41	117
85 years and over	6	--	--	1	7	60	9	18	6	46
3 and 4 years	47	--	--	54	26	157	64	44	50	100
16 years and over	1 037	--	--	974	651	2 827	1 414	882	1 008	2 503
18 years and over	1 000	--	--	915	620	2 707	1 357	834	970	2 380
21 years and over	869	--	--	860	585	2 530	1 272	775	903	2 262
60 years and over	145	--	--	89	114	443	221	170	182	482
62 years and over	123	--	--	77	95	401	199	150	164	435
Median	29.8	--	--	27.0	34.2	28.8	30.5	29.3	30.0	30.5
Male	1 255	--	--	1 336	784	3 827	1 966	1 190	1 392	3 390
Median age	29.6	--	--	24.2	32.8	27.6	29.9	27.9	28.7	28.5
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP										
All persons	2 623	--	--	2 779	1 631	7 694	3 866	2 427	2 781	6 767
Households	2 617	--	--	2 779	1 631	7 630	3 866	2 427	2 781	6 651
Householder	916	--	--	859	536	2 556	1 299	776	890	2 160
Family householder	684	--	--	733	470	2 067	1 110	629	739	1 830
Nonfamily householder	232	--	--	126	66	489	189	147	151	330
Living alone	146	--	--	111	57	395	161	126	125	280
Spouse	596	--	--	507	414	1 707	980	416	627	1 558
Child	863	--	--	1 230	600	2 937	1 403	955	1 022	2 441
Other relatives	90	--	--	134	51	221	117	222	158	341
Nonrelatives	152	--	--	49	30	209	67	58	84	151
Institutionalized persons	6	--	--	--	--	64	--	--	--	116
Other persons in group quarters	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Persons per household	2.86	--	--	3.24	3.04	2.99	2.98	3.13	3.12	3.08
Persons per family	3.26	--	--	3.55	3.27	3.35	3.25	3.53	3.45	3.37
Persons 65 years and over	166	--	--	105	139	570	298	214	238	603
Households	166	--	--	105	139	514	298	214	238	502
Householder	105	--	--	74	85	348	199	150	156	333
Nonfamily householder	30	--	--	29	19	140	71	60	53	119
Living alone	29	--	--	28	17	137	66	59	48	115
Spouse	49	--	--	22	37	131	86	45	47	125
Other relatives	10	--	--	8	13	32	10	17	27	42
Nonrelatives	2	--	--	1	4	3	3	2	8	2
Institutionalized persons	--	--	--	--	--	56	--	--	--	101
Other persons in group quarters	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN										
Families	684	--	--	733	470	2 067	1 110	629	739	1 830
With own children under 18 years	351	--	--	481	243	1 261	613	316	397	998
Number of own children under 18 years	643	--	--	987	428	2 327	1 069	653	759	1 890
Married-couple families	596	--	--	507	414	1 707	980	416	627	1 558
With own children under 18 years	309	--	--	321	213	1 017	535	204	343	862
Number of own children under 18 years	576	--	--	627	380	1 872	941	414	672	1 660
Female householder, no husband present	67	--	--	198	42	266	89	170	69	185
With own children under 18 years	32	--	--	150	22	195	53	96	32	89
Number of own children under 18 years	46	--	--	348	38	362	91	212	56	154
MARITAL STATUS										
Males 15 years and over	982	--	--	864	597	2 705	1 484	845	1 008	2 479
Ever married	319	--	--	267	136	730	371	285	239	590
Now married, except separated	601	--	--	517	426	1 739	1 009	440	660	1 656
Separated	11	--	--	28	6	53	12	41	23	47
Widowed	9	--	--	12	9	49	28	31	28	53
Divorced	42	--	--	40	20	134	64	48	58	133
Females 15 years and over	1 064	--	--	993	662	2 877	1 440	899	1 028	2 538
Ever married	311	--	--	299	144	625	248	252	180	424
Now married, except separated	611	--	--	523	425	1 745	1 006	449	666	1 635
Separated	26	--	--	50	7	81	13	36	23	46
Widowed	57	--	--	65	50	254	113	108	111	274
Divorced	59	--	--	56	36	172	60	54	48	159

Table 1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Lafourche Parish—Con.								Totals for split tracts/8NA's in Terrebonne Parish	
	Tract 212	Tract 213	Tract 214	Tract 215	Tract 216	Tract 217	Tract 218	Tract 219	Tract 2	Tract 3
LAND AREA										
Square kilometers	362.9	7.1	50.5	17.1	337.8	6.8	10.6	122.8	42.3	5.5
Square miles	140.1	2.7	19.5	6.6	130.4	2.6	4.1	47.4	16.3	2.1
AGE										
All persons	4 547	2 485	3 806	5 516	9 034	3 735	5 088	7 046	8 021	4 015
Under 5 years	312	180	288	495	782	299	430	625	708	306
5 to 9 years	400	179	307	557	859	310	467	661	767	303
10 to 14 years	365	199	327	488	840	268	438	644	743	272
15 to 19 years	322	183	241	447	728	250	384	500	645	270
20 to 24 years	383	169	348	449	670	321	392	512	687	258
25 to 34 years	794	390	594	1 005	1 663	663	846	1 372	1 531	696
35 to 44 years	561	301	520	740	1 436	447	671	1 031	1 191	535
45 to 54 years	450	245	426	528	868	379	465	715	804	401
55 to 64 years	489	289	355	435	587	347	449	435	524	435
65 to 74 years	319	225	241	262	397	285	304	345	289	272
75 to 84 years	129	99	133	91	173	145	186	167	113	183
85 years and over	23	26	26	19	31	21	56	39	19	84
3 and 4 years	134	79	106	207	321	131	161	262	284	128
16 years and over	3 410	1 887	2 838	3 877	6 388	2 807	3 677	5 007	5 680	3 079
18 years and over	3 277	1 813	2 745	3 680	6 109	2 704	3 521	4 797	5 428	2 967
21 years and over	3 086	1 715	2 576	3 455	5 695	2 550	3 279	4 518	5 028	2 818
60 years and over	725	514	559	570	870	646	764	750	621	762
62 years and over	628	456	501	476	749	569	677	669	531	685
Median	31.0	33.5	31.7	28.2	29.2	31.2	29.9	29.2	28.1	33.6
Female	2 293	1 290	1 951	2 755	4 542	1 932	2 676	3 553	4 035	2 099
Under 5 years	145	85	139	234	382	143	222	310	352	133
5 to 9 years	188	86	164	276	417	158	222	330	384	154
10 to 14 years	164	111	176	226	407	125	225	313	368	139
15 to 19 years	157	86	119	211	374	131	200	243	307	137
20 to 24 years	191	89	168	230	337	169	188	272	371	128
25 to 34 years	413	203	289	512	855	318	446	688	780	359
35 to 44 years	279	156	265	365	721	225	349	515	580	262
45 to 54 years	228	133	218	264	420	191	246	350	399	213
55 to 64 years	264	144	179	224	300	186	231	218	260	239
65 to 74 years	167	119	133	138	210	175	174	184	158	154
75 to 84 years	81	60	85	60	96	93	126	102	62	112
85 years and over	16	18	16	15	23	18	47	28	14	69
3 and 4 years	62	41	58	90	154	68	86	130	131	47
16 years and over	1 764	990	1 451	1 975	3 248	1 484	1 970	2 553	2 872	1 636
18 years and over	1 694	957	1 408	1 883	3 109	1 433	1 889	2 451	2 757	1 596
21 years and over	1 610	908	1 317	1 766	2 901	1 336	1 756	2 305	2 539	1 512
60 years and over	393	283	315	310	467	384	465	409	329	465
62 years and over	338	250	288	262	398	343	413	367	280	421
Median	32.1	34.1	32.2	28.8	29.5	32.5	31.0	29.4	28.0	35.0
Male	2 254	1 195	1 855	2 761	4 492	1 803	2 412	3 493	3 986	1 916
Median age	30.0	32.8	31.3	27.6	28.8	30.2	28.8	29.1	28.1	32.0
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP										
All persons	4 547	2 485	3 806	5 516	9 034	3 735	5 088	7 046	8 021	4 015
In households	4 547	2 485	3 806	5 516	9 034	3 729	5 010	7 046	8 011	3 807
Householder	1 606	922	1 319	1 801	2 873	1 327	1 732	2 318	2 699	1 392
Family householder	1 258	715	1 068	1 490	2 452	1 007	1 360	1 918	2 114	1 048
Nonfamily householder	348	207	251	311	421	320	372	400	585	344
Living alone	290	183	225	262	344	277	326	323	448	302
Spouse	1 058	580	945	1 201	2 157	806	1 037	1 658	1 753	802
Child	1 506	792	1 327	2 097	3 493	1 314	1 878	2 601	2 973	1 241
Other relatives	252	127	148	269	305	172	229	306	314	256
Nonrelatives	125	64	67	148	206	110	134	163	272	116
Institutionalized persons	—	—	—	—	—	6	68	—	—	208
Other persons in group quarters	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	—	10	—
Persons per household	2.83	2.70	2.89	3.06	3.14	2.81	2.89	3.04	2.97	2.73
Persons per family	3.24	3.10	3.27	3.39	3.43	3.28	3.31	3.38	3.38	3.19
Persons 65 years and over	471	350	400	372	601	451	546	551	421	539
In households	471	350	400	372	601	451	475	551	420	380
Householder	322	233	269	261	394	310	342	354	272	260
Nonfamily householder	132	95	114	99	147	143	166	135	105	87
Living alone	128	91	109	98	139	139	162	127	97	85
Spouse	116	94	105	84	156	99	105	139	104	96
Other relatives	28	21	22	26	48	34	23	48	40	23
Nonrelatives	5	2	4	1	3	8	5	10	4	1
Institutionalized persons	—	—	—	—	—	—	63	—	—	159
Other persons in group quarters	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	—	1	—
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN										
Families	1 258	715	1 068	1 490	2 452	1 007	1 360	1 918	2 114	1 048
With own children under 18 years	612	337	529	846	1 449	505	745	1 117	1 229	488
Number of own children under 18 years	1 118	598	978	1 646	2 741	940	1 407	2 065	2 378	874
Married-couple families	1 058	580	945	1 201	2 157	806	1 037	1 658	1 753	802
With own children under 18 years	512	270	461	674	1 283	401	542	967	1 006	364
Number of own children under 18 years	943	494	850	1 301	2 450	754	997	1 804	1 980	670
Female householder, no husband present	149	97	89	215	208	154	261	173	271	189
With own children under 18 years	71	49	51	135	134	80	174	102	173	97
Number of own children under 18 years	121	78	97	286	239	144	359	184	317	162
MARITAL STATUS										
Males 15 years and over	1 674	919	1 412	1 957	3 217	1 352	1 746	2 516	2 872	1 461
Never married	397	204	313	519	763	349	478	570	699	411
Now married, except separated	1 103	605	979	1 255	2 207	838	1 070	1 719	1 824	855
Separated	24	18	19	43	40	26	40	44	72	42
Widowed	41	33	21	36	49	45	51	46	46	51
Divorced	109	59	80	104	158	94	107	137	231	102
Females 15 years and over	1 796	1 008	1 472	2 019	3 336	1 506	2 007	2 600	2 931	1 673
Never married	306	169	234	366	615	304	446	475	548	353
Now married, except separated	1 105	606	977	1 262	2 219	834	1 079	1 714	1 822	857
Separated	48	16	27	64	74	44	71	56	93	61
Widowed	204	146	157	192	242	232	273	204	201	267
Divorced	133	71	77	135	186	92	138	151	267	135

Table 1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Terrebonne Parish—Con.								
	Tract 4	Tract 5	Tract 6	Tract 7	Tract 8	Tract 9	Tract 10	Tract 12	Tract 13
LAND AREA									
Square kilometers	4.8	18.4	19.7	8.9	5.9	5.4	49.1	307.3	427.1
Square miles	1.9	7.1	7.6	3.4	2.3	2.1	19.0	118.6	164.9
AGE									
All persons	7 594	5 862	6 252	6 899	7 034	5 165	5 106	8 057	5 320
Under 5 years	641	440	591	653	570	414	441	676	534
5 to 9 years	704	445	671	711	673	438	527	815	594
10 to 14 years	631	417	615	697	581	355	536	743	535
15 to 19 years	589	389	538	606	547	332	415	615	492
20 to 24 years	591	428	468	543	551	398	308	590	425
25 to 34 years	1 478	942	1 075	1 017	1 198	862	887	1 439	884
35 to 44 years	1 175	651	939	852	1 042	589	774	1 068	734
45 to 54 years	753	570	543	635	764	454	604	834	460
55 to 64 years	539	576	383	488	631	456	301	646	335
65 to 74 years	321	618	260	466	348	464	211	414	207
75 to 84 years	113	312	139	187	106	308	85	181	109
85 years and over	59	74	30	44	23	95	17	36	11
3 and 4 years	257	165	253	274	232	161	199	286	217
16 years and over	5 487	4 489	4 255	4 719	5 107	3 885	3 508	5 705	3 551
18 years and over	5 240	4 339	4 035	4 464	4 861	3 748	3 342	5 453	3 351
21 years and over	4 921	4 086	3 738	4 113	4 552	3 562	3 132	5 088	3 064
60 years and over	706	1 325	612	950	798	1 128	451	920	480
62 years and over	590	1 204	540	861	662	1 022	386	801	403
Median	29.3	33.4	27.4	27.4	30.0	32.2	29.3	29.3	26.1
Female	3 940	3 184	3 155	3 656	3 565	2 712	2 518	3 963	2 693
Under 5 years	330	218	275	333	254	194	204	304	259
5 to 9 years	364	241	334	359	342	211	252	381	312
10 to 14 years	309	215	294	353	281	162	243	368	275
15 to 19 years	300	199	259	305	298	182	211	283	237
20 to 24 years	319	244	262	292	300	207	149	296	215
25 to 34 years	763	463	542	527	582	412	472	721	441
35 to 44 years	589	333	472	468	545	300	369	505	371
45 to 54 years	399	301	273	339	385	239	303	431	247
55 to 64 years	260	322	195	259	326	254	144	324	150
65 to 74 years	187	383	152	277	168	278	110	220	115
75 to 84 years	70	212	77	114	66	204	50	105	66
85 years and over	50	53	20	30	18	69	11	25	5
3 and 4 years	132	85	122	128	106	78	81	125	113
16 years and over	2 871	2 470	2 195	2 550	2 625	2 100	1 771	2 870	1 798
18 years and over	2 748	2 396	2 098	2 416	2 498	2 026	1 682	2 741	1 703
21 years and over	2 570	2 259	1 945	2 235	2 330	1 930	1 585	2 563	1 559
60 years and over	401	836	351	557	424	688	234	493	257
62 years and over	351	766	315	511	346	627	205	437	221
Median	29.4	35.3	28.0	28.7	30.3	34.7	29.6	29.9	26.4
Male	3 654	2 678	3 097	3 243	3 469	2 453	2 588	4 094	2 627
Median age	29.2	31.8	26.7	26.2	29.6	30.1	28.9	28.5	25.8
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP									
All persons	7 594	5 862	6 252	6 899	7 034	5 165	5 106	8 057	5 320
In households	7 479	5 857	6 252	6 850	7 028	4 970	5 102	8 045	5 267
Householder	2 606	2 364	2 014	2 167	2 383	1 964	1 561	2 527	1 501
Family householder	2 021	1 559	1 619	1 720	1 897	1 299	1 381	2 146	1 295
Nonfamily householder	585	805	395	447	486	665	180	381	206
Living alone	483	741	320	363	393	590	141	331	171
Spouse	1 642	1 125	1 249	970	1 497	860	1 237	1 886	1 045
Child	2 801	1 802	2 507	2 817	2 618	1 631	2 007	3 064	2 174
Other relatives	230	403	273	623	308	335	199	406	380
Nonrelatives	200	163	209	273	222	180	98	162	167
Institutionalized persons	115	—	—	—	6	176	—	—	43
Other persons in group quarters	—	5	—	49	—	19	4	12	10
Persons per household	2.87	2.48	3.10	3.16	2.95	2.53	3.27	3.18	3.51
Persons per family	3.31	3.14	3.49	3.56	3.33	3.18	3.49	3.50	3.78
Persons 65 years and over	493	1 004	429	697	477	867	313	631	327
In households	393	1 004	429	695	477	854	313	631	325
Householder	259	758	296	475	325	610	194	427	211
Family householder	93	426	127	168	106	304	64	160	76
Living alone	91	420	121	162	102	297	60	154	72
Spouse	99	189	106	150	108	174	84	157	72
Other relatives	34	52	20	56	38	64	30	37	37
Nonrelatives	1	5	7	14	6	6	5	10	5
Institutionalized persons	100	—	—	—	—	13	—	—	2
Other persons in group quarters	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN									
Families	2 021	1 559	1 619	1 720	1 897	1 299	1 381	2 146	1 295
With own children under 18 years	1 209	722	1 016	922	1 028	607	825	1 204	804
Number of own children under 18 years	2 209	1 291	2 053	1 973	1 960	1 164	1 619	2 336	1 703
Married-couple families	1 642	1 125	1 249	970	1 497	860	1 237	1 886	1 045
With own children under 18 years	949	508	765	468	794	379	745	1 065	672
Number of own children under 18 years	1 773	917	1 558	967	1 537	738	1 486	2 089	1 441
Female householder, no husband present	310	327	280	627	312	362	105	181	169
With own children under 18 years	219	171	194	402	187	197	59	102	84
Number of own children under 18 years	367	303	382	920	342	382	103	182	172
MARITAL STATUS									
Males 15 years and over	2 681	2 050	2 123	2 227	2 522	1 813	1 783	2 913	1 810
Never married	696	549	570	821	658	594	378	688	520
Now married, except separated	1 701	1 186	1 308	1 045	1 555	934	1 278	1 976	1 125
Separated	50	70	44	95	57	68	25	54	30
Widowed	42	88	42	78	48	86	23	55	42
Divorced	192	157	159	188	204	131	79	140	93
Females 15 years and over	2 937	2 510	2 252	2 611	2 688	2 145	1 819	2 910	1 847
Never married	627	479	464	774	566	513	292	463	427
Now married, except separated	1 699	1 198	1 302	1 059	1 563	910	1 284	1 982	1 115
Separated	84	98	77	136	91	116	33	67	37
Widowed	237	496	198	354	213	412	123	279	161
Divorced	290	239	211	288	255	194	87	119	107

Table 1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Terrebonne Parish—Con.		Bayou Cane COP, Terrebonne Parish					Houma city, Terrebonne Parish	
	Tract 15.98	Tract 17	Tract 2 (pt.)	Tract 3 (pt.)	Tract 4 (pt.)	Tract 5 (pt.)	Tract 17 (pt.)	Tract 3 (pt.)	Tract 5 (pt.)
LAND AREA									
Square kilometers	621.9	108.9	6.3	4.8	4.5	1.1	3.1	.5	1.6
Square miles	240.1	42.0	2.4	1.8	1.7	.4	1.2	.2	.6
AGE									
All persons	5 299	2 894	4 288	3 081	7 547	944	16	932	3 894
Under 5 years	432	265	346	213	640	67	1	93	300
5 to 9 years	560	312	390	223	702	80	—	80	275
10 to 14 years	559	290	390	204	626	85	1	68	239
15 to 19 years	411	185	335	212	587	64	1	58	249
20 to 24 years	232	132	376	208	588	73	2	49	259
25 to 34 years	904	516	789	535	1 474	183	—	161	580
35 to 44 years	992	545	638	442	1 172	121	—	93	401
45 to 54 years	548	293	471	307	743	100	4	94	342
55 to 64 years	369	146	313	333	530	92	3	102	398
65 to 74 years	201	90	167	193	313	66	4	78	508
75 to 84 years	73	67	64	131	113	10	—	52	279
85 years and over	18	53	9	80	59	3	—	4	64
3 and 4 years	196	98	158	82	257	29	—	46	108
16 years and over	3 643	1 995	3 101	2 396	5 448	701	14	681	3 036
18 years and over	3 479	1 922	2 965	2 307	5 203	669	14	658	2 945
21 years and over	3 289	1 810	2 756	2 189	4 885	629	13	627	2 779
60 years and over	462	275	364	567	693	124	6	194	1 079
62 years and over	396	253	313	510	579	106	6	174	994
Median	31.1	30.5	29.1	34.0	29.2	30.2	52.0	32.3	35.9
Female	2 697	1 456	2 167	1 600	3 915	479	8	498	2 175
Under 5 years	198	109	172	99	329	29	—	34	144
5 to 9 years	298	161	204	113	364	40	—	41	155
10 to 14 years	272	153	191	99	305	41	—	40	128
15 to 19 years	222	85	164	107	298	30	1	30	134
20 to 24 years	120	58	198	102	319	42	1	26	147
25 to 34 years	480	273	403	275	761	91	—	84	286
35 to 44 years	493	272	299	214	587	62	—	48	201
45 to 54 years	274	145	239	162	394	55	3	51	182
55 to 64 years	178	65	162	178	256	48	1	61	232
65 to 74 years	112	49	91	108	182	34	2	45	327
75 to 84 years	39	47	36	78	70	5	—	34	193
85 years and over	11	39	8	65	50	2	—	4	46
3 and 4 years	82	39	78	34	132	13	—	13	47
16 years and over	1 876	1 017	1 570	1 257	2 851	360	8	378	1 724
18 years and over	1 780	982	1 507	1 228	2 730	349	8	367	1 672
21 years and over	1 685	933	1 389	1 162	2 552	327	7	349	1 583
60 years and over	243	170	198	344	394	67	3	120	705
62 years and over	210	160	170	314	345	56	3	106	655
Median	31.0	31.2	29.0	35.2	29.3	30.9	52.0	34.3	40.2
Male	2 602	1 438	2 121	1 481	3 632	465	8	434	1 719
Median age	31.2	29.8	29.2	32.6	29.1	29.8	52.0	29.6	33.2
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP									
All persons	5 299	2 894	4 288	3 081	7 547	944	16	932	3 894
In households	5 299	2 764	4 288	2 873	7 432	944	16	932	3 889
Householder	1 687	884	1 479	1 049	2 589	334	6	341	1 672
Family householder	1 475	721	1 118	801	2 008	261	5	247	1 011
Nonfamily householder	212	163	361	248	581	73	1	94	661
Living alone	179	136	284	214	480	64	1	86	621
Spouse	1 314	636	930	640	1 631	189	5	162	703
Child	2 056	1 107	1 558	931	2 784	314	4	310	1 136
Other relatives	160	80	173	163	230	75	1	93	282
Nonrelatives	82	57	148	90	198	32	—	26	96
Institutionalized persons	—	117	—	208	115	—	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters	—	13	—	—	—	—	—	—	5
Persons per household	3.14	3.13	2.90	2.74	2.87	2.83	2.67	2.73	2.33
Persons per family	3.39	3.53	3.38	3.16	3.31	3.21	3.00	3.29	3.10
Persons 65 years and over	292	210	240	404	485	79	4	134	851
In households	292	103	240	245	385	79	4	134	851
Householder	183	68	155	168	255	54	3	91	653
Nonfamily householder	60	27	63	54	93	20	1	32	388
Living alone	59	26	57	53	91	19	1	31	383
Spouse	84	18	56	62	96	17	1	34	154
Other relatives	23	15	26	15	34	7	—	8	40
Nonrelatives	2	2	3	—	—	1	—	1	4
Institutionalized persons	—	107	—	159	100	—	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN									
Families	1 475	721	1 118	801	2 008	261	5	247	1 011
With own children under 18 years	893	484	625	380	1 206	134	1	108	429
Number of own children under 18 years	1 708	917	1 208	664	2 199	233	1	210	791
Married-couple families	1 314	636	930	640	1 631	189	5	162	703
With own children under 18 years	796	431	516	299	946	90	1	65	290
Number of own children under 18 years	1 535	817	1 011	551	1 763	161	1	119	540
Female householder, no husband present	122	70	138	120	308	55	—	69	234
With own children under 18 years	72	46	82	61	219	35	—	36	113
Number of own children under 18 years	132	83	153	86	367	59	—	76	207
MARITAL STATUS									
Males 15 years and over	1 819	994	1 562	1 152	2 662	343	6	308	1 332
Never married	350	224	390	317	691	99	—	93	366
Now married, except separated	1 345	659	965	685	1 690	201	5	170	741
Separated	28	15	46	29	50	10	—	13	49
Widowed	20	27	30	39	41	8	—	12	74
Divorced	76	69	131	82	190	25	—	20	102
Females 15 years and over	1 929	1 033	1 600	1 289	2 917	369	8	383	1 748
Never married	340	168	312	262	623	73	2	91	337
Now married, except separated	1 345	665	965	683	1 688	200	5	174	752
Separated	32	15	57	43	84	15	—	18	68
Widowed	114	109	123	201	234	37	1	65	422
Divorced	98	76	143	100	288	44	—	35	169

Table 1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Houma city, Terrebonne Parish—Con.								
	Tract 6 (pt.)	Tract 7 (pt.)	Tract 8 (pt.)	Tract 9 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 12 (pt.)	Tract 13 (pt.)	Tract 15.98 (pt.)	Tract 17 (pt.)
LAND AREA									
Square kilometers	1.1	8.2	5.4	5.4	—	1.6	3.0	4.0	4.3
Square miles	.4	3.2	2.1	2.1	—	.6	1.2	1.5	1.6
AGE									
All persons	2 116	6 430	7 026	5 165	—	—	444	3 321	1 167
Under 5 years	151	627	570	414	—	—	53	263	115
5 to 9 years	168	677	673	438	—	—	51	359	148
10 to 14 years	161	637	581	355	—	—	27	362	112
15 to 19 years	144	557	546	332	—	—	30	261	69
20 to 24 years	151	520	551	398	—	—	41	104	27
25 to 34 years	359	963	1 198	862	—	—	121	515	220
35 to 44 years	257	761	1 039	589	—	—	67	714	230
45 to 54 years	205	573	763	454	—	—	25	336	79
55 to 64 years	213	463	631	456	—	—	12	223	38
65 to 74 years	173	435	347	464	—	—	6	134	41
75 to 84 years	109	173	104	308	—	—	11	40	42
85 years and over	25	44	23	95	—	—	—	10	46
3 and 4 years	64	265	232	161	—	—	24	124	39
16 years and over	1 602	4 381	5 099	3 885	—	—	306	2 270	782
18 years and over	1 547	4 144	4 853	3 748	—	—	293	2 160	753
21 years and over	1 454	3 820	4 545	3 562	—	—	275	2 048	715
60 years and over	416	898	795	1 128	—	—	20	284	146
62 years and over	377	812	659	1 022	—	—	18	245	142
Median	32.5	27.1	29.9	32.2	—	—	28.0	32.3	30.6
Female	1 086	3 416	3 561	2 712	—	—	234	1 685	607
Under 5 years	78	319	254	194	—	—	23	120	43
5 to 9 years	79	343	342	211	—	—	32	186	72
10 to 14 years	74	322	281	162	—	—	15	183	61
15 to 19 years	70	279	297	182	—	—	16	133	32
20 to 24 years	79	280	300	207	—	—	25	56	12
25 to 34 years	172	499	582	412	—	—	59	282	122
35 to 44 years	126	421	543	300	—	—	33	351	116
45 to 54 years	108	311	385	239	—	—	16	162	37
55 to 64 years	117	246	326	254	—	—	6	110	19
65 to 74 years	104	259	168	278	—	—	2	74	26
75 to 84 years	61	107	65	204	—	—	7	21	31
85 years and over	18	30	18	69	—	—	—	7	36
3 and 4 years	33	123	106	78	—	—	12	51	16
16 years and over	844	2 375	2 621	2 100	—	—	161	1 157	427
18 years and over	816	2 255	2 494	2 026	—	—	154	1 102	413
21 years and over	768	2 086	2 327	1 930	—	—	144	1 051	397
60 years and over	246	527	423	688	—	—	10	147	104
62 years and over	225	483	345	627	—	—	10	128	102
Median	34.2	28.4	30.3	34.7	—	—	28.0	32.0	32.3
Male	1 030	3 014	3 465	2 453	—	—	210	1 636	560
Median age	31.6	25.8	29.5	30.1	—	—	28.1	32.6	29.2
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP									
All persons	2 116	6 430	7 026	5 165	—	—	444	3 321	1 167
In households	2 116	6 381	7 020	4 970	—	—	401	3 321	1 050
Householder	788	2 026	2 379	1 964	—	—	127	1 052	309
Family householder	574	1 591	1 894	1 299	—	—	102	941	280
Nonfamily householder	214	435	485	665	—	—	25	111	29
Living alone	180	351	392	590	—	—	23	97	21
Spouse	435	857	1 495	860	—	—	96	860	254
Child	690	2 638	2 617	1 631	—	—	160	1 308	458
Other relatives	114	592	307	335	—	—	12	69	15
Nonrelatives	89	268	222	180	—	—	6	32	14
Institutionalized persons	—	—	6	176	—	—	43	—	117
Other persons in group quarters	—	49	—	19	—	—	—	—	—
Persons per household	2.69	3.15	2.95	2.53	—	—	3.16	3.16	3.40
Persons per family	3.16	3.57	3.33	3.18	—	—	3.63	3.38	3.60
Persons 65 years and over	307	652	474	867	—	—	17	184	129
In households	307	650	474	854	—	—	15	184	22
Householder	210	451	323	610	—	—	12	114	11
Nonfamily householder	95	165	105	304	—	—	10	37	3
Living alone	90	159	101	297	—	—	9	37	3
Spouse	77	135	108	174	—	—	2	56	6
Other relatives	14	51	37	64	—	—	1	14	4
Nonrelatives	6	13	6	6	—	—	—	—	1
Institutionalized persons	—	—	—	13	—	—	2	—	107
Other persons in group quarters	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN									
Families	574	1 591	1 894	1 299	—	—	102	941	280
With own children under 18 years	266	851	1 028	607	—	—	73	585	213
Number of own children under 18 years	506	1 845	1 960	1 164	—	—	142	1 121	405
Married-couple families	435	857	1 495	860	—	—	96	860	254
With own children under 18 years	195	405	794	379	—	—	70	532	191
Number of own children under 18 years	384	853	1 537	738	—	—	136	1 025	366
Female householder, no husband present	108	615	311	362	—	—	3	57	25
With own children under 18 years	53	397	187	197	—	—	1	36	21
Number of own children under 18 years	92	909	342	382	—	—	1	71	37
MARITAL STATUS									
Males 15 years and over	781	2 057	2 518	1 813	—	—	149	1 141	361
Never married	202	782	657	594	—	—	33	199	61
Now married, except separated	462	926	1 553	934	—	—	103	875	269
Separated	17	94	57	68	—	—	3	12	3
Widowed	27	75	48	86	—	—	1	12	12
Divorced	73	180	203	131	—	—	9	43	16
Females 15 years and over	855	2 432	2 684	2 145	—	—	164	1 196	431
Never married	149	737	564	513	—	—	29	186	62
Now married, except separated	461	938	1 561	910	—	—	110	873	276
Separated	24	135	91	116	—	—	4	19	4
Widowed	135	341	213	412	—	—	10	64	64
Divorced	86	281	255	194	—	—	11	54	25

Table 1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Terrebonne Parish								
	Tract 1	Tract 2 (pt.)	Tract 3 (pt.)	Tract 4 (pt.)	Tract 5 (pt.)	Tract 6 (pt.)	Tract 7 (pt.)	Tract 8 (pt.)	Tract 9 (pt.)
LAND AREA									
Square kilometers	62.1	36.0	.3	.3	15.6	18.7	.7	.4	—
Square miles	24.0	13.9	.1	.1	6.0	7.2	.3	.2	—
AGE									
All persons	8 023	3 733	2	47	1 024	4 136	469	8	—
Under 5 years	690	362	—	1	73	440	26	—	—
5 to 9 years	759	377	—	2	90	503	34	—	—
10 to 14 years	692	353	—	5	93	454	60	—	—
15 to 19 years	692	310	—	2	76	394	49	1	—
20 to 24 years	726	311	1	3	96	317	23	—	—
25 to 34 years	1 427	742	—	4	179	716	54	—	—
35 to 44 years	1 133	553	—	3	129	682	91	3	—
45 to 54 years	805	333	—	10	128	338	62	1	—
55 to 64 years	561	211	—	9	86	170	25	—	—
65 to 74 years	343	122	1	8	44	87	31	1	—
75 to 84 years	164	49	—	—	23	30	14	2	—
85 years and over	31	10	—	—	7	5	—	—	—
3 and 4 years	300	126	—	—	28	189	9	—	—
16 years and over	5 730	2 579	2	39	752	2 653	338	8	—
18 years and over	5 460	2 463	2	37	725	2 488	320	8	—
21 years and over	5 035	2 272	2	36	678	2 284	293	7	—
60 years and over	768	257	1	13	122	196	52	3	—
62 years and over	679	218	1	11	104	163	49	3	—
Median	28.1	27.1	49.0	47.5	29.4	24.5	34.0	46.0	—
Female	4 118	1 868	1	25	530	2 069	240	4	—
Under 5 years	360	180	—	1	45	197	14	—	—
5 to 9 years	380	180	—	—	46	255	16	—	—
10 to 14 years	331	177	—	4	46	220	31	—	—
15 to 19 years	353	143	—	2	35	189	26	1	—
20 to 24 years	374	173	—	—	55	183	12	—	—
25 to 34 years	739	377	—	2	86	370	28	—	—
35 to 44 years	569	281	—	2	70	346	47	2	—
45 to 54 years	413	160	—	5	64	165	28	—	—
55 to 64 years	288	98	—	4	42	78	13	—	—
65 to 74 years	193	67	1	5	22	48	18	—	—
75 to 84 years	96	26	—	—	14	16	7	1	—
85 years and over	22	6	—	—	5	2	—	—	—
3 and 4 years	157	53	—	—	25	89	5	—	—
16 years and over	2 970	1 302	1	20	386	1 351	175	4	—
18 years and over	2 828	1 250	1	18	375	1 282	161	4	—
21 years and over	2 612	1 150	1	18	349	1 177	149	3	—
60 years and over	430	131	1	7	64	105	30	1	—
62 years and over	378	110	1	6	55	90	28	1	—
Median	28.4	27.2	73.5	46.5	29.1	24.8	33.8	42.0	—
Male	3 905	1 865	1	22	494	2 067	229	4	—
Median age	27.7	26.9	24.5	49.0	29.6	23.9	34.3	57.5	—
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP									
All persons	8 023	3 733	2	47	1 024	4 136	469	8	—
In households	8 023	3 723	2	47	1 024	4 136	469	8	—
Householder	2 597	1 220	2	17	358	1 226	141	4	—
Family householder	2 072	996	—	13	287	1 045	129	3	—
Nonfamily householder	525	224	2	4	71	181	12	1	—
Living alone	423	164	2	3	56	140	12	1	—
Spouse	1 626	823	—	11	233	814	113	2	—
Child	3 085	1 415	—	17	352	1 817	179	1	—
Other relatives	456	141	—	—	46	159	31	1	—
Nonrelatives	259	124	—	2	35	120	5	—	—
Institutionalized persons	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Persons per household	3.09	3.05	1.00	2.76	2.86	3.37	3.33	2.00	—
Persons per family	3.49	3.39	—	3.15	3.20	3.67	3.50	2.33	—
Persons 65 years and over	538	181	1	8	74	122	45	3	—
In households	538	180	1	8	74	122	45	3	—
Householder	374	117	1	4	51	86	24	2	—
Nonfamily householder	152	42	1	—	18	32	3	1	—
Living alone	147	40	1	—	18	31	3	1	—
Spouse	113	48	—	3	18	29	15	—	—
Other relatives	41	14	—	—	5	6	5	1	—
Nonrelatives	10	1	—	1	—	1	1	—	—
Institutionalized persons	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN									
Families	2 072	996	—	13	287	1 045	129	3	—
With own children under 18 years	1 167	604	—	3	159	750	71	—	—
Number of own children under 18 years	2 253	1 170	—	10	267	1 547	128	—	—
Married-couple families	1 626	823	—	11	233	814	113	2	—
With own children under 18 years	929	490	—	3	128	570	63	—	—
Number of own children under 18 years	1 774	969	—	10	216	1 174	114	—	—
Female householder, no husband present	352	133	—	2	38	172	12	1	—
With own children under 18 years	196	91	—	—	23	141	5	—	—
Number of own children under 18 years	398	164	—	—	37	290	11	—	—
MARITAL STATUS									
Males 15 years and over	2 835	1 310	1	19	375	1 342	170	4	—
Never married	849	309	1	5	84	368	39	1	—
Now married, except separated	1 693	859	—	11	244	846	119	2	—
Separated	63	26	—	—	11	27	1	—	—
Widowed	54	16	—	1	6	15	3	—	—
Divorced	176	100	—	2	30	86	8	1	—
Females 15 years and over	3 047	1 331	1	20	393	1 397	179	4	—
Never married	749	236	—	4	69	315	37	2	—
Now married, except separated	1 713	857	—	11	246	841	121	2	—
Separated	91	36	—	—	15	53	1	—	—
Widowed	266	78	1	3	37	63	13	—	—
Divorced	228	124	—	2	26	125	7	—	—

Table 1. General Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Terrebonne Parish—Con.								
	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 11	Tract 12 (pt.)	Tract 12.22	Tract 13 (pt.)	Tract 14	Tract 15.98 (pt.)	Tract 16	Tract 17 (pt.)
LAND AREA									
Square kilometers	49.1	308.4	305.6	—	424.1	976.3	617.9	278.6	101.5
Square miles	19.0	119.1	118.0	—	163.7	376.9	238.6	107.6	39.2
AGE									
All persons	5 106	3 814	8 057	—	4 876	4 204	1 978	3 423	1 711
Under 5 years	441	341	676	—	481	407	169	291	149
5 to 9 years	527	382	815	—	543	456	201	331	164
10 to 14 years	536	363	743	—	508	432	197	354	177
15 to 19 years	415	285	615	—	462	357	150	301	115
20 to 24 years	308	270	590	—	384	319	128	225	103
25 to 34 years	887	669	1 439	—	763	748	389	574	296
35 to 44 years	774	477	1 068	—	667	567	278	482	315
45 to 54 years	604	374	834	—	435	406	212	331	210
55 to 64 years	301	321	646	—	323	282	146	260	105
65 to 74 years	211	199	414	—	201	146	67	164	45
75 to 84 years	85	108	181	—	98	66	33	85	25
85 years and over	17	25	36	—	11	18	8	25	7
3 and 4 years	199	144	286	—	193	173	72	125	59
16 years and over	3 508	2 670	5 705	—	3 245	2 826	1 373	2 388	1 199
18 years and over	3 342	2 555	5 453	—	3 058	2 686	1 319	2 268	1 155
21 years and over	3 132	2 406	5 088	—	2 789	2 484	1 241	2 095	1 082
60 years and over	451	469	920	—	460	353	178	412	123
62 years and over	386	408	801	—	385	294	151	361	105
Median	29.3	29.1	29.3	—	25.9	27.0	29.3	29.1	30.4
Female	2 518	1 858	3 963	—	2 459	2 125	1 012	1 725	841
Under 5 years	204	155	304	—	236	222	78	141	66
5 to 9 years	252	182	381	—	280	234	112	170	89
10 to 14 years	243	181	368	—	260	222	89	158	92
15 to 19 years	211	138	283	—	221	174	89	145	52
20 to 24 years	149	130	296	—	190	147	64	125	45
25 to 34 years	472	318	721	—	382	382	198	278	151
35 to 44 years	369	232	505	—	338	283	142	258	156
45 to 54 years	303	189	431	—	231	202	112	163	105
55 to 64 years	144	152	324	—	144	133	68	136	45
65 to 74 years	110	112	220	—	113	73	38	84	21
75 to 84 years	50	59	105	—	59	38	18	52	16
85 years and over	11	10	25	—	5	15	4	15	3
3 and 4 years	81	69	125	—	101	91	31	58	23
16 years and over	1 771	1 320	2 870	—	1 637	1 404	719	1 229	582
18 years and over	1 682	1 259	2 741	—	1 549	1 338	678	1 167	561
21 years and over	1 585	1 184	2 563	—	1 415	1 251	634	1 082	529
60 years and over	234	244	493	—	247	189	96	225	63
62 years and over	205	219	437	—	211	159	82	198	55
Median	29.6	29.3	29.9	—	26.3	26.9	29.2	29.8	30.6
Male	2 588	1 956	4 094	—	2 417	2 079	966	1 698	870
Median age	28.9	28.8	28.5	—	25.4	27.1	29.4	28.4	30.2
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP									
All persons	5 106	3 814	8 057	—	4 876	4 204	1 978	3 423	1 711
In households	5 102	3 814	8 045	—	4 866	4 204	1 978	3 423	1 698
Householder	1 561	1 186	2 527	—	1 374	1 207	635	1 098	569
Family householder	1 381	963	2 146	—	1 193	1 039	534	881	436
Nonfamily householder	180	223	381	—	181	168	101	217	133
Living alone	141	195	331	—	148	145	82	187	114
Spouse	1 237	838	1 886	—	949	865	454	659	377
Child	2 007	1 483	3 064	—	2 014	1 819	748	1 368	645
Other relatives	199	186	406	—	368	235	91	216	64
Nonrelatives	98	121	162	—	161	78	50	82	43
Institutionalized persons	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters	4	—	12	—	10	—	—	—	13
Persons per household	3.27	3.22	3.18	—	3.54	3.48	3.11	3.12	2.98
Persons per family	3.49	3.60	3.50	—	3.79	3.81	3.42	3.55	3.49
Persons 65 years and over	313	332	631	—	310	230	108	274	77
In households	313	332	631	—	310	230	108	274	77
Householder	194	242	427	—	199	163	69	194	54
Nonfamily householder	64	113	160	—	66	62	23	75	23
Living alone	60	110	154	—	63	62	22	75	22
Spouse	84	77	157	—	70	42	28	55	11
Other relatives	30	11	37	—	36	24	9	21	11
Nonrelatives	5	2	10	—	5	1	2	4	1
Institutionalized persons	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN									
Families	1 381	963	2 146	—	1 193	1 039	534	881	436
With own children under 18 years	825	540	1 204	—	731	645	308	487	270
Number of own children under 18 years	1 619	1 111	2 336	—	1 561	1 356	587	1 006	511
Married-couple families	1 237	838	1 886	—	949	865	454	659	377
With own children under 18 years	745	478	1 065	—	602	549	264	373	239
Number of own children under 18 years	1 486	998	2 089	—	1 305	1 166	510	775	450
Female householder, no husband present	105	79	181	—	166	137	65	180	45
With own children under 18 years	59	37	102	—	83	77	36	98	25
Number of own children under 18 years	103	65	182	—	171	152	61	201	46
MARRITAL STATUS									
Males 15 years and over	1 783	1 388	2 913	—	1 661	1 462	678	1 191	627
Never married	378	382	688	—	487	420	151	352	162
Now married, except separated	1 278	883	1 976	—	1 022	900	470	690	385
Separated	25	28	54	—	27	34	16	42	12
Widowed	23	48	55	—	41	24	8	38	15
Divorced	79	47	140	—	84	84	33	69	53
Females 15 years and over	1 819	1 340	2 910	—	1 683	1 447	733	1 256	594
Never married	292	234	463	—	398	315	154	292	104
Now married, except separated	1 284	885	1 982	—	1 005	895	472	686	384
Separated	33	33	67	—	33	35	13	61	11
Widowed	123	136	279	—	151	122	50	150	44
Divorced	87	52	119	—	96	80	44	67	51

Table 2. General Characteristics of White Persons: 1990

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Hauma-Thibodaux, LA MSA	Lafourche Parish		Terrebonne Parish			Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Lafourche Parish		
		Total	Thibodaux city	Total	Bayou Cane COP	Hauma city	Tract 204	Tract 205	Tract 207
AGE									
All persons	147 453	72 371	9 461	75 082	14 422	21 651	844	3 254	8 392
Under 5 years.....	11 458	5 493	524	5 965	1 105	1 555	40	242	688
5 to 9 years.....	12 690	5 920	584	6 770	1 221	1 794	37	236	763
10 to 14 years.....	12 047	5 634	507	6 413	1 158	1 603	18	257	646
15 to 19 years.....	11 008	5 484	817	5 524	1 075	1 440	43	251	592
20 to 24 years.....	11 692	6 309	1 234	5 383	1 115	1 370	87	365	690
25 to 34 years.....	26 115	12 717	1 441	13 398	2 677	3 636	118	613	1 611
35 to 44 years.....	21 051	10 178	1 084	10 873	2 154	3 031	79	464	1 276
45 to 54 years.....	15 175	7 308	799	7 867	1 542	2 179	66	330	827
55 to 64 years.....	12 173	6 059	858	6 114	1 229	2 049	65	226	577
65 to 74 years.....	8 708	4 480	929	4 228	713	1 788	126	181	433
75 to 84 years.....	4 209	2 211	522	1 998	296	945	116	71	217
85 years and over.....	1 127	578	162	549	137	261	49	18	72
3 and 4 years.....	4 760	2 298	220	2 462	466	631	21	83	318
16 years and over.....	109 072	54 274	7 753	54 798	10 724	16 406	745	2 473	6 175
18 years and over.....	104 714	52 177	7 547	52 537	10 279	15 798	728	2 373	5 923
21 years and over.....	97 933	48 569	6 707	49 364	9 659	14 991	691	2 187	5 571
60 years and over.....	19 896	10 216	2 059	9 680	1 670	4 103	322	388	986
62 years and over.....	17 462	9 004	1 883	8 458	1 434	3 673	311	339	868
Median.....	30.7	30.7	32.3	30.7	30.7	33.4	45.0	29.5	30.0
Female									
Female	74 768	36 732	4 982	38 036	7 394	11 246	481	1 652	4 173
Under 5 years.....	5 492	2 651	251	2 841	536	730	19	118	330
5 to 9 years.....	6 285	2 885	289	3 400	641	901	20	123	344
10 to 14 years.....	5 844	2 727	251	3 117	571	773	9	116	307
15 to 19 years.....	5 479	2 728	423	2 751	536	755	19	119	301
20 to 24 years.....	5 987	3 187	625	2 800	576	730	46	193	349
25 to 34 years.....	13 036	6 357	695	6 679	1 358	1 788	56	293	799
35 to 44 years.....	10 458	5 105	540	5 353	1 046	1 509	36	247	637
45 to 54 years.....	7 653	3 661	413	3 992	814	1 096	36	163	405
55 to 64 years.....	6 203	3 114	470	3 089	622	1 104	39	114	275
65 to 74 years.....	4 838	2 468	541	2 370	397	1 051	82	108	238
75 to 84 years.....	2 640	1 398	350	1 242	180	618	77	44	127
85 years and over.....	853	451	134	402	117	191	42	14	61
3 and 4 years.....	2 255	1 120	106	1 135	221	295	12	42	150
16 years and over.....	56 090	27 975	4 137	28 115	5 528	8 679	431	1 275	3 136
18 years and over.....	53 946	26 941	4 043	27 005	5 329	8 367	423	1 228	3 005
21 years and over.....	50 430	25 064	3 590	25 366	4 988	7 952	404	1 127	2 829
60 years and over.....	11 310	5 812	1 270	5 498	955	2 463	223	221	557
62 years and over.....	10 041	5 173	1 165	4 868	839	2 222	213	196	504
Median.....	31.3	31.5	34.4	31.2	31.0	34.7	54.8	30.2	30.7
Male									
Male	72 685	35 639	4 479	37 046	7 028	10 405	363	1 602	4 219
Median age.....	30.1	29.9	30.3	30.2	30.4	32.3	36.4	28.9	29.3
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP									
All persons	147 453	72 371	9 461	75 082	14 422	21 651	844	3 254	8 392
In households.....	145 783	71 293	8 631	74 490	14 140	21 381	724	3 184	8 331
Householder.....	50 788	25 088	3 667	25 700	5 009	8 098	335	1 232	2 915
Family householder.....	40 128	19 833	2 348	20 295	3 864	5 922	197	863	2 311
Nonfamily householder.....	10 660	5 255	1 319	5 405	1 145	2 176	138	369	604
Living alone.....	8 926	4 381	1 100	4 545	944	1 903	112	298	494
Spouse.....	34 289	17 026	1 841	17 263	3 197	4 816	148	698	1 994
Child.....	51 267	24 689	2 482	26 578	4 989	7 018	160	1 064	3 032
Other relatives.....	5 627	2 642	298	2 985	554	861	37	80	195
Nonrelatives.....	3 812	1 848	343	1 964	391	588	44	110	195
Institutionalized persons.....	1 017	520	282	497	282	215	120	60	61
Other persons in group quarters.....	653	558	548	95	-	55	-	10	-
Persons per household.....	2.88	2.85	2.36	2.91	2.83	2.65	2.16	2.60	2.86
Persons per family.....	3.28	3.24	2.97	3.32	3.27	3.15	2.74	3.15	3.26
Persons 65 years and over	14 044	7 269	1 613	6 775	1 146	2 994	291	270	722
In households.....	13 318	6 886	1 444	6 432	915	2 883	185	270	667
Householder.....	9 103	4 666	1 022	4 437	612	2 039	136	182	462
Nonfamily householder.....	3 829	1 931	483	1 898	221	989	66	93	198
Living alone.....	3 702	1 859	466	1 843	212	966	64	90	191
Spouse.....	3 233	1 709	336	1 524	225	659	39	73	165
Other relatives.....	864	448	76	416	74	165	9	14	36
Nonrelatives.....	118	63	10	55	4	20	1	1	4
Institutionalized persons.....	714	374	168	340	231	109	106	-	55
Other persons in group quarters.....	12	9	1	3	-	2	-	-	-
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN									
Families	40 128	19 833	2 348	20 295	3 864	5 922	197	863	2 311
With own children under 18 years.....	21 449	10 398	1 008	11 051	2 108	2 905	64	474	1 331
Number of own children under 18 years.....	39 202	18 648	1 748	20 554	3 792	5 293	104	818	2 368
Married-couple families	34 275	17 006	1 844	17 269	3 201	4 834	147	702	1 995
With own children under 18 years.....	18 424	8 954	782	9 470	1 725	2 382	49	376	1 151
Number of own children under 18 years.....	34 284	16 306	1 392	17 978	3 186	4 474	83	671	2 085
Female householder, no husband present	4 287	2 042	407	2 245	511	828	41	129	227
With own children under 18 years.....	2 285	1 075	194	1 210	307	407	12	84	144
Number of own children under 18 years.....	3 744	1 773	308	1 971	488	633	18	124	226
MARITAL STATUS									
Males 15 years and over	54 111	26 855	3 655	27 256	5 292	7 857	316	1 224	3 103
Never married.....	13 231	6 824	1 340	6 407	1 339	1 835	107	369	797
Now married, except separated.....	35 571	17 591	1 920	17 980	3 337	5 033	162	728	2 022
Separated.....	961	410	55	551	121	181	3	29	5
Widowed.....	1 161	578	116	583	108	243	20	24	5
Divorced.....	3 187	1 452	224	1 735	387	565	24	74	17
Females 15 years and over	57 147	28 469	4 191	28 678	5 646	8 842	433	1 197	3 197
Never married.....	10 454	5 486	1 189	4 968	1 075	1 504	90	311	59
Now married, except separated.....	35 566	17 601	1 912	17 965	3 328	5 036	165	714	2 022
Separated.....	1 231	567	99	664	159	227	6	45	6
Widowed.....	6 079	3 079	681	3 000	557	1 322	138	119	31
Divorced.....	3 817	1 736	310	2 081	527	753	34	106	19

Table 2. General Characteristics of White Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Thibodaux city, Lafourche Parish			Remainder of Lafourche Parish					
	Tract 201	Tract 204 (pt.)	Tract 205 (pt.)	Tract 205 (pt.)	Tract 207 (pt.)	Tract 209	Tract 211	Tract 212	Tract 215
AGE									
All persons	2 855	844	1 606	1 648	6 582	1 135	6 311	4 146	4 521
Under 5 years	163	40	111	131	564	84	553	267	346
5 to 9 years	180	37	85	151	588	84	521	350	408
10 to 14 years	155	18	85	172	514	98	476	321	376
15 to 19 years	187	43	126	125	476	86	490	283	352
20 to 24 years	306	87	248	117	564	88	494	339	362
25 to 34 years	456	118	289	324	1 317	179	1 136	731	846
35 to 44 years	311	79	175	289	968	159	890	519	634
45 to 54 years	275	66	149	181	642	123	648	411	457
55 to 64 years	313	65	135	91	418	115	512	476	403
65 to 74 years	332	126	138	43	309	62	362	301	241
75 to 84 years	138	116	48	23	154	38	170	127	81
85 years and over	39	49	17	1	68	19	59	21	15
3 and 4 years	64	21	37	46	257	47	220	112	143
16 years and over	2 334	745	1 302	1 171	4 816	855	4 671	3 155	3 309
18 years and over	2 266	728	1 257	1 116	4 608	818	4 449	3 036	3 166
21 years and over	2 101	691	1 137	1 050	4 333	763	4 187	2 874	2 981
60 years and over	685	322	281	107	728	168	830	697	523
62 years and over	621	311	253	86	645	146	738	602	435
Median	34.5	45.0	29.3	29.6	29.2	31.9	30.1	32.0	29.9
Female	1 506	481	832	820	3 275	554	3 148	2 100	2 255
Under 5 years	75	19	57	61	271	44	254	119	162
5 to 9 years	89	20	48	75	261	39	253	165	202
10 to 14 years	71	9	41	75	241	45	221	149	181
15 to 19 years	100	19	54	65	240	43	217	136	163
20 to 24 years	173	46	132	61	294	40	253	174	180
25 to 34 years	216	56	130	163	649	81	564	380	425
35 to 44 years	160	36	99	148	490	73	457	258	307
45 to 54 years	138	36	77	86	317	64	323	208	231
55 to 64 years	179	39	66	48	198	54	253	257	209
65 to 74 years	177	82	84	24	168	36	194	159	127
75 to 84 years	98	77	31	13	87	22	114	80	56
85 years and over	30	42	13	1	59	13	45	15	12
3 and 4 years	31	12	17	25	121	22	92	49	66
16 years and over	1 257	431	676	599	2 458	421	2 390	1 639	1 674
18 years and over	1 224	423	659	569	2 349	399	2 275	1 577	1 608
21 years and over	1 128	404	593	534	2 211	372	2 163	1 506	1 512
60 years and over	402	223	164	57	412	89	475	381	285
62 years and over	366	213	147	49	374	81	429	327	239
Median	36.9	54.8	30.5	29.9	29.9	32.8	31.3	32.8	30.7
Male	1 349	363	774	828	3 307	581	3 163	2 046	2 266
Median age	32.9	36.4	28.6	29.3	28.6	31.1	29.0	30.9	29.3
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP									
All persons	2 855	844	1 606	1 648	6 582	1 135	6 311	4 146	4 521
In households	2 841	724	1 536	1 648	6 521	1 135	6 206	4 146	4 521
Householder	1 222	335	687	545	2 246	384	2 064	1 488	1 547
Family householder	784	197	408	455	1 808	315	1 748	1 169	1 271
Nonfamily householder	438	138	279	90	438	69	316	319	276
Living alone	384	112	220	78	356	58	271	267	232
Spouse	622	148	299	399	1 578	277	1 489	1 000	1 066
Child	807	160	417	647	2 390	408	2 205	1 328	1 597
Other relatives	106	37	48	32	156	46	308	217	197
Nonrelatives	84	44	85	25	151	20	140	113	114
Institutionalized persons	—	120	60	—	61	—	105	—	—
Other persons in group quarters	14	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	—
Persons per household	2.33	2.16	2.25	3.04	2.91	2.96	3.03	2.79	2.95
Persons per family	2.97	2.74	2.88	3.39	3.28	3.32	3.19	3.19	3.28
Persons 65 years and over	509	291	203	67	531	119	591	449	337
In households	509	185	203	67	476	119	497	449	337
Householder	363	136	137	45	322	79	331	307	238
Family householder	169	66	71	22	133	36	119	122	93
Nonfamily householder	164	64	68	22	130	36	115	118	92
Living alone	112	39	57	16	123	29	124	110	77
Spouse	30	9	8	6	29	11	40	27	21
Other relatives	4	1	1	—	2	—	2	5	1
Nonrelatives	—	106	—	—	55	—	94	—	—
Institutionalized persons	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN									
Families	784	197	408	455	1 808	315	1 748	1 169	1 271
With own children under 18 years	313	64	195	279	1 068	145	934	556	687
Number of own children under 18 years	534	104	305	513	1 888	295	1 678	983	1 221
Married-couple families	626	147	300	402	1 579	278	1 490	990	1 072
With own children under 18 years	252	49	127	249	925	134	808	468	581
Number of own children under 18 years	443	83	204	467	1 661	277	1 477	835	1 031
Female householder, no husband present	127	41	87	42	162	21	176	136	147
With own children under 18 years	49	12	59	25	112	6	81	64	80
Number of own children under 18 years	74	18	85	39	177	11	135	105	150
MARITAL STATUS									
Males 15 years and over	1 086	316	639	585	2 414	443	2 341	1 541	1 681
Never married	320	107	232	137	609	117	543	351	408
Now married, except separated	643	162	321	407	1 602	289	1 579	1 035	1 118
Separated	19	3	23	6	45	10	44	23	30
Widowed	42	20	16	8	37	14	47	38	31
Divorced	62	24	47	27	121	13	128	94	94
Females 15 years and over	1 271	433	686	609	2 502	426	2 420	1 667	1 710
Never married	309	90	183	128	468	70	393	277	258
Now married, except separated	633	165	311	403	1 602	289	1 565	1 032	1 123
Separated	31	6	33	12	51	1	41	43	42
Widowed	213	138	82	37	231	44	270	190	170
Divorced	85	34	77	29	150	22	151	125	117

Table 2. General Characteristics of White Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Lafourche Parish—Con.		Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Terrebonne Parish						
	Tract 216	Tract 218	Tract 2	Tract 3	Tract 4	Tract 5	Tract 6	Tract 7	Tract 8
AGE									
All persons	8 372	4 011	7 338	3 153	6 932	4 629	4 812	2 982	5 834
Under 5 years.....	688	299	607	231	561	306	400	182	403
5 to 9 years.....	771	297	667	223	616	327	440	217	490
10 to 14 years.....	754	296	666	195	565	294	430	245	451
15 to 19 years.....	660	273	591	194	529	283	384	223	453
20 to 24 years.....	617	318	625	193	530	322	348	207	457
25 to 34 years.....	1 553	665	1 360	560	1 331	750	864	490	988
35 to 44 years.....	1 357	539	1 126	417	1 074	508	714	374	854
45 to 54 years.....	829	409	768	322	722	461	465	312	692
55 to 64 years.....	558	412	513	360	525	482	356	295	598
65 to 74 years.....	385	281	286	237	314	543	249	284	327
75 to 84 years.....	170	171	110	150	109	285	135	133	101
85 years and over.....	30	51	19	71	56	68	27	20	20
3 and 4 years.....	286	106	240	97	230	116	162	76	163
16 years and over.....	6 011	3 065	5 292	2 461	5 076	3 645	3 465	2 291	4 410
18 years and over.....	5 761	2 954	5 058	2 383	4 857	3 537	3 310	2 202	4 210
21 years and over.....	5 376	2 774	4 684	2 275	4 572	3 356	3 083	2 076	3 944
60 years and over.....	841	705	611	642	689	1 165	586	600	756
62 years and over.....	723	621	524	575	574	1 063	517	537	631
Median.....	29.9	32.4	28.9	34.7	30.0	35.5	30.0	33.6	31.8
Female	4 240	2 070	3 668	1 634	3 590	2 502	2 431	1 526	2 959
Under 5 years.....	338	152	299	103	281	155	182	98	179
5 to 9 years.....	374	135	332	116	325	168	224	108	255
10 to 14 years.....	369	152	332	94	280	149	210	112	218
15 to 19 years.....	345	144	280	101	265	140	187	112	253
20 to 24 years.....	318	148	327	88	282	187	196	100	246
25 to 34 years.....	803	331	686	280	683	357	425	241	470
35 to 44 years.....	685	265	548	200	538	253	346	184	442
45 to 54 years.....	398	214	379	169	385	238	236	153	351
55 to 64 years.....	289	208	254	196	254	267	186	157	310
65 to 74 years.....	204	160	157	131	182	342	145	170	157
75 to 84 years.....	94	118	60	95	67	197	75	79	62
85 years and over.....	23	43	14	61	48	49	19	12	16
3 and 4 years.....	136	58	107	37	114	67	72	39	75
16 years and over.....	3 077	1 602	2 654	1 291	2 648	1 997	1 779	1 185	2 255
18 years and over.....	2 949	1 542	2 553	1 264	2 541	1 949	1 711	1 137	2 150
21 years and over.....	2 755	1 446	2 346	1 205	2 384	1 852	1 591	1 076	2 003
60 years and over.....	455	427	323	392	389	743	337	350	397
62 years and over.....	386	378	276	355	339	685	302	315	328
Median.....	30.1	34.2	29.0	36.4	30.2	38.7	30.3	34.8	32.2
Male	4 132	1 941	3 670	1 519	3 342	2 127	2 381	1 456	2 875
Median age.....	29.6	31.1	28.9	32.9	29.8	33.2	29.6	32.4	31.4
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP									
All persons	8 372	4 011	7 338	3 153	6 932	4 629	4 812	2 982	5 834
In households.....	8 372	3 939	7 328	2 978	6 825	4 625	4 812	2 940	5 828
Householder.....	2 716	1 438	2 499	1 117	2 398	1 971	1 669	1 087	2 050
Family householder.....	2 309	1 114	1 959	850	1 866	1 252	1 317	821	1 633
Nonfamily householder.....	407	324	540	267	532	719	352	266	417
Living alone.....	335	287	412	236	440	661	288	215	343
Spouse.....	2 067	942	1 654	695	1 552	976	1 047	638	1 327
Child.....	3 144	1 332	2 655	916	2 516	1 319	1 737	912	2 066
Other relatives.....	267	131	276	166	197	241	203	171	230
Nonrelatives.....	178	96	244	84	162	118	156	132	155
Institutionalized persons.....	—	62	—	175	107	—	—	—	6
Other persons in group quarters.....	—	10	10	—	—	4	—	42	—
Persons per household.....	3.09	2.74	2.94	2.68	2.85	2.34	2.91	2.72	2.86
Persons per family.....	3.37	3.16	3.35	3.11	3.29	3.01	3.30	3.11	3.23
Persons 65 years and over	585	503	415	458	479	896	411	437	448
In households.....	585	438	414	321	385	896	411	435	448
Householder.....	383	314	267	217	257	673	286	300	306
Nonfamily householder.....	147	149	105	71	92	99	123	117	99
Living alone.....	139	146	97	71	90	388	118	114	96
Spouse.....	155	100	104	84	97	179	100	108	107
Other relatives.....	44	21	39	20	31	40	18	24	31
Nonrelatives.....	3	3	4	—	—	4	7	3	4
Institutionalized persons.....	—	57	—	137	94	—	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters.....	—	8	1	—	—	—	—	2	—
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN									
Families	2 309	1 114	1 959	850	1 866	1 252	1 317	821	1 633
With own children under 18 years.....	1 343	553	1 105	382	1 087	556	744	363	825
Number of own children under 18 years.....	2 454	981	2 098	662	1 954	964	1 384	631	1 482
Married-couple families	2 058	947	1 655	696	1 554	972	1 059	631	1 344
With own children under 18 years.....	1 207	470	928	314	885	427	595	278	675
Number of own children under 18 years.....	2 238	848	1 784	572	1 637	755	1 129	501	1 256
Female householder, no husband present	173	121	224	111	258	200	188	143	227
With own children under 18 years.....	107	64	134	49	173	96	109	66	121
Number of own children under 18 years.....	172	107	242	66	269	155	184	102	177
MARITAL STATUS									
Males 15 years and over	3 000	1 488	2 693	1 183	2 486	1 672	1 727	1 130	2 183
Never married.....	669	355	640	298	624	402	411	303	531
Now married, except separated.....	2 103	977	1 726	736	1 607	1 023	1 097	667	1 388
Separated.....	37	24	68	29	43	52	40	29	47
Widowed.....	47	41	43	40	40	69	40	36	47
Divorced.....	144	91	216	80	172	126	139	95	174
Females 15 years and over	3 159	1 631	2 705	1 321	2 704	2 030	1 815	1 208	2 301
Never married.....	567	276	479	225	542	321	318	203	457
Now married, except separated.....	2 125	976	1 713	742	1 602	1 027	1 092	670	1 387
Separated.....	65	39	76	36	68	62	55	25	6
Widowed.....	229	233	191	214	226	429	181	187	19
Divorced.....	173	107	246	104	266	191	169	123	20

Table 2. General Characteristics of White Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Terrebonne Parish—Con.				Bayou Cone CDP, Terrebonne Parish	Houma city, Terrebonne Parish	
	Tract 9	Tract 12	Tract 13	Tract 15.98	Tract 4 (pt.)	Tract 5 (pt.)	Tract 7 (pt.)
AGE							
All persons	3 303	7 333	2 899	4 826	6 888	2 882	2 609
Under 5 years	215	613	275	394	560	189	165
5 to 9 years	227	738	284	500	614	180	194
10 to 14 years	176	672	247	492	560	145	200
15 to 19 years	178	530	221	353	527	158	185
20 to 24 years	232	539	232	216	527	173	191
25 to 34 years	550	1 315	518	823	1 328	429	445
35 to 44 years	370	987	433	913	1 071	290	309
45 to 54 years	315	772	280	513	713	248	257
55 to 64 years	350	588	201	349	516	314	271
65 to 74 years	364	385	144	187	307	444	253
75 to 84 years	243	167	57	69	109	254	119
85 years and over	83	27	7	17	56	58	20
3 and 4 years	80	264	101	180	230	68	69
16 years and over	2 651	5 215	2 050	3 347	5 040	2 336	2 013
18 years and over	2 569	4 990	1 955	3 211	4 823	2 279	1 936
21 years and over	2 478	4 671	1 821	3 043	4 539	2 176	1 831
60 years and over	897	837	311	433	677	939	549
62 years and over	813	731	260	369	564	871	489
Median	36.5	29.5	29.0	31.5	30.0	40.2	33.3
Female	1 723	3 583	1 462	2 460	3 568	1 608	1 340
Under 5 years	108	277	133	179	280	91	89
5 to 9 years	100	341	154	262	325	92	99
10 to 14 years	73	326	126	240	276	74	89
15 to 19 years	91	237	105	192	263	82	93
20 to 24 years	119	270	123	116	282	102	92
25 to 34 years	254	661	251	438	682	203	218
35 to 44 years	179	462	219	455	536	140	151
45 to 54 years	161	397	146	257	381	126	128
55 to 64 years	193	295	92	168	250	185	145
65 to 74 years	217	202	75	104	178	292	152
75 to 84 years	168	97	35	38	67	179	72
85 years and over	60	18	3	11	48	42	12
3 and 4 years	44	117	47	74	114	34	35
16 years and over	1 422	2 609	1 033	1 730	2 631	1 333	1 043
18 years and over	1 381	2 495	990	1 651	2 526	1 305	1 003
21 years and over	1 338	2 345	916	1 566	2 369	1 249	953
60 years and over	554	445	162	227	383	625	321
62 years and over	503	395	137	196	334	585	288
Median	41.3	30.2	28.9	31.4	30.2	46.6	34.6
Male	1 580	3 750	1 437	2 366	3 320	1 274	1 269
Median age	33.3	28.8	29.1	31.5	29.7	35.3	32.1
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP							
All persons	3 303	7 333	2 899	4 826	6 888	2 882	2 609
In households	3 216	7 326	2 867	4 826	6 781	2 878	2 567
Householder	1 386	2 332	905	1 554	2 382	1 345	970
Family householder	882	1 989	776	1 364	1 854	760	714
Nonfamily householder	504	343	129	190	528	585	256
Living alone	450	303	108	163	437	550	205
Spouse	697	1 794	670	1 240	1 541	583	543
Child	897	2 751	1 055	1 847	2 500	736	781
Other relatives	138	315	152	125	197	148	144
Nonrelatives	98	134	85	60	161	66	129
Institutionalized persons	78	—	22	—	107	—	—
Other persons in group quarters	9	7	10	—	—	4	42
Persons per household	2.32	3.15	3.23	3.10	2.85	2.13	2.66
Persons per family	2.96	3.45	3.50	3.35	3.29	2.91	3.07
Persons 65 years and over	690	579	208	273	472	756	392
In households	681	579	207	273	378	756	390
Householder	479	391	140	171	253	575	276
Nonfamily householder	249	150	57	56	92	358	114
Living alone	243	145	53	55	90	353	111
Spouse	149	148	49	79	94	146	93
Other relatives	49	30	16	22	31	32	19
Nonrelatives	4	10	2	1	—	3	2
Institutionalized persons	9	—	1	—	94	—	—
Other persons in group quarters	—	—	—	—	—	—	2
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN							
Families	882	1 989	776	1 364	1 854	760	714
With own children under 18 years	351	1 116	451	815	1 084	301	311
Number of own children under 18 years	631	2 131	833	1 537	1 944	534	542
Married-couple families	699	1 791	675	1 233	1 543	582	537
With own children under 18 years	280	1 010	410	735	882	227	231
Number of own children under 18 years	527	1 949	761	1 397	1 627	418	420
Female householder, no husband present	143	130	68	100	257	127	133
With own children under 18 years	59	74	28	59	173	54	63
Number of own children under 18 years	83	130	51	109	269	84	96
MARITAL STATUS							
Males 15 years and over	1 243	2 671	1 044	1 661	2 467	1 017	987
Never married	329	582	226	295	619	240	269
Now married, except separated	741	1 870	727	1 261	1 596	609	568
Separated	33	44	17	22	43	34	29
Widowed	56	48	20	17	39	56	34
Divorced	84	127	54	66	170	78	87
Females 15 years and over	1 442	2 639	1 049	1 779	2 687	1 351	1 063
Never married	254	376	181	294	539	206	175
Now married, except separated	726	1 872	703	1 266	1 591	613	571
Separated	47	53	20	30	68	39	24
Widowed	300	240	94	100	224	360	175
Divorced	115	98	51	89	265	133	118

Table 2. General Characteristics of White Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Houma city, Terrebonne Parish—Con.		Remainder of Terrebonne Parish						
	Tract 8 (pt.)	Tract 9 (pt.)	Tract 1	Tract 6 (pt.)	Tract 11	Tract 12 (pt.)	Tract 13 (pt.)	Tract 14	Tract 16
AGE									
All persons	5 827	3 303	5 448	2 825	3 190	7 333	2 573	2 947	2 013
Under 5 years.....	403	215	432	259	276	613	235	264	162
5 to 9 years.....	490	227	478	292	298	738	241	303	181
10 to 14 years.....	451	176	434	284	293	672	228	282	208
15 to 19 years.....	452	178	417	255	231	530	206	229	152
20 to 24 years.....	457	232	500	206	224	539	202	234	124
25 to 34 years.....	988	550	1 024	524	582	1 315	422	559	375
35 to 44 years.....	851	370	787	483	390	987	389	399	285
45 to 54 years.....	691	315	570	269	317	772	260	298	201
55 to 64 years.....	598	350	412	147	286	588	195	216	169
65 to 74 years.....	327	364	252	77	177	385	138	105	97
75 to 84 years.....	99	243	121	26	94	167	50	44	47
85 years and over.....	20	83	21	3	22	27	7	14	12
3 and 4 years.....	163	80	191	105	113	264	83	120	58
16 years and over.....	4 403	2 651	3 999	1 945	2 278	5 215	1 829	2 045	1 436
18 years and over.....	4 203	2 569	3 834	1 840	2 183	4 990	1 741	1 952	1 373
21 years and over.....	3 938	2 478	3 587	1 697	2 060	4 671	1 617	1 817	1 279
60 years and over.....	754	897	573	172	416	837	297	255	245
62 years and over.....	629	813	499	142	362	731	247	209	210
Median.....	31.7	36.5	29.2	27.6	29.8	29.5	29.3	28.1	30.2
Female	2 955	1 723	2 759	1 399	1 572	3 583	1 292	1 468	1 006
Under 5 years.....	179	108	223	109	124	277	116	139	74
5 to 9 years.....	255	100	235	154	137	341	129	159	102
10 to 14 years.....	218	73	214	141	148	326	115	148	91
15 to 19 years.....	252	91	212	121	114	237	96	114	71
20 to 24 years.....	246	119	263	122	113	270	103	109	72
25 to 34 years.....	470	254	515	260	274	661	204	270	178
35 to 44 years.....	440	179	378	231	197	462	200	197	148
45 to 54 years.....	351	161	288	133	166	397	133	142	98
55 to 64 years.....	310	193	202	71	137	295	89	100	85
65 to 74 years.....	157	217	142	41	98	202	73	54	51
75 to 84 years.....	61	168	73	14	55	97	31	24	29
85 years and over.....	16	60	14	2	9	18	3	12	7
3 and 4 years.....	75	44	95	43	52	117	39	61	23
16 years and over.....	2 251	1 422	2 031	970	1 149	2 609	916	995	731
18 years and over.....	2 146	1 381	1 947	929	1 098	2 495	878	948	697
21 years and over.....	2 000	1 338	1 818	854	1 032	2 345	810	892	649
60 years and over.....	396	554	320	92	218	445	156	138	132
62 years and over.....	327	503	278	78	196	395	131	114	112
Median.....	32.2	41.3	29.1	27.6	30.7	30.2	29.3	27.4	30.4
Male	2 872	1 580	2 689	1 426	1 618	3 750	1 281	1 479	1 007
Median age.....	31.3	33.3	29.3	27.6	29.3	28.8	29.4	28.7	30.0
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP									
All persons	5 827	3 303	5 448	2 825	3 190	7 333	2 573	2 947	2 013
In households.....	5 821	3 216	5 448	2 825	3 190	7 326	2 563	2 947	2 013
Householder.....	2 047	1 386	1 876	912	1 019	2 332	803	881	665
Family householder.....	1 630	882	1 472	765	819	1 989	696	766	549
Nonfamily householder.....	417	504	404	147	200	343	107	115	116
Living alone.....	343	450	312	116	175	303	88	98	91
Spouse.....	1 325	697	1 287	632	751	1 794	594	669	476
Child.....	2 065	897	1 882	1 103	1 182	2 751	939	1 224	748
Other relatives.....	229	138	212	105	143	315	146	111	80
Nonrelatives.....	155	98	191	73	95	134	81	62	44
Institutionalized persons.....	6	78	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters.....	—	9	—	—	—	7	10	—	—
Persons per household.....	2.86	2.32	2.91	3.13	3.09	3.15	3.26	3.44	3.06
Persons per family.....	3.23	2.96	3.30	3.44	3.48	3.45	3.50	3.72	3.40
Persons 65 years and over	446	690	394	106	293	579	195	163	156
In households.....	446	681	394	106	293	579	195	163	156
Householder.....	305	479	271	77	216	391	129	113	114
Nonfamily householder.....	99	249	117	28	103	150	47	40	40
Living alone.....	96	243	113	28	100	145	44	40	40
Spouse.....	107	149	93	23	64	148	48	36	33
Other relatives.....	30	49	24	5	11	30	16	13	9
Nonrelatives.....	4	4	6	1	2	10	2	1	—
Institutionalized persons.....	—	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN									
Families	1 630	882	1 472	765	819	1 989	696	766	549
With own children under 18 years.....	825	351	800	495	448	1 116	393	480	296
Number of own children under 18 years.....	1 482	631	1 475	921	895	2 131	726	923	586
Morried-couple families	1 342	699	1 288	639	720	1 791	597	686	475
With own children under 18 years.....	675	280	709	412	404	1 010	353	434	266
Number of own children under 18 years.....	1 256	527	1 324	779	820	1 949	655	849	538
Female householder, no husband present	226	143	132	86	66	130	67	57	54
With own children under 18 years.....	121	59	71	60	28	74	27	33	22
Number of own children under 18 years.....	177	83	117	100	48	130	50	51	36
MARITAL STATUS									
Males 15 years and over	2 180	1 243	2 017	995	1 160	2 671	937	1 076	723
Never married.....	530	329	494	229	304	582	210	271	159
Now married, except separated.....	1 386	741	1 329	659	759	1 870	645	713	489
Separated.....	47	33	33	23	17	44	15	22	19
Widowed.....	41	56	30	13	41	48	19	13	15
Divorced.....	176	84	131	71	39	127	48	57	41
Females 15 years and over	2 303	1 442	2 087	995	1 163	2 639	932	1 022	739
Never married.....	453	254	393	177	183	376	165	193	132
Now married, except separated.....	1 385	726	1 333	651	788	1 872	621	691	493
Separated.....	65	47	42	31	22	53	17	14	12
Widowed.....	192	300	172	50	125	240	84	80	65
Divorced.....	208	115	147	86	45	98	45	44	37

Table 3. General Characteristics of Black Persons: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Houma-Thibodaux, LA MSA	Lafourche Parish		Terrebonne Parish			Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Lafourche Parish		
		Total	Thibodaux city	Total	Bayou Cane CDP	Houma city	Tract 204	Tract 205	Tract 207
AGE									
All persons	26 735	10 703	4 442	16 032	1 126	7 613	1 649	2 454	1 333
Under 5 years	3 039	1 273	495	1 766	126	877	167	329	189
5 to 9 years	3 169	1 330	499	1 839	140	895	150	345	173
10 to 14 years	2 844	1 133	408	1 711	116	826	159	286	145
15 to 19 years	2 610	1 060	534	1 550	89	692	165	270	99
20 to 24 years	2 270	977	473	1 293	98	624	132	221	120
25 to 34 years	4 250	1 711	663	2 539	228	1 151	241	379	245
35 to 44 years	3 379	1 271	523	2 108	175	949	203	299	156
45 to 54 years	2 043	763	307	1 280	61	596	123	174	90
55 to 64 years	1 435	541	235	894	34	439	137	73	50
65 to 74 years	1 027	392	174	635	25	356	92	51	43
75 to 84 years	511	196	97	315	21	161	54	22	19
85 years and over	158	56	34	102	13	47	26	5	4
3 and 4 years	1 277	534	214	743	44	366	68	151	81
16 years and over	17 172	6 783	2 957	10 389	720	4 876	1 142	1 442	806
18 years and over	16 129	6 366	2 772	9 763	682	4 589	1 075	1 317	776
21 years and over	14 573	5 693	2 392	8 880	630	4 182	980	1 176	700
60 years and over	2 360	899	408	1 461	76	780	228	110	96
62 years and over	2 107	788	357	1 319	73	703	197	96	83
Median	23.8	22.8	22.7	24.4	24.7	24.1	26.5	19.9	22.7
Female	14 333	5 793	2 422	8 540	607	4 130	878	1 365	713
Under 5 years	1 525	647	253	878	79	405	81	169	92
5 to 9 years	1 608	668	246	940	57	481	68	175	82
10 to 14 years	1 425	567	206	858	48	444	72	153	68
15 to 19 years	1 338	527	259	811	50	366	80	122	42
20 to 24 years	1 225	527	250	698	65	345	72	128	79
25 to 34 years	2 415	1 034	394	1 381	135	620	135	244	153
35 to 44 years	1 879	719	312	1 160	91	533	117	171	89
45 to 54 years	1 145	433	175	712	29	351	72	107	52
55 to 64 years	767	282	131	485	21	239	69	47	15
65 to 74 years	607	238	108	369	16	215	56	34	27
75 to 84 years	289	110	62	179	9	96	37	12	11
85 years and over	110	41	26	69	7	35	19	3	3
3 and 4 years	619	264	107	355	29	152	30	78	39
16 years and over	9 513	3 825	1 675	5 688	408	2 724	644	841	462
18 years and over	8 980	3 629	1 599	5 351	389	2 566	615	784	449
21 years and over	8 165	3 272	1 402	4 893	355	2 347	564	718	406
60 years and over	1 365	519	245	846	46	465	134	67	51
62 years and over	1 235	466	224	769	44	424	122	61	47
Median	25.2	24.6	24.9	25.7	25.3	25.5	29.6	22.7	24.7
Male	12 402	4 910	2 020	7 492	519	3 483	771	1 089	620
Median age	21.9	20.7	20.7	23.0	23.8	22.6	23.3	17.7	18.8
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP									
All persons	26 735	10 703	4 442	16 032	1 126	7 613	1 649	2 454	1 333
In households	26 213	10 359	4 118	15 854	1 087	7 478	1 608	2 376	1 330
Householder	7 781	3 073	1 239	4 708	354	2 245	491	651	403
Family householder	6 183	2 465	957	3 718	260	1 757	374	563	328
Nonfamily householder	1 598	608	282	990	94	488	117	88	75
Living alone	1 358	510	236	848	81	414	103	75	62
Spouse	2 788	1 004	341	1 784	132	701	133	190	152
Child	12 009	4 817	1 912	7 192	473	3 395	695	1 234	634
Other relatives	2 765	1 116	495	1 649	71	870	241	251	82
Nonrelatives	870	349	131	521	57	267	48	50	59
Institutionalized persons	307	149	129	158	39	119	41	75	3
Other persons in group quarters	215	195	195	20	-	16	-	3	-
Persons per household	3.38	3.38	3.32	3.38	3.09	3.33	3.27	3.64	3.31
Persons per family	3.85	3.82	3.86	3.87	3.63	3.82	3.86	3.96	3.65
Persons 65 years and over	1 696	644	305	1 052	59	564	172	78	66
In households	1 614	596	269	1 018	33	556	136	78	65
Householder	1 168	435	198	733	20	406	99	59	46
Nonfamily householder	422	158	76	264	8	142	39	20	12
Living alone	405	150	72	255	7	136	36	19	11
Spouse	246	98	42	148	5	77	23	10	13
Other relatives	164	52	26	112	8	58	12	8	5
Nonrelatives	36	11	3	25	-	15	2	1	1
Institutionalized persons	82	48	36	34	26	8	36	-	1
Other persons in group quarters	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN									
Families	6 183	2 465	957	3 718	260	1 757	374	563	328
With own children under 18 years	3 966	1 608	595	2 358	194	1 080	200	403	232
Number of own children under 18 years	8 621	3 524	1 316	5 097	397	2 404	421	939	494
Morried-couple families	2 826	1 017	338	1 809	140	708	133	189	153
With own children under 18 years	1 774	617	186	1 157	96	417	62	131	98
Number of own children under 18 years	3 767	1 291	400	2 476	203	902	131	288	192
Female householder, no husband present	2 902	1 266	559	1 636	101	908	208	348	146
With own children under 18 years	1 975	904	388	1 071	82	601	128	264	116
Number of own children under 18 years	4 433	2 062	869	2 371	164	1 396	269	639	261
MARITAL STATUS									
Males 15 years and over	7 908	3 056	1 323	4 852	321	2 215	516	626	355
Never married	3 592	1 485	749	2 107	116	1 022	281	339	144
Now married, except separated	3 085	1 101	379	1 984	153	797	149	206	161
Separated	409	177	78	232	12	129	36	38	16
Widowed	286	104	42	182	10	89	18	13	15
Divorced	536	189	75	347	30	178	32	30	19
Females 15 years and over	9 775	3 911	1 717	5 864	423	2 800	657	868	471
Never married	3 872	1 732	829	2 140	168	1 068	284	431	197
Now married, except separated	3 099	1 121	389	1 978	142	804	158	218	164
Separated	761	333	151	428	37	231	59	79	46
Widowed	1 138	413	188	725	35	373	91	64	31
Divorced	905	312	160	593	41	324	65	76	33

Table 3. General Characteristics of Black Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Thibodaux city, Lafourche Parish			Remainder of Lafourche Parish					Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Terrebonne Parish	
	Tract 201	Tract 204 (pt.)	Tract 205 (pt.)	Tract 205 (pt.)	Tract 207 (pt.)	Tract 209	Tract 215	Tract 218	Tract 2	Tract 3
AGE										
All persons -----	612	1 649	1 363	1 091	990	1 290	526	1 039	503	797
Under 5 years-----	73	167	187	142	157	118	67	125	76	69
5 to 9 years-----	78	150	192	153	125	146	82	169	81	74
10 to 14 years-----	48	159	133	153	110	153	48	141	58	74
15 to 19 years-----	53	165	164	106	70	105	43	107	35	65
20 to 24 years-----	56	132	135	86	95	102	58	69	43	59
25 to 34 years-----	92	241	223	156	195	207	85	173	131	122
35 to 44 years-----	80	203	157	142	107	152	60	126	45	106
45 to 54 years-----	49	123	97	77	62	123	37	52	22	76
55 to 64 years-----	35	137	33	40	33	89	19	37	7	73
65 to 74 years-----	33	92	24	27	26	57	15	22	2	35
75 to 84 years-----	13	54	14	8	8	32	8	14	3	32
85 years and over-----	2	26	4	1	2	6	4	4	-	12
3 and 4 years-----	30	68	87	64	67	47	29	53	36	29
16 years and over-----	402	1 142	821	621	586	849	323	582	277	570
18 years and over-----	377	1 075	753	564	565	807	294	539	266	541
21 years and over-----	349	980	655	521	505	747	274	481	247	505
60 years and over-----	66	228	55	55	54	145	32	56	7	117
62 years and over-----	59	197	50	46	46	122	30	53	6	108
Median-----	24.8	26.5	20.2	19.4	21.7	26.0	22.0	19.1	20.3	29.8
Female -----	345	878	764	601	529	681	277	584	276	437
Under 5 years-----	39	81	103	66	80	57	30	67	42	30
5 to 9 years-----	45	68	96	79	62	72	46	87	39	36
10 to 14 years-----	25	72	69	84	48	81	22	72	29	43
15 to 19 years-----	20	80	71	51	29	62	20	53	18	32
20 to 24 years-----	35	72	80	48	66	43	30	38	33	37
25 to 34 years-----	54	135	138	106	120	117	53	111	71	72
35 to 44 years-----	49	117	95	76	56	85	31	80	23	55
45 to 54 years-----	25	72	57	50	36	67	20	30	13	43
55 to 64 years-----	21	69	27	20	10	44	10	23	5	42
65 to 74 years-----	22	56	17	17	17	30	9	13	1	23
75 to 84 years-----	8	37	8	4	4	18	3	7	2	17
85 years and over-----	2	19	3	-	1	5	3	3	-	7
3 and 4 years-----	17	30	50	28	35	22	9	27	20	10
16 years and over-----	232	644	478	363	334	459	175	350	161	322
18 years and over-----	223	615	450	334	325	433	164	330	152	309
21 years and over-----	208	564	404	314	290	402	155	296	143	288
60 years and over-----	45	134	37	30	28	81	18	35	5	72
62 years and over-----	39	122	35	26	24	69	17	32	4	65
Median-----	26.7	29.6	22.8	22.5	23.7	26.8	23.1	21.5	21.6	30.9
Male -----	267	771	599	490	461	609	249	455	227	360
Median age-----	22.5	23.3	18.2	16.8	18.7	24.7	20.3	16.4	18.1	27.8
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP										
All persons -----	612	1 649	1 363	1 091	990	1 290	526	1 039	503	797
In households-----	612	1 608	1 285	1 091	987	1 290	526	1 035	503	766
Householder-----	201	491	345	306	287	392	160	286	147	257
Family householder-----	140	374	293	270	241	314	134	240	114	188
Nonfamily householder-----	61	117	52	36	46	78	26	46	33	69
Living alone-----	50	103	42	33	36	68	22	37	26	62
Spouse-----	50	133	91	99	112	138	61	83	66	98
Child-----	265	695	672	562	478	547	245	535	244	301
Other relatives-----	61	241	151	100	59	176	43	95	26	88
Nonrelatives-----	35	48	26	24	51	37	17	36	20	22
Institutionalized persons-----	-	41	75	-	3	-	-	4	-	31
Other persons in group quarters-----	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Persons per household-----	3.03	3.27	3.71	3.56	3.45	3.29	3.34	3.64	3.39	2.98
Persons per family-----	3.66	3.86	4.11	3.81	3.71	3.74	3.63	3.99	3.93	3.57
Persons 65 years and over -----	48	172	42	36	36	95	27	40	5	79
In households-----	48	136	42	36	35	95	27	36	5	59
Householder-----	37	99	32	27	23	71	18	27	4	43
Nonfamily householder-----	16	39	13	7	6	24	5	16	-	16
Living alone-----	16	36	13	6	6	23	5	15	-	14
Spouse-----	6	23	4	6	8	16	5	5	-	12
Other relatives-----	4	12	6	2	3	6	4	2	1	3
Nonrelatives-----	1	2	-	1	1	2	-	2	-	1
Institutionalized persons-----	-	36	-	-	1	-	-	4	-	20
Other persons in group quarters-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN										
Families -----	140	374	293	270	241	314	134	240	114	188
With own children under 18 years-----	85	200	208	195	178	171	94	186	97	100
Number of own children under 18 years-----	194	421	484	455	378	358	201	416	215	194
Married-couple families -----	49	133	90	99	114	138	61	85	66	98
With own children under 18 years-----	25	62	65	66	80	70	38	67	58	46
Number of own children under 18 years-----	56	131	147	141	160	137	75	140	135	88
Female householder, no husband present -----	80	208	194	154	101	149	60	139	41	77
With own children under 18 years-----	56	128	140	124	81	90	48	109	34	47
Number of own children under 18 years-----	127	269	330	309	181	201	115	251	73	93
MARITAL STATUS										
Males 15 years and over -----	177	516	355	271	259	402	150	246	122	252
Never married-----	83	281	210	129	105	168	70	119	40	102
Now married, except separated-----	54	149	102	104	121	151	63	88	69	105
Separated-----	14	36	17	21	8	31	9	14	3	11
Widowed-----	9	18	9	4	12	17	4	10	2	1
Divorced-----	17	32	17	13	13	35	4	15	8	11
Females 15 years and over -----	236	657	496	372	339	471	179	358	166	321
Never married-----	87	284	261	170	146	181	70	169	53	111
Now married, except separated-----	55	158	107	111	123	159	63	91	72	107
Separated-----	25	59	42	37	28	35	18	32	16	21
Widowed-----	43	91	37	27	20	64	18	38	9	51
Divorced-----	26	65	49	27	22	32	10	28	16	21

Table 3. General Characteristics of Black Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Terrebonne Parish—Con.							Bayou Cane CDP, Terrebonne Parish
	Tract 4	Tract 5	Tract 6	Tract 7	Tract 8	Tract 9	Tract 12	Tract 4 (pt.)
AGE								
All persons	529	1 081	847	3 512	676	1 778	562	526
Under 5 years.....	64	115	128	428	93	188	46	64
5 to 9 years.....	79	102	118	429	105	202	53	79
10 to 14 years.....	56	106	102	414	77	170	48	56
15 to 19 years.....	47	90	89	343	49	148	65	47
20 to 24 years.....	45	91	76	303	45	157	40	45
25 to 34 years.....	117	164	124	470	129	299	93	116
35 to 44 years.....	82	127	146	420	118	209	61	82
45 to 54 years.....	20	96	42	289	31	131	54	19
55 to 64 years.....	8	88	16	179	14	103	52	8
65 to 74 years.....	4	70	4	165	10	96	27	3
75 to 84 years.....	4	26	1	49	3	63	14	4
85 years and over.....	3	6	1	23	2	12	9	3
3 and 4 years.....	20	41	62	181	38	78	16	20
16 years and over.....	316	745	473	2 177	387	1 181	399	313
18 years and over.....	296	710	434	2 029	363	1 128	377	293
21 years and over.....	268	649	392	1 825	342	1 039	341	265
60 years and over.....	14	153	10	316	21	224	77	13
62 years and over.....	13	135	9	292	17	202	64	12
Median.....	21.9	27.0	18.8	22.2	21.4	25.8	28.5	21.5
Female	285	595	425	1 935	346	943	295	282
Under 5 years.....	42	54	59	214	36	81	20	42
5 to 9 years.....	33	60	50	223	55	107	28	33
10 to 14 years.....	23	56	44	226	40	82	26	23
15 to 19 years.....	31	50	47	176	22	87	34	31
20 to 24 years.....	28	45	42	175	27	84	18	28
25 to 34 years.....	69	92	74	257	74	150	46	68
35 to 44 years.....	36	72	82	256	59	115	34	36
45 to 54 years.....	11	57	19	169	16	75	30	10
55 to 64 years.....	5	52	4	92	6	59	28	5
65 to 74 years.....	2	39	3	100	7	59	16	1
75 to 84 years.....	3	14	—	30	3	35	8	3
85 years and over.....	2	4	1	17	1	9	7	2
3 and 4 years.....	14	15	33	81	14	33	6	14
16 years and over.....	177	419	258	1 238	208	650	215	174
18 years and over.....	165	395	237	1 159	198	618	204	162
21 years and over.....	146	364	217	1 047	188	568	182	143
60 years and over.....	9	90	5	187	15	130	45	8
62 years and over.....	9	78	5	177	12	120	39	8
Median.....	22.4	28.9	21.6	23.6	24.0	26.8	29.7	22.0
Male	244	486	422	1 577	330	835	267	244
Median age.....	21.0	25.5	16.4	20.6	18.0	24.3	27.3	21.0
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP								
All persons	529	1 081	847	3 512	676	1 778	562	526
In households.....	521	1 081	847	3 506	676	1 671	562	518
Householder.....	165	348	220	976	204	556	163	164
Family householder.....	123	272	191	809	153	401	127	122
Nonfamily householder.....	42	76	29	167	51	155	36	42
Living alone.....	35	71	21	136	36	135	27	35
Spouse.....	59	126	112	278	76	144	69	59
Child.....	239	429	447	1 720	310	701	229	238
Other relatives.....	27	148	36	414	51	195	82	27
Nonrelatives.....	31	30	32	118	35	75	19	30
Institutionalized persons.....	8	—	—	—	—	97	—	8
Other persons in group quarters.....	—	—	—	6	—	10	—	—
Persons per household.....	3.20	3.13	3.85	3.59	3.29	3.02	3.44	3.20
Persons per family.....	3.69	3.63	4.14	3.98	3.78	3.61	3.99	3.70
Persons 65 years and over	11	102	6	237	15	171	50	10
In households.....	5	102	6	237	15	167	50	4
Householder.....	1	80	4	162	9	129	36	1
Nonfamily householder.....	—	29	1	49	2	55	10	—
Living alone.....	—	29	1	46	1	54	9	—
Spouse.....	—	10	2	39	—	21	8	—
Other relatives.....	3	12	—	26	4	15	6	3
Nonrelatives.....	1	—	—	10	2	2	—	—
Institutionalized persons.....	6	—	—	—	—	4	—	6
Other persons in group quarters.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN								
Families	123	272	191	809	153	401	127	122
With own children under 18 years.....	100	141	175	504	123	245	65	100
Number of own children under 18 years.....	212	280	381	1 193	269	505	142	212
Married-couple families	64	131	110	283	74	147	70	64
With own children under 18 years.....	49	66	101	155	61	90	37	49
Number of own children under 18 years.....	101	131	235	358	124	193	88	101
Female householder, no husband present	49	117	73	464	67	218	46	48
With own children under 18 years.....	43	68	67	323	53	137	23	43
Number of own children under 18 years.....	94	135	131	787	132	290	41	94
MARITAL STATUS								
Males 15 years and over	143	333	227	969	186	545	194	143
Never married.....	53	135	94	474	77	257	88	53
Now married, except separated.....	68	139	115	315	81	180	80	68
Separated.....	5	16	3	63	10	34	9	5
Widowed.....	2	17	1	35	1	30	7	2
Divorced.....	15	26	14	82	17	44	10	15
Females 15 years and over	187	425	272	1 272	215	673	221	184
Never married.....	75	145	101	536	70	252	69	74
Now married, except separated.....	64	143	114	327	82	163	82	64
Separated.....	15	32	12	104	16	68	10	15
Widowed.....	10	65	10	152	13	111	39	9
Divorced.....	23	40	35	153	34	79	21	22

Table 3. General Characteristics of Black Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Houma city, Terrebonne Parish					Remainder of Terrebonne Parish				
	Tract 3 (pt.)	Tract 5 (pt.)	Tract 7 (pt.)	Tract 8 (pt.)	Tract 9 (pt.)	Tract 1	Tract 6 (pt.)	Tract 12 (pt.)	Tract 14	Tract 16
AGE										
All persons	524	929	3 459	676	1 778	2 470	797	562	833	1 336
Under 5 years.....	49	99	424	93	188	245	124	46	88	118
5 to 9 years.....	53	86	424	105	202	263	111	53	91	127
10 to 14 years.....	57	88	406	77	170	242	96	48	101	137
15 to 19 years.....	44	81	337	49	148	270	83	65	90	146
20 to 24 years.....	31	80	300	45	157	221	73	40	49	98
25 to 34 years.....	82	135	465	129	299	383	118	93	131	188
35 to 44 years.....	58	104	403	118	209	328	135	61	120	188
45 to 54 years.....	50	86	285	31	131	230	38	54	80	125
55 to 64 years.....	57	80	178	14	103	146	14	52	44	91
65 to 74 years.....	23	60	165	10	96	89	4	27	25	67
75 to 84 years.....	18	24	49	3	63	43	1	14	10	38
85 years and over.....	2	6	23	2	12	10	—	9	4	13
3 and 4 years.....	24	34	180	38	78	103	59	16	33	61
16 years and over.....	359	645	2 142	387	1 181	1 674	441	399	532	923
18 years and over.....	339	614	1 997	363	1 128	1 571	405	377	498	866
21 years and over.....	317	558	1 795	342	1 039	1 396	366	341	456	789
60 years and over.....	75	134	315	21	224	193	9	77	54	167
62 years and over.....	66	118	291	17	202	178	8	64	48	151
Median.....	27.8	27.3	22.2	21.4	25.8	24.9	18.5	28.5	24.8	27.1
Female	287	516	1 907	346	943	1 304	404	295	444	683
Under 5 years.....	19	46	212	36	81	131	57	20	52	63
5 to 9 years.....	27	55	220	55	107	137	47	28	44	58
10 to 14 years.....	34	49	223	40	82	111	42	26	52	62
15 to 19 years.....	24	46	172	22	87	138	45	34	41	73
20 to 24 years.....	16	40	174	27	84	107	41	18	23	51
25 to 34 years.....	46	75	253	74	150	212	71	46	76	92
35 to 44 years.....	28	56	247	59	115	180	78	34	64	106
45 to 54 years.....	32	53	168	16	75	123	17	30	50	63
55 to 64 years.....	34	45	91	6	59	84	3	28	20	51
65 to 74 years.....	13	34	100	7	59	50	3	16	11	33
75 to 84 years.....	12	13	30	3	35	23	—	8	8	23
85 years and over.....	2	4	17	1	9	8	—	7	3	8
3 and 4 years.....	8	10	80	14	33	58	31	6	18	32
16 years and over.....	203	361	1 219	208	650	904	244	215	283	482
18 years and over.....	192	338	1 143	198	618	848	224	204	273	454
21 years and over.....	180	310	1 031	188	568	763	205	182	252	417
60 years and over.....	47	78	186	15	130	109	4	45	28	93
62 years and over.....	40	68	176	12	120	99	4	39	25	86
Median.....	29.9	28.8	23.5	24.0	26.8	26.5	21.4	29.7	27.4	29.9
Male	237	413	1 552	330	835	1 166	393	267	389	653
Median age.....	25.8	26.3	20.5	18.0	24.3	23.1	16.0	27.3	22.1	25.6
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP										
All persons	524	929	3 459	676	1 778	2 470	797	562	833	1 336
In households.....	524	929	3 453	676	1 671	2 470	797	562	833	1 336
Householder.....	166	301	961	204	556	701	207	163	231	421
Family householder.....	126	232	796	153	401	582	182	127	195	322
Nonfamily householder.....	40	69	165	51	155	119	25	36	36	99
Living alone.....	37	65	134	36	135	109	17	27	31	94
Spouse.....	65	109	267	76	144	317	106	69	111	174
Child.....	209	374	1 695	310	701	1 151	421	229	389	577
Other relatives.....	73	125	412	51	195	239	32	82	93	131
Nonrelatives.....	11	20	118	35	75	62	31	19	9	33
Institutionalized persons.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters.....	—	—	6	—	10	—	—	—	—	—
Persons per household.....	3.13	3.10	3.59	3.29	3.02	3.54	3.86	3.44	3.62	3.19
Persons per family.....	3.72	3.64	3.98	3.78	3.61	3.95	4.10	3.99	4.05	3.76
Persons 65 years and over	43	90	237	15	171	142	5	50	39	118
In households.....	43	90	237	15	167	142	5	50	39	118
Householder.....	30	74	162	9	129	103	3	36	32	80
Nonfamily householder.....	8	28	49	2	55	35	1	10	13	35
Living alone.....	7	28	46	1	54	34	1	9	13	35
Spouse.....	9	8	39	—	21	20	2	8	1	22
Other relatives.....	3	8	26	4	15	15	—	6	6	12
Nonrelatives.....	1	—	10	2	2	4	—	—	—	4
Institutionalized persons.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other persons in group quarters.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN										
Families	126	232	796	153	401	582	182	127	195	322
With own children under 18 years.....	65	114	493	123	245	353	168	65	117	182
Number of own children under 18 years.....	135	234	1 174	269	505	730	363	142	267	379
Married-couple families	65	110	272	74	147	320	104	70	111	176
With own children under 18 years.....	31	55	146	61	90	206	96	37	73	100
Number of own children under 18 years.....	57	110	343	124	193	403	219	88	165	207
Female householder, no husband present	53	101	462	67	218	220	70	46	74	125
With own children under 18 years.....	31	55	321	53	137	125	65	23	42	75
Number of own children under 18 years.....	70	115	783	132	290	280	129	41	97	156
MARITAL STATUS										
Males 15 years and over	158	290	953	186	545	795	208	194	257	454
Never married.....	66	121	470	77	257	352	85	88	106	191
Now married, except separated.....	68	119	304	81	180	345	107	80	117	192
Separated.....	9	13	62	10	34	30	3	9	9	21
Widowed.....	5	17	35	1	30	24	1	7	8	23
Divorced.....	10	20	82	17	44	44	12	10	17	27
Females 15 years and over	207	366	1 252	215	673	925	258	221	296	500
Never married.....	68	123	531	70	252	351	97	69	98	155
Now married, except separated.....	72	125	315	82	163	355	108	82	116	183
Separated.....	14	26	104	16	68	49	12	10	19	48
Widowed.....	32	61	151	13	111	94	8	39	35	85
Divorced.....	21	31	151	34	79	76	33	21	28	29

Table 4. General Characteristics of American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Persons: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Terrebonne Parish		Lafourche Parish		Totals for split tracts/ BNA's in Terrebonne Parish		Remainder of Terrebonne Parish		
	Hauma--Thibodaux, LA MSA	Lafourche Parish	Total	Hauma city	Tract 216	Tract 13	Tract 11	Tract 13 (pt.)	Tract 14
AGE									
All persons	6 814	1 909	4 905	925	513	2 041	607	2 008	400
Under 5 years.....	781	229	552	106	64	219	64	217	50
5 to 9 years.....	922	246	676	124	68	275	83	272	60
10 to 14 years.....	839	256	583	87	71	250	69	247	47
15 to 19 years.....	719	215	504	88	61	233	53	229	37
20 to 24 years.....	605	181	424	95	41	164	45	158	33
25 to 34 years.....	1 040	289	751	146	82	301	81	295	53
35 to 44 years.....	835	228	607	120	60	250	83	247	45
45 to 54 years.....	495	136	359	70	27	143	56	143	27
55 to 64 years.....	292	68	224	38	24	107	35	103	20
65 to 74 years.....	183	49	134	37	11	54	21	54	16
75 to 84 years.....	94	11	83	12	3	43	14	41	12
85 years and over.....	9	1	8	2	1	2	3	2	-
3 and 4 years.....	327	88	239	48	22	95	31	94	18
16 years and over.....	4 115	1 133	2 982	588	294	1 243	378	1 219	235
18 years and over.....	3 826	1 034	2 792	558	267	1 153	358	1 130	222
21 years and over.....	3 433	931	2 502	505	242	1 021	333	1 000	198
60 years and over.....	413	93	320	69	26	139	52	137	42
62 years and over.....	359	85	274	61	25	118	45	116	36
Median.....	21.2	20.3	21.7	23.3	19.3	21.0	24.0	20.9	20.8
Female									
All persons	3 375	934	2 441	446	237	1 045	278	1 032	201
Under 5 years.....	378	115	263	53	29	107	30	107	28
5 to 9 years.....	455	119	336	55	35	139	44	137	30
10 to 14 years.....	420	124	296	35	33	132	33	131	21
15 to 19 years.....	335	103	232	35	25	114	23	113	19
20 to 24 years.....	294	83	211	50	13	79	17	77	14
25 to 34 years.....	542	145	397	71	38	161	42	159	32
35 to 44 years.....	416	115	301	67	30	124	32	122	21
45 to 54 years.....	250	73	177	32	17	80	23	80	10
55 to 64 years.....	133	30	103	23	10	47	15	45	12
65 to 74 years.....	94	19	75	15	5	35	14	35	8
75 to 84 years.....	54	8	46	9	2	26	4	25	6
85 years and over.....	4	-	4	1	-	1	1	1	-
3 and 4 years.....	169	42	127	23	11	55	17	55	11
16 years and over.....	2 050	557	1 493	294	135	642	165	632	119
18 years and over.....	1 910	508	1 402	286	126	596	155	586	110
21 years and over.....	1 731	455	1 276	262	113	533	147	524	101
60 years and over.....	213	38	175	38	11	80	26	79	22
62 years and over.....	188	37	151	32	11	70	23	69	19
Median.....	21.9	20.3	22.5	24.5	19.4	21.8	23.3	21.6	21.3
Male									
All persons	3 439	975	2 464	479	276	996	329	976	199
Median age.....	20.7	20.2	20.9	21.3	19.2	20.6	24.6	20.5	20.6
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP									
All persons	6 814	1 909	4 905	925	513	2 041	607	2 008	400
In households.....	6 791	1 903	4 888	915	513	2 039	607	2 008	400
Householder.....	1 672	475	1 197	246	116	479	161	472	90
Family householder.....	1 451	409	1 042	202	109	439	139	432	73
Nonfamily householder.....	221	66	155	44	7	40	22	40	17
Living alone.....	176	51	125	34	5	32	19	32	16
Spouse.....	1 070	290	780	144	74	325	84	317	78
Child.....	3 253	946	2 307	381	282	970	296	954	197
Other relatives.....	515	124	391	80	28	192	41	192	28
Nonrelatives.....	281	68	213	64	13	73	25	73	7
Institutionalized persons.....	13	3	10	8	-	2	-	-	-
Other persons in group quarters.....	10	3	7	2	-	-	-	-	-
Persons per household.....	3.83	3.77	3.85	3.54	4.24	4.09	4.02	4.10	3.59
Persons per family.....	4.08	4.07	4.09	3.81	4.36	4.20	4.34	4.21	4.11
Persons 65 years and over	286	61	225	51	15	99	38	97	28
In households.....	279	61	218	46	15	99	38	97	28
Householder.....	175	44	131	28	11	57	25	56	18
Nonfamily householder.....	56	18	38	8	-	11	9	11	9
Living alone.....	55	17	38	8	-	11	9	11	9
Spouse.....	58	9	49	8	1	21	13	20	5
Other relatives.....	40	7	33	8	3	18	-	18	5
Nonrelatives.....	6	1	5	2	-	3	-	3	-
Institutionalized persons.....	7	-	7	5	-	-	-	-	-
Other persons in group quarters.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN									
Families	1 451	409	1 042	202	109	439	139	432	73
With own children under 18 years.....	995	292	703	129	78	296	89	293	45
Number of own children under 18 years.....	2 607	775	1 832	306	228	760	214	750	158
Married-couple families	1 080	311	769	129	77	318	114	311	63
With own children under 18 years.....	739	223	516	82	58	220	71	217	39
Number of own children under 18 years.....	2 040	619	1 421	207	170	596	176	586	144
Female householder, no husband present	238	71	167	43	25	78	12	78	6
With own children under 18 years.....	164	57	107	28	18	43	9	43	2
Number of own children under 18 years.....	377	121	256	69	51	100	17	100	4
MARITAL STATUS									
Males 15 years and over	2 150	602	1 548	305	170	630	220	615	121
Never married.....	766	217	549	106	77	241	76	234	42
Now married, except separated.....	1 136	318	818	145	80	339	120	332	63
Separated.....	49	18	31	6	3	6	10	6	3
Widowed.....	57	12	45	15	2	16	7	16	3
Divorced.....	142	37	105	33	8	28	7	27	10
Females 15 years and over	2 122	576	1 546	303	140	667	171	657	122
Never married.....	574	141	433	75	34	207	49	206	24
Now married, except separated.....	1 171	323	848	153	78	355	94	346	81
Separated.....	89	28	61	20	6	13	11	13	2
Widowed.....	143	43	100	27	12	49	11	49	7
Divorced.....	145	41	104	28	10	43	6	43	8

Table 5. General Characteristics of Asian or Pacific Islander Persons: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Houma-Thibodaux, LA MSA	Lofourche Parish	Terrebonne Parish
AGE			
All persons	1 370	678	692
Under 5 years	158	74	84
5 to 9 years	229	99	130
10 to 14 years	198	118	80
15 to 19 years	146	80	66
20 to 24 years	66	39	27
25 to 34 years	187	84	103
35 to 44 years	214	89	125
45 to 54 years	100	53	47
55 to 64 years	41	29	12
65 to 74 years	22	10	12
75 to 84 years	5	2	3
85 years and over	4	1	3
3 and 4 years	68	35	33
16 years and over	748	369	379
18 years and over	686	336	350
21 years and over	622	294	328
60 years and over	51	28	23
62 years and over	40	20	20
Median	18.0	17.8	18.6
Female	701	337	364
Under 5 years	87	38	49
5 to 9 years	117	49	68
10 to 14 years	98	62	36
15 to 19 years	66	39	27
20 to 24 years	40	22	18
25 to 34 years	93	44	49
35 to 44 years	117	40	77
45 to 54 years	50	25	25
55 to 64 years	17	13	4
65 to 74 years	10	2	8
75 to 84 years	4	2	2
85 years and over	2	1	1
3 and 4 years	37	15	22
16 years and over	384	181	203
18 years and over	357	166	191
21 years and over	325	144	181
60 years and over	26	13	13
62 years and over	23	11	12
Median	18.5	17.5	20.7
Male	669	341	328
Median age	17.7	17.9	17.5
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP			
All persons	1 370	678	692
In households	1 361	669	692
Householder	288	135	153
Family householder	247	114	133
Nonfamily householder	41	21	20
Living alone	35	18	17
Spouse	231	97	134
Child	735	377	358
Other relatives	68	43	25
Nonrelatives	39	17	22
Institutionalized persons	2	2	-
Other persons in group quarters	7	7	-
Persons per household	4.56	4.77	4.38
Persons per family	5.04	5.37	4.77
Persons 65 years and over	31	13	18
In households	30	12	18
Householder	11	5	6
Nonfamily householder	2	1	1
Living alone	2	1	1
Spouse	8	1	7
Other relatives	10	5	5
Nonrelatives	1	1	-
Institutionalized persons	1	1	-
Other persons in group quarters	-	-	-
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN			
Families	247	114	133
With own children under 18 years	203	94	109
Number of own children under 18 years	656	332	324
Married-couple families	193	89	104
With own children under 18 years	164	79	85
Number of own children under 18 years	533	283	250
Female householder, no husband present	34	14	20
With own children under 18 years	30	11	19
Number of own children under 18 years	94	36	58
MARITAL STATUS			
Males 15 years and over	386	199	187
Never married	157	85	72
Now married, except separated	213	104	109
Separated	3	3	-
Widowed	7	5	2
Divorced	6	2	4
Females 15 years and over	399	188	211
Never married	108	67	41
Now married, except separated	247	101	146
Separated	10	4	6
Widowed	19	10	9
Divorced	15	6	9

Table 6. General Characteristics of Hispanic Origin Persons: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Terrebonne Parish		Terrebonne Parish	
	Houma-Thibodaux, LA MSA	Lofourche Parish	Total	Houma city
AGE				
All persons	2 625	1 249	1 376	430
Under 5 years	250	105	145	48
5 to 9 years	263	113	150	39
10 to 14 years	267	135	132	38
15 to 19 years	232	114	118	40
20 to 24 years	215	100	115	29
25 to 34 years	437	180	257	81
35 to 44 years	329	161	168	44
45 to 54 years	225	114	111	31
55 to 64 years	208	110	98	40
65 to 74 years	140	83	57	24
75 to 84 years	43	21	22	15
85 years and over	16	13	3	1
3 and 4 years	119	54	65	18
16 years and over	1 791	872	919	297
18 years and over	1 693	833	860	275
21 years and over	1 571	764	807	259
60 years and over	290	164	126	57
62 years and over	253	147	106	50
Median	27.2	28.4	26.2	28.6
Female	1 319	625	694	211
Under 5 years	112	51	61	14
5 to 9 years	136	55	81	17
10 to 14 years	145	72	73	21
15 to 19 years	127	61	66	26
20 to 24 years	91	38	53	12
25 to 34 years	216	90	126	40
35 to 44 years	155	79	76	21
45 to 54 years	123	66	57	13
55 to 64 years	100	52	48	20
65 to 74 years	74	40	34	14
75 to 84 years	29	13	16	12
85 years and over	11	8	3	1
3 and 4 years	54	26	28	6
16 years and over	901	434	467	153
18 years and over	844	414	430	139
21 years and over	777	377	400	131
60 years and over	153	82	71	34
62 years and over	136	75	61	31
Median	27.5	29.0	25.9	29.1
Male	1 306	624	682	219
Median age	27.0	27.5	26.4	27.5
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP				
All persons	2 625	1 249	1 376	430
In households	2 575	1 218	1 357	422
Householder	821	399	422	145
Family householder	621	292	329	105
Nonfamily householder	200	107	93	40
Living alone	162	88	74	36
Spouse	499	240	259	73
Child	1 012	464	548	166
Other relatives	124	61	63	14
Nonrelatives	119	54	65	24
Institutionalized persons	12	5	7	6
Other persons in group quarters	38	26	12	2
Persons per household	2.98	2.82	3.13	2.85
Persons per family	3.45	3.33	3.56	3.38
Persons 65 years and over	199	117	82	40
In households	194	112	82	40
Householder	135	75	60	33
Nonfamily householder	67	34	33	19
Living alone	66	34	32	19
Spouse	44	28	16	7
Other relatives	13	8	5	—
Nonrelatives	2	1	1	—
Institutionalized persons	5	5	—	—
Other persons in group quarters	—	—	—	—
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN				
Families	621	292	329	105
With own children under 18 years	370	152	218	69
Number of own children under 18 years	833	377	456	139
Married-couple families	487	234	253	77
With own children under 18 years	288	124	164	50
Number of own children under 18 years	679	311	368	104
Female householder, no husband present	88	38	50	20
With own children under 18 years	56	20	36	13
Number of own children under 18 years	109	46	63	30
MARITAL STATUS				
Males 15 years and over	919	449	470	146
Never married	286	149	137	44
Now married, except separated	528	248	280	84
Separated	20	7	13	5
Widowed	19	13	6	1
Divorced	66	32	34	12
Females 15 years and over	926	447	479	159
Never married	210	109	101	34
Now married, except separated	521	247	274	77
Separated	33	13	20	12
Widowed	88	47	41	20
Divorced	74	31	43	16

Table 7. General Characteristics of White, Not of Hispanic Origin Persons: 1990

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Terrebonne Parish			
	Houma-Thibodaux, LA MSA	Lofourche Parish	Total	Houma city
AGE				
All persons	145 554	71 402	74 152	21 372
Under 5 years	11 301	5 424	5 877	1 533
5 to 9 years	12 517	5 840	6 677	1 771
10 to 14 years	11 862	5 533	6 329	1 579
15 to 19 years	10 851	5 394	5 457	1 418
20 to 24 years	11 544	6 237	5 307	1 356
25 to 34 years	25 800	12 581	13 219	3 575
35 to 44 years	20 818	10 061	10 757	3 001
45 to 54 years	15 000	7 213	7 787	2 158
55 to 64 years	11 992	5 956	6 036	2 020
65 to 74 years	8 583	4 403	4 180	1 768
75 to 84 years	4 172	2 192	1 980	933
85 years and over	1 114	568	546	260
3 and 4 years	4 689	2 263	2 426	624
16 years and over	107 718	53 571	54 147	16 199
18 years and over	103 429	51 508	51 921	15 604
21 years and over	96 735	47 952	48 783	14 806
60 years and over	19 638	10 064	9 574	4 055
62 years and over	17 237	8 868	8 369	3 632
Median	30.7	30.7	30.7	33.5
Female	73 799	36 239	37 560	11 110
Under 5 years	5 425	2 618	2 807	724
5 to 9 years	6 195	2 846	3 349	890
10 to 14 years	5 746	2 673	3 073	761
15 to 19 years	5 391	2 678	2 713	743
20 to 24 years	5 924	3 158	2 766	725
25 to 34 years	12 874	6 285	6 589	1 758
35 to 44 years	10 344	5 046	5 298	1 495
45 to 54 years	7 555	3 607	3 948	1 086
55 to 64 years	6 112	3 064	3 048	1 090
65 to 74 years	4 773	2 432	2 341	1 040
75 to 84 years	2 616	1 387	1 229	608
85 years and over	844	445	399	190
3 and 4 years	2 225	1 102	1 123	291
16 years and over	55 391	27 616	27 775	8 575
18 years and over	53 286	26 600	26 686	8 269
21 years and over	49 820	24 755	25 065	7 858
60 years and over	11 174	5 738	5 436	2 434
62 years and over	9 922	5 106	4 816	2 196
Median	31.3	31.5	31.2	34.7
Male	71 755	35 163	36 592	10 262
Median age	30.1	29.9	30.3	32.3
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP				
All persons	145 554	71 402	74 152	21 372
In households	143 914	70 343	73 571	21 106
Householder	50 165	24 763	25 402	7 993
Family householder	39 650	19 590	20 060	5 847
Nonfamily householder	10 515	5 173	5 342	2 146
Living alone	8 808	4 312	4 496	1 877
Spouse	33 891	16 827	17 064	4 762
Child	50 571	24 338	26 233	6 923
Other relatives	5 544	2 599	2 945	850
Nonrelatives	3 743	1 816	1 927	578
Institutionalized persons	1 010	518	492	211
Other persons in group quarters	630	541	89	55
Persons per household	2.88	2.85	2.91	2.65
Persons per family	3.28	3.24	3.32	3.15
Persons 65 years and over	13 869	7 163	6 706	2 961
In households	13 145	6 782	6 363	2 850
Householder	8 988	4 599	4 389	2 012
Nonfamily householder	3 777	1 904	1 873	972
Living alone	3 650	1 832	1 818	949
Spouse	3 190	1 681	1 509	653
Other relatives	851	440	411	165
Nonrelatives	116	62	54	20
Institutionalized persons	712	372	340	109
Other persons in group quarters	12	9	3	2
FAMILY TYPE BY PRESENCE OF OWN CHILDREN				
Families	39 650	19 590	20 060	5 847
With own children under 18 years	21 189	10 283	10 906	2 859
Number of own children under 18 years	38 652	18 375	20 277	5 217
Married-couple families	33 888	16 803	17 085	4 776
With own children under 18 years	18 219	8 857	9 362	2 347
Number of own children under 18 years	33 815	16 072	17 743	4 409
Female householder, no husband present	4 228	2 016	2 212	816
With own children under 18 years	2 247	1 062	1 185	400
Number of own children under 18 years	3 687	1 745	1 942	624
MARITAL STATUS				
Males 15 years and over	53 441	26 503	26 938	7 754
Never married	13 042	6 722	6 320	1 807
Now married, except separated	35 164	17 381	17 783	4 971
Separated	947	404	543	177
Widowed	1 148	569	579	242
Divorced	3 140	1 427	1 713	557
Females 15 years and over	56 433	28 102	28 331	8 735
Never married	10 308	5 397	4 911	1 488
Now married, except separated	35 149	17 396	17 753	4 980
Separated	1 208	556	652	223
Widowed	6 010	3 042	2 968	1 305
Divorced	3 758	1 711	2 047	739

Table 8. Race and Hispanic Origin: 1990

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Houma-Thibodaux, LA MSA		Lafourche Parish		Terrebonne Parish		Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Lafourche Parish						Thibodaux city, Lafourche Parish																
	Houma-Thibodaux, LA MSA		Thibodaux city		Total		Bayou Cané COP		Houma city		Tract 202.02		Tract 203		Tract 204		Tract 205		Tract 206		Tract 207		Tract 201		Tract 202.01				
RACE																													
All persons	182 842	14 035	96 982	15 876	30 495	2 677	609	2 510	5 777	2 199	9 883	3 490	1 617																
White	147 453	9 461	75 082	14 422	21 651	2 355	454	844	3 254	1 907	8 392	2 855	1 426																
Black	26 735	4 442	16 032	1 126	7 613	289	138	1 649	2 454	255	1 333	612	184																
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	6 814	31	4 905	207	925	5	2	5	9	1	45	12	3																
Other race	6 809	29	4 902	205	925	5	1	5	9	1	45	12	2																
Hispanic origin	1 370	81	692	43	235	21	7	10	56	35	96	6	1																
Not of Hispanic origin	1 348	80	684	41	233	20	7	10	56	35	94	6	4																
Asian	112	32	62	7	30	1	1	6	13	5	11	2	1																
Chinese	71	34	37	8	11	10	1	6	13	5	11	2	1																
Filipino	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4																
Japanese	12	3	9	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4																
Asian Indian	65	7	27	2	25	4	2	4	4	2	11	1	1																
Korean	29	2	10	2	3	4	4	4	4	2	6	1	1																
Vietnamese	1 032	31	517	11	154	4	7	4	39	22	69	1	2																
Other race	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4																
Hmong																													
Laotian																													
Thai																													
Other Asian																													
Pacific Islander																													
Hawaiian																													
Samoan																													
Guamanian																													
Other Pacific Islander																													
Other race	470	20	271	78	71	7	8	2	4	1	17	5	1																
HISPANIC ORIGIN																													
All persons	182 842	14 035	96 982	15 876	30 495	2 677	609	2 510	5 777	2 199	9 883	3 490	1 617																
Hispanic origin (of any race)	2 625	165	1 376	307	430	47	20	20	66	27	119	24	25																
Mexican	870	36	513	146	150	13	4	10	18	9	10	3	5																
Puerto Rican	112	13	60	19	19	2	2	1	10	1	18	3	2																
Cuban	127	17	78	28	30	4	3	2	7	5	7	3	3																
Other Hispanic	1 516	99	725	114	231	32	11	7	31	13	84	18	15																
Not of Hispanic origin	180 217	13 870	95 606	15 569	30 065	2 630	589	2 490	5 711	2 172	9 764	3 466	1 592																
RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN																													
All persons	182 842	14 035	96 982	15 876	30 495	2 677	609	2 510	5 777	2 199	9 883	3 490	1 617																
White	147 453	9 461	75 082	14 422	21 651	2 355	454	844	3 254	1 907	8 392	2 855	1 426																
Hispanic origin	1 370	81	692	43	235	21	7	10	56	35	96	6	1																
Not of Hispanic origin	1 348	80	684	41	233	20	7	10	56	35	94	6	4																
Black	26 735	4 442	16 032	1 126	7 613	289	138	1 649	2 454	255	1 333	612	184																
Hispanic origin	128	10	92	6	60	4	1	4	9	1	5	4	1																
Not of Hispanic origin	26 607	4 432	15 940	1 120	7 553	289	137	1 645	2 445	255	1 328	608	183																
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	6 814	31	4 905	207	925	5	2	5	9	1	45	12	3																
Hispanic origin	139	11	96	12	23	2	1	5	1	1	3	1	1																
Not of Hispanic origin	6 675	30	4 809	195	902	3	2	5	8	1	42	11	3																
Asian or Pacific Islander	1 370	81	692	43	235	21	7	10	56	35	96	6	4																
Hispanic origin	59	3	23	2	5	1	1	1	7	1	1	1	1																
Not of Hispanic origin	1 311	78	669	41	230	20	7	9	49	35	95	6	4																
Other race	470	20	271	78	71	7	8	2	4	1	14	5	2																
Hispanic origin	400	16	235	68	63	7	8	1	2	1	14	2	3																
Not of Hispanic origin	70	4	36	10	8	1	1	1	2	1	3	3	1																

Table 8. Race and Hispanic Origin: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Lafourche Parish—Con.										Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Terrebonne Parish				
	Tract 210	Tract 211	Tract 212	Tract 213	Tract 214	Tract 215	Tract 216	Tract 217	Tract 218	Tract 219	Tract 2	Tract 3	Tract 4	Tract 5	
RACE															
All persons	2 781	6 767	4 547	2 485	3 806	5 516	9 034	3 735	5 088	7 046	8 021	4 015	7 594	5 862	
White	2 501	6 311	4 146	2 311	3 575	4 521	8 372	3 521	4 011	6 693	7 338	3 153	6 932	4 629	
Black	247	55	10	4	27	526	99	187	1 039	242	503	797	529	1 081	
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	30	251	359	147	125	263	513	19	18	97	123	46	70	123	
American Indian	30	251	359	147	125	263	513	19	18	97	123	46	70	123	
Eskimo	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Aleut	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Asian or Pacific Islander	—	126	25	10	45	194	27	2	3	6	17	6	2	—	
Asian	—	126	24	10	45	194	22	1	3	4	16	6	25	12	
Chinese	—	4	—	1	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Filipino	—	13	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Japanese	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Asian Indian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Asian Indian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Korean	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Vietnamese	—	108	22	8	42	184	9	1	2	2	1	—	1	—	
Other Asian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Cambodian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Hmong	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Laotian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Thai	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Other Asian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Pacific Islander	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Hawaiian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Samoan	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Guamanian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Other Pacific Islander	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Other race	3	24	7	13	34	12	23	6	17	8	40	13	38	15	
HISPANIC ORIGIN															
All persons	2 781	6 767	4 547	2 485	3 806	5 516	9 034	3 735	5 088	7 046	8 021	4 015	7 594	5 862	
Hispanic origin (of any race)	26	102	90	101	81	65	172	55	59	68	168	65	152	80	
Mexican	3	25	35	25	26	38	54	15	32	19	73	34	48	15	
Puerto Rican	—	—	—	—	—	6	10	—	—	—	1	—	21	16	
Cuban	—	3	5	—	3	1	5	—	—	—	9	5	21	5	
Other Hispanic	23	74	50	76	52	20	103	40	27	46	85	26	62	44	
Not of Hispanic origin	2 755	6 665	4 457	2 384	3 725	5 451	8 862	3 680	5 029	6 978	7 853	3 950	7 442	5 782	
RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN															
All persons	2 781	6 767	4 547	2 485	3 806	5 516	9 034	3 735	5 088	7 046	8 021	4 015	7 594	5 862	
White	2 501	6 311	4 146	2 311	3 575	4 521	8 372	3 521	4 011	6 693	7 338	3 153	6 932	4 629	
Hispanic origin	26	102	90	101	81	65	172	55	59	68	168	65	152	80	
Not of Hispanic origin	2 755	6 665	4 457	2 384	3 725	5 451	8 862	3 680	5 029	6 978	7 853	3 950	7 442	5 782	
Black	247	55	10	4	27	526	99	187	1 039	242	503	797	529	1 081	
Hispanic origin	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Not of Hispanic origin	247	50	10	4	27	526	99	182	1 039	241	5	6	6	2	
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	30	251	359	147	125	263	513	19	18	97	123	46	70	123	
Hispanic origin	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Not of Hispanic origin	30	247	358	135	122	263	505	19	16	91	110	43	67	123	
Asian or Pacific Islander	—	126	25	10	45	194	27	2	3	6	17	6	25	12	
Hispanic origin	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Not of Hispanic origin	—	19	1	1	4	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Other race	3	24	7	13	34	12	23	6	17	8	40	13	38	15	
Hispanic origin	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Not of Hispanic origin	3	21	5	11	33	11	21	2	17	6	34	12	35	14	

Table 8. Race and Hispanic Origin: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Bayou Cote D'Or, Terrebonne Parish—Con.				Houma city, Terrebonne Parish							
	Tract 4 (pt.)	Tract 5 (pt.)	Tract 17 (pt.)		Tract 3 (pt.)	Tract 5 (pt.)	Tract 6 (pt.)	Tract 7 (pt.)	Tract 8 (pt.)	Tract 9 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 12 (pt.)
RACE												
All persons	7 547	944	16		932	3 894	2 116	6 430	7 026	5 165		
White	6 888	760	16		390	2 882	1 987	2 609	5 827	3 303		
Black	526	145			524	929	50	3 459	676	1 778		
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	70	37			15	64	71	323	341	68		
American Indian	68	37			15	64	71	323	341	68		
Eskimo												
Aleut	2											
Asian or Pacific Islander	25	1				7	4	29	151			
Asian	24	1				6	4	29	151	8		
Chinese	2								9			
Filipino	2	1							10			
Japanese	3											
Asian Indian	2					5	4		8			
Korean	1											
Vietnamese	8					1		27	121	3		
Cambodian												
Hmong												
Laotian												
Thai	4											
Other Asian	2								2			
Pacific Islander	1					1		2		1		
Hawaiian	1					1						
Samoan												
Guamanian												
Other Pacific Islander												
Other race	38	1			3	12	4	10	31	7		
HISPANIC ORIGIN												
All persons	7 547	944	16		932	3 894	2 116	6 430	7 026	5 165		
Hispanic origin (of any race)	143	11			17	46	43	91	114	67		
Mexican	48	3			2	7	10	54	39	22		
Puerto Rican	16	2				9			2	5		
Cuban	17				3	3	2	1	12	5		
Other Hispanic	62	6			12	27	31	36	61	35		
Not of Hispanic origin	7 404	933	16		915	3 848	2 073	6 339	6 912	5 098		
RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN												
All persons	7 547	944	16		932	3 894	2 116	6 430	7 026	5 165		
White	6 888	760	16		390	2 882	1 987	2 609	5 827	3 303		
Hispanic origin	98	10			7	32	37	42	82	35		
Not of Hispanic origin	6 790	750	16		383	2 850	1 950	2 567	5 745	3 268		
Black	526	145			524	929	50	3 459	676	1 778		
Hispanic origin	6				6	1		26		22		
Not of Hispanic origin	520	145			518	928	50	3 433	676	1 756		
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	70	37			15	64	71	323	341	68		
Hispanic origin	3				1	1	2	13	4	2		
Not of Hispanic origin	67	37			14	63	69	310	337	66		
Asian or Pacific Islander	25	1				7	4	29	151	9		
Hispanic origin	1								4	1		
Not of Hispanic origin	24	1				7	4	29	147	8		
Other race	38	1			3	12	4	10	31	7		
Hispanic origin	35				3	12	4	10	24	7		
Not of Hispanic origin	3	1							7			

Table 8. Race and Hispanic Origin: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Hauma city, Terrebonne Parish—Con.				Remainder of Terrebonne Parish							
	Tract 13 (pt.)	Tract 15.98 (pt.)	Tract 17 (pt.)		Tract 1	Tract 2 (pt.)	Tract 3 (pt.)	Tract 4 (pt.)	Tract 5 (pt.)	Tract 6 (pt.)	Tract 7 (pt.)	Tract 8 (pt.)
RACE												
All persons	444	3 321	1 167		8 023	3 733	2	47	1 024	4 136	469	8
White	326	3 209	1 118		5 448	3 342	1	44	987	2 825	373	7
Black	80	77	40		2 470	320	1	3	7	797	53	—
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	33	4	6		64	54	—	—	24	197	34	1
American Indian	33	4	6		64	54	—	—	24	197	34	1
Eskimo	—	—	—		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Aleut	—	—	—		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Asian or Pacific Islander	4	30	1		35	6	—	—	4	303	9	—
Asian	4	30	1		35	6	—	—	4	303	9	—
Chinese	—	21	—		4	4	—	—	6	4	—	—
Filipino	—	—	—		5	1	—	—	3	5	—	—
Japanese	—	3	—		—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—
Asian Indian	3	4	—		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Korean	1	—	—		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Vietnamese	—	2	—		26	—	—	—	1	2	—	—
Cambodian	—	—	—		—	—	—	—	—	282	5	—
Hmong	—	—	—		—	—	—	—	—	4	—	—
Laotian	—	—	—		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Thai	—	—	—		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other Asian	—	—	—		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Pacific Islander	—	—	—		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hawaiian	—	—	—		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Samoan	—	—	—		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Guamanian	—	—	—		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other Pacific Islander	—	—	—		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other race	1	1	2		6	11	—	—	2	14	—	—
HISPANIC ORIGIN												
All persons	444	3 321	1 167		8 023	3 733	2	47	1 024	4 136	469	8
Hispanic origin (of any race)	1	40	11		88	63	—	9	23	50	6	—
Mexican	—	9	7		19	10	—	—	5	23	2	—
Puerto Rican	—	3	—		4	—	—	5	5	1	—	—
Cuban	—	3	—		3	—	—	4	2	3	—	—
Other Hispanic	1	25	3		62	53	—	—	11	23	4	—
Not of Hispanic origin	443	3 281	1 156		7 935	3 670	2	38	1 001	4 086	463	8
RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN												
All persons	444	3 321	1 167		8 023	3 733	2	47	1 024	4 136	469	8
White	326	3 209	1 118		5 448	3 342	1	44	987	2 825	373	7
Hispanic origin	—	35	9		78	42	—	9	18	34	6	—
Not of Hispanic origin	326	3 174	1 109		5 370	3 300	1	35	969	2 791	367	7
Black	80	77	40		2 470	320	1	3	7	797	53	—
Hispanic origin	—	5	—		3	5	—	—	1	—	—	—
Not of Hispanic origin	80	72	40		2 467	315	1	3	6	797	53	—
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	33	4	6		64	54	—	—	24	197	34	1
Hispanic origin	—	—	—		2	6	—	—	1	2	—	—
Not of Hispanic origin	33	4	6		62	48	—	—	23	195	34	1
Asian or Pacific Islander	4	30	1		35	6	—	—	4	303	9	—
Hispanic origin	—	—	—		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not of Hispanic origin	4	30	1		35	6	—	—	3	300	9	—
Other race	1	1	2		6	11	—	—	2	14	—	—
Hispanic origin	—	—	—		5	10	—	—	2	11	—	—
Not of Hispanic origin	1	1	2		1	1	—	—	—	3	—	—

Table 8. Race and Hispanic Origin: 1990—Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area

Remainder of Terrebonne Parish—Con.

	Troct 9 (pt.)	Troct 10 (pt.)	Troct 11	Troct 12 (pt.)	Troct 12.22	Troct 13 (pt.)	Troct 14	Troct 15.98 (pt.)	Troct 16	Troct 17 (pt.)
RACE										
All persons	5 106	3 814	8 057	4 876	4 204	1 978	3 423	1 711	3 423	1 711
White	4 829	3 190	7 333	2 573	2 947	1 617	2 013	1 480	2 013	1 480
Black	137	7	562	267	833	296	1 336	204	1 336	204
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	125	607	131	2 008	400	45	64	19	64	19
American Indian	125	607	131	2 008	399	45	64	19	64	19
Eskimo	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Aleut	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Asian or Pacific Islander	5	2	17	14	3	16	—	—	—	—
Asian	3	2	16	14	2	16	—	—	—	—
Chinese	—	—	—	3	—	7	—	—	—	—
Filipino	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—
Japanese	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Asian Indian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Korean	3	1	15	11	1	8	—	—	—	—
Vietnamese	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Combodian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hmong	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Laotian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Thai	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other Asian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Pacific Islander	2	—	1	—	1	—	—	—	—	—
Hawaiian	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Samoan	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Guamanian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other Pacific Islander	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other race	10	8	14	14	21	4	10	8	10	8
HISPANIC ORIGIN										
All persons	5 106	3 814	8 057	4 876	4 204	1 978	3 423	1 711	3 423	1 711
Hispanic origin (of any race)	50	37	60	100	56	14	39	44	39	44
Mexican	13	13	18	53	21	11	22	7	22	7
Puerto Rican	3	—	—	1	1	—	3	—	3	—
Cuban	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other Hispanic	31	24	42	46	34	3	14	4	14	4
Not of Hispanic origin	5 056	3 777	7 997	4 776	4 148	1 964	3 384	1 667	3 384	1 667
RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN										
All persons	5 106	3 814	8 057	4 876	4 204	1 978	3 423	1 711	3 423	1 711
White	4 829	3 190	7 333	2 573	2 947	1 617	2 013	1 480	2 013	1 480
Hispanic origin	36	32	40	40	25	5	30	37	30	37
Not of Hispanic origin	4 793	3 158	7 293	2 533	2 922	1 612	1 983	1 443	1 983	1 443
Black	137	7	562	267	833	296	1 336	204	1 336	204
Hispanic origin	—	—	—	11	5	1	—	—	—	—
Not of Hispanic origin	137	7	562	256	828	295	1 336	204	1 336	204
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	125	607	131	2 008	400	45	64	19	64	19
Hispanic origin	2	1	4	36	7	—	—	—	—	—
Not of Hispanic origin	123	606	127	1 972	393	45	64	19	64	19
Asian or Pacific Islander	5	2	17	14	3	16	—	—	—	—
Hispanic origin	2	2	5	1	—	4	—	—	—	—
Not of Hispanic origin	3	8	12	13	3	12	—	—	—	—
Other race	10	8	14	14	21	4	10	8	10	8
Hispanic origin	10	4	11	12	19	4	9	7	9	7
Not of Hispanic origin	—	4	3	2	2	—	1	—	1	—

Table 9. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Lofourche Parish		Terrebonne Parish			Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Lofourche Parish				
	Houma-Thibodaux, LA MSA	Total	Thibodaux city	Total	Bayou Cane CDP	Houma city	Tract 202.02	Tract 203	Tract 204	Tract 205
All housing units	66 748	31 332	5 454	35 416	5 957	11 476	991	5	943	2 076
TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER										
Occupied housing units.....	60 672	28 835	4 945	31 837	5 457	10 658	947	5	831	1 899
Owner-occupied housing units.....	45 126	21 833	2 586	23 293	3 398	6 876	656	—	392	1 057
Percent of occupied housing units.....	74.4	75.7	52.3	73.2	62.3	64.5	69.3	—	47.2	55.7
White.....	39 379	19 913	2 119	19 466	3 235	5 609	581	—	182	790
Black.....	4 345	1 465	452	2 880	119	1 133	69	—	209	257
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut.....	1 207	355	—	852	28	113	1	—	—	1
Asian or Pacific Islander.....	110	59	11	51	4	16	3	—	1	8
Other race.....	85	41	2	44	12	5	2	—	—	1
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	554	283	20	271	47	84	12	—	2	14
White, not of Hispanic origin.....	38 940	19 674	2 103	19 266	3 199	5 544	571	—	180	778
Renter-occupied housing units.....	15 546	7 002	2 359	8 544	2 059	3 782	291	5	439	842
White.....	11 409	5 175	1 548	6 234	1 774	2 489	258	5	153	442
Black.....	3 436	1 608	787	1 828	235	1 112	26	—	282	394
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut.....	465	120	5	345	25	133	—	—	2	1
Asian or Pacific Islander.....	178	76	14	102	11	38	5	—	1	4
Other race.....	58	23	5	35	14	10	2	—	1	1
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	267	116	35	151	49	61	9	—	8	6
White, not of Hispanic origin.....	11 225	5 089	1 519	6 136	1 741	2 449	252	5	147	438
VACANCY STATUS										
Vacant housing units	6 076	2 497	509	3 579	500	818	44	—	112	177
For sale only.....	765	333	49	432	51	174	7	—	12	22
For rent.....	1 669	698	239	971	282	383	16	—	57	59
Rented or sold, not occupied.....	711	345	26	366	50	90	1	—	2	8
For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use.....	1 262	234	23	1 028	21	7	3	—	3	10
For migrant workers.....	37	32	—	5	—	2	1	—	—	—
Other vacant.....	1 632	855	172	777	96	162	16	—	38	78
Boarded up.....	206	92	47	114	8	20	—	—	6	33
ROOMS										
1 room.....	642	229	58	413	20	251	1	—	7	9
2 rooms.....	2 372	1 165	243	1 207	139	465	27	2	43	75
3 rooms.....	6 450	3 295	829	3 155	591	1 037	91	2	153	254
4 rooms.....	15 084	7 319	1 382	7 765	1 231	2 381	209	—	242	536
5 rooms.....	17 372	7 950	1 239	9 422	1 619	2 754	159	—	248	540
6 rooms.....	12 305	5 559	801	6 746	1 314	2 259	148	—	139	386
7 rooms.....	6 537	2 985	444	3 552	611	1 212	148	—	69	158
8 or more rooms.....	5 986	2 830	458	3 156	432	1 117	208	1	42	118
Median, all housing units.....	5.0	5.0	4.7	5.0	5.1	5.1	5.6	2.8	4.6	4.8
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	5.2	5.1	4.9	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.8	4.0	4.7	4.9
Median, renter-occupied housing units.....	5.1	5.0	4.8	5.1	5.2	5.2	5.7	2.8	4.7	4.9
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	5.4	5.3	5.6	5.5	5.8	5.7	6.6	—	5.3	5.5
Median, renter-occupied housing units.....	4.1	4.1	4.0	4.2	4.2	4.0	4.0	2.8	4.1	4.0
UNITS IN STRUCTURE										
1, detached.....	45 474	21 547	3 441	23 927	3 788	8 460	619	1	609	1 027
1, attached.....	1 065	496	182	569	93	339	22	—	39	49
2.....	1 696	935	443	761	27	626	8	—	110	242
3 or 4.....	2 081	866	376	1 215	566	328	56	—	50	121
5 to 9.....	1 067	388	213	679	312	138	59	—	23	79
10 to 19.....	1 028	397	247	631	313	165	85	—	13	142
20 to 49.....	523	89	67	434	335	78	—	—	—	27
50 or more.....	678	72	72	606	116	490	—	—	—	72
Mobile home or trailer.....	12 161	6 033	279	6 128	359	690	133	—	77	289
Other.....	975	509	134	466	48	162	9	4	22	28
Occupied housing units	60 672	28 835	4 945	31 837	5 457	10 658	947	5	831	1 899
PERSONS IN UNIT										
1 person.....	10 527	4 979	1 348	5 548	1 043	2 361	162	4	216	374
2 persons.....	16 793	8 274	1 506	8 519	1 546	3 022	298	1	226	499
3 persons.....	12 452	6 089	887	6 363	1 130	2 037	210	—	147	396
4 persons.....	11 509	5 412	633	6 097	1 019	1 693	165	—	110	335
5 persons.....	5 746	2 574	333	3 172	481	905	69	—	65	173
6 or more persons.....	3 645	1 507	238	2 138	238	640	43	—	67	122
Median, occupied housing units.....	2.74	2.69	2.25	2.79	2.62	2.48	2.56	1.50-	2.38	2.69
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	2.83	2.76	2.30	2.90	2.86	2.52	2.83	—	2.26	2.86
Median, renter-occupied housing units.....	2.48	2.47	2.18	2.49	2.26	2.41	2.11	1.50-	2.53	2.50
PERSONS PER ROOM										
1.00 or less.....	55 902	26 664	4 618	29 238	5 213	9 892	924	5	734	1 751
1.01 to 1.50.....	3 359	1 524	212	1 835	177	537	19	—	65	92
1.51 or more.....	1 411	647	115	764	67	229	4	—	32	56
Mean.....	.57	.56	.52	.57	.54	.54	.48	.30	.59	.60
VALUE										
Specified owner-occupied housing units	32 171	15 255	2 176	16 916	2 951	5 966	496	—	308	764
Less than \$20,000.....	2 593	1 333	161	1 260	55	318	13	—	53	29
\$20,000 to \$39,999.....	7 484	3 722	555	3 762	485	1 439	32	—	104	133
\$40,000 to \$59,999.....	9 326	4 134	616	5 192	1 251	1 729	40	—	84	295
\$60,000 to \$79,999.....	6 894	3 303	361	3 591	876	1 332	126	—	38	243
\$80,000 to \$99,999.....	2 963	1 407	240	1 556	182	629	118	—	22	44
\$100,000 to \$149,999.....	1 959	958	165	1 001	76	351	106	—	3	18
\$150,000 to \$199,999.....	543	228	41	315	19	97	34	—	1	—
\$200,000 to \$249,999.....	177	76	16	101	4	32	13	—	1	—
\$250,000 to \$299,999.....	105	44	9	61	2	13	9	—	2	—
\$300,000 or more.....	127	50	12	77	1	26	5	—	—	1
Median (dollars).....	52 100	51 700	51 200	52 300	54 800	52 900	85 300	—	39 400	54 500
Mean (dollars).....	59 600	58 500	61 600	60 600	57 400	61 000	98 400	—	44 500	56 100
CONTRACT RENT										
Specified renter-occupied housing units	15 042	6 725	2 309	8 317	2 037	3 721	276	5	424	830
Median contract rent (dollars).....	223	201	205	250	310	213	282	263	171	197
Mean contract rent (dollars).....	232	204	208	253	321	223	284	263	178	187
With meals included in rent.....	25	15	5	10	—	7	—	—	2	3
Mean contract rent (dollars).....	236	278	147	172	—	195	—	—	200	112
No meals included in rent.....	12 989	5 585	2 128	7 404	1 950	3 432	251	1	371	788
No cash rent.....	2 028	1 125	176	903	87	282	25	4	51	39

Table 9. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.**

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/8NA's in Lafourche Parish—Con.		Thibodaux city, Lafourche Parish							
	Tract 206	Tract 207	Tract 201	Tract 202.01	Tract 202.02 (pt.)	Tract 203 (pt.)	Tract 204 (pt.)	Tract 205 (pt.)	Tract 206 (pt.)	Tract 207 (pt.)
All housing units -----	750	3 608	1 578	668	32	5	943	1 173	199	856
TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER										
Occupied housing units-----	720	3 353	1 431	626	31	5	831	1 040	184	797
Owner-occupied housing units-----	567	2 425	832	347	--	--	392	414	84	517
Percent of occupied housing units-----	78.8	72.3	58.1	55.4	--	--	47.2	39.8	45.7	64.9
White-----	531	2 256	758	335	--	--	182	305	75	464
Black-----	30	147	72	12	--	--	209	104	9	46
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut-----	--	4	2	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Asian or Pacific Islander-----	6	11	--	--	--	--	1	5	--	5
Other race-----	--	7	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2
Hispanic origin (of any race)-----	5	30	3	3	--	--	2	3	1	8
White, not of Hispanic origin-----	526	2 232	757	332	--	--	180	302	74	458
Renter-occupied housing units-----	153	928	599	279	31	5	439	626	100	280
White-----	113	659	464	244	28	5	153	382	67	205
Black-----	39	256	129	31	1	--	282	241	33	70
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut-----	--	5	--	1	--	--	2	--	--	2
Asian or Pacific Islander-----	1	7	3	3	2	--	1	2	--	3
Other race-----	--	1	3	--	--	--	1	1	--	--
Hispanic origin (of any race)-----	2	11	7	7	1	--	8	5	7	7
White, not of Hispanic origin-----	111	650	458	237	28	5	147	378	67	199
VACANCY STATUS										
Vacant housing units-----	30	255	147	42	1	--	112	133	15	59
For sale only-----	8	34	15	2	--	--	12	12	1	7
For rent-----	13	77	88	12	1	--	57	45	9	27
Rented or sold, not occupied-----	1	45	8	11	--	--	2	5	--	--
For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use-----	--	11	3	8	--	--	3	6	--	3
For migrant workers-----	--	13	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Other vacant-----	8	75	33	9	--	--	38	65	5	22
Boarded up-----	2	8	3	1	--	--	6	33	2	2
ROOMS										
1 room-----	--	13	30	8	1	--	7	6	--	6
2 rooms-----	9	100	69	36	--	2	43	61	6	26
3 rooms-----	42	308	266	64	14	2	153	208	25	97
4 rooms-----	79	989	400	119	14	--	242	358	60	189
5 rooms-----	188	883	380	122	3	--	248	247	52	187
6 rooms-----	217	605	216	111	--	--	139	170	26	139
7 rooms-----	121	360	115	77	--	--	69	67	16	100
8 or more rooms-----	94	350	102	131	--	1	42	56	14	112
Median, all housing units-----	5.8	4.9	4.6	5.4	3.6	2.8	4.6	4.4	4.7	5.1
Median, owner-occupied housing units-----	5.8	5.2	4.7	5.7	3.6	4.0	4.7	4.6	4.9	5.3
Median, occupied housing units-----	5.8	5.0	4.7	5.5	3.5	2.8	4.7	4.4	4.7	5.2
Median, owner-occupied housing units-----	6.0	5.4	5.3	6.6	--	--	5.3	5.4	5.4	5.9
Median, renter-occupied housing units-----	4.7	4.1	3.8	4.1	3.5	2.8	4.1	3.9	4.3	4.0
UNITS IN STRUCTURE										
1, detached-----	627	2 249	1 130	456	--	1	609	485	91	669
1, attached-----	22	85	54	17	--	--	39	31	20	21
2-----	54	56	61	38	--	--	110	162	49	23
3 or 4-----	5	176	93	91	5	--	50	108	1	28
5 to 9-----	--	47	60	9	14	--	23	75	--	32
10 to 19-----	2	24	57	30	13	--	13	131	2	1
20 to 49-----	--	62	--	--	--	--	--	27	--	40
50 or more-----	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	72	--	--
Mobile home or trailer-----	36	864	69	5	--	--	77	67	35	26
Other-----	4	45	54	22	--	4	22	15	1	16
Occupied housing units -----	720	3 353	1 431	626	31	5	831	1 040	184	797
PERSONS IN UNIT										
1 person-----	103	561	439	198	16	4	216	263	46	166
2 persons-----	205	930	461	226	9	1	226	300	45	238
3 persons-----	155	748	247	96	4	--	147	203	36	154
4 persons-----	160	666	147	58	2	--	110	135	31	150
5 persons-----	72	300	82	32	--	--	65	73	20	61
6 or more persons-----	25	148	55	16	--	--	67	66	6	28
Median, occupied housing units-----	2.84	2.75	2.10	2.01	1.50-	1.50-	2.38	2.36	2.53	2.48
Median, owner-occupied housing units-----	2.82	2.84	2.20	2.05	--	--	2.26	2.46	2.35	2.63
Median, renter-occupied housing units-----	2.88	2.50	1.91	1.95	1.50-	1.50-	2.53	2.27	2.78	2.27
PERSONS PER ROOM										
1.00 or less-----	697	3 149	1 358	604	31	5	734	952	172	762
1.01 to 1.50-----	14	147	46	17	--	--	65	54	8	22
1.51 or more-----	9	57	27	5	--	--	32	34	4	13
Mean-----	.51	.56	.50	.40	.49	.30	.59	.59	.56	.51
VALUE										
Specified owner-occupied housing units-----	513	1 518	710	306	--	--	308	336	58	458
Less than \$20,000-----	6	86	48	3	--	--	53	20	4	33
\$20,000 to \$39,999-----	34	296	228	26	--	--	104	83	13	101
\$40,000 to \$59,999-----	148	348	250	57	--	--	84	142	11	72
\$60,000 to \$79,999-----	249	320	100	75	--	--	38	65	19	64
\$80,000 to \$99,999-----	58	227	40	51	--	--	22	17	10	100
\$100,000 to \$149,999-----	16	173	27	58	--	--	3	7	1	69
\$150,000 to \$199,999-----	1	37	9	18	--	--	1	--	--	13
\$200,000 to \$249,999-----	--	13	4	9	--	--	1	1	--	1
\$250,000 to \$299,999-----	1	9	2	3	--	--	2	--	--	2
\$300,000 or more-----	--	9	2	6	--	--	--	1	--	3
Median (dollars)-----	64 400	61 500	45 400	78 200	--	--	39 400	48 900	60 800	71 000
Mean (dollars)-----	65 400	70 000	52 700	94 700	--	--	44 500	52 300	58 200	72 000
CONTRACT RENT										
Specified renter-occupied housing units-----	148	894	583	276	31	5	424	619	96	275
Median contract rent (dollars)-----	182	201	198	279	276	263	171	201	116	246
Mean contract rent (dollars)-----	216	209	199	286	261	263	178	188	139	259
With meals included in rent-----	--	2	--	--	--	--	2	3	--	--
Mean contract rent (dollars)-----	--	150	--	--	--	--	200	112	--	--
No meals included in rent-----	136	716	538	247	31	1	371	597	91	252
No cash rent-----	12	176	45	29	--	4	51	19	5	23

Table 9. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.**

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Lafourche Parish									
	Tract 202.02 (pt.)	Tract 203 (pt.)	Tract 204 (pt.)	Tract 205 (pt.)	Tract 206 (pt.)	Tract 207 (pt.)	Tract 208	Tract 209	Tract 210	Tract 211
All housing units	959	—	—	903	551	2 752	1 391	869	979	2 439
TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER										
Occupied housing units	916	—	—	859	536	2 556	1 299	776	890	2 160
Owner-occupied housing units	656	—	—	643	483	1 908	1 165	566	688	1 845
Percent of occupied housing units	71.6	—	—	74.9	90.1	74.6	89.7	72.9	77.3	85.4
White	581	—	—	485	456	1 792	1 153	293	637	1 784
Black	69	—	—	153	21	101	9	273	47	2
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	1	—	—	1	—	4	—	—	3	42
Asian or Pacific Islander	3	—	—	3	6	6	—	—	—	13
Other race	2	—	—	1	—	5	3	—	1	4
Hispanic origin (of any race)	12	—	—	11	4	22	20	6	10	17
White, not of Hispanic origin	571	—	—	476	452	1 774	1 134	287	627	1 773
Renter-occupied housing units	260	—	—	216	53	648	134	210	202	315
White	230	—	—	60	46	454	123	91	167	280
Black	25	—	—	153	6	186	9	119	30	11
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	—	—	—	1	—	3	1	—	5	10
Asian or Pacific Islander	3	—	—	2	1	4	1	—	—	1
Other race	2	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	3
Hispanic origin (of any race)	8	—	—	1	2	4	1	—	—	11
White, not of Hispanic origin	224	—	—	60	44	451	122	91	167	274
VACANCY STATUS										
Vacant housing units	43	—	—	44	15	196	92	93	89	279
For sale only	7	—	—	10	7	27	7	8	13	32
For rent	15	—	—	14	4	50	7	30	16	55
Rented or sold, not occupied	1	—	—	3	1	45	1	14	9	40
For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use	3	—	—	4	—	8	1	3	12	95
For migrant workers	1	—	—	—	—	13	—	—	8	6
Other vacant	16	—	—	13	3	53	76	38	31	51
Boarded up	—	—	—	—	—	6	5	6	—	5
ROOMS										
1 room	—	—	—	3	—	7	10	9	1	28
2 rooms	27	—	—	14	3	74	68	34	20	120
3 rooms	77	—	—	46	17	211	163	73	102	309
4 rooms	195	—	—	178	19	800	357	205	244	518
5 rooms	156	—	—	293	136	696	369	226	309	563
6 rooms	148	—	—	216	191	466	250	159	166	408
7 rooms	148	—	—	91	105	260	99	86	77	233
8 or more rooms	208	—	—	62	80	238	75	77	60	260
Median, all housing units	5.7	—	—	5.2	6.0	4.9	4.8	5.0	4.9	4.9
Mean, all housing units	5.9	—	—	5.3	6.2	5.2	4.9	5.2	5.0	5.1
Median, occupied housing units	5.8	—	—	5.3	6.0	5.0	4.8	5.1	5.0	5.1
Median, owner-occupied housing units	6.6	—	—	5.5	6.1	5.3	4.9	5.4	5.0	5.3
Median, renter-occupied housing units	4.0	—	—	4.5	5.7	4.2	3.9	4.2	4.8	4.1
UNITS IN STRUCTURE										
1, detached	619	—	—	542	536	1 580	937	606	684	1 707
1, attached	22	—	—	18	2	64	5	9	6	23
2	8	—	—	8	5	33	2	45	3	38
3 or 4	51	—	—	13	4	148	7	8	—	38
5 to 9	45	—	—	4	—	15	6	—	—	22
10 to 19	72	—	—	11	—	23	—	—	1	13
20 to 49	—	—	—	—	—	22	—	—	—	—
50 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mobile home or trailer	133	—	—	222	1	838	415	183	266	555
Other	9	—	—	13	3	29	19	18	19	43
Occupied housing units	916	—	—	859	536	2 556	1 299	776	890	2 160
PERSONS IN UNIT										
1 person	146	—	—	111	57	395	161	126	125	280
2 persons	289	—	—	199	160	692	376	207	245	618
3 persons	206	—	—	193	119	594	332	139	186	468
4 persons	163	—	—	200	129	516	263	150	166	451
5 persons	69	—	—	100	52	239	116	106	102	208
6 or more persons	43	—	—	56	19	120	51	48	66	135
Median, occupied housing units	2.61	—	—	3.12	2.93	2.82	2.84	2.90	2.90	2.89
Median, owner-occupied housing units	2.83	—	—	3.09	2.92	2.89	2.90	2.95	2.81	2.91
Median, renter-occupied housing units	2.19	—	—	3.18	3.04	2.62	2.30	2.77	3.25	2.78
PERSONS PER ROOM										
1.00 or less	893	—	—	799	525	2 387	1 187	711	792	1 941
1.01 to 1.50	19	—	—	38	6	125	82	49	78	142
1.51 or more	4	—	—	22	5	44	30	16	20	77
Mean .....	.48	—	—	.60	.49	.57	.60	.59	.61	.59
VALUE										
Specified owner-occupied housing units	496	—	—	428	455	1 060	685	367	439	1 288
Less than \$20,000	13	—	—	9	2	53	107	56	59	156
\$20,000 to \$39,999	32	—	—	50	21	195	187	104	149	334
\$40,000 to \$59,999	40	—	—	153	137	276	169	94	114	329
\$60,000 to \$79,999	126	—	—	178	230	256	129	59	64	239
\$80,000 to \$99,999	118	—	—	27	48	127	61	28	28	117
\$100,000 to \$149,999	106	—	—	11	15	104	25	20	18	77
\$150,000 to \$199,999	34	—	—	—	1	24	4	4	3	20
\$200,000 to \$249,999	13	—	—	—	—	12	2	—	1	4
\$250,000 to \$299,999	9	—	—	—	1	7	1	1	—	2
\$300,000 or more	5	—	—	—	—	6	—	1	3	10
Median (dollars)	85 300	—	—	60 200	64 800	60 400	44 600	43 700	41 700	49 400
Mean (dollars)	98 400	—	—	59 200	66 300	69 100	49 700	51 000	49 700	57 400
CONTRACT RENT										
Specified renter-occupied housing units	245	—	—	211	52	619	124	188	187	309
Median contract rent (dollars)	283	—	—	155	371	181	166	127	163	208
Mean contract rent (dollars)	287	—	—	182	371	181	169	152	176	207
With meals included in rent	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	1	—	—
Mean contract rent (dollars)	—	—	—	—	—	150	—	163	—	—
No meals included in rent	220	—	—	191	45	464	91	142	124	214
No cash rent	25	—	—	20	7	153	33	45	63	95

Table 9. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.**

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Lafourche Parish—Con.								Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Terrebonne Parish	
	Tract 212	Tract 213	Tract 214	Tract 215	Tract 216	Tract 217	Tract 218	Tract 219	Tract 2	Tract 3
All housing units	1 779	1 049	1 430	1 935	3 043	1 433	1 888	2 478	2 956	1 497
TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER										
Occupied housing units.....	1 606	922	1 319	1 801	2 873	1 327	1 732	2 318	2 699	1 392
Owner-occupied housing units.....	1 334	696	1 130	1 454	2 441	977	1 331	1 930	1 857	959
Percent of occupied housing units.....	83.1	75.5	85.7	80.7	85.0	73.6	76.8	83.3	68.8	68.9
White.....	1 245	664	1 094	1 314	2 327	939	1 183	1 847	1 778	787
Black.....	3	1	3	86	6	33	144	62	47	161
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut.....	81	25	25	45	101	4	3	18	23	5
Asian or Pacific Islander.....	2	1	3	8	3	—	—	—	3	2
Other race.....	3	5	5	1	4	1	1	3	6	4
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	20	26	18	18	37	13	12	17	27	17
White, not of Hispanic origin.....	1 228	644	1 082	1 297	2 296	926	1 172	1 832	1 758	775
Renter-occupied housing units.....	272	226	189	347	432	350	401	388	842	433
White.....	243	202	170	233	389	321	255	363	721	330
Black.....	2	—	6	74	18	24	142	16	100	96
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut.....	24	20	8	13	15	4	2	9	13	5
Asian or Pacific Islander.....	3	3	3	25	6	—	—	—	4	—
Other race.....	—	1	2	2	4	1	2	—	4	2
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	8	14	6	1	13	6	5	1	22	6
White, not of Hispanic origin.....	235	192	166	233	381	316	252	362	705	326
VACANCY STATUS										
Vacant housing units.....	173	127	111	134	170	106	156	160	257	105
For sale only.....	14	12	21	24	38	13	26	25	29	16
For rent.....	43	15	17	31	28	24	64	46	127	43
Rented or sold, not occupied.....	33	60	29	31	12	11	8	21	39	25
For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use.....	40	13	4	5	14	5	1	3	17	2
For migrant workers.....	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	—
Other vacant.....	43	25	40	43	78	53	57	63	45	19
Boarded up.....	1	1	3	4	1	6	2	5	6	1
ROOMS										
1 room.....	28	8	14	8	9	12	26	8	15	10
2 rooms.....	87	68	38	78	88	57	77	69	103	39
3 rooms.....	227	138	144	218	240	142	189	170	309	118
4 rooms.....	441	286	304	415	606	364	426	579	617	309
5 rooms.....	431	243	322	567	808	369	534	689	838	465
6 rooms.....	290	151	267	337	615	250	366	478	543	328
7 rooms.....	144	80	169	167	342	130	145	265	312	132
8 or more rooms.....	131	75	172	145	335	109	125	220	219	96
Median, all housing units.....	4.7	4.6	5.2	4.9	5.2	4.9	4.9	5.1	5.0	5.1
Mean, all housing units.....	4.9	4.8	5.4	5.1	5.4	5.1	5.0	5.3	5.1	5.2
Median, occupied housing units.....	4.9	4.7	5.3	5.0	5.3	4.9	5.0	5.2	5.1	5.1
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	5.0	5.1	5.5	5.2	5.4	5.2	5.2	5.3	5.5	5.5
Median, renter-occupied housing units.....	4.0	3.8	4.2	4.0	4.3	4.1	4.1	4.3	4.1	4.2
UNITS IN STRUCTURE										
1, detached.....	1 301	781	1 153	1 323	2 206	1 026	1 377	1 728	1 689	1 114
1, attached.....	30	19	16	24	19	12	30	15	28	24
2.....	19	17	14	89	14	34	80	11	16	24
3 or 4.....	23	10	7	1	89	57	24	10	93	69
5 to 9.....	2	11	2	27	17	20	—	4	276	2
10 to 19.....	1	1	2	2	11	7	5	1	158	1
20 to 49.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	61	43
50 or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	51
Mobile home or trailer.....	378	192	211	445	644	252	349	670	612	143
Other.....	25	18	25	24	43	25	23	39	23	26
Occupied housing units.....	1 606	922	1 319	1 801	2 873	1 327	1 732	2 318	2 699	1 392
PERSONS IN UNIT										
1 person.....	290	183	225	262	344	277	326	323	448	302
2 persons.....	502	318	392	493	770	383	480	644	768	426
3 persons.....	336	171	276	402	626	266	373	515	542	278
4 persons.....	279	148	252	354	682	228	316	482	527	215
5 persons.....	121	66	114	170	277	109	150	242	276	107
6 or more persons.....	78	36	60	120	174	64	87	112	138	64
Median, occupied housing units.....	2.53	2.37	2.65	2.86	3.02	2.51	2.66	2.87	2.75	2.42
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	2.58	2.38	2.67	2.89	3.05	2.56	2.65	2.87	2.95	2.45
Median, renter-occupied housing units.....	2.35	2.35	2.55	2.74	2.78	2.39	2.71	2.90	2.29	2.33
PERSONS PER ROOM										
1.00 or less.....	1 462	846	1 239	1 620	2 666	1 222	1 587	2 169	2 520	1 310
1.01 to 1.50.....	99	55	54	120	154	79	94	118	138	60
1.51 or more.....	45	21	26	61	53	26	51	31	41	22
Mean.....	.57	.55	.53	.60	.58	.55	.57	.57	.57	.52
VALUE										
Specified owner-occupied housing units.....	983	530	880	1 023	1 639	722	994	1 090	1 285	781
Less than \$20,000.....	136	97	68	97	92	67	88	72	29	40
\$20,000 to \$39,999.....	330	179	221	277	295	263	301	229	286	211
\$40,000 to \$59,999.....	275	106	240	286	475	209	291	324	496	350
\$60,000 to \$79,999.....	149	73	196	232	441	102	214	254	273	126
\$80,000 to \$99,999.....	36	33	82	71	185	42	56	108	104	25
\$100,000 to \$149,999.....	37	25	55	39	114	31	32	84	76	21
\$150,000 to \$199,999.....	14	9	11	11	25	5	6	16	14	6
\$200,000 to \$249,999.....	3	2	4	7	8	1	2	1	4	2
\$250,000 to \$299,999.....	2	3	2	2	3	—	1	1	2	—
\$300,000 or more.....	1	3	1	1	1	2	3	1	1	—
Median (dollars).....	41 700	37 900	52 200	48 600	57 500	42 400	46 200	53 600	51 900	46 600
Mean (dollars).....	47 700	49 600	57 700	54 100	62 300	49 200	51 800	59 300	59 200	50 100
CONTRACT RENT										
Specified renter-occupied housing units.....	270	225	182	336	403	345	383	337	832	423
Median contract rent (dollars).....	202	176	194	176	233	210	168	207	295	312
Mean contract rent (dollars).....	213	167	204	171	242	215	172	220	306	286
With meals included in rent.....	1	—	3	1	—	1	1	—	—	—
Mean contract rent (dollars).....	875	—	342	725	—	237	113	—	—	—
No meals included in rent.....	177	159	135	273	322	291	327	282	786	379
No cash rent.....	92	66	44	62	81	53	55	55	46	44

Table 9. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990** — Con.

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/8NA's in Terrebonne Parish—Con.									
	Tract 4	Tract 5	Tract 6	Tract 7	Tract 8	Tract 9	Tract 10	Tract 12	Tract 13	
All housing units -----	2 840	2 598	2 186	2 340	2 507	2 182	1 644	3 268	1 819	
TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER										
Occupied housing units -----	2 606	2 364	2 014	2 167	2 383	1 964	1 561	2 527	1 501	
Owner-occupied housing units -----	1 537	1 402	1 429	1 341	1 536	1 109	1 416	2 262	1 206	
Percent of occupied housing units -----	59.0	59.3	71.0	61.9	64.5	56.5	90.7	89.5	80.3	
White -----	1 500	1 177	1 239	786	1 395	883	1 352	2 087	751	
Black -----	24	208	134	500	94	221	35	153	80	
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut -----	7	13	38	53	43	2	27	19	370	
Asian or Pacific Islander -----	1	2	12	2	3	2	—	1	3	
Other race -----	5	2	6	—	1	1	2	2	2	
Hispanic origin (of any race) -----	17	15	24	22	24	6	9	11	19	
White, not of Hispanic origin -----	1 488	1 165	1 222	773	1 373	880	1 345	2 078	742	
Renter-occupied housing units -----	1 069	962	585	826	847	855	145	265	295	
White -----	898	794	430	301	655	503	137	245	154	
Black -----	141	140	86	476	110	335	2	10	24	
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut -----	13	22	20	43	51	16	5	7	109	
Asian or Pacific Islander -----	7	2	48	5	26	1	1	2	5	
Other race -----	10	4	1	1	5	—	—	1	3	
Hispanic origin (of any race) -----	30	19	11	10	13	12	1	2	6	
White, not of Hispanic origin -----	880	779	419	299	646	495	136	245	154	
VACANCY STATUS										
Vacant housing units -----	234	234	172	173	124	218	83	741	318	
For sale only -----	25	30	39	21	24	40	15	35	19	
For rent -----	151	136	71	86	73	92	18	23	18	
Rented or sold, not occupied -----	6	29	27	9	4	36	4	21	70	
For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use -----	7	4	2	1	—	2	7	583	167	
For migrant workers -----	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	
Other vacant -----	45	35	33	56	21	48	39	78	44	
Boarded up -----	3	7	9	9	1	4	2	3	7	
ROOMS										
1 room -----	8	186	11	11	16	33	1	11	43	
2 rooms -----	37	203	48	79	84	91	19	160	96	
3 rooms -----	260	290	171	216	197	276	98	341	250	
4 rooms -----	590	517	569	689	592	458	269	835	404	
5 rooms -----	715	568	636	624	651	492	385	904	557	
6 rooms -----	672	391	425	405	502	405	393	554	266	
7 rooms -----	330	234	176	175	277	189	231	263	114	
8 or more rooms -----	228	209	150	141	188	238	248	200	89	
Median, all housing units -----	5.2	4.7	5.0	4.8	5.1	5.0	5.6	4.8	4.7	
Median, all housing units -----	5.3	4.7	5.1	5.0	5.2	5.2	5.8	4.9	4.7	
Median, occupied housing units -----	5.4	4.8	5.0	4.8	5.1	5.1	5.7	5.0	4.8	
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----	6.0	5.5	5.3	5.3	5.7	5.8	5.8	5.1	4.9	
Median, renter-occupied housing units -----	4.3	3.4	4.2	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.7	4.2	4.0	
UNITS IN STRUCTURE										
1, detached -----	1 730	1 617	1 475	1 526	1 670	1 698	1 239	2 423	1 098	
1, attached -----	60	116	44	75	14	96	7	16	12	
2 -----	6	89	29	281	54	176	13	14	4	
3 or 4 -----	432	36	116	64	99	89	1	7	7	
5 to 9 -----	161	15	47	27	72	12	3	1	13	
10 to 19 -----	166	19	63	26	69	39	—	—	29	
20 to 49 -----	200	57	—	—	52	—	—	—	—	
50 or more -----	65	270	—	—	220	—	—	—	—	
Mobile home or trailer -----	13	332	391	304	230	33	362	748	619	
Other -----	7	47	21	37	27	39	19	59	37	
Occupied housing units -----	2 606	2 364	2 014	2 167	2 383	1 964	1 561	2 527	1 501	
PERSONS IN UNIT										
1 person -----	483	741	320	363	393	590	141	331	171	
2 persons -----	712	684	509	583	695	584	419	662	338	
3 persons -----	542	411	450	421	515	332	313	535	269	
4 persons -----	547	291	375	362	419	228	405	523	334	
5 persons -----	213	142	203	210	228	137	179	293	204	
6 or more persons -----	109	95	157	228	133	93	104	183	185	
Median, occupied housing units -----	2.70	2.14	2.90	2.83	2.70	2.17	3.20	3.01	3.40	
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----	2.99	2.29	2.89	2.64	2.85	2.13	3.22	3.00	3.46	
Median, renter-occupied housing units -----	2.28	1.79	2.91	3.11	2.43	2.24	3.03	3.02	3.14	
PERSONS PER ROOM										
1.00 or less -----	2 521	2 219	1 822	1 891	2 208	1 837	1 467	2 267	1 202	
1.01 to 1.50 -----	56	97	146	198	120	82	74	189	194	
1.51 or more -----	29	48	46	78	55	45	20	71	105	
Mean -----	.53	.52	.60	.63	.56	.48	.56	.62	.73	
VALUE										
Specified owner-occupied housing units -----	1 432	1 086	1 080	1 063	1 276	990	970	1 518	671	
Less than \$20,000 -----	2	62	80	119	25	57	33	227	142	
\$20,000 to \$39,999 -----	84	306	342	413	225	252	123	496	210	
\$40,000 to \$59,999 -----	609	358	371	306	531	293	183	418	166	
\$60,000 to \$79,999 -----	596	212	160	134	362	195	247	200	94	
\$80,000 to \$99,999 -----	107	63	66	53	97	82	161	91	33	
\$100,000 to \$149,999 -----	22	53	42	22	25	62	164	60	18	
\$150,000 to \$199,999 -----	7	17	15	12	5	20	38	15	6	
\$200,000 to \$249,999 -----	3	6	4	3	2	13	5	1	1	
\$250,000 to \$299,999 -----	1	5	—	—	1	1	8	4	1	
\$300,000 or more -----	1	4	—	1	3	15	8	2	—	
Median (dollars) -----	60 400	48 300	45 600	40 000	53 200	52 100	72 400	41 500	38 300	
Mean (dollars) -----	62 300	56 600	51 100	46 000	57 500	66 100	79 700	48 100	43 800	
CONTRACT RENT										
Specified renter-occupied housing units -----	1 059	951	577	810	841	837	129	254	281	
Median contract rent (dollars) -----	306	185	234	166	283	206	243	200	203	
Mean contract rent (dollars) -----	326	195	249	175	282	212	285	198	199	
With meals included in rent -----	—	—	—	2	1	4	—	—	1	
Mean contract rent (dollars) -----	—	—	—	188	387	151	—	—	113	
No meals included in rent -----	1 038	890	532	743	799	770	96	164	165	
No cash rent -----	21	61	45	65	41	63	33	90	115	

Table 9. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.**

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Terrebonne Parish—Con.		Bayou Cone CDP, Terrebonne Parish					Houma city, Terrebonne Parish	
	Tract 15.98	Tract 17	Tract 2 (pt.)	Tract 3 (pt.)	Tract 4 (pt.)	Tract 5 (pt.)	Tract 17 (pt.)	Tract 3 (pt.)	Tract 5 (pt.)
All housing units -----	1 779	920	1 630	1 121	2 820	380	6	374	1 816
TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER									
Occupied housing units -----	1 687	884	1 479	1 049	2 589	334	6	341	1 672
Owner-occupied housing units -----	1 496	720	928	727	1 520	217	6	230	902
Percent of occupied housing units -----	88.7	81.4	62.7	69.3	58.7	65.0	100.0	67.4	53.9
White -----	1 389	668	896	669	1 484	180	6	117	723
Black -----	80	50	18	49	23	29	—	111	176
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut-----	14	—	10	4	7	7	—	1	2
Asian or Pacific Islander -----	12	1	1	2	—	—	—	—	1
Other race -----	1	1	3	3	5	1	—	1	—
Hispanic origin (of any race) -----	14	11	14	13	16	4	—	4	3
White, not of Hispanic origin -----	1 377	658	885	659	1 473	176	6	115	721
Renter-occupied housing units -----	191	164	551	322	1 069	117	—	111	770
White -----	165	134	501	275	898	100	—	55	622
Black -----	23	23	38	41	141	15	—	55	125
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut-----	1	5	6	4	13	2	—	1	17
Asian or Pacific Islander -----	1	—	4	—	7	—	—	—	2
Other race -----	1	2	2	2	10	—	—	—	4
Hispanic origin (of any race) -----	1	5	15	3	30	1	—	3	17
White, not of Hispanic origin -----	165	131	489	273	880	99	—	53	609
VACANCY STATUS									
Vacant housing units -----	92	36	151	72	231	46	—	33	144
For sale only -----	40	10	14	12	23	2	—	4	24
For rent -----	11	7	84	18	151	29	—	25	88
Rented or sold, not occupied -----	4	5	13	24	5	8	—	1	13
For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use -----	—	3	12	1	7	1	—	1	—
For migrant workers -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other vacant -----	37	11	28	17	45	6	—	2	19
Boarded up -----	3	1	3	1	3	1	—	—	6
ROOMS									
1 room -----	3	3	2	8	8	2	—	2	182
2 rooms -----	12	27	64	26	36	13	—	13	176
3 rooms -----	46	37	206	83	259	43	—	35	215
4 rooms -----	132	104	292	232	590	117	—	76	288
5 rooms -----	378	141	462	353	715	88	1	112	356
6 rooms -----	459	185	330	253	670	58	3	74	283
7 rooms -----	358	152	161	98	326	25	1	34	176
8 or more rooms -----	391	271	113	68	216	34	1	28	140
Median, all housing units -----	6.2	6.3	5.0	5.1	5.2	4.7	6.2	5.0	4.6
Mean, all housing units -----	6.4	6.5	5.1	5.2	5.3	5.0	6.7	5.1	4.6
Median, occupied housing units -----	6.2	6.4	5.1	5.2	5.3	4.9	6.2	5.1	4.7
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----	6.4	6.8	5.7	5.4	6.0	5.2	6.2	5.6	5.7
Median, renter-occupied housing units -----	5.3	4.2	4.0	4.3	4.3	4.2	—	4.1	3.0
UNITS IN STRUCTURE									
1, detached -----	1 584	750	1 038	806	1 712	228	4	307	1 168
1, attached -----	11	13	16	10	60	5	2	14	108
2 -----	4	1	6	6	6	9	—	18	80
3 or 4 -----	4	56	72	57	432	5	—	12	31
5 to 9 -----	1	19	148	2	161	1	—	—	14
10 to 19 -----	—	41	146	—	166	1	—	1	18
20 to 49 -----	—	—	61	43	200	31	—	—	26
50 or more -----	—	—	—	51	65	—	—	—	270
Mobile home or trailer -----	162	33	128	123	11	97	—	19	64
Other -----	13	7	15	23	7	3	—	3	37
Occupied housing units -----	1 687	884	1 479	1 049	2 589	334	6	341	1 672
PERSONS IN UNIT									
1 person -----	179	136	284	214	480	64	1	86	621
2 persons -----	473	197	417	326	704	96	3	100	482
3 persons -----	358	187	292	219	540	79	—	59	244
4 persons -----	400	215	258	164	546	50	1	51	169
5 persons -----	194	103	151	87	213	29	1	20	92
6 or more persons -----	83	46	77	39	106	16	—	25	64
Median, occupied housing units -----	3.03	3.08	2.63	2.45	2.70	2.59	2.17	2.34	1.95
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----	3.03	3.22	2.92	2.54	3.00	2.58	2.17	2.25	2.14
Median, renter-occupied housing units -----	3.05	2.35	2.17	2.24	2.28	2.60	—	2.74	1.54
PERSONS PER ROOM									
1.00 or less -----	1 637	858	1 395	997	2 504	311	6	311	1 574
1.01 to 1.50 -----	41	17	64	39	56	18	—	21	64
1.51 or more -----	9	9	20	13	29	5	—	9	34
Mean -----	.49	.48	.56	.52	.53	.55	.40	.52	.50
VALUE									
Specified owner-occupied housing units -----	1 257	622	806	584	1 417	138	6	196	802
Less than \$20,000 -----	23	11	16	24	2	13	—	15	39
\$20,000 to \$39,999 -----	58	13	206	143	84	52	—	68	219
\$40,000 to \$59,999 -----	205	38	329	286	609	27	—	64	291
\$60,000 to \$79,999 -----	351	182	175	88	596	16	1	38	167
\$80,000 to \$99,999 -----	356	94	48	21	101	11	1	4	39
\$100,000 to \$149,999 -----	200	107	28	17	19	11	1	4	33
\$150,000 to \$199,999 -----	43	87	2	5	5	4	3	1	8
\$200,000 to \$249,999 -----	14	28	1	—	1	2	—	2	2
\$250,000 to \$299,999 -----	2	33	1	—	—	1	—	—	2
\$300,000 or more -----	5	29	—	—	—	1	—	—	2
Median (dollars) -----	79 600	91 800	49 300	47 100	60 300	45 600	137 500	44 400	48 300
Mean (dollars) -----	84 700	128 600	54 500	50 700	61 300	60 300	132 900	48 500	54 300
CONTRACT RENT									
Specified renter-occupied housing units -----	174	156	548	315	1 059	115	—	108	764
Median contract rent (dollars) -----	350	310	319	340	306	209	—	174	174
Mean contract rent (dollars) -----	380	326	334	318	326	210	—	191	191
With meals included in rent -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mean contract rent (dollars) -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No meals included in rent -----	146	134	525	283	1 038	104	—	96	724
No cash rent -----	28	22	23	32	21	11	—	12	40

Table 9. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.**

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Houma city, Terrebonne Parish—Con.								
	Tract 6 (pt.)	Tract 7 (pt.)	Tract 8 (pt.)	Tract 9 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 12 (pt.)	Tract 13 (pt.)	Tract 15.98 (pt.)	Tract 17 (pt.)
All housing units	869	2 196	2 503	2 182	—	—	134	1 084	318
TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER									
Occupied housing units.....	788	2 026	2 379	1 964	—	—	127	1 052	309
Owner-occupied housing units.....	552	1 209	1 533	1 109	—	—	95	972	274
Percent of occupied housing units.....	70.1	59.7	64.4	56.5	—	—	74.8	92.4	88.7
White.....	533	676	1 392	883	—	—	74	948	263
Black.....	7	485	94	221	—	—	15	14	10
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut.....	10	48	43	2	—	—	6	1	—
Asian or Pacific Islander.....	1	—	3	2	—	—	—	8	1
Other race.....	1	—	1	1	—	—	—	1	—
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	11	20	24	6	—	—	—	12	4
White, not of Hispanic origin.....	523	665	1 370	880	—	—	74	937	259
Renter-occupied housing units.....	236	817	846	855	—	—	32	80	35
White.....	224	294	655	503	—	—	28	76	32
Black.....	6	476	110	335	—	—	—	3	2
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut.....	6	41	50	16	—	—	1	—	1
Asian or Pacific Islander.....	—	5	26	1	—	—	3	1	—
Other race.....	—	1	5	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	6	10	13	12	—	—	—	—	—
White, not of Hispanic origin.....	218	292	646	495	—	—	28	76	32
VACANCY STATUS									
Vacant housing units.....	81	170	124	218	—	—	7	32	9
For sale only.....	25	21	24	40	—	—	3	28	5
For rent.....	19	85	73	92	—	—	—	—	1
Rented or sold, not occupied.....	21	9	4	36	—	—	2	3	1
For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use.....	2	1	—	2	—	—	—	—	1
For migrant workers.....	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other vacant.....	14	54	21	48	—	—	2	1	1
Boarded up.....	—	9	1	4	—	—	—	—	—
ROOMS									
1 room.....	7	11	16	33	—	—	—	—	—
2 rooms.....	21	79	83	91	—	—	1	1	—
3 rooms.....	75	212	197	276	—	—	15	8	4
4 rooms.....	240	677	591	458	—	—	21	17	13
5 rooms.....	269	600	651	492	—	—	60	157	57
6 rooms.....	176	375	502	405	—	—	20	320	104
7 rooms.....	46	137	277	189	—	—	11	275	67
8 or more rooms.....	35	105	186	238	—	—	6	306	73
Median, all housing units.....	4.8	4.7	5.1	5.0	—	—	5.0	6.6	6.3
Median, all housing units.....	4.9	4.9	5.2	5.2	—	—	5.1	6.9	6.6
Median, occupied housing units.....	4.9	4.7	5.1	5.1	—	—	5.0	6.6	6.3
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	5.1	5.2	5.7	5.8	—	—	5.2	6.7	6.4
Median, renter-occupied housing units.....	4.3	4.1	4.1	4.1	—	—	4.1	6.1	5.5
UNITS IN STRUCTURE									
1, detached.....	749	1 402	1 667	1 698	—	—	102	1 067	300
1, attached.....	30	72	14	96	—	—	—	4	1
2.....	17	281	54	176	—	—	—	—	—
3 or 4.....	9	64	99	89	—	—	5	4	15
5 to 9.....	—	27	72	12	—	—	13	—	—
10 to 19.....	1	26	69	39	—	—	10	—	1
20 to 49.....	—	—	52	—	—	—	—	—	—
50 or more.....	—	—	220	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mobile home or trailer.....	53	290	229	33	—	—	—	2	—
Other.....	10	34	27	39	—	—	4	7	1
Occupied housing units.....	788	2 026	2 379	1 964	—	—	127	1 052	309
PERSONS IN UNIT									
1 person.....	180	351	392	590	—	—	23	97	21
2 persons.....	241	543	693	584	—	—	22	291	66
3 persons.....	170	393	514	332	—	—	26	233	66
4 persons.....	102	328	419	228	—	—	35	259	102
5 persons.....	54	193	228	137	—	—	11	131	39
6 or more persons.....	41	218	133	93	—	—	10	41	15
Median, occupied housing units.....	2.39	2.80	2.70	2.17	—	—	3.21	3.09	3.51
Median, owner-occupied housing units.....	2.30	2.57	2.85	2.13	—	—	3.55	3.06	3.57
Median, renter-occupied housing units.....	2.65	3.12	2.44	2.24	—	—	1.50—	3.50	3.13
PERSONS PER ROOM									
1.00 or less.....	742	1 757	2 204	1 837	—	—	119	1 042	306
1.01 to 1.50.....	36	194	120	82	—	—	8	9	3
1.51 or more.....	10	75	55	45	—	—	—	1	—
Mean.....	.54	.64	.56	.48	—	—	.62	.46	.52
VALUE									
Specified owner-occupied housing units.....	483	950	1 274	990	—	—	89	918	264
Less than \$20,000.....	63	119	25	57	—	—	—	—	—
\$20,000 to \$39,999.....	258	410	225	252	—	—	4	3	—
\$40,000 to \$59,999.....	124	289	531	293	—	—	49	69	19
\$60,000 to \$79,999.....	33	90	361	195	—	—	24	280	144
\$80,000 to \$99,999.....	4	28	97	82	—	—	9	325	41
\$100,000 to \$149,999.....	1	8	24	62	—	—	3	188	28
\$150,000 to \$199,999.....	—	6	5	20	—	—	—	39	18
\$200,000 to \$249,999.....	—	—	2	13	—	—	—	8	5
\$250,000 to \$299,999.....	—	—	1	1	—	—	—	2	7
\$300,000 or more.....	—	—	3	15	—	—	—	4	2
Median (dollars).....	33 100	37 700	53 100	52 100	—	—	55 300	85 500	74 100
Mean (dollars).....	35 700	40 900	57 400	66 100	—	—	60 900	93 600	94 200
CONTRACT RENT									
Specified renter-occupied housing units.....	229	801	841	837	—	—	32	75	34
Median contract rent (dollars).....	205	165	283	206	—	—	409	516	344
Mean contract rent (dollars).....	212	173	282	212	—	—	416	513	443
With meals included in rent.....	—	2	1	4	—	—	—	—	—
Mean contract rent (dollars).....	—	188	387	151	—	—	—	—	—
No meals included in rent.....	197	737	799	770	—	—	7	69	33
No cash rent.....	32	62	41	63	—	—	25	6	1

Table 9. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.**

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Terrebonne Parish								
	Tract 1	Tract 2 (pt.)	Tract 3 (pt.)	Tract 4 (pt.)	Tract 5 (pt.)	Tract 6 (pt.)	Tract 7 (pt.)	Tract 8 (pt.)	Tract 9 (pt.)
All housing units -----	2 852	1 326	2	20	402	1 317	144	4	-
TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER									
Occupied housing units-----	2 597	1 220	2	17	358	1 226	141	4	-
Owner-occupied housing units-----	2 039	929	2	17	283	877	132	3	-
Percent of occupied housing units-----	78.5	76.1	100.0	100.0	79.1	71.5	93.6	75.0	-
White-----	1 478	882	1	16	274	706	110	3	-
Black-----	544	29	1	1	3	127	15	-	-
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut-----	9	13	-	-	4	28	5	-	-
Asian or Pacific Islander-----	6	2	-	-	1	11	2	-	-
Other race-----	2	3	-	-	1	5	-	-	-
Hispanic origin (of any race)-----	21	13	-	1	8	13	2	-	-
White, not of Hispanic origin-----	1 459	873	1	15	268	699	108	3	-
Renter-occupied housing units-----	558	291	-	-	75	349	9	1	-
White-----	398	220	-	-	72	206	7	-	-
Black-----	157	62	-	-	-	80	-	-	-
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut-----	3	7	-	-	3	14	2	1	-
Asian or Pacific Islander-----	-	-	-	-	-	48	-	-	-
Other race-----	-	2	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
Hispanic origin (of any race)-----	6	7	-	-	1	5	-	-	-
White, not of Hispanic origin-----	392	216	-	-	71	201	7	-	-
VACANCY STATUS									
Vacant housing units-----	255	106	-	3	44	91	3	-	-
For sale only-----	39	15	-	2	4	14	-	-	-
For rent-----	62	43	-	-	19	52	1	-	-
Rented or sold, not occupied-----	20	26	-	1	8	6	-	-	-
For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use-----	8	5	-	-	3	-	-	-	-
For migrant workers-----	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other vacant-----	125	17	-	-	10	19	2	-	-
Boarded up-----	43	3	-	-	-	9	-	-	-
ROOMS									
1 room-----	27	13	-	-	2	4	-	-	-
2 rooms-----	86	39	-	1	14	27	-	1	-
3 rooms-----	225	103	-	1	32	96	4	-	-
4 rooms-----	686	325	1	-	112	329	12	1	-
5 rooms-----	860	376	-	-	124	367	24	-	-
6 rooms-----	475	213	1	2	50	249	30	-	-
7 rooms-----	279	151	-	4	33	130	38	-	-
8 or more rooms-----	214	106	-	12	35	115	36	2	-
Median, all housing units-----	5.0	5.0	5.0	8.0	4.8	5.1	6.6	6.0	-
Median, all housing units-----	5.1	5.2	5.0	7.9	5.1	5.3	6.6	6.0	-
Median, occupied housing units-----	5.1	5.0	5.0	8.4	4.9	5.1	6.6	6.0	-
Median, owner-occupied housing units-----	5.3	5.3	5.0	8.4	5.1	5.5	6.6	8.0	-
Median, renter-occupied housing units-----	4.3	4.2	-	-	4.2	4.1	5.0	2.0	-
UNITS IN STRUCTURE									
1, detached-----	1 777	651	1	18	221	726	124	3	-
1, attached-----	18	12	-	-	3	14	3	-	-
2-----	21	10	-	-	-	12	-	-	-
3 or 4-----	124	21	-	-	-	107	-	-	-
5 to 9-----	23	128	-	-	-	47	-	-	-
10 to 19-----	19	12	-	-	-	62	-	-	-
20 to 49-----	21	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
50 or more-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mobile home or trailer-----	821	484	1	2	171	338	14	1	-
Other-----	28	8	-	-	7	11	3	-	-
Occupied housing units-----	2 597	1 220	2	17	358	1 226	141	4	-
PERSONS IN UNIT									
1 person-----	423	164	2	3	56	140	12	1	-
2 persons-----	678	351	-	8	106	268	40	2	-
3 persons-----	514	250	-	2	88	280	28	1	-
4 persons-----	533	269	-	1	72	273	34	-	-
5 persons-----	260	125	-	-	21	149	17	-	-
6 or more persons-----	189	61	-	3	15	116	10	-	-
Median, occupied housing units-----	2.88	2.88	1.50-	2.19	2.69	3.23	3.16	2.00	-
Median, owner-occupied housing units-----	3.00	2.99	1.50-	2.19	2.65	3.28	3.20	2.25	-
Median, renter-occupied housing units-----	2.44	2.53	-	-	2.86	3.12	2.33	1.50-	-
PERSONS PER ROOM									
1.00 or less-----	2 408	1 125	2	17	334	1 080	134	4	-
1.01 to 1.50-----	138	74	-	-	15	110	4	-	-
1.51 or more-----	51	21	-	-	9	36	3	-	-
Mean-----	.59	.58	.20	.33	.55	.63	.51	.33	-
VALUE									
Specified owner-occupied housing units-----	1 241	479	1	15	146	597	113	2	-
Less than \$20,000-----	89	13	1	-	10	17	-	-	-
\$20,000 to \$39,999-----	277	80	-	-	35	84	3	-	-
\$40,000 to \$59,999-----	434	167	-	-	40	247	17	-	-
\$60,000 to \$79,999-----	240	98	-	-	29	127	44	1	-
\$80,000 to \$99,999-----	108	56	-	6	13	62	25	-	-
\$100,000 to \$149,999-----	57	48	-	3	9	41	14	1	-
\$150,000 to \$199,999-----	22	12	-	2	5	15	6	-	-
\$200,000 to \$249,999-----	4	3	-	2	2	4	3	-	-
\$250,000 to \$299,999-----	3	1	-	1	2	-	-	-	-
\$300,000 or more-----	7	1	-	1	1	-	1	-	-
Median (dollars)-----	50 900	57 000	10 000-	112 500	51 100	54 100	76 300	87 500	-
Mean (dollars)-----	58 700	67 100	9 000	152 500	65 800	63 500	89 600	92 500	-
CONTRACT RENT									
Specified renter-occupied housing units-----	531	284	-	-	72	348	9	-	-
Median contract rent (dollars)-----	230	222	-	-	216	249	425	-	-
Mean contract rent (dollars)-----	236	248	-	-	222	271	375	-	-
With meals included in rent-----	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mean contract rent (dollars)-----	119	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
No meals included in rent-----	447	261	-	-	62	335	6	-	-
No cash rent-----	82	23	-	-	10	13	3	-	-

Table 9. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.**

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Terrebonne Parish—Con.									
	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 11	Tract 12 (pt.)	Tract 12.22	Tract 13 (pt.)	Tract 14	Tract 15.98 (pt.)	Tract 16	Tract 17 (pt.)	
All housing units	1 644	1 476	3 268	—	1 685	1 331	695	1 221	596	
TENURE BY RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN OF HOUSEHOLDER										
Occupied housing units	1 561	1 186	2 527	—	1 374	1 207	635	1 098	569	
Owner-occupied housing units	1 416	1 048	2 262	—	1 111	1 024	524	912	440	
Percent of occupied housing units	90.7	88.4	89.5	—	80.9	84.8	82.5	83.1	77.3	
White	1 352	898	2 087	—	677	736	441	562	399	
Black	35	2	153	—	65	206	66	341	40	
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	27	144	19	—	364	78	13	7	—	
Asian or Pacific Islander	—	1	1	—	3	—	4	—	—	
Other race	2	3	2	—	2	4	—	2	1	
Hispanic origin (of any race)	9	10	11	—	19	12	2	12	7	
White, nat of Hispanic origin	1 345	890	2 078	—	668	731	440	552	393	
Renter-occupied housing units	145	138	265	—	263	183	111	186	129	
White	137	121	245	—	126	145	89	103	102	
Black	2	—	10	—	24	25	20	80	21	
American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut	5	17	7	—	108	12	1	3	4	
Asian or Pacific Islander	1	—	2	—	2	—	—	—	—	
Other race	—	—	1	—	3	1	1	—	2	
Hispanic origin (of any race)	1	2	2	—	6	5	1	—	5	
White, nat of Hispanic origin	136	119	245	—	126	142	89	103	99	
VACANCY STATUS										
Vacant housing units	83	290	741	—	311	124	60	123	27	
For sale only	15	20	35	—	16	24	12	6	5	
For rent	18	17	23	—	18	14	11	22	6	
Rented or sold, not occupied	4	13	21	—	68	25	1	29	4	
For seasonal, recreational, or occasional use	7	203	583	—	167	15	—	7	2	
For migrant workers	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	—	
Other vacant	39	37	78	—	42	45	36	59	10	
Barred up	2	1	3	—	7	6	3	8	1	
ROOMS										
1 room	1	23	11	—	43	7	3	5	3	
2 rooms	19	65	160	—	95	34	11	24	27	
3 rooms	98	133	341	—	235	97	38	91	33	
4 rooms	269	387	835	—	383	311	115	296	91	
5 rooms	385	440	904	—	497	382	221	386	83	
6 rooms	393	257	554	—	246	272	139	214	78	
7 rooms	231	105	263	—	103	117	83	108	84	
8 or more rooms	248	66	200	—	83	111	85	97	197	
Median, all housing units	5.6	4.8	4.8	—	4.7	5.1	5.3	5.0	6.3	
Mean, all housing units	5.8	4.9	4.9	—	4.7	5.2	5.6	5.2	6.4	
Median, occupied housing units	5.7	4.9	5.0	—	4.7	5.2	5.4	5.1	6.4	
Median, owner-occupied housing units	5.8	5.0	5.1	—	4.9	5.2	5.6	5.1	7.1	
Median, renter-occupied housing units	4.7	4.7	4.2	—	4.0	4.6	4.7	4.8	4.1	
UNITS IN STRUCTURE										
1, detached	1 239	1 001	2 423	—	996	884	517	652	446	
1, attached	7	12	16	—	12	17	7	6	10	
2	13	10	14	—	4	16	4	3	1	
3 or 4	1	1	7	—	2	3	—	14	41	
5 to 9	3	—	1	—	—	2	1	5	19	
10 to 19	—	—	—	—	19	—	—	1	40	
20 to 49	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
50 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Mobile home or trailer	362	428	748	—	619	369	160	528	33	
Other	19	24	59	—	33	40	6	12	6	
Occupied housing units	1 561	1 186	2 527	—	1 374	1 207	635	1 098	569	
PERSONS IN UNIT										
1 person	141	195	331	—	148	145	82	187	114	
2 persons	419	279	662	—	316	241	182	271	128	
3 persons	313	234	535	—	243	239	125	223	121	
4 persons	405	248	523	—	299	260	141	215	112	
5 persons	179	120	293	—	193	189	63	114	63	
6 or more persons	104	110	183	—	175	133	42	88	31	
Median, occupied housing units	3.20	3.01	3.01	—	3.42	3.41	2.93	2.91	2.85	
Median, owner-occupied housing units	3.22	2.97	3.00	—	3.45	3.43	2.98	2.95	3.02	
Median, renter-occupied housing units	3.03	3.26	3.02	—	3.31	3.29	2.70	2.73	2.02	
PERSONS PER ROOM										
1.00 or less	1 467	1 026	2 267	—	1 083	1 056	595	989	546	
1.01 to 1.50	74	94	189	—	186	113	32	78	14	
1.51 or more	20	66	71	—	105	38	8	31	9	
Mean .....	.56	.65	.62	—	.74	.65	.55	.59	.46
VALUE										
Specified owner-occupied housing units	970	679	1 518	—	582	575	339	390	352	
Less than \$20,000	33	150	227	—	142	93	23	78	11	
\$20,000 to \$39,999	123	188	496	—	206	172	55	106	13	
\$40,000 to \$59,999	183	195	418	—	117	142	136	97	19	
\$60,000 to \$79,999	247	85	200	—	70	80	71	54	37	
\$80,000 to \$99,999	161	39	91	—	24	49	31	28	52	
\$100,000 to \$149,999	164	18	60	—	15	30	12	24	78	
\$150,000 to \$199,999	38	3	15	—	6	4	4	1	66	
\$200,000 to \$249,999	8	—	5	—	1	2	6	2	23	
\$250,000 to \$299,999	5	1	4	—	1	2	—	—	26	
\$300,000 or more	8	—	2	—	—	1	—	—	27	
Median (dollars)	72 400	40 100	41 500	—	33 700	42 500	52 200	42 100	129 300	
Mean (dollars)	79 700	43 400	48 100	—	41 100	50 700	60 400	47 800	154 400	
CONTRACT RENT										
Specified renter-occupied housing units	129	134	254	—	249	159	99	169	122	
Median contract rent (dollars)	243	220	200	—	201	245	229	156	303	
Mean contract rent (dollars)	285	236	198	—	190	232	262	164	287	
With meals included in rent	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	
Mean contract rent (dollars)	—	—	—	—	113	—	—	—	—	
Na meals included in rent	96	89	164	—	158	118	77	108	101	
Na cash rent	33	45	90	—	90	41	22	61	21	

Table 10. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units with a Threshold and Comparison with the Census

Table 10. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Houma-Thibodaux, LA MSA		Lafourche Parish		Terrebonne Parish		Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Lafourche Parish		
	Total	Thibodaux city	Total	Boyou Cone COP	Houma city	Tract 204	Tract 205	Tract 207	
TENURE									
Owner-occupied housing units	39 379	2 119	19 466	3 235	5 609	182	790	2 256	
Percent of occupied housing units	77.5	57.8	75.7	64.6	69.3	54.3	64.1	77.4	
Renter-occupied housing units	11 409	1 548	6 234	1 774	2 489	153	442	659	
Percent of occupied housing units	22.5	42.2	24.3	35.4	30.7	45.7	35.9	22.6	
ROOMS									
1 room	349	29	238	13	174	—	6	6	
2 rooms	1 520	137	795	104	725	15	51	65	
3 rooms	4 055	470	1 824	394	557	35	138	190	
4 rooms	10 418	889	4 464	888	1 449	83	299	747	
5 rooms	13 341	848	6 879	1 402	1 958	101	313	725	
6 rooms	10 195	574	5 416	1 226	1 763	61	241	536	
7 rooms	2 656	338	2 976	21	1 008	21	98	330	
8 or more rooms	5 278	382	2 688	407	910	19	86	316	
Median, occupied housing units	5.2	4.9	5.2	5.3	5.3	4.8	4.9	5.1	
Median, owner-occupied housing units	5.5	5.6	5.6	5.8	5.8	5.3	5.5	5.4	
Median, renter-occupied housing units	4.2	3.9	4.2	4.2	4.1	4.1	3.8	4.2	
UNITS IN STRUCTURE									
1, detached	36 996	2 573	18 634	3 468	6 500	261	741	1 932	
1, attached	628	87	322	74	156	9	13	38	
2	591	144	262	12	194	13	29	24	
3 or 4	1 301	252	378	717	147	18	84	96	
5 to 9	655	142	390	218	70	10	44	33	
10 to 19	683	176	419	252	102	6	101	5	
20 to 49	325	34	286	217	68	—	1	38	
50 or more	22	22	501	112	389	—	22	—	
Mobile home or trailer	8 437	173	3 872	238	363	11	184	714	
Other	649	64	297	40	109	7	13	35	
PERSONS IN UNIT									
1 person	8 926	1 100	4 545	944	1 903	112	298	494	
2 persons	14 940	1 245	7 384	1 457	2 513	126	377	846	
3 persons	10 524	616	5 211	1 040	1 525	51	242	648	
4 persons	9 631	431	4 909	934	1 257	31	195	579	
5 persons	4 502	203	2 389	432	612	4	91	247	
6 or more persons	2 265	72	1 262	202	288	4	29	101	
Median, occupied housing units	2.65	2.09	2.68	2.60	2.35	1.94	2.34	2.68	
Median, owner-occupied housing units	2.76	2.20	2.80	2.85	2.43	1.85	2.65	2.81	
Median, renter-occupied housing units	2.31	1.90	2.31	2.19	2.12	2.09	1.90	2.29	
PERSONS PER ROOM									
1.00 or less	47 812	3 563	24 206	4 821	7 772	329	1 198	2 788	
1.01 to 1.50	2 211	34	1 106	70	240	4	23	101	
1.51 or more	765	46	388	46	86	2	11	26	
Mean	.54	.46	.54	.52	.49	.44	.52	.53	
VALUE									
Specified owner-occupied housing units	28 578	1 812	14 482	2 841	4 975	161	579	1 436	
Less than \$20,000	1 923	105	818	41	191	18	22	75	
\$20,000 to \$39,999	6 350	425	3 026	466	1 100	51	76	276	
\$40,000 to \$59,999	8 264	512	4 429	1 209	1 406	50	214	328	
\$60,000 to \$79,999	3 488	325	3 270	845	1 202	26	212	310	
\$80,000 to \$99,999	2 793	213	1 454	179	388	10	37	217	
\$100,000 to \$149,999	1 895	160	956	75	333	3	16	167	
\$150,000 to \$199,999	523	38	303	19	90	1	—	35	
\$200,000 to \$249,999	168	15	93	4	28	1	—	12	
\$250,000 to \$299,999	104	8	61	2	13	1	—	9	
\$300,000 or more	120	11	72	1	24	—	—	7	
Median (dollars)	52 800	53 400	54 200	55 000	55 600	44 100	58 000	62 000	
Mean (dollars)	61 600	64 800	63 300	57 800	64 000	49 200	58 700	70 100	
CONTRACT RENT									
Specified renter-occupied housing units	11 012	1 518	6 064	1 757	2 453	147	437	629	
Median contract rent (dollars)	241	218	264	315	234	192	224	213	
Mean contract rent (dollars)	250	226	270	325	243	207	227	226	
With meals included in rent	9	—	3	—	3	—	—	1	
Mean contract rent (dollars)	372	—	204	—	204	—	—	113	
No meals included in rent	9 403	1 407	5 384	1 683	2 233	134	415	497	
No cash rent	1 600	111	677	74	217	13	22	131	

Table 10. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990 — Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Thibodaux city, Lafourche Parish					Remainder of Lafourche Parish				
	Tract 201	Tract 204 (pt.)	Tract 205 (pt.)	Tract 207 (pt.)	Tract 209	Tract 211	Tract 212	Tract 215	Tract 216	Tract 218
Occupied housing units -----	1 222	335	687	2 246	384	2 064	1 488	1 547	2 716	1 438
TENURE										
Owner-occupied housing units -----	758	182	305	1 792	293	1 784	1 245	1 314	2 327	1 183
Percent of occupied housing units -----	62.0	54.3	44.4	79.8	76.3	86.4	83.7	84.9	85.7	82.3
Renter-occupied housing units -----	464	153	382	454	91	280	243	233	389	255
Percent of occupied housing units -----	38.0	45.7	55.6	20.2	23.7	13.6	16.3	15.1	14.3	17.7
ROOMS										
1 room -----	17	—	4	2	2	17	16	7	4	8
2 rooms -----	38	15	43	49	7	91	63	52	66	44
3 rooms -----	170	35	129	131	19	226	164	142	196	116
4 rooms -----	309	83	216	176	81	400	346	302	497	304
5 rooms -----	307	101	137	573	95	488	377	453	734	422
6 rooms -----	192	61	79	162	75	367	263	303	572	294
7 rooms -----	99	21	39	239	47	224	133	324	324	132
8 or more rooms -----	90	19	40	219	58	251	126	131	323	118
Median, occupied housing units -----	4.8	4.8	4.3	5.1	5.4	5.1	4.9	5.1	5.3	5.1
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.7	5.3	5.1	5.2	5.5	5.3
Median, renter-occupied housing units -----	3.8	4.1	3.7	4.2	4.4	4.1	4.1	4.0	4.4	4.1
UNITS IN STRUCTURE										
1, detached -----	937	261	337	1 384	320	1 541	1 132	1 134	2 035	1 160
1, attached -----	25	9	12	28	4	19	30	18	17	18
2 -----	32	13	26	13	2	25	15	37	8	15
3 or 4 -----	63	18	80	81	3	25	16	1	70	9
5 to 9 -----	46	10	44	10	—	7	2	15	13	—
10 to 19 -----	41	6	101	4	—	10	1	—	11	—
20 to 49 -----	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	—
50 or more -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mobile home or trailer -----	58	11	22	696	50	407	272	323	526	217
Other -----	20	7	6	25	5	30	20	19	36	19
PERSONS IN UNIT										
1 person -----	384	112	220	356	58	271	267	232	335	287
2 persons -----	409	126	240	636	121	607	480	446	740	436
3 persons -----	201	51	120	454	65	350	315	350	602	305
4 persons -----	134	31	67	128	38	430	256	312	650	253
5 persons -----	66	11	31	60	11	196	106	134	253	110
6 or more persons -----	28	4	9	84	11	113	64	73	136	47
Median, occupied housing units -----	2.06	1.94	2.01	2.75	2.70	2.84	2.49	2.77	2.97	2.49
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----	2.18	1.85	2.19	2.85	2.73	2.86	2.54	2.84	3.02	2.50
Median, renter-occupied housing units -----	1.77	2.09	1.84	2.37	2.63	2.73	2.31	2.41	2.67	2.43
PERSONS PER ROOM										
1.00 or less -----	1 183	329	666	2 139	369	1 873	1 368	1 432	2 555	1 353
1.01 to 1.50 -----	25	4	13	88	13	127	84	85	129	59
1.51 or more -----	—	—	—	19	2	64	36	30	32	26
Mean -----	.47	.44	.49	.55	.52	.57	.55	.56	.56	.52
VALUE										
Specified owner-occupied housing units -----	655	161	239	1 023	200	1 257	927	949	1 578	919
Less than \$20,000 -----	37	18	19	48	8	132	121	86	67	71
\$20,000 to \$39,999 -----	204	51	49	188	36	320	312	238	282	267
\$40,000 to \$59,999 -----	238	50	95	263	59	321	275	275	461	275
\$60,000 to \$79,999 -----	96	26	54	158	50	236	145	223	208	208
\$80,000 to \$99,999 -----	36	10	13	123	24	115	67	67	184	55
\$100,000 to \$149,999 -----	27	3	7	103	18	77	37	39	113	31
\$150,000 to \$199,999 -----	9	1	—	24	3	20	13	11	23	6
\$200,000 to \$249,999 -----	4	1	—	12	—	4	—	2	8	2
\$250,000 to \$299,999 -----	2	—	—	7	—	2	—	1	3	—
\$300,000 or more -----	—	—	—	5	—	10	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars) -----	46 300	44 100	50 300	60 800	58 800	50 000	42 000	49 800	58 800	47 800
Mean (dollars) -----	54 000	49 200	54 600	69 200	65 800	57 800	48 400	55 300	63 300	53 200
CONTRACT RENT										
Specified renter-occupied housing units -----	453	147	379	428	73	274	241	226	362	242
Median contract rent (dollars) -----	202	192	217	195	214	207	203	207	237	196
Mean contract rent (dollars) -----	201	207	213	199	230	246	215	—	246	201
With meals included in rent -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mean contract rent (dollars) -----	41.5	134	362	113	163	183	87.5	72.5	290	199
No meals included in rent -----	98	13	17	370	22	91	90	52	72	43

Table 10. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990 — Con.

Table 10. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990 — Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Terrebonne Parish										Bayou Cane CDP, Terrebonne Parish	
	Tract 2	Tract 3	Tract 4	Tract 5	Tract 6	Tract 7	Tract 8	Tract 9	Tract 12	Tract 13		Tract 15, 98	Tract 4 (pt.)
Occupied housing units	2 499	1 117	2 398	1 971	1 669	1 087	2 050	1 386	2 332	905	1 554	2 382
TENURE												
Owner-occupied housing units	1 778	787	1 500	1 177	1 239	786	1 395	883	2 087	751	1 389	1 484
Percent of occupied housing units	71.1	70.5	62.6	59.7	74.2	72.3	68.0	63.7	89.5	83.0	89.4	62.3
Renter-occupied housing units	721	330	898	794	430	301	655	503	245	154	165	898
Percent of occupied housing units	28.9	29.5	37.4	40.3	25.8	27.7	32.0	36.3	10.5	17.0	10.6	37.7
ROOMS												
1 room	11	4	7	141	7	3	11	17	4	8	2	7
2 rooms	78	27	25	158	33	34	50	34	93	33	11	25
3 rooms	235	70	147	181	116	76	148	115	192	106	36	146
4 rooms	457	212	418	362	394	308	429	250	534	285	96	418
5 rooms	703	374	631	433	495	288	543	335	688	292	292	631
6 rooms	511	262	329	329	350	204	442	295	437	156	418	632
7 rooms	295	98	316	196	148	98	258	150	220	66	314	314
8 or more rooms	209	70	221	171	126	76	169	190	164	54	360	209
Median, occupied housing units	5.2	5.2	5.5	4.8	5.1	4.9	5.2	5.3	5.0	4.9	6.3	5.4
Median, owner-occupied housing units	5.5	5.4	6.0	5.5	5.3	5.3	5.7	5.9	5.1	5.0	6.4	6.0
Median, renter-occupied housing units	4.1	4.3	4.3	3.4	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2	5.3	4.3
UNITS IN STRUCTURE												
1, detached	1 544	851	1 639	1 291	1 216	849	1 496	1 181	1 802	594	1 422	1 624
1, attached	24	7	54	56	30	23	12	41	12	5	8	54
2	7	5	4	53	15	32	41	55	5	1	4	4
3 or 4	76	57	259	16	61	4	59	39	6	6	4	259
5 to 9	176	2	97	10	12	7	37	24	6	9	97	97
10 to 19	115	2	146	36	12	12	49	24	1	12	1	146
20 to 49	59	27	120	36	—	—	43	—	—	—	—	120
50 or more	—	50	62	232	—	—	157	—	—	—	—	62
Mobile home or trailer	478	99	10	239	307	138	136	14	465	263	105	9
Other	20	18	7	31	16	22	20	24	41	15	11	7
PERSONS IN UNIT												
1 person	412	236	440	661	288	215	343	450	303	108	163	437
2 persons	734	368	672	598	471	372	636	461	621	235	448	664
3 persons	503	220	502	333	383	203	447	219	497	172	335	501
4 persons	485	170	500	221	292	175	353	144	494	216	368	499
5 persons	245	87	93	106	146	72	183	76	266	109	177	193
6 or more persons	120	36	120	52	89	50	88	36	151	65	63	88
Median, occupied housing units	2.71	2.38	2.67	2.04	2.70	2.38	2.60	2.03	2.99	3.14	3.00	2.68
Median, owner-occupied housing units	2.92	2.43	2.98	2.20	2.72	2.36	2.78	2.04	2.99	3.15	2.98	2.99
Median, renter-occupied housing units	2.24	2.18	2.20	1.64	2.64	2.47	2.28	2.00	2.96	3.08	3.10	2.20
PERSONS PER ROOM												
1.00 or less	2 354	1 067	2 342	1 879	1 567	1 022	1 947	1 340	2 108	779	1 521	2 326
1.01 to 1.50	112	39	39	62	85	48	76	28	165	96	28	39
1.51 or more	33	17	17	30	17	17	27	18	59	30	5	17
Mean	.56	.51	.51	.49	.55	.53	.53	.42	.61	.64	.48	.52
VALUE												
Specified owner-occupied housing units	1 237	648	1 400	918	939	639	1 198	799	1 416	443	1 180	1 386
Less than \$20,000	29	16	2	48	77	55	22	22	206	64	13	2
\$20,000 to \$39,999	272	176	84	244	313	260	208	179	467	125	47	84
\$40,000 to \$59,999	474	310	598	292	293	177	496	238	386	128	183	598
\$60,000 to \$79,999	265	99	576	195	136	86	346	175	187	74	335	576
\$80,000 to \$99,999	102	21	107	58	60	35	94	76	85	27	348	101
\$100,000 to \$149,999	74	21	21	52	41	15	22	61	60	17	192	19
\$150,000 to \$199,999	14	5	7	16	15	8	5	20	15	6	41	5
\$200,000 to \$249,999	—	—	3	5	4	3	2	12	4	1	14	1
\$250,000 to \$299,999	2	—	1	5	—	—	1	1	4	1	2	—
\$300,000 or more	1	—	1	3	—	—	2	15	2	—	5	—
Median (dollars)	52 200	46 800	60 300	49 500	44 400	40 300	53 400	54 900	41 500	44 500	80 600	60 200
Mean (dollars)	59 500	50 900	62 200	58 500	51 100	47 300	57 400	72 400	48 500	49 600	86 200	61 300
CONTRACT RENT												
Specified renter-occupied housing units	712	323	890	786	424	296	651	492	235	144	149	890
Median contract rent (dollars)	304	329	314	184	219	213	289	227	200	209	403	314
Mean contract rent (dollars)	315	302	332	196	243	215	284	234	199	210	394	332
With meals included in rent	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	1	—	—	—	—
Mean contract rent (dollars)	—	—	—	—	—	113	387	113	—	—	127	—
No meals included in rent	669	293	871	732	381	251	614	454	154	71	871	871
No cash rent	43	30	19	54	43	44	36	37	81	73	22	19

Table 10. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990** — Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Houma city, Terrebonne Parish				Remainder of Terrebonne Parish						
	Tract 5 (pt.)	Tract 7 (pt.)	Tract 8 (pt.)	Tract 9 (pt.)	Tract 1	Tract 6 (pt.)	Tract 11	Tract 12 (pt.)	Tract 13 (pt.)	Tract 14	Tract 16
Occupied housing units -----	1 345	970	2 047	1 386	1 876	912	1 019	2 332	803	881	665
TENURE											
Owner-occupied housing units -----	723	676	1 392	883	1 478	706	898	2 087	677	736	562
Percent of occupied housing units -----	53.8	69.7	68.0	63.7	78.8	77.4	88.1	89.5	84.3	83.5	84.5
Renter-occupied housing units -----	622	294	655	503	398	206	121	245	126	145	103
Percent of occupied housing units -----	46.2	30.3	32.0	36.3	21.2	22.6	11.9	10.5	15.7	16.5	15.5
ROOMS											
1 room -----	140	3	11	17	5	4	8	4	8	3	4
2 rooms -----	139	34	50	34	38	18	41	93	32	18	15
3 rooms -----	131	72	148	115	192	58	79	192	94	52	43
4 rooms -----	198	296	428	250	411	191	227	534	182	205	155
5 rooms -----	256	270	543	335	579	247	318	688	237	250	214
6 rooms -----	234	182	442	190	340	190	211	437	140	175	122
7 rooms -----	142	65	258	150	201	106	85	220	59	86	56
8 or more rooms -----	105	48	167	179	179	98	50	164	51	92	56
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----	4.8	4.8	5.2	5.3	5.1	5.2	5.0	5.0	4.9	5.1	5.0
Median, renter-occupied housing units -----	5.9	5.1	5.7	5.9	5.3	5.5	5.0	5.1	5.0	5.3	5.1
Median, renter-occupied housing units -----	2.9	4.1	4.2	4.2	4.3	4.1	4.7	4.2	4.3	4.6	4.6
UNITS IN STRUCTURE											
1, detached -----	893	750	1 494	1 181	1 226	554	740	1 802	517	615	347
1, attached -----	51	20	12	41	11	6	5	12	5	12	5
2 -----	52	32	41	55	9	2	7	5	1	13	1
3 or 4 -----	13	4	39	39	85	55	39	6	1	1	1
5 to 9 -----	9	7	37	8	9	12	1	1	1	1	2
10 to 19 -----	6	12	49	24	1	11	1	1	4	1	1
20 to 49 -----	25	43	157	14	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
50 or more -----	232	125	135	14	514	265	256	465	263	228	303
Mobile home or trailer -----	39	20	20	24	21	7	11	41	12	11	6
Other -----	25	20	20	24							
PERSONS IN UNIT											
1 person -----	550	205	343	450	312	116	175	303	88	98	91
2 persons -----	411	334	634	461	560	232	255	621	216	179	188
3 persons -----	178	178	446	219	382	219	207	497	188	188	150
4 persons -----	115	151	353	144	371	194	208	494	188	192	136
5 persons -----	65	60	183	60	164	76	93	266	102	139	69
6 or more persons -----	26	42	88	36	87	55	81	151	59	85	38
Median, occupied housing units -----	1.80	2.34	2.60	2.03	2.67	2.99	2.88	2.99	3.15	3.37	2.87
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----	2.01	2.29	2.78	2.04	2.81	3.10	2.83	2.99	3.11	3.36	2.92
Median, renter-occupied housing units -----	1.50-	2.49	2.28	2.00	2.27	2.63	3.24	2.96	3.41	3.40	2.57
PERSONS PER ROOM											
1.00 or less -----	1 291	910	1 944	1 340	1 789	850	902	2 108	683	787	611
1.01 to 1.50 -----	36	46	76	28	67	53	72	165	90	72	37
1.51 or more -----	18	14	27	18	20	9	45	59	30	22	17
Mean -----	.46	.54	.53	.42	.54	.57	.62	.61	.65	.62	.58
VALUE											
Specified owner-occupied housing units -----	646	547	1 196	799	906	473	586	1 416	374	414	237
Less than \$20,000 -----	26	55	22	22	43	16	108	206	64	53	29
\$20,000 to \$39,999 -----	164	179	208	179	178	174	161	467	122	119	66
\$40,000 to \$59,999 -----	228	160	496	238	308	174	80	386	86	100	63
\$60,000 to \$79,999 -----	150	52	345	175	199	105	78	187	57	64	35
\$80,000 to \$99,999 -----	35	15	94	76	93	56	39	85	22	44	20
\$100,000 to \$149,999 -----	32	5	21	61	52	40	16	60	25	26	21
\$150,000 to \$199,999 -----	7	3	5	20	21	15	3	15	6	4	1
\$200,000 to \$249,999 -----	1	2	2	12	3	4	1	4	1	2	2
\$250,000 to \$299,999 -----	1	1	1	15	6	1	1	2	1	1	1
\$300,000 or more -----	49 600	37 500	53 400	54 900	53 900	56 800	42 200	41 500	40 200	45 900	47 600
Median (dollars) -----	56 100	40 900	57 300	72 400	63 600	66 400	45 700	48 500	47 900	54 700	54 200
Mean (dollars) -----											
CONTRACT RENT											
Specified renter-occupied housing units -----	618	289	651	492	379	205	117	235	116	124	93
Median contract rent (dollars) -----	172	242	289	227	239	239	250	200	255	255	151
Mean contract rent (dollars) -----	192	213	284	234	248	273	241	199	191	245	169
With meals included in rent -----											
Median contract rent (dollars) -----	113	113	387	113	113	113	113	113	113	113	113
Mean contract rent (dollars) -----	583	247	614	454	324	194	79	154	65	94	63
No meals included in rent -----	35	41	36	37	55	11	38	81	51	30	30
No cash rent -----											

Table 11. **Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1990** — Con.

Table 11. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Lafourche Parish		Terrebonne Parish		Totals for split tracts/8NA's in Lafourche Parish				Thibodaux city, Lafourche Parish			
	Thibodaux city		Boyou Cane CDP		Haouma city		Tract 204	Tract 205	Tract 207	Tract 201	Tract 204 (pt.)	Tract 205 (pt.)
	Total	Thibodaux city	Total	Boyou Cane CDP	Haouma city	Tract 204	Tract 205	Tract 207	Tract 201	Tract 204 (pt.)	Tract 205 (pt.)	
HOUMA-THIBODAUX, LA MSA	7 781	1 239	4 708	354	2 245	491	651	403	201	491	345	
TENURE												
Owner-occupied housing units	1 465	452	2 880	119	1 133	209	257	147	72	209	104	
Percent of occupied housing units	47.7	36.5	61.2	33.6	50.5	42.6	39.5	36.5	35.8	42.6	30.1	
Renter-occupied housing units	1 608	787	1 828	235	1 112	282	394	256	129	282	241	
Percent of occupied housing units	52.3	63.5	38.8	66.4	49.5	57.4	60.5	63.5	64.2	57.4	69.9	
ROOMS												
1 room	30	13	61	3	43	4	1	4	4	4	1	
2 rooms	142	62	160	13	97	23	15	22	13	23	9	
3 rooms	420	203	514	63	301	76	75	62	43	76	47	
4 rooms	826	350	1 176	111	580	135	169	150	57	135	99	
5 rooms	863	305	1 168	83	552	123	202	84	49	123	94	
6 rooms	460	175	635	50	363	67	123	47	14	67	73	
7 rooms	198	77	275	17	169	41	41	17	13	41	13	
8 or more rooms	134	54	188	14	140	22	25	17	8	22	9	
Median, occupied housing units	4.6	4.5	4.8	4.4	4.7	4.6	4.8	4.3	4.2	4.6	4.7	
Median, owner-occupied housing units	5.2	5.4	5.3	5.3	5.5	5.3	5.5	5.0	4.9	5.3	5.7	
Median, renter-occupied housing units	4.1	4.1	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.1	4.3	4.0	3.8	4.1	4.3	
UNITS IN STRUCTURE												
1, detached	1 508	639	2 696	133	1 324	290	235	157	122	290	118	
1, attached	133	67	120	5	95	27	29	37	13	27	14	
2	460	241	356	5	329	78	195	28	13	78	124	
3 or 4	148	58	257	74	111	16	21	28	15	16	13	
5 to 9	48	35	146	41	33	10	14	11	3	10	10	
10 to 19	153	68	85	27	35	1	28	4	12	1	19	
20 to 49	15	2	20	20	60	-	1	14	-	-	1	
50 or more	38	38	62	2	60	-	38	-	-	-	38	
Mobile home or trailer	594	81	890	44	219	58	78	85	7	58	2	
Other	61	35	76	3	39	11	12	2	16	11	6	
PERSONS IN UNIT												
1 person	1 358	236	848	81	414	103	75	62	50	103	42	
2 persons	1 516	252	909	63	459	100	120	77	50	100	59	
3 persons	1 541	266	886	69	441	95	149	98	46	95	80	
4 persons	1 465	195	900	73	388	77	137	82	13	77	66	
5 persons	926	127	553	38	248	53	79	47	16	53	41	
6 or more persons	975	163	612	30	295	63	91	37	26	63	57	
Median, occupied housing units	3.16	2.99	3.17	2.98	3.07	2.95	3.38	3.14	2.51	2.95	3.39	
Median, owner-occupied housing units	3.27	3.07	3.29	3.10	3.10	3.04	3.45	3.21	2.40	3.04	3.83	
Median, renter-occupied housing units	3.04	2.95	3.01	2.91	3.03	2.88	3.34	3.10	2.58	2.88	3.22	
PERSONS PER ROOM												
1.00 or less	6 567	1 022	3 996	312	1 886	403	540	336	168	403	278	
1.01 to 1.50	820	139	501	24	252	59	68	42	21	59	41	
1.51 or more	394	78	211	18	107	29	43	25	12	29	26	
Mean	.69	.72	.68	.67	.69	.69	.75	.74	.69	.69	.79	
VALUE												
Specified owner-occupied housing units	2 818	351	1 918	81	892	147	176	67	53	147	93	
Less than \$20,000	473	56	301	14	116	35	7	10	11	35	1	
\$20,000 to \$39,999	881	126	570	14	305	53	55	17	22	53	33	
\$40,000 to \$59,999	876	101	636	30	290	34	76	18	12	34	45	
\$60,000 to \$79,999	374	35	269	20	121	12	29	7	4	12	10	
\$80,000 to \$99,999	141	27	86	3	36	12	7	10	4	12	4	
\$100,000 to \$149,999	45	3	33	-	12	-	2	4	-	-	-	
\$150,000 to \$199,999	15	2	11	-	6	-	-	1	-	-	-	
\$200,000 to \$249,999	8	-	4	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	
\$250,000 or more	1	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	
Median (dollars)	41 100	38 800	42 400	48 400	41 500	34 000	48 300	45 600	31 600	34 000	46 800	
Mean (dollars)	44 500	43 300	45 900	46 100	45 900	39 300	48 100	52 700	37 900	39 300	46 400	
CONTRACT RENT												
Specified renter-occupied housing units	3 347	767	1 784	232	1 089	273	387	252	124	273	237	
Median contract rent (dollars)	173	168	201	280	177	161	115	167	172	161	139	
Mean contract rent (dollars)	179	170	200	289	177	162	142	167	187	162	150	
With meals included in rent	14	5	7	-	4	2	3	1	-	2	3	
Median contract rent (dollars)	153	147	157	-	188	200	112	187	-	200	112	
Mean contract rent (dollars)	153	148	160	221	106	234	367	208	118	234	232	
No meals included in rent	2 985	700	1 606	221	1 026	234	367	187	118	234	232	
No cash rent	348	177	171	11	59	37	17	43	6	37	2	

Table 11. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1990 — Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Lafourche Parish					Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Terrebonne Parish							
	Tract 205 (pt.)	Tract 207 (pt.)	Tract 209	Tract 215	Tract 218	Tract 2	Tract 3	Tract 4	Tract 5	Tract 6	Tract 7	Tract 8	
Occupied housing units -----	306	287	392	160	286	147	257	165	348	220	976	204	
TENURE													
Owner-occupied housing units -----	153	101	273	86	144	47	161	24	208	134	500	94	
Percent of occupied housing units -----	50.0	35.2	69.6	53.8	50.3	32.0	62.6	14.5	59.8	60.9	51.2	46.1	
Renter-occupied housing units -----	153	186	119	74	142	100	96	141	140	86	476	110	
Percent of occupied housing units -----	50.0	64.8	30.4	46.3	49.7	68.0	37.4	85.5	40.2	39.1	48.8	53.9	
ROOMS													
1 room -----	—	3	2	1	9	—	4	—	29	—	4	2	
2 rooms -----	6	15	18	8	15	8	6	7	18	—	30	9	
3 rooms -----	28	41	41	22	39	32	37	27	37	17	110	24	
4 rooms -----	70	115	96	63	71	50	54	69	65	62	283	69	
5 rooms -----	108	62	111	37	83	33	58	37	91	73	256	55	
6 rooms -----	50	34	73	17	52	16	54	15	52	38	166	25	
7 rooms -----	28	11	36	2	11	3	27	6	33	17	73	10	
8 or more rooms -----	16	6	15	10	6	3	24	4	23	11	54	10	
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----	5.0	4.2	4.9	4.7	4.6	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.8	4.9	4.7	4.5	
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----	5.4	4.9	5.1	4.8	4.9	5.2	5.7	5.4	5.4	5.4	5.5	5.0	
Median, renter-occupied housing units -----	4.5	4.0	4.0	4.6	4.2	3.9	4.0	4.1	3.5	4.1	4.1	4.1	
UNITS IN STRUCTURE													
1, detached -----	117	82	232	65	129	42	192	30	227	117	508	62	
1, attached -----	15	30	5	2	8	—	8	1	8	5	41	1	
2 -----	71	19	31	39	50	4	13	2	13	8	216	4	
3 or 4 -----	8	56	4	—	7	8	7	69	10	37	54	16	
5 to 9 -----	4	2	—	1	—	49	—	34	—	15	16	14	
10 to 19 -----	9	4	—	1	4	15	—	14	2	10	13	11	
20 to 49 -----	—	13	—	—	—	1	7	12	—	—	—	—	
50 or more -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	27	—	—	33	
Mobile home or trailer -----	76	80	113	51	84	28	25	2	40	27	116	59	
Other -----	6	1	7	1	4	—	4	—	10	1	12	4	
PERSONS IN UNIT													
1 person -----	33	36	68	22	37	26	62	35	71	21	136	36	
2 persons -----	61	52	86	35	43	24	53	26	80	30	191	41	
3 persons -----	69	73	74	36	67	26	54	34	66	47	193	39	
4 persons -----	71	60	72	27	61	33	44	39	63	49	177	42	
5 persons -----	38	38	55	25	39	24	19	31	31	38	122	26	
6 or more persons -----	34	28	37	15	39	14	25	17	37	35	157	20	
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----	3.36	3.26	3.07	3.14	3.44	3.40	2.75	3.13	2.85	3.74	3.33	3.14	
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----	3.15	3.40	3.16	3.13	3.72	3.79	2.57	3.83	3.07	3.95	3.18	3.45	
Median, renter-occupied housing units -----	3.51	3.19	2.88	3.15	3.16	3.07	3.08	3.00	2.57	3.36	3.50	2.85	
PERSONS PER ROOM													
1.00 or less -----	262	233	342	138	228	118	230	141	310	176	791	170	
1.01 to 1.50 -----	27	34	36	13	35	23	16	14	25	31	134	25	
1.51 or more -----	17	20	14	9	23	80	11	10	13	13	51	9	
Mean -----	.70	.78	.67	.70	.80	.80	.57	.72	.66	.76	.73	.71	
VALUE													
Specified owner-occupied housing units -----	83	29	167	47	73	31	126	21	165	103	389	42	
Less than \$20,000 -----	6	4	48	8	17	—	24	—	14	1	55	3	
\$20,000 to \$39,999 -----	22	5	68	22	34	10	33	—	61	19	142	4	
\$40,000 to \$59,999 -----	31	12	35	9	14	17	35	7	65	60	120	19	
\$60,000 to \$79,999 -----	19	3	9	6	6	2	27	13	17	17	45	11	
\$80,000 to \$99,999 -----	3	4	4	2	1	1	4	1	5	5	16	2	
\$100,000 to \$149,999 -----	2	1	2	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	4	—	
\$150,000 to \$199,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
\$200,000 to \$249,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
\$250,000 to \$299,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
\$300,000 or more -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Median (dollars) -----	50 800	47 500	28 200	33 800	30 800	45 400	44 300	63 500	42 900	50 600	39 700	54 000	
Mean (dollars) -----	49 900	49 600	33 300	38 400	33 900	48 200	46 500	66 800	46 000	52 100	43 600	68 800	
CONTRACT RENT													
Specified renter-occupied housing units -----	150	183	115	73	137	100	93	140	138	84	465	109	
Median contract rent (dollars) -----	80-	131	101	80-	103	221	200	276	184	259	123	264	
Mean contract rent (dollars) -----	129	142	109	96	123	250	223	286	186	265	149	288	
With meals included in rent -----	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	
Mean contract rent (dollars) -----	—	187	92	66	113	99	80	138	132	82	263	105	
No meals included in rent -----	135	150	—	—	124	—	—	—	—	—	445	—	
No cash rent -----	15	32	23	7	12	1	13	2	6	2	19	4	

Table 11. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1990 — Con.

Table 11. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1990 — Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Terrebonne Parish—Con.		Houma city, Terrebonne Parish					Remainder of Terrebonne Parish				
	Tract 9	Tract 12	Tract 3 (pt.)	Tract 5 (pt.)	Tract 7 (pt.)	Tract 8 (pt.)	Tract 9 (pt.)	Tract 1	Tract 6 (pt.)	Tract 12 (pt.)	Tract 14	Tract 16
Occupied housing units -----	556	163	166	301	961	204	556	701	207	163	231	421
TENURE												
Owner-occupied housing units -----	221	153	111	176	485	94	221	544	127	153	206	341
Percent of occupied housing units -----	39.7	93.9	66.9	58.5	50.5	46.1	39.7	77.6	61.4	93.9	89.2	81.0
Renter-occupied housing units -----	335	10	55	125	476	110	335	157	80	10	25	80
Percent of occupied housing units -----	60.3	6.1	33.1	41.5	49.5	53.9	60.3	22.4	38.6	6.1	10.8	19.0
ROOMS												
1 room -----	7	2	2	28	4	2	7	5	1	2	3	1
2 rooms -----	35	9	5	17	30	9	35	29	1	2	3	7
3 rooms -----	115	24	18	30	110	24	115	53	14	2	10	34
4 rooms -----	139	45	30	55	283	69	139	172	61	45	42	84
5 rooms -----	111	55	37	77	256	55	111	219	69	55	70	130
6 rooms -----	85	28	37	42	160	25	85	117	35	28	70	86
7 rooms -----	32	18	20	31	69	10	32	73	16	18	25	44
8 or more rooms -----	32	13	17	21	49	10	32	33	11	13	11	35
Median, occupied housing units -----	4.4	5.1	5.3	4.8	4.7	4.5	4.4	4.9	4.9	5.1	5.4	5.1
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----	5.4	5.1	5.9	5.4	5.5	5.0	5.4	5.1	5.4	5.1	5.4	5.2
Median, renter-occupied housing units -----	3.8	5.0	3.8	3.5	4.1	4.1	3.8	4.1	4.1	5.0	4.8	5.0
UNITS IN STRUCTURE												
1, detached -----	376	92	132	208	493	62	376	428	105	92	156	245
1, attached -----	30	3	4	19	41	1	30	6	5	3	3	1
2 -----	85	—	11	12	216	4	85	8	7	—	—	3
3 or 4 -----	26	—	6	8	54	16	26	19	37	—	—	6
5 to 9 -----	3	—	—	—	16	14	3	10	15	—	1	3
10 to 19 -----	9	—	—	2	13	10	9	2	10	—	—	—
20 to 49 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
50 or more -----	—	—	—	27	—	33	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mobile home or trailer -----	16	62	11	16	116	59	16	223	27	62	60	158
Other -----	11	6	2	9	12	4	11	5	1	6	11	5
PERSONS IN UNIT												
1 person -----	135	27	37	65	134	36	135	109	17	27	31	94
2 persons -----	121	39	35	68	190	41	121	117	30	39	44	82
3 persons -----	108	34	31	61	190	39	108	130	45	34	35	78
4 persons -----	79	20	30	51	170	42	79	157	48	20	53	76
5 persons -----	59	17	12	22	121	26	59	93	35	17	36	44
6 or more persons -----	54	26	21	34	156	20	54	95	32	26	32	47
Median, occupied housing units -----	2.70	2.96	2.85	2.79	3.14	3.14	2.70	3.46	3.74	2.96	3.60	2.94
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----	2.89	3.00	2.73	2.96	3.15	3.45	2.89	3.54	3.91	3.00	3.65	2.96
Median, renter-occupied housing units -----	2.61	2.70	3.29	2.56	3.50	2.85	2.61	3.15	3.40	2.70	3.00	2.89
PERSONS PER ROOM												
1.00 or less -----	478	139	144	267	777	170	478	606	166	139	195	369
1.01 to 1.50 -----	52	15	13	23	133	25	52	67	29	15	28	38
1.51 or more -----	26	9	9	11	51	7	26	28	12	9	14	14
Mean -----	.66	.65	.59	.66	.74	.71	.66	.70	.76	.65	.67	.59
VALUE												
Specified owner-occupied housing units -----	187	85	92	154	374	42	187	325	96	85	130	150
Less than \$20,000 -----	35	17	10	13	55	3	35	45	1	17	26	49
\$20,000 to \$39,999 -----	69	23	31	55	142	4	69	96	15	23	45	39
\$40,000 to \$59,999 -----	55	28	25	62	120	19	55	120	57	28	34	33
\$60,000 to \$79,999 -----	20	12	20	17	38	11	20	41	17	12	15	18
\$80,000 to \$99,999 -----	6	4	3	4	13	2	6	15	5	4	5	8
\$100,000 to \$149,999 -----	1	—	1	1	3	2	1	5	1	—	4	3
\$150,000 to \$199,999 -----	1	1	2	1	3	—	1	1	—	1	1	—
\$200,000 to \$249,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$250,000 to \$299,999 -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$300,000 or more -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars) -----	36,900	42,100	45,600	43,500	38,700	54,000	36,900	43,100	51,100	42,100	37,900	32,900
Mean (dollars) -----	39,900	43,200	50,300	46,400	41,600	68,800	39,900	45,800	53,100	43,200	43,100	37,400
CONTRACT RENT												
Specified renter-occupied housing units -----	329	10	53	124	465	109	329	149	80	10	24	74
Median contract rent (dollars) -----	172	238	171	179	123	264	172	200	259	238	208	161
Mean contract rent (dollars) -----	178	221	182	183	149	268	178	204	265	221	188	160
With meals included in rent -----	3	—	—	1	1	—	3	2	—	—	—	—
Mean contract rent (dollars) -----	163	—	—	119	263	—	163	119	—	—	16	—
No meals included in rent -----	300	3	48	119	445	105	300	120	78	3	16	44
No cash rent -----	26	7	5	5	19	4	26	27	2	7	8	30

Table 12. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Houma-Thibodaux, LA MSA		Lafourche Parish		Terrebonne Parish		Lafourche Parish		Totals for split tracts/ BNAs in Terrebonne Parish		Remainder of Terrebonne Parish	
	1 672	475	Total	Houma city	Tract 216	Tract 13	Tract 11	Tract 13 (pt.)	Tract 14	Tract 11	Tract 13 (pt.)	Tract 14
TENURE												
Owner-occupied housing units	1 207	355	852	113	101	370	144	364	370	161	472	90
Percent of occupied housing units	72.2	74.7	71.2	45.9	87.1	77.2	89.4	77.1	77.2	89.4	77.1	78
Renter-occupied housing units	465	120	345	133	15	109	17	108	109	10.6	22.9	12
Percent of occupied housing units	27.8	25.3	28.8	54.1	12.9	22.8	10.6	22.9	22.8	10.6	22.9	13.3
ROOMS												
1 room	26	9	17	6	2	6	4	6	6	4	6	—
2 rooms	112	33	79	19	5	36	9	36	36	9	36	7
3 rooms	226	59	167	29	12	70	19	70	70	19	70	10
4 rooms	459	142	317	68	37	125	49	124	125	49	124	22
5 rooms	467	123	344	66	32	147	38	143	147	38	143	29
6 rooms	230	65	165	38	15	62	24	61	62	24	61	13
7 rooms	85	29	56	6	8	21	10	21	21	10	21	3
8 or more rooms	67	15	52	14	5	12	8	11	12	8	11	6
Median, owner-occupied housing units	4.5	4.5	4.6	4.5	4.6	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.7
Median, owner-occupied housing units	4.7	4.7	4.7	5.1	4.6	4.7	4.5	4.7	4.7	4.5	4.7	4.7
Median, renter-occupied housing units	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.3	3.9	4.4	3.9	3.9	4.4	3.9	4.8
UNITS IN STRUCTURE												
1, detached	912	263	649	150	59	248	104	241	248	104	241	41
2, attached	27	6	21	8	1	3	5	3	3	5	3	2
3 or 4	28	12	16	12	—	3	—	3	3	—	3	1
5 to 9	21	3	18	8	—	1	—	1	1	—	1	—
10 to 19	9	1	8	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
20 to 49	13	1	12	7	—	1	—	1	1	—	1	—
50 or more	5	—	5	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mobile home or trailer	9	—	9	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other	616	178	438	45	52	209	51	209	209	51	209	46
Median, renter-occupied housing units	32	11	21	2	4	14	1	14	14	1	14	—
PERSONS IN UNIT												
1 person	176	51	125	34	5	32	19	32	32	19	32	16
2 persons	284	87	197	45	23	83	23	81	83	23	81	16
3 persons	321	93	228	58	19	78	25	78	78	25	78	16
4 persons	336	95	241	36	22	102	39	100	102	39	100	13
5 persons	263	86	198	37	18	86	26	83	86	26	83	13
6 or more persons	292	84	208	36	29	98	29	98	98	29	98	16
Median, owner-occupied housing units	3.66	3.57	3.70	3.26	4.00	3.96	3.85	3.95	3.96	3.85	3.95	3.31
Median, owner-occupied housing units	3.79	3.70	3.82	3.30	4.03	4.02	3.90	4.01	4.02	3.90	4.01	3.58
Median, renter-occupied housing units	3.35	3.18	3.40	3.23	3.92	3.74	3.38	3.73	3.74	3.38	3.73	2.17
PERSONS PER ROOM												
1.00 or less	1 244	360	884	194	81	330	119	323	330	119	323	71
1.01 to 1.50	262	77	185	33	21	81	21	81	81	21	81	11
1.51 or more	166	38	128	19	14	68	21	68	68	21	68	8
Mean	.89	.88	.89	.81	.94	.95	.81	.95	.95	.81	.95	.93
VALUE												
Specified owner-occupied housing units	645	194	451	81	51	179	90	173	179	90	173	29
Less than \$20,000	194	54	140	11	24	69	41	69	69	41	69	14
\$20,000 to \$39,999	224	73	151	31	11	73	27	72	73	27	72	8
\$40,000 to \$59,999	146	42	104	28	11	25	15	21	25	15	21	7
\$60,000 to \$79,999	62	20	42	8	4	10	5	10	10	5	10	—
\$80,000 to \$99,999	9	3	6	1	1	2	—	2	2	—	2	—
\$100,000 to \$149,999	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$150,000 to \$199,999	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$200,000 to \$249,999	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$250,000 to \$299,999	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$300,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars)	31 000	30 800	31 100	39 300	21 300	24 500	22 500	23 800	24 500	22 500	23 800	22 500
Mean (dollars)	35 200	34 300	35 600	41 400	28 100	28 300	29 100	27 500	28 300	29 100	27 500	26 600
CONTRACT RENT												
Specified renter-occupied housing units	456	120	336	133	15	105	17	104	105	17	104	10
Median contract rent (dollars)	211	182	219	235	219	191	205	189	191	205	189	169
Mean contract rent (dollars)	217	188	227	234	217	192	193	189	192	193	189	163
With meals included in rent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median contract rent (dollars)	113	113	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No meals included in rent	388	101	287	130	9	74	10	73	74	10	73	7
No cash rent	67	18	49	3	6	31	7	31	31	7	31	3

Table 15. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder

Table 13. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Houma-Thibodaux, LA MSA	Lafourche Parish	Terrebonne Parish
Occupied housing units -----	288	135	153
TENURE			
Owner-occupied housing units -----	110	59	51
Percent of occupied housing units -----	38.2	43.7	33.3
Renter-occupied housing units -----	178	76	102
Percent of occupied housing units -----	61.8	56.3	66.7
ROOMS			
1 room -----	3	1	2
2 rooms -----	19	14	5
3 rooms -----	62	44	18
4 rooms -----	92	24	68
5 rooms -----	51	19	32
6 rooms -----	30	10	20
7 rooms -----	14	10	4
8 or more rooms -----	17	13	4
Median, occupied housing units -----	4.2	3.9	4.3
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----	5.2	5.3	5.2
Median, renter-occupied housing units -----	3.8	3.4	4.0
UNITS IN STRUCTURE			
1, detached -----	127	71	56
1, attached -----	11	9	2
2 -----	17	12	5
3 or 4 -----	24	7	17
5 to 9 -----	22	2	20
10 to 19 -----	35	5	30
20 to 49 -----	1	—	1
50 or more -----	2	—	2
Mobile home or trailer -----	42	24	18
Other -----	7	5	2
PERSONS IN UNIT			
1 person -----	35	18	17
2 persons -----	27	11	16
3 persons -----	42	17	25
4 persons -----	53	23	30
5 persons -----	37	17	20
6 or more persons -----	94	49	45
Median, occupied housing units -----	4.25	4.43	4.12
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----	4.24	4.89	3.84
Median, renter-occupied housing units -----	4.27	4.08	4.43
PERSONS PER ROOM			
1.00 or less -----	165	74	91
1.01 to 1.50 -----	52	20	32
1.51 or more -----	71	41	30
Mean -----	1.06	1.12	1.02
VALUE			
Specified owner-occupied housing units -----	78	41	37
Less than \$20,000 -----	15	6	9
\$20,000 to \$39,999 -----	22	10	12
\$40,000 to \$59,999 -----	11	7	4
\$60,000 to \$79,999 -----	16	8	8
\$80,000 to \$99,999 -----	6	3	3
\$100,000 to \$149,999 -----	5	4	1
\$150,000 to \$199,999 -----	1	1	—
\$200,000 to \$249,999 -----	—	—	—
\$250,000 to \$299,999 -----	2	2	—
\$300,000 or more -----	61	67	53
Median (dollars) -----	83	100	800
Mean (dollars) -----	600	500	900
CONTRACT RENT			
Specified renter-occupied housing units -----	173	72	101
Median contract rent (dollars) -----	247	202	260
Mean contract rent (dollars) -----	243	198	273
With meals included in rent -----	—	—	—
Median contract rent (dollars) -----	—	—	—
No meals included in rent -----	165	67	98
No cash rent -----	8	5	3

Table 14. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With an Hispanic Origin Householder: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Houma-Thibodaux, LA MSA		Terrebonne Parish	
	Houma-Thibodaux, LA MSA	Lafourche Parish	Total	Houma city
Occupied housing units	821	399	422	145
TENURE				
Owner-occupied housing units	554	283	271	84
Percent of occupied housing units	67.5	70.9	64.2	57.9
Renter-occupied housing units	267	116	151	61
Percent of occupied housing units	32.5	29.1	35.8	42.1
ROOMS				
1 room	14	3	11	10
2 rooms	43	20	23	11
3 rooms	96	45	51	14
4 rooms	195	92	103	32
5 rooms	185	95	90	30
6 rooms	149	71	78	27
7 rooms	75	39	36	12
8 or more rooms	64	34	30	9
Median, occupied housing units	4.8	4.9	4.8	4.7
Median, owner-occupied housing units	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.4
Median, renter-occupied housing units	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.7
UNITS IN STRUCTURE				
1, detached	536	282	254	100
1, attached	9	5	4	2
2	14	6	8	7
3 or 4	33	16	17	5
5 to 9	19	5	14	2
10 to 19	23	10	13	1
20 to 49	7	2	5	-
50 or more	13	1	12	10
Mobile home or trailer	149	65	84	12
Other	18	7	11	6
PERSONS IN UNIT				
1 person	162	88	74	36
2 persons	225	122	103	30
3 persons	150	69	81	31
4 persons	139	52	87	30
5 persons	86	40	46	10
6 or more persons	59	28	31	8
Median, occupied housing units	2.66	2.41	2.92	2.71
Median, owner-occupied housing units	2.76	2.48	3.07	2.72
Median, renter-occupied housing units	2.45	2.22	2.68	2.69
PERSONS PER ROOM				
1.00 or less	726	365	361	127
1.01 to 1.50	52	17	35	12
1.51 or more	43	17	26	6
Mean .....	.63	.60	.66	.62
VALUE				
Specified owner-occupied housing units	384	204	180	66
Less than \$20,000	36	24	12	8
\$20,000 to \$39,999	82	46	36	14
\$40,000 to \$59,999	108	53	55	17
\$60,000 to \$79,999	76	36	40	15
\$80,000 to \$99,999	32	22	10	3
\$100,000 to \$149,999	32	16	16	5
\$150,000 to \$199,999	10	7	3	1
\$200,000 to \$249,999	7	7	3	3
\$250,000 to \$299,999	1	-	1	-
\$300,000 or more	-	-	-	-
Median (dollars)	51,700	50,400	52,800	52,000
Mean (dollars)	61,900	58,000	66,200	63,400
CONTRACT RENT				
Specified renter-occupied housing units	257	112	145	59
Median contract rent (dollars)	228	213	238	181
Mean contract rent (dollars)	233	221	241	191
With meals included in rent	2	1	1	-
Mean contract rent (dollars)	200	287	113	-
No meals included in rent	223	92	131	53
No cash rent	32	19	13	6

Table 15. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White, Not of Hispanic Origin Householder: 1990

Table 15. Occupancy, Utilization, and Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White, Not of Hispanic Origin Householder: 1990

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Houma-Thibodaux, LA MSA		Lafourche Parish		Terrebonne Parish	
	Total	Houma city	Total	Houma city	Total	Houma city
Occupied housing units -----	50 165	24 763			25 402	7 993
TENURE						
Owner-occupied housing units -----	38 940	19 674			19 266	5 544
Percent of occupied housing units -----	77.6	79.4			75.8	69.4
Renter-occupied housing units -----	11 225	5 089			6 136	2 449
Percent of occupied housing units -----	22.4	20.6			24.2	30.6
ROOMS						
1 room -----	338	109			229	166
2 rooms -----	1 490	782			708	270
3 rooms -----	3 997	2 203			1 794	547
4 rooms -----	10 275	5 389			4 886	1 432
5 rooms -----	13 193	6 380			6 813	1 936
6 rooms -----	10 075	4 714			5 361	1 743
7 rooms -----	5 571	2 625			2 946	996
8 or more rooms -----	5 226	2 561			2 665	903
Median, occupied housing units -----	5.2	5.1			5.2	5.3
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----	5.5	5.4			5.6	5.8
Median, renter-occupied housing units -----	4.2	4.1			4.2	4.1
UNITS IN STRUCTURE						
1, detached -----	36 567	18 117			18 450	6 423
1, attached -----	622	302			320	156
2 -----	585	325			260	193
3 or 4 -----	1 275	571			704	142
5 to 9 -----	641	260			381	69
10 to 19 -----	666	258			408	102
20 to 49 -----	320	37			283	68
50 or more -----	511	21			490	380
Mobile home or trailer -----	8 343	4 525			3 818	357
Other -----	635	347			288	103
PERSONS IN UNIT						
1 person -----	8 808	4 312			4 496	1 877
2 persons -----	14 743	7 446			7 297	2 485
3 persons -----	10 407	5 258			5 149	1 501
4 persons -----	9 526	4 677			4 849	1 237
5 persons -----	4 443	2 083			2 360	606
6 or more persons -----	2 238	987			1 251	287
Median, occupied housing units -----	2.65	2.62			2.68	2.35
Median, owner-occupied housing units -----	2.76	2.71			2.80	2.43
Median, renter-occupied housing units -----	2.31	2.30			2.31	2.13
PERSONS PER ROOM						
1.00 or less -----	47 239	23 301			23 938	7 675
1.01 to 1.50 -----	2 179	1 091			1 088	233
1.51 or more -----	747	371			376	85
Mean -----	.54	.54			.54	.49
VALUE						
Specified owner-occupied housing units -----	28 262	13 920			14 342	4 923
Less than \$20,000 -----	1 897	1 085			812	186
\$20,000 to \$39,999 -----	6 285	3 286			2 999	1 090
\$40,000 to \$59,999 -----	8 177	3 790			4 387	1 393
\$60,000 to \$79,999 -----	6 372	3 135			3 237	1 188
\$80,000 to \$99,999 -----	2 767	1 321			1 446	585
\$100,000 to \$149,999 -----	1 867	924			943	330
\$150,000 to \$199,999 -----	513	213			300	89
\$200,000 to \$249,999 -----	161	75			86	25
\$250,000 to \$299,999 -----	103	43			60	13
\$300,000 or more -----	120	48			72	24
Median (dollars) -----	53 500	52 800			54 200	55 700
Mean (dollars) -----	61 600	59 900			63 200	63 900
CONTRACT RENT						
Specified renter-occupied housing units -----	10 830	4 863			5 967	2 414
Median contract rent (dollars) -----	241	213			264	235
Mean contract rent (dollars) -----	250	222			270	244
With meals included in rent -----	9	6			3	3
Mean contract rent (dollars) -----	372	456			204	204
No meals included in rent -----	9 244	3 952			5 292	2 197
No cash rent -----	1 577	905			672	214

Table 16. Selected Ancestry Groups and Persons in Selected Hispanic Origin Groups: 1990

(Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.)

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Houma-Thibodaux, LA MSA		Lafourche Parish		Terrebonne Parish		Totals for split tracts (BNA's in Lafourche Parish)						Thibodaux city, Lafourche Parish		
			Total	Thibodaux city	Total	Boyau Cane CDP	Houma city	Tract 202.02	Tract 203	Tract 204	Tract 205	Tract 206	Tract 207	Tract 201	Tract 202.01
ANCESTRY															
All persons	182 842	14 035	96 982	30 495	193 964	60 990	5 370	1 240	5 022	11 518	4 400	19 552	7 134	3 112	7
Ancestry specified	169 100	13 217	89 434	28 317	158 751	50 990	4 800	1 131	4 628	10 415	3 628	11 713	257	1 479	14
Single ancestry	141 921	11 269	74 084	23 227	137 311	43 333	3 344	83	3 334	7 415	2 091	9 014	3 336	1 170	15
Multiple ancestry	27 179	1 948	15 350	5 090	20 643	7 657	466	6	299	3 000	1 509	2 740	2 758	309	6
Ancestry unclassified or not reported	13 742	818	7 548	2 178	19 509	7 109	667	102	183	662	599	2 497	827	525	7
SELECTED ANCESTRY GROUPS															
Total ancestries reported	365 684	28 070	193 964	60 990	31 752	60 990	5 370	1 240	5 022	11 518	4 400	19 552	7 134	3 112	7
Arab	247	7	118	70	14	20	8	-	-	-	28	10	-	-	-
Austrian	88	7	52	20	14	7	20	-	-	-	-	7	-	-	-
Belgian	59	7	7	7	7	7	7	-	-	-	-	15	-	-	-
Canadian	191	13	126	33	8	33	-	5	-	-	-	13	-	-	-
Czech	32	5	21	8	8	7	-	5	-	-	-	6	-	-	-
Danish	102	19	83	16	8	16	59	6	12	16	3	15	9	-	-
Dutch	744	42	450	221	97	221	289	6	80	167	175	567	114	122	-
English	8 305	543	5 239	2 081	1 082	2 081	289	-	80	167	175	567	114	122	-
Finnish	29	16	13	5	13	5	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
French (except Basque)	34 401	2 696	19 509	7 109	3 246	7 109	667	102	183	662	599	2 497	827	525	7
French Canadian	10 094	933	5 294	1 313	1 186	1 313	44	26	157	210	38	713	257	75	-
German	13 693	1 131	7 524	2 440	1 628	2 440	334	146	83	415	177	777	346	180	-
Greek	129	6	68	32	30	32	6	6	-	-	6	20	-	-	-
Hungarian	64	14	21	8	21	8	6	6	-	-	-	7	6	8	-
Irish	9 172	711	5 477	1 812	1 494	1 812	194	92	30	193	232	489	189	132	-
Italian	6 057	736	2 926	1 089	625	1 089	213	79	72	284	136	235	126	60	-
Lithuanian	11	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lithuanian	192	85	107	19	38	19	20	-	-	28	9	20	14	-	-
Norwegian	547	14	403	95	129	95	21	-	-	28	5	20	14	-	-
Polish	203	13	83	44	20	44	7	-	-	10	-	32	7	-	-
Portuguese	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Romanian	84	6	41	7	34	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Russian	1 167	66	915	352	230	352	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Scotch-Irish	622	71	366	169	85	169	30	-	-	-	48	37	35	11	-
Scottish	166	11	67	32	32	32	8	-	-	-	18	11	6	15	-
Slovak	286	78	190	77	13	77	8	6	6	67	-	-	11	5	-
Subsaharan African	343	99	156	76	76	76	5	13	-	44	-	-	36	6	-
Swedish	89	46	43	27	16	27	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Swiss	9 871	740	5 289	1 546	1 190	1 546	250	31	108	411	71	458	146	42	-
Ukrainian	177	34	76	37	26	37	-	6	-	-	-	-	14	14	-
United States or American	13	4	9	9	-	9	7	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Welsh	42	6	11	6	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
West Indian (excluding Hispanic origin groups)	206 266	17 361	110 943	36 363	15 792	36 363	2 553	660	4 050	7 688	2 241	10 893	3 997	1 567	-
Other ancestries	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PERSONS IN SELECTED HISPANIC ORIGIN GROUPS															
Dominican (Dominican Republic)	143	18	104	34	24	34	-	12	-	-	-	7	6	-	-
Central American	4	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Costa Rican	4	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Guatemalan	47	12	35	30	5	30	-	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Honduran	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nicaraguan	32	6	19	6	19	6	-	-	-	-	-	7	6	-	-
Panamanian	46	-	46	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Solvidaran	10	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Central American, origin not specified	120	16	48	6	22	6	4	-	-	-	-	10	6	-	-
South American	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Argentinean	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Chilean	9	5	22	5	22	5	4	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	-
Colombian	27	5	52	5	22	5	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	-
Ecuadorian	52	5	26	6	26	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Peruvian	26	6	26	6	26	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Venezuelan	6	6	6	6	6	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	-
Other South American	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 16. Selected Ancestry Groups and Persons in Selected Hispanic Origin Groups: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

ANCESTRY	Thibodaux city, Lafourche Parish—Con.					Remainder of Lafourche Parish							
	Tract 202.02 (pt.)	Tract 203 (pt.)	Tract 204 (pt.)	Tract 205 (pt.)	Tract 207 (pt.)	Tract 202.02 (pt.)	Tract 203 (pt.)	Tract 204 (pt.)	Tract 205 (pt.)	Tract 206 (pt.)	Tract 207 (pt.)	Tract 208	Tract 209
Census Tract or Block Numbering Area													
ANCESTRY													
All persons	62	620	2 511	3 004	2 163	2 623	—	—	2 755	1 648	7 613	3 957	2 499
Ancestry specified	62	582	2 395	2 789	2 028	2 440	—	—	2 631	1 545	6 986	3 644	2 224
Single ancestry	50	436	2 271	2 508	1 632	1 760	—	—	2 207	1 139	5 962	3 097	1 891
Multiple ancestry	12	146	124	281	396	680	—	—	424	406	1 024	547	333
Ancestry unclassified or not reported	—	38	116	215	135	183	—	—	124	103	627	313	275
SELECTED ANCESTRY GROUPS													
Total ancestries reported	124	1 240	5 022	6 008	4 326	5 246	—	—	5 510	3 296	15 226	7 914	4 998
Arab	—	—	—	—	7	8	—	—	—	28	10	—	—
Austrian	—	—	—	—	—	20	—	—	—	—	15	—	—
Belgian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Canadian	—	—	—	—	13	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	—
Czech	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	16	3	—	—	—
Danish	—	6	12	6	9	59	—	—	23	15	6	—	5
Dutch	5	—	80	71	132	284	—	—	96	156	435	98	52
English	—	—	—	—	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Finnish	—	—	—	—	—	632	—	—	—	461	1 918	691	397
French (except Basque)	35	102	183	307	579	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
French Canadian	—	—	157	103	295	44	—	—	107	18	418	220	63
German	12	146	83	106	195	322	—	—	309	114	582	473	269
Greek	—	6	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	6	20	—	—
Hungarian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	—	—
Irish	14	92	30	104	133	180	—	—	89	215	356	47	50
Italian	—	79	72	225	146	213	—	—	59	128	89	130	41
Lithuanian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Norwegian	8	—	—	—	—	12	—	—	—	9	—	—	—
Norwegian	—	—	—	—	—	21	—	—	28	5	20	13	—
Polish	—	—	—	—	—	7	—	—	10	—	32	—	27
Portuguese	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Romanian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Russian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Scotch-Irish	—	—	—	—	14	—	—	—	—	42	23	24	—
Scottish	—	—	—	—	50	30	—	—	—	—	17	—	—
Slovak	—	—	—	—	—	8	—	—	—	18	11	—	—
Slovenian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Subsaharan African	—	6	—	67	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Swedish	—	13	—	44	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Swiss	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6
Ukrainian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
United States or American	—	31	108	297	101	250	—	—	114	56	357	300	85
Welsh	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	17	—
West Indian (excluding Hispanic origin groups)	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Yugoslavian	—	6	—	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other ancestries	50	660	4 050	4 115	2 278	2 503	—	—	3 573	1 597	8 615	4 022	3 601
PERSONS IN SELECTED HISPANIC ORIGIN GROUPS													
Dominican (Dominican Republic)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Central American	—	12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	—	—
Costa Rican	—	—	—	—	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Guatemalan	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Honduran	—	12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nicaraguan	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Panamanian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Salvadoran	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	—	—
Central American, origin not specified	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
South American	—	—	—	—	10	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Argentinean	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Chilean	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Colombian	—	—	—	—	5	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ecuadorian	—	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Peruvian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Venezuelan	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other South American	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Table 16. Selected Ancestry Groups and Persons in Selected Hispanic Origin Groups: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

ANCESTRY Area	Remainder of Lofaurche Parish—Con.										Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Terrebonne Parish				
	Tract 210	Tract 211	Tract 212	Tract 213	Tract 214	Tract 215	Tract 216	Tract 217	Tract 218	Tract 219	Tract 2	Tract 3	Tract 4	Tract 5	
ANCESTRY															
All persons	2 806	6 832	4 518	2 515	3 816	5 447	9 002	3 695	5 153	6 946	8 041	4 188	7 559	5 885	
Ancestry specified	2 567	6 378	4 093	2 247	3 590	5 167	8 565	3 347	5 167	6 424	7 303	3 837	7 140	5 337	
Single ancestry	2 182	5 808	3 597	1 913	3 020	4 682	7 055	2 794	4 106	5 355	5 940	3 121	5 294	4 352	
Multiple ancestry	385	570	496	334	570	485	1 510	553	495	1 069	1 363	716	1 846	985	
Ancestry unclassified or not reported	239	454	425	268	226	280	437	348	552	522	738	351	399	548	
SELECTED ANCESTRY GROUPS															
Total ancestries reported	5 612	13 664	9 036	5 030	7 632	10 894	18 004	7 390	10 306	13 892	16 082	8 376	15 078	11 770	
Arab	—	—	11	—	—	—	9	—	—	56	—	—	7	6	
Austrian	—	7	—	2	—	—	19	—	12	—	—	—	8	—	
Belgian	—	—	—	—	4	25	9	14	—	—	45	—	—	—	
Canadian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Czech	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	—	—	—	
Donish	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	11	—	—	—	
Dutch	12	9	—	6	15	—	35	27	9	31	11	—	8	—	
English	72	120	95	72	79	124	293	142	135	270	392	25	28	—	
French	509	614	671	405	491	601	1 409	688	928	1 426	1 587	930	1 585	1 942	
French (except Bosque)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
French Canadian	175	200	299	171	474	279	675	169	173	382	346	339	580	332	
German	225	328	131	107	177	235	681	212	311	562	803	322	855	559	
Greek	—	7	—	—	8	—	8	—	—	—	30	15	—	—	
Hungarian	13	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	9	—	—	—	—	—	
Irish	94	173	157	83	150	100	471	186	176	457	526	383	831	373	
Italian	92	196	132	126	178	210	334	135	106	226	248	92	407	116	
Lithuanian	—	—	—	—	—	—	11	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Norwegian	—	—	12	4	—	5	23	6	9	17	38	—	—	—	
Polish	5	—	3	—	—	5	8	—	—	7	12	15	102	10	
Portuguese	—	—	—	—	—	12	9	—	—	10	7	—	13	—	
Romanian	—	—	—	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Russian	11	21	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Scotch-Irish	—	—	—	3	7	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Scottish	—	13	29	9	20	10	44	6	20	7	75	36	174	66	
Slovak	—	27	—	2	—	—	34	14	—	19	44	8	59	18	
Subsaharan African	—	—	—	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Swedish	—	8	—	—	—	—	43	—	5	11	33	—	13	—	
Swiss	—	—	—	—	—	—	35	5	—	27	10	—	—	—	
Ukrainian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
United States or American	155	68	271	71	179	157	659	282	414	424	405	212	730	303	
Welsh	—	7	—	—	5	7	—	—	—	31	—	9	17	—	
West Indian (excluding Hispanic origin groups)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Yugoslavian	—	10	—	—	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Other ancestries	3 007	7 347	4 914	2 653	3 809	6 250	8 894	3 973	6 125	7 079	8 429	4 691	7 007	6 677	
PERSONS IN SELECTED HISPANIC ORIGIN GROUPS															
Dominican (Dominican Republic)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Central American	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	—	—	—	5	4	19	30	
Costa Rican	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Guatemalan	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Honduran	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Nicaraguan	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Panamanian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Salvadoran	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Central American, origin not specified	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
South American	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Argentinean	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Chilean	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Colombian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Ecuadorian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Peruvian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Venezuelan	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Other South American	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	

Table 16. Selected Ancestry Groups and Persons in Selected Hispanic Origin Groups: 1990—Con.

[Data based on a sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area

Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Terrebonne Parish—Con.

Bayou Cane CDP, Terrebonne Parish

	Tract 6	Tract 7	Tract 8	Tract 9	Tract 10	Tract 12	Tract 13	Tract 15, 98	Tract 17	Tract 2 (pt.)	Tract 3 (pt.)
ANCESTRY											
All persons	6 209	7 010	6 976	5 121	5 057	8 079	5 369	5 172	2 762	4 274	3 215
Ancestry specified	5 217	6 406	6 657	4 693	4 612	7 656	4 873	4 866	2 637	3 654	2 930
Single ancestry	4 188	5 812	5 404	3 841	3 501	7 154	4 384	3 691	1 855	3 138	2 385
Multiple ancestry	1 029	594	1 253	852	1 111	502	489	1 175	782	716	565
Ancestry unclassified or not reported	992	604	319	428	445	423	496	306	125	420	265
SELECTED ANCESTRY GROUPS											
Total ancestries reported	12 418	14 020	13 952	10 242	10 114	16 158	10 738	10 344	5 524	8 548	6 430
Arab	—	—	11	9	35	—	6	—	15	—	—
Austrian	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Belgian	—	—	33	—	37	—	—	—	—	—	—
Canadian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	—
Czech	—	16	—	9	—	—	—	7	—	—	—
Danish	18	49	47	39	—	13	—	—	22	—	—
Dutch	401	116	523	296	209	116	130	643	21	44	25
English	—	—	—	—	8	—	—	5	391	211	216
Finnish	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
French (except Basque)	1 169	970	1 640	960	1 432	1 441	902	1 116	840	761	761
French Canadian	348	196	279	219	568	424	241	378	100	205	292
German	464	248	517	365	536	192	124	657	326	397	290
Greek	—	—	9	8	—	—	—	—	—	30	—
Hungarian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	—	—	—
Irish	145	210	541	198	288	206	67	455	320	286	311
Italian	285	140	240	195	101	209	93	256	150	128	73
Lithuanian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Lithuanian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Norwegian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Polish	11	29	16	19	7	27	—	24	11	38	—
Portuguese	—	—	—	44	—	—	—	36	5	12	15
Romanian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Russian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Scottish-Irish	41	25	65	109	20	58	5	53	7	20	9
Scottish	—	—	50	26	24	—	—	58	33	18	8
Slovak	18	—	—	10	—	—	—	—	—	32	—
Subsaharan African	12	10	—	67	7	—	—	—	—	—	—
Swedish	—	—	—	—	18	33	—	5	5	33	35
Swiss	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	—	10	6
Ukrainian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
United States or American	566	451	404	228	225	441	118	198	98	244	173
Welsh	—	—	23	—	—	8	—	14	5	—	9
West Indian (excluding Hispanic origin groups)	—	—	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Yugoslavian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other ancestries	7 413	10 595	7 436	6 652	4 785	8 656	7 194	4 796	2 529	4 528	3 317
PERSONS IN SELECTED HISPANIC ORIGIN GROUPS											
Dominican (Dominican Republic)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Central American	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	46	5	—
Costa Rican	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Guatemalan	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Honduran	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	—
Nicaraguan	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Panamanian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Salvadoran	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	46	—	—
Central American, origin not specified	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
South American	16	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	22	—
Argentinean	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Chilean	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Colombian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ecuadorian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Peruvian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Venezuelan	16	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	22	—
Other South American	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Table 16. Selected Ancestry Groups and Persons in Selected Hispanic Origin Groups: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Boyau Cane COP, Terrebonne Parish—Con.					Houma city, Terrebonne Parish					
	Tract 4 (pt.)	Tract 5 (pt.)	Tract 17 (pt.)	Tract 3 (pt.)	Tract 5 (pt.)	Tract 6 (pt.)	Tract 7 (pt.)	Tract 8 (pt.)	Tract 9 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 12 (pt.)
ANCESTRY											
All persons.....	7 522	865	—	965	3 991	2 054	6 516	6 976	5 121	—	—
Ancestry specified.....	7 123	740	—	879	3 781	1 857	5 919	6 657	4 693	—	—
Single ancestry.....	5 277	509	—	728	3 173	1 470	5 414	5 404	3 841	—	—
Multiple ancestry.....	1 846	231	—	151	608	387	505	1 253	852	—	—
Ancestry unclassified or not reported.....	1 399	125	—	86	210	197	597	319	428	—	—
SELECTED ANCESTRY GROUPS											
Total ancestries reported.....	15 044	1 730	—	1 930	7 982	4 108	13 032	13 952	10 942	—	—
Arab.....	7	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Austrian.....	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Belgian.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Canadian.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Czech.....	—	—	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	—
Danish.....	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Dutch.....	28	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	9	—	—
English.....	578	77	—	21	254	137	49	47	39	—	—
Finnish.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	106	523	296	—	—
French (except Basque).....	1 575	149	—	169	1 558	626	816	1 640	960	—	—
French Canadian.....	580	109	—	47	156	238	186	279	219	—	—
German.....	855	86	—	32	428	189	221	517	365	—	—
Greek.....	—	—	—	15	—	—	—	9	8	—	—
Hungarian.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Irish.....	831	66	—	72	203	73	200	541	198	—	—
Italian.....	407	17	—	11	69	99	140	240	195	—	—
Lithuanian.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Norwegian.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Norwegian.....	102	—	—	—	10	4	29	16	19	—	—
Polish.....	13	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	44	—	—
Portuguese.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Romanian.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Russian.....	34	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Scotch-Irish.....	174	27	—	27	18	—	25	65	109	—	—
Scottish.....	59	—	—	—	9	—	—	50	26	—	—
Slovak.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	—	—
Subsaharan African.....	13	—	—	—	—	—	10	—	67	—	—
Swedish.....	—	8	—	—	10	9	—	—	—	—	—
Swiss.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ukrainian.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
United States or American.....	730	43	—	39	210	80	435	404	228	—	—
Welsh.....	17	—	—	—	—	—	—	23	—	—	—
West Indian (excluding Hispanic origin groups).....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	9	—	—	—
Yugoslavian.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other ancestries.....	6 990	957	—	1 366	4 585	2 048	9 958	7 436	6 652	—	—
PERSONS IN SELECTED HISPANIC ORIGIN GROUPS											
Dominican (Dominican Republic).....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Central American.....	19	—	—	4	30	—	—	—	—	—	—
Costa Rican.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Guatemalan.....	—	—	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Honduran.....	—	—	—	—	30	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nicaraguan.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Panamanian.....	19	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Salvadoran.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Central American, origin not specified.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
South American.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Argentinean.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Chilean.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Colombian.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ecuadorian.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Peruvian.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Venezuelan.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other South American.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Table 16. Selected Ancestry Groups and Persons in Selected Hispanic Origin Groups: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Hauma city, Terrebonne Parish—Can.				Remainder of Terrebonne Parish							
	Tract 13 (pt.)	Tract 15.98 (pt.)	Tract 17 (pt.)		Tract 1	Tract 2 (pt.)	Tract 3 (pt.)	Tract 4 (pt.)	Tract 5 (pt.)	Tract 6 (pt.)	Tract 7 (pt.)	Tract 8 (pt.)
ANCESTRY												
All persons	464	3 304	1 104		7 986	3 767	8	17	1 029	4 155	494	
Ancestry specified	429	3 072	1 030		7 462	3 449	8	17	816	3 360	487	
Single ancestry	368	2 160	669		5 994	2 802	8	17	670	2 718	398	
Multiple ancestry	61	912	361		1 468	647			146	642	89	
Ancestry unclassified or not reported	35	232	74		524	318			213	795	7	
SELECTED ANCESTRY GROUPS												
Total ancestries reported	928	6 608	2 208		15 972	7 534	16	34	2 058	8 310	988	
Arab			15									
Austrian					9							
Belgian												
Canadian					6	45						
Czech												
Danish		7				11					16	
Dutch		70	7		13					9		
English		579	165		348	181		7	99	264	10	
Finnish		5										
French (except Basque)	51	852	437		1 716	826		10	235	543	154	
French Canadian	26	142	20		299	141			67	110	10	
German	18	555	115		916	406			45	275	27	
Greek												
Hungarian		8			13							
Irish	13	340	172		546	240			104	72	10	
Italian	38	227	70		253	120	8		30	186		
Lithuanian												
Lithuanian		8	11		16							
Norwegian		17			58					7		
Polish												
Portuguese					8							
Romanian												
Russian			7									
Scottish-Irish	5	46	57		35	55			21	41		
Scottish		51	33		20	26			9			
Slovak					7					18		
Subsaharan African										12		
Swedish					19							
Swiss		8										
Ukrainian												
United States or American	10	99	41		299	161			50	486	16	
Welsh		14										
West Indian (excluding Hispanic origin groups)												
Yugoslavian					11							
Other ancestries	594	2 841	883		9 591	3 901	8	17	1 135	5 365	637	
PERSONS IN SELECTED HISPANIC ORIGIN GROUPS												
Dominican (Dominican Republic)												
Central American												
Costa Rican												
Guatemalan												
Honduran												
Nicaraguan												
Panamanian												
Salvadoran												
Central American, origin not specified												
South American	6									16		
Argentinean												
Chilean												
Colombian												
Ecuadorian												
Peruvian												
Venezuelan												
Other South American	6									16		

Table 16. Selected Ancestry Groups and Persons in Selected Hispanic Origin Groups: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Remainder of Terrebonne Parish—Con.

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area

	Tract 9 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 11	Tract 12 (pt.)	Tract 12.22	Tract 13 (pt.)	Tract 14	Tract 15.98 (pt.)	Tract 16	Tract 17 (pt.)
ANCESTRY										
All persons	5 057	3 832	8 079	4 905	1 868	3 564	1 658	3 328	1 607	1 607
Ancestry specified	4 612	3 480	7 656	4 444	1 794	3 328	1 607	1 531	1 186	1 186
Single ancestry	3 501	3 151	7 154	4 016	1 531	2 870	1 421	1 386	1 041	1 041
Multiple ancestry	1 111	329	502	428	263	458	185	152	145	145
Ancestry unclassified or not reported	445	352	423	461	74	236	51	74	236	51
SELECTED ANCESTRY GROUPS										
Total ancestries reported	10 114	7 664	16 158	9 810	3 736	7 128	3 316	3 736	7 128	3 316
Arab	35	6	—	6	—	3	—	—	—	—
Austrian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Belgian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Canadian	37	—	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	—
Czech	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Danish	—	6	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	—
Dutch	—	—	13	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
English	209	96	116	130	22	35	14	22	14	22
Finnish	8	—	—	—	—	139	—	64	—	—
French (except Basque)	1 432	515	1 441	851	—	406	—	264	—	403
French Canadian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
German	568	280	424	215	—	130	80	236	130	80
Greek	536	244	192	106	—	220	211	102	—	—
Hungarian	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Irish	288	93	206	54	—	176	148	115	92	80
Italian	101	6	209	55	—	—	—	29	—	—
Lithuanian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Norwegian	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Polish	52	11	27	—	—	—	—	19	—	—
Portuguese	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Romanian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Russian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Scottish-Irish	20	—	58	—	—	26	58	7	26	58
Scottish	24	6	—	—	—	20	—	7	—	—
Slovak	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Subsaharan African	7	81	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Swedish	18	—	33	—	—	—	—	5	—	—
Swiss	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ukrainian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
United States or American	225	178	441	108	—	134	—	99	—	—
Welsh	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
West Indian (excluding Hispanic origin groups)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Yugoslavian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other ancestries	4 785	4 488	8 656	6 600	—	4 856	1 646	1 955	4 856	1 646
PERSONS IN SELECTED HISPANIC ORIGIN GROUPS										
Dominican (Dominican Republic)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Central American	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Costa Rican	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Guatemalan	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Honduran	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nicaraguan	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Panamanian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Salvadoran	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Central American, origin not specified	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
South American	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Argentinean	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Chilean	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Colombian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ecuadorian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Peruvian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Venezuelan	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other South American	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Table 17. Social Characteristics of Persons: 1990

[Data based on a sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Lofourche Parish		Terrebonne Parish			Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Lofourche Parish				
	Hauma-Thibadaux, LA MSA	Total	Thibadaux city	Total	Bayou Cane CDP	Houma city	Tract 202.02	Tract 203	Tract 204	Tract 205
PLACE OF BIRTH										
All persons	182 842	85 860	14 035	96 982	15 876	30 495	2 685	620	2 511	5 759
Native	181 288	85 216	13 912	96 072	15 721	30 255	2 646	580	2 511	5 748
Foreign born	1 554	644	123	910	155	240	39	40	-	11
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH										
Linguistically isolated households	3 058	1 871	196	1 187	169	314	48	-	14	40
Persons 5 years and over										
In linguistically isolated households	167 422	78 885	13 010	88 537	14 569	27 900	2 500	620	2 277	5 149
Speak a language other than English	5 349	3 212	263	2 137	269	436	83	-	25	69
Do not speak English "very well"	37 342	21 182	1 767	16 160	2 095	3 885	308	57	263	449
Speak Spanish	10 942	6 461	531	4 481	555	1 177	81	18	114	140
Do not speak English "very well"	1 265	535	101	730	294	204	42	25	7	21
Linguistically isolated	506	191	43	315	139	97	20	-	7	16
Speak an Asian or Pacific Island language	197	53	15	144	70	11	20	-	-	-
Do not speak English "very well"	894	395	-	499	8	172	-	-	-	-
Linguistically isolated	542	223	-	319	-	78	-	-	-	-
	411	135	-	276	-	22	-	-	-	-
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL										
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	51 354	24 080	4 582	27 274	4 190	8 349	928	591	656	2 018
Preprimary school	2 499	1 193	210	1 306	286	365	68	-	32	142
Public school	1 479	660	122	819	125	242	35	-	26	98
Elementary or high school	39 850	17 956	2 524	21 894	3 183	6 577	498	-	490	1 427
Public school	35 516	15 955	2 024	19 561	2 653	5 601	308	-	474	1 214
College	9 005	4 931	1 848	4 074	721	1 407	362	591	134	449
Public college	8 036	4 406	1 756	3 630	607	1 295	345	561	134	421
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT										
Persons 25 years and over	105 360	49 724	7 969	55 636	9 468	18 203	1 501	33	1 538	2 886
Less than 9th grade	25 653	13 393	1 947	12 260	1 202	3 463	188	6	528	538
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	18 585	8 394	1 372	10 191	1 642	3 346	168	-	324	601
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	36 000	16 588	1 981	19 412	3 616	5 947	378	-	393	843
Some college, no degree	12 147	5 009	1 011	7 138	1 541	2 618	240	22	119	429
Associate degree	2 755	1 363	297	1 392	268	544	67	-	37	74
Bachelor's degree	6 490	3 071	855	3 419	868	1 394	211	-	120	278
Graduate or professional degree	3 730	1 906	506	1 824	331	891	249	5	17	123
Percent high school graduate or higher	58.0	56.2	58.4	59.6	70.0	62.6	76.3	81.8	44.6	60.5
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	9.7	10.0	17.1	9.4	12.7	12.6	30.6	15.2	8.9	13.9
FERTILITY										
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 24 years	415	388	297	440	324	528	111	-	386	486
Children ever born per 1,000 women 25 to 34 years	1 731	1 708	1 671	1 751	1 444	1 817	1 440	-	2 360	2 034
Children ever born per 1,000 women 35 to 44 years	2 496	2 452	2 263	2 533	2 505	2 521	1 989	-	1 855	2 521
RESIDENCE IN 1985										
Persons 5 years and over	167 422	78 885	13 010	88 537	14 569	27 900	2 500	620	2 277	5 149
Same house	107 853	52 298	6 856	55 555	8 443	16 290	1 482	89	1 558	2 747
Different house in United States	59 185	26 445	6 062	32 740	6 093	11 533	981	500	719	2 395
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	18 637	5 409	2 756	13 228	2 175	7 334	235	23	341	1 257
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	29 505	15 318	1 308	14 187	2 574	2 583	303	38	83	730
Different MSA/PMSA	7 196	3 750	1 212	3 446	826	1 243	305	327	207	202
Not in an MSA/PMSA	3 847	1 968	786	1 879	518	373	138	112	88	206
Abroad	884	142	92	242	33	77	37	31	-	7
URBAN, RURAL, AND FARM RESIDENCE										
Urban population	118 313	44 528	14 035	73 785	15 876	30 495	62	620	2 511	3 004
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	90 376	34 989	9 068	55 387	11 756	23 705	-	-	1 596	1 262
Rural population	64 529	41 332	-	23 197	-	-	2 623	-	-	2 755
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	44 985	30 652	-	14 333	-	-	1 867	-	-	2 363
On farms	914	667	-	247	-	-	24	-	-	11
JOURNEY TO WORK										
Workers 16 years and over	66 184	31 571	5 140	34 613	6 698	10 648	1 214	176	753	2 094
Car, truck, or van	60 211	28 847	4 669	31 364	6 219	9 857	1 160	80	643	1 990
Drive alone	48 208	22 124	3 849	26 084	5 432	8 509	987	61	538	1 634
Carpooled	12 003	6 723	820	5 280	787	1 348	173	19	105	356
Public transportation (including taxicab)	539	374	97	165	8	24	-	-	21	67
Bus or trolley bus or streetcar or trolley car	455	313	55	142	8	18	-	-	-	48
Subway or elevated, railroad, or ferryboat	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Walked	1 793	901	226	892	175	231	7	71	49	5
Other means	2 489	905	85	1 584	196	377	31	6	26	-
Worked at home	1 152	544	63	608	100	159	16	19	14	32
Persons per car, truck, or van	1.13	1.16	1.11	1.10	1.08	1.08	1.10	1.13	1.09	1.12
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	23.6	25.6	18.8	21.7	19.2	18.8	22.5	13.1	18.3	21.3
Departure time for work:										
5:00 a.m. to 5:59 a.m.	7 642	4 530	499	3 112	459	780	51	-	92	406
6:00 a.m. to 6:59 a.m.	14 329	7 084	1 038	7 245	1 367	1 834	183	-	158	521
7:00 a.m. to 7:59 a.m.	18 792	7 669	1 232	11 123	2 225	3 764	347	18	184	416
8:00 a.m. to 8:59 a.m.	7 590	3 671	865	3 919	826	1 510	229	-	74	295
All other times	16 679	8 073	1 443	8 606	1 721	2 601	388	139	231	424
Worked in MSA of residence	56 202	25 238	4 218	30 964	6 044	9 750	923	151	668	1 588
Hauma city	18 560	2 428	375	16 132	3 296	6 486	90	25	72	190
Remainder of Terrebonne Parish	15 305	2 412	406	12 893	2 492	2 962	94	-	51	220
Thibadaux city	7 604	6 725	2 860	879	66	154	522	126	468	852
Lackport town	859	810	12	49	-	-	6	-	-	-
Remainder of Lofourche Parish	13 874	12 863	565	1 011	190	148	211	-	77	326
Worked outside MSA of residence	9 982	6 333	922	3 649	654	898	291	25	85	506
New Orleans city	751	434	42	317	49	163	33	12	-	24
Gretna city	18	18	-	-	-	-	10	-	-	-
Remainder of Jefferson Parish	1 934	1 466	184	468	79	75	59	13	14	80
St. Charles Parish	1 139	950	63	189	27	31	29	-	4	45
St. John the Baptist Parish	88	79	15	9	-	-	-	-	-	-
St. Bernard Parish	20	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
St. Tammany Parish	28	22	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Morgan City city	793	377	84	416	68	17	19	-	13	58
Remainder of St. Mary Parish	2 015	1 015	281	1 000	155	273	48	-	26	195
St. James Parish	232	227	44	5	-	-	-	-	-	20
Lafayette, LA MSA	175	109	8	66	13	19	6	-	-	-
Ploquemes Parish	465	197	9	268	67	87	6	-	9	-
Assumption Parish	288	236	99	52	18	15	25	-	12	51
Baton Rouge, LA MSA	489	360	49	129	39	13	-	-	7	5
Iberio Parish	50	23	-	27	5	14	-	-	-	-
Worked elsewhere	1 497	800	44	697	134	191	56	-	-	28

Table 17. Social Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Lofourche Parish—Con.		Thibodaux city, Lofourche Parish							
	Troct 2D6	Troct 207	Troct 201	Troct 202.01	Troct 202.02 (pt.)	Troct 203 (pt.)	Troct 204 (pt.)	Troct 2D5 (pt.)	Troct 206 (pt.)	Troct 207 (pt.)
PLACE OF BIRTH										
All persons	2 200	9 776	3 567	1 556	62	620	2 511	3 004	552	2 163
Native	2 142	9 709	3 542	1 542	54	580	2 511	3 004	546	2 133
Foreign born	58	67	25	14	8	40	-	-	6	30
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH										
Linguistically isolated households	37	176	99	6	9	-	14	31	28	9
Persons 5 years and over	2 067	8 964	3 318	1 483	62	620	2 277	2 679	529	2 042
In linguistically isolated households	42	296	127	12	9	-	25	48	33	9
Speak a language other than English	344	1 772	589	165	17	57	263	246	109	321
Do not speak English "very well"	84	525	183	59	9	18	114	84	38	26
Speak Spanish	-	113	18	13	9	25	7	11	-	18
Do not speak English "very well"	-	53	12	-	9	-	7	6	-	9
Linguistically isolated	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Speak an Asian or Pacific Island language	66	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Do not speak English "very well"	37	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Linguistically isolated	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL										
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	596	2 755	960	530	40	591	656	981	145	675
Preprimary school	40	107	32	19	-	-	32	80	-	47
Public school	8	33	19	7	-	-	26	60	-	10
Elementary or high school	438	2 160	561	216	-	-	490	653	123	481
Public school	386	1 733	482	112	-	-	474	556	116	284
College	118	488	367	295	40	591	134	248	22	151
Public college	108	438	330	281	40	561	134	241	18	151
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT										
Persons 25 years and over	1 394	5 739	2 183	956	30	33	1 538	1 504	369	1 356
Less than 9th grade	256	1 323	580	104	-	6	528	307	149	273
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	173	879	381	72	-	-	324	365	68	162
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	472	1 717	643	230	5	-	393	337	86	287
Some college, no degree	196	669	202	127	25	22	119	282	47	187
Associate degree	55	171	79	89	-	-	37	24	7	61
Bachelor's degree	155	580	195	160	-	-	120	153	12	215
Graduate or professional degree	87	400	103	174	-	5	17	36	-	171
Percent high school graduate or higher	69.2	61.6	56.0	81.6	100.0	81.8	44.6	55.3	41.2	67.9
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	17.4	17.1	13.7	34.9	-	15.2	8.9	12.6	3.3	28.5
FERTILITY										
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 24 years	74	296	329	64	1 000	-	386	591	-	231
Children ever born per 1,000 women 25 to 34 years	1 419	1 536	1 464	793	-	-	2 360	1 982	2 081	1 310
Children ever born per 1,000 women 35 to 44 years	2 530	2 431	2 206	1 812	-	-	1 855	2 325	3 500	2 630
RESIDENCE IN 1985										
Persons 5 years and over	2 067	8 964	3 318	1 483	62	620	2 277	2 679	529	2 042
Some house	1 316	5 914	1 952	783	-	89	1 558	1 196	209	1 069
Different house in United States	743	2 999	1 360	700	54	500	719	1 476	320	933
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	319	1 167	687	191	-	23	341	819	215	480
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	270	1 055	417	205	15	38	83	377	58	115
Different MSA/PMSA	118	422	87	182	39	327	207	134	41	195
Not in on MSA/PMSA	36	355	169	122	-	112	88	146	6	143
Abroad	8	51	6	-	8	31	-	7	-	40
URBAN, RURAL, AND FARM RESIDENCE										
Urban population	552	2 163	3 567	1 556	62	620	2 511	3 004	552	2 163
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	367	1 850	2 926	1 067	-	-	1 596	1 262	367	1 850
Rural population	1 648	7 613	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	1 545	5 087	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
On farms	29	106	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
JOURNEY TO WORK										
Workers 16 years and over	928	3 918	1 385	692	36	176	753	1 037	119	942
Car, truck, or van	898	3 622	1 270	634	36	80	643	1 008	113	885
Drove alone	742	2 811	1 054	542	31	61	538	809	81	733
Carpooled	156	811	216	92	5	19	105	199	32	152
Public transportation (including taxicab)	6	59	17	5	-	-	21	23	6	25
Bus or trolley bus or streetcar or trolley car	6	47	8	5	-	-	-	23	6	13
Subway or elevated, railroad, or ferryboat	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Walked	-	183	36	38	-	71	49	-	-	32
Other means	12	17	45	8	-	6	26	-	-	-
Worked at home	12	37	17	7	-	19	14	6	-	-
Persons per car, truck, or van	1.11	1.15	1.11	1.08	1.07	1.13	1.09	1.12	1.20	1.11
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	19.5	25.3	18.0	15.0	36.2	13.1	18.3	20.9	18.6	21.1
Departure time for work:										
5:00 a.m. to 5:59 a.m.	61	520	168	25	-	-	92	133	21	60
6:00 a.m. to 6:59 a.m.	195	1 071	270	85	17	-	158	289	18	201
7:00 a.m. to 7:59 a.m.	321	979	403	167	-	18	184	202	46	212
8:00 a.m. to 8:59 a.m.	198	412	253	190	-	-	74	143	21	184
All other times	141	899	274	218	19	139	231	264	13	285
Worked in MSA of residence	773	2 910	1 166	574	10	151	668	800	113	736
Houma city	48	173	99	24	5	25	72	107	12	31
Remainder of Terrebonne Parish	110	193	88	45	5	-	51	133	20	64
Thibodaux city	465	1 845	784	462	-	126	468	423	64	533
Lockport town	-	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12
Remainder of Lofourche Parish	150	687	195	43	-	-	77	137	17	96
Worked outside MSA of residence	155	1 008	219	118	26	25	85	237	6	206
New Orleans city	12	17	6	-	9	12	-	9	6	-
Gretno city	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Remainder of Jefferson Parish	5	131	34	29	12	13	14	31	-	51
St. Charles Parish	25	114	12	-	5	-	4	36	-	6
St. John the Baptist Parish	-	33	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
St. Bernard Parish	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
St. Tammany Parish	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Morgan City city	17	85	23	-	-	-	13	33	-	15
Remainder of St. Mary Parish	37	291	72	35	-	-	26	91	-	57
St. James Parish	14	50	19	5	-	-	-	-	-	20
Lafayette, LA MSA	6	33	-	8	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ploquemes Parish	-	34	-	-	-	-	9	-	-	-
Assumption Parish	12	79	16	28	-	-	12	23	-	20
Baton Rouge, LA MSA	13	100	17	-	-	-	7	5	-	20
Iberio Parish	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Worked elsewhere	8	41	5	13	-	-	-	9	-	17

Table 17. Social Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Lafourche Parish									
	Tract 202.02 (pt.)	Tract 203 (pt.)	Tract 204 (pt.)	Tract 205 (pt.)	Tract 206 (pt.)	Tract 207 (pt.)	Tract 208	Tract 209	Tract 210	Tract 211
PLACE OF BIRTH										
All persons	2 623	—	—	2 755	1 648	7 613	3 957	2 499	2 806	6 832
Native	2 592	—	—	2 744	1 596	7 576	3 957	2 499	2 806	6 733
Foreign born	31	—	—	11	52	37	—	—	—	99
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH										
Linguistically isolated households	39	—	—	9	9	167	109	27	69	173
Persons 5 years and over	2 438	—	—	2 470	1 538	6 922	3 616	2 293	2 588	6 326
In linguistically isolated households	74	—	—	21	9	287	202	37	103	395
Speak a language other than English	291	—	—	203	235	1 451	1 338	281	669	3 144
Do not speak English "very well"	72	—	—	56	46	499	319	68	264	990
Speak Spanish	33	—	—	10	—	95	22	6	—	86
Do not speak English "very well"	11	—	—	10	—	44	—	—	—	41
Linguistically isolated	11	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Speak an Asian or Pacific Island language	—	—	—	—	66	—	—	—	—	141
Do not speak English "very well"	—	—	—	—	37	—	—	—	—	114
Linguistically isolated	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	103
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL										
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	888	—	—	1 037	451	2 076	938	747	730	1 790
Preprimary school	68	—	—	62	40	60	38	24	49	78
Public school	35	—	—	38	8	23	24	24	27	30
Elementary or high school	498	—	—	774	315	1 679	777	582	591	1 551
Public school	308	—	—	658	270	1 449	697	526	518	1 517
College	322	—	—	201	96	337	123	141	90	161
Public college	305	—	—	180	90	287	108	121	63	136
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT										
Persons 25 years and over	1 471	—	—	1 382	1 025	4 383	2 344	1 376	1 666	4 013
Less than 9th grade	188	—	—	231	107	1 050	784	345	543	1 392
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	168	—	—	236	105	717	523	377	360	623
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	373	—	—	506	386	1 430	679	414	558	1 372
Some college, no degree	215	—	—	147	149	482	162	133	89	382
Associate degree	67	—	—	50	48	110	37	57	49	71
Bachelor's degree	211	—	—	125	143	365	110	38	43	90
Graduate or professional degree	249	—	—	87	87	229	49	12	24	83
Percent high school graduate or higher	75.8	—	—	66.2	79.3	59.7	44.2	47.5	45.8	49.8
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	31.3	—	—	15.3	22.4	13.6	6.8	3.6	4.0	4.3
FERTILITY										
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 24 years	96	—	—	333	99	310	406	409	316	404
Children ever born per 1,000 women 25 to 34 years	1 440	—	—	2 093	1 231	1 597	1 708	1 932	1 794	1 874
Children ever born per 1,000 women 35 to 44 years	1 989	—	—	2 682	2 288	2 373	2 413	2 935	2 349	2 574
RESIDENCE IN 1985										
Persons 5 years and over	2 438	—	—	2 470	1 538	6 922	3 616	2 293	2 588	6 326
Some house	1 482	—	—	1 551	1 107	4 845	2 757	1 644	1 842	4 477
Different house in United States	927	—	—	919	423	2 066	859	649	746	1 849
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	235	—	—	438	104	687	178	11	32	19
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	288	—	—	353	212	940	594	597	585	1 470
Different MSA/PMSA	266	—	—	68	77	227	36	21	87	263
Not in an MSA/PMSA	138	—	—	60	30	212	51	20	42	97
Abroad	29	—	—	—	8	11	—	—	—	—
URBAN, RURAL, AND FARM RESIDENCE										
Urban population	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	329	547	3 615
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	288	500	3 201
Rural population	2 623	—	—	2 755	1 648	7 613	3 957	2 170	2 259	3 217
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	1 867	—	—	2 363	1 545	5 087	2 773	1 462	1 852	2 546
On farms	24	—	—	11	29	106	54	78	23	—
JOURNEY TO WORK										
Workers 16 years and over	1 178	—	—	1 057	809	2 976	1 471	863	1 008	2 402
Car, truck, or van	1 124	—	—	982	785	2 737	1 341	795	918	2 144
Drove alone	956	—	—	825	661	2 078	698	562	673	1 482
Carpooled	168	—	—	157	124	659	643	233	245	662
Public transportation (including taxicab)	—	—	—	44	—	34	41	5	16	38
Bus or trolley bus or streetcar or trolley car	—	—	—	25	—	34	41	5	16	38
Subway or elevated, railroad, or ferryboat	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Walked	7	—	—	5	—	151	28	38	31	84
Other means	31	—	—	—	12	17	22	21	26	120
Worked at home	16	—	—	26	12	37	39	4	17	16
Persons per car, truck, or van	1.10	—	—	1.11	1.10	1.16	1.39	1.21	1.18	1.24
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	22.1	—	—	21.7	19.6	26.6	40.9	25.9	25.6	28.4
Departure time for work:										
5:00 a.m. to 5:59 a.m.	51	—	—	273	40	460	483	188	200	210
6:00 a.m. to 6:59 a.m.	166	—	—	232	177	870	327	152	320	659
7:00 a.m. to 7:59 a.m.	347	—	—	214	275	767	215	219	236	573
8:00 a.m. to 8:59 a.m.	229	—	—	152	177	228	122	69	56	271
All other times	369	—	—	160	128	614	285	231	179	673
Worked in MSA of residence	913	—	—	788	660	2 174	819	686	742	2 043
Houma city	85	—	—	83	36	142	34	56	48	70
Remainder of Terrebonne Parish	89	—	—	87	90	129	69	105	58	95
Thibodaux city	522	—	—	429	401	1 312	445	72	25	7
Lackport town	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	25	98	—
Remainder of Lafourche Parish	211	—	—	189	133	591	271	428	513	1 871
Worked outside MSA of residence	265	—	—	269	149	802	652	177	266	359
New Orleans city	24	—	—	15	6	17	18	11	23	—
Gretno city	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	—
Remainder of Jefferson Parish	47	—	—	49	5	80	77	62	30	122
St. Charles Parish	24	—	—	9	25	108	228	53	116	—
St. John the Baptist Parish	—	—	—	—	—	33	7	—	—	—
St. Bernard Parish	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	—	8
St. Tammany Parish	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Margan City city	19	—	—	25	17	70	11	7	13	8
Remainder of St. Mary Parish	48	—	—	104	37	234	42	8	33	29
St. James Parish	—	—	—	20	14	30	72	5	—	—
Lafayette, LA MSA	6	—	—	—	6	33	6	—	—	29
Plaquemines Parish	6	—	—	—	—	34	—	—	10	34
Assumption Parish	25	—	—	28	12	59	10	—	—	—
Baton Rouge, LA MSA	—	—	—	—	13	80	128	—	13	19
Iberia Parish	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—
Worked elsewhere	56	—	—	19	8	24	53	26	20	110

Table 17. Social Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Lafourche Parish—Con.								Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Terrebonne Parish	
	Tract 212	Tract 213	Tract 214	Tract 215	Tract 216	Tract 217	Tract 218	Tract 219	Tract 2	Tract 3
PLACE OF BIRTH										
All persons	4 518	2 515	3 816	5 447	9 002	3 695	5 153	6 946	8 041	4 188
Native	4 510	2 498	3 794	5 318	8 927	3 684	5 139	6 931	7 932	4 162
Foreign born	8	17	22	129	75	11	14	15	109	26
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH										
Linguistically isolated households	275	142	105	166	151	70	88	76	57	48
Persons 5 years and over	4 202	2 338	3 453	4 984	8 313	3 362	4 744	6 288	7 284	3 940
In linguistically isolated households	476	247	181	315	263	94	132	113	96	63
Speak a language other than English	2 115	1 269	1 557	2 023	2 125	758	1 005	951	966	679
Do not speak English "very well"	761	420	450	642	581	186	304	272	174	212
Speak Spanish	8	4	66	16	45	8	20	15	66	97
Do not speak English "very well"	8	4	7	—	8	—	—	15	29	12
Linguistically isolated	8	4	—	—	—	—	—	15	29	—
Speak an Asian or Pacific Island language	—	7	—	175	—	6	—	—	8	—
Do not speak English "very well"	—	—	—	72	—	—	—	—	—	—
Linguistically isolated	—	—	—	32	—	—	—	—	—	—
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL										
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	1 099	550	981	1 468	2 473	857	1 359	2 054	2 205	913
Preprimary school	64	29	81	39	129	55	40	127	95	46
Public school	39	28	34	20	74	24	11	99	47	32
Elementary or high school	908	468	715	1 262	1 900	741	1 081	1 590	1 734	736
Public school	885	457	660	1 188	1 699	681	958	1 460	1 585	679
College	127	53	185	167	444	61	238	337	376	131
Public college	119	51	158	156	379	41	193	263	296	116
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT										
Persons 25 years and over	2 729	1 606	2 277	3 092	5 286	2 171	3 044	3 890	4 460	2 800
Less than 9th grade	1 029	666	724	856	1 217	624	848	842	616	575
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	355	239	286	617	725	459	590	642	944	510
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	959	428	784	1 092	2 322	725	1 057	1 522	1 811	1 106
Some college, no degree	179	151	297	247	470	165	248	482	604	254
Associate degree	27	20	66	46	178	48	112	80	147	38
Bachelor's degree	99	73	77	164	232	97	137	212	291	215
Graduate or professional degree	81	29	43	70	142	53	52	110	47	102
Percent high school graduate or higher	49.3	43.6	55.6	52.4	63.3	50.1	52.8	61.9	65.0	61.3
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	6.6	6.4	5.3	7.6	7.1	6.9	6.2	8.3	7.6	11.3
FERTILITY										
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 24 years	482	395	609	455	317	732	553	566	332	230
Children ever born per 1,000 women 25 to 34 years	1 501	1 488	1 781	1 926	1 637	2 071	1 609	1 599	1 588	1 460
Children ever born per 1,000 women 35 to 44 years	2 281	2 391	2 168	2 709	2 473	2 981	2 681	2 528	2 374	2 405
RESIDENCE IN 1985										
Persons 5 years and over	4 202	2 338	3 453	4 984	8 313	3 362	4 744	6 288	7 284	3 940
Same house	3 041	1 632	2 516	3 329	5 746	2 092	3 185	4 196	3 715	2 712
Different house in United States	1 161	704	937	1 655	2 567	1 270	1 559	2 092	3 536	1 228
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	8	5	27	50	117	93	117	532	1 041	522
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	997	590	763	1 305	1 971	969	1 142	1 234	1 861	484
Different MSA/PMSA	79	60	80	207	384	164	238	281	350	146
Not in on MSA/PMSA	77	49	67	93	95	44	62	45	284	76
Abroad	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	33	—
URBAN, RURAL, AND FARM RESIDENCE										
Urban population	3 134	—	3 195	5 447	4 019	2 392	5 153	2 662	7 655	4 188
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	2 892	—	2 883	4 467	3 106	1 947	4 372	2 265	5 490	3 261
Rural population	1 384	2 515	621	—	4 983	1 303	—	4 284	386	—
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	1 154	2 121	501	—	3 476	1 143	—	2 762	234	—
On farms	34	19	14	—	125	—	—	150	—	—
JOURNEY TO WORK										
Workers 16 years and over	1 453	824	1 314	1 866	3 436	1 244	1 890	2 640	3 405	1 650
Car, truck, or van	1 233	703	1 083	1 782	3 232	1 130	1 733	2 456	3 117	1 447
Drive alone	923	530	813	1 213	2 625	874	1 349	2 013	2 717	1 246
Carpooled	310	173	270	569	607	256	384	443	400	201
Public transportation (including taxicab)	16	—	—	—	23	—	60	—	32	6
Bus or trolley bus or streetcar or trolley car	16	—	—	—	23	—	60	—	32	6
Subway or elevated, railroad, or ferryboat	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Walked	83	53	43	30	53	31	11	27	50	102
Other means	93	40	141	48	93	46	35	75	147	85
Worked at home	28	28	47	6	35	37	51	82	59	10
Persons per car, truck, or van	1.18	1.16	1.17	1.22	1.12	1.16	1.15	1.11	1.08	1.09
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	26.8	25.0	30.7	28.3	24.6	27.6	26.4	27.1	21.1	19.5
Departure time for work:										
5:00 a.m. to 5:59 a.m.	151	80	116	295	607	194	304	379	346	139
6:00 a.m. to 6:59 a.m.	278	150	364	340	775	363	393	480	708	407
7:00 a.m. to 7:59 a.m.	305	198	269	369	874	244	478	854	978	561
8:00 a.m. to 8:59 a.m.	218	126	138	256	327	120	133	184	379	213
All other times	473	242	380	600	818	286	531	661	935	320
Worked in MSA of residence	1 249	706	1 117	1 587	2 923	1 037	1 446	2 130	2 949	1 492
Houma city	49	6	46	75	603	78	174	468	1 550	757
Remainder of Terrebonne Parish	—	—	31	96	440	75	174	468	1 244	666
Thibodaux city	14	10	29	103	9	51	436	35	22	—
Lackpart town	5	6	36	257	273	54	38	7	—	—
Remainder of Lafourche Parish	1 181	684	1 040	1 351	1 520	602	993	720	113	47
Worked outside MSA of residence	204	118	197	279	513	207	444	510	456	158
New Orleans city	7	4	28	—	82	18	42	97	21	—
Gretna city	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Jefferson Parish	99	29	40	184	151	59	169	79	81	31
St. Charles Parish	—	—	—	—	65	59	149	51	52	10
St. John the Baptist Parish	—	—	—	—	8	—	—	16	—	—
St. Bernard Parish	—	—	—	—	—	7	—	—	—	—
St. Tammany Parish	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	16	—	—
Morgan City city	—	4	7	—	14	11	—	87	76	11
Remainder of St. Mary Parish	30	2	7	31	41	7	12	69	74	44
St. James Parish	—	—	—	—	20	—	4	18	—	—
Lafayette, LA MSA	—	—	21	—	—	—	—	—	6	7
Plaquemines Parish	16	14	—	5	9	—	18	42	8	22
Assumption Parish	—	—	—	—	—	3	—	—	—	8
Baton Rouge, LA MSA	5	—	8	—	18	—	—	9	—	—
Iberia Parish	—	—	—	—	17	—	—	—	—	—
Worked elsewhere	47	65	86	53	88	25	50	26	130	25

Table 17. Social Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Terrebonne Parish—Con.								
	Tract 4	Tract 5	Tract 6	Tract 7	Tract 8	Tract 9	Tract 10	Tract 12	Tract 13
PLACE OF BIRTH									
All persons	7 539	5 885	6 209	7 010	6 976	5 121	5 057	8 079	5 369
Native	7 479	5 869	5 945	6 952	6 879	5 078	4 989	8 074	5 360
Foreign born	60	16	264	58	97	43	68	5	9
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH									
Linguistically isolated households	77	74	144	74	94	10	32	218	137
Persons 5 years and over	6 878	5 426	5 580	6 316	6 416	4 780	4 615	7 415	4 872
In linguistically isolated households	122	82	341	164	112	10	70	326	307
Speak a language other than English	854	810	1 240	973	1 097	520	920	2 566	2 017
Do not speak English "very well"	224	182	408	351	398	115	232	588	621
Speak Spanish	165	48	80	29	67	34	52	9	18
Do not speak English "very well"	102	25	12	9	43	11	17	—	9
Linguistically isolated	41	—	—	—	11	—	17	—	9
Speak an Asian or Pacific Island language	—	—	252	44	113	—	—	—	—
Do not speak English "very well"	—	—	191	44	27	—	—	—	—
Linguistically isolated	—	—	210	44	—	—	—	—	—
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL									
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	2 146	1 309	1 824	2 277	1 966	1 251	1 549	2 157	1 575
Preprimary school	166	31	84	66	145	34	111	88	55
Public school	72	10	64	53	117	13	76	64	38
Elementary or high school	1 576	985	1 508	1 925	1 527	970	1 243	1 857	1 406
Public school	1 240	823	1 399	1 866	1 280	732	1 077	1 812	1 352
College	404	293	232	286	294	247	195	212	114
Public college	358	270	194	281	286	221	173	181	99
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT									
Persons 25 years and over	4 424	3 736	3 343	3 726	4 106	3 236	2 870	4 596	2 789
Less than 9th grade	305	730	885	946	658	721	592	1 483	1 276
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	504	842	561	1 108	727	574	333	914	492
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	1 808	981	1 227	1 191	1 715	894	1 196	1 665	760
Some college, no degree	948	658	323	272	577	437	389	345	165
Associate degree	137	113	80	95	130	94	86	16	30
Bachelor's degree	498	190	192	73	232	312	182	105	37
Graduate or professional degree	224	222	75	41	67	204	92	68	29
Percent high school graduate or higher	81.7	57.9	56.7	44.9	66.3	60.0	67.8	47.8	36.6
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	16.3	11.0	8.0	3.1	7.3	15.9	9.5	3.8	2.4
FERTILITY									
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 24 years	450	694	397	618	315	670	263	428	708
Children ever born per 1,000 women 25 to 34 years	1 458	1 410	1 889	2 418	1 800	1 629	1 693	2 015	1 947
Children ever born per 1,000 women 35 to 44 years	2 361	2 280	2 543	2 636	2 493	2 946	2 523	2 696	3 000
RESIDENCE IN 1985									
Persons 5 years and over	6 878	5 426	5 580	6 316	6 416	4 780	4 615	7 415	4 872
Same house	3 841	3 376	3 312	3 556	3 607	2 769	3 327	5 465	3 235
Different house in United States	3 037	2 044	2 214	2 760	2 769	2 011	1 271	1 950	1 628
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	1 053	1 144	826	2 071	1 738	1 479	317	285	374
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	1 231	629	820	542	663	297	764	1 474	1 092
Different MSA/PMSA	466	177	361	147	314	176	139	136	95
Not in an MSA/PMSA	287	94	207	—	54	59	51	55	67
Abroad	—	6	54	—	40	—	17	—	9
URBAN, RURAL, AND FARM RESIDENCE									
Urban population	7 539	5 885	5 808	7 010	6 976	5 121	4 035	3 375	3 737
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	5 485	4 949	4 115	4 727	5 366	3 770	2 953	2 680	3 011
Rural population	—	—	401	—	—	—	1 022	4 704	1 632
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	—	—	154	—	—	—	566	2 632	929
On farms	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	101	—
JOURNEY TO WORK									
Workers 16 years and over	3 337	2 017	2 071	1 952	2 601	1 618	1 957	2 587	1 415
Car, truck, or van	3 167	1 913	1 934	1 732	2 458	1 473	1 768	2 186	1 107
Drove alone	2 743	1 596	1 513	1 383	2 199	1 263	1 500	1 705	796
Carpooled	424	317	421	349	259	210	268	481	311
Public transportation (including taxicab)	—	—	12	7	—	5	5	8	21
Bus or trolley bus or streetcar or trolley car	—	—	—	7	—	5	5	8	21
Subway or elevated, railroad, or ferryboat	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Walked	35	51	35	83	23	75	54	137	58
Other means	86	34	50	107	103	58	61	188	182
Worked at home	49	19	40	23	17	7	69	68	47
Persons per car, truck, or van	1.08	1.10	1.14	1.12	1.06	1.08	1.09	1.14	1.21
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	18.2	18.3	20.2	19.0	19.8	17.3	21.8	27.6	24.9
Departure time for work:									
5:00 a.m. to 5:59 a.m.	218	121	276	138	262	83	184	243	168
6:00 a.m. to 6:59 a.m.	550	460	384	431	309	289	428	558	281
7:00 a.m. to 7:59 a.m.	1 198	670	627	573	1 002	599	685	816	295
8:00 a.m. to 8:59 a.m.	392	294	241	174	305	264	215	198	159
All other times	930	453	503	613	706	376	376	704	465
Worked in MSA of residence	3 093	1 917	1 892	1 794	2 328	1 491	1 805	2 333	1 300
Houma city	1 715	1 150	1 252	1 197	1 576	998	830	811	526
Remainder of Terrebonne Parish	1 249	692	551	519	684	439	831	1 457	737
Thibodaux city	36	19	6	55	13	37	5	—	—
Lockport town	—	7	—	—	—	—	14	—	13
Remainder of Lafourche Parish	93	49	83	23	55	17	125	65	24
Worked outside MSA of residence	244	100	179	158	273	127	152	254	115
New Orleans city	28	29	17	25	21	8	—	28	—
Gretna city	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Jefferson Parish	14	—	66	—	25	25	46	27	10
St. Charles Parish	—	—	—	—	6	—	15	16	—
St. John the Baptist Parish	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	9
St. Bernard Parish	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
St. Tammany Parish	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Morgan City city	8	19	9	—	7	10	12	47	11
Remainder of St. Mary Parish	62	14	50	85	129	15	25	14	33
St. James Parish	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Lafayette, LA MSA	—	—	—	—	11	8	8	—	5
Plaquemines Parish	37	9	16	8	20	30	7	35	—
Assumption Parish	10	—	—	—	15	—	—	—	—
Baton Rouge, LA MSA	25	6	—	—	—	—	—	16	6
Iberia Parish	—	5	—	—	—	7	—	8	—
Worked elsewhere	60	18	21	40	39	24	39	63	41

Table 17. Social Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Terrebonne Parish—Con.		Bayou Cone CDP, Terrebonne Parish					Houma city, Terrebonne Parish	
	Tract 15.98	Tract 17	Tract 2 (pt.)	Tract 3 (pt.)	Tract 4 (pt.)	Tract 5 (pt.)	Tract 17 (pt.)	Tract 3 (pt.)	Tract 5 (pt.)
PLACE OF BIRTH									
All persons	5 172	2 762	4 274	3 215	7 522	865	—	965	3 991
Native	5 101	2 722	4 201	3 193	7 462	865	—	961	3 981
Foreign born	71	40	73	22	60	—	—	4	10
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH									
Linguistically isolated households	19	7	42	43	77	7	—	5	67
Persons 5 years and over	4 735	2 522	3 868	3 074	6 861	766	—	858	3 661
In linguistically isolated households	35	37	74	58	122	15	—	5	67
Speak a language other than English	441	141	534	606	854	101	—	73	575
Do not speak English "very well"	80	47	103	185	224	43	—	27	131
Speak Spanish	—	37	56	73	165	—	—	24	34
Do not speak English "very well"	—	37	29	8	102	—	—	4	25
Linguistically isolated	—	37	29	—	41	—	—	—	—
Speak an Asian or Pacific Island language	82	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	—
Do not speak English "very well"	57	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Linguistically isolated	22	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL									
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	1 561	692	1 202	661	2 146	181	—	252	798
Preprimary school	84	37	74	33	166	13	—	13	10
Public school	49	—	26	27	72	—	—	5	10
Elementary or high school	1 140	533	926	525	1 576	156	—	211	587
Public school	872	322	809	474	1 240	130	—	205	458
College	337	122	202	103	404	12	—	28	201
Public college	299	112	149	88	358	12	—	28	178
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT									
Persons 25 years and over	3 166	1 712	2 307	2 244	4 407	510	—	556	2 634
Less than 9th grade	194	203	302	482	305	113	—	93	486
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	284	75	583	425	494	140	—	85	613
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	1 184	527	774	888	1 801	153	—	218	644
Some college, no degree	640	310	340	187	948	66	—	67	485
Associate degree	151	75	99	32	137	—	—	6	88
Bachelor's degree	426	330	181	161	498	28	—	54	141
Graduate or professional degree	287	192	28	69	224	10	—	33	177
Percent high school graduate or higher	84.9	83.8	61.6	59.6	81.9	50.4	—	68.0	58.3
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	22.5	30.5	9.1	10.2	16.4	7.5	—	15.6	12.1
FERTILITY									
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 24 years	147	432	196	112	450	506	—	545	888
Children ever born per 1,000 women 25 to 34 years	1 607	1 425	1 576	1 343	1 458	1 024	—	1 752	1 505
Children ever born per 1,000 women 35 to 44 years	2 098	1 929	3 042	2 329	2 361	1 692	—	2 821	2 424
RESIDENCE IN 1985									
Persons 5 years and over	4 735	2 522	3 868	3 074	6 861	766	—	858	3 661
Some house	2 990	1 464	1 948	2 133	3 834	528	—	579	2 067
Different house in United States	1 702	1 058	1 887	941	3 027	238	—	279	1 594
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	602	501	662	399	1 053	61	—	123	1 019
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	681	277	850	414	1 231	79	—	62	432
Different MSA/PMSA	290	171	224	102	466	34	—	44	143
Not in on MSA/PMSA	129	109	151	26	277	64	—	50	—
Abroad	43	—	33	—	—	—	—	—	—
Urban population	3 304	1 438	4 274	3 215	7 522	865	—	965	3 991
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	3 200	998	3 011	2 507	5 468	770	—	746	3 348
Rural population	1 868	1 324	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	1 165	866	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
On farms	13	40	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
JOURNEY TO WORK									
Workers 16 years and over	2 365	1 124	1 776	1 284	3 330	308	—	358	1 337
Car, truck, or van	2 210	1 074	1 647	1 139	3 160	273	—	308	1 268
Drove alone	1 949	1 016	1 465	1 011	2 736	220	—	235	1 062
Carpooled	261	58	182	128	424	53	—	73	206
Public transportation (including taxicab)	10	4	8	—	—	—	—	6	—
Bus or trolley bus or streetcar or trolley car	10	4	8	—	—	—	—	6	—
Subway or elevated, railroad, or ferryboat	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Walked	4	11	39	74	35	27	—	20	24
Other means	34	25	49	61	86	—	—	24	34
Worked at home	107	10	33	10	49	8	—	—	11
Persons per car, truck, or van	1.07	1.03	1.06	1.07	1.08	1.13	—	1.15	1.10
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	21.2	21.2	20.1	20.6	18.3	17.2	—	16.1	18.2
Departure time for work:									
5:00 a.m. to 5:59 a.m.	177	62	120	110	218	11	—	29	94
6:00 a.m. to 6:59 a.m.	501	215	377	353	550	87	—	54	268
7:00 a.m. to 7:59 a.m.	928	407	488	445	1 191	101	—	116	420
8:00 a.m. to 8:59 a.m.	328	225	266	132	392	36	—	81	212
All other times	324	205	492	234	930	65	—	78	332
Worked in MSA of residence	2 094	954	1 535	1 145	3 086	278	—	339	1 290
Houma city	1 247	584	884	564	1 708	140	—	193	794
Remainder of Terrebonne Parish	784	336	586	519	1 249	138	—	139	471
Thibodaux city	46	21	8	22	36	—	—	—	19
Lockport town	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Lafourche Parish	17	13	57	40	93	—	—	7	6
Worked outside MSA of residence	271	170	241	139	244	30	—	19	47
New Orleans city	78	8	21	—	28	—	—	—	29
Gretno city	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Jefferson Parish	20	39	39	26	14	—	—	5	—
St. Charles Parish	14	7	21	6	—	—	—	4	—
St. John the Baptist Parish	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
St. Bernard Parish	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
St. Tammany Parish	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Morgan City city	34	7	37	11	8	12	—	—	—
Remainder of St. Mary Parish	60	34	42	44	62	7	—	—	—
St. James Parish	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Lafayette, LA MSA	—	7	6	7	—	—	—	—	—
Ploquemes Parish	5	8	8	22	37	—	—	—	—
Assumption Parish	—	—	—	8	10	—	—	—	—
Baton Rouge, LA MSA	13	15	8	—	25	6	—	—	—
Iberio Parish	7	—	—	—	—	5	—	—	—
Worked elsewhere	40	45	59	15	60	—	—	10	18

Table 17. Social Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Houma city, Terrebonne Parish—Con.								
	Tract 6 (pt.)	Tract 7 (pt.)	Tract 8 (pt.)	Tract 9 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 12 (pt.)	Tract 13 (pt.)	Tract 15.9B (pt.)	Tract 17 (pt.)
PLACE OF BIRTH									
All persons	2 054	6 516	6 976	5 121	—	—	464	3 304	1 104
Native	2 046	6 487	6 879	5 078	—	—	464	3 261	1 098
Foreign born	8	29	97	43	—	—	—	43	6
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH									
Linguistically isolated households	69	63	94	10	—	—	—	6	—
Persons 5 years and over	1 877	5 877	6 416	4 780	—	—	402	3 035	994
In linguistically isolated households	100	120	112	10	—	—	—	22	—
Speak a language other than English	467	877	1 097	520	—	—	39	217	20
Do not speak English "very well"	157	290	398	115	—	—	3	51	5
Speak Spanish	23	22	67	34	—	—	—	—	—
Do not speak English "very well"	5	9	43	11	—	—	—	—	—
Linguistically isolated	—	—	11	—	—	—	—	—	—
Speak an Asian or Pacific Island language	—	—	113	—	—	—	—	59	—
Do not speak English "very well"	—	—	27	—	—	—	—	51	—
Linguistically isolated	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	22	—
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL									
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	521	2 124	1 966	1 251	—	—	143	1 039	255
Preprimary school	19	66	145	34	—	—	13	55	10
Public school	12	53	117	13	—	—	7	25	—
Elementary or high school	418	1 787	1 527	970	—	—	122	746	209
Public school	386	1 747	1 280	732	—	—	122	542	129
College	84	271	294	247	—	—	8	238	36
Public college	77	266	286	221	—	—	8	205	26
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT									
Persons 25 years and over	1 248	3 478	4 106	3 236	—	—	210	2 047	688
Less than 9th grade	437	922	658	721	—	—	15	43	88
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	187	1 032	727	574	—	—	25	70	33
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	419	1 116	1 715	894	—	—	118	620	203
Some college, no degree	138	227	577	437	—	—	23	535	129
Associate degree	6	95	130	94	—	—	5	101	19
Bachelor's degree	45	64	232	312	—	—	9	398	139
Graduate or professional degree	16	22	67	204	—	—	15	280	77
Percent high school graduate or higher	50.0	43.8	66.3	60.0	—	—	81.0	94.5	82.4
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	4.9	2.5	7.3	15.9	—	—	11.4	33.1	31.4
FERTILITY									
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 24 years	281	626	315	670	—	—	837	92	469
Children ever born per 1,000 women 25 to 34 years	1 866	2 428	1 800	1 629	—	—	1 833	1 503	1 510
Children ever born per 1,000 women 35 to 44 years	2 855	2 729	2 493	2 946	—	—	2 300	2 076	1 832
RESIDENCE IN 1985									
Persons 5 years and over	1 877	5 877	6 416	4 780	—	—	402	3 035	994
Some house	1 308	3 313	3 607	2 769	—	—	194	1 921	532
Different house in United States	569	2 564	2 769	2 011	—	—	208	1 077	462
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	323	1 947	1 738	1 479	—	—	61	426	218
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	162	470	663	297	—	—	90	304	103
Different MSA/PMSA	59	147	314	176	—	—	28	251	81
Not in on MSA/PMSA	25	—	54	59	—	—	29	96	60
Abroad	—	—	40	—	—	—	—	37	—
URBAN, RURAL, AND FARM RESIDENCE									
Urban population	2 054	6 516	6 976	5 121	—	—	464	3 304	1 104
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	1 748	4 258	5 366	3 770	—	—	411	3 200	858
Rural population	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
On farms	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
JOURNEY TO WORK									
Workers 16 years and over	729	1 774	2 601	1 618	—	—	155	1 616	460
Car, truck, or van	684	1 562	2 458	1 473	—	—	149	1 515	440
Drove alone	537	1 241	2 199	1 263	—	—	124	1 421	427
Carpooled	147	321	259	210	—	—	25	94	13
Public transportation (including taxicab)	6	7	—	5	—	—	—	—	—
Bus or trolley bus or streetcar or trolley car	—	7	—	5	—	—	—	—	—
Subway or elevated, railroad, or ferryboat	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Walked	—	83	23	75	—	—	6	—	—
Other means	16	99	103	58	—	—	—	28	15
Worked at home	23	23	17	7	—	—	—	73	5
Persons per car, truck, or van	1.13	1.12	1.06	1.08	—	—	1.11	1.04	1.02
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	19.7	18.7	19.8	17.3	—	—	17.7	19.1	20.9
Departure time for work:									
5:00 a.m. to 5:59 a.m.	68	119	262	83	—	—	38	54	33
6:00 a.m. to 6:59 a.m.	143	404	309	289	—	—	19	283	65
7:00 a.m. to 7:59 a.m.	180	525	1 002	599	—	—	25	720	177
8:00 a.m. to 8:59 a.m.	85	134	305	264	—	—	44	282	103
All other times	230	569	706	376	—	—	29	204	77
Worked in MSA of residence									
Houma city	452	1 137	1 576	998	—	—	119	928	289
Remainder of Terrebonne Parish	209	437	684	439	—	—	31	455	97
Thibodaux city	—	34	13	37	—	—	—	39	12
Lockport town	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Lofourche Parish	23	23	55	17	—	—	—	17	—
Worked outside MSA of residence	45	143	273	127	—	—	5	177	62
New Orleans city	—	25	21	8	—	—	—	72	8
Gretno city	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Jefferson Parish	—	—	25	25	—	—	—	—	—
St. Charles Parish	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	20	—
St. John the Baptist Parish	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	14	7
St. Bernard Parish	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
St. Tammany Parish	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Morgan City city	—	—	7	10	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of St. Mary Parish	23	77	129	15	—	—	—	23	6
St. James Parish	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Lafayette, LA MSA	—	—	11	8	—	—	—	—	—
Plaquemines Parish	16	8	20	30	—	—	—	5	8
Assumption Parish	—	—	15	—	—	—	—	—	—
Baton Rouge, LA MSA	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Iberio Parish	—	—	—	7	—	—	—	13	—
Worked elsewhere	6	33	39	24	—	—	5	23	33

Table 17. Social Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Terrebonne Parish								
	Tract 1	Tract 2 (pt.)	Tract 3 (pt.)	Tract 4 (pt.)	Tract 5 (pt.)	Tract 6 (pt.)	Tract 7 (pt.)	Tract 8 (pt.)	Tract 9 (pt.)
PLACE OF BIRTH									
All persons	7 986	3 767	8	17	1 029	4 155	494	—	—
Native	7 978	3 731	8	17	1 023	3 899	465	—	—
Foreign born	8	36	—	—	6	256	29	—	—
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH									
Linguistically isolated households	49	15	—	—	—	75	11	—	—
Persons 5 years and over	7 264	3 416	8	17	999	3 703	439	—	—
In linguistically isolated households	94	22	—	—	—	241	44	—	—
Speak a language other than English	786	432	—	—	134	773	96	—	—
Do not speak English "very well"	161	71	—	—	8	251	61	—	—
Speak Spanish	8	10	—	—	14	57	7	—	—
Do not speak English "very well"	—	—	—	—	—	7	—	—	—
Linguistically isolated	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Speak an Asian or Pacific Island language	—	—	—	—	—	252	44	—	—
Do not speak English "very well"	—	—	—	—	—	191	44	—	—
Linguistically isolated	—	—	—	—	—	210	44	—	—
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL									
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	2 552	1 003	—	—	330	1 303	153	—	—
Preprimary school	127	21	—	—	8	65	—	—	—
Public school	104	21	—	—	—	52	—	—	—
Elementary or high school	1 930	808	—	—	242	1 090	138	—	—
Public school	1 812	776	—	—	235	1 013	119	—	—
College	495	174	—	—	80	148	15	—	—
Public college	441	147	—	—	80	117	15	—	—
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT									
Persons 25 years and over	4 356	2 153	—	17	592	2 095	248	—	—
Less than 9th grade	965	314	—	—	131	448	24	—	—
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	803	361	—	10	89	374	76	—	—
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	1 495	1 037	—	7	184	808	75	—	—
Some college, no degree	675	264	—	—	107	185	45	—	—
Associate degree	113	48	—	—	25	74	—	—	—
Bachelor's degree	200	110	—	—	21	147	9	—	—
Graduate or professional degree	105	19	—	—	35	59	19	—	—
Percent high school graduate or higher	59.4	68.6	—	41.2	62.8	60.8	59.7	—	—
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	7.0	6.0	—	—	9.5	9.8	11.3	—	—
FERTILITY									
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 24 years	290	499	—	—	163	452	529	—	—
Children ever born per 1,000 women 25 to 34 years	1 629	1 599	—	—	1 432	1 899	2 273	—	—
Children ever born per 1,000 women 35 to 44 years	2 481	1 667	—	—	2 361	2 439	1 925	—	—
RESIDENCE IN 1985									
Persons 5 years and over	7 264	3 416	8	17	999	3 703	439	—	—
Same house	4 771	1 767	—	7	781	2 004	243	—	—
Different house in United States	2 453	1 649	8	10	212	1 645	196	—	—
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	632	379	—	—	64	503	124	—	—
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	1 306	1 011	8	—	118	658	72	—	—
Different MSA/PMSA	347	126	—	—	—	302	—	—	—
Not in an MSA/PMSA	168	133	—	10	30	182	—	—	—
Abroad	40	—	—	—	6	54	—	—	—
URBAN, RURAL, AND FARM RESIDENCE									
Urban population	7 714	3 381	8	17	1 029	3 754	494	—	—
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	5 382	2 479	8	17	831	2 367	469	—	—
Rural population	272	386	—	—	—	401	—	—	—
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	139	234	—	—	—	154	—	—	—
On farms	—	—	—	—	—	7	—	—	—
JOURNEY TO WORK									
Workers 16 years and over	2 962	1 629	8	7	372	1 342	178	—	—
Car, truck, or van	2 777	1 470	—	7	372	1 250	170	—	—
Drive alone	2 187	1 252	—	7	314	976	142	—	—
Carpooled	590	218	—	—	58	274	28	—	—
Public transportation (including taxicab)	30	24	—	—	—	6	—	—	—
Bus or trolley bus or streetcar or trolley car	19	24	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Subway or elevated, railroad, or ferryboat	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Walked	70	11	8	—	—	35	—	—	—
Other means	58	98	—	—	—	34	8	—	—
Worked at home	27	26	—	—	—	17	—	—	—
Persons per car, truck, or van	1.14	1.09	—	1.00	1.09	1.15	1.09	—	—
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	23.3	22.3	1.0	10.0	19.8	20.4	21.3	—	—
Departure time for work:									
5:00 a.m. to 5:59 a.m.	356	226	—	—	16	208	19	—	—
6:00 a.m. to 6:59 a.m.	728	331	—	—	105	241	27	—	—
7:00 a.m. to 7:59 a.m.	870	490	—	7	149	447	48	—	—
8:00 a.m. to 8:59 a.m.	253	113	—	—	46	156	40	—	—
All other times	728	443	8	—	56	273	44	—	—
Worked in MSA of residence	2 503	1 414	8	7	349	1 208	163	—	—
Houma city	732	666	—	7	216	800	60	—	—
Remainder of Terrebonne Parish	1 036	658	8	—	83	342	82	—	—
Thibodaux city	551	27	—	—	—	6	21	—	—
Lockport town	—	7	—	—	7	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Lafourche Parish	184	56	—	—	43	60	—	—	—
Worked outside MSA of residence	459	215	—	—	23	134	15	—	—
New Orleans city	27	—	—	—	—	17	—	—	—
Gretna city	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Jefferson Parish	38	42	—	—	—	66	—	—	—
St. Charles Parish	52	31	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
St. John the Baptist Parish	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
St. Bernard Parish	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
St. Tammany Parish	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Morgan City city	49	39	—	—	7	9	—	—	—
Remainder of St. Mary Parish	204	32	—	—	7	27	8	—	—
St. James Parish	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Lafayette, LA MSA	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Plaquemines Parish	23	—	—	—	9	—	—	—	—
Assumption Parish	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Baton Rouge, LA MSA	21	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Iberia Parish	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worked elsewhere	40	71	—	—	—	15	7	—	—

Table 17. Social Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Terrebonne Parish—Con.								
	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 11	Tract 12 (pt.)	Tract 12.22	Tract 13 (pt.)	Tract 14	Tract 15.98 (pt.)	Tract 16	Tract 17 (pt.)
PLACE OF BIRTH									
All persons	5 057	3 832	8 079	—	4 905	4 192	1 868	3 564	1 658
Native	4 989	3 816	8 074	—	4 896	4 181	1 840	3 555	1 624
Foreign born	68	16	5	—	9	11	28	9	34
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH									
Linguistically isolated households	32	121	218	—	137	9	13	17	7
Persons 5 years and over	4 615	3 493	7 415	—	4 470	3 756	1 700	3 245	1 528
In linguistically isolated households	70	241	326	—	307	9	13	28	37
Speak a language other than English	920	1 343	2 566	—	1 978	495	224	312	121
Do not speak English "very well"	232	524	588	—	618	74	29	90	42
Speak Spanish	52	7	9	—	18	—	—	13	37
Do not speak English "very well"	17	—	—	—	9	—	—	9	37
Linguistically isolated	17	—	—	—	9	—	—	—	37
Speak an Asian or Pacific Island language	—	—	—	—	—	—	23	—	—
Do not speak English "very well"	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	—
Linguistically isolated	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL									
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	1 549	976	2 157	—	1 432	1 252	522	1 069	437
Preprimary school	111	47	88	—	42	24	29	66	27
Public school	76	35	64	—	31	14	24	31	—
Elementary or high school	1 243	853	1 857	—	1 284	1 106	394	865	324
Public school	1 077	829	1 812	—	1 230	1 080	330	801	193
College	195	76	212	—	106	122	99	138	86
Public college	173	68	181	—	91	97	94	138	86
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT									
Persons 25 years and over	2 870	2 221	4 596	—	2 579	2 150	1 119	1 945	1 024
Less than 9th grade	592	855	1 483	—	1 261	575	151	681	115
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	333	449	914	—	467	591	214	480	42
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	1 196	646	1 665	—	642	724	564	482	324
Some college, no degree	389	169	345	—	142	172	105	200	181
Associate degree	86	17	16	—	25	25	50	45	56
Bachelor's degree	182	41	105	—	28	57	28	38	191
Graduate or professional degree	92	44	68	—	14	6	7	19	115
Percent high school graduate or higher	67.8	41.3	47.8	—	33.0	45.8	67.4	40.3	84.7
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	9.5	3.8	3.8	—	1.6	2.9	3.1	2.9	29.9
FERTILITY									
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 24 years	263	537	428	—	693	555	201	425	408
Children ever born per 1,000 women 25 to 34 years	1 693	1 709	2 015	—	1 960	2 146	1 772	2 039	1 366
Children ever born per 1,000 women 35 to 44 years	2 523	2 893	2 696	—	3 074	2 810	2 173	2 893	2 007
RESIDENCE IN 1985									
Persons 5 years and over	4 615	3 493	7 415	—	4 470	3 756	1 700	3 245	1 528
Same house	3 327	2 239	5 465	—	3 041	2 841	1 069	2 335	932
Different house in United States	1 271	1 254	1 950	—	1 420	915	625	910	596
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	317	176	285	—	313	366	176	101	283
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	764	1 001	1 474	—	1 002	513	377	552	174
Different MSA/PMSA	139	20	136	—	67	21	39	90	90
Not in an MSA/PMSA	51	57	55	—	38	15	33	167	49
Abroad	17	—	—	—	9	—	6	—	—
URBAN, RURAL, AND FARM RESIDENCE									
Urban population	4 035	—	3 375	—	3 273	—	—	—	334
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	2 953	—	2 680	—	2 600	—	—	—	140
Rural population	1 022	3 832	4 704	—	1 632	4 192	1 868	3 564	1 324
In housing units on properties of less than 1 acre	566	2 673	2 632	—	929	2 802	1 165	2 173	866
On farms	—	41	101	—	—	—	13	45	40
JOURNEY TO WORK									
Workers 16 years and over	1 957	1 175	2 587	—	1 260	1 297	749	1 080	664
Car, truck, or van	1 768	999	2 186	—	958	1 068	695	934	634
Drive alone	1 500	738	1 705	—	672	792	528	741	589
Carpooled	268	261	481	—	286	276	167	193	45
Public transportation (including taxicab)	5	—	8	—	21	21	10	4	4
Bus or trolley bus or streetcar or trolley car	5	—	8	—	21	21	10	4	4
Subway or elevated, railroad, or ferryboat	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Walked	54	51	137	—	52	27	4	26	11
Other means	61	92	188	—	182	162	6	112	10
Worked at home	69	33	68	—	47	19	34	4	5
Persons per car, truck, or van	1.09	1.17	1.14	—	1.23	1.17	1.14	1.13	1.04
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	21.8	31.3	27.6	—	25.8	24.6	25.8	27.6	21.4
Departure time for work:									
5:00 a.m. to 5:59 a.m.	184	104	243	—	130	135	123	100	29
6:00 a.m. to 6:59 a.m.	428	341	558	—	262	380	218	275	150
7:00 a.m. to 7:59 a.m.	685	233	816	—	270	347	208	334	230
8:00 a.m. to 8:59 a.m.	215	81	198	—	115	112	46	86	122
All other times	376	383	704	—	436	304	120	281	128
Worked in MSA of residence	1 805	1 051	2 333	—	1 150	1 227	655	741	556
Houma city	830	364	811	—	407	597	319	246	295
Remainder of Terrebonne Parish	831	615	1 457	—	706	606	329	447	239
Thibodaux city	5	5	—	—	—	6	7	22	9
Lockport town	14	8	—	—	13	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Lafourche Parish	125	59	65	—	24	18	—	26	13
Worked outside MSA of residence	152	124	254	—	110	70	94	339	108
New Orleans city	—	5	28	—	—	9	6	13	—
Gretno city	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Remainder of Jefferson Parish	46	14	27	—	10	24	—	8	39
St. Charles Parish	15	11	16	—	—	—	—	6	—
St. John the Baptist Parish	—	—	—	—	9	—	—	—	—
St. Bernard Parish	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
St. Tommomy Parish	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	—
Morgan City city	12	—	47	—	11	8	34	108	7
Remainder of St. Mary Parish	25	15	14	—	33	—	37	142	28
St. James Parish	—	—	—	—	—	5	—	—	—
Lafayette, LA MSA	8	—	—	—	5	—	—	14	7
Plaquemines Parish	7	27	35	—	—	7	—	6	—
Assumption Parish	—	—	—	—	—	8	—	6	—
Baton Rouge, LA MSA	—	—	16	—	6	—	—	19	15
Iberia Parish	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worked elsewhere	39	52	63	—	36	9	17	11	12

Table 18. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1990

[Data based on a sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Hauma-Thibodaux, LA MSA	Lafourche Parish		Terrebonne Parish			Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Lafourche Parish			
		Total	Thibodaux city	Total	Bayou Cane CDP	Hauma city	Tract 202.02	Tract 203	Tract 204	Tract 205
LABOR FORCE STATUS										
Persons 16 years and over	131 261	62 804	10 849	68 457	11 715	21 886	2 061	620	1 881	3 895
In labor force	73 648	35 050	5 769	38 598	7 365	11 853	1 310	214	866	2 339
Percent of persons 16 years and over	56.1	55.8	53.2	56.4	62.9	54.2	63.6	34.5	46.0	60.1
Civilian labor force	73 527	35 020	5 763	38 507	7 333	11 853	1 304	214	866	2 339
Employed	67 524	32 168	5 234	35 356	6 813	10 860	1 221	182	764	2 124
Unemployed	6 003	2 852	529	3 151	520	993	83	32	102	215
Percent of civilian labor force	B.2	B.1	9.2	B.2	7.1	B.4	6.4	15.0	11.8	9.2
Not in labor force	57 613	27 754	5 080	29 859	4 350	10 033	751	406	1 015	1 556
Institutionalized persons	1 348	674	399	674	333	341	7	6	156	142
Enrolled in school	8 615	4 634	1 281	3 981	619	1 240	256	388	128	462
Noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over, not enrolled in school	13 674	6 848	1 476	6 826	800	2 988	155	-	302	289
Females 16 years and over	68 497	32 760	5 912	35 737	6 149	11 783	1 062	219	1 038	2 103
In labor force	29 341	13 670	2 703	15 671	3 112	5 146	574	101	429	1 056
Percent of females 16 years and over	42.8	41.7	45.7	43.9	50.6	43.7	54.0	46.1	41.3	50.2
Civilian labor force	29 336	13 665	2 703	15 671	3 112	5 146	574	101	429	1 056
Employed	26 240	12 126	2 400	14 114	2 822	4 640	536	95	371	919
Unemployed	3 096	1 539	303	1 557	290	506	38	6	58	137
Percent of civilian labor force	10.6	11.3	11.2	9.9	9.3	9.8	6.6	5.9	13.5	13.0
With own children under 6 years	13 198	6 139	839	7 059	1 055	2 027	143	-	126	503
In labor force	5 827	2 666	469	3 161	492	929	72	-	75	248
With own children 6 to 17 years only	14 968	7 017	932	7 951	1 372	2 336	233	-	161	532
In labor force	8 127	3 717	587	4 410	903	1 353	162	-	101	344
Own children under 6 years in families and subfamilies	17 982	8 204	1 187	9 778	1 586	2 923	242	-	235	705
All parents present in household in labor force	7 339	3 387	556	3 952	690	1 218	120	-	110	292
Own children 6 to 17 years in families and subfamilies	37 044	16 565	2 205	20 479	2 963	5 999	460	-	390	1 269
All parents present in household in labor force	16 831	7 516	1 091	9 315	1 715	2 823	322	-	170	638
Persons 16 to 19 years	11 487	5 636	1 223	5 851	1 006	1 668	233	239	158	446
Not enrolled in school	3 215	1 555	248	1 660	271	440	39	-	11	92
Unemployed or not in labor force	1 728	797	148	931	98	271	9	-	4	80
Not high school graduate	1 705	816	139	889	85	275	9	-	7	80
Employed	519	264	21	255	36	87	-	-	7	5
Unemployed	238	137	34	101	9	31	-	-	-	35
Not in labor force	948	415	84	533	40	157	9	-	-	40
OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES										
Employed persons 16 years and over	67 524	32 168	5 234	35 356	6 813	10 860	1 221	182	764	2 124
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations	5 650	2 428	508	3 222	792	1 113	141	30	62	145
Professional specialty occupations	7 364	3 707	944	3 657	798	1 432	300	51	95	301
Technicians and related support occupations	2 005	929	222	1 076	182	414	33	-	36	123
Sales occupations	7 892	3 268	696	4 624	1 110	1 392	233	25	61	209
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	8 656	3 939	702	4 717	1 030	1 535	151	46	71	288
Private household occupations	285	139	26	146	17	35	10	-	14	-
Protective service occupations	838	342	83	496	128	119	9	-	11	17
Service occupations, except protective and household	7 057	3 272	642	3 785	648	1 477	64	19	154	239
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	2 149	1 030	87	1 119	45	130	18	6	10	49
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	11 873	6 097	594	5 776	1 042	1 438	137	-	91	349
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	4 044	2 251	286	1 793	289	524	28	-	70	202
Transportation and material moving occupations	6 205	3 178	228	3 027	445	821	42	5	49	80
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	3 506	1 588	216	1 918	287	430	55	-	40	122
Construction	4 633	2 575	303	2 058	330	677	73	6	39	223
Manufacturing	7 449	4 574	541	2 875	426	661	139	-	79	296
Transportation, communications, and other utilities	6 715	3 578	253	3 137	576	839	56	-	42	117
Wholesale and retail trade	14 914	6 411	1 221	8 503	1 824	2 590	271	43	133	405
Finance, insurance, and real estate	2 760	1 299	279	1 461	343	507	50	-	31	137
Business and repair services	3 109	1 138	154	1 971	427	565	29	-	26	33
Professional and related services	14 265	7 010	1 757	7 255	1 444	2 836	454	101	259	630
CLASS OF WORKER										
Employed persons 16 years and over	67 524	32 168	5 234	35 356	6 813	10 860	1 221	182	764	2 124
Private wage and salary workers	52 756	25 164	3 722	27 592	5 437	8 592	838	100	547	1 674
Government workers	9 692	4 800	1 229	4 892	939	1 553	318	82	190	379
Local government workers	4 760	1 972	443	2 788	576	844	83	7	112	143
Self-employed workers	4 722	2 060	260	2 662	385	662	59	-	27	60
WORK STATUS IN 1989										
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	79 188	37 426	6 414	41 762	7 779	12 903	1 453	450	926	2 512
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	62 101	29 617	4 681	32 484	6 057	9 808	1 053	221	695	2 006
50 to 52 weeks	37 067	17 196	2 915	19 871	3 932	6 426	654	31	420	1 323
40 to 49 weeks	7 134	3 597	439	3 537	687	858	106	6	81	174
27 to 39 weeks	6 537	3 168	408	3 369	660	847	91	21	64	179
Usually worked 1 to 34 hours per week, 40 to 52 weeks	7 809	3 514	842	4 295	864	1 555	168	56	141	228
DISABILITY										
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	114 608	54 510	8 714	60 098	10 436	18 110	1 883	614	1 391	3 416
With a mobility or self-care limitation	6 823	2 792	403	4 031	346	1 532	36	11	60	186
With a mobility limitation	3 474	1 315	176	2 159	197	757	18	6	21	68
In labor force	539	203	15	336	29	101	6	-	-	17
With a self-care limitation	5 156	2 115	341	3 041	195	1 210	24	5	60	157
With a work disability	14 511	6 150	938	8 361	1 235	2 566	124	13	222	243
In labor force	4 019	1 619	260	2 400	485	682	60	-	64	52
Prevented from working	9 123	3 942	551	5 181	669	1 625	53	6	125	155
No work disability	100 097	48 360	7 776	51 737	9 201	15 544	1 759	601	1 169	3 173
In labor force	68 172	32 745	5 303	35 427	6 754	10 776	1 234	214	770	2 269
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	15 184	7 590	1 730	7 594	914	3 435	165	-	334	337
With a mobility or self-care limitation	3 706	1 760	323	1 946	185	820	20	-	58	93
With a mobility limitation	2 758	1 280	252	1 478	159	624	11	-	37	56
With a self-care limitation	2 418	1 130	207	1 288	147	493	16	-	30	62
WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1989										
No workers	7 883	3 815	736	4 068	490	1 719	63	-	166	292
Mean family income (dollars)	11 724	11 375	10 526	12 051	14 332	12 332	15 160	-	8 898	6 084
1 worker	18 130	8 947	1 153	9 183	1 516	2 674	206	-	206	519
Mean family income (dollars)	25 557	24 023	26 668	27 051	26 842	25 851	33 078	-	19 742	17 343
2 or more workers	22 745	10 478	1 432	12 267	2 190	3 603	404	-	200	675
Mean family income (dollars)	41 286	41 440	47 167	41 154	41 659	43 030	70 289	-	31 494	37 613

Table 18. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on a sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Lafourche Parish—Con.		Thibodaux city, Lafourche Parish							
	Tract 206	Tract 207	Tract 201	Tract 202.01	Tract 202.02 (pt.)	Tract 203 (pt.)	Tract 204 (pt.)	Tract 205 (pt.)	Tract 206 (pt.)	Tract 207 (pt.)
LABOR FORCE STATUS										
Persons 16 years and over	1 662	7 139	2 822	1 293	57	620	1 881	2 115	434	1 627
In labor force	1 018	4 309	1 551	755	36	214	866	1 159	159	1 029
Percent of persons 16 years and over	61.3	60.4	55.0	58.4	63.2	34.5	46.0	54.8	36.6	63.2
Civilian labor force	1 018	4 309	1 551	749	36	214	866	1 159	159	1 029
Employed	938	4 023	1 418	692	36	182	764	1 056	119	967
Unemployed	80	286	133	57	—	32	102	103	40	62
Percent of civilian labor force	7.9	6.6	8.6	7.6	—	15.0	11.8	8.9	25.2	6.0
Not in labor force	644	2 830	1 271	538	21	406	1 015	956	275	598
Institutionalized persons	59	79	—	36	—	6	156	142	59	—
Enrolled in school	84	533	197	150	21	388	128	247	34	116
Noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over, not enrolled in school	192	683	438	278	—	—	302	211	79	168
Females 16 years and over	907	3 663	1 588	787	5	219	1 038	1 159	288	828
In labor force	445	1 684	694	405	5	101	429	562	75	432
Percent of females 16 years and over	49.1	46.0	43.7	51.5	100.0	46.1	41.3	48.5	26.0	52.2
Civilian labor force	445	1 684	694	405	5	101	429	562	75	432
Employed	393	1 547	626	364	5	95	371	493	35	411
Unemployed	52	137	68	41	—	6	58	69	40	21
Percent of civilian labor force	11.7	8.1	9.8	10.1	—	5.9	13.5	12.3	53.3	4.9
With own children under 6 years	136	740	162	73	5	—	126	295	13	165
In labor force	97	395	89	65	5	—	75	127	—	108
With own children 6 to 17 years only	187	840	240	74	—	—	161	221	50	186
In labor force	127	423	125	68	—	—	101	137	34	122
Own children under 6 years in families and subfamilies	157	967	275	93	5	—	235	378	23	178
All parents present in household in labor force	106	487	122	79	5	—	110	132	—	108
Own children 6 to 17 years in families and subfamilies	445	1 978	500	170	—	—	390	604	123	418
All parents present in household in labor force	311	950	192	131	—	—	170	268	72	258
Persons 16 to 19 years	143	661	256	142	7	239	158	242	48	131
Not enrolled in school	32	131	107	13	7	—	11	76	7	27
Unemployed or not in labor force	11	21	48	13	—	—	4	69	—	14
Not high school graduate	10	38	36	13	—	—	7	69	—	14
Employed	4	24	14	—	—	—	7	—	—	—
Unemployed	6	—	5	—	—	—	—	29	—	—
Not in labor force	—	14	17	13	—	—	—	40	—	14
OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES										
Employed persons 16 years and over	938	4 023	1 418	692	36	182	764	1 056	119	967
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations	108	355	108	81	—	30	62	95	14	118
Professional specialty occupations	158	595	224	207	5	51	95	120	6	236
Technicians and related support occupations	18	135	66	17	—	—	36	75	—	28
Sales occupations	93	404	211	142	—	25	61	123	20	114
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	179	486	197	99	21	46	71	151	20	97
Private household occupations	—	12	6	—	—	—	14	—	—	6
Protective service occupations	10	56	36	5	—	—	11	12	—	19
Service occupations, except protective and household	82	445	179	56	5	19	154	99	12	118
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	17	109	19	7	—	6	10	15	5	25
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	157	766	193	44	—	—	91	137	19	110
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	50	259	60	—	—	—	70	115	6	35
Transportation and material moving occupations	40	238	72	11	5	5	49	39	8	39
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	26	163	47	23	—	—	40	75	9	22
Construction	58	388	96	17	5	6	39	95	—	45
Manufacturing	125	637	136	23	9	—	79	159	7	128
Transportation, communications, and other utilities	47	322	83	6	—	—	42	43	—	79
Wholesale and retail trade	181	788	352	177	5	43	133	257	41	213
Finance, insurance, and real estate	94	166	65	45	—	—	31	84	16	38
Business and repair services	44	127	45	28	—	—	26	15	12	28
Professional and related services	223	953	423	308	5	101	259	306	18	337
CLASS OF WORKER										
Employed persons 16 years and over	938	4 023	1 418	692	36	182	764	1 056	119	967
Private wage and salary workers	751	2 972	951	451	31	100	547	880	105	657
Government workers	151	757	341	225	5	82	190	135	14	237
Local government workers	40	212	149	54	—	7	112	60	7	54
Self-employed workers	36	285	114	16	—	—	27	30	—	73
WORK STATUS IN 1989										
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	1 032	4 488	1 617	808	57	450	926	1 324	149	1 083
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	835	3 655	1 255	581	23	221	695	1 006	126	774
50 to 52 weeks	604	2 384	742	406	10	31	420	648	95	563
40 to 49 weeks	102	447	152	54	—	6	81	71	12	63
27 to 39 weeks	53	284	139	41	—	21	64	85	7	51
Usually worked 1 to 34 hours per week, 40 to 52 weeks	126	433	166	114	16	56	141	146	11	192
DISABILITY										
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	1 372	6 260	2 328	906	57	614	1 391	1 714	290	1 414
With a mobility or self-care limitation	66	290	99	36	—	11	60	95	47	55
With a mobility limitation	10	110	51	11	—	6	21	55	6	26
In labor force	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	9	—	6
With a self-care limitation	62	229	73	30	—	5	60	71	47	55
With a work disability	88	548	332	49	—	13	222	172	22	128
In labor force	51	139	104	19	—	—	64	29	—	44
Prevented from working	30	368	171	24	—	6	125	119	22	84
Work disability	1 284	5 712	1 996	857	57	601	1 169	1 542	268	1 286
In labor force	928	4 057	1 398	676	36	214	770	1 112	153	944
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	231	800	494	345	—	—	334	259	85	213
With a mobility or self-care limitation	41	137	74	64	—	—	58	83	20	24
With a mobility limitation	34	107	74	58	—	—	37	46	13	24
With a self-care limitation	13	101	50	39	—	—	30	62	7	19
WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1989										
Workers	76	365	207	79	—	—	166	161	42	81
Mean family income (dollars)	16 743	13 322	9 341	23 024	—	—	8 898	7 011	9 138	12 402
Nonworker	169	964	342	115	—	—	206	287	53	150
Mean family income (dollars)	27 493	24 594	34 729	46 643	—	—	19 742	14 761	12 049	30 431
More than one worker	358	1 328	410	185	5	—	200	285	38	309
Mean family income (dollars)	43 436	45 587	46 190	60 962	18 000	—	31 494	34 556	25 357	65 134

Table 18. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Lafourche Parish									
	Tract 202.02 (pt.)	Tract 203 (pt.)	Tract 204 (pt.)	Tract 205 (pt.)	Tract 206 (pt.)	Tract 207 (pt.)	Tract 208	Tract 209	Tract 210	Tract 211
LABOR FORCE STATUS										
Persons 16 years and over	2 004	--	--	1 780	1 228	5 512	2 855	1 741	2 046	4 983
In labor force	1 274	--	--	1 180	859	3 280	1 646	1 016	1 115	2 591
Percent of persons 16 years and over	63.6	--	--	66.3	70.0	59.5	57.7	58.4	54.5	52.0
Civilian labor force	1 268	--	--	1 180	859	3 280	1 646	1 016	1 115	2 591
Employed	1 185	--	--	1 068	819	3 056	1 490	887	1 023	2 470
Unemployed	83	--	--	112	40	224	156	129	92	121
Percent of civilian labor force	6.5	--	--	9.5	4.7	6.8	9.5	12.7	8.3	4.7
Not in labor force	730	--	--	600	369	2 232	1 209	725	931	2 392
Institutionalized persons	7	--	--	--	--	79	--	--	--	115
Enrolled in school	235	--	--	215	50	417	112	103	116	334
Noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over, not enrolled in school	155	--	--	78	113	515	271	155	140	434
Females 16 years and over	1 057	--	--	944	619	2 835	1 427	888	1 013	2 566
In labor force	569	--	--	494	370	1 252	540	399	346	897
Percent of females 16 years and over	53.8	--	--	52.3	59.8	44.2	37.8	44.9	34.2	35.0
Civilian labor force	569	--	--	494	370	1 252	540	399	346	897
Employed	531	--	--	426	358	1 136	476	342	301	810
Unemployed	38	--	--	68	12	116	64	57	45	87
Percent of civilian labor force	6.7	--	--	13.8	3.2	9.3	11.9	14.3	13.0	9.7
With own children under 6 years	138	--	--	208	123	575	333	179	201	432
In labor force	67	--	--	121	97	287	157	99	73	122
With own children 6 to 17 years only	233	--	--	311	137	654	294	203	256	617
In labor force	162	--	--	207	93	301	145	116	109	263
Own children under 6 years in families and subfamilies	237	--	--	327	134	789	434	238	269	608
All parents present in household in labor force	115	--	--	160	106	379	242	134	89	132
Own children 6 to 17 years in families and subfamilies	460	--	--	665	322	1 560	734	543	549	1 456
All parents present in household in labor force	322	--	--	370	239	692	338	278	185	527
Persons 16 to 19 years	226	--	--	204	95	530	169	166	203	469
Not enrolled in school	32	--	--	16	25	104	59	66	99	187
Unemployed or not in labor force	9	--	--	11	11	7	21	38	72	93
Not high school graduate	9	--	--	11	10	24	38	41	54	130
Employed	--	--	--	5	4	24	23	7	6	78
Unemployed	--	--	--	6	6	--	--	--	2	--
Not in labor force	9	--	--	--	--	--	15	34	46	52
OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES										
Employed persons 16 years and over	1 185	--	--	1 068	819	3 056	1 490	887	1 023	2 470
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations	141	--	--	50	94	237	80	49	52	192
Professional specialty occupations	295	--	--	181	152	359	132	64	76	149
Technicians and related support occupations	33	--	--	48	18	107	57	7	33	43
Sales occupations	233	--	--	86	73	290	86	92	82	201
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	130	--	--	137	159	389	120	91	85	245
Private household occupations	10	--	--	--	--	6	--	9	11	15
Protective service occupations	9	--	--	5	10	37	12	--	6	25
Service occupations, except protective and household	59	--	--	140	70	327	132	196	64	264
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	18	--	--	34	12	84	44	37	49	190
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	137	--	--	212	138	656	504	171	272	441
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	28	--	--	87	44	224	195	63	91	72
Transportation and material moving occupations	37	--	--	41	32	199	67	47	116	537
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	55	--	--	47	17	141	61	61	86	96
Construction	68	--	--	128	58	343	269	84	103	151
Manufacturing	130	--	--	137	118	509	389	155	255	164
Transportation, communications, and other utilities	56	--	--	74	47	243	53	59	131	623
Wholesale and retail trade	266	--	--	148	140	575	263	196	176	412
Finance, insurance, and real estate	50	--	--	53	78	128	17	28	40	96
Business and repair services	29	--	--	18	32	99	85	12	13	76
Professional and related services	449	--	--	324	205	616	274	185	138	391
CLASS OF WORKER										
Employed persons 16 years and over	1 185	--	--	1 068	819	3 056	1 490	887	1 023	2 470
Private wage and salary workers	807	--	--	794	646	2 315	1 192	770	832	1 998
Government workers	313	--	--	244	137	520	192	84	115	314
Local government workers	83	--	--	83	33	158	74	17	57	166
Self-employed workers	59	--	--	30	36	212	96	33	76	146
WORK STATUS IN 1989										
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	1 396	--	--	1 188	883	3 405	1 666	1 093	1 225	2 809
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	1 030	--	--	1 000	709	2 881	1 427	839	999	2 156
50 to 52 weeks	644	--	--	675	509	1 821	959	519	633	957
40 to 49 weeks	106	--	--	103	90	384	192	97	137	309
27 to 39 weeks	91	--	--	94	46	233	104	87	87	416
Usually worked 1 to 34 hours per week, 40 to 52 weeks	152	--	--	82	115	241	145	109	79	236
DISABILITY										
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	1 826	--	--	1 702	1 082	4 846	2 579	1 538	1 884	4 425
With a mobility or self-care limitation	36	--	--	91	19	235	100	117	113	254
With a mobility limitation	18	--	--	13	4	84	72	67	57	145
In labor force	6	--	--	8	--	--	6	11	18	58
With a self-care limitation	24	--	--	86	15	174	87	78	89	152
With a work disability	124	--	--	71	66	420	302	236	244	617
In labor force	60	--	--	23	51	95	63	32	41	198
Prevented from working	53	--	--	36	8	284	229	189	169	341
No work disability	1 702	--	--	1 631	1 016	4 426	2 277	1 302	1 640	3 808
In labor force	1 198	--	--	1 157	775	3 113	1 578	936	1 052	2 384
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	165	--	--	78	146	587	276	203	162	443
With a mobility or self-care limitation	20	--	--	10	21	113	48	51	44	113
With a mobility limitation	11	--	--	10	21	83	48	41	26	36
With a self-care limitation	16	--	--	--	6	82	36	37	28	91
WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1989										
No workers	63	--	--	131	34	284	177	117	80	233
Mean family income (dollars)	15 160	--	--	4 945	26 136	13 584	14 296	8 604	6 464	9 095
1 worker	206	--	--	232	116	814	525	191	336	830
Mean family income (dollars)	33 078	--	--	20 536	34 549	23 519	22 146	19 399	30 412	21 357
2 or more workers	399	--	--	390	320	1 019	472	314	349	776
Mean family income (dollars)	70 944	--	--	39 847	45 583	39 659	36 929	41 917	46 799	34 269

Table 18. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on a sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Lafourche Parish—Con.								Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Terrebonne Parish	
	Tract 212	Tract 213	Tract 214	Tract 215	Tract 216	Tract 217	Tract 218	Tract 219	Tract 2	Tract 3
LABOR FORCE STATUS										
Persons 16 years and over	3 434	1 918	2 818	3 872	6 556	2 678	3 757	4 773	5 751	3 274
In labor force	1 645	938	1 462	2 066	3 769	1 450	2 097	2 893	3 782	1 911
Percent of persons 16 years and over	47.9	48.9	51.9	53.4	57.5	54.1	55.8	60.6	65.8	58.4
Civilian labor force	1 645	938	1 462	2 061	3 756	1 450	2 097	2 893	3 775	1 905
Employed	1 497	855	1 336	1 920	3 507	1 253	1 893	2 675	3 520	1 688
Unemployed	148	83	126	141	249	197	204	218	255	217
Percent of civilian labor force	9.0	8.8	8.6	6.8	6.6	13.6	9.7	7.5	6.8	11.4
Not in labor force	1 789	980	1 356	1 806	2 787	1 228	1 660	1 880	1 969	1 363
Institutionalized persons	—	—	—	—	—	7	67	—	—	220
Enrolled in school	245	85	171	229	457	108	227	249	363	117
Noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over, not enrolled in school	478	334	391	333	716	422	443	394	348	283
Females 16 years and over	1 798	997	1 450	1 987	3 390	1 456	1 965	2 456	2 969	1 625
In labor force	619	345	523	709	1 413	559	806	1 126	1 568	737
Percent of females 16 years and over	34.4	34.6	36.1	35.7	41.7	38.4	41.0	45.8	52.8	45.4
Civilian labor force	619	345	523	704	1 413	559	806	1 126	1 568	737
Employed	558	314	432	632	1 265	427	689	1 029	1 443	616
Unemployed	61	31	91	72	148	132	117	97	125	121
Percent of civilian labor force	9.9	9.0	17.4	10.2	10.5	23.6	14.5	8.6	8.0	16.4
With own children under 6 years	349	146	313	424	688	255	329	607	541	211
In labor force	137	46	131	106	262	85	148	259	264	107
With own children 6 to 17 years only	321	189	319	444	816	284	461	546	687	294
In labor force	140	111	174	210	401	167	244	287	407	190
Own children under 6 years in families and subfamilies	371	203	403	543	862	394	454	751	792	299
All parents present in household in labor force	100	66	178	139	338	125	214	314	317	159
Own children 6 to 17 years in families and subfamilies	790	450	651	1 173	1 740	680	1 071	1 516	1 670	673
All parents present in household in labor force	295	212	310	471	659	323	528	676	870	341
Persons 16 to 19 years	302	137	166	373	545	182	316	330	566	198
Not enrolled in school	99	60	37	146	131	57	100	89	192	56
Unemployed or not in labor force	61	29	14	83	64	29	68	39	82	19
Not high school graduate	46	24	16	93	49	33	42	57	105	26
Employed	9	14	8	26	6	15	—	18	38	19
Unemployed	13	3	—	20	—	6	13	34	20	3
Not in labor force	24	7	8	47	43	12	29	5	47	4
OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES										
Employed persons 16 years and over	1 497	855	1 336	1 920	3 507	1 253	1 893	2 675	3 520	1 688
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations	69	44	60	113	230	92	113	304	279	169
Professional specialty occupations	147	71	137	143	384	96	171	206	286	149
Technicians and related support occupations	17	13	17	46	116	19	74	59	117	66
Sales occupations	143	106	119	183	377	110	173	218	541	203
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	208	91	213	196	397	131	178	467	494	214
Private household occupations	12	11	—	—	34	5	—	—	22	14
Protective service occupations	18	19	8	11	39	6	25	29	31	51
Service occupations, except protective and household	118	90	111	177	272	110	245	255	333	228
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	53	25	39	103	94	30	63	68	26	7
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	224	121	238	388	794	263	414	530	652	283
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	89	41	95	84	288	177	184	203	159	99
Transportation and material moving occupations	316	164	204	325	337	142	161	225	426	112
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	83	59	95	151	145	72	92	111	154	93
Construction	83	37	84	128	234	99	141	262	123	148
Manufacturing	81	55	67	198	670	309	385	411	264	121
Transportation, communications, and other utilities	305	162	225	442	387	136	143	239	414	113
Wholesale and retail trade	313	194	302	386	688	203	386	542	967	397
Finance, insurance, and real estate	59	21	13	43	123	59	85	127	174	77
Business and repair services	64	30	110	82	131	47	44	112	243	115
Professional and related services	294	135	226	217	589	248	377	585	482	362
CLASS OF WORKER										
Employed persons 16 years and over	1 497	855	1 336	1 920	3 507	1 253	1 893	2 675	3 520	1 688
Private wage and salary workers	1 167	689	1 042	1 562	2 790	1 042	1 612	2 184	2 937	1 369
Government workers	218	102	145	202	414	106	169	296	387	232
Local government workers	172	49	96	100	225	52	62	102	230	150
Self-employed workers	97	61	149	141	276	90	112	186	190	81
WORK STATUS IN 1989										
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	1 835	995	1 603	2 239	3 966	1 529	2 154	3 026	3 956	1 980
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	1 460	784	1 328	1 741	3 135	1 221	1 786	2 440	3 033	1 590
50 to 52 weeks	609	327	566	866	1 877	667	1 145	1 507	2 024	1 005
40 to 49 weeks	197	114	184	213	372	157	207	296	363	192
27 to 39 weeks	213	96	225	289	261	137	156	225	286	148
Usually worked 1 to 34 hours per week, 40 to 52 weeks	93	90	119	184	388	153	166	320	383	157
DISABILITY										
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	2 947	1 571	2 366	3 520	5 798	2 198	3 204	4 310	5 356	2 735
With a mobility or self-care limitation	200	112	173	189	272	106	180	192	263	111
With a mobility limitation	98	65	80	88	123	43	95	87	136	81
In labor force	22	5	5	20	21	8	—	—	—	23
With a self-care limitation	164	72	146	145	185	86	147	124	151	41
With a work disability	457	241	277	485	677	263	263	469	652	302
In labor force	133	54	28	152	229	70	25	105	247	96
Prevented from working	290	170	229	254	424	152	235	328	335	174
Not a work disability	2 490	1 330	2 089	3 035	5 121	1 935	2 941	3 841	4 704	2 433
In labor force	1 503	875	1 381	1 895	3 513	1 334	2 029	2 719	3 488	1 779
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	487	347	452	347	745	473	486	463	388	313
With a mobility or self-care limitation	135	96	166	88	155	131	119	127	67	103
With a mobility limitation	104	76	90	69	107	112	91	103	61	71
With a self-care limitation	83	61	107	54	96	80	75	71	48	103
WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1989										
Family workers	244	161	212	205	414	203	286	235	186	183
Mean family income (dollars)	15 507	12 743	12 248	10 511	12 283	9 120	9 966	11 718	11 689	15 362
Family nonworkers	543	293	428	722	858	390	548	732	834	374
Mean family income (dollars)	19 838	23 241	24 552	22 976	25 828	22 677	20 831	25 042	25 594	25 485
Family workers or more workers	521	263	465	609	1 215	393	610	931	1 130	580
Mean family income (dollars)	33 333	37 368	35 774	36 915	41 432	32 142	40 789	43 109	39 273	37 037

Table 18. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on a sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Terrebonne Parish—Con.									
	Tract 4	Tract 5	Tract 6	Tract 7	Tract 8	Tract 9	Tract 10	Tract 12	Tract 13	
LABOR FORCE STATUS										
Persons 16 years and over	5 446	4 532	4 143	4 574	5 086	3 825	3 458	5 737	3 548	
In labor force	3 565	2 244	2 331	2 308	2 823	1 867	2 063	2 912	1 700	
Percent of persons 16 years and over	65.5	49.5	56.3	50.5	55.5	48.8	59.7	50.8	47.9	
Civilian labor force	3 539	2 244	2 323	2 308	2 823	1 867	2 063	2 895	1 690	
Employed	3 352	2 034	2 125	2 049	2 642	1 639	2 000	2 628	1 467	
Unemployed	187	210	198	259	181	228	63	267	223	
Percent of civilian labor force	5.3	9.4	8.5	11.2	6.4	12.2	3.1	9.2	13.2	
Not in labor force	1 881	2 288	1 812	2 266	2 263	1 958	1 395	2 825	1 848	
Institutionalized persons	113	—	—	—	6	168	—	—	47	
Enrolled in school	272	243	223	302	331	171	238	318	210	
Noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over, not enrolled in school	388	925	419	447	385	867	330	542	277	
Females 16 years and over	2 961	2 480	2 177	2 572	2 623	2 055	1 759	2 897	1 812	
In labor force	1 570	960	954	1 108	1 130	887	777	1 067	560	
Percent of females 16 years and over	53.0	38.7	43.8	43.1	43.1	43.2	44.2	36.8	30.9	
Civilian labor force	1 570	960	954	1 108	1 130	887	777	1 067	560	
Employed	1 457	861	848	959	1 045	782	760	900	482	
Unemployed	113	99	106	149	85	105	17	167	78	
Percent of civilian labor force	7.2	10.3	11.1	13.4	7.5	11.8	2.2	15.7	13.9	
With own children under 6 years	572	390	509	481	464	289	362	721	461	
In labor force	272	162	256	173	180	171	164	264	145	
With own children 6 to 17 years only	671	415	538	526	622	344	513	552	424	
In labor force	460	239	270	274	368	205	287	288	175	
Own children under 6 years in families and subfamilies	846	527	795	762	646	396	516	774	651	
All parents present in household in labor force	385	169	345	229	211	218	217	238	246	
Own children 6 to 17 years in families and subfamilies	1 409	876	1 466	1 642	1 422	875	1 214	1 739	1 277	
All parents present in household in labor force	886	404	659	576	643	522	610	576	480	
Persons 16 to 19 years	481	334	404	370	437	202	306	518	365	
Not enrolled in school	116	112	105	104	111	34	65	163	148	
Unemployed or not in labor force	47	57	71	47	78	34	24	77	128	
Not high school graduate	9	62	68	79	65	20	28	82	101	
Employed	—	20	12	32	23	—	11	60	10	
Unemployed	—	—	—	—	14	—	—	—	22	
Not in labor force	9	42	56	47	28	11	17	22	69	
OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES										
Employed persons 16 years and over	3 352	2 034	2 125	2 049	2 642	1 639	2 000	2 628	1 467	
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations	460	177	127	174	254	122	176	179	71	
Professional specialty occupations	500	290	206	116	220	282	219	129	53	
Technicians and related support occupations	87	52	73	46	89	103	41	42	27	
Sales occupations	566	315	330	182	339	199	220	227	131	
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	531	256	275	288	392	190	305	309	152	
Private household occupations	—	8	18	—	9	8	—	18	—	
Protective service occupations	68	13	15	10	58	—	19	30	45	
Service occupations, except protective and household	298	157	286	433	391	250	153	265	151	
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	19	13	29	52	35	21	30	176	197	
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	435	327	359	239	409	239	399	554	210	
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	114	85	108	161	142	85	113	147	98	
Transportation and material moving occupations	146	154	172	240	242	102	197	330	174	
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	128	187	127	108	62	38	128	222	158	
Construction	97	143	145	154	190	74	94	147	118	
Manufacturing	164	109	191	119	175	89	233	287	187	
Transportation, communications, and other utilities	250	140	182	149	273	60	199	211	98	
Wholesale and retail trade	967	614	517	586	593	349	376	597	344	
Finance, insurance, and real estate	178	62	106	41	177	67	104	70	21	
Business and repair services	153	138	102	101	139	77	139	160	71	
Professional and related services	821	505	424	400	465	645	392	384	179	
CLASS OF WORKER										
Employed persons 16 years and over	3 352	2 034	2 125	2 049	2 642	1 639	2 000	2 628	1 467	
Private wage and salary workers	2 629	1 557	1 841	1 587	2 101	1 260	1 588	1 879	1 051	
Government workers	503	297	178	317	371	290	264	375	182	
Local government workers	283	177	107	137	236	130	199	212	103	
Self-employed workers	187	162	100	145	156	89	128	331	228	
WORK STATUS IN 1989										
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	3 869	2 335	2 410	2 536	3 218	2 048	2 294	3 212	1 896	
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	2 953	1 871	1 893	1 813	2 424	1 522	1 837	2 621	1 473	
50 to 52 weeks	1 852	1 214	1 086	1 110	1 535	1 022	1 195	1 309	688	
40 to 49 weeks	354	130	229	159	157	182	113	302	193	
27 to 39 weeks	346	192	166	210	173	110	184	431	246	
Usually worked 1 to 34 hours per week, 40 to 52 weeks	466	287	258	366	368	270	177	278	167	
DISABILITY										
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	4 846	3 493	3 688	4 043	4 622	2 689	3 120	5 087	3 183	
With a mobility or self-care limitation	103	282	548	589	357	196	97	290	255	
With a mobility limitation	51	144	394	257	214	104	36	146	137	
In labor force	10	21	131	21	24	5	10	23	9	
With a self-care limitation	81	223	488	478	252	151	80	183	203	
With a work disability	447	619	551	836	640	355	294	883	623	
In labor force	193	165	159	163	129	107	93	269	166	
Prevented from working	232	425	349	607	420	213	171	494	416	
No work disability	4 399	2 874	3 137	3 207	3 982	2 334	2 826	4 204	2 560	
In labor force	3 293	1 965	2 136	2 105	2 621	1 667	1 962	2 544	1 500	
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	461	1 039	447	531	458	968	338	633	308	
With a mobility or self-care limitation	75	305	146	77	47	282	48	190	139	
With a mobility limitation	59	224	123	68	38	199	40	144	94	
With a self-care limitation	46	155	97	29	34	189	33	145	94	
WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1989										
No workers	220	445	273	506	248	367	151	348	260	
Mean family income (dollars)	16 220	14 586	9 344	9 263	10 736	14 823	16 140	11 755	6 582	
1 worker	634	585	642	565	800	375	450	887	531	
Mean family income (dollars)	28 380	21 267	20 783	18 909	20 895	21 184	33 582	21 355	20 914	
2 or more workers	1 126	599	717	656	842	525	817	943	552	
Mean family income (dollars)	42 101	40 352	35 250	28 470	37 848	51 745	43 058	42 508	28 574	

Table 18. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on a sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Terrebonne Parish—Con.		Bayou Cane CDP, Terrebonne Parish					Houma city, Terrebonne Parish	
	Tract 15.98	Tract 17	Tract 2 (pt.)	Tract 3 (pt.)	Tract 4 (pt.)	Tract 5 (pt.)	Tract 17 (pt.)	Tract 3 (pt.)	Tract 5 (pt.)
LABOR FORCE STATUS									
Persons 16 years and over	3 656	1 984	3 051	2 613	5 429	622	—	653	3 151
In labor force	2 518	1 246	1 973	1 500	3 558	334	—	403	1 478
Percent of persons 16 years and over	68.9	62.8	64.7	57.4	65.5	53.7	—	61.7	46.9
Civilian labor force	2 518	1 240	1 973	1 494	3 532	334	—	403	1 478
Employed	2 399	1 148	1 852	1 308	3 345	308	—	372	1 344
Unemployed	119	92	121	186	187	26	—	31	134
Percent of civilian labor force	4.7	7.4	6.1	12.4	5.3	7.8	—	7.7	9.1
Not in labor force	1 138	738	1 078	1 113	1 871	288	—	250	1 673
Institutionalized persons	—	120	—	220	113	—	—	—	—
Enrolled in school	231	97	235	102	272	10	—	15	162
Noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over, not enrolled in school	178	127	164	213	378	45	—	70	815
Females 16 years and over	1 852	1 087	1 603	1 258	2 951	337	—	367	1 759
In labor force	999	538	849	542	1 570	151	—	195	639
Percent of females 16 years and over	53.9	49.5	53.0	43.1	53.2	44.8	—	53.1	36.3
Civilian labor force	999	538	849	542	1 570	151	—	195	639
Employed	948	475	786	439	1 457	140	—	177	573
Unemployed	51	63	63	103	113	11	—	18	66
Percent of civilian labor force	5.1	11.7	7.4	19.0	7.2	7.3	—	9.2	10.3
With own children under 6 years	361	222	267	133	572	83	—	78	261
In labor force	199	131	122	65	272	33	—	42	106
With own children 6 to 17 years only	499	254	385	251	671	65	—	43	249
In labor force	305	155	244	163	460	36	—	27	140
Own children under 6 years in families and subfamilies	493	249	441	186	846	113	—	113	365
All parents present in household in labor force	261	143	171	90	385	44	—	69	101
Own children 6 to 17 years in families and subfamilies	1 141	573	922	490	1 409	142	—	183	505
All parents present in household in labor force	643	318	508	266	886	55	—	75	209
Persons 16 to 19 years	292	145	346	144	481	35	—	54	237
Not enrolled in school	33	63	121	25	116	9	—	31	97
Unemployed or not in labor force	7	35	38	4	47	9	—	15	42
Not high school graduate	12	34	60	7	9	9	—	19	47
Employed	5	7	29	7	—	—	—	12	20
Unemployed	—	5	9	—	—	—	—	3	—
Not in labor force	7	22	22	—	9	9	—	4	27
OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES									
Employed persons 16 years and over	2 399	1 148	1 852	1 308	3 345	308	—	372	1 344
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations	409	166	171	124	460	37	—	45	105
Professional specialty occupations	436	274	147	112	500	39	—	37	218
Technicians and related support occupations	64	85	43	52	87	—	—	14	36
Sales occupations	365	148	337	172	566	35	—	31	240
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	385	159	308	175	524	23	—	39	182
Private household occupations	6	6	12	5	—	—	—	9	—
Protective service occupations	—	18	23	31	68	—	—	20	7
Service occupations, except protective and household	143	88	153	126	298	71	—	102	75
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	26	5	16	7	19	3	—	—	10
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	368	134	290	263	435	54	—	20	222
Machinists, operators, assemblers, and inspectors	37	9	71	90	114	14	—	9	50
Transportation and material moving occupations	83	29	204	83	146	12	—	21	95
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	77	27	77	68	128	14	—	25	104
Construction	114	72	67	138	97	28	—	10	86
Manufacturing	208	36	148	84	164	30	—	29	56
Transportation, communications, and other utilities	179	144	225	94	250	7	—	19	95
Wholesale and retail trade	457	191	498	303	960	63	—	94	447
Finance, insurance, and real estate	146	54	97	59	178	9	—	18	28
Business and repair services	142	54	155	89	153	30	—	26	82
Professional and related services	691	359	284	257	821	82	—	105	355
CLASS OF WORKER									
Employed persons 16 years and over	2 399	1 148	1 852	1 308	3 345	308	—	372	1 344
Private wage and salary workers	1 863	911	1 549	1 051	2 622	215	—	310	1 067
Government workers	331	155	198	185	503	53	—	47	184
Local government workers	206	77	122	128	283	43	—	22	85
Self-employed workers	171	70	99	66	187	33	—	15	93
WORK STATUS IN 1989									
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	2 695	1 309	2 039	1 522	3 862	356	—	450	1 525
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	2 158	1 138	1 578	1 268	2 946	265	—	314	1 204
50 to 52 weeks	1 557	828	1 069	826	1 852	185	—	171	820
40 to 49 weeks	169	126	182	151	354	—	—	41	97
27 to 39 weeks	179	70	160	115	346	39	—	33	108
Usually worked 1 to 34 hours per week, 40 to 52 weeks	298	59	215	106	466	77	—	51	186
DISABILITY									
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	3 425	1 731	2 857	2 156	4 846	577	—	571	2 222
With a mobility or self-care limitation	178	79	94	101	103	48	—	10	195
With a mobility limitation	79	51	63	77	51	6	—	4	109
In labor force	16	—	—	19	10	—	—	4	21
With a self-care limitation	161	35	31	35	81	48	—	6	143
With a work disability	332	164	380	247	447	161	—	55	357
In labor force	155	63	174	76	193	42	—	20	86
Prevented from working	159	86	173	145	232	119	—	29	242
Work disability	3 093	1 567	2 477	1 909	4 399	416	—	516	1 865
In labor force	2 310	1 177	1 769	1 400	3 293	292	—	371	1 278
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	231	127	194	231	444	45	—	82	929
With a mobility or self-care limitation	31	33	36	73	68	8	—	30	268
With a mobility limitation	12	19	36	56	59	8	—	15	205
With a self-care limitation	25	26	27	73	39	8	—	30	129
WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1989									
Workers	113	31	96	135	220	39	—	48	371
Mean family income (dollars)	24 686	6 512	13 165	13 770	16 220	8 500	—	19 838	13 803
Nonworker	444	323	462	309	627	118	—	65	311
Mean family income (dollars)	51 541	96 492	25 516	28 651	27 825	22 078	—	10 435	21 334
More workers	938	386	540	429	1 126	95	—	151	386
Mean family income (dollars)	71 963	58 963	42 353	39 825	42 101	40 754	—	29 116	41 829

Table 18. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on a sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Houma city, Terrebonne Parish—Can.								
	Tract 6 (pt.)	Tract 7 (pt.)	Tract 8 (pt.)	Tract 9 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 12 (pt.)	Tract 13 (pt.)	Tract 15.98 (pt.)	Tract 17 (pt.)
LABOR FORCE STATUS									
Persons 16 years and over	1 506	4 266	5 086	3 825	—	—	295	2 318	786
In labor force	810	2 121	2 823	1 867	—	—	178	1 678	495
Percent of persons 16 years and over	53.8	49.7	55.5	48.8	—	—	60.3	72.4	63.0
Civilian labor force	810	2 121	2 823	1 867	—	—	178	1 678	495
Employed	744	1 862	2 642	1 639	—	—	155	1 622	480
Unemployed	66	259	181	228	—	—	23	56	15
Percent of civilian labor force	8.1	12.2	6.4	12.2	—	—	12.9	3.3	3.0
Not in labor force	696	2 145	2 263	1 958	—	—	117	640	291
Institutionalized persons	—	—	6	168	—	—	47	—	120
Enrolled in school	55	293	331	171	—	—	12	168	33
Noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over, not enrolled in school	293	428	385	867	—	—	6	104	20
Females 16 years and over	803	2 391	2 623	2 055	—	—	160	1 160	465
In labor force	338	998	1 130	887	—	—	61	671	227
Percent of females 16 years and over	42.1	41.7	43.1	43.2	—	—	38.1	57.8	48.8
Civilian labor force	338	998	1 130	887	—	—	61	671	227
Employed	307	849	1 045	782	—	—	50	645	212
Unemployed	31	149	85	105	—	—	11	26	15
Percent of civilian labor force	9.2	14.9	7.5	11.8	—	—	18.0	3.9	6.6
With own children under 6 years	127	440	464	289	—	—	45	227	96
In labor force	65	141	180	171	—	—	31	131	62
With own children 6 to 17 years only	128	472	622	344	—	—	22	344	112
In labor force	50	247	368	205	—	—	4	236	76
Own children under 6 years in families and subfamilies	205	707	646	396	—	—	73	302	116
All parents present in household in labor force	111	209	211	218	—	—	46	178	75
Own children 6 to 17 years in families and subfamilies	420	1 485	1 422	875	—	—	118	762	229
All parents present in household in labor force	146	516	643	522	—	—	46	487	179
Persons 16 to 19 years	122	328	437	202	—	—	36	191	61
Not enrolled in school	27	96	111	34	—	—	10	12	22
Unemployed or not in labor force	27	47	78	34	—	—	10	7	11
Not high school graduate	27	79	65	20	—	—	—	7	11
Employed	—	32	23	—	—	—	—	—	—
Unemployed	—	—	14	9	—	—	—	—	—
Not in labor force	27	47	28	11	—	—	—	7	6
OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES									
Employed persons 16 years and over	744	1 862	2 642	1 639	—	—	155	1 622	480
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations	39	149	254	122	—	—	—	349	50
Professional specialty occupations	34	97	220	282	—	—	11	412	121
Technicians and related support occupations	14	46	89	103	—	—	27	40	45
Sales occupations	90	135	339	199	—	—	12	296	50
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	94	253	392	190	—	—	24	274	87
Private household occupations	9	—	9	8	—	—	—	—	—
Protective service occupations	—	10	58	—	—	—	24	—	—
Service occupations, except protective and household	144	424	391	250	—	—	14	51	26
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	8	41	35	21	—	—	—	15	—
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	106	224	409	239	—	—	19	131	68
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	47	161	142	85	—	—	5	16	9
Transportation and material moving occupations	101	232	242	102	—	—	—	15	13
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	58	90	62	38	—	—	19	23	11
Construction	62	154	190	74	—	—	6	51	44
Manufacturing	68	112	175	89	—	—	21	100	11
Transportation, communications, and other utilities	65	141	273	60	—	—	—	113	73
Wholesale and retail trade	199	511	593	349	—	—	39	292	66
Finance, insurance, and real estate	6	32	177	67	—	—	15	131	33
Business and repair services	32	94	139	77	—	—	6	101	8
Professional and related services	160	372	465	645	—	—	16	568	150
CLASS OF WORKER									
Employed persons 16 years and over	744	1 862	2 642	1 639	—	—	155	1 622	480
Private wage and salary workers	638	1 438	2 101	1 260	—	—	114	1 270	394
Government workers	53	290	371	290	—	—	41	225	52
Local government workers	29	128	236	130	—	—	30	160	24
Self-employed workers	47	134	156	89	—	—	—	99	29
WORK STATUS IN 1989									
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	802	2 328	3 218	2 048	—	—	211	1 779	542
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	598	1 658	2 424	1 522	—	—	171	1 444	473
50 to 52 weeks	321	1 022	1 535	1 022	—	—	122	1 080	333
40 to 49 weeks	94	146	157	182	—	—	6	91	44
27 to 39 weeks	70	183	173	110	—	—	22	123	25
Usually worked 1 to 34 hours per week, 40 to 52 weeks	103	351	368	270	—	—	15	190	21
DISABILITY									
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	1 192	3 754	4 622	2 689	—	—	242	2 172	646
With a mobility or self-care limitation	106	571	357	196	—	—	—	67	30
With a mobility limitation	58	239	214	104	—	—	—	22	7
In labor force	15	21	24	5	—	—	—	11	—
With a self-care limitation	91	470	252	151	—	—	—	67	30
With a work disability	195	788	640	355	—	—	19	135	—
In labor force	76	154	129	107	—	—	6	96	8
Prevented from working	92	577	420	213	—	—	13	25	14
No work disability	997	2 966	3 982	2 334	—	—	223	2 037	624
In labor force	713	1 927	2 621	1 667	—	—	172	1 540	487
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	314	512	458	968	—	—	6	146	20
With a mobility or self-care limitation	92	77	47	282	—	—	6	12	6
With a mobility limitation	75	68	38	199	—	—	6	12	6
With a self-care limitation	64	29	34	189	—	—	6	6	6
WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1989									
No workers	124	487	248	367	—	—	8	59	7
Mean family income (dollars)	10 535	7 001	10 736	14 823	—	—	12 478	36 389	8 500
1 worker	233	539	800	375	—	—	20	251	80
Mean family income (dollars)	19 898	18 119	20 895	21 184	—	—	39 050	67 339	63 353
2 or more workers	198	581	842	525	—	—	65	662	193
Mean family income (dollars)	25 457	27 559	37 848	51 745	—	—	32 424	61 754	59 169

Table 18. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Terrebonne Parish								
	Tract 1	Tract 2 (pt.)	Tract 3 (pt.)	Tract 4 (pt.)	Tract 5 (pt.)	Tract 6 (pt.)	Tract 7 (pt.)	Tract 8 (pt.)	Tract 9 (pt.)
LABOR FORCE STATUS									
Persons 16 years and over	5 542	2 700	8	17	759	2 637	308	—	—
labor force	3 293	1 809	8	7	432	1 521	187	—	—
Percent of persons 16 years and over	59.4	67.0	100.0	41.2	56.9	57.7	60.7	—	—
Civilian labor force	3 293	1 802	8	7	432	1 513	187	—	—
Employed	3 017	1 668	8	7	382	1 381	187	—	—
Unemployed	276	134	—	—	50	132	—	—	—
Percent of civilian labor force	8.4	7.4	—	—	11.6	8.7	—	—	—
Not in labor force	2 249	891	—	10	327	1 116	121	—	—
Institutionalized persons	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Enrolled in school	350	128	—	—	71	168	9	—	—
Noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over, not enrolled in school	533	184	—	10	65	126	19	—	—
Females 16 years and over	2 908	1 366	—	10	384	1 374	181	—	—
labor force	1 328	719	—	—	170	616	110	—	—
Percent of females 16 years and over	45.7	52.6	—	—	44.3	44.8	60.8	—	—
Civilian labor force	1 328	719	—	—	170	616	110	—	—
Employed	1 211	657	—	—	148	541	110	—	—
Unemployed	117	62	—	—	22	75	—	—	—
Percent of civilian labor force	8.8	8.6	—	—	12.9	12.2	—	—	—
With own children under 6 years	613	274	—	—	46	382	41	—	—
In labor force	323	142	—	—	23	191	32	—	—
With own children 6 to 17 years only	653	302	—	—	101	410	54	—	—
In labor force	318	163	—	—	63	220	27	—	—
Own children under 6 years in families and subfamilies	772	351	—	—	49	590	55	—	—
Parents present in household in labor force	331	146	—	—	24	234	20	—	—
Own children 6 to 17 years in families and subfamilies	1 816	748	—	—	229	1 046	157	—	—
Parents present in household in labor force	724	362	—	—	140	513	60	—	—
Persons 16 to 19 years	474	220	—	—	62	282	42	—	—
Not enrolled in school	119	71	—	—	6	78	8	—	—
Unemployed or not in labor force	42	44	—	—	6	44	—	—	—
Not high school graduate	35	45	—	—	6	41	—	—	—
Employed	7	9	—	—	—	12	—	—	—
Unemployed	—	11	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in labor force	28	25	—	—	6	29	—	—	—
OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES									
Employed persons 16 years and over	3 017	1 668	8	7	382	1 381	187	—	—
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations	257	108	—	—	35	88	25	—	—
Professional specialty occupations	296	139	—	—	33	172	19	—	—
Technicians and related support occupations	103	74	—	—	16	59	—	—	—
Sales occupations	428	204	—	—	40	240	47	—	—
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	436	186	—	7	51	181	35	—	—
Private household occupations	—	10	—	—	8	9	—	—	—
Protective service occupations	61	8	—	—	—	15	—	—	—
Service occupations, except protective and household	317	180	—	—	11	142	9	—	—
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	72	10	—	—	—	21	11	—	—
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	515	362	—	—	51	253	15	—	—
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	197	88	—	—	21	61	—	—	—
Transportation and material moving occupations	159	222	8	—	47	71	8	—	—
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	176	77	—	—	69	69	18	—	—
Construction	255	56	—	—	29	83	—	—	—
Manufacturing	326	116	8	—	23	123	7	—	—
Transportation, communications, and other utilities	264	189	—	—	38	117	8	—	—
Wholesale and retail trade	818	469	—	7	104	318	75	—	—
Finance, insurance, and real estate	90	77	—	—	25	100	9	—	—
Business and repair services	188	88	—	—	26	70	7	—	—
Professional and related services	607	198	—	—	68	264	28	—	—
CLASS OF WORKER									
Employed persons 16 years and over	3 017	1 668	8	7	382	1 381	187	—	—
Wrote wage and salary workers	2 382	1 388	8	7	275	1 203	149	—	—
Government workers	503	189	—	—	60	125	27	—	—
Local government workers	276	108	—	—	49	78	9	—	—
Self-employed workers	132	91	—	—	36	53	11	—	—
WORK STATUS IN 1989									
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	3 647	1 917	8	7	454	1 608	208	—	—
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	2 829	1 455	8	7	402	1 295	155	—	—
0 to 52 weeks	1 825	955	8	—	209	765	88	—	—
0 to 49 weeks	339	181	—	—	33	135	13	—	—
7 to 39 weeks	187	126	—	—	45	96	27	—	—
Usually worked 1 to 34 hours per week, 40 to 52 weeks	352	168	—	—	24	155	15	—	—
DISABILITY									
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	4 985	2 499	8	—	694	2 496	289	—	—
With a mobility or self-care limitation	217	169	—	—	39	442	18	—	—
With a mobility limitation	120	73	—	—	29	336	18	—	—
In labor force	16	—	—	—	—	116	—	—	—
With a self-care limitation	168	120	—	—	32	397	8	—	—
Who work disability	585	272	—	—	101	356	48	—	—
In labor force	152	73	—	—	37	83	9	—	—
Prevented from working	337	162	—	—	64	257	30	—	—
Work disability	4 400	2 227	8	—	593	2 140	241	—	—
In labor force	3 117	1 719	8	—	395	1 423	178	—	—
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	557	194	—	17	65	133	19	—	—
Who mobility or self-care limitation	175	31	—	7	29	54	—	—	—
Who mobility limitation	146	25	—	—	11	48	—	—	—
Who self-care limitation	130	21	—	7	18	33	—	—	—
WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1989									
Workers	221	90	—	—	35	149	19	—	—
Median family income (dollars)	12 847	10 114	—	—	29 668	8 353	67 228	—	—
1 worker	658	372	—	7	156	409	26	—	—
Median family income (dollars)	19 644	25 691	—	78 100	20 521	21 287	35 285	—	—
2 or more workers	1 192	590	—	—	118	519	75	—	—
Median family income (dollars)	36 848	36 454	—	—	35 197	38 986	35 532	—	—

Table 18. Labor Force and Disability Characteristics of Persons: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Terrebonne Parish—Con.								
	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 11	Tract 12 (pt.)	Tract 12.22	Tract 13 (pt.)	Tract 14	Tract 15.98 (pt.)	Tract 16	Tract 17 (pt.)
LABOR FORCE STATUS									
Persons 16 years and over	3 458	2 713	5 737	—	3 253	2 732	1 338	2 456	1 198
In labor force	2 063	1 288	2 912	—	1 522	1 501	840	1 246	751
Percent of persons 16 years and over	59.7	47.5	50.8	—	46.8	54.9	62.8	50.7	62.7
Civilian labor force	2 063	1 281	2 895	—	1 512	1 501	840	1 242	745
Employed	2 000	1 215	2 628	—	1 312	1 336	777	1 097	668
Unemployed	63	66	267	—	200	165	63	145	77
Percent of civilian labor force	3.1	5.2	9.2	—	13.2	11.0	7.5	11.7	10.3
Not in labor force	1 395	1 425	2 825	—	1 731	1 231	498	1 210	447
Institutionalized persons	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Enrolled in school	238	154	318	—	198	194	63	167	64
Noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over, not enrolled in school	330	330	542	—	271	161	74	286	107
Females 16 years and over	1 759	1 380	2 897	—	1 652	1 336	692	1 244	622
In labor force	777	442	1 067	—	499	540	328	506	311
Percent of females 16 years and over	44.2	32.0	36.8	—	30.2	40.4	47.4	40.7	50.0
Civilian labor force	777	442	1 067	—	499	540	328	506	311
Employed	760	415	900	—	432	462	303	450	263
Unemployed	17	27	167	—	67	78	25	56	48
Percent of civilian labor force	2.2	6.1	15.7	—	13.4	14.4	7.6	11.1	15.4
With own children under 6 years	362	275	721	—	416	303	134	284	126
In labor force	164	96	264	—	114	117	68	137	69
With own children 6 to 17 years only	513	319	552	—	402	369	155	271	142
In labor force	287	121	288	—	171	198	69	150	79
Own children under 6 years in families and subfamilies	516	394	774	—	578	495	191	371	133
All parents present in household in labor force	217	137	238	—	200	165	83	181	68
Own children 6 to 17 years in families and subfamilies	1 214	806	1 739	—	1 159	1 038	379	842	344
All parents present in household in labor force	610	230	576	—	434	462	156	371	139
Persons 16 to 19 years	306	238	518	—	329	254	101	267	84
Not enrolled in school	65	103	163	—	138	81	21	55	41
Unemployed or not in labor force	24	79	77	—	118	63	—	41	24
Not high school graduate	28	69	82	—	101	67	5	27	23
Employed	11	—	60	—	10	11	5	—	7
Unemployed	—	—	—	—	22	28	—	—	—
Not in labor force	17	69	22	—	69	28	—	27	16
OCCUPATION AND SELECTED INDUSTRIES									
Employed persons 16 years and over	2 000	1 215	2 628	—	1 312	1 336	777	1 097	668
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations	176	76	179	—	71	67	60	59	116
Professional specialty occupations	219	99	129	—	42	60	24	42	153
Technicians and related support occupations	41	11	42	—	—	7	24	63	40
Sales occupations	220	142	227	—	119	133	69	155	98
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	305	93	309	—	128	150	111	88	72
Private household occupations	—	9	18	—	—	8	6	20	6
Protective service occupations	19	11	30	—	21	27	—	39	18
Service occupations, except protective and household	153	39	265	—	137	142	92	111	62
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	30	115	176	—	197	193	11	103	5
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	399	225	554	—	191	265	237	163	66
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	113	54	147	—	93	82	21	103	—
Transportation and material moving occupations	197	245	330	—	174	124	68	92	16
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	128	96	222	—	139	78	54	59	16
Construction	94	20	147	—	112	87	63	77	28
Manufacturing	233	128	287	—	166	136	108	102	25
Transportation, communications, and other utilities	199	292	211	—	98	90	66	79	71
Wholesale and retail trade	376	231	597	—	305	232	165	267	125
Finance, insurance, and real estate	104	15	70	—	6	45	15	34	21
Business and repair services	139	35	160	—	65	67	41	47	46
Professional and related services	392	161	384	—	163	245	123	133	209
CLASS OF WORKER									
Employed persons 16 years and over	2 000	1 215	2 628	—	1 312	1 336	777	1 097	668
Private wage and salary workers	1 588	908	1 879	—	937	851	593	878	517
Government workers	264	162	375	—	141	256	106	89	103
Local government workers	199	112	212	—	73	127	46	26	53
Self-employed workers	128	138	331	—	228	224	72	130	41
WORK STATUS IN 1989									
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	2 294	1 437	3 212	—	1 685	1 571	916	1 349	767
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	1 837	1 070	2 621	—	1 302	1 240	714	1 019	665
50 to 52 weeks	1 195	431	1 309	—	566	662	477	528	495
40 to 49 weeks	113	160	302	—	187	204	78	165	82
27 to 39 weeks	184	218	431	—	224	136	56	87	45
Usually worked 1 to 34 hours per week, 40 to 52 weeks	177	132	278	—	152	112	108	165	38
DISABILITY									
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	3 120	2 370	5 087	—	2 941	2 559	1 253	2 166	1 085
With a mobility or self-care limitation	97	254	290	—	255	97	111	115	49
With a mobility limitation	36	106	146	—	137	51	57	52	44
In labor force	10	21	23	—	9	6	5	—	—
With a self-care limitation	80	188	183	—	203	71	94	87	5
With a work disability	294	385	883	—	604	366	197	327	142
In labor force	93	85	269	—	160	126	59	32	55
Prevented from working	171	282	494	—	403	211	134	270	72
No work disability	2 826	1 985	4 204	—	2 337	2 193	1 056	1 839	943
In labor force	1 962	1 190	2 544	—	1 328	1 363	770	1 210	690
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	338	336	633	—	302	173	85	286	107
With a mobility or self-care limitation	48	108	190	—	133	37	19	83	27
With a mobility limitation	40	84	144	—	88	37	—	59	13
With a self-care limitation	33	70	145	—	88	14	19	50	20
WORKERS IN FAMILY IN 1989									
No workers	151	174	348	—	252	121	54	221	24
Mean family income (dollars)	16 140	10 702	11 755	—	6 395	6 089	11 898	8 907	5 932
1 worker	450	342	887	—	511	448	193	291	243
Mean family income (dollars)	33 582	24 022	21 355	—	20 204	26 956	30 995	20 581	107 402
2 or more workers	817	417	943	—	487	458	276	389	193
Mean family income (dollars)	43 058	31 030	42 508	—	28 060	27 206	96 449	35 472	58 758

Table 19. Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990

[Data based on a sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Houma-Thibodaux, LA MSA	Lafourche Parish		Terbonne Parish			Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Lafourche Parish			
		Total	Thibodaux city	Total	Bayou Cane CDP	Houma city	Tract 202.02	Tract 203	Tract 204	Tract 205
INCOME IN 1989										
Households	61 065	29 100	4 947	31 965	5 481	10 741	948	-	866	1 878
Less than \$5,000	7 028	3 210	703	3 818	554	1 586	86	-	143	347
\$5,000 to \$9,999	7 685	3 936	840	3 749	431	1 387	122	-	189	203
\$10,000 to \$14,999	7 390	3 602	704	3 788	512	1 388	116	-	161	172
\$15,000 to \$24,999	12 615	5 953	956	6 662	1 019	2 100	116	-	169	422
\$25,000 to \$34,999	9 870	4 767	623	5 103	1 053	1 432	142	-	101	309
\$35,000 to \$49,999	8 756	4 148	543	4 608	989	1 321	118	-	23	249
\$50,000 to \$74,999	5 606	2 538	341	3 068	685	1 086	154	-	45	161
\$75,000 to \$99,999	1 156	568	150	588	156	197	46	-	35	-
\$100,000 or more	959	378	87	581	82	244	48	-	-	15
Median (dollars)	21 599	21 416	16 926	21 765	26 890	19 397	28 304	-	12 541	20 275
Mean (dollars)	27 830	27 028	27 135	28 560	30 377	27 266	42 303	-	18 603	22 982
Families	48 758	23 240	3 321	25 518	4 196	7 996	673	-	572	1 486
Median income (dollars)	24 464	24 219	21 502	24 710	30 536	23 708	38 073	-	14 306	21 543
Males 15 years and over, with income	58 075	27 959	4 475	30 116	5 131	9 336	960	320	746	1 643
Median income (dollars)	16 428	16 250	12 350	16 625	20 808	15 289	16 711	2 500-	11 119	15 567
Percent year-round full-time workers	43.9	43.0	42.3	44.8	53.2	43.8	46.1	7.5	33.2	53.4
Median income (dollars)	24 038	23 658	22 279	24 402	25 842	26 012	34 241	9 643	20 694	22 015
Females 15 years and over, with income	47 511	22 328	4 637	25 183	4 502	8 992	818	154	841	1 606
Median income (dollars)	6 261	6 127	6 121	6 388	6 939	6 851	7 951	2 500-	6 406	5 794
Percent year-round full-time workers	24.2	23.1	21.7	25.2	26.4	25.9	25.8	4.5	20.5	27.1
Median income (dollars)	13 862	13 526	15 134	14 094	15 631	14 981	15 489	8 750	13 839	15 179
Per capita income (dollars)	9 385	9 250	9 964	9 505	10 517	9 790	15 299	2 377	6 896	7 691
INCOME TYPE IN 1989										
Households	61 065	29 100	4 947	31 965	5 481	10 741	948	-	866	1 878
With earnings	47 637	22 590	3 615	25 047	4 573	7 678	806	-	563	1 483
Mean earnings (dollars)	29 516	28 673	28 136	30 277	30 882	30 027	42 882	-	20 027	25 414
With Social Security income	15 260	7 517	1 430	7 743	1 078	3 188	195	-	276	282
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	7 127	6 845	7 085	7 401	7 997	7 075	6 885	-	7 227	6 352
With public assistance income	6 251	2 843	778	3 408	319	1 389	38	-	197	385
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	3 300	3 393	3 745	3 223	3 464	3 237	1 773	-	3 475	3 381
With retirement income	6 336	2 652	569	3 684	611	1 564	128	-	103	133
Mean retirement income (dollars)	8 785	8 344	8 273	9 102	9 488	8 770	12 172	-	7 889	6 859
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE										
Families (dollars)	30 658	29 799	31 929	31 440	33 115	30 686	53 738	-	20 704	24 338
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	29 486	28 991	27 020	29 923	32 213	30 255	50 145	-	14 009	23 166
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	32 124	30 773	36 884	33 406	34 254	31 178	57 654	-	28 461	26 515
Married-couple families (dollars)	34 401	33 325	40 859	35 387	36 585	36 599	59 061	-	25 224	32 289
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	34 174	33 735	39 808	34 562	37 366	38 392	56 212	-	23 881	34 424
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	34 677	32 848	41 754	36 436	35 715	34 661	62 008	-	26 334	29 020
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	13 180	12 270	12 609	13 949	16 454	13 390	10 334	-	11 502	9 370
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	9 533	8 317	8 139	10 567	14 255	8 818	6 069	-	8 500	6 300
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	18 905	18 540	19 956	19 210	21 870	19 705	15 842	-	17 507	19 871
POVERTY STATUS IN 1989										
All Income Levels In 1989										
Families	48 758	23 240	3 321	25 518	4 196	7 996	673	-	572	1 486
Householder worked in 1989	36 340	17 501	2 252	18 839	3 436	5 388	548	-	329	1 099
With related children under 18 years	29 351	13 697	1 806	15 654	2 514	4 660	362	-	349	1 030
With related children under 5 years	12 269	5 798	771	6 471	910	1 865	117	-	181	444
Married-couple families	39 218	18 760	2 148	20 458	3 414	5 784	594	-	252	929
Householder worked in 1989	31 288	15 114	1 645	16 174	2 883	4 337	494	-	173	802
With related children under 18 years	22 750	10 614	1 012	12 136	1 893	3 180	313	-	124	572
With related children under 5 years	9 720	4 630	476	5 090	751	1 173	92	-	78	272
Female householder, no husband present	7 382	3 380	986	4 002	620	1 812	55	-	240	495
Householder worked in 1989	3 623	1 575	489	2 048	423	835	30	-	116	235
With related children under 18 years	5 284	2 439	701	2 845	479	1 240	31	-	181	437
With related children under 5 years	1 964	843	229	1 121	121	600	18	-	66	172
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	16 230	7 869	2 138	8 361	1 692	3 501	425	-	427	552
Nonfamily householder	12 307	5 860	1 626	6 447	1 285	2 745	275	-	294	392
15 years and over	4 484	2 236	575	2 248	272	1 157	56	-	128	84
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	180 064	84 189	12 851	95 875	15 499	29 947	2 678	-	2 328	5 573
Persons under 18 years	56 589	25 460	3 521	31 129	4 656	9 296	710	-	704	2 058
Related children under 18 years	56 363	25 345	3 494	31 018	4 616	9 231	710	-	693	2 046
Related children 5 to 17 years	41 175	18 421	2 482	22 754	3 340	6 719	525	-	464	1 442
Persons 65 years and over	15 184	7 590	1 730	7 594	914	3 435	165	-	334	337
Persons 75 years and over	5 044	2 635	659	2 409	172	1 219	50	-	150	131
Income In 1989 Below Poverty Level										
Families	9 579	4 412	942	5 167	576	1 757	75	-	225	434
Percent below poverty level	19.6	19.0	28.4	20.2	13.7	22.0	11.1	-	39.3	29.2
Householder worked in 1989	4 475	2 056	389	2 419	308	679	48	-	80	167
With related children under 18 years	7 386	3 310	730	4 076	450	1 408	64	-	188	392
With related children under 5 years	3 627	1 492	325	2 135	159	765	43	-	106	196
Married-couple families	5 189	2 306	377	2 883	308	735	37	-	52	98
Householder worked in 1989	2 856	1 281	210	1 575	155	359	17	-	22	70
With related children under 18 years	3 557	1 429	240	2 128	206	512	33	-	40	71
With related children under 5 years	1 883	742	116	1 141	90	224	18	-	30	49
Female householder, no husband present	3 839	1 851	505	1 988	236	939	31	-	132	336
Householder worked in 1989	1 346	637	158	709	125	279	24	-	44	97
With related children under 18 years	3 410	1 682	444	1 728	212	821	24	-	115	321
With related children under 5 years	1 511	641	163	870	65	478	18	-	43	147
Unrelated individuals	6 691	3 382	910	3 309	581	1 337	263	-	215	230
Nonfamily householder	4 222	2 052	530	2 170	343	885	133	-	107	129
15 years and over	1 800	894	225	906	90	404	11	-	57	50
Persons	42 457	19 254	4 348	23 203	2 622	7 908	598	-	1 042	1 850
Percent below poverty level	23.6	22.9	33.8	24.2	16.9	26.4	22.3	-	44.8	33.2
Persons under 18 years	17 573	7 774	1 820	9 799	993	3 448	169	-	465	1 030
Related children under 18 years	17 374	7 665	1 793	9 709	953	3 398	169	-	454	1 018
Related children 5 to 17 years	12 330	5 575	1 291	6 755	698	2 286	105	-	290	719
Persons 65 years and over	3 494	1 673	425	1 821	164	745	11	-	75	93
Persons 75 years and over	1 497	775	181	722	25	307	4	-	58	42
Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:										
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	20 807	9 334	2 139	11 473	1 336	4 510	337	-	592	1 219
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	53 623	25 023	4 975	28 600	3 195	9 313	692	-	1 199	2 061
Persons below 200 percent of poverty level	87 851	40 856	7 011	46 995	5 726	15 222	1 029	-	1 588	2 973

Table 19. Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990—Con.

[Data based on a sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Lafourche Parish—Con.		Thibodaux city, Lafourche Parish							
	Tract 206	Tract 207	Tract 201	Tract 202.01	Tract 202.02 (pt.)	Tract 203 (pt.)	Tract 204 (pt.)	Tract 205 (pt.)	Tract 206 (pt.)	Tract 207 (pt.)
INCOME IN 1989										
Households	741	3 340	1 426	649	37	—	866	1 016	197	756
Less than \$5,000	56	317	186	51	8	—	143	182	49	84
\$5,000 to \$9,999	87	357	274	104	9	—	189	159	46	59
\$10,000 to \$14,999	55	442	205	50	7	—	161	128	45	108
\$15,000 to \$24,999	117	700	284	93	5	—	169	223	27	155
\$25,000 to \$34,999	95	501	237	61	8	—	101	158	6	52
\$35,000 to \$49,999	172	525	139	127	—	—	23	134	17	103
\$50,000 to \$74,999	132	325	67	69	—	—	45	26	7	127
\$75,000 to \$99,999	21	105	16	56	—	—	35	—	—	43
\$100,000 or more	6	68	18	38	—	—	—	6	—	25
Median (dollars)	31 198	22 183	16 538	29 135	10 536	—	12 541	16 318	10 194	22 586
Mean (dollars)	31 983	30 143	28 386	38 734	12 770	—	18 603	19 456	14 042	39 025
Families	603	2 657	959	379	5	—	572	733	133	540
Median income (dollars)	35 028	25 620	19 601	36 065	18 750	—	14 306	18 672	11 086	35 250
Males 15 years and over, with income	666	3 257	1 129	491	52	320	746	873	115	749
Median income (dollars)	22 328	17 213	12 120	21 971	5 500	2 500—	11 119	12 425	11 806	17 875
Percent year-round full-time workers	56.2	51.6	43.9	51.5	9.6	7.5	33.2	46.0	57.4	53.0
Median income (dollars)	28 500	23 492	21 687	32 019	11 250	9 643	20 694	21 378	15 455	31 845
Females 15 years and over, with income	716	2 562	1 226	647	5	154	841	905	214	645
Median income (dollars)	8 578	6 873	5 970	8 862	8 750	2 500—	6 406	5 208	4 921	6 862
Percent year-round full-time workers	32.1	27.4	19.7	23.6	100.0	4.5	20.5	26.0	13.6	25.7
Median income (dollars)	13 750	14 583	13 992	20 733	8 750	8 750	13 839	15 280	7 083	16 087
Per capita income (dollars)	10 855	10 511	11 277	16 282	7 334	2 377	6 896	6 955	5 702	14 329
INCOME TYPE IN 1989										
Households	741	3 340	1 426	649	37	—	866	1 016	197	756
With earnings	566	2 731	1 043	466	37	—	563	785	98	623
Mean earnings (dollars)	34 268	30 177	31 954	36 231	12 770	—	20 027	20 910	17 916	34 643
With Social Security income	221	777	448	250	—	—	276	183	84	189
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	5 886	6 710	6 430	8 589	—	—	7 227	6 518	5 677	7 613
With public assistance income	66	235	197	28	—	—	197	272	31	53
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	4 803	2 987	4 315	3 697	—	—	3 475	3 822	3 974	2 122
With retirement income	110	294	172	111	—	—	103	79	14	90
Mean retirement income (dollars)	11 838	7 678	7 590	9 884	—	—	7 889	4 955	4 396	11 547
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE										
Families (dollars)	35 603	33 538	34 149	48 709	18 000	—	20 704	20 755	14 932	47 584
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	35 191	34 399	23 642	41 326	18 000	—	14 009	18 068	14 528	55 300
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	36 051	32 328	41 571	53 035	—	—	28 461	25 232	15 343	38 364
Married-couple families (dollars)	38 217	36 811	42 281	59 729	18 000	—	25 224	27 099	17 495	54 243
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	38 660	39 287	30 713	61 633	18 000	—	23 881	27 986	17 494	65 967
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	37 752	33 557	50 541	58 940	—	—	26 334	26 002	17 496	39 662
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	16 935	13 571	12 826	18 910	—	—	11 502	11 253	9 731	13 899
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	11 732	12 678	5 931	14 250	—	—	8 500	7 594	11 689	4 451
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	21 651	15 457	17 909	26 466	—	—	17 507	22 642	5 652	25 971
POVERTY STATUS IN 1989										
All Income Levels in 1989										
Families	603	2 657	959	379	5	—	572	733	133	540
Householder worked in 1989	488	2 089	626	290	5	—	329	512	84	406
With related children under 18 years	334	1 666	421	157	5	—	349	490	67	317
With related children under 5 years	115	670	167	56	—	—	181	250	19	98
Married-couple families	515	2 192	677	273	5	—	252	418	90	433
Householder worked in 1989	438	1 824	499	215	5	—	173	331	65	357
With related children under 18 years	271	1 294	282	88	5	—	124	231	36	246
With related children under 5 years	97	556	103	35	—	—	78	154	13	93
Female householder, no husband present	61	336	238	97	—	—	240	292	37	82
Householder worked in 1989	35	151	100	66	—	—	116	158	19	30
With related children under 18 years	42	292	119	60	—	—	181	253	25	63
With related children under 5 years	12	79	50	12	—	—	66	96	—	5
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	169	876	606	322	47	—	427	380	71	285
Nonfamily householder	138	683	467	270	32	—	294	283	64	216
65 years and over	64	219	169	121	—	—	128	56	26	75
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	2 135	9 690	3 567	1 388	62	—	2 328	2 850	493	2 163
Persons under 18 years	606	3 002	799	263	5	—	704	1 001	146	603
Related children under 18 years	606	2 992	783	263	5	—	693	1 001	146	603
Related children 5 to 17 years	473	2 187	534	198	5	—	464	676	123	482
Persons 65 years and over	231	800	494	345	—	—	334	259	85	213
Persons 75 years and over	101	224	159	151	—	—	150	93	48	58
Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level										
Families	64	439	269	35	—	—	225	262	58	93
Percent below poverty level	10.6	16.5	28.1	9.2	—	—	39.3	35.7	43.6	17.2
Householder worked in 1989	33	204	120	11	—	—	80	107	27	44
With related children under 18 years	39	353	177	30	—	—	188	220	33	82
With related children under 5 years	13	126	76	—	—	—	106	120	13	10
Married-couple families	34	231	143	14	—	—	52	91	28	49
Householder worked in 1989	21	151	78	—	—	—	22	63	15	32
With related children under 18 years	21	161	74	9	—	—	40	64	15	38
With related children under 5 years	7	56	25	—	—	—	30	49	7	5
Female householder, no husband present	24	189	113	21	—	—	132	171	24	44
Householder worked in 1989	12	34	35	11	—	—	44	44	12	12
With related children under 18 years	12	173	96	21	—	—	115	156	12	44
With related children under 5 years	—	61	44	—	—	—	43	71	—	5
Unrelated individuals	58	308	240	114	30	—	215	170	37	104
Nonfamily householder	44	183	130	73	15	—	107	111	37	57
65 years and over	14	80	62	38	—	—	57	32	14	22
Persons	286	1 837	1 207	242	30	—	1 042	1 183	242	402
Percent below poverty level	13.4	19.0	33.8	17.4	48.4	—	44.8	41.5	49.1	18.6
Persons under 18 years	97	708	435	80	—	—	465	607	87	146
Related children under 18 years	97	698	419	80	—	—	454	607	87	146
Related children 5 to 17 years	81	495	285	80	—	—	290	429	71	136
Persons 65 years and over	45	205	125	48	—	—	75	75	45	57
Persons 75 years and over	25	75	42	5	—	—	58	33	25	18
Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:										
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	37	863	589	103	25	—	592	591	23	216
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	450	2 523	1 404	294	39	—	1 199	1 261	294	484
Persons below 200 percent of poverty level	734	4 251	2 032	360	54	—	1 588	1 777	376	824

Table 19. **Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990—Con.**

[Data based on a sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Lafourche Parish									
	Tract 202.02 (pt.)	Tract 203 (pt.)	Tract 204 (pt.)	Tract 205 (pt.)	Tract 206 (pt.)	Tract 207 (pt.)	Tract 208	Tract 209	Tract 210	Tract 211
INCOME IN 1989										
Households	911	—	—	862	544	2 584	1 350	760	866	2 212
Less than \$5,000	78	—	—	165	7	233	114	107	60	256
\$5,000 to \$9,999	113	—	—	44	41	298	151	124	131	290
\$10,000 to \$14,999	109	—	—	44	10	334	161	113	72	309
\$15,000 to \$24,999	111	—	—	199	90	545	323	155	176	481
\$25,000 to \$34,999	134	—	—	151	89	449	291	78	173	399
\$35,000 to \$49,999	118	—	—	115	155	422	171	69	127	289
\$50,000 to \$74,999	154	—	—	135	125	198	119	69	90	136
\$75,000 to \$99,999	46	—	—	—	21	62	13	25	11	43
\$100,000 or more	48	—	—	9	6	43	7	20	26	9
Median (dollars)	29 937	—	—	23 859	36 750	22 112	22 687	18 182	24 688	20 122
Mean (dollars)	43 502	—	—	27 138	38 480	27 545	25 159	25 847	33 003	23 681
Families	668	—	—	753	470	2 117	1 174	622	765	1 839
Median income (dollars)	38 333	—	—	24 618	38 409	24 450	24 750	20 962	26 849	21 498
Males 15 years and over, with income	908	—	—	770	551	2 508	1 378	787	950	2 250
Median income (dollars)	17 500	—	—	20 516	24 331	17 072	18 639	12 274	17 095	14 739
Percent year-round full-time workers	48.2	—	—	61.7	55.9	51.2	55.4	47.1	50.2	29.6
Median income (dollars)	34 464	—	—	22 994	30 463	22 352	22 500	21 902	25 707	23 424
Females 15 years and over, with income	813	—	—	701	502	1 917	800	628	571	1 527
Median income (dollars)	7 892	—	—	6 342	11 118	6 877	6 672	5 146	5 244	5 766
Percent year-round full-time workers	25.3	—	—	28.5	40.0	28.0	24.4	23.6	27.3	19.1
Median income (dollars)	15 761	—	—	14 839	14 471	12 750	12 292	17 667	11 034	11 598
Per capita income (dollars)	15 487	—	—	8 493	12 581	9 426	8 661	7 954	10 202	7 737
INCOME TYPE IN 1989										
Households	911	—	—	862	544	2 584	1 350	760	866	2 212
With earnings	769	—	—	698	468	2 108	1 076	595	747	1 774
Mean earnings (dollars)	44 331	—	—	30 479	37 692	28 857	26 208	28 346	33 398	24 788
With Social Security income	195	—	—	99	137	588	284	181	164	606
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	6 885	—	—	6 044	6 013	6 419	5 873	6 919	5 658	6 602
With public assistance income	38	—	—	113	35	182	115	120	121	187
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	1 773	—	—	2 319	5 537	3 238	3 695	3 141	3 734	4 771
With retirement income	128	—	—	54	96	204	103	110	48	160
Mean retirement income (dollars)	12 172	—	—	9 645	12 923	5 972	6 549	5 709	7 332	8 456
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE										
Families (dollars)	54 005	—	—	27 825	41 453	29 955	26 906	28 736	35 384	25 252
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	50 610	—	—	27 762	40 796	29 518	27 845	32 170	41 809	23 691
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	57 654	—	—	27 956	42 181	30 597	25 765	24 929	28 040	27 037
Married-couple families (dollars)	59 410	—	—	36 535	42 606	32 520	27 985	33 409	39 093	27 439
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	56 856	—	—	38 916	42 002	32 915	28 983	39 086	45 077	26 298
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	62 008	—	—	32 156	43 304	31 994	26 754	27 099	31 725	28 814
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	10 334	—	—	6 663	28 042	13 465	16 239	10 724	16 316	13 752
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	6 069	—	—	4 534	12 000	14 757	13 322	4 865	17 462	8 590
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	15 842	—	—	15 073	31 250	10 200	17 792	21 302	14 827	18 956
POVERTY STATUS IN 1989										
All Income Levels in 1989										
Families	668	—	—	753	470	2 117	1 174	622	765	1 839
Householder worked in 1989	543	—	—	587	404	1 683	932	457	632	1 383
With related children under 18 years	357	—	—	540	267	1 349	691	386	469	1 093
With related children under 5 years	117	—	—	194	96	572	370	150	167	427
Married-couple families	589	—	—	511	425	1 759	1 034	473	647	1 511
Householder worked in 1989	489	—	—	471	373	1 467	851	379	556	1 220
With related children under 18 years	308	—	—	341	235	1 048	591	278	398	875
With related children under 5 years	92	—	—	118	84	463	303	125	155	356
Female householder, no husband present	55	—	—	203	24	254	95	101	69	251
Householder worked in 1989	30	—	—	77	16	121	36	46	33	114
With related children under 18 years	31	—	—	184	17	229	60	76	44	159
With related children under 5 years	18	—	—	76	12	74	34	20	12	63
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	378	—	—	172	98	591	220	179	155	502
Nonfamily householder	243	—	—	109	74	467	176	138	101	373
65 years and over	56	—	—	28	38	144	68	51	21	138
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	2 616	—	—	2 723	1 642	7 527	3 953	2 492	2 806	6 698
Persons under 18 years	705	—	—	1 057	460	2 399	1 180	811	849	2 121
Related children under 18 years	705	—	—	1 045	460	2 389	1 180	811	844	2 113
Related children 5 to 17 years	520	—	—	766	350	1 705	843	605	626	1 607
Persons 65 years and over	165	—	—	78	146	587	276	203	162	443
Persons 75 years and over	50	—	—	38	53	166	83	98	33	119
Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level										
Families	75	—	—	172	6	346	160	151	125	361
Percent below poverty level	11.2	—	—	22.8	1.3	16.3	13.6	24.3	16.3	19.6
Householder worked in 1989	48	—	—	60	6	160	77	65	56	204
With related children under 18 years	64	—	—	172	6	271	101	129	81	288
With related children under 5 years	43	—	—	76	—	116	52	41	42	140
Married-couple families	37	—	—	7	6	182	113	65	78	243
Householder worked in 1989	17	—	—	7	6	119	63	32	37	161
With related children under 18 years	33	—	—	7	6	123	66	43	51	177
With related children under 5 years	18	—	—	—	—	51	37	16	30	100
Female householder, no husband present	31	—	—	165	—	145	38	76	34	94
Householder worked in 1989	24	—	—	53	—	22	5	28	12	36
With related children under 18 years	24	—	—	165	—	129	26	76	23	94
With related children under 5 years	18	—	—	76	—	56	6	20	12	40
Unrelated individuals	233	—	—	60	21	204	107	102	66	171
Nonfamily householder	118	—	—	18	7	126	73	61	35	134
65 years and over	11	—	—	18	—	58	22	27	11	42
Persons	568	—	—	667	44	1 435	567	765	520	1 616
Percent below poverty level	21.7	—	—	24.5	2.7	19.1	14.3	30.7	18.5	24.1
Persons under 18 years	169	—	—	423	10	562	146	347	207	746
Related children under 18 years	169	—	—	411	10	552	146	347	202	738
Related children 5 to 17 years	105	—	—	290	10	359	108	276	135	533
Persons 65 years and over	11	—	—	18	—	148	45	46	37	52
Persons 75 years and over	4	—	—	9	—	57	14	26	6	39
Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:										
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	312	—	—	628	14	647	294	265	214	835
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	653	—	—	800	156	2 039	822	1 021	621	2 171
Persons below 200 percent of poverty level	975	—	—	1 196	358	3 427	1 929	1 342	1 382	3 614

Table 19. Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990—Con.

[Data based on a sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Lafourche Parish—Can.								Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Terrebonne Parish	
	Tract 212	Tract 213	Tract 214	Tract 215	Tract 216	Tract 217	Tract 218	Tract 219	Tract 2	Tract 1
INCOME IN 1989										
Households	1 623	920	1 309	1 838	2 974	1 318	1 803	2 279	2 746	1 477
Less than \$5,000	220	143	111	267	185	148	225	188	227	15
\$5,000 to \$9,999	295	156	161	214	345	210	280	243	215	15
\$10,000 to \$14,999	209	126	138	210	371	149	234	309	307	13
\$15,000 to \$24,999	202	187	285	352	605	366	327	475	575	29
\$25,000 to \$34,999	223	108	283	364	544	225	253	380	603	29
\$35,000 to \$49,999	207	126	196	269	515	161	284	381	453	24
\$50,000 to \$74,999	122	55	120	125	323	41	151	234	255	16
\$75,000 to \$99,999	13	10	10	18	61	18	23	44	66	3
\$100,000 or more	14	9	5	19	25	—	26	25	45	—
Median (dollars)	17 255	16 509	23 554	21 591	24 712	19 838	19 297	23 591	25 586	24 81
Mean (dollars)	22 301	23 290	25 586	24 371	29 173	21 143	24 839	29 508	29 058	27 55
Families	1 308	717	1 105	1 536	2 487	986	1 444	1 928	2 150	1 13
Median income (dollars)	20 618	20 660	25 082	24 700	26 833	21 929	23 824	26 169	27 537	27 43
Males 15 years and over, with income	1 520	860	1 265	1 813	3 002	1 126	1 648	2 148	2 586	1 49
Median income (dollars)	13 830	12 944	16 038	18 253	18 781	16 069	17 105	19 104	19 812	17 78
Percent year-round full-time workers	26.8	25.3	30.7	36.2	45.5	40.5	48.6	49.2	53.1	50.
Median income (dollars)	20 966	18 889	22 656	23 221	25 219	22 685	25 040	25 203	25 081	24 36
Females 15 years and over, with income	1 148	672	973	1 175	2 201	1 027	1 379	1 657	2 116	1 11
Median income (dollars)	5 553	4 706	5 179	4 783	5 933	5 971	6 112	7 268	6 728	6 25
Percent year-round full-time workers	17.5	16.2	18.3	17.9	22.9	20.5	24.9	27.2	30.7	22.
Median income (dollars)	11 318	11 150	17 500	15 926	13 212	12 102	11 868	14 136	11 944	13 79
Per capita income (dollars)	7 968	8 502	8 795	8 188	9 606	7 540	8 795	9 650	9 942	9 79
INCOME TYPE IN 1989										
Households	1 623	920	1 309	1 838	2 974	1 318	1 803	2 279	2 746	1 477
With earnings	1 175	618	990	1 464	2 343	954	1 313	1 883	2 396	1 17
Mean earnings (dollars)	23 705	26 663	26 664	25 742	31 339	23 360	28 703	29 938	28 932	28 85
With Social Security income	583	318	430	414	709	377	494	508	470	36
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	6 125	7 347	7 436	6 065	7 811	7 504	6 949	6 923	8 481	6 88
With public assistance income	135	104	77	140	181	204	184	129	147	9
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	4 179	3 370	2 506	2 549	2 138	2 300	4 030	3 203	2 514	2 62
With retirement income	147	59	132	115	197	135	160	235	285	21
Mean retirement income (dollars)	13 181	6 370	7 461	10 272	7 416	4 782	5 747	10 085	7 249	9 64
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE										
Families (dollars)	24 406	26 065	26 914	26 839	31 197	23 659	27 110	32 142	31 580	29 74
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	24 405	25 082	28 354	25 778	31 424	21 571	25 684	31 676	30 964	26 84
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	24 406	26 923	25 368	28 146	30 903	26 392	28 786	32 866	32 422	31 92
Married-couple families (dollars)	25 698	29 021	27 855	30 066	33 100	27 803	31 508	34 370	33 566	33 30
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	26 409	28 926	29 462	30 574	33 843	27 301	32 267	34 485	34 389	30 81
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	24 975	29 101	26 029	29 459	32 164	28 404	30 707	34 191	32 501	35 07
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	15 952	13 305	16 768	9 304	11 511	9 385	9 873	13 430	19 491	15 90
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	10 244	7 992	10 475	6 375	10 127	6 179	5 494	6 375	17 424	10 10
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	19 974	19 606	20 762	18 275	14 110	15 969	18 480	22 429	23 123	20 43
POVERTY STATUS IN 1989										
All Income Levels in 1989										
Families	1 308	717	1 105	1 536	2 487	986	1 444	1 928	2 150	1 13
Householder worked in 1989	932	475	796	1 206	1 910	725	1 065	1 519	1 817	82
With related children under 18 years	699	364	617	911	1 494	587	825	1 242	1 295	58
With related children under 5 years	310	146	264	409	606	258	335	606	490	19
Married-couple families	1 089	583	1 004	1 233	2 212	728	1 104	1 710	1 773	88
Householder worked in 1989	791	416	755	1 030	1 748	606	908	1 409	1 521	68
With related children under 18 years	591	288	565	704	1 290	409	585	1 096	1 022	40
With related children under 5 years	273	133	248	307	534	167	257	539	399	16
Female householder, no husband present	150	94	85	191	236	171	258	157	273	20
Householder worked in 1989	92	38	36	92	131	53	94	77	212	10
With related children under 18 years	79	55	47	155	180	131	190	101	186	13
With related children under 5 years	29	7	16	78	56	51	46	22	55	2
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	392	254	259	404	697	496	459	475	824	45
Nanfamily householder	315	203	204	302	487	332	359	351	596	34
65 years and over	138	101	136	107	161	171	167	136	67	6
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	4 500	2 508	3 816	5 431	8 956	3 673	5 078	6 919	7 978	3 95
Persons under 18 years	1 214	664	1 065	1 769	2 689	1 095	1 535	2 326	2 513	1 00
Related children under 18 years	1 213	664	1 058	1 750	2 668	1 095	1 535	2 321	2 498	99
Related children 5 to 17 years	897	489	695	1 287	1 985	768	1 126	1 670	1 773	74
Persons 65 years and over	487	347	452	347	745	473	486	463	388	31
Persons 75 years and over	144	134	156	83	248	211	184	176	90	6
Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level										
Families	290	137	168	295	379	178	331	296	302	19
Percent below poverty level	22.2	19.1	15.2	19.2	15.2	18.1	22.9	15.4	14.0	16.
Householder worked in 1989	182	70	65	158	189	62	147	118	190	5
With related children under 18 years	192	95	77	233	257	143	248	223	260	12
With related children under 5 years	89	37	38	127	112	60	85	109	127	3
Married-couple families	208	77	138	152	238	56	132	197	209	8
Householder worked in 1989	127	44	50	96	119	23	91	79	139	3
With related children under 18 years	129	47	57	97	124	21	74	134	192	4
With related children under 5 years	67	31	28	60	56	10	47	75	106	1
Female householder, no husband present	67	44	25	118	141	102	187	79	71	9
Householder worked in 1989	40	24	15	37	70	26	56	31	29	5
With related children under 18 years	53	39	20	118	133	102	167	69	46	6
With related children under 5 years	22	6	10	67	56	37	38	14	21	1
Unrelated individuals	177	125	97	194	298	247	189	181	291	12
Nanfamily householder	134	97	52	138	153	148	128	100	137	6
65 years and over	76	47	38	34	68	90	84	43	19	—
Persons	1 201	561	558	1 253	1 619	824	1 326	1 382	1 456	69
Percent below poverty level	26.7	22.4	14.6	23.1	18.1	22.4	26.1	20.0	18.3	17.
Persons under 18 years	421	186	151	573	587	312	521	593	604	22
Related children under 18 years	421	186	144	554	566	312	521	593	589	21
Related children 5 to 17 years	332	134	89	396	430	241	401	445	383	17
Persons 65 years and over	133	83	79	51	194	129	131	91	44	5
Persons 75 years and over	61	34	10	42	104	84	66	38	6	1
Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:										
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	637	255	282	637	572	387	530	686	763	40
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	1 656	734	802	1 639	2 006	1 141	1 749	2 038	1 742	92
Persons below 200 percent of poverty level	2 539	1 399	1 639	2 718	3 437	2 087	2 481	3 322	3 231	1 66

Table 19. Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Terrebonne Parish—Con.								
	Tract 4	Tract 5	Tract 6	Tract 7	Tract 8	Tract 9	Tract 10	Tract 12	Tract 13
INCOME IN 1989									
Households	2 602	2 400	2 043	2 200	2 385	1 912	1 556	2 516	1 499
Less than \$5,000	290	357	253	547	261	292	80	225	249
\$5,000 to \$9,999	141	391	303	363	239	270	100	360	199
\$10,000 to \$14,999	224	329	298	261	331	311	122	361	237
\$15,000 to \$24,999	490	593	443	446	533	373	320	564	308
\$25,000 to \$34,999	476	175	306	243	436	261	323	401	281
\$35,000 to \$49,999	471	319	263	210	349	142	292	387	132
\$50,000 to \$74,999	390	162	135	114	202	174	227	169	63
\$75,000 to \$99,999	70	53	34	—	15	52	37	29	14
\$100,000 or more	50	21	8	16	19	37	55	20	16
Median (dollars)	28 412	16 910	19 606	13 655	20 945	16 995	29 355	19 255	16 493
Mean (dollars)	31 779	23 126	23 064	18 469	25 051	26 183	35 415	26 649	20 842
Families	1 980	1 629	1 632	1 727	1 890	1 267	1 418	2 178	1 343
Median income (dollars)	32 295	20 709	21 891	15 200	24 118	22 961	30 402	21 224	17 287
Males 15 years and over, with income	2 358	1 877	1 775	1 791	2 296	1 610	1 632	2 643	1 532
Median income (dollars)	21 576	14 636	16 138	10 981	16 898	12 021	22 156	14 630	11 764
Percent year-round full-time workers	52.4	40.9	44.0	38.1	44.1	37.8	52.2	36.6	32.7
Median income (dollars)	26 076	24 564	24 763	18 549	24 336	25 000	27 941	21 162	19 012
Females 15 years and over, with income	2 331	1 887	1 569	1 973	1 791	1 817	1 180	1 638	1 178
Median income (dollars)	7 340	6 941	5 343	5 125	6 877	7 175	6 886	6 354	4 057
Percent year-round full-time workers	26.1	23.7	19.4	21.6	29.2	22.8	28.1	20.8	15.9
Median income (dollars)	18 044	15 522	15 032	12 973	13 693	14 692	14 550	12 258	11 203
Per capita income (dollars)	10 998	9 403	7 556	5 933	8 713	10 530	10 871	8 368	5 843
INCOME TYPE IN 1989									
Households	2 602	2 400	2 043	2 200	2 385	1 912	1 556	2 516	1 499
With earnings	2 194	1 481	1 565	1 503	1 996	1 163	1 331	1 954	1 171
Mean earnings (dollars)	31 749	26 703	25 461	19 863	24 350	30 158	36 241	28 647	21 143
With Social Security income	510	969	412	612	514	748	290	665	412
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	8 792	7 175	6 513	6 820	6 476	7 646	7 148	8 036	7 103
With public assistance income	133	277	293	529	206	294	89	256	273
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	3 300	3 034	3 507	3 170	4 830	2 754	3 668	4 067	2 821
With retirement income	258	430	254	169	312	375	182	162	91
Mean retirement income (dollars)	10 228	9 497	5 735	5 668	10 057	8 630	13 932	13 548	10 359
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE									
Families (dollars)	34 832	26 460	25 225	19 715	27 114	32 005	37 184	28 980	21 288
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	32 700	24 774	26 924	16 419	25 819	35 731	40 044	25 589	21 317
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	37 990	27 920	21 930	23 707	28 729	28 331	32 892	33 235	21 242
Married-couple families (dollars)	39 177	29 771	28 607	26 884	30 147	38 806	38 897	30 742	23 440
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	38 544	29 542	32 326	26 683	29 543	48 527	42 353	26 619	24 030
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	40 016	29 959	22 416	27 068	30 886	29 203	33 654	36 014	22 500
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	13 733	13 389	13 596	9 327	14 320	16 560	17 568	17 281	11 913
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	12 386	8 357	11 954	5 810	11 714	7 026	14 132	17 165	8 938
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	18 336	18 684	20 524	16 181	18 279	24 609	23 486	17 462	17 630
POVERTY STATUS IN 1989									
All Income Levels in 1989									
Families	1 980	1 629	1 632	1 727	1 890	1 267	1 418	2 178	1 343
Householder worked in 1989	1 686	950	1 163	987	1 426	738	1 140	1 569	919
With related children under 18 years	1 240	862	1 120	1 112	1 112	677	898	1 322	911
With related children under 5 years	494	334	506	470	400	247	336	678	397
Married-couple families	1 604	1 217	1 255	977	1 499	817	1 299	1 905	1 106
Householder worked in 1989	1 418	817	963	690	1 161	528	1 060	1 412	840
With related children under 18 years	952	583	804	547	879	412	806	1 148	746
With related children under 5 years	436	185	366	184	320	121	311	648	315
Female householder, no husband present	327	314	308	631	335	367	98	164	149
Householder worked in 1989	237	80	149	252	243	145	65	82	46
With related children under 18 years	253	228	261	484	211	210	81	103	107
With related children under 5 years	46	139	119	250	75	105	25	10	47
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	751	885	509	733	660	805	192	424	261
Nonfamily householder	622	771	411	473	495	645	138	338	156
65 years and over	173	396	197	138	138	319	55	170	80
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	7 414	5 860	6 209	6 953	6 916	4 891	5 042	8 036	5 296
Persons under 18 years	2 308	1 506	2 302	2 572	2 117	1 324	1 761	2 538	1 967
Related children under 18 years	2 299	1 477	2 302	2 551	2 108	1 315	1 761	2 538	1 961
Related children 5 to 17 years	1 643	1 025	1 673	1 857	1 577	1 006	1 319	1 899	1 464
Persons 65 years and over	461	1 039	447	531	458	968	338	633	308
Persons 75 years and over	77	373	124	174	127	408	117	219	82
Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level									
Families	233	369	390	648	386	229	113	471	466
Percent below poverty level	11.8	22.7	23.9	37.5	20.4	18.1	8.0	21.6	34.7
Householder worked in 1989	141	127	121	231	187	77	55	220	214
With related children under 18 years	196	289	316	555	297	193	84	330	363
With related children under 5 years	68	170	183	296	142	109	51	197	199
Married-couple families	104	184	193	197	250	43	67	398	319
Householder worked in 1989	65	88	59	100	126	16	34	200	167
With related children under 18 years	67	119	140	131	195	28	38	275	227
With related children under 5 years	40	51	83	35	88	16	26	187	124
Female householder, no husband present	125	180	165	411	131	186	40	39	92
Householder worked in 1989	76	39	48	120	56	61	15	13	22
With related children under 18 years	125	165	152	384	97	165	40	32	86
With related children under 5 years	24	114	86	233	49	93	25	7	40
Unrelated individuals	274	331	218	369	234	282	82	170	177
Nonfamily householder	192	254	175	193	132	205	49	142	86
65 years and over	73	136	78	45	81	93	30	94	44
Persons	1 106	1 606	1 766	2 967	1 741	1 122	462	2 035	2 031
Percent below poverty level	14.9	27.4	28.4	42.7	25.2	22.9	9.2	25.3	38.3
Persons under 18 years	442	587	804	1 528	709	450	164	724	851
Related children under 18 years	433	558	804	1 507	700	450	164	724	851
Related children 5 to 17 years	310	316	549	1 031	489	316	94	518	624
Persons 65 years and over	92	232	192	161	97	139	39	245	118
Persons 75 years and over	25	62	58	46	51	111	30	143	41
Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:									
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	572	639	851	2 001	998	621	236	873	847
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	1 337	1 824	2 161	3 294	2 004	1 433	805	2 733	2 466
Persons below 200 percent of poverty level	2 356	2 963	3 543	5 054	3 078	2 659	1 725	4 317	3 457

Table 19. Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990—Con.

[Data based on a sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Terrebonne Parish—Con.		Bayou Cane CDP, Terrebonne Parish					Haumo city, Terrebonne Parish	
	Tract 15.98	Tract 17	Tract 2 (pt.)	Tract 3 (pt.)	Tract 4 (pt.)	Tract 5 (pt.)	Tract 17 (pt.)	Tract 3 (pt.)	Tract 5 (pt.)
INCOME IN 1989									
Households	1 700	901	1 467	1 141	2 595	278	—	330	1 750
Less than \$5,000	38	58	142	99	290	23	—	52	299
\$5,000 to \$9,999	116	56	112	118	141	60	—	39	305
\$10,000 to \$14,999	63	85	167	87	224	34	—	42	271
\$15,000 to \$24,999	219	145	240	234	490	55	—	64	378
\$25,000 to \$34,999	242	48	340	220	476	17	—	70	133
\$35,000 to \$49,999	380	149	247	207	471	64	—	37	182
\$50,000 to \$74,999	415	228	153	134	390	8	—	26	133
\$75,000 to \$99,999	70	52	42	34	63	17	—	—	28
\$100,000 or more	157	80	24	8	50	—	—	—	21
Median (dollars)	42 572	40 694	26 416	26 425	28 349	18 750	—	17 286	15 000
Mean (dollars)	59 605	64 246	29 758	29 424	31 654	25 637	—	21 482	22 283
Families	1 495	740	1 098	873	1 973	252	—	264	1 068
Median income (dollars)	44 583	44 545	28 772	30 409	32 216	19 333	—	20 250	20 308
Males 15 years and over, with income	1 727	840	1 294	1 226	2 351	260	—	259	1 306
Median income (dollars)	27 721	28 370	22 021	18 958	21 523	15 400	—	13 542	13 242
Percent year-round full-time workers	61.7	65.6	56.8	50.1	52.5	56.2	—	48.6	36.4
Median income (dollars)	35 745	39 327	26 236	25 586	26 076	21 538	—	16 071	26 810
Females 15 years and over, with income	1 339	697	1 115	823	2 331	233	—	288	1 404
Median income (dollars)	11 712	12 250	6 895	6 416	7 340	4 504	—	5 758	7 272
Percent year-round full-time workers	36.2	39.7	30.0	25.0	26.1	16.7	—	15.6	24.5
Median income (dollars)	19 014	20 234	12 242	14 667	18 044	11 719	—	12 788	15 330
Per capita income (dollars)	19 850	21 013	10 164	10 572	10 950	8 289	—	7 176	9 724
INCOME TYPE IN 1989									
Households	1 700	901	1 467	1 141	2 595	278	—	330	1 750
With earnings	1 517	845	1 256	909	2 187	221	—	257	943
Mean earnings (dollars)	59 630	62 846	30 044	31 109	31 665	26 960	—	21 409	27 771
With Social Security income	237	124	235	272	503	68	—	90	826
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	8 697	7 683	8 410	6 439	8 800	6 856	—	8 225	6 917
With public assistance income	54	53	74	67	133	45	—	23	209
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	2 373	2 778	3 913	3 034	3 300	3 850	—	1 443	3 079
With retirement income	251	76	172	163	258	18	—	49	347
Mean retirement income (dollars)	10 855	10 469	8 664	9 210	10 228	9 263	—	11 072	8 942
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE									
Families (dollars)	62 324	73 147	32 716	31 841	34 679	27 017	—	22 830	26 126
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	47 987	72 188	34 230	28 979	32 700	26 489	—	18 993	24 043
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	81 477	74 694	30 427	34 077	37 635	27 474	—	25 324	27 871
Married-couple families (dollars)	66 327	81 274	34 787	34 701	39 007	32 055	—	27 717	29 659
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	50 573	80 582	37 992	33 263	38 544	34 430	—	22 427	28 754
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	87 351	82 389	30 536	35 666	39 625	30 411	—	32 389	30 390
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	25 314	15 905	25 647	17 512	13 733	7 105	—	13 272	12 947
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	23 120	13 285	23 124	11 553	12 386	6 143	—	5 420	9 297
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	27 682	20 172	34 000	24 500	18 336	8 388	—	16 217	17 188
POVERTY STATUS IN 1989									
All Income Levels In 1989									
Families	1 495	740	1 098	873	1 973	252	—	264	1 068
Householder worked in 1989	1 335	623	937	631	1 679	189	—	197	528
With related children under 18 years	887	482	694	430	1 240	150	—	156	541
With related children under 5 years	325	210	228	115	494	73	—	81	239
Married-couple families	1 347	648	912	707	1 597	198	—	177	767
Householder worked in 1989	1 217	568	778	539	1 411	155	—	145	456
With related children under 18 years	788	420	531	314	952	96	—	94	362
With related children under 5 years	304	186	170	110	436	35	—	50	128
Female householder, no husband present	131	92	125	126	327	42	—	77	227
Householder worked in 1989	101	55	108	56	237	22	—	47	43
With related children under 18 years	82	62	108	76	253	42	—	57	152
With related children under 5 years	21	24	42	—	46	33	—	26	106
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	242	191	517	368	751	56	—	83	748
Nonfamily householder	205	161	369	268	622	26	—	66	682
65 years and over	47	20	41	48	173	10	—	13	375
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	5 157	2 638	4 248	2 989	7 397	865	—	962	3 979
Persons under 18 years	1 650	861	1 390	683	2 308	275	—	318	946
Related children under 18 years	1 650	855	1 375	676	2 299	266	—	318	926
Related children 5 to 17 years	1 228	619	995	535	1 643	167	—	214	596
Persons 65 years and over	231	127	194	231	444	45	—	82	929
Persons 75 years and over	55	43	49	36	77	10	—	29	333
Income In 1989 Below Poverty Level									
Families	114	85	143	128	233	72	—	64	243
Percent below poverty level	7.6	11.5	13.0	14.7	11.8	28.6	—	24.2	22.8
Householder worked in 1989	83	40	89	49	141	29	—	49	53
With related children under 18 years	87	68	126	71	196	57	—	52	185
With related children under 5 years	44	42	43	8	68	40	—	28	130
Married-couple families	76	46	107	60	104	37	—	24	117
Householder worked in 1989	60	20	61	15	65	14	—	20	44
With related children under 18 years	64	41	90	27	67	22	—	18	74
With related children under 5 years	29	35	35	8	40	7	—	8	44
Female householder, no husband present	38	39	14	62	125	35	—	35	121
Householder worked in 1989	23	20	6	28	76	15	—	24	9
With related children under 18 years	23	27	14	38	125	35	—	29	106
With related children under 5 years	15	7	8	—	24	33	—	15	81
Unrelated individuals	33	55	182	98	274	27	—	28	273
Nonfamily householder	16	38	99	44	192	8	—	21	226
65 years and over	—	20	9	8	73	—	—	—	125
Persons	412	303	753	466	1 106	297	—	231	1 082
Percent below poverty level	8.0	11.5	17.7	15.6	15.0	34.3	—	24.0	27.2
Persons under 18 years	163	108	305	124	442	122	—	98	382
Related children under 18 years	163	108	290	117	433	113	—	98	362
Related children 5 to 17 years	109	72	214	109	310	65	—	61	168
Persons 65 years and over	—	25	19	35	92	18	—	19	203
Persons 75 years and over	—	19	—	—	25	—	—	14	51
Ratio of Income in 1989 to poverty level:									
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	134	107	413	259	572	92	—	144	472
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	577	438	932	592	1 337	334	—	343	1 256
Persons below 200 percent of poverty level	1 026	638	1 809	1 109	2 356	452	—	570	2 132

Table 19. Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Houma city, Terrebonne Parish—Con.								
	Tract 6 (pt.)	Tract 7 (pt.)	Tract 8 (pt.)	Tract 9 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 12 (pt.)	Tract 13 (pt.)	Tract 15.98 (pt.)	Tract 17 (pt.)
INCOME IN 1989									
Households	807	2 055	2 385	1 912	—	—	99	1 087	316
Less than \$5,000	130	547	261	292	—	—	—	—	5
\$5,000 to \$9,999	154	345	239	270	—	—	—	21	14
\$10,000 to \$14,999	136	261	331	311	—	—	8	12	16
\$15,000 to \$24,999	198	401	533	373	—	—	17	105	31
\$25,000 to \$34,999	118	224	436	261	—	—	42	135	13
\$35,000 to \$49,999	49	188	349	142	—	—	6	283	85
\$50,000 to \$74,999	22	82	202	174	—	—	20	337	90
\$75,000 to \$99,999	—	—	15	52	—	—	6	59	37
\$100,000 or more	—	7	19	37	—	—	—	135	25
Median (dollars)	14 471	12 623	20 945	16 995	—	—	32 917	49 560	46 711
Mean (dollars)	17 136	17 058	25 051	26 183	—	—	35 398	61 486	56 154
Families	555	1 607	1 890	1 267	—	—	93	972	280
Median income (dollars)	18 058	14 337	24 118	22 961	—	—	32 560	50 170	50 325
Males 15 years and over, with income	648	1 673	2 296	1 610	—	—	131	1 114	299
Median income (dollars)	13 141	10 252	16 898	12 021	—	—	20 197	33 636	35 893
Percent year-round full-time workers	32.9	37.5	44.1	37.8	—	—	63.4	66.2	67.9
Median income (dollars)	21 336	17 386	24 336	25 000	—	—	21 118	41 952	44 841
Females 15 years and over, with income	611	1 818	1 791	1 817	—	—	125	854	284
Median income (dollars)	4 559	5 091	6 877	7 175	—	—	6 078	15 994	16 227
Percent year-round full-time workers	17.7	21.7	29.2	22.8	—	—	31.2	39.3	45.8
Median income (dollars)	13 125	12 689	13 693	14 692	—	—	12 396	21 290	20 865
Per capita income (dollars)	6 718	5 529	8 713	10 530	—	—	8 052	20 209	16 094
INCOME TYPE IN 1989									
Households	807	2 055	2 385	1 912	—	—	99	1 087	316
With earnings	540	1 377	1 996	1 163	—	—	91	1 002	309
Mean earnings (dollars)	19 409	18 970	24 350	30 158	—	—	34 984	59 374	51 462
With Social Security income	226	574	514	748	—	—	20	149	41
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	6 565	6 438	6 476	7 646	—	—	6 939	9 155	9 065
With public assistance income	123	519	206	294	—	—	—	15	—
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	3 153	3 093	4 830	2 754	—	—	—	1 438	—
With retirement income	151	160	312	375	—	—	—	135	35
Mean retirement income (dollars)	4 722	5 419	10 057	8 630	—	—	—	12 515	12 181
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE									
Families (dollars)	19 789	18 163	27 114	32 005	—	—	32 133	61 657	59 098
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	20 570	14 643	25 819	35 731	—	—	29 773	57 476	61 754
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	18 836	22 124	28 729	28 331	—	—	41 327	67 635	53 106
Married-couple families (dollars)	21 720	24 641	30 147	38 806	—	—	33 286	63 408	65 376
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	24 259	24 481	29 543	48 527	—	—	31 039	59 909	69 174
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	19 399	24 770	30 886	29 203	—	—	41 327	68 236	57 444
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	14 157	9 348	14 320	16 560	—	—	—	35 605	16 541
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	12 130	5 683	11 714	7 026	—	—	—	24 336	19 534
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	19 715	16 181	18 279	24 609	—	—	—	53 214	4 141
POVERTY STATUS IN 1989									
All Income Levels In 1989									
Families	555	1 607	1 890	1 267	—	—	93	972	280
Householder worked in 1989	345	904	1 426	738	—	—	85	899	266
With related children under 18 years	310	1 017	1 112	677	—	—	74	572	201
With related children under 5 years	150	428	400	247	—	—	43	193	84
Married-couple families	404	875	1 499	817	—	—	87	914	244
Householder worked in 1989	257	625	1 161	528	—	—	79	849	237
With related children under 18 years	193	470	879	412	—	—	68	530	172
With related children under 5 years	108	151	320	121	—	—	37	187	71
Female householder, no husband present	116	613	335	367	—	—	—	41	36
Householder worked in 1989	61	234	243	145	—	—	—	33	29
With related children under 18 years	90	466	211	210	—	—	—	25	29
With related children under 5 years	28	241	75	105	—	—	—	6	13
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	304	699	660	805	—	—	6	148	48
Nonfamily householder	252	448	495	645	—	—	6	115	36
5 years and over	137	138	138	319	—	—	6	31	—
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	2 054	6 459	6 916	4 891	—	—	417	3 289	980
Persons under 18 years	625	2 360	2 117	1 324	—	—	191	1 064	351
Related children under 18 years	625	2 339	2 108	1 315	—	—	191	1 064	345
Related children 5 to 17 years	448	1 700	1 577	1 006	—	—	129	810	239
Persons 65 years and over	314	512	458	968	—	—	6	146	20
Persons 75 years and over	100	174	127	408	—	—	6	36	6
Income In 1989 Below Poverty Level									
Families	159	630	386	229	—	—	14	7	25
Percent below poverty level	28.6	39.2	20.4	18.1	—	—	15.1	.7	8.9
Householder worked in 1989	60	222	187	77	—	—	6	7	18
With related children under 18 years	112	537	297	193	—	—	14	—	18
With related children under 5 years	57	278	142	109	—	—	14	—	7
Married-couple families	92	188	250	43	—	—	8	7	6
Householder worked in 1989	40	100	126	16	—	—	—	7	6
With related children under 18 years	61	122	195	28	—	—	8	—	6
With related children under 5 years	34	26	88	16	—	—	8	—	—
Female householder, no husband present	45	402	131	186	—	—	—	—	19
Householder worked in 1989	6	111	56	61	—	—	—	—	12
With related children under 18 years	37	375	97	165	—	—	—	—	12
With related children under 5 years	9	224	49	93	—	—	—	—	7
Unrelated individuals	135	360	234	282	—	—	—	17	8
Nonfamily householder	108	193	132	205	—	—	—	—	—
5 years and over	60	45	81	93	—	—	—	—	—
Persons	663	2 882	1 741	1 122	—	—	75	38	74
Percent below poverty level	32.3	44.6	25.2	22.9	—	—	18.0	1.2	7.6
Persons under 18 years	247	1 487	709	450	—	—	48	—	27
Related children under 18 years	247	1 466	700	450	—	—	48	—	27
Related children 5 to 17 years	177	1 021	489	316	—	—	34	—	20
Persons 65 years and over	126	161	97	139	—	—	—	—	—
Persons 75 years and over	34	46	51	111	—	—	—	—	—
Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:									
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	268	1 960	998	621	—	—	—	10	37
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	815	3 209	2 004	1 433	—	—	75	104	74
Persons below 200 percent of poverty level	1 389	4 829	3 078	2 659	—	—	174	282	109

Table 19. Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990—Con.

[Data based on a sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Terrebonne Parish								
	Tract 1	Tract 2 (pt.)	Tract 3 (pt.)	Tract 4 (pt.)	Tract 5 (pt.)	Tract 6 (pt.)	Tract 7 (pt.)	Tract 8 (pt.)	Tract 9 (pt.)
INCOME IN 1989									
Households	2 539	1 279	8	7	372	1 236	145	—	—
Less than \$5,000	323	85	—	—	35	123	—	—	—
\$5,000 to \$9,999	259	103	—	—	26	149	18	—	—
\$10,000 to \$14,999	267	140	8	—	24	162	—	—	—
\$15,000 to \$24,999	602	335	—	—	160	245	45	—	—
\$25,000 to \$34,999	438	263	—	—	25	188	19	—	—
\$35,000 to \$49,999	390	206	—	—	73	214	22	—	—
\$50,000 to \$74,999	205	102	—	—	21	113	32	—	—
\$75,000 to \$99,999	27	24	—	7	8	34	—	—	—
\$100,000 or more	28	21	—	—	—	8	—	—	—
Median (dollars)	21 313	24 284	11 250	77 197	21 129	23 306	32 625	—	—
Mean (dollars)	25 857	28 256	12 156	78 100	25 216	26 934	38 461	—	—
Families	2 071	1 052	—	7	309	1 077	120	—	—
Median income (dollars)	24 893	26 462	—	77 197	22 460	24 583	35 577	—	—
Males 15 years and over, with income	2 467	1 292	8	7	311	1 127	118	—	—
Median income (dollars)	14 892	17 218	11 250	77 197	17 259	19 338	25 455	—	—
Percent year-round full-time workers	48.1	49.5	100.0	—	46.6	50.4	46.6	—	—
Median income (dollars)	21 773	23 327	11 250	—	21 542	25 417	25 966	—	—
Females 15 years and over, with income	2 159	1 001	—	—	250	958	155	—	—
Median income (dollars)	6 701	6 384	—	—	6 481	5 870	8 906	—	—
Percent year-round full-time workers	29.6	31.6	—	—	25.6	20.6	21.3	—	—
Median income (dollars)	11 927	11 566	—	—	16 154	15 913	17 344	—	—
Per capita income (dollars)	8 229	9 691	12 156	32 159	9 094	7 970	11 254	—	—
INCOME TYPE IN 1989									
Households	2 539	1 279	8	7	372	1 236	145	—	—
With earnings	2 137	1 140	8	7	317	1 025	126	—	—
Mean earnings (dollars)	25 802	27 707	12 000	57 800	23 350	28 650	29 622	—	—
With Social Security income	576	235	—	7	75	186	38	—	—
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	8 011	8 552	—	8 200	10 311	6 448	12 587	—	—
With public assistance income	220	73	—	—	23	170	10	—	—
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	3 016	1 097	—	—	1 031	3 764	7 152	—	—
With retirement income	249	113	—	—	65	103	9	—	—
Mean retirement income (dollars)	8 698	5 097	—	—	12 525	7 219	10 099	—	—
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE									
Families (dollars)	28 821	30 395	—	78 100	27 161	28 027	40 497	—	—
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	28 151	27 242	—	—	25 795	29 434	32 323	—	—
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	29 654	34 269	—	78 100	28 483	24 466	71 558	—	—
Married-couple families (dollars)	32 474	32 272	—	78 100	28 317	31 877	46 122	—	—
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	30 679	30 485	—	—	28 536	34 961	37 863	—	—
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	35 060	34 523	—	78 100	28 102	24 865	71 558	—	—
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	9 756	14 291	—	—	21 486	13 257	8 625	—	—
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	8 047	10 409	—	—	4 259	11 864	8 625	—	—
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	11 275	18 617	—	—	30 099	21 419	—	—	—
POVERTY STATUS IN 1989									
All Income Levels In 1989									
Families	2 071	1 052	—	7	309	1 077	120	—	—
Householder worked in 1989	1 596	880	—	7	233	818	83	—	—
With related children under 18 years	1 266	601	—	—	171	810	95	—	—
With related children under 5 years	586	262	—	—	22	356	42	—	—
Married-couple families	1 692	861	—	7	252	851	102	—	—
Householder worked in 1989	1 415	743	—	7	206	706	65	—	—
With related children under 18 years	1 058	491	—	—	125	611	77	—	—
With related children under 5 years	497	229	—	—	22	258	33	—	—
Female householder, no husband present	289	148	—	—	45	192	18	—	—
Householder worked in 1989	135	104	—	—	15	88	18	—	—
With related children under 18 years	184	78	—	—	34	171	18	—	—
With related children under 5 years	78	13	—	—	—	91	9	—	—
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	581	307	8	—	81	205	34	—	—
Nonfamily householder	468	227	8	—	63	159	25	—	—
65 years and over	155	26	—	—	11	60	—	—	—
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	7 980	3 730	8	17	1 016	4 155	494	—	—
Persons under 18 years	2 667	1 123	—	—	285	1 677	212	—	—
Related children under 18 years	2 667	1 123	—	—	285	1 677	212	—	—
Related children 5 to 17 years	1 945	778	—	—	262	1 225	157	—	—
Persons 65 years and over	557	194	—	17	65	133	19	—	—
Persons 75 years and over	146	41	—	—	30	24	—	—	—
Income In 1989 Below Poverty Level									
Families	404	159	—	—	54	231	18	—	—
Percent below poverty level	19.5	15.1	—	—	17.5	21.4	15.0	—	—
Householder worked in 1989	222	101	—	—	45	61	9	—	—
With related children under 18 years	288	134	—	—	47	204	18	—	—
With related children under 5 years	120	84	—	—	—	126	18	—	—
Married-couple families	174	102	—	—	30	101	9	—	—
Householder worked in 1989	124	78	—	—	30	19	—	—	—
With related children under 18 years	146	102	—	—	23	79	9	—	—
With related children under 5 years	56	71	—	—	—	49	9	—	—
Female householder, no husband present	184	57	—	—	24	120	9	—	—
Householder worked in 1989	78	23	—	—	15	42	9	—	—
With related children under 18 years	142	32	—	—	24	115	9	—	—
With related children under 5 years	64	13	—	—	—	77	9	—	—
Unrelated individuals	258	109	—	—	31	83	9	—	—
Nonfamily householder	184	38	—	—	20	67	—	—	—
65 years and over	56	10	—	—	11	18	—	—	—
Persons	1 936	703	—	—	227	1 103	85	—	—
Percent below poverty level	24.3	18.8	—	—	22.3	26.5	17.2	—	—
Persons under 18 years	843	299	—	—	83	557	41	—	—
Related children under 18 years	843	299	—	—	83	557	41	—	—
Related children 5 to 17 years	650	169	—	—	83	372	10	—	—
Persons 65 years and over	151	25	—	—	11	66	—	—	—
Persons 75 years and over	21	6	—	—	11	24	—	—	—
Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:									
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	989	350	—	—	75	583	41	—	—
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	2 380	810	—	—	234	1 346	85	—	—
Persons below 200 percent of poverty level	3 923	1 422	8	—	379	2 154	225	—	—

Table 19. Income and Poverty Status in 1989: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Terrebonne Parish—Con.								
	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 11	Tract 12 (pt.)	Tract 12.22	Tract 13 (pt.)	Tract 14	Tract 15.98 (pt.)	Tract 16	Tract 17 (pt.)
INCOME IN 1989									
Households	1 556	1 206	2 516	—	1 400	1 179	613	1 102	585
Less than \$5,000	80	165	225	—	249	108	38	194	53
\$5,000 to \$9,999	100	229	360	—	199	179	95	172	42
\$10,000 to \$14,999	122	110	361	—	229	202	51	143	69
\$15,000 to \$24,999	320	238	564	—	291	308	114	207	114
\$25,000 to \$34,999	323	199	401	—	239	180	107	201	35
\$35,000 to \$49,999	292	186	387	—	126	142	97	99	64
\$50,000 to \$74,999	227	70	169	—	43	31	78	68	138
\$75,000 to \$99,999	37	9	29	—	8	12	11	14	15
\$100,000 or more	55	—	20	—	16	17	22	4	55
Median (dollars)	29 355	18 372	19 255	—	15 593	17 713	25 590	18 514	29 205
Mean (dollars)	35 415	22 337	26 649	—	19 813	23 340	56 269	21 681	68 617
Families	1 418	933	2 178	—	1 250	1 027	523	901	460
Median income (dollars)	30 402	21 458	21 224	—	16 364	18 133	29 688	20 981	41 389
Males 15 years and over, with income	1 632	1 202	2 643	—	1 401	1 216	613	1 071	541
Median income (dollars)	22 156	14 971	14 630	—	11 458	12 711	21 025	13 918	25 542
Percent year-round full-time workers	52.2	25.2	36.6	—	29.8	41.0	53.5	34.0	64.3
Median income (dollars)	27 941	21 913	21 162	—	18 472	20 666	25 769	22 100	36 429
Females 15 years and over, with income	1 180	814	1 638	—	1 053	751	485	832	413
Median income (dollars)	6 886	4 101	6 354	—	3 937	4 907	7 651	4 728	10 369
Percent year-round full-time workers	28.1	15.7	20.8	—	14.1	21.7	30.7	19.7	35.6
Median income (dollars)	14 550	16 333	12 258	—	10 854	11 528	15 231	11 714	17 750
Per capita income (dollars)	10 871	7 054	8 368	—	5 634	6 564	19 216	6 858	24 288
INCOME TYPE IN 1989									
Households	1 556	1 206	2 516	—	1 400	1 179	613	1 102	585
With earnings	1 331	865	1 954	—	1 080	1 003	515	752	536
Mean earnings (dollars)	36 241	25 585	28 647	—	19 977	23 516	60 128	25 496	69 409
With Social Security income	290	361	665	—	392	171	88	310	83
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	7 148	6 787	8 036	—	7 111	6 226	7 921	6 465	7 000
With public assistance income	89	88	256	—	273	203	39	203	53
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	3 668	3 721	4 067	—	2 821	3 466	2 732	2 366	2 778
With retirement income	182	146	162	—	91	104	116	128	41
Mean retirement income (dollars)	13 932	5 614	13 548	—	10 359	6 442	8 924	8 301	9 006
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE									
Families (dollars)	37 184	24 670	28 980	—	20 481	24 609	63 565	24 147	81 698
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	40 044	21 627	25 589	—	20 478	23 035	28 809	24 708	79 885
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	32 892	28 502	33 235	—	20 485	27 357	104 548	23 363	84 119
Married-couple families (dollars)	38 897	25 443	30 742	—	22 599	26 507	72 490	28 255	90 875
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	42 353	22 338	26 619	—	23 250	25 558	29 955	29 921	88 592
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	33 654	29 565	36 014	—	21 623	28 079	125 383	25 985	94 049
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	17 568	16 626	17 281	—	11 913	12 263	20 626	9 482	15 496
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	14 132	10 887	17 165	—	8 938	7 121	22 414	6 767	6 813
No own children under 18 years (dollars)	23 486	21 728	17 462	—	17 630	26 585	18 991	13 723	24 180
POVERTY STATUS IN 1989									
All Income Levels in 1989									
Families	1 418	933	2 178	—	1 250	1 027	523	901	460
Householder worked in 1989	1 140	672	1 569	—	834	762	436	628	357
With related children under 18 years	898	571	1 322	—	837	724	315	589	281
With related children under 5 years	336	230	678	—	354	308	132	264	126
Married-couple families	1 299	838	1 905	—	1 019	893	433	704	404
Householder worked in 1989	1 060	647	1 412	—	761	697	368	536	331
With related children under 18 years	806	523	1 148	—	678	606	258	434	248
With related children under 5 years	311	196	648	—	278	263	117	199	115
Female householder, no husband present	98	51	164	—	149	106	90	164	56
Householder worked in 1989	65	12	82	—	46	53	68	78	26
With related children under 18 years	81	24	103	—	107	100	57	136	33
With related children under 5 years	25	18	10	—	47	32	15	51	11
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	192	337	424	—	255	236	94	271	143
Nonfamily householder	138	273	338	—	150	152	90	201	125
65 years and over	55	106	170	—	74	60	16	66	20
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	5 042	3 809	8 036	—	4 879	4 173	1 868	3 564	1 658
Persons under 18 years	1 761	1 231	2 538	—	1 776	1 556	586	1 255	510
Related children under 18 years	1 761	1 231	2 538	—	1 770	1 556	586	1 255	510
Related children 5 to 17 years	1 319	908	1 899	—	1 335	1 133	418	936	380
Persons 65 years and over	338	336	633	—	302	173	85	286	107
Persons 75 years and over	117	126	219	—	76	61	19	122	37
Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level									
Families	113	230	471	—	452	277	107	258	60
Percent below poverty level	8.0	24.7	21.6	—	36.2	27.0	20.5	28.6	13.0
Householder worked in 1989	55	136	220	—	208	149	76	128	22
With related children under 18 years	84	185	330	—	349	228	87	214	50
With related children under 5 years	51	100	197	—	185	125	44	126	35
Married-couple families	67	207	398	—	311	206	69	126	40
Householder worked in 1989	34	136	200	—	167	139	53	67	14
With related children under 18 years	38	162	275	—	219	163	64	95	35
With related children under 5 years	26	77	187	—	116	96	29	76	35
Female householder, no husband present	40	18	39	—	92	59	38	113	20
Householder worked in 1989	15	—	13	—	22	10	23	47	8
With related children under 18 years	40	18	32	—	86	59	23	100	15
With related children under 5 years	25	18	7	—	40	23	15	36	—
Unrelated individuals	82	141	170	—	177	128	16	140	47
Nonfamily householder	49	109	142	—	86	66	16	127	38
65 years and over	30	43	94	—	44	38	—	48	20
Persons	462	1 137	2 035	—	1 956	1 370	374	1 056	229
Percent below poverty level	9.2	29.9	25.3	—	40.1	32.8	20.0	29.6	13.8
Persons under 18 years	164	486	724	—	803	631	163	483	81
Related children under 18 years	164	486	724	—	803	631	163	483	81
Related children 5 to 17 years	94	353	518	—	590	454	109	317	52
Persons 65 years and over	39	69	245	—	118	83	—	80	25
Persons 75 years and over	30	34	143	—	41	36	—	25	19
Ratio of Income in 1989 to poverty level:									
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	236	424	873	—	847	597	124	418	70
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	805	1 337	2 733	—	2 391	1 898	473	1 236	364
Persons below 200 percent of poverty level	1 725	2 264	4 317	—	3 283	2 919	744	2 155	529

Table 20. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of White Persons: 1990

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on a sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Hauma-Thibodaux, LA MSA	Lafourche Parish		Terrebonne Parish			Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Lafourche Parish		
		Total	Thibodaux city	Total	Bayou Cane CDP	Houma city	Tract 204	Tract 205	Tract 207
PLACE OF BIRTH									
All persons									
Native	148 045	72 669	9 527	75 376	14 448	21 718	833	3 297	8 376
Foreign born	147 302	72 387	9 440	74 915	14 311	21 610	833	3 286	8 325
	743	282	87	461	137	108	-	11	51
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH									
Linguistically isolated households									
	2 745	1 763	184	982	162	291	14	40	176
Persons 5 years and over									
Speak a language other than English	136 568	67 131	8 997	69 437	13 336	20 150	787	3 005	7 731
Do not speak English "very well"	31 974	19 538	1 633	12 436	1 825	2 989	199	406	1 714
In linguistically isolated households	8 852	5 725	477	3 127	514	824	86	130	495
	4 392	2 913	251	1 479	248	367	25	69	296
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL									
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school									
Preprimary school	39 600	19 388	2 950	20 212	3 725	5 462	156	1 073	2 274
Public school	2 014	1 019	124	995	233	284	6	73	94
Elementary or high school	1 072	498	42	574	94	171	-	35	20
Public school	29 904	14 090	1 372	15 814	2 851	4 045	68	632	1 768
College	25 737	12 124	883	13 613	2 346	3 134	52	430	1 348
Public college	7 682	4 279	1 454	3 403	641	1 133	82	368	412
	6 856	3 830	1 383	3 026	537	1 046	82	348	390
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT									
Persons 25 years and over									
Less than 9th grade	88 893	43 621	5 836	45 272	8 764	13 958	614	1 856	5 070
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	20 036	11 212	1 283	8 824	1 109	2 274	222	220	1 099
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	13 691	6 520	709	7 171	1 442	2 077	60	247	694
Some college, no degree	32 346	15 391	1 541	16 955	3 400	4 890	177	624	1 606
Associate degree	10 887	4 533	797	6 354	1 469	2 277	67	333	565
Bachelor's degree	2 460	1 236	251	1 224	255	429	5	64	171
Graduate or professional degree	6 029	2 896	774	3 133	801	1 206	66	262	560
	3 444	1 833	481	1 611	288	805	17	106	375
Percent high school graduate or higher	62.1	59.3	65.9	64.7	70.9	68.8	54.1	74.8	64.6
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	10.7	10.8	21.5	10.5	12.4	14.4	13.5	19.8	18.4
FERTILITY									
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years	1 415	1 366	895	1 463	1 400	1 380	732	1 143	1 313
RESIDENCE IN 1985									
Persons 5 years and over									
Some house	136 568	67 131	8 997	69 437	13 336	20 150	787	3 005	7 731
Different house in United States	90 091	45 725	4 743	44 366	7 878	12 326	479	1 920	5 272
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	46 182	21 287	4 174	24 895	5 425	7 747	308	1 078	2 419
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	12 603	3 384	1 515	9 219	1 871	4 579	75	284	887
Different MSA/PMSA	24 701	13 254	1 127	11 447	2 348	1 978	74	495	904
Not in on MSA/PMSA	5 562	3 079	918	2 483	695	847	115	152	330
Abroad	3 316	1 570	614	1 746	511	343	44	147	298
	295	119	80	176	33	77	-	7	40
JOURNEY TO WORK									
Workers 16 years and over									
Car, truck, or van	57 380	28 151	4 009	29 229	6 223	8 538	298	1 545	3 513
Drive alone	52 514	25 803	3 729	26 711	5 809	8 027	273	1 466	3 270
Carpooled	42 682	20 027	3 140	22 655	5 133	7 081	232	1 233	2 547
Public transportation	9 832	5 776	589	4 056	676	946	41	233	723
Other means	401	298	44	103	8	7	-	42	47
Walked at home	3 365	1 530	179	1 835	312	358	11	5	159
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	1 100	520	57	580	94	146	14	32	37
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence	23.6	25.7	17.9	21.5	19.2	18.4	18.7	21.4	25.0
Central city	48 536	22 466	3 281	26 070	5 613	7 769	240	1 172	2 595
Outside central city	22 306	7 930	2 532	14 376	3 077	5 335	213	778	1 801
Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence	26 230	14 536	749	11 694	2 536	2 434	27	394	794
	8 844	5 685	728	3 159	610	769	58	373	918
LABOR FORCE STATUS									
Persons 16 years and over									
In labor force	109 462	54 494	7 824	54 968	10 785	16 439	744	2 445	6 250
Employed	62 348	30 613	4 311	31 735	6 774	9 148	334	1 617	3 776
Unemployed	58 405	28 655	4 067	29 750	6 325	8 664	298	1 556	3 597
Percent of civilian labor force	3 833	1 933	238	1 900	417	484	36	61	179
	6.2	6.3	5.5	6.0	6.2	5.3	10.8	3.8	4.7
Females 16 years and over									
Employed	56 443	28 112	4 201	28 331	5 601	8 717	430	1 236	3 153
Unemployed	22 005	10 533	1 812	11 472	2 541	3 569	118	648	1 358
With own children under 6 years	1 981	1 013	127	968	240	271	24	29	77
In labor force	10 218	5 070	521	5 148	895	1 204	24	243	618
With own children 6 to 17 years only	4 567	2 203	353	2 364	402	638	11	170	341
In labor force	12 265	5 874	564	6 391	1 284	1 711	30	298	726
Persons 16 to 19 years	6 703	3 126	386	3 577	840	1 028	16	234	361
Not enrolled in school	8 884	4 516	742	4 368	908	1 135	44	193	551
Unemployed or not in labor force	2 507	1 282	168	1 225	246	245	-	25	115
Not high school graduate	1 248	603	75	645	86	156	-	18	21
Employed	1 196	585	63	611	80	138	-	13	22
Unemployed	403	212	14	191	36	36	-	-	8
Not in labor force	138	77	5	61	9	19	-	-	-
	655	296	44	359	35	83	-	13	14
WORK STATUS IN 1989									
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989									
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	67 805	33 070	4 920	34 735	7 253	10 082	366	1 798	4 005
50 to 52 weeks	53 788	26 390	3 607	27 398	5 700	7 784	297	1 426	3 292
	32 849	15 602	2 313	17 247	3 713	5 291	170	986	2 206
DISABILITY									
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years									
With a mobility or self-care limitation	94 998	47 055	6 094	47 943	9 564	13 323	423	2 154	5 468
With a mobility limitation	4 968	2 248	276	2 720	287	840	13	70	227
In labor force	2 581	1 074	134	1 507	171	430	13	46	73
With a self-care limitation	417	189	15	228	10	64	-	17	6
Prevented from working	3 685	1 677	228	2 008	162	647	13	49	187
In labor force	11 309	5 034	544	6 275	1 108	1 727	36	94	440
Prevented from working	3 421	1 359	169	2 062	466	512	11	21	139
No work disability	6 770	3 226	332	3 544	568	1 005	19	61	283
In labor force	83 689	42 021	5 550	41 668	8 456	11 596	387	2 060	5 028
	57 648	28 645	3 948	29 003	6 182	8 314	295	1 582	3 528
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over									
With a mobility or self-care limitation	13 359	6 943	1 496	6 416	905	2 876	227	239	711
With a mobility limitation	3 077	1 577	259	1 500	185	658	34	65	131
With a self-care limitation	2 278	1 143	192	1 135	159	516	17	28	101
	1 975	1 006	169	969	147	372	20	46	95

Table 20. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of White Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on a sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Thibodaux city, Lafourche Parish			Remainder of Lafourche Parish					
	Tract 201	Tract 204 (pt.)	Tract 205 (pt.)	Tract 205 (pt.)	Tract 207 (pt.)	Tract 209	Tract 211	Tract 215	Tract 216
PLACE OF BIRTH									
All persons	2 850	833	1 589	1 708	6 437	1 260	6 319	4 459	8 552
Native	2 843	833	1 589	1 697	6 407	1 260	6 312	4 453	8 489
Foreign born	7	—	—	11	30	—	7	6	63
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH									
Linguistically isolated households	87	14	31	9	167	27	146	154	138
Persons 5 years and over	2 697	787	1 449	1 556	5 904	1 165	5 856	4 111	7 911
Speak a language other than English	565	199	227	179	1 402	265	2 841	1 656	1 951
Do not speak English "very well"	171	86	84	46	478	68	748	527	523
In linguistically isolated households	115	25	48	21	287	37	223	283	238
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL									
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	721	156	512	561	1 685	362	1 542	1 127	2 345
Preprimary school	23	6	33	40	51	4	78	39	129
Public school	10	—	19	16	14	4	30	20	74
Elementary or high school	397	68	259	373	1 346	263	1 303	937	1 784
Public school	318	52	173	257	1 123	207	1 269	880	1 583
College	301	82	220	148	288	95	161	151	432
Public college	276	82	213	135	266	82	136	140	367
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT									
Persons 25 years and over	1 827	614	894	962	3 847	754	3 830	2 656	5 076
Less than 9th grade	466	222	133	87	879	135	1 289	721	1 134
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	282	60	132	115	551	121	583	514	678
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	570	177	237	387	1 353	307	1 343	974	2 264
Some college, no degree	168	67	202	131	398	98	371	204	460
Associate degree	65	5	24	40	110	43	71	37	178
Bachelor's degree	184	66	137	125	345	38	90	141	220
Graduate or professional degree	92	17	29	77	211	12	83	65	142
Percent high school graduate or higher	59.1	54.1	70.4	79.0	62.8	66.0	51.1	53.5	64.3
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	15.1	13.5	18.6	21.0	14.5	6.6	4.5	7.8	7.1
FERTILITY									
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years	896	732	935	1 321	1 316	1 442	1 581	1 567	1 382
RESIDENCE IN 1985									
Persons 5 years and over	2 697	787	1 449	1 556	5 904	1 165	5 856	4 111	7 911
Same house	1 643	479	754	1 166	4 310	809	4 273	2 870	5 486
Different house in United States	1 054	308	688	390	1 594	356	1 583	1 241	2 425
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	555	75	174	110	506	6	—	5	117
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	334	74	300	195	789	330	1 272	1 084	1 868
Different MSA/PMSA	37	115	101	51	144	—	255	116	345
Not in an MSA/PMSA	128	44	113	34	155	20	56	36	95
Abroad	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	—
JOURNEY TO WORK									
Workers 16 years and over	1 197	298	736	809	2 650	506	2 272	1 577	3 311
Car, truck, or van	1 117	273	713	753	2 452	443	2 014	1 501	3 140
Drive alone	932	232	607	626	1 864	301	1 418	1 078	2 588
Carpooled	185	41	106	127	588	142	596	423	552
Public transportation	8	—	17	25	34	5	38	—	23
Other means	61	11	—	5	127	54	204	70	113
Walked at home	11	14	6	26	37	4	16	6	35
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	17.0	18.7	20.4	22.2	26.7	25.8	28.5	28.7	25.0
Walked in MSA/PMSA of residence	1 022	240	573	599	1 920	374	1 922	1 346	2 809
Central city	764	213	386	392	1 278	78	77	91	697
Outside central city	258	27	187	207	642	296	1 845	1 255	2 112
Walked outside MSA/PMSA of residence	175	58	163	210	730	132	350	231	502
LABOR FORCE STATUS									
Persons 16 years and over	2 345	744	1 238	1 207	4 776	925	4 725	3 294	6 278
In labor force	1 297	334	760	857	2 851	530	2 452	1 725	3 631
Employed	1 230	298	736	820	2 709	510	2 340	1 623	3 382
Unemployed	67	36	24	37	142	20	112	102	236
Percent of civilian labor force	5.2	10.8	3.2	4.3	5.0	3.8	4.6	5.9	6.5
Females 16 years and over	1 306	430	613	623	2 415	464	2 426	1 657	3 203
Employed	558	118	334	314	992	168	755	515	1 208
Unemployed	44	24	8	21	64	6	78	55	135
With own children under 6 years	124	24	134	109	470	67	400	337	621
In labor force	83	11	93	77	245	39	101	68	249
With own children 6 to 17 years only	185	30	99	199	566	117	570	364	764
In labor force	107	16	84	150	259	51	245	193	378
Persons 16 to 19 years	227	44	78	115	435	96	436	282	527
Not enrolled in school	107	—	20	5	88	33	181	110	122
Unemployed or not in labor force	48	—	13	5	7	19	87	61	55
Not high school graduate	36	—	13	—	8	15	124	66	40
Employed	14	—	—	—	8	—	78	21	6
Unemployed	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	15	—
Not in labor force	17	—	13	—	—	15	46	30	34
WORK STATUS IN 1989									
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	1 392	366	897	901	3 022	623	2 663	1 905	3 798
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	1 088	297	651	775	2 570	502	2 056	1 492	3 045
50 to 52 weeks	656	170	454	532	1 672	367	902	770	1 841
DISABILITY									
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	1 885	423	988	1 166	4 186	796	4 178	2 960	5 533
With a mobility or self-care limitation	93	13	52	18	172	35	254	142	272
With a mobility limitation	51	13	33	13	47	26	145	62	123
In labor force	—	—	9	—	—	6	58	20	21
With a self-care limitation	67	13	36	13	132	23	152	111	185
With a work disability	269	36	49	45	319	91	591	407	628
In labor force	89	11	6	15	95	6	188	130	204
Prevented from working	156	19	43	18	206	75	325	204	400
With a work disability	1 616	387	939	1 121	3 867	705	3 587	2 553	4 905
In labor force	1 159	295	740	842	2 684	495	2 255	1 581	3 400
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	460	227	198	41	519	129	443	334	732
With a mobility or self-care limitation	68	34	55	10	113	23	113	81	155
With a mobility limitation	68	17	18	10	83	23	36	62	107
With a self-care limitation	44	20	46	—	82	15	91	47	96

Table 20. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of White Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Lafourche Parish— Can.		Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Terrebonne Parish							
	Tract 218	Tract 219	Tract 2	Tract 3	Tract 4	Tract 5	Tract 6	Tract 7	Tract 8	
PLACE OF BIRTH										
All persons	4 112	6 516	7 375	3 344	7 007	4 712	4 799	2 995	5 801	
Native	4 098	6 501	7 274	3 332	6 947	4 702	4 782	2 968	5 784	
Foreign born	14	15	101	12	60	10	17	27	17	
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH										
Linguistically isolated households	81	76	57	48	70	74	100	56	84	
Persons 5 years and over	3 824	5 916	6 754	3 138	6 407	4 463	4 363	2 815	5 412	
Speak a language other than English	947	944	873	546	778	762	832	615	859	
Do not speak English "very well"	288	272	174	190	196	171	203	161	334	
In linguistically isolated households	125	113	96	63	101	82	131	83	102	
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL										
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	977	1 899	2 001	632	1 965	1 046	1 316	810	1 627	
Preprimary school	35	127	67	20	166	18	70	13	132	
Public school	6	99	28	6	72	10	50	—	104	
Elementary or high school	738	1 453	1 592	539	1 421	785	1 035	627	1 218	
Public school	615	1 323	1 464	489	1 092	623	935	576	980	
College	204	319	342	73	378	243	211	170	277	
Public college	159	245	268	58	336	234	173	170	269	
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT										
Persons 25 years and over	2 604	3 691	4 195	2 315	4 170	3 147	2 794	1 878	3 581	
Less than 9th grade	718	728	609	486	289	573	687	476	495	
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	399	600	836	386	454	674	437	398	599	
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	976	1 504	1 742	950	1 717	829	1 083	738	1 582	
Same college, no degree	219	475	564	216	919	570	290	173	511	
Associate degree	103	72	119	32	137	89	63	43	121	
Bachelor's degree	137	202	278	169	455	190	178	35	206	
Graduate or professional degree	52	110	47	76	199	222	56	15	67	
Percent high school graduate or higher	57.1	64.0	65.6	62.3	82.2	60.4	59.8	53.5	69.4	
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	7.3	8.5	7.7	10.6	15.7	13.1	8.4	2.7	7.6	
FERTILITY										
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years	1 408	1 571	1 325	1 430	1 446	1 262	1 517	1 517	1 262	
RESIDENCE IN 1985										
Persons 5 years and over	3 824	5 916	6 754	3 138	6 407	4 463	4 363	2 815	5 412	
Same house	2 685	3 980	3 570	2 208	3 708	2 743	2 882	1 762	3 187	
Different house in United States	1 139	1 936	3 151	930	2 699	1 720	1 481	1 053	2 185	
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	71	443	902	361	932	918	524	748	1 441	
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	810	1 167	1 624	396	1 126	566	632	258	529	
Different MSA/PMSA	209	281	350	102	361	142	182	47	173	
Not in on MSA/PMSA	49	45	275	71	280	94	143	—	42	
Abroad	—	—	33	—	—	—	—	—	40	
JOURNEY TO WORK										
Workers 16 years and over	1 665	2 550	3 186	1 362	3 123	1 695	1 787	1 060	2 309	
Car, truck, or van	1 519	2 366	2 923	1 213	2 964	1 621	1 679	950	2 192	
Drove alone	1 207	1 935	2 569	1 071	2 619	1 374	1 323	783	1 970	
Carpooled	312	431	354	142	345	247	356	167	222	
Public transportation	60	—	22	—	—	—	—	7	—	
Other means	35	102	188	139	110	55	68	93	100	
Worked at home	51	82	53	10	49	19	40	10	17	
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	25.7	27.4	21.5	19.7	18.2	17.4	20.6	18.9	18.7	
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence	1 293	2 052	2 754	1 224	2 902	1 598	1 620	950	2 071	
Central city	211	867	1 496	603	1 629	1 000	1 092	630	1 459	
Outside central city	1 082	1 185	1 258	621	1 273	598	528	320	612	
Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence	372	498	432	138	221	97	167	110	238	
LABOR FORCE STATUS										
Persons 16 years and over	3 177	4 511	5 344	2 660	5 130	3 714	3 393	2 246	4 401	
In labor force	1 825	2 745	3 506	1 526	3 335	1 825	1 920	1 192	2 466	
Employed	1 668	2 579	3 288	1 390	3 138	1 712	1 811	1 098	2 324	
Unemployed	157	166	211	130	171	113	101	94	142	
Percent of civilian labor force	8.6	6.0	6.0	8.6	5.2	6.2	5.3	7.9	5.8	
Females 16 years and over	1 644	2 320	2 731	1 303	2 761	2 010	1 766	1 201	2 254	
Employed	587	953	1 312	487	1 333	672	682	456	917	
Unemployed	95	83	87	71	113	65	64	54	60	
With own children under 6 years	252	579	439	175	533	225	363	106	296	
In labor force	112	243	193	81	259	71	209	45	129	
With own children 6 to 17 years only	334	527	659	250	626	343	434	261	552	
In labor force	190	268	387	162	432	186	184	148	326	
Persons 16 to 19 years	236	296	521	135	451	223	315	151	370	
Not enrolled in school	62	82	173	40	102	64	87	23	87	
Unemployed or not in labor force	37	32	69	12	40	26	62	23	59	
Not high school graduate	11	50	100	14	9	37	68	23	41	
Employed	—	18	38	14	—	11	12	—	18	
Unemployed	5	27	20	—	—	—	—	—	14	
Not in labor force	6	5	42	—	9	26	56	23	9	
WORK STATUS IN 1989										
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	1 880	2 892	3 712	1 641	3 632	1 899	2 038	1 303	2 830	
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	1 557	2 350	2 908	1 380	2 790	1 549	1 578	967	2 126	
50 to 52 weeks	1 032	1 470	1 944	883	1 752	1 055	914	592	1 370	
DISABILITY										
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	2 665	4 093	4 949	2 184	4 540	2 773	2 975	1 954	3 947	
With a mobility or self-care limitation	126	165	209	79	70	238	374	143	298	
With a mobility limitation	52	72	136	55	51	113	260	82	184	
In labor force	—	—	—	4	10	21	95	—	24	
With a self-care limitation	108	112	97	35	48	190	334	122	207	
With a work disability	200	402	599	234	421	460	426	414	528	
In labor force	16	73	238	76	193	137	149	101	116	
Prevented from working	181	293	291	132	213	313	234	247	333	
No work disability	2 465	3 691	4 350	1 950	4 119	2 313	2 549	1 540	3 419	
In labor force	1 766	2 621	3 221	1 423	3 063	1 583	1 735	1 076	2 277	
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	458	418	388	289	461	941	410	292	448	
With a mobility or self-care limitation	112	121	67	92	75	279	119	58	37	
With a mobility limitation	84	103	61	66	59	198	96	49	28	
With a self-care limitation	68	65	48	92	46	142	83	29	24	

Table 20. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of White Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on a sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Terrebonne Parish—Con.			Bayou Cane CDP, Terrebonne Parish	Houma city, Terrebonne Parish		
	Tract 9	Tract 12	Tract 13	Tract 4 (pt.)	Tract 3 (pt.)	Tract 5 (pt.)	Tract 7 (pt.)
PLACE OF BIRTH							
All persons	3 111	7 484	3 059	6 990	482	3 068	2 717
Native	3 068	7 479	3 050	6 930	482	3 058	2 698
Foreign born	43	5	9	60	—	10	19
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH							
Linguistically isolated households	10	218	81	70	5	67	56
Persons 5 years and over	2 961	6 868	2 779	6 390	410	2 875	2 548
Speak a language other than English	349	2 531	756	778	59	558	581
Do not speak English "very well"	60	588	221	196	18	120	144
In linguistically isolated households	10	326	131	101	5	67	83
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL							
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	663	1 970	803	1 965	87	592	716
Preprimary school	24	78	37	166	8	10	13
Public school	13	54	20	72	—	10	—
Elementary or high school	457	1 691	704	1 421	67	431	548
Public school	246	1 646	658	1 092	61	302	516
College	182	201	62	378	12	151	155
Public college	156	170	47	336	12	142	155
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT							
Persons 25 years and over	2 186	4 277	1 705	4 153	294	2 157	1 714
Less than 9th grade	384	1 378	633	289	38	365	452
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	303	800	281	444	38	478	358
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	664	1 618	582	1 710	129	523	681
Some college, no degree	376	314	117	919	45	409	148
Associate degree	76	16	30	137	—	64	43
Bachelor's degree	230	105	33	455	19	141	26
Graduate or professional degree	153	46	29	199	25	177	6
Percent high school graduate or higher	68.6	49.1	46.4	82.4	74.1	60.9	52.7
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	17.5	3.5	3.6	15.7	15.0	14.7	1.9
FERTILITY							
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years	1 348	1 707	1 750	1 446	1 585	1 305	1 548
RESIDENCE IN 1985							
Persons 5 years and over	2 961	6 868	2 779	6 390	410	2 875	2 548
Same house	1 968	4 974	1 868	3 701	278	1 581	1 559
Different house in United States	993	1 894	902	2 689	132	1 294	989
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	613	285	209	932	45	796	711
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	244	1 418	581	1 126	32	374	231
Different MSA/PMSA	82	136	59	361	10	124	47
Not in an MSA/PMSA	54	55	53	270	45	—	—
Abroad	—	—	9	—	—	—	—
JOURNEY TO WORK							
Workers 16 years and over	1 152	2 520	946	3 116	182	1 073	971
Car, truck, or van	1 094	2 131	763	2 957	161	1 020	869
Drove alone	964	1 650	578	2 612	136	870	709
Carpooled	130	481	185	345	25	150	160
Public transportation	—	8	21	—	—	—	7
Other means	51	313	115	110	21	42	85
Worked at home	7	68	47	49	—	11	10
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	17.2	27.9	24.4	18.2	14.8	16.7	19.3
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence	1 059	2 266	860	2 895	172	1 026	868
Central city	738	773	390	1 622	87	684	582
Outside central city	321	1 493	470	1 273	85	342	286
Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence	93	254	86	221	10	47	103
LABOR FORCE STATUS							
Persons 16 years and over	2 491	5 308	2 135	5 113	336	2 483	2 049
In labor force	1 227	2 769	1 078	3 328	196	1 124	1 103
Employed	1 173	2 522	977	3 131	186	1 080	1 009
Unemployed	54	230	91	171	10	44	94
Percent of civilian labor force	4.4	8.4	8.5	5.2	5.1	3.9	8.5
Females 16 years and over	1 331	2 639	1 060	2 751	188	1 378	1 090
Employed	546	850	311	1 333	88	428	416
Unemployed	32	130	41	113	10	32	54
With own children under 6 years	147	670	275	533	57	142	97
In labor force	110	232	102	259	25	45	45
With own children 6 to 17 years only	175	497	232	626	7	184	216
In labor force	127	245	91	432	7	94	130
Persons 16 to 19 years	103	451	177	451	15	143	127
Not enrolled in school	—	163	61	102	15	49	23
Unemployed or not in labor force	—	77	55	40	8	11	23
Not high school graduate	—	82	33	9	7	22	23
Employed	—	60	—	—	7	11	—
Unemployed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in labor force	—	22	33	9	—	11	23
WORK STATUS IN 1989							
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	1 432	3 076	1 228	3 625	242	1 166	1 197
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	1 074	2 497	953	2 783	184	938	885
50 to 52 weeks	803	1 265	561	1 752	98	700	537
DISABILITY							
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	1 626	4 730	1 871	4 540	278	1 643	1 776
With a mobility or self-care limitation	114	218	171	70	4	151	125
With a mobility limitation	52	117	86	51	4	78	64
In labor force	—	11	5	10	4	21	—
With a self-care limitation	83	140	137	48	—	110	114
With a work disability	234	774	345	421	21	252	375
In labor force	67	239	127	193	10	58	101
Prevented from working	144	415	206	213	11	184	217
No work disability	1 392	3 956	1 526	4 119	257	1 391	1 401
In labor force	1 097	2 443	917	3 063	183	961	987
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	778	561	227	444	58	840	273
With a mobility or self-care limitation	193	131	100	68	19	242	58
With a mobility limitation	158	97	67	59	10	179	49
With a self-care limitation	109	104	62	39	19	116	29

Table 20. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of White Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Houma city, Terrebonne Parish— Can.		Remainder of Terrebonne Parish						
	Tract 8 (pt.)	Tract 9 (pt.)	Tract 1	Tract 6 (pt.)	Tract 11	Tract 12 (pt.)	Tract 13 (pt.)	Tract 14	Tract 16
PLACE OF BIRTH									
All persons	5 801	3 111	5 413	2 902	3 126	7 484	2 698	2 764	2 069
Native	5 784	3 068	5 405	2 893	3 110	7 479	2 689	2 753	2 064
Foreign born	17	43	8	9	16	5	9	11	5
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH									
Linguistically isolated households	84	10	49	31	70	218	81	9	17
Persons 5 years and over	5 412	2 961	4 941	2 637	2 871	6 868	2 470	2 497	1 899
Speak a language other than English	859	349	724	416	893	2 531	730	321	267
Do not speak English "very well"	334	60	161	60	267	588	221	50	77
In linguistically isolated households	102	10	94	31	116	326	131	9	28
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL									
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	1 627	663	1 621	864	816	1 970	705	749	597
Preprimary school	132	24	107	51	35	78	24	20	17
Public school	104	13	84	38	35	54	13	10	4
Elementary or high school	1 218	457	1 117	686	705	1 691	627	646	493
Public school	980	246	1 006	618	681	1 646	581	620	429
College	277	182	397	127	76	201	54	83	87
Public college	269	156	369	96	68	170	39	64	87
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT									
Persons 25 years and over	3 581	2 186	3 077	1 622	1 867	4 277	1 529	1 494	1 209
Less than 9th grade	495	384	644	286	603	1 378	625	361	353
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	599	303	387	258	374	800	262	330	285
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	1 582	664	1 113	672	637	1 618	478	580	324
Some college, no degree	511	376	564	163	151	314	101	141	151
Associate degree	121	76	99	63	17	16	25	25	45
Bachelor's degree	206	230	186	140	41	105	24	57	38
Graduate or professional degree	67	153	84	40	44	46	14	—	13
Percent high school graduate or higher	69.4	68.6	66.5	66.5	47.7	49.1	42.0	53.7	47.2
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	7.6	17.5	8.8	11.1	4.6	3.5	2.5	3.8	4.2
FERTILITY									
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years	1 262	1 348	1 306	1 598	1 588	1 707	1 825	1 547	1 810
RESIDENCE IN 1985									
Persons 5 years and over	5 412	2 961	4 941	2 637	2 871	6 868	2 470	2 497	1 899
Same house	3 187	1 968	3 202	1 668	1 833	4 974	1 714	1 824	1 234
Different house in United States	2 185	993	1 699	969	1 038	1 894	747	673	665
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	1 441	613	480	238	140	285	151	179	94
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	529	244	893	490	821	1 418	525	466	363
Different MSA/PMSA	173	82	158	123	20	136	39	21	50
Not in an MSA/PMSA	42	54	168	118	57	55	32	7	158
Abroad	40	—	40	—	—	—	9	—	—
JOURNEY TO WORK									
Workers 16 years and over	2 309	1 152	2 213	1 091	1 016	2 520	810	931	698
Car, truck, or van	2 192	1 094	2 081	1 022	865	2 131	627	765	621
Drove alone	1 970	964	1 667	805	664	1 650	461	593	506
Carpooled	222	130	414	217	201	481	166	172	115
Public transportation	—	—	19	—	—	8	21	7	—
Other means	100	51	86	52	127	313	115	140	73
Worked at home	17	7	27	17	24	68	47	19	4
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	18.7	17.2	24.3	21.4	28.9	27.9	25.6	23.5	27.0
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence	2 071	1 059	1 800	969	927	2 266	729	875	503
Central city	1 459	738	991	659	329	773	284	414	187
Outside central city	612	321	809	310	598	1 493	445	461	316
Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence	238	93	413	122	89	254	81	56	195
LABOR FORCE STATUS									
Persons 16 years and over	4 401	2 491	3 901	1 983	2 260	5 308	1 902	1 881	1 462
In labor force	2 466	1 227	2 375	1 157	1 117	2 769	925	1 062	782
Employed	2 324	1 173	2 250	1 100	1 056	2 522	841	958	715
Unemployed	142	54	125	49	54	230	74	104	63
Percent of civilian labor force	5.8	4.4	5.3	4.3	4.9	8.4	8.1	9.8	8.1
Females 16 years and over	2 254	1 331	1 984	1 007	1 164	2 639	940	916	730
Employed	917	546	849	386	372	850	268	317	262
Unemployed	60	32	45	33	27	130	30	43	30
With own children under 6 years	296	147	411	260	217	670	236	206	165
In labor force	129	110	220	149	68	232	71	84	85
With own children 6 to 17 years only	552	175	460	306	281	497	217	236	183
In labor force	326	127	239	134	121	245	87	126	114
Persons 16 to 19 years	370	103	308	207	185	451	155	155	123
Not enrolled in school	87	—	110	60	77	163	51	61	27
Unemployed or not in labor force	59	—	33	35	53	77	45	46	24
Not high school graduate	41	—	26	41	47	82	33	47	10
Employed	18	—	7	12	—	60	—	8	—
Unemployed	14	—	—	—	—	—	—	22	—
Not in labor force	9	—	19	29	47	22	33	17	10
WORK STATUS IN 1989									
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	2 830	1 432	2 695	1 275	1 228	3 076	1 040	1 170	843
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	2 126	1 074	2 164	1 019	939	2 497	805	894	683
50 to 52 weeks	1 370	803	1 453	613	392	1 265	445	487	357
DISABILITY									
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	3 947	1 626	3 504	1 872	1 957	4 730	1 671	1 755	1 283
With a mobility or self-care limitation	298	114	123	301	235	218	171	42	90
With a mobility limitation	184	52	77	219	87	117	86	25	38
In labor force	24	—	16	80	21	11	5	6	—
With a self-care limitation	207	83	94	276	188	140	137	28	67
With a work disability	528	234	409	248	297	774	332	241	186
In labor force	116	67	145	73	71	239	127	90	28
Prevented from working	333	144	180	159	208	415	193	129	140
No work disability	3 419	1 392	3 095	1 624	1 660	3 956	1 339	1 514	1 097
In labor force	2 277	1 097	2 216	1 069	1 033	2 443	764	960	750
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	448	778	397	103	296	561	221	126	175
With a mobility or self-care limitation	37	193	106	34	82	131	94	28	37
With a mobility limitation	28	158	77	28	68	97	61	28	19
With a self-care limitation	24	109	78	26	50	104	56	9	18

Table 21. Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of White Persons: 1990

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Houma-Thibodaux, LA MSA	Lafourche Parish		Terrebonne Parish			Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Lafourche Parish		
		Total	Thibodaux city	Total	Bayou Cane CDP	Houma city	Tract 204	Tract 205	Tract 207
OCCUPATION									
Employed persons 16 years and over	58 405	28 655	4 067	29 750	6 325	8 664	298	1 556	3 597
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations	5 215	2 295	435	2 920	777	964	41	118	342
Professional specialty occupations	6 665	3 457	845	3 208	720	1 217	50	271	549
Technicians and related support occupations	1 785	827	148	958	171	373	13	75	129
Sales occupations	7 209	3 057	585	4 152	1 042	1 295	20	158	374
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	7 981	3 733	647	4 248	983	1 367	56	278	479
Private household occupations	176	72	6	104	17	18	-	-	6
Protective service occupations	730	308	66	422	128	103	6	17	56
Service occupations, except protective and household	4 758	2 348	373	2 410	546	801	36	106	314
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	1 636	886	77	750	42	79	-	34	109
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	10 681	5 562	449	5 119	962	1 183	33	267	700
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	3 388	1 951	155	1 437	268	362	24	105	220
Transportation and material moving occupations	5 389	2 892	145	2 497	406	621	13	60	186
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	2 792	1 267	136	1 525	263	281	6	67	133
INCOME IN 1989									
Households	51 253	25 329	3 667	25 924	5 041	8 160	334	1 193	2 885
Less than \$5,000	4 371	2 178	344	2 193	415	731	24	66	186
\$5,000 to \$9,999	5 740	3 187	586	2 553	544	875	62	152	270
\$10,000 to \$14,999	6 016	3 015	501	3 001	500	1 023	67	110	352
\$15,000 to \$24,999	10 786	5 215	740	5 571	972	1 721	64	272	631
\$25,000 to \$34,999	8 954	4 430	461	4 524	1 033	1 214	45	212	450
\$35,000 to \$49,999	8 074	3 970	528	4 104	885	1 189	23	210	515
\$50,000 to \$74,999	5 287	2 414	293	2 873	654	989	29	156	308
\$75,000 to \$99,999	1 108	545	127	563	156	180	20	-	105
\$100,000 or more	917	375	87	542	82	238	-	15	68
Median (dollars)	23 765	23 255	20 808	24 300	27 537	23 346	17 333	24 880	25 080
Mean (dollars)	30 078	28 861	31 421	31 267	31 270	31 282	23 860	28 506	32 818
Families	40 834	20 171	2 313	20 663	3 898	5 975	184	873	2 293
Median income (dollars)	26 835	26 120	25 861	27 698	30 935	29 183	25 549	28 808	29 671
Per capita income (dollars)	10 505	10 145	12 531	10 851	10 956	11 957	10 394	10 532	11 587
INCOME TYPE IN 1989									
Households	51 253	25 329	3 667	25 924	5 041	8 160	334	1 193	2 885
With earnings	40 767	19 922	2 728	20 845	4 258	6 041	221	1 015	2 389
Mean earnings (dollars)	31 382	30 266	31 729	32 449	31 287	33 291	22 648	29 548	32 382
With Social Security income	13 169	6 776	1 223	6 393	1 012	2 636	161	200	712
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	7 198	6 860	7 262	7 556	8 142	7 281	7 657	6 943	6 643
With public assistance income	3 334	1 623	262	1 711	201	625	9	80	135
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	3 591	3 762	4 759	3 429	4 019	3 634	6 107	5 882	3 780
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE									
Families (dollars)	33 248	32 001	39 186	34 465	34 020	35 660	29 069	32 177	36 952
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	32 604	31 910	37 642	33 258	33 168	37 348	24 337	34 163	38 531
Married-couple families (dollars)	35 646	34 248	44 946	37 012	36 812	39 126	29 949	35 410	38 323
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	35 464	34 725	45 022	36 165	37 582	42 099	25 982	39 019	40 981
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	16 624	15 793	17 554	17 401	18 649	18 809	19 460	16 219	20 773
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	12 754	11 571	11 909	13 772	15 701	13 504	12 000	13 344	19 937
POVERTY STATUS IN 1989									
All Income Levels in 1989									
Families	40 834	20 171	2 313	20 663	3 898	5 975	184	873	2 293
Householder worked in 1989	31 826	15 674	1 701	16 152	3 261	4 391	125	755	1 886
With related children under 18 years	23 319	11 367	1 040	11 952	2 281	3 140	55	520	1 371
With related children under 5 years	9 440	4 771	406	4 669	796	1 121	24	214	540
Married-couple families	35 015	17 300	1 768	17 715	3 250	4 843	134	718	2 023
Householder worked in 1989	28 280	13 965	1 356	14 315	2 749	3 727	96	630	1 698
With related children under 18 years	19 762	9 641	780	10 121	1 776	2 523	45	413	1 178
With related children under 5 years	8 304	4 169	340	4 135	691	926	20	187	494
Female householder, no husband present	4 267	2 062	446	2 205	501	881	42	142	180
Householder worked in 1989	2 494	1 119	273	1 375	393	531	25	112	113
With related children under 18 years	2 666	1 267	219	1 399	378	493	6	107	152
With related children under 5 years	774	379	39	395	71	168	-	27	31
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	13 438	6 715	1 703	6 723	1 476	2 770	187	420	727
Nonfamily householder	10 419	5 158	1 354	5 261	1 143	2 185	150	320	592
65 years and over	4 041	2 071	518	1 970	272	1 020	84	66	213
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	145 935	71 470	8 743	74 465	14 120	21 302	739	3 233	8 298
Persons under 18 years	42 396	20 061	1 820	22 335	4 130	5 736	105	897	2 449
Related children under 18 years	42 211	19 969	1 804	22 242	4 090	5 689	105	897	2 439
Related children 5 to 17 years	30 938	14 463	1 274	16 475	3 009	4 195	59	605	1 801
Persons 65 years and over	13 359	6 943	1 496	6 416	905	2 876	227	239	711
Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level									
Families	5 645	2 761	364	2 884	424	713	19	86	212
Percent below poverty level	13.8	13.7	15.7	14.0	10.9	11.9	10.3	9.9	9.2
Householder worked in 1989	3 008	1 417	193	1 591	267	323	19	54	125
With related children under 18 years	3 910	1 853	215	2 057	330	457	8	63	166
With related children under 5 years	1 772	817	70	955	98	187	8	18	47
Married-couple families	3 851	1 855	232	1 996	263	442	8	36	165
Householder worked in 1989	2 155	1 001	122	1 154	137	214	8	20	115
With related children under 18 years	2 495	1 103	130	1 392	175	257	8	20	119
With related children under 5 years	1 221	548	50	673	74	86	8	5	24
Female householder, no husband present	1 493	767	119	726	133	244	11	50	47
Householder worked in 1989	694	351	64	343	102	90	11	34	10
With related children under 18 years	1 213	647	78	566	127	181	-	43	47
With related children under 5 years	459	227	13	232	24	82	-	13	23
Unrelated individuals	5 095	2 740	663	2 355	492	918	54	162	243
Nonfamily householder	3 267	1 738	412	1 529	295	592	37	103	149
65 years and over	1 492	785	180	707	90	328	25	32	74
Persons	24 497	12 085	1 806	12 412	1 956	3 225	116	416	1 017
Percent below poverty level	16.8	16.9	20.7	16.7	13.9	15.1	15.7	12.9	12.3
Persons under 18 years	8 359	4 028	441	4 331	688	946	25	113	355
Related children under 18 years	8 192	3 942	425	4 250	648	905	25	113	345
Related children 5 to 17 years	5 850	2 844	324	3 006	501	616	7	87	259
Persons 65 years and over	2 613	1 345	302	1 268	164	522	25	32	121
Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:									
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	10 882	5 407	586	5 475	939	1 523	29	154	391
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	33 202	16 895	2 184	16 307	2 501	4 066	139	523	1 540

Table 21. Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of White Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Thibodaux city, Lafourche Parish			Remainder of Lafourche Parish					
	Tract 201	Tract 204 (pt.)	Tract 205 (pt.)	Tract 205 (pt.)	Tract 207 (pt.)	Tract 209	Tract 211	Tract 215	Tract 216
OCCUPATION									
Employed persons 16 years and over	1 230	298	736	820	2 709	510	2 340	1 623	3 382
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations	94	41	75	43	231	44	192	90	230
Professional specialty occupations	202	50	105	166	321	51	149	128	372
Technicians and related support occupations	51	13	39	36	101	7	43	36	116
Sales occupations	192	20	98	60	264	72	201	178	366
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	191	56	141	137	382	64	210	171	397
Private household occupations	6	—	—	—	6	—	15	—	23
Protective service occupations	24	6	12	5	37	—	25	11	39
Service occupations, except protective and household	129	36	40	66	227	53	245	103	258
Forming, forestry, and fishing occupations	19	—	15	19	84	21	171	60	69
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	162	33	110	157	599	107	413	351	774
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	54	24	36	69	185	33	72	67	276
Transportation and material moving occupations	72	13	19	41	161	41	528	308	317
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	34	6	46	21	111	17	76	120	145
INCOME IN 1989									
Households	1 204	334	660	533	2 233	398	2 122	1 565	2 847
Less than \$5,000	110	24	60	6	144	8	247	177	174
\$5,000 to \$9,999	234	62	115	37	217	27	274	187	274
\$10,000 to \$14,999	166	67	87	23	259	60	264	177	360
\$15,000 to \$24,999	250	64	162	110	492	79	472	306	593
\$25,000 to \$34,999	224	45	83	129	416	64	399	337	536
\$35,000 to \$49,999	139	23	126	84	412	52	278	247	501
\$50,000 to \$74,999	47	29	21	135	188	63	136	97	323
\$75,000 to \$99,999	16	20	—	—	62	25	43	18	61
\$100,000 or more	18	—	6	9	43	20	9	19	25
Median (dollars)	18 607	17 333	20 341	33 036	25 110	28 676	20 717	22 519	25 347
Mean (dollars)	31 006	23 860	22 629	35 784	29 875	37 763	24 092	25 323	29 911
Families	789	184	410	463	1 826	346	1 765	1 304	2 360
Median income (dollars)	22 894	25 549	23 068	33 942	27 328	31 528	22 141	25 756	27 672
Per capita income (dollars)	13 031	10 394	9 751	11 257	10 487	11 909	8 081	8 897	9 878
INCOME TYPE IN 1989									
Households	1 204	334	660	533	2 233	398	2 122	1 565	2 847
With earnings	888	221	519	496	1 845	352	1 708	1 264	2 252
Mean earnings (dollars)	34 700	22 648	24 040	35 312	30 929	37 764	25 166	26 013	32 152
With Social Security income	413	161	146	54	528	89	582	366	669
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	6 562	7 657	7 116	6 474	6 324	8 141	6 532	6 198	7 955
With public assistance income	115	9	66	14	110	30	170	92	144
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	4 908	6 107	6 267	4 066	4 149	3 875	4 881	2 627	1 836
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE									
Families (dollars)	38 127	29 069	26 629	37 091	32 827	40 108	25 672	28 137	32 196
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	25 961	24 337	26 776	39 795	32 478	47 002	24 269	26 936	32 773
Married-couple families (dollars)	44 107	29 949	30 325	39 144	33 650	39 776	27 789	30 350	33 638
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	29 487	25 982	33 717	42 000	33 809	46 287	26 716	30 402	34 570
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	17 924	19 460	14 363	19 741	20 772	39 543	14 442	12 158	12 712
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	8 983	12 000	12 400	16 096	22 257	—	9 266	9 197	10 848
POVERTY STATUS IN 1989									
All Income Levels In 1989									
Families	789	184	410	463	1 826	346	1 765	1 304	2 360
Householder worked in 1989	536	125	331	424	1 523	296	1 325	1 062	1 819
With related children under 18 years	320	55	222	298	1 117	189	1 028	763	1 394
With related children under 5 years	116	24	113	101	456	73	398	349	549
Married-couple families	598	134	304	414	1 628	326	1 454	1 098	2 142
Householder worked in 1989	426	96	235	395	1 368	276	1 171	923	1 678
With related children under 18 years	260	45	145	268	960	181	827	627	1 247
With related children under 5 years	96	20	92	95	410	71	336	281	511
Female householder, no husband present	147	42	93	49	133	9	234	127	179
Householder worked in 1989	83	25	83	29	99	9	105	82	110
With related children under 18 years	40	6	77	30	124	2	142	96	123
With related children under 5 years	6	—	21	6	31	2	54	44	22
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	515	187	329	91	477	62	476	335	677
Nonfamily householder	415	150	250	70	407	52	357	261	487
65 years and over	162	84	56	10	144	25	138	107	161
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	2 850	739	1 525	1 708	6 359	1 253	6 196	4 443	8 506
Persons under 18 years	544	105	347	550	1 925	363	1 839	1 315	2 499
Related children under 18 years	528	105	347	550	1 915	363	1 831	1 296	2 478
Related children 5 to 17 years	375	59	207	398	1 389	268	1 368	948	1 843
Persons 65 years and over	460	227	198	41	519	129	443	334	732
Income In 1989 Below Poverty Level									
Families	178	19	62	24	160	24	324	195	286
Percent below poverty level	22.6	10.3	15.1	5.2	8.8	6.9	18.4	15.0	12.1
Householder worked in 1989	97	19	36	18	97	24	175	119	132
With related children under 18 years	104	8	39	24	125	17	251	153	177
With related children under 5 years	38	8	12	6	42	2	120	93	67
Married-couple families	131	8	29	7	126	22	223	130	202
Householder worked in 1989	66	8	13	7	87	22	141	81	83
With related children under 18 years	74	8	13	7	91	15	157	88	101
With related children under 5 years	25	8	5	—	19	—	89	60	45
Female householder, no husband present	34	11	33	17	34	2	77	59	84
Householder worked in 1989	24	11	23	11	10	2	27	32	49
With related children under 18 years	23	—	26	17	34	2	77	59	76
With related children under 5 years	6	—	7	6	23	2	31	33	22
Unrelated individuals	181	54	162	—	152	18	163	164	287
Nonfamily householder	103	37	103	—	105	8	126	129	153
65 years and over	55	25	32	—	58	8	42	34	68
Persons	773	116	326	90	746	148	1 340	801	1 322
Percent below poverty level	27.1	15.7	21.4	5.3	11.7	11.8	21.6	18.0	15.5
Persons under 18 years	221	25	64	49	277	71	580	322	450
Related children under 18 years	205	25	64	49	267	71	572	303	429
Related children 5 to 17 years	149	7	49	38	186	68	395	199	333
Persons 65 years and over	111	25	32	—	80	8	52	44	181
Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:									
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	223	29	85	69	287	44	801	345	438
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	903	139	376	147	1 187	235	1 845	1 140	1 700

Table 21. Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of White Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on a sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Lafourche Parish—Can.		Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Terrebonne Parish							
	Tract 218	Tract 219	Tract 2	Tract 3	Tract 4	Tract 5	Tract 6	Tract 7	Tract 8	
OCCUPATION										
Employed persons 16 years and over	1 668	2 579	3 288	1 390	3 138	1 712	1 811	1 098	2 324	
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations	113	304	264	166	445	169	117	91	243	
Professional specialty occupations	171	206	270	107	449	263	142	63	192	
Technicians and related support occupations	74	59	117	58	76	52	62	32	80	
Sales occupations	173	218	497	199	541	274	302	140	317	
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	164	449	457	207	521	204	222	191	383	
Private household occupations	—	—	22	5	—	8	18	—	9	
Protective service occupations	25	29	31	41	68	13	15	10	52	
Service occupations, except protective and household	170	201	277	134	260	89	217	122	294	
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	63	68	26	7	19	10	21	17	16	
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	368	518	624	211	421	260	347	136	395	
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	149	203	154	81	114	78	89	77	113	
Transportation and material moving occupations	131	225	395	100	120	141	158	170	190	
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	67	99	154	74	104	151	101	49	40	
INCOME IN 1989										
Households	1 515	2 175	2 595	1 192	2 412	2 045	1 706	1 086	2 036	
Less than \$5,000	134	174	191	67	223	234	185	127	179	
\$5,000 to \$9,999	221	236	184	100	114	324	253	120	137	
\$10,000 to \$14,999	195	289	293	118	218	274	242	161	287	
\$15,000 to \$24,999	275	412	535	259	470	556	382	263	500	
\$25,000 to \$34,999	224	380	589	270	456	161	278	167	390	
\$35,000 to \$49,999	266	381	444	205	432	278	212	146	314	
\$50,000 to \$74,999	151	234	248	131	379	152	120	86	195	
\$75,000 to \$99,999	23	44	66	34	70	45	26	—	15	
\$100,000 or more	26	25	45	8	50	21	8	16	19	
Median (dollars)	21 839	24 489	26 130	26 548	29 069	17 979	20 492	20 773	22 763	
Mean (dollars)	27 191	30 151	29 827	29 614	32 685	24 266	23 535	24 537	26 786	
Families	1 206	1 844	2 032	926	1 881	1 344	1 334	825	1 615	
Median income (dollars)	26 714	27 808	28 146	29 891	32 608	22 095	22 456	21 932	26 098	
Per capita income (dollars)	10 126	10 014	10 504	10 666	11 289	10 512	8 364	8 925	9 578	
INCOME TYPE IN 1989										
Households	1 515	2 175	2 595	1 192	2 412	2 045	1 706	1 086	2 036	
With earnings	1 125	1 794	2 266	980	2 034	1 268	1 324	813	1 741	
Mean earnings (dollars)	30 901	30 899	29 770	29 674	32 428	27 594	25 698	23 202	25 464	
With Social Security income	442	457	439	284	510	870	356	374	492	
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	7 220	6 264	8 240	7 365	8 792	7 412	6 875	6 898	6 525	
With public assistance income	78	115	100	47	84	140	160	122	142	
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	5 549	3 095	3 311	4 011	3 790	2 511	2 497	5 438	4 349	
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE										
Families (dollars)	29 977	32 817	32 398	31 911	35 560	28 094	25 815	26 525	29 143	
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	30 284	32 309	32 253	27 917	33 712	27 136	27 820	24 146	29 165	
Married-couple families (dollars)	32 099	34 855	34 147	34 288	39 199	30 210	28 709	29 597	31 778	
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	33 351	34 961	35 497	31 191	38 520	30 292	32 658	29 443	32 819	
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	14 949	13 251	19 417	19 848	15 310	18 092	14 110	14 647	16 385	
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	9 799	6 292	17 874	11 513	14 228	10 251	11 858	11 421	13 105	
POVERTY STATUS IN 1989										
All Income Levels in 1989										
Families	1 206	1 844	2 032	926	1 881	1 344	1 334	825	1 615	
Householder worked in 1989	934	1 468	1 754	696	1 621	830	987	577	1 267	
With related children under 18 years	611	1 184	1 191	457	1 160	643	845	422	896	
With related children under 5 years	265	560	401	171	468	197	382	136	256	
Married-couple families	1 018	1 657	1 715	762	1 555	1 071	1 059	619	1 314	
Householder worked in 1989	837	1 382	1 482	591	1 369	720	836	463	1 042	
With related children under 18 years	507	1 058	964	337	922	480	631	293	736	
With related children under 5 years	234	507	347	142	425	133	296	97	224	
Female householder, no husband present	128	126	233	125	281	188	227	165	250	
Householder worked in 1989	51	53	198	75	221	57	111	101	208	
With related children under 18 years	71	81	160	86	207	117	180	108	143	
With related children under 5 years	16	8	38	19	35	59	65	31	32	
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	378	438	761	367	626	792	461	441	566	
Nonfamily householder	309	331	563	266	531	701	372	261	421	
65 years and over	154	122	67	55	173	380	187	91	128	
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	4 058	6 489	7 312	3 157	6 892	4 687	4 799	2 950	5 741	
Persons under 18 years	1 048	2 131	2 243	765	2 092	1 087	1 569	778	1 603	
Related children under 18 years	1 048	2 126	2 228	758	2 083	1 067	1 569	757	1 594	
Related children 5 to 17 years	760	1 533	1 639	552	1 488	825	1 133	577	1 234	
Persons 65 years and over	458	418	388	289	461	941	410	292	448	
Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level										
Families	186	256	254	100	177	221	253	138	226	
Percent below poverty level	15.4	13.9	12.5	10.8	9.4	16.4	19.0	16.7	14.0	
Householder worked in 1989	90	105	178	62	119	88	90	98	123	
With related children under 18 years	108	183	212	75	140	156	191	90	146	
With related children under 5 years	55	75	94	21	47	68	101	21	48	
Married-couple families	111	177	178	46	98	143	120	84	161	
Householder worked in 1989	77	79	127	15	59	65	39	65	83	
With related children under 18 years	53	114	161	27	61	78	79	45	106	
With related children under 5 years	47	55	81	8	34	28	44	—	31	
Female householder, no husband present	68	59	54	43	79	78	111	54	65	
Householder worked in 1989	13	18	29	36	60	23	37	33	40	
With related children under 18 years	48	49	29	37	79	78	98	45	40	
With related children under 5 years	8	—	13	8	13	40	43	21	17	
Unrelated individuals	153	155	260	105	215	252	190	177	216	
Nonfamily householder	114	86	123	53	154	198	147	73	114	
65 years and over	77	35	19	8	73	120	68	28	71	
Persons	687	1 119	1 220	406	783	1 011	1 038	659	1 013	
Percent below poverty level	16.9	17.2	16.7	12.9	11.4	21.6	21.6	22.3	17.6	
Persons under 18 years	180	444	493	126	262	320	375	237	292	
Related children under 18 years	180	444	478	119	253	300	375	216	283	
Related children 5 to 17 years	117	325	317	96	183	218	258	155	208	
Persons 65 years and over	124	76	44	40	92	189	155	59	87	
Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:										
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	186	629	597	193	397	396	513	378	478	
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	1 071	1 770	1 414	595	1 014	1 208	1 385	765	1 176	

Table 21. Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of White Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/8NA's in Terrebonne Parish—Con.			Bayou Cane CDP, Terrebonne Parish	Hauma city, Terrebonne Parish		
	Tract 9	Tract 12	Tract 13	Tract 4 (pt.)	Tract 3 (pt.)	Tract 5 (pt.)	Tract 7 (pt.)
OCCUPATION							
Employed persons 16 years and over	1 173	2 522	977	3 131	186	1 080	1 009
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations.....	88	167	53	445	42	97	84
Professional specialty occupations.....	211	119	28	449	15	191	54
Technicians and related support occupations.....	93	42	27	76	6	36	32
Sales occupations.....	176	227	78	541	31	207	116
Administrative support occupations, including clerical.....	168	296	114	514	36	145	165
Private household occupations.....	—	6	—	—	—	—	—
Protective service occupations.....	—	30	—	68	10	7	10
Service occupations, except protective and household.....	114	226	102	260	24	32	122
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations.....	21	176	100	19	—	10	17
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations.....	187	541	182	421	7	155	121
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors.....	45	140	67	114	—	50	77
Transportation and material moving occupations.....	49	330	76	120	9	82	170
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers.....	21	222	110	104	6	68	41
INCOME IN 1989							
Households	1 272	2 357	984	2 405	177	1 454	993
Less than \$5,000.....	95	213	130	223	13	191	127
\$5,000 to \$9,999.....	170	347	100	114	14	254	111
\$10,000 to \$14,999.....	178	322	163	218	23	216	161
\$15,000 to \$24,999.....	283	488	194	470	34	348	238
\$25,000 to \$34,999.....	198	382	237	456	50	119	158
\$35,000 to \$49,999.....	124	387	72	432	33	162	137
\$50,000 to \$74,999.....	144	169	58	379	10	123	54
\$75,000 to \$99,999.....	43	29	14	63	—	20	—
\$100,000 or more.....	37	20	16	50	—	21	7
Median (dollars).....	22 128	19 535	19 611	29 005	25 417	16 793	18 170
Mean (dollars).....	31 755	27 261	23 757	32 553	24 381	23 621	22 523
Families	795	2 019	861	1 874	142	842	747
Median income (dollars).....	27 702	22 116	20 996	32 500	26 071	22 123	20 694
Per capita income (dollars).....	14 099	8 650	7 534	11 239	8 671	11 122	8 285
INCOME TYPE IN 1989							
Households	1 272	2 357	984	2 405	177	1 454	993
With earnings.....	788	1 838	779	2 027	138	765	739
Mean earnings (dollars).....	35 789	29 747	24 181	32 340	22 906	29 621	21 833
With Social Security income.....	576	579	265	503	59	733	346
Mean Social Security income (dollars).....	7 867	7 315	7 149	8 800	8 760	7 139	6 797
With public assistance income.....	140	187	141	84	—	106	112
Mean public assistance income (dollars).....	3 230	4 392	2 841	3 790	—	2 948	5 286
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE							
Families (dollars)	41 026	29 877	24 495	35 401	26 426	28 185	24 082
With own children under 18 years (dollars).....	55 190	25 982	26 231	33 712	23 895	27 309	21 484
Married-couple families (dollars)	42 855	31 104	25 950	39 023	31 346	30 442	26 249
With own children under 18 years (dollars).....	56 890	26 612	27 293	38 520	27 724	29 911	25 620
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	28 838	19 514	13 188	15 310	12 721	18 194	15 426
With own children under 18 years (dollars).....	12 030	19 992	12 123	14 228	1 875	13 074	12 472
POVERTY STATUS IN 1989							
All Income Levels in 1989							
Families	795	2 019	861	1 874	142	842	747
Householder worked in 1989.....	507	1 509	640	1 614	110	443	527
With related children under 18 years.....	327	1 197	552	1 160	70	381	369
With related children under 5 years.....	95	632	236	468	56	145	127
Married-couple families	628	1 832	762	1 548	106	651	550
Householder worked in 1989.....	422	1 389	613	1 362	86	380	422
With related children under 18 years.....	289	1 085	503	922	46	289	249
With related children under 5 years.....	90	602	214	425	32	97	97
Female householder, no husband present	131	103	44	281	26	130	156
Householder worked in 1989.....	60	57	11	221	19	34	92
With related children under 18 years.....	23	66	19	207	19	70	99
With related children under 5 years.....	5	10	8	35	19	48	22
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	569	417	155	626	52	666	426
Nonfamily householder.....	477	338	123	531	35	612	246
65 years and over.....	261	170	72	173	7	359	91
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	2 978	7 441	3 021	6 875	482	3 056	2 672
Persons under 18 years.....	621	2 353	1 009	2 092	146	644	681
Related children under 18 years.....	621	2 353	1 003	2 083	146	633	660
Related children 5 to 17 years.....	497	1 762	723	1 488	74	440	491
Persons 65 years and over.....	778	561	227	444	58	840	273
Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level							
Families	36	402	207	177	13	126	129
Percent below poverty level.....	4.5	19.9	24.0	9.4	9.2	15.0	17.3
Householder worked in 1989.....	—	207	100	119	13	21	89
With related children under 18 years.....	12	261	147	140	13	83	81
With related children under 5 years.....	—	183	86	47	13	50	12
Married-couple families	15	367	165	98	—	85	84
Householder worked in 1989.....	—	200	92	59	—	21	65
With related children under 18 years.....	5	244	111	61	—	42	45
With related children under 5 years.....	—	173	64	34	—	21	—
Female householder, no husband present	21	14	20	79	8	41	45
Householder worked in 1989.....	—	—	—	60	8	—	24
With related children under 18 years.....	7	7	14	79	8	41	36
With related children under 5 years.....	—	7	8	13	8	29	12
Unrelated individuals	149	170	91	215	20	205	177
Nonfamily householder.....	123	142	59	154	13	170	73
65 years and over.....	60	94	36	73	—	109	28
Persons	262	1 721	713	783	48	611	629
Percent below poverty level.....	8.8	23.6	23.6	11.4	10.0	20.0	23.5
Persons under 18 years.....	26	652	224	262	15	179	216
Related children under 18 years.....	26	652	224	253	15	168	195
Related children 5 to 17 years.....	26	465	146	183	—	100	145
Persons 65 years and over.....	92	197	81	92	5	160	59
Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:							
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level.....	72	784	310	397	36	283	348
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level.....	409	2 419	978	1 014	139	764	735

Table 21. Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of White Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Houma city, Terrebonne Parish— Can.		Remainder of Terrebonne Parish						
	Tract 8 (pt.)	Tract 9 (pt.)	Tract 1	Tract 6 (pt.)	Tract 11	Tract 12 (pt.)	Tract 13 (pt.)	Tract 14	Tract 16
OCCUPATION									
Employed persons 16 years and over	2 324	1 173	2 250	1 100	1 056	2 522	841	958	715
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations	243	88	204	78	76	167	53	67	53
Professional specialty occupations	192	211	263	108	99	119	24	54	36
Technicians and related support occupations	80	93	83	48	11	42	—	7	39
Sales occupations	317	176	324	212	142	227	66	101	108
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	383	168	377	133	75	296	90	107	88
Private household occupations	9	—	—	9	9	6	—	8	7
Protective service occupations	52	—	54	15	—	30	16	27	4
Service occupations, except protective and household	294	114	108	79	32	226	94	51	44
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	16	21	51	21	69	176	100	133	34
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	395	187	414	241	215	541	169	200	126
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	113	45	141	42	49	140	62	63	74
Transportation and material moving occupations	190	49	115	65	199	330	76	77	68
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	40	21	116	49	80	222	91	63	34
INCOME IN 1989									
Households	2 036	1 272	1 846	935	1 018	2 357	897	809	658
Less than \$5,000	179	95	158	64	121	213	130	61	60
\$5,000 to \$9,999	137	170	161	99	181	347	100	85	78
\$10,000 to \$14,999	287	178	153	120	92	322	155	135	109
\$15,000 to \$24,999	500	283	454	197	204	488	189	231	109
\$25,000 to \$34,999	390	198	359	160	180	382	195	118	155
\$35,000 to \$49,999	314	124	333	163	161	387	66	131	79
\$50,000 to \$74,999	195	144	182	98	70	169	38	25	50
\$75,000 to \$99,999	15	43	27	26	9	29	8	12	14
\$100,000 or more	19	37	19	8	—	20	16	11	4
Median (dollars)	22 763	22 128	24 916	24 554	19 259	19 535	17 917	20 217	22 454
Mean (dollars)	26 786	31 755	28 331	28 602	23 586	27 261	22 408	24 590	25 841
Families	1 615	795	1 513	800	786	2 019	780	707	579
Median income (dollars)	26 098	27 702	27 123	27 143	23 152	22 116	20 000	20 811	24 375
Per capita income (dollars)	9 578	14 099	9 695	9 258	7 750	8 650	7 254	7 225	8 278
INCOME TYPE IN 1989									
Households	2 036	1 272	1 846	935	1 018	2 357	897	809	658
With earnings	1 741	788	1 565	811	736	1 838	700	717	505
Mean earnings (dollars)	25 464	35 789	28 086	29 411	26 765	29 747	22 673	23 776	27 263
With Social Security income	492	576	426	130	322	579	251	108	196
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	6 525	7 867	8 976	7 415	6 630	7 315	7 024	6 559	6 594
With public assistance income	142	140	78	50	62	187	141	102	67
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	4 349	3 230	2 360	2 473	3 939	4 392	2 841	2 609	2 393
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE									
Families (dollars)	29 143	41 026	31 275	29 754	26 259	29 877	23 498	25 734	27 197
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	29 165	55 190	29 911	31 506	23 477	25 982	25 484	23 645	29 123
Married-couple families (dollars)	31 778	42 855	32 778	32 598	26 740	31 104	24 982	27 106	30 117
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	32 819	56 890	29 775	35 705	23 523	26 612	26 663	25 324	32 740
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	16 385	28 838	13 792	14 347	21 742	19 514	13 188	7 204	6 301
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	13 105	12 030	26 407	12 097	21 774	19 992	12 123	7 204	2 430
POVERTY STATUS IN 1989									
All Income Levels in 1989									
Families	1 615	795	1 513	800	786	2 019	780	707	579
Householder worked in 1989	1 267	507	1 225	655	579	1 509	567	574	439
With related children under 18 years	896	327	881	556	453	1 197	484	464	338
With related children under 5 years	256	95	411	245	149	632	199	170	152
Married-couple families	1 314	628	1 362	671	714	1 832	681	654	505
Householder worked in 1989	1 042	422	1 149	587	554	1 389	540	541	405
With related children under 18 years	736	289	826	454	428	1 085	435	417	288
With related children under 5 years	224	90	392	196	138	602	177	153	132
Female householder, no husband present	250	131	85	116	39	103	44	35	54
Householder worked in 1989	208	60	47	55	12	57	11	21	20
With related children under 18 years	143	23	31	95	12	66	19	35	36
With related children under 5 years	32	5	8	42	6	10	8	10	6
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	566	569	413	172	279	417	149	172	121
Nonfamily householder	421	477	333	135	232	338	117	102	79
55 years and over	128	261	112	50	97	170	66	48	27
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	5 741	2 978	5 407	2 902	3 103	7 441	2 687	2 745	2 069
Persons under 18 years	1 603	621	1 628	1 019	959	2 353	869	928	673
Related children under 18 years	1 594	621	1 628	1 019	959	2 353	863	928	673
Related children 5 to 17 years	1 234	497	1 156	754	720	1 762	635	674	503
Persons 65 years and over	448	778	397	103	296	561	221	126	175
Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level									
Families	226	36	189	110	145	402	199	145	123
Percent below poverty level	14.0	4.5	12.5	13.8	18.4	19.9	25.5	20.5	21.2
Householder worked in 1989	123	—	110	38	87	207	100	98	79
With related children under 18 years	146	12	99	95	116	261	139	105	98
With related children under 5 years	48	—	29	52	44	183	78	40	52
Married-couple families	161	15	116	44	139	367	157	115	69
Householder worked in 1989	83	—	84	7	87	200	92	88	45
With related children under 18 years	106	5	99	34	110	244	103	81	51
With related children under 5 years	31	—	29	18	38	173	56	30	32
Female householder, no husband present	65	21	35	66	6	14	20	24	40
Householder worked in 1989	40	—	14	31	—	—	—	10	20
With related children under 18 years	40	7	—	61	6	7	14	24	33
With related children under 5 years	17	—	—	34	6	7	8	10	6
Unrelated individuals	216	149	137	64	101	170	91	90	52
Nonfamily householder	114	123	96	48	79	142	59	42	43
55 years and over	71	60	24	8	34	94	36	26	16
Persons	1 013	262	703	506	772	1 721	695	605	461
Percent below poverty level	17.6	8.8	13.0	17.4	24.9	23.1	25.9	22.0	22.3
Persons under 18 years	292	26	195	194	339	652	214	226	185
Related children under 18 years	283	26	195	194	339	652	214	226	185
Related children 5 to 17 years	208	26	153	141	255	465	146	157	126
Persons 65 years and over	87	92	85	36	41	197	81	44	23
Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:									
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	478	72	320	254	286	784	310	224	119
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	1 176	409	911	701	972	2 419	960	957	502

Table 22. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of Black Persons: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on a sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Lafourche Parish			Terrebonne Parish			Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Lafourche Parish		
	Houma-Thibodaux, LA MSA	Total	Thibodaux city	Total	Bayou Cone CDP	Houma city	Tract 204	Tract 205	Tract 207
PLACE OF BIRTH									
All persons	26 480	10 602	4 442	15 878	1 122	7 446	1 657	2 446	1 311
Native	26 460	10 592	4 432	15 868	1 122	7 436	1 657	2 446	1 311
Foreign born	20	10	10	10	-	10	-	-	-
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH									
Linguistically isolated households	22	9	-	13	-	-	-	-	-
Persons 5 years and over	23 517	9 419	3 947	14 098	958	6 582	1 469	2 128	1 155
Speak a language other than English	855	251	95	604	90	323	57	27	7
Do not speak English "very well"	263	76	33	187	-	141	28	-	-
In linguistically isolated households	22	9	-	13	-	-	-	-	-
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL									
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	9 003	3 742	1 621	5 261	363	2 437	500	945	459
Preprimary school	362	155	86	207	36	73	26	69	13
Public school	305	143	80	162	23	63	26	63	13
Elementary or high school	7 463	2 979	1 152	4 484	262	2 112	422	795	370
Public school	7 355	2 955	1 141	4 400	244	2 072	422	784	363
College	1 178	608	383	570	65	252	52	81	76
Public college	1 064	543	367	521	55	239	52	73	48
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT									
Persons 25 years and over	12 865	5 029	2 107	7 836	565	3 685	924	1 020	628
Less than 9th grade	3 603	1 615	655	1 988	57	913	306	318	197
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	4 146	1 668	657	2 478	181	1 137	264	354	178
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	3 062	987	440	2 075	171	957	216	219	104
Some college, no degree	1 136	439	203	697	59	332	52	96	104
Associate degree	258	115	46	143	13	90	32	-	-
Bachelor's degree	395	142	81	253	41	181	54	16	20
Graduate or professional degree	265	63	25	202	43	75	-	17	25
Percent high school graduate or higher	39.8	34.7	37.7	43.0	57.9	44.4	38.3	34.1	40.3
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	5.1	4.1	5.0	5.8	14.9	6.9	5.8	3.2	7.2
FERTILITY									
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years	1 856	1 933	1 831	1 805	1 494	1 983	1 783	2 139	2 038
RESIDENCE IN 1985									
Persons 5 years and over	23 517	9 419	3 947	14 098	958	6 582	1 469	2 128	1 155
Same house	13 680	5 153	2 080	8 527	389	3 623	1 058	817	580
Different house in United States	9 820	4 249	1 861	5 571	569	2 959	411	1 311	564
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	5 215	1 913	1 235	3 302	273	2 316	266	973	280
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	3 018	1 468	175	1 550	168	362	9	229	144
Different MSA/PMSA	1 161	528	279	633	121	251	92	50	83
Not in MSA/PMSA	426	340	172	86	7	30	44	59	57
Abroad	17	17	6	-	-	-	-	-	11
JOURNEY TO WORK									
Workers 16 years and over	6 808	2 750	1 097	4 058	353	1 790	448	549	389
Car, truck, or van	6 015	2 475	912	3 540	288	1 553	363	524	343
Drive alone	4 523	1 845	696	2 678	195	1 223	299	401	264
Carpooled	1 492	630	216	862	93	330	64	123	79
Public transportation	128	72	53	56	-	11	21	25	12
Other means	633	190	132	443	59	213	64	-	34
Worked at home	32	13	-	19	6	13	-	-	-
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	22.1	24.4	21.6	20.5	16.9	19.4	18.3	21.2	27.2
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence	5 988	2 255	924	3 733	342	1 705	421	416	308
Central city	3 407	1 193	690	2 214	240	1 159	320	264	217
Outside central city	2 581	1 062	234	1 519	102	546	101	152	91
Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence	820	495	173	325	11	85	27	133	81
LABOR FORCE STATUS									
Persons 16 years and over	16 956	6 784	2 973	10 172	716	4 708	1 130	1 434	840
In labor force	8 894	3 653	1 424	5 241	457	2 308	525	722	517
Employed	7 075	2 834	1 133	4 241	366	1 871	459	568	410
Unemployed	1 808	814	291	994	91	437	66	154	107
Percent of civilian labor force	20.4	22.3	20.4	19.0	19.9	18.9	12.6	21.3	20.7
Females 16 years and over	9 551	3 828	1 699	5 723	429	2 695	601	857	477
Employed	3 545	1 373	581	2 172	216	951	246	271	189
Unemployed	966	472	176	494	50	209	34	108	60
With own children under 6 years	2 246	841	311	1 405	131	682	95	250	114
In labor force	1 035	391	109	644	67	261	57	78	54
With own children 6 to 17 years only	2 043	912	368	1 131	55	516	131	234	96
In labor force	1 158	515	201	643	45	266	85	110	62
Persons 16 to 19 years	1 984	913	467	1 071	61	448	107	253	110
Not enrolled in school	419	212	66	207	12	141	4	67	16
Unemployed or not in labor force	290	150	66	140	12	80	4	62	-
Not high school graduate	324	180	62	144	5	91	-	67	16
Employed	71	39	-	32	-	32	-	5	16
Unemployed	64	55	29	9	-	3	-	35	-
Not in labor force	189	86	33	103	5	56	-	27	-
WORK STATUS IN 1989									
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	8 862	3 499	1 460	5 363	394	2 428	553	704	467
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	6 341	2 595	1 046	3 746	268	1 666	391	570	347
50 to 52 weeks	3 435	1 368	587	2 067	149	923	250	337	169
DISABILITY									
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	15 069	6 035	2 581	9 034	671	4 091	961	1 252	743
With a mobility or self-care limitation	1 555	483	127	1 072	59	604	47	116	63
With a mobility limitation	714	215	42	499	26	269	8	22	37
In labor force	103	10	-	93	19	26	-	-	-
With a self-care limitation	1 228	378	113	850	33	475	47	108	42
With work disability	2 397	915	394	1 482	102	686	186	149	108
In labor force	404	178	91	226	19	135	53	31	-
Prevented from working	1 793	606	219	1 187	76	521	106	94	85
Work disability	12 672	5 120	2 187	7 552	569	3 405	775	1 103	635
In labor force	8 331	3 417	1 321	4 914	438	2 100	468	687	513
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	1 553	554	234	999	9	520	107	98	89
With a mobility or self-care limitation	515	147	64	368	-	145	24	28	6
With a mobility limitation	395	112	60	283	-	91	20	28	6
With a self-care limitation	352	105	38	247	-	104	10	16	6

Table 22. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of Black Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Thibodaux city, Lafourche Parish			Remainder of Lafourche Parish					Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Terrebonne Parish	
	Tract 201	Tract 204 (pt.)	Tract 205 (pt.)	Tract 205 (pt.)	Tract 207 (pt.)	Tract 209	Tract 215	Tract 218	Tract 2	Tract 3
PLACE OF BIRTH										
All persons	705	1 657	1 409	1 037	1 096	1 239	526	1 026	522	745
Native	699	1 657	1 409	1 037	1 096	1 239	526	1 026	522	745
Foreign born	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH										
Linguistically isolated households	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	-	-
Persons 5 years and over	609	1 469	1 224	904	949	1 128	467	905	424	714
Speak a language other than English	12	57	13	14	7	16	17	50	18	57
Do not speak English "very well"	-	28	-	-	-	-	12	16	-	5
In linguistically isolated households	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	-	-
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL										
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	239	500	469	476	369	385	160	375	168	246
Preprimary school	9	26	47	22	9	20	-	5	19	18
Public school	9	26	41	22	9	20	-	5	19	18
Elementary or high school	164	422	394	401	311	319	151	336	124	185
Public school	164	422	383	401	304	319	145	336	103	185
College	66	52	28	53	49	46	9	34	25	43
Public college	54	52	28	45	21	39	9	34	19	43
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT										
Persons 25 years and over	344	924	610	410	504	622	260	432	200	446
Less than 9th grade	114	306	174	144	153	210	62	130	7	76
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	93	264	233	121	159	256	63	183	79	110
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	73	216	100	119	70	107	69	81	40	150
Some college, no degree	28	52	80	16	84	35	37	29	40	32
Associate degree	14	32	-	-	-	14	9	9	28	6
Bachelor's degree	11	54	16	-	20	-	15	-	6	46
Graduate or professional degree	11	-	7	10	18	-	5	-	-	26
Percent high school graduate or higher	39.8	38.3	33.3	35.4	38.1	25.1	51.9	27.5	57.0	58.3
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	6.4	5.8	3.8	2.4	7.5	-	7.7	-	3.0	16.1
FERTILITY										
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years	2 101	1 783	2 000	2 379	1 871	1 785	1 752	2 468	1 929	1 381
RESIDENCE IN 1985										
Persons 5 years and over	609	1 469	1 224	904	949	1 128	467	905	424	714
Same house	309	1 058	442	375	473	835	217	485	83	455
Different house in United States	300	411	782	529	465	293	250	420	341	259
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	126	266	645	328	181	5	36	46	119	133
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	83	9	71	158	144	267	111	332	222	77
Different MSA/PMSA	50	92	33	17	83	21	46	29	-	44
Not in an MSA/PMSA	41	44	33	26	57	-	57	13	-	5
Abroad	-	-	-	-	11	-	-	-	-	-
JOURNEY TO WORK										
Workers 16 years and over	176	448	301	248	319	357	161	217	166	260
Car, truck, or van	147	363	295	229	285	352	153	206	141	206
Drove alone	116	299	202	199	214	261	108	142	111	147
Carpooled	31	64	93	30	71	91	45	64	30	59
Public transportation	9	21	6	19	-	-	-	-	10	6
Other means	20	64	-	-	34	5	8	11	9	48
Worked at home	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	23.3	18.3	22.1	20.1	26.3	26.1	27.6	29.9	15.8	18.5
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence	138	421	227	189	247	312	130	153	149	240
Central city	113	320	144	120	176	50	13	14	54	171
Outside central city	25	101	83	69	71	262	117	139	95	69
Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence	38	27	74	59	72	45	31	64	17	20
LABOR FORCE STATUS										
Persons 16 years and over	465	1 130	871	563	696	816	319	565	319	546
In labor force	242	525	399	323	422	486	206	264	223	357
Employed	176	459	320	248	340	377	162	217	179	270
Unemployed	66	66	79	75	82	109	39	47	44	87
Percent of civilian labor force	27.3	12.6	19.8	23.2	19.4	22.4	19.4	17.8	19.7	24.4
Females 16 years and over	282	601	546	311	387	424	179	314	178	289
Employed	68	246	159	112	144	174	65	102	88	129
Unemployed	24	34	61	47	52	51	17	22	38	50
With own children under 6 years	38	95	161	89	97	112	49	77	95	30
In labor force	6	57	34	44	42	60	23	36	64	26
With own children 6 to 17 years only	55	131	122	112	70	86	44	127	9	44
In labor force	18	85	53	57	42	65	17	54	9	28
Persons 16 to 19 years	29	107	164	89	95	70	33	73	31	51
Not enrolled in school	-	4	56	11	16	33	24	38	5	11
Unemployed or not in labor force	-	4	56	6	-	19	10	31	5	7
Not high school graduate	-	-	56	11	16	26	15	31	5	7
Employed	-	-	-	5	16	7	5	-	-	-
Unemployed	-	-	29	6	-	-	5	8	-	3
Not in labor force	-	-	27	-	-	19	5	23	5	4
WORK STATUS IN 1989										
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	213	553	427	277	376	470	199	259	191	305
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	155	391	355	215	304	337	155	221	87	182
50 to 52 weeks	80	250	194	143	149	152	63	105	42	94
DISABILITY										
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	431	961	726	526	620	742	307	524	319	496
With a mobility or self-care limitation	6	47	43	73	63	82	40	54	36	32
With a mobility limitation	-	8	22	-	37	41	26	43	-	26
In labor force	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	19
With a self-care limitation	6	47	35	73	42	55	27	39	36	6
With a work disability	63	186	123	26	101	145	71	63	43	68
In labor force	15	53	23	8	-	26	22	9	9	20
Prevented from working	15	106	76	18	78	114	43	54	34	42
No work disability	368	775	603	500	519	597	236	461	276	428
In labor force	227	468	372	315	422	441	179	255	214	328
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	34	107	61	37	68	74	7	28	-	24
With a mobility or self-care limitation	6	24	28	-	-	28	7	7	-	11
With a mobility limitation	6	20	28	-	-	18	7	7	-	5
With a self-care limitation	6	10	16	-	-	22	7	7	-	11

Table 22. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of Black Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Terrebonne Parish—Can.							Bayou Cane CDP, Terrebonne Parish
	Tract 4	Tract 5	Tract 6	Tract 7	Tract 8	Tract 9	Tract 12	Tract 4 (pt.)
PLACE OF BIRTH								
All persons	453	1 029	839	3 639	691	1 762	559	453
Native	453	1 029	839	3 629	691	1 762	559	453
Foreign born	—	—	—	10	—	—	—	—
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH								
Linguistically isolated households	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Persons 5 years and over	400	842	719	3 194	595	1 582	524	400
Speak a language other than English	24	20	29	204	13	75	12	24
Do not speak English "very well"	—	11	—	108	6	11	—	—
In linguistically isolated households	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL								
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	174	219	329	1 325	230	496	178	174
Preprimary school	—	13	14	53	5	10	10	—
Public school	—	—	14	53	5	—	10	—
Elementary or high school	148	162	294	1 166	208	421	157	148
Public school	141	162	285	1 158	208	394	157	141
College	26	44	21	106	17	65	11	26
Public college	22	36	21	101	17	65	11	22
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT								
Persons 25 years and over	210	558	307	1 702	316	933	305	210
Less than 9th grade	11	139	25	413	38	286	98	11
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	50	162	80	674	94	217	107	50
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	78	145	132	421	92	218	47	78
Some college, no degree	22	88	33	88	66	61	31	22
Associate degree	—	24	11	42	—	18	—	—
Bachelor's degree	24	—	7	38	26	82	—	24
Graduate or professional degree	25	—	19	26	—	51	22	25
Percent high school graduate or higher	71.0	46.1	65.8	36.1	58.2	46.1	32.8	71.0
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	23.3	—	8.5	3.8	8.2	14.3	7.2	23.3
FERTILITY								
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years	1 282	1 619	1 866	2 035	2 274	1 935	1 504	1 282
RESIDENCE IN 1985								
Persons 5 years and over	400	842	719	3 194	595	1 582	524	400
Same house	104	570	289	1 743	274	758	468	104
Different house in United States	296	272	430	1 451	321	824	56	296
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	121	198	226	1 150	225	713	—	121
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	73	46	133	222	36	36	56	73
Different MSA/PMSA	95	28	45	79	48	70	—	95
Not in an MSA/PMSA	7	—	26	—	12	5	—	7
Abroad	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
JOURNEY TO WORK								
Workers 16 years and over	162	289	187	810	182	393	60	162
Car, truck, or van	151	268	164	707	165	318	48	151
Drove alone	80	201	142	554	141	265	48	80
Carpooled	71	67	22	153	24	53	71	71
Public transportation	—	—	6	—	—	5	—	—
Other means	11	21	17	90	17	70	12	11
Worked at home	—	—	—	13	—	—	—	—
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	15.1	24.3	17.4	17.2	24.5	18.5	18.1	15.1
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence	162	289	175	781	175	359	60	162
Central city	103	160	106	605	95	246	38	103
Outside central city	59	129	69	176	80	113	22	59
Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence	—	—	12	29	7	34	—	—
LABOR FORCE STATUS								
Persons 16 years and over	252	726	443	2 165	407	1 173	415	252
In labor force	173	373	270	1 017	233	532	129	173
Employed	162	289	208	860	203	393	99	162
Unemployed	11	84	62	157	30	139	30	11
Percent of civilian labor force	6.4	22.5	23.0	15.4	12.9	26.1	23.3	6.4
Females 16 years and over	175	422	250	1 274	225	647	251	175
Employed	106	168	110	461	95	198	50	106
Unemployed	—	34	31	87	16	64	30	—
With own children under 6 years	31	142	86	334	99	126	44	31
In labor force	5	83	31	109	42	45	25	5
With own children 6 to 17 years only	38	65	86	236	48	136	55	38
In labor force	28	46	68	112	27	66	43	28
Persons 16 to 19 years	23	77	53	211	40	76	67	23
Not enrolled in school	7	31	—	73	9	17	7	7
Unemployed or not in labor force	7	23	—	24	9	17	—	7
Not high school graduate	—	8	—	56	9	11	—	—
Employed	—	—	—	32	—	—	—	—
Unemployed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not in labor force	—	8	—	24	9	11	—	—
WORK STATUS IN 1989								
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	173	405	250	1 140	240	529	129	173
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	123	298	207	780	161	367	117	123
50 to 52 weeks	76	159	134	470	120	162	37	76
DISABILITY								
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	242	628	430	1 934	407	916	343	242
With a mobility or self-care limitation	33	44	116	440	44	70	72	33
With a mobility limitation	—	31	92	175	23	40	29	—
In labor force	—	—	36	21	—	5	12	—
With a self-care limitation	33	33	109	350	30	56	43	33
With a work disability	26	127	83	381	63	104	109	26
In labor force	—	28	10	43	13	35	30	—
Prevented from working	19	80	73	338	45	69	79	19
Not a work disability	216	501	347	1 553	344	812	234	216
In labor force	173	336	260	949	220	467	87	173
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	—	98	13	231	—	176	72	—
With a mobility or self-care limitation	—	26	13	19	—	89	59	—
With a mobility limitation	—	26	13	19	—	41	47	—
With a self-care limitation	—	13	—	—	—	80	41	—

Table 22. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of Black Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Houma city, Terrebonne Parish					Remainder of Terrebonne Parish				
	Tract 3 (pt.)	Tract 5 (pt.)	Tract 7 (pt.)	Tract 8 (pt.)	Tract 9 (pt.)	Tract 1	Tract 6 (pt.)	Tract 12 (pt.)	Tract 14	Tract 16
PLACE OF BIRTH										
All persons	465	863	3 533	691	1 762	2 481	774	559	951	1 430
Native	465	863	3 523	691	1 762	2 481	774	559	951	1 430
Foreign born	-	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH										
Linguistically isolated households	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Persons 5 years and over	434	742	3 101	595	1 582	2 240	654	524	861	1 291
Speak a language other than English	5	11	204	13	75	24	29	12	14	41
Do not speak English "very well"	5	11	108	6	11	-	-	-	-	13
In linguistically isolated households	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL										
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	160	200	1 277	230	496	883	283	178	357	448
Preprimary school	5	-	53	5	10	12	14	10	4	49
Public school	5	-	53	5	-	12	14	10	4	27
Elementary or high school	139	156	1 118	208	421	782	248	157	320	348
Public school	139	156	1 110	208	394	775	239	157	320	348
College	16	44	106	17	65	89	21	11	33	51
Public college	16	36	101	17	65	63	21	11	33	51
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT										
Persons 25 years and over	258	471	1 657	316	933	1 235	288	305	451	720
Less than 9th grade	55	121	413	38	286	312	25	98	97	328
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	43	129	648	94	217	416	80	107	199	188
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	89	121	421	92	218	364	124	47	118	149
Some college, no degree	22	76	79	66	61	94	22	31	31	49
Associate degree	6	24	42	-	18	14	11	-	-	-
Bachelor's degree	35	-	38	26	82	14	7	-	-	-
Graduate or professional degree	8	-	16	-	51	21	19	22	6	6
Percent high school graduate or higher	62.0	46.9	36.0	58.2	46.1	41.1	63.5	32.8	34.4	28.3
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	16.7	-	3.3	8.2	14.3	2.8	9.0	7.2	1.3	.8
FERTILITY										
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years	1 570	1 751	2 044	2 274	1 935	1 636	1 829	1 504	1 853	1 766
RESIDENCE IN 1985										
Persons 5 years and over	434	742	3 101	595	1 582	2 240	654	524	861	1 291
Same house	301	486	1 714	274	758	1 569	224	468	645	1 080
Different house in United States	133	256	1 387	321	824	671	430	56	216	211
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	69	198	1 096	225	713	152	226	-	184	7
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	25	46	212	36	36	349	133	56	24	155
Different MSA/PMSA	34	12	79	48	70	170	45	-	-	40
Not in an MSA/PMSA	5	-	-	12	5	-	26	-	8	9
Abroad	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
JOURNEY TO WORK										
Workers 16 years and over	167	249	768	182	393	733	179	60	253	358
Car, truck, or van	138	242	665	165	318	680	156	48	229	289
Drove alone	90	186	522	141	265	504	134	48	155	211
Carpooled	48	56	143	24	53	176	22	-	74	78
Public transportation	6	-	-	-	5	11	6	-	14	4
Other means	23	7	90	17	70	42	17	12	10	65
Worked at home	-	-	13	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	17.4	24.9	16.9	24.5	18.5	20.2	17.6	18.1	22.6	27.4
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence	158	249	739	175	359	687	167	60	239	227
Central city	101	120	582	95	246	284	98	38	177	81
Outside central city	57	129	157	80	113	403	69	22	62	146
Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence	9	-	29	7	34	46	12	-	14	131
LABOR FORCE STATUS										
Persons 16 years and over	308	632	2 110	407	1 173	1 597	410	415	586	963
In labor force	198	333	975	233	532	902	262	129	319	440
Employed	177	249	818	203	393	751	200	99	265	358
Unemployed	21	84	157	30	139	151	62	30	54	82
Percent of civilian labor force	10.6	25.2	16.1	12.9	26.1	16.7	23.7	23.3	16.9	18.6
Females 16 years and over	179	360	1 232	225	647	897	225	251	298	503
Employed	89	139	419	95	198	354	110	50	133	184
Unemployed	8	34	87	16	64	72	31	30	28	26
With own children under 6 years	21	104	321	99	126	184	75	44	65	112
In labor force	17	61	96	42	45	95	31	25	26	52
With own children 6 to 17 years only	36	65	227	48	136	193	86	55	84	88
In labor force	20	46	103	27	66	79	68	43	65	36
Persons 16 to 19 years	34	77	201	40	76	166	39	67	67	133
Not enrolled in school	11	31	73	9	17	9	-	-	13	17
Unemployed or not in labor force	7	23	24	9	17	9	-	-	13	17
Not high school graduate	7	8	56	9	11	9	-	-	13	17
Employed	-	-	32	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unemployed	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-
Not in labor force	4	8	24	9	11	9	-	-	7	17
WORK STATUS IN 1989										
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	199	344	1 085	240	529	917	242	129	291	475
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	121	251	745	161	367	640	199	117	247	305
50 to 52 weeks	64	120	457	120	162	356	134	37	123	151
DISABILITY										
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	284	543	1 879	407	916	1 437	397	343	557	852
With a mobility or self-care limitation	6	44	440	44	70	94	116	72	49	25
With a mobility limitation	-	31	175	23	40	43	92	29	20	14
In labor force	-	-	21	-	5	-	36	12	-	-
With a self-care limitation	6	33	350	30	56	74	109	43	43	20
With a work disability	34	98	381	63	104	158	83	109	92	141
In labor force	10	28	43	13	35	7	10	30	15	4
Prevented from working	18	51	338	45	69	139	73	79	70	130
Not a work disability	250	445	1 498	344	812	1 279	314	234	465	711
In labor force	179	296	907	220	467	885	252	87	304	436
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	24	89	231	-	176	160	13	72	29	111
With a mobility or self-care limitation	11	26	19	-	89	69	13	59	9	46
With a mobility limitation	5	26	19	-	41	69	13	47	9	40
With a self-care limitation	11	13	-	-	80	52	-	41	5	32

Table 23. Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of Black Persons: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Houma-Thibodaux, LA MSA	Lofourche Parish		Terrebonne Parish			Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Lofourche Parish		
		Total	Thibodaux city	Total	Bayou Cone CDP	Houma city	Tract 204	Tract 205	Tract 207
OCCUPATION									
Employed persons 16 years and over	7 075	2 834	1 133	4 241	366	1 871	459	568	410
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations	343	107	67	236	6	121	21	27	13
Professional specialty occupations	624	216	99	408	71	204	45	30	46
Technicians and related support occupations	197	92	74	105	11	41	23	48	6
Sales occupations	539	193	104	346	43	72	34	51	30
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	507	145	55	362	30	147	15	10	7
Private household occupations	92	50	20	42	-	17	14	-	6
Protective service occupations	84	26	17	58	-	16	5	-	-
Service occupations, except protective and household	2 014	841	263	1 173	88	591	118	133	131
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	161	54	10	107	-	14	10	15	-
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	963	425	136	538	63	236	58	82	50
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	508	255	131	253	11	119	46	97	39
Transportation and material moving occupations	541	189	83	352	34	167	36	20	52
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	502	241	74	261	9	126	34	55	30
INCOME IN 1989									
Households	7 841	3 140	1 252	4 701	368	2 251	525	685	431
Less than \$5,000	2 338	985	359	1 353	127	777	119	281	131
\$5,000 to \$9,999	1 489	603	248	886	78	454	127	51	87
\$10,000 to \$14,999	1 080	466	197	614	6	312	94	62	82
\$15,000 to \$24,999	1 393	572	209	821	40	326	98	150	62
\$25,000 to \$34,999	748	267	153	481	11	184	56	97	42
\$35,000 to \$49,999	482	121	15	361	87	97	-	39	10
\$50,000 to \$74,999	263	103	48	160	19	84	16	5	17
\$75,000 to \$99,999	48	23	23	25	-	17	15	-	-
\$100,000 or more	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median (dollars)	10 360	9 759	10 325	10 855	8 067	8 309	10 750	10 469	9 767
Mean (dollars)	15 055	13 958	14 728	15 788	18 796	13 845	15 190	13 361	12 744
Families	6 165	2 514	992	3 651	241	1 733	381	613	340
Median income (dollars)	11 518	9 626	9 910	13 051	8 345	10 427	10 341	10 112	7 218
Per capita income (dollars)	4 572	4 286	4 505	4 764	6 073	4 412	5 195	3 879	4 077
INCOME TYPE IN 1989									
Households	7 841	3 140	1 252	4 701	368	2 251	525	685	431
With earnings	5 305	2 127	859	3 178	258	1 371	335	468	318
Mean earnings (dollars)	17 680	16 632	17 058	18 381	24 139	17 336	18 424	16 447	14 347
With Social Security income	1 691	560	200	1 131	60	518	108	82	65
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	6 384	6 085	5 910	6 532	5 954	6 164	6 427	4 911	7 444
With public assistance income	2 477	1 091	509	1 386	109	688	181	305	100
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	2 882	2 939	3 273	2 838	1 962	2 834	3 474	2 725	1 915
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE									
Families (dollars)	16 210	14 443	15 063	17 426	19 483	15 109	16 607	13 173	11 392
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	14 666	12 797	11 134	16 086	18 960	12 604	11 618	11 512	11 990
Married-couple families (dollars)	23 831	22 750	21 587	24 439	31 407	22 782	19 859	21 669	18 325
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	25 137	25 166	21 367	25 120	32 022	22 281	22 511	22 775	22 647
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	8 336	6 608	8 325	9 674	6 663	8 423	9 301	6 615	5 261
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	5 634	4 453	5 997	6 729	7 599	5 228	7 628	4 009	3 047
POVERTY STATUS IN 1989									
All Income Levels in 1989									
Families	6 165	2 514	992	3 651	241	1 733	381	613	340
Householder worked in 1989	3 328	1 408	535	1 920	133	810	197	344	187
With related children under 18 years	4 675	1 929	750	2 746	182	1 295	287	510	271
With related children under 5 years	2 123	852	358	1 271	96	608	150	230	122
Married-couple families	2 849	1 026	371	1 823	120	723	118	211	145
Householder worked in 1989	1 995	795	280	1 200	99	447	77	172	110
With related children under 18 years	1 980	670	223	1 310	79	496	79	159	92
With related children under 5 years	909	325	136	584	48	161	58	85	54
Female householder, no husband present	2 825	1 233	533	1 592	106	875	191	353	156
Householder worked in 1989	1 013	421	209	592	23	285	84	123	38
With related children under 18 years	2 365	1 096	475	1 269	88	697	168	330	140
With related children under 5 years	1 054	432	183	622	44	396	59	145	48
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	2 372	1 007	423	1 365	178	689	240	132	142
Nonfamily householder	1 676	626	260	1 050	127	518	144	72	91
65 years and over	385	144	57	241	-	127	44	18	6
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	25 875	10 154	4 066	15 721	1 086	7 325	1 568	2 330	1 303
Persons under 18 years	10 429	4 687	1 687	6 212	417	2 924	585	1 161	513
Related children under 18 years	10 397	4 189	1 676	6 208	417	2 915	574	1 149	513
Related children 5 to 17 years	7 462	3 025	1 194	4 437	253	2 060	391	837	357
Persons 65 years and over	1 553	554	234	999	9	520	107	98	89
Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level									
Families	3 088	1 408	578	1 680	137	913	206	348	219
Percent below poverty level	50.1	56.0	58.3	46.0	56.8	52.7	54.1	56.8	64.4
Householder worked in 1989	1 028	491	196	537	41	292	61	113	79
With related children under 18 years	2 772	1 255	515	1 517	105	842	180	329	179
With related children under 5 years	1 399	561	255	838	55	493	98	178	71
Married-couple families	804	300	145	504	36	227	44	62	58
Householder worked in 1989	379	176	88	203	18	100	14	50	36
With related children under 18 years	643	209	110	434	22	205	32	51	34
With related children under 5 years	377	112	66	265	16	98	22	44	24
Female householder, no husband present	2 107	1 013	386	1 094	97	644	121	286	142
Householder worked in 1989	572	263	94	309	23	175	33	63	24
With related children under 18 years	1 980	971	366	1 009	79	595	115	278	126
With related children under 5 years	928	389	150	539	35	365	43	134	38
Unrelated individuals	1 342	579	241	763	60	400	161	68	58
Nonfamily householder	857	298	112	559	42	274	70	26	34
65 years and over	269	107	45	162	-	66	32	18	6
Persons	13 773	6 026	2 522	7 747	580	3 978	912	1 434	786
Percent below poverty level	53.2	59.3	62.0	49.3	53.4	54.3	58.2	61.5	60.3
Persons under 18 years	7 039	3 144	1 365	3 895	274	2 094	426	917	334
Related children under 18 years	7 007	3 121	1 354	3 886	274	2 085	415	905	334
Related children 5 to 17 years	4 900	2 257	953	2 643	173	1 372	269	632	228
Persons 65 years and over	721	302	123	419	-	184	50	61	84
Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:									
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	8 026	3 547	1 539	4 479	352	2 534	549	1 065	465
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	15 542	6 753	2 771	8 789	608	4 352	1 046	1 538	903

Table 23. Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of Black Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Thibodaux city, Lafourche Parish			Remainder of Lafourche Parish					Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Terrebonne Parish	
	Tract 201	Tract 204 (pt.)	Tract 205 (pt.)	Tract 205 (pt.)	Tract 207 (pt.)	Tract 209	Tract 215	Tract 218	Tract 2	Tract 3
OCCUPATION										
Employed persons 16 years and over	176	459	320	248	340	377	162	217	179	270
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations	8	21	20	7	6	5	14	—	15	3
Professional specialty occupations	22	45	15	15	38	13	15	—	9	42
Technicians and related support occupations	15	23	36	12	6	—	—	—	—	8
Sales occupations	19	34	25	26	26	20	5	—	27	4
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	6	15	10	—	7	27	17	14	26	7
Private household occupations	—	14	—	—	—	9	—	—	—	9
Protective service occupations	12	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	10
Service occupations, except protective and household	50	118	59	74	100	143	55	75	48	94
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	—	10	—	15	—	16	13	—	—	—
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	31	58	27	55	50	64	28	46	19	58
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	6	46	79	18	39	30	6	27	4	4
Transportation and material moving occupations	—	36	20	—	38	6	—	30	31	12
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	7	34	29	26	30	44	9	25	—	19
INCOME IN 1989										
Households	210	525	356	329	336	362	185	280	117	273
Less than \$5,000	76	119	122	159	89	99	90	91	30	84
\$5,000 to \$9,999	34	127	44	7	81	97	17	59	20	57
\$10,000 to \$14,999	33	94	41	21	67	53	21	39	14	19
\$15,000 to \$24,999	34	98	61	89	46	76	18	52	30	35
\$25,000 to \$34,999	13	56	75	22	33	14	12	21	14	20
\$35,000 to \$49,999	—	—	8	31	10	17	13	18	9	29
\$50,000 to \$74,999	20	16	5	—	10	6	14	—	—	29
\$75,000 to \$99,999	—	15	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$100,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars)	8 909	10 750	10 857	8 598	9 793	8 778	5 491	8 717	11 518	9 373
Mean (dollars)	14 440	15 190	13 573	13 131	12 650	12 746	14 846	12 058	14 348	18 129
Families	170	381	323	290	276	276	154	230	101	197
Median income (dollars)	10 357	10 341	10 393	7 400	7 689	10 114	5 000—	8 514	9 452	11 645
Per capita income (dollars)	4 217	5 195	3 817	3 964	3 776	3 933	5 197	3 379	3 533	6 492
INCOME TYPE IN 1989										
Households	210	525	356	329	336	362	185	280	117	273
With earnings	143	335	266	202	248	243	112	180	96	180
Mean earnings (dollars)	16 782	18 424	14 804	18 612	14 391	14 705	22 567	15 054	13 997	23 811
With Social Security income	35	108	37	45	60	92	23	52	21	78
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	4 878	6 427	4 160	5 528	7 263	5 737	4 500	4 648	10 264	5 126
With public assistance income	82	181	206	99	72	90	48	106	47	43
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	3 482	3 474	3 039	2 072	1 848	2 896	2 399	2 912	819	1 116
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE										
Families (dollars)	15 686	16 607	13 300	13 032	11 811	14 479	14 259	12 090	14 567	19 105
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	14 869	11 618	10 362	12 748	13 081	13 552	13 272	11 931	12 195	19 803
Married-couple families (dollars)	28 466	19 859	18 496	25 398	19 025	19 290	23 186	24 278	11 361	25 941
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	45 200	22 511	18 323	28 020	25 175	21 724	26 054	25 318	11 361	26 564
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	4 591	9 301	9 799	2 502	5 433	7 904	3 639	4 876	19 920	9 583
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	3 930	7 628	5 366	2 524	2 473	4 865	1 673	2 920	14 866	5 819
POVERTY STATUS IN 1989										
All Income Levels in 1989										
Families	170	381	323	290	276	276	154	230	101	197
Householder worked in 1989	90	197	181	163	153	161	86	123	56	118
With related children under 18 years	101	287	268	242	217	197	108	206	87	115
With related children under 5 years	51	150	137	93	108	77	46	70	72	21
Married-couple families	79	118	114	97	116	147	83	78	51	108
Householder worked in 1989	73	77	96	76	92	103	69	63	32	79
With related children under 18 years	22	79	86	73	73	97	49	70	51	57
With related children under 5 years	7	58	62	23	45	54	12	23	45	14
Female householder, no husband present	91	191	199	154	121	92	64	130	40	78
Householder worked in 1989	17	84	75	48	22	37	10	43	14	28
With related children under 18 years	79	168	176	154	105	74	59	119	26	47
With related children under 5 years	44	59	75	70	43	18	34	30	17	7
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	79	240	51	81	107	117	43	81	46	86
Nonfamily householder	40	144	33	39	60	86	31	50	16	76
65 years and over	7	44	—	18	—	26	—	13	—	6
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	705	1 568	1 325	1 005	1 088	1 239	526	1 005	522	716
Persons under 18 years	255	585	654	507	434	448	221	480	214	205
Related children under 18 years	255	574	654	495	434	448	221	480	214	205
Related children 5 to 17 years	159	391	469	368	287	337	162	359	116	177
Persons 65 years and over	34	107	61	37	68	74	7	28	—	24
Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level										
Families	91	206	200	148	178	127	88	145	48	92
Percent below poverty level	53.5	54.1	61.9	51.0	64.5	46.0	57.1	63.0	47.5	46.7
Householder worked in 1989	23	61	71	42	63	41	27	57	12	36
With related children under 18 years	73	180	181	148	138	112	68	140	48	48
With related children under 5 years	38	98	108	70	66	39	34	30	33	15
Married-couple families	12	44	62	—	48	43	22	21	31	38
Householder worked in 1989	12	14	50	—	32	10	15	14	12	12
With related children under 18 years	—	32	51	—	24	28	9	21	31	20
With related children under 5 years	—	22	44	—	24	16	—	—	25	8
Female householder, no husband present	79	121	138	148	111	74	59	119	17	54
Householder worked in 1989	11	33	21	42	12	26	5	43	—	16
With related children under 18 years	73	115	130	148	95	74	59	119	17	30
With related children under 5 years	38	43	64	70	33	18	34	30	8	7
Unrelated individuals	53	161	8	60	45	84	14	36	25	15
Nonfamily householder	21	70	8	18	21	53	9	14	8	12
65 years and over	7	32	—	18	—	19	—	7	—	—
Persons	428	912	857	577	655	617	320	639	230	285
Percent below poverty level	60.7	58.2	64.7	57.4	60.2	49.8	60.8	63.6	44.1	39.8
Persons under 18 years	214	426	543	374	266	276	185	341	111	96
Related children under 18 years	214	415	543	362	266	276	185	341	111	96
Related children 5 to 17 years	136	269	380	252	165	208	137	284	66	74
Persons 65 years and over	14	50	43	18	68	38	7	7	—	14
Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:										
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	366	549	506	559	353	221	283	344	160	210
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	495	1 046	885	653	772	786	350	678	257	334

Table 23. Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of Black Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on a sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Terrebonne Parish—Con.							Bayou Cane CDP, Terrebonne Parish
	Tract 4	Tract 5	Tract 6	Tract 7	Tract 8	Tract 9	Tract 12	Tract 4 (pt.)
OCCUPATION								
Employed persons 16 years and over	162	289	208	860	203	393	99	162
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations	6	8	10	74	11	34	12	6
Professional specialty occupations	51	27	55	53	28	71	10	51
Technicians and related support occupations	11	—	11	14	9	10	—	11
Sales occupations	25	33	20	42	11	9	—	25
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	—	45	32	81	—	22	13	—
Private household occupations	—	—	—	—	—	8	12	—
Protective service occupations	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	—
Service occupations, except protective and household	32	59	21	302	64	107	39	32
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	—	—	—	14	—	—	—	—
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	7	67	12	103	14	43	13	7
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	—	7	19	77	8	30	—	—
Transportation and material moving occupations	21	13	8	51	30	53	—	21
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	9	30	20	49	22	6	—	9
INCOME IN 1989								
Households	163	319	218	1 044	215	575	159	163
Less than \$5,000	67	109	32	393	55	190	12	67
\$5,000 to \$9,999	27	58	39	227	63	88	13	27
\$10,000 to \$14,999	—	49	22	93	32	119	39	—
\$15,000 to \$24,999	20	30	28	163	23	79	76	20
\$25,000 to \$34,999	11	14	28	76	32	52	19	11
\$35,000 to \$49,999	32	41	51	64	10	8	—	32
\$50,000 to \$74,999	6	10	10	28	—	30	—	6
\$75,000 to \$99,999	—	8	8	—	—	9	—	—
\$100,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars)	7 051	9 019	19 375	7 145	8 673	10 344	16 550	7 051
Mean (dollars)	18 017	17 457	24 922	12 740	12 444	14 718	17 580	18 017
Families	81	249	204	832	161	414	159	81
Median income (dollars)	6 334	12 904	23 750	8 157	8 048	11 646	16 550	6 334
Per capita income (dollars)	6 293	5 404	6 074	3 878	4 142	5 113	4 995	6 293
INCOME TYPE IN 1989								
Households	163	319	218	1 044	215	575	159	163
With earnings	133	192	166	636	155	315	116	133
Mean earnings (dollars)	20 974	23 066	29 380	16 308	13 967	18 158	11 215	20 974
With Social Security income	—	93	45	231	—	167	86	—
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	—	5 170	3 228	6 762	—	7 004	12 889	—
With public assistance income	49	114	73	391	47	138	69	49
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	2 458	3 053	3 989	2 509	7 284	2 316	3 184	2 458
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE								
Families (dollars)	17 974	20 447	26 045	13 799	11 085	16 391	17 580	17 974
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	12 592	17 402	27 572	11 711	10 361	14 538	19 072	12 592
Married-couple families (dollars)	40 694	27 683	33 283	23 324	13 124	26 572	21 669	40 694
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	34 300	27 324	36 776	24 535	11 224	29 678	26 845	34 300
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	4 098	6 385	13 579	7 469	8 804	9 938	13 509	4 098
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	4 098	5 774	13 579	3 913	9 204	6 573	12 350	4 098
POVERTY STATUS IN 1989								
All Income Levels in 1989								
Families	81	249	204	832	161	414	159	81
Householder worked in 1989	47	113	126	381	76	189	60	47
With related children under 18 years	68	189	187	631	126	308	125	68
With related children under 5 years	21	123	78	291	79	138	46	21
Married-couple families	31	137	134	318	85	138	73	31
Householder worked in 1989	31	97	98	205	41	71	23	31
With related children under 18 years	18	94	117	225	67	88	63	18
With related children under 5 years	6	52	40	67	45	17	46	6
Female householder, no husband present	46	99	60	445	76	229	61	46
Householder worked in 1989	16	16	28	144	35	78	25	16
With related children under 18 years	46	90	60	355	59	180	37	46
With related children under 5 years	11	66	38	205	34	100	—	11
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	99	93	23	283	74	229	—	99
Nanfamily householder	82	70	14	212	54	161	—	82
65 years and over	—	16	—	47	—	58	—	—
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	443	1 029	839	3 634	691	1 665	559	443
Persons under 18 years	201	341	442	1 588	290	601	163	201
Related children under 18 years	201	332	442	1 588	290	601	163	201
Related children 5 to 17 years	148	145	322	1 143	194	427	128	148
Persons 65 years and over	—	98	13	231	—	176	72	—
Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level								
Families	56	119	81	460	109	176	69	56
Percent below poverty level	69.1	47.8	39.7	55.3	67.7	42.5	43.4	69.1
Householder worked in 1989	22	39	14	115	30	65	13	22
With related children under 18 years	56	110	75	426	100	169	69	56
With related children under 5 years	21	88	51	243	53	104	14	21
Married-couple families	6	32	33	93	52	18	31	6
Householder worked in 1989	6	23	8	24	14	11	6	6
With related children under 18 years	6	32	27	77	52	18	31	6
With related children under 5 years	6	23	19	26	30	11	14	6
Female householder, no husband present	46	82	38	336	57	158	25	46
Householder worked in 1989	16	16	6	80	16	54	13	16
With related children under 18 years	46	73	38	318	48	151	25	46
With related children under 5 years	11	60	32	198	23	93	—	11
Unrelated individuals	42	79	9	183	8	133	—	42
Nanfamily householder	38	56	9	120	8	82	—	38
65 years and over	—	16	—	17	—	33	—	—
Persons	306	478	399	2 061	444	778	305	306
Percent below poverty level	69.1	46.5	47.6	56.7	64.3	46.7	54.6	69.1
Persons under 18 years	180	203	241	1 159	239	374	63	180
Related children under 18 years	180	194	241	1 159	239	374	63	180
Related children 5 to 17 years	127	57	154	786	166	243	53	127
Persons 65 years and over	—	43	13	94	—	33	48	—
Ratio of Income in 1989 to poverty level:								
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	165	161	214	1 491	285	514	80	165
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	306	499	419	2 242	490	883	305	306

Table 23. Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of Black Persons: 1990—Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Houma city, Terrebonne Parish					Remainder of Terrebonne Parish				
	Tract 3 (pt.)	Tract 5 (pt.)	Tract 7 (pt.)	Tract 8 (pt.)	Tract 9 (pt.)	Tract 1	Tract 6 (pt.)	Tract 12 (pt.)	Tract 14	Tract 16
OCCUPATION										
Employed persons 16 years and over	177	249	818	203	393	751	200	99	265	358
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations	3	8	65	11	34	45	10	12	—	6
Professional specialty occupations	22	27	43	28	71	33	55	10	6	6
Technicians and related support occupations	8	—	14	9	10	20	11	—	—	11
Sales occupations	—	33	19	11	9	96	20	—	32	47
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	3	37	81	—	22	59	32	13	38	—
Private household occupations	9	—	—	—	8	—	—	12	—	13
Protective service occupations	10	—	—	6	—	7	—	—	—	35
Service occupations, except protective and household	78	34	302	64	107	209	21	39	91	67
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	—	—	14	—	—	21	—	—	—	69
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	9	67	103	14	43	101	12	13	39	37
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	4	—	77	8	30	56	19	—	6	18
Transportation and material moving occupations	12	13	51	30	53	44	—	—	38	24
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	19	30	49	22	6	60	20	—	15	25
INCOME IN 1989										
Households	149	282	1 012	215	575	676	210	159	258	428
Less than \$5,000	39	100	393	55	190	165	32	12	41	134
\$5,000 to \$9,999	25	51	227	63	88	98	39	13	45	87
\$10,000 to \$14,999	19	49	93	32	119	114	22	39	55	34
\$15,000 to \$24,999	26	30	154	23	79	140	20	76	50	98
\$25,000 to \$34,999	20	14	66	32	52	79	28	19	56	46
\$35,000 to \$49,999	4	20	51	10	8	57	51	—	5	11
\$50,000 to \$74,999	16	10	28	—	30	23	10	—	6	18
\$75,000 to \$99,999	—	8	—	—	9	—	8	—	—	—
\$100,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars)	11 382	8 564	6 789	8 673	10 344	13 125	23 000	16 550	14 143	9 364
Mean (dollars)	17 968	16 225	12 199	12 444	14 718	16 690	25 186	17 580	16 493	14 908
Families	118	212	810	161	414	541	196	159	208	306
Median income (dollars)	11 842	12 721	7 717	8 048	11 646	15 762	24 750	16 550	14 919	14 432
Per capita income (dollars)	5 644	5 408	3 723	4 142	5 113	4 503	6 398	4 995	4 419	4 697
INCOME TYPE IN 1989										
Households	149	282	1 012	215	575	676	210	159	258	428
With earnings	115	164	604	155	315	555	158	116	203	231
Mean earnings (dollars)	19 519	21 402	16 073	13 967	18 158	16 563	29 956	11 215	17 333	21 212
With Social Security income	31	93	221	—	167	150	45	86	63	114
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	7 206	5 170	5 936	—	7 004	5 268	3 228	12 889	5 655	6 244
With public assistance income	23	89	391	47	138	142	73	69	63	136
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	1 443	3 072	2 509	7 284	2 316	3 376	3 989	3 184	3 979	2 352
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE										
Families (dollars)	18 459	19 586	13 401	11 085	16 391	19 040	26 373	17 580	17 980	17 975
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	12 796	15 627	10 977	10 361	14 538	17 896	28 000	19 072	14 260	16 499
Married-couple families (dollars)	22 194	25 262	22 741	13 124	26 572	26 305	34 254	21 669	19 845	22 329
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	14 843	23 614	23 598	11 224	29 678	26 193	38 154	26 845	17 782	21 620
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	13 553	6 688	7 291	8 804	9 938	8 074	13 579	13 509	14 756	11 127
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	7 601	6 478	3 535	9 204	6 573	4 504	13 579	12 350	7 054	8 218
POVERTY STATUS IN 1989										
All Income Levels in 1989										
Families	118	212	810	161	414	541	196	159	208	306
Householder worked in 1989	83	85	359	76	189	354	118	60	112	173
With related children under 18 years	82	152	609	126	308	368	179	125	169	235
With related children under 5 years	21	86	278	79	138	167	78	46	67	105
Married-couple families	67	116	305	85	138	313	126	73	133	190
Householder worked in 1989	55	76	192	41	71	249	90	23	80	122
With related children under 18 years	44	73	212	67	88	215	109	63	104	137
With related children under 5 years	14	31	54	45	17	97	40	46	45	67
Female householder, no husband present	51	83	436	76	229	204	60	61	71	103
Householder worked in 1989	28	9	135	35	78	88	28	25	32	51
With related children under 18 years	38	74	346	59	180	153	60	37	65	93
With related children under 5 years	7	50	205	34	100	70	38	—	22	38
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	31	82	273	74	229	168	23	—	56	150
Nonfamily householder	31	70	202	54	161	135	14	—	50	122
65 years and over	6	16	47	—	58	43	—	—	12	39
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	462	863	3 528	691	1 665	2 481	774	559	951	1 430
Persons under 18 years	163	269	1 527	290	601	991	396	163	399	548
Related children under 18 years	163	260	1 527	290	601	991	396	163	399	548
Related children 5 to 17 years	135	139	1 095	194	427	750	276	128	309	409
Persons 65 years and over	24	89	231	—	176	160	13	72	29	111
Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level										
Families	51	103	460	109	176	215	73	69	71	128
Percent below poverty level	43.2	48.6	56.8	67.7	42.5	39.7	37.2	43.4	34.1	41.8
Householder worked in 1989	36	32	115	30	65	112	6	13	19	42
With related children under 18 years	39	94	426	100	169	189	67	69	71	109
With related children under 5 years	15	72	243	53	104	91	51	14	40	67
Married-couple families	24	32	93	52	18	58	25	31	36	57
Householder worked in 1989	20	23	24	14	11	40	—	—	19	22
With related children under 18 years	18	32	77	52	18	47	19	31	36	44
With related children under 5 years	8	23	26	30	11	27	19	14	27	44
Female householder, no husband present	27	66	336	57	158	149	38	25	35	66
Householder worked in 1989	16	9	80	16	54	64	6	13	—	20
With related children under 18 years	21	57	318	48	151	142	38	25	35	60
With related children under 5 years	7	44	198	23	93	64	32	—	13	23
Unrelated individuals	8	68	183	8	133	121	9	—	30	88
Nonfamily householder	8	56	120	8	82	88	9	—	24	84
65 years and over	—	16	17	—	33	32	—	—	12	32
Persons	183	411	2 061	444	778	1 233	334	305	406	568
Percent below poverty level	39.6	47.6	58.4	64.3	46.7	49.7	43.2	54.6	42.7	39.7
Persons under 18 years	83	170	1 159	239	374	648	195	63	208	278
Related children under 18 years	83	161	1 159	239	374	648	195	63	208	278
Related children 5 to 17 years	61	51	786	166	243	497	108	53	162	181
Persons 65 years and over	14	43	94	—	33	66	13	48	21	57
Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:										
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	108	136	1 491	285	514	669	214	80	175	299
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	204	432	2 242	490	883	1 469	354	305	563	707

Table 24. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Persons: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Terrebonne Parish		Lafourche Parish		Totals for split tracts/ BNA's in Terrebonne Parish		Remainder of Terrebonne Parish		
	Houma-Thibodaux, LA MSA	Lafourche Parish	Total	Houma city	Tract 216	Tract 13	Tract 11	Tract 13 (pt.)	Tract 14
PLACE OF BIRTH									
All persons	6 815	1 864	4 951	1 048	411	1 975	622	1 930	477
Native	6 815	1 864	4 951	1 048	411	1 975	622	1 930	477
Foreign born	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH									
Linguistically isolated households	179	48	131	17	13	56	51	56	-
Persons 5 years and over	6 006	1 651	4 355	931	380	1 792	555	1 747	398
Speak a language other than English	3 302	793	2 509	365	174	1 207	450	1 194	160
Do not speak English "very well"	1 181	337	844	130	58	380	257	377	24
In linguistically isolated households	504	135	369	47	25	176	125	176	-
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL									
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	2 158	608	1 550	341	128	657	143	631	146
Preparatory school	100	19	81	-	-	18	12	18	-
Public school	79	19	60	-	-	18	-	18	-
Elementary or high school	1 960	562	1 398	325	116	613	131	587	140
Public school	1 937	562	1 375	325	116	605	131	579	140
College	98	27	71	16	12	26	-	26	6
Public college	80	21	59	10	12	26	-	26	-
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT									
Persons 25 years and over	3 011	785	2 226	457	188	925	304	912	205
Less than 9th grade	1 779	457	1 322	249	83	622	237	615	117
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	668	165	503	123	47	171	61	171	62
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	446	151	295	44	58	104	6	98	26
Some college, no degree	71	4	67	9	-	28	-	28	-
Associate degree	25	-	25	25	-	-	-	-	-
Bachelor's degree	22	8	14	7	-	-	-	-	-
Graduate or professional degree	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Percent high school graduate or higher	18.7	20.8	18.0	18.6	30.9	14.3	2.0	13.8	12.7
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	.7	1.0	.6	1.5	-	-	-	-	-
FERTILITY									
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years	2 143	2 000	2 207	2 884	3 060	2 143	1 821	2 089	3 140
RESIDENCE IN 1985									
Persons 5 years and over	6 006	1 651	4 355	931	380	1 792	555	1 747	398
Same house	3 538	1 059	2 479	268	248	1 157	371	1 142	372
Different house in United States	2 468	592	1 876	663	132	635	184	605	26
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	730	101	629	421	-	118	36	115	3
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	1 511	388	1 123	206	93	495	148	468	23
Different MSA/PMSA	163	86	77	36	39	22	-	22	-
Not in on MSA/PMSA	64	17	47	-	-	-	-	-	-
Abroad	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
JOURNEY TO WORK									
Workers 16 years and over	1 561	452	1 109	235	113	397	124	391	113
Car, truck, or van	1 265	369	896	192	80	291	99	285	74
Drove alone	777	182	595	129	25	171	42	171	44
Carpooled	488	187	301	63	55	120	57	114	30
Public transportation	10	4	6	6	-	-	-	-	-
Other means	277	79	198	37	33	106	16	106	39
Worked at home	9	-	9	-	-	-	9	-	-
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	29.0	28.1	29.3	23.7	15.6	25.4	51.6	25.1	38.0
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence	1 328	341	987	215	102	368	92	362	113
Central city	359	16	343	109	9	114	26	108	12
Outside central city	969	325	644	106	93	254	66	254	101
Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence	233	111	122	20	11	29	32	29	-
LABOR FORCE STATUS									
Persons 16 years and over	4 093	1 153	2 940	616	256	1 190	386	1 163	265
In labor force	1 931	545	1 386	303	126	522	136	516	120
Employed	1 602	454	1 148	240	113	413	124	407	113
Unemployed	329	91	238	63	13	109	12	109	7
Percent of civilian labor force	17.0	16.7	17.2	20.8	10.3	20.9	8.8	21.1	5.8
Females 16 years and over	2 093	625	1 468	310	165	641	166	624	122
Employed	526	144	382	92	45	133	25	133	12
Unemployed	136	50	86	17	13	32	-	32	7
With own children under 6 years	590	168	422	114	57	160	40	154	32
In labor force	159	36	123	21	13	26	10	26	7
With own children 6 to 17 years only	582	176	406	91	40	170	38	163	49
In labor force	219	52	167	41	11	69	-	69	7
Persons 16 to 19 years	545	158	387	71	18	153	36	145	32
Not enrolled in school	276	57	219	45	9	78	26	78	7
Unemployed or not in labor force	177	40	137	26	9	64	26	64	4
Not high school graduate	176	51	125	37	9	59	22	59	7
Employed	45	13	32	19	-	10	-	10	3
Unemployed	27	5	22	-	-	22	-	22	-
Not in labor force	104	33	71	18	9	27	22	27	4
WORK STATUS IN 1989									
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	2 042	610	1 432	308	156	552	157	542	110
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	1 579	455	1 124	273	78	431	114	421	99
50 to 52 weeks	583	161	422	146	36	94	25	88	52
DISABILITY									
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	3 821	1 067	2 754	573	243	1 121	346	1 098	247
With a mobility or self-care limitation	266	49	217	66	-	74	19	74	6
With a mobility limitation	150	19	131	36	-	45	19	45	6
In labor force	8	4	4	-	-	4	-	4	-
With a self-care limitation	209	48	161	66	-	56	-	56	-
With a work disability	764	187	577	126	39	237	88	237	33
In labor force	178	82	96	19	25	33	14	33	21
Prevented from working	535	96	439	88	14	181	74	181	12
No work disability	3 057	880	2 177	447	204	884	258	861	214
In labor force	1 734	444	1 290	284	101	489	122	483	99
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	242	73	169	39	13	65	40	65	18
With a mobility or self-care limitation	100	22	78	17	-	28	26	28	-
With a mobility limitation	79	19	60	17	-	20	16	20	-
With a self-care limitation	77	5	72	17	-	28	20	28	-

Table 25. Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Persons: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on a sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Terrebonne Parish		Lafourche Parish	Totals for split tracts/ BNA's in Terrebonne Parish		Remainder of Terrebonne Parish			
	Houma-Thibodaux, LA MSA	Lafourche Parish	Total	Houma city	Tract 216	Tract 13	Tract 11	Tract 13 (pt.)	Tract 14
OCCUPATION									
Employed persons 16 years and over	1 602	454	1 148	240	113	413	124	407	113
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations	54	16	38	9	—	12	—	12	—
Professional specialty occupations	42	12	30	—	—	14	—	14	—
Technicians and related support occupations	19	10	9	—	—	—	—	—	—
Sales occupations	144	18	126	25	11	53	—	53	—
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	134	48	86	21	—	28	—	28	5
Private household occupations	17	17	—	—	11	—	—	—	—
Protective service occupations	17	6	11	—	—	—	11	—	—
Service occupations, except protective and household	168	51	117	43	14	38	7	38	—
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	290	48	242	28	25	97	43	97	60
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	172	67	105	15	20	28	10	22	26
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	128	34	94	43	12	14	5	14	13
Transportation and material moving occupations	271	97	174	33	20	81	32	81	9
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	146	30	116	23	—	48	16	48	—
INCOME IN 1989									
Households	1 684	505	1 179	273	117	430	174	424	112
Less than \$5,000	280	38	242	69	11	105	44	105	6
\$5,000 to \$9,999	414	122	292	49	61	90	48	90	49
\$10,000 to \$14,999	260	104	156	48	11	64	18	64	12
\$15,000 to \$24,999	367	146	221	41	12	85	34	79	27
\$25,000 to \$34,999	135	46	89	34	8	44	5	44	6
\$35,000 to \$49,999	169	46	123	25	14	37	25	37	6
\$50,000 to \$74,999	29	—	29	7	—	5	—	5	—
\$75,000 to \$99,999	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$100,000 or more	30	3	27	—	—	—	—	—	6
Median (dollars)	12 090	14 361	11 176	11 156	8 088	11 163	9 148	10 988	10 208
Mean (dollars)	18 780	16 827	19 617	15 431	13 286	14 620	14 746	14 510	30 090
Families	1 516	454	1 062	231	117	413	133	407	112
Median income (dollars)	12 849	16 071	11 650	12 446	8 088	11 397	8 334	11 250	9 152
Per capita income (dollars)	4 497	4 000	4 683	3 739	3 858	3 441	3 883	3 442	7 014
INCOME TYPE IN 1989									
Households	1 684	505	1 179	273	117	430	174	424	112
With earnings	1 331	438	893	218	91	316	115	310	83
Mean earnings (dollars)	18 983	14 690	21 088	16 159	11 231	15 423	17 993	15 295	36 393
With Social Security income	374	155	219	34	40	119	39	119	—
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	8 313	9 615	7 391	4 943	5 406	7 301	8 083	7 301	—
With public assistance income	380	99	281	67	37	115	26	115	38
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	3 361	2 151	3 787	3 625	3 312	2 856	3 202	2 856	4 916
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE									
Families (dollars)	19 643	17 488	20 565	16 818	13 286	14 591	15 153	14 475	29 819
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	19 152	15 647	20 426	15 717	11 771	11 435	12 666	11 435	32 777
Married-couple families (dollars)	22 223	18 920	23 680	20 816	16 620	17 612	16 962	17 515	31 168
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	22 332	16 850	24 479	20 027	13 723	15 351	15 656	15 351	34 668
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	10 438	9 777	10 674	6 183	8 320	7 186	—	7 186	—
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	10 236	10 598	10 122	6 795	9 303	3 921	—	3 921	—
POVERTY STATUS IN 1989									
All Income Levels in 1989									
Families	1 516	454	1 062	231	117	413	133	407	112
Householder worked in 1989	986	341	645	139	91	237	79	231	76
With related children under 18 years	1 146	313	833	178	90	298	104	298	91
With related children under 5 years	604	150	454	109	47	130	67	130	71
Married-couple families	1 186	363	823	170	70	306	110	300	106
Householder worked in 1989	845	283	562	115	70	204	79	198	76
With related children under 18 years	850	232	618	123	43	209	81	209	85
With related children under 5 years	425	111	314	68	23	83	44	83	65
Female householder, no husband present	232	61	171	47	47	80	12	80	—
Householder worked in 1989	95	28	67	19	21	22	—	22	—
With related children under 18 years	211	59	152	41	47	67	12	67	—
With related children under 5 years	116	32	84	27	24	32	12	32	—
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	341	103	238	42	20	90	58	90	8
Nonfamily householder	168	51	117	42	—	17	41	17	—
65 years and over	40	13	27	10	—	8	9	8	—
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	6 763	1 851	4 912	1 037	411	1 956	622	1 915	477
Persons under 18 years	2 972	813	2 159	462	173	827	255	805	229
Related children under 18 years	2 972	813	2 159	462	173	827	255	805	229
Related children 5 to 17 years	2 163	600	1 563	345	142	644	188	622	150
Persons 65 years and over	242	73	169	39	13	65	40	65	18
Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level									
Families	761	213	548	108	83	229	85	229	61
Percent below poverty level	50.2	46.9	51.6	46.8	70.9	55.4	63.9	56.3	54.5
Householder worked in 1989	391	135	256	50	57	104	49	104	32
With related children under 18 years	635	179	456	86	70	190	69	190	52
With related children under 5 years	399	103	296	62	35	102	56	102	45
Married-couple families	497	140	357	52	36	135	68	135	55
Householder worked in 1989	285	93	192	31	36	71	49	71	32
With related children under 18 years	382	106	276	36	23	101	52	101	46
With related children under 5 years	248	71	177	26	11	55	39	55	39
Female householder, no husband present	191	52	139	42	47	67	12	67	—
Householder worked in 1989	69	21	48	14	21	22	—	22	—
With related children under 18 years	185	52	133	36	47	67	12	67	—
With related children under 5 years	104	25	79	22	24	32	12	32	—
Unrelated individuals	209	44	165	19	11	76	40	76	8
Nonfamily householder	82	10	72	19	—	17	30	17	—
65 years and over	29	2	27	10	—	8	9	8	—
Persons	3 631	954	2 677	560	270	1 152	362	1 131	359
Percent below poverty level	53.7	51.5	54.5	54.0	65.7	58.9	58.2	59.1	75.3
Persons under 18 years	1 814	488	1 326	295	120	565	147	550	197
Related children under 18 years	1 814	488	1 326	295	120	565	147	550	197
Related children 5 to 17 years	1 322	382	940	221	97	426	98	411	135
Persons 65 years and over	150	26	124	39	13	32	28	32	18
Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:									
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	1 627	329	1 298	327	134	518	138	518	198
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	4 183	1 092	3 091	704	279	1 310	362	1 289	378

Table 26. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of Asian or Pacific Islander Persons: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Houma-Thibodaux, LA MSA	Lafourche Parish	Terrebonne Parish
	PLACE OF BIRTH		
All persons	1 103	471	632
Native	407	190	217
Foreign born	696	281	415
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH			
Linguistically isolated households	98	37	61
Persons 5 years and over	959	430	529
Speak a language other than English	903	392	511
Do not speak English "very well"	548	229	319
In linguistically isolated households	417	141	276
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL			
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	446	245	201
Preprimary school	8	—	8
Public school	8	—	8
Elementary or high school	417	239	178
Public school	381	228	153
College	21	6	15
Public college	15	6	9
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT			
Persons 25 years and over	430	183	247
Less than 9th grade	191	71	120
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	54	34	20
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	117	41	76
Some college, no degree	37	17	20
Associate degree	—	—	—
Bachelor's degree	14	14	—
Graduate or professional degree	17	6	11
Percent high school graduate or higher	43.0	42.6	43.3
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	7.2	10.9	4.5
FERTILITY			
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years	3 000	3 053	2 954
RESIDENCE IN 1985			
Persons 5 years and over	959	430	529
Same house	326	198	128
Different house in United States	561	226	335
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	68	5	63
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	183	138	45
Different MSA/PMSA	269	42	227
Not in on MSA/PMSA	41	41	—
Abroad	72	6	66
JOURNEY TO WORK			
Workers 16 years and over	308	151	157
Car, truck, or van	303	146	157
Drove alone	153	57	96
Carpooled	150	89	61
Public transportation	—	—	—
Other means	—	—	—
Worked at home	5	5	—
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	25.4	25.8	25.0
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence	258	131	127
Central city	77	4	73
Outside central city	181	127	54
Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence	50	20	30
LABOR FORCE STATUS			
Persons 16 years and over	512	222	290
In labor force	338	162	176
Employed	315	158	157
Unemployed	23	4	19
Percent of civilian labor force	6.8	2.5	10.8
Females 16 years and over	301	126	175
Employed	141	72	69
Unemployed	13	4	9
With own children under 6 years	120	36	84
In labor force	66	36	30
With own children 6 to 17 years only	55	37	18
In labor force	38	20	18
Persons 16 to 19 years	53	39	14
Not enrolled in school	13	4	9
Unemployed or not in labor force	13	4	9
Not high school graduate	9	—	9
Employed	—	—	—
Unemployed	9	—	9
Not in labor force	—	—	—
WORK STATUS IN 1989			
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	320	156	164
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	274	110	164
50 to 52 weeks	118	30	88
DISABILITY			
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	490	210	280
With a mobility or self-care limitation	22	—	22
With a mobility limitation	22	—	22
In labor force	11	—	11
With a self-care limitation	22	—	22
With a work disability	22	—	22
In labor force	11	—	11
Prevented from working	11	—	11
No work disability	468	210	258
In labor force	327	162	165
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	22	12	10
With a mobility or self-care limitation	6	6	—
With a mobility limitation	6	6	—
With a self-care limitation	6	6	—

Table 27. Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of Asian or Pacific Islander Persons: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Houma-Thibodaux, LA MSA	Lafourche Parish	Terrebonne Parish
OCCUPATION			
Employed persons 16 years and over	315	158	157
Executive, administrative, and monogerial occupations	19	—	19
Professional specialty occupations	29	18	11
Technicians and related support occupations	—	—	—
Sales occupations	—	—	—
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	21	10	11
Private household occupations	—	—	—
Protective service occupations	—	—	—
Service occupations, except protective and household	91	11	80
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	62	42	20
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	16	16	—
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	11	11	—
Transportation and material moving occupations	—	—	—
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	66	50	16
INCOME IN 1989			
Households	191	69	122
Less than \$5,000	32	2	30
\$5,000 to \$9,999	28	10	18
\$10,000 to \$14,999	29	17	12
\$15,000 to \$24,999	51	11	40
\$25,000 to \$34,999	15	15	—
\$35,000 to \$49,999	10	—	10
\$50,000 to \$74,999	20	14	6
\$75,000 to \$99,999	—	—	—
\$100,000 or more	6	—	6
Median (dollars)	16 250	22 708	15 313
Mean (dollars)	25 203	25 486	25 043
Families	175	63	112
Median income (dollars)	17 841	23 958	16 875
Per capita income (dollars)	5 043	5 368	4 801
INCOME TYPE IN 1989			
Households	191	69	122
With earnings	153	61	92
Mean earnings (dollars)	28 908	26 730	30 352
With Social Security income	11	11	—
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	5 254	5 254	—
With public assistance income	45	15	30
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	4 168	4 680	3 912
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE			
Families (dollars)	26 762	26 579	26 865
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	27 468	27 919	27 182
Married-couple families (dollars)	35 955	34 478	36 776
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	34 676	34 478	34 805
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	6 723	9 247	5 243
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	4 492	6 058	3 552
POVERTY STATUS IN 1989			
All Income Levels in 1989			
Families	175	63	112
Householder worked in 1989	139	47	92
With related children under 18 years	150	57	93
With related children under 5 years	87	25	62
Married-couple families	112	40	72
Householder worked in 1989	112	40	72
With related children under 18 years	102	40	62
With related children under 5 years	67	25	42
Female householder, no husband present	46	17	29
Householder worked in 1989	16	7	9
With related children under 18 years	37	17	20
With related children under 5 years	20	—	20
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	26	16	10
Nonfamily householder	16	6	10
65 years and over	10	—	10
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	1 103	471	632
Persons under 18 years	627	271	356
Related children under 18 years	618	271	347
Related children 5 to 17 years	474	230	244
Persons 65 years and over	22	12	10
Income In 1989 Below Poverty Level			
Families	73	23	50
Percent below poverty level	41.7	36.5	44.6
Householder worked in 1989	43	13	30
With related children under 18 years	64	23	41
With related children under 5 years	52	11	41
Married-couple families	32	11	21
Householder worked in 1989	32	11	21
With related children under 18 years	32	11	21
With related children under 5 years	32	11	21
Female householder, no husband present	41	12	29
Householder worked in 1989	11	2	9
With related children under 18 years	32	12	20
With related children under 5 years	20	—	20
Unrelated individuals	14	4	10
Nonfamily householder	10	—	10
65 years and over	10	—	10
Persons	478	146	332
Percent below poverty level	43.3	31.0	52.5
Persons under 18 years	333	100	233
Related children under 18 years	333	100	233
Related children 5 to 17 years	233	78	155
Persons 65 years and over	10	—	10
Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:			
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	225	14	211
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	575	197	378

Table 28. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of Hispanic Origin Persons: 1990

[Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race. Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Houma-Thibodaux, LA MSA	Lafourche Parish	Terrebonne Parish
PLACE OF BIRTH			
All persons	2 526	1 296	1 230
Native	2 202	1 155	1 047
Foreign born	324	141	183
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH			
Linguistically isolated households	90	41	49
Persons 5 years and over	2 234	1 162	1 072
Speak a language other than English	1 112	631	481
Do not speak English "very well"	358	199	159
In linguistically isolated households	178	64	114
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL			
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	830	475	355
Preprimary school	41	12	29
Public school	15	-	15
Elementary or high school	602	348	254
Public school	530	328	202
College	187	115	72
Public college	148	96	52
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT			
Persons 25 years and over	1 259	610	649
Less than 9th grade	271	165	106
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	159	81	78
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	420	172	248
Some college, no degree	236	98	138
Associate degree	51	36	15
Bachelor's degree	89	25	64
Graduate or professional degree	33	33	-
Percent high school graduate or higher	65.8	59.7	71.6
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	9.7	9.5	9.9
FERTILITY			
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years	1 345	1 433	1 257
RESIDENCE IN 1985			
Persons 5 years and over	2 234	1 162	1 072
Some house	1 382	760	622
Different house in United States	846	402	444
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	193	15	178
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	411	274	137
Different MSA/PMSA	231	109	122
Not in an MSA/PMSA	11	4	7
Abroad	6	-	6
JOURNEY TO WORK			
Workers 16 years and over	961	426	535
Car, truck, or van	890	390	500
Drove alone	763	286	477
Carpooled	127	104	23
Public transportation	-	-	-
Other means	65	30	35
Worked at home	6	6	-
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	26.7	23.0	29.5
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence	763	337	426
Central city	309	102	207
Outside central city	454	235	219
Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence	198	89	109
LABOR FORCE STATUS			
Persons 16 years and over	1 691	861	830
In labor force	1 013	442	571
Employed	961	426	535
Unemployed	52	16	36
Percent of civilian labor force	5.1	3.6	6.3
Females 16 years and over	942	495	447
Employed	364	155	209
Unemployed	42	6	36
With own children under 6 years	171	74	97
In labor force	58	15	43
With own children 6 to 17 years only	204	103	101
In labor force	134	46	88
Persons 16 to 19 years	209	126	83
Not enrolled in school	22	13	9
Unemployed or not in labor force	13	4	9
Not high school graduate	11	2	9
Employed	2	2	-
Unemployed	9	-	9
Not in labor force	-	-	-
WORK STATUS IN 1989			
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	1 127	515	612
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	909	408	501
50 to 52 weeks	541	233	308
DISABILITY			
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	1 496	768	728
With a mobility or self-care limitation	119	74	45
With a mobility limitation	56	28	28
In labor force	-	-	-
With a self-care limitation	89	66	23
With a work disability	179	85	94
In labor force	35	-	35
Prevented from working	94	58	36
No work disability	1 317	683	634
In labor force	955	435	520
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	177	86	91
With a mobility or self-care limitation	52	37	15
With a mobility limitation	23	23	-
With a self-care limitation	52	37	15

Table 29. Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of Hispanic Origin Persons: 1990

[Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race. Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on a sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Hauma-Thibodaux, LA MSA		
	Lofourche Parish	Terbonne Parish	
OCCUPATION			
Employed persons 16 years and over	961	426	535
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations	82	40	42
Professional specialty occupations	81	44	37
Technicians and related support occupations	56	11	45
Sales occupations	96	28	68
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	138	59	79
Private household occupations	6	-	6
Protective service occupations	17	12	5
Service occupations, except protective and household	168	79	89
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	29	-	29
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	174	106	68
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	38	16	22
Transportation and material moving occupations	41	21	20
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	35	10	25
INCOME IN 1989			
Households	776	348	428
Less than \$5,000	99	49	50
\$5,000 to \$9,999	66	39	27
\$10,000 to \$14,999	103	36	67
\$15,000 to \$24,999	167	47	120
\$25,000 to \$34,999	135	69	66
\$35,000 to \$49,999	122	66	56
\$50,000 to \$74,999	49	34	15
\$75,000 to \$99,999	22	8	14
\$100,000 or more	13	-	13
Median (dollars)	21 638	25 536	20 500
Mean (dollars)	27 334	26 358	28 127
Families	571	239	332
Median income (dollars)	27 426	32 098	21 705
Per capita income (dollars)	8 656	7 427	9 950
INCOME TYPE IN 1989			
Households	776	348	428
With earnings	620	258	362
Mean earnings (dollars)	30 616	30 863	30 440
With Social Security income	166	94	72
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	5 855	4 947	7 040
With public assistance income	39	16	23
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	1 978	3 456	950
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE			
Families (dollars)	31 999	32 242	31 823
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	31 357	33 434	29 822
Married-couple families (dollars)	36 380	36 099	36 622
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	36 928	36 787	37 062
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	10 851	5 444	12 831
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	10 655	3 290	11 994
POVERTY STATUS IN 1989			
All Income Levels in 1989			
Families	571	239	332
Householder worked in 1989	490	187	303
With related children under 18 years	354	157	197
With related children under 5 years	131	53	78
Married-couple families	440	204	236
Householder worked in 1989	385	178	207
With related children under 18 years	265	138	127
With related children under 5 years	123	45	78
Female householder, no husband present	97	26	71
Householder worked in 1989	71	-	71
With related children under 18 years	65	10	55
With related children under 5 years	-	-	-
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	267	146	121
Nonfamily householder	205	109	96
65 years and over	64	28	36
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	2 435	1 246	1 189
Persons under 18 years	900	474	426
Related children under 18 years	891	474	417
Related children 5 to 17 years	617	340	277
Persons 65 years and over	177	86	91
Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level			
Families	85	29	56
Percent below poverty level	14.9	12.1	16.9
Householder worked in 1989	61	5	56
With related children under 18 years	71	15	56
With related children under 5 years	30	5	25
Married-couple families	45	12	33
Householder worked in 1989	38	5	33
With related children under 18 years	38	5	33
With related children under 5 years	30	5	25
Female householder, no husband present	40	17	23
Householder worked in 1989	23	-	23
With related children under 18 years	33	10	23
With related children under 5 years	-	-	-
Unrelated individuals	120	68	52
Nonfamily householder	65	38	27
65 years and over	24	7	17
Persons	351	141	210
Percent below poverty level	14.4	11.3	17.7
Persons under 18 years	101	29	72
Related children under 18 years	101	29	72
Related children 5 to 17 years	61	18	43
Persons 65 years and over	24	7	17
Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:			
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	152	89	63
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	613	252	361

Table 30. Social and Labor Force Characteristics of White, Not of Hispanic Origin Persons: 1990

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Houma-Thibodaux, LA MSA	Lafourche Parish	Terrebonne Parish
PLACE OF BIRTH			
All persons	145 973	71 619	74 354
Native	145 418	71 401	74 017
Foreign born	555	218	337
LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH			
Linguistically isolated households	2 669	1 736	933
Persons 5 years and over	134 761	66 215	68 546
Speak a language other than English	31 202	19 117	12 085
Do not speak English "very well"	8 602	5 620	2 982
In linguistically isolated households	4 228	2 863	1 365
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL			
Persons 3 years and over enrolled in school	38 937	19 020	19 917
Preprimary school	1 988	1 007	981
Public school	1 072	498	574
Elementary or high school	29 422	13 832	15 590
Public school	25 327	11 886	13 441
College	7 527	4 181	3 346
Public college	6 735	3 746	2 989
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT			
Persons 25 years and over	87 833	43 117	44 716
Less than 9th grade	19 819	11 086	8 733
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	13 558	6 446	7 112
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	31 984	15 237	16 747
Some college, no degree	10 662	4 446	6 216
Associate degree	2 419	1 210	1 209
Bachelor's degree	5 970	2 882	3 088
Graduate or professional degree	3 421	1 810	1 611
Percent high school graduate or higher	62.0	59.3	64.6
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	10.7	10.9	10.5
FERTILITY			
Children ever born per 1,000 women 15 to 44 years	1 415	1 366	1 463
RESIDENCE IN 1985			
Persons 5 years and over	134 761	66 215	68 546
Some house	88 965	45 118	43 847
Different house in United States	45 501	20 978	24 523
Central city of this MSA/PMSA	12 440	3 375	9 065
Remainder of this MSA/PMSA	24 380	13 048	11 332
Different MSA/PMSA	5 372	2 985	2 387
Nat in an MSA/PMSA	3 309	1 570	1 739
Abroad	295	119	176
JOURNEY TO WORK			
Workers 16 years and over	56 588	27 796	28 792
Car, truck, or van	51 768	25 468	26 300
Drove alone	42 022	19 755	22 267
Carpooled	9 746	5 713	4 033
Public transportation	401	298	103
Other means	3 319	1 510	1 809
Worked at home	1 100	520	580
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	23.6	25.8	21.5
Worked in MSA/PMSA of residence	47 891	22 181	25 710
Central city	22 028	7 844	14 184
Outside central city	25 863	14 337	11 526
Worked outside MSA/PMSA of residence	8 697	5 615	3 082
LABOR FORCE STATUS			
Persons 16 years and over	108 064	53 786	54 278
In labor force	61 523	30 252	31 271
Employed	57 613	28 300	29 313
Unemployed	3 800	1 927	1 873
Percent of civilian labor force	6.2	6.4	6.0
Females 16 years and over	55 635	27 686	27 949
Employed	21 674	10 382	11 292
Unemployed	1 948	1 007	941
With own children under 6 years	10 080	5 020	5 060
In labor force	4 518	2 188	2 330
With own children 6 to 17 years only	12 084	5 789	6 295
In labor force	6 578	3 084	3 494
Persons 16 to 19 years	8 707	4 402	4 305
Not enrolled in school	2 496	1 271	1 225
Unemployed or nat in labor force	1 244	599	645
Nat high school graduate	1 196	585	611
Employed	403	212	191
Unemployed	138	77	61
Nat in labor force	655	296	359
WORK STATUS IN 1989			
Persons 16 years and over who worked in 1989	66 885	32 650	34 235
Usually worked 35 or more hours per week	53 045	26 052	26 993
50 to 52 weeks	32 395	15 399	16 996
DISABILITY			
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 16 to 64 years	93 787	46 432	47 355
With a mobility or self-care limitation	4 856	2 181	2 675
With a mobility limitation	2 532	1 053	1 479
In labor force	417	189	228
With a self-care limitation	3 603	1 618	1 985
With a work disability	11 149	4 963	6 186
In labor force	3 391	1 359	2 032
Prevented from working	6 690	3 182	3 508
No work disability	82 638	41 469	41 169
In labor force	56 876	28 291	28 585
Civilian noninstitutionalized persons 65 years and over	13 190	6 865	6 325
With a mobility or self-care limitation	3 033	1 548	1 485
With a mobility limitation	2 255	1 120	1 135
With a self-care limitation	1 931	977	954

Table 31. Occupation, Income in 1989, and Poverty Status in 1989 of White, Not of Hispanic Origin Persons: 1990

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Houma-Thibodaux, LA MSA		
	Lafourche Parish	Terrebonne Parish	
OCCUPATION			
Employed persons 16 years and over	57 613	28 300	29 313
Executive, administrative, and managerial occupations	5 152	2 265	2 887
Professional specialty occupations	6 594	3 423	3 171
Technicians and related support occupations	1 733	816	917
Sales occupations	7 113	3 029	4 084
Administrative support occupations, including clerical	7 853	3 674	4 179
Private household occupations	170	72	98
Protective service occupations	718	296	422
Service occupations, except protective and household	4 645	2 290	2 355
Farming, forestry, and fishing occupations	1 616	886	730
Precision production, craft, and repair occupations	10 548	5 483	5 065
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	3 359	1 935	1 424
Transportation and material moving occupations	5 355	2 874	2 481
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	2 757	1 257	1 500
INCOME IN 1989			
Households	50 594	25 040	25 554
Less than \$5,000	4 279	2 136	2 143
\$5,000 to \$9,999	5 697	3 162	2 535
\$10,000 to \$14,999	5 918	2 979	2 939
\$15,000 to \$24,999	10 635	5 175	5 460
\$25,000 to \$34,999	8 837	4 370	4 467
\$35,000 to \$49,999	7 984	3 916	4 068
\$50,000 to \$74,999	5 248	2 390	2 858
\$75,000 to \$99,999	1 086	537	549
\$100,000 or more	910	375	535
Median (dollars)	23 807	23 245	24 402
Mean (dollars)	30 130	28 889	31 347
Families	40 357	19 977	20 380
Median income (dollars)	26 841	26 070	27 776
Per capita income (dollars)	10 532	10 181	10 870
INCOME TYPE IN 1989			
Households	50 594	25 040	25 554
With earnings	40 249	19 708	20 541
Mean earnings (dollars)	31 412	30 264	32 513
With Social Security income	13 018	6 697	6 321
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	7 208	6 873	7 561
With public assistance income	3 311	1 623	1 688
Mean public assistance income (dollars)	3 610	3 762	3 463
MEAN FAMILY INCOME IN 1989 BY FAMILY TYPE			
Families (dollars)	33 279	31 998	34 534
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	32 653	31 910	33 355
Married-couple families (dollars)	35 656	34 234	37 047
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	35 474	34 711	36 198
Female householder, no husband present (dollars)	16 730	15 874	17 548
With own children under 18 years (dollars)	12 820	11 648	13 860
POVERTY STATUS IN 1989			
All Income Levels in 1989			
Families	40 383	20 083	20 297
Householder worked in 1989	31 111	15 526	15 563
With related children under 18 years	23 862	11 632	12 228
With related children under 5 years	9 811	4 889	4 933
Married-couple families	33 962	16 862	17 051
Householder worked in 1989	27 409	13 614	13 723
With related children under 18 years	19 613	9 543	10 023
With related children under 5 years	8 329	4 131	4 172
Female householder, no husband present	4 853	2 366	2 510
Householder worked in 1989	2 655	1 266	1 416
With related children under 18 years	3 314	1 585	1 764
With related children under 5 years	1 106	510	623
Unrelated individuals for whom poverty status is determined	13 200	6 604	6 568
Nonfamily householder	10 207	5 059	5 120
65 years and over	3 785	1 972	1 815
Persons for whom poverty status is determined	144 069	70 626	73 412
Persons under 18 years	41 775	19 713	22 062
Related children under 18 years	41 600	19 631	21 969
Related children 5 to 17 years	30 515	14 256	16 259
Persons 65 years and over	12 781	6 716	6 051
Income in 1989 Below Poverty Level			
Families	6 589	3 167	3 466
Percent below poverty level	16.3	15.9	17.0
Householder worked in 1989	3 359	1 668	1 723
With related children under 18 years	4 923	2 288	2 652
With related children under 5 years	2 392	1 027	1 376
Married-couple families	4 080	1 930	2 159
Householder worked in 1989	2 273	1 085	1 193
With related children under 18 years	2 800	1 201	1 581
With related children under 5 years	1 508	619	873
Female householder, no husband present	2 114	1 047	1 102
Householder worked in 1989	877	465	439
With related children under 18 years	1 825	931	929
With related children under 5 years	747	335	439
Unrelated individuals	5 092	2 651	2 429
Nonfamily householder	3 296	1 668	1 616
65 years and over	1 449	733	704
Persons	25 373	12 388	13 017
Percent below poverty level	17.6	17.5	17.7
Persons under 18 years	8 345	4 006	4 339
Related children under 18 years	8 187	3 929	4 258
Related children 5 to 17 years	5 865	2 839	3 026
Persons 65 years and over	2 627	1 321	1 281
Ratio of income in 1989 to poverty level:			
Persons below 50 percent of poverty level	11 315	5 518	5 821
Persons below 125 percent of poverty level	33 997	17 155	16 849

Table 32. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990

[Data based on a sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Houma-Thibodaux, LA MSA	Lafourche Parish		Terrebonne Parish			Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Lafourche Parish			
		Total	Thibodaux city	Total	Bayou Cane COP	Houma city	Tract 202.02	Tract 203	Tract 204	Tract 205
All housing units	66 748	31 332	5 454	35 416	5 957	11 476	994	--	984	2 041
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT										
1989 to March 1990	555	258	21	297	42	47	6	--	--	30
1985 to 1988	4 004	2 060	182	1 944	321	358	82	--	14	106
1980 to 1984	10 009	4 499	517	5 510	898	958	202	--	56	339
1970 to 1979	19 323	8 657	1 121	10 666	1 936	2 741	401	--	81	851
1960 to 1969	12 644	5 702	904	6 942	1 927	2 126	118	--	167	412
1950 to 1959	10 048	5 006	1 174	5 042	694	2 493	95	--	140	247
1940 to 1949	5 041	2 492	801	2 549	46	1 424	31	--	286	41
1939 or earlier	5 124	2 658	734	2 466	93	1 329	59	--	240	15
BEDROOMS										
No bedroom	720	279	56	441	19	287	--	--	25	5
1 bedroom	6 254	2 948	1 074	3 306	638	1 355	96	--	220	319
2 bedrooms	21 574	10 715	2 034	10 859	1 632	3 399	269	--	316	693
3 bedrooms	31 992	14 680	1 812	17 312	3 229	5 065	453	--	337	882
4 bedrooms	5 276	2 258	410	3 018	401	1 181	138	--	60	127
5 or more bedrooms	932	452	68	480	38	189	38	--	26	15
CONDOMINIUM HOUSING UNITS										
Owner-occupied condominium housing units	106	32	13	74	32	16	--	--	--	--
Renter-occupied condominium housing units	123	10	10	113	36	38	--	--	--	--
Vacant condominium housing units	14	--	--	14	--	--	--	--	--	--
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS										
Complete kitchen facilities	65 989	30 971	5 405	35 018	5 896	11 388	989	--	970	2 023
Source of water, public system or private company	66 597	31 224	5 454	35 373	5 957	11 470	983	--	984	2 041
Sewage disposal, public sewer	31 406	9 997	5 374	21 409	5 671	11 245	709	--	979	1 665
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	691	368	31	323	34	73	5	--	25	11
Owner-occupied housing units	283	129	7	154	3	37	--	--	7	--
Renter-occupied housing units	149	99	18	50	--	15	5	--	18	11
Occupied housing units	60 672	28 835	4 945	31 837	5 457	10 658	951	--	870	1 871
HOUSE HEATING FUEL										
Utility gas	35 748	15 880	3 045	19 868	2 965	7 666	354	--	687	968
Bottled, tank, or LP gas	1 359	728	77	631	32	88	--	--	9	36
Electricity	23 158	11 999	1 791	11 159	2 422	2 904	597	--	174	867
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	150	94	6	56	16	--	--	--	--	--
All other fuels	208	108	19	100	22	--	--	--	--	--
No fuel used	49	26	7	23	--	--	--	--	--	--
VEHICLES AVAILABLE										
None	6 841	3 127	917	3 714	259	1 828	47	--	263	317
1	22 334	10 503	2 080	11 831	2 108	3 902	234	--	388	665
2	24 483	11 689	1 463	12 794	2 342	3 894	527	--	166	706
3 or more	7 014	3 516	485	3 498	748	1 034	143	--	53	183
Vehicles per household	1.6	1.6	1.3	1.5	1.7	1.4	1.8	--	1.0	1.4
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT										
Owner-occupied housing units										
1989 to March 1990	45 126	21 833	2 586	23 293	3 398	6 876	656	--	454	1 025
1985 to 1988	3 346	1 522	144	1 824	266	488	50	--	26	126
1980 to 1984	8 596	3 922	328	4 674	680	1 232	108	--	33	131
1970 to 1979	7 886	3 710	314	4 176	540	1 022	145	--	33	210
1969 or earlier	11 548	5 640	481	5 908	902	1 617	237	--	63	284
Renter-occupied housing units	13 750	7 039	1 319	6 711	1 010	2 517	116	--	299	274
Occupied housing units	15 546	7 002	2 359	8 544	2 059	3 782	295	--	416	846
1989 to March 1990	7 306	3 040	1 003	4 266	1 357	1 738	167	--	156	310
1985 to 1988	5 039	2 329	810	2 710	528	1 175	99	--	105	389
1980 to 1984	1 366	683	214	683	83	305	5	--	55	55
1970 to 1979	1 049	506	219	543	69	368	19	--	55	92
1969 or earlier	786	444	113	342	22	196	5	--	45	--
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS										
No telephone in unit	5 390	2 820	570	2 570	261	923	53	--	166	279
Householder 65 years and over	10 650	5 326	1 325	5 324	560	2 503	122	--	268	207
Owner-occupied housing units	9 149	4 615	1 042	4 534	475	1 946	107	--	212	123
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	126	62	5	64	--	--	--	--	5	--
No telephone in unit	505	292	49	213	--	60	10	--	21	17
No vehicle available	2 607	1 142	312	1 465	55	792	27	--	94	58
Complete plumbing facilities	60 240	28 607	4 920	31 633	5 454	10 606	946	--	845	1 860
1.00 or less persons per room	55 652	26 614	4 576	29 038	5 233	9 820	926	--	733	1 740
1.01 or more persons per room	4 588	1 993	344	2 595	221	786	20	--	112	120
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	432	228	25	204	3	52	5	--	25	11
1.00 or less persons per room	349	185	17	164	3	46	5	--	17	11
1.01 or more persons per room	83	43	8	40	--	6	--	--	8	--
Mean household income in 1989:										
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars)	30 761	29 961	35 849	31 511	33 672	32 581	54 346	--	24 225	29 457
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars)	18 372	17 172	16 618	19 356	24 039	16 567	19 743	--	12 820	14 370
Household income in 1989 below poverty level	13 812	6 465	1 457	7 347	946	2 580	207	--	314	546
Owner-occupied housing units	7 996	3 586	472	4 410	437	1 107	77	--	92	115
Renter-occupied housing units	5 816	2 879	985	2 937	509	1 473	130	--	222	431

Table 32. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on a sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Lafourche Parish—Con.		Thibodaux city, Lafourche Parish							
	Tract 206	Tract 207	Tract 201	Tract 202.01	Tract 202.02 (pt.)	Tract 203 (pt.)	Tract 204 (pt.)	Tract 205 (pt.)	Tract 206 (pt.)	Tract 207 (pt.)
All housing units	740	3 587	1 607	636	35	—	984	1 147	200	845
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT										
1989 to March 1990	7	44	13	—	—	—	—	8	—	—
1985 to 1988	26	313	28	11	13	—	14	55	—	61
1980 to 1984	78	791	56	94	—	—	56	162	11	138
1970 to 1979	231	1 019	202	115	22	—	81	486	33	182
1960 to 1969	259	360	285	93	—	—	167	198	83	78
1950 to 1959	125	461	488	110	—	—	140	193	67	176
1940 to 1949	14	280	260	77	—	—	286	30	6	142
1939 or earlier	—	319	275	136	—	—	240	15	—	68
BEDROOMS										
No bedroom	—	5	14	7	—	—	25	5	—	5
1 bedroom	29	275	333	103	15	—	220	260	26	117
2 bedrooms	160	1 311	624	202	20	—	316	492	85	295
3 bedrooms	468	1 625	553	214	—	—	337	298	66	344
4 bedrooms	72	303	77	78	—	—	60	92	23	80
5 or more bedrooms	11	68	6	32	—	—	26	—	—	4
CONDOMINIUM HOUSING UNITS										
Owner-occupied condominium housing units	—	7	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	7
Renter-occupied condominium housing units	—	5	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	5
Vacant condominium housing units	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS										
Complete kitchen facilities	740	3 565	1 590	636	35	—	970	1 129	200	845
Source of water, public system or private company	740	3 587	1 607	636	35	—	984	1 147	200	845
Sewage disposal, public sewer	470	1 532	1 583	623	35	—	979	1 135	186	833
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	—	30	6	—	—	—	25	—	—	—
Owner-occupied housing units	—	8	—	—	—	—	7	—	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units	—	22	—	—	—	—	18	—	—	—
Occupied housing units	708	3 318	1 464	595	35	—	870	1 014	183	784
HOUSE HEATING FUEL										
Utility gas	426	1 279	995	269	—	—	687	552	160	382
Bottled, tank, or LP gas	6	175	5	27	—	—	9	30	6	—
Electricity	276	1 840	432	299	35	—	174	432	17	402
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	—	24	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
All other fuels	—	—	19	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No fuel used	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
VEHICLES AVAILABLE										
None	77	288	272	53	—	—	263	194	56	79
1	166	1 093	582	285	8	—	388	454	65	298
2	313	1 490	483	181	5	—	166	302	42	284
3 or more	152	447	127	76	22	—	53	64	20	123
Vehicles per household	1.8	1.7	1.3	1.5	2.8	—	1.0	1.2	1.2	1.6
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT										
Owner-occupied housing units										
1989 to March 1990	30	175	29	25	—	—	26	40	12	12
1985 to 1988	75	552	81	39	—	—	33	6	5	164
1980 to 1984	65	632	103	35	—	—	33	64	—	79
1970 to 1979	168	478	163	40	—	—	63	114	14	87
1969 or earlier	207	586	434	215	—	—	299	142	56	173
Renter-occupied housing units										
1989 to March 1990	71	413	296	97	28	—	156	269	40	117
1985 to 1988	73	246	186	107	7	—	105	276	45	84
1980 to 1984	8	99	78	21	—	—	55	29	—	31
1970 to 1979	5	52	64	6	—	—	55	74	5	15
1969 or earlier	6	85	30	10	—	—	45	—	6	22
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS										
No telephone in unit	15	245	131	24	—	—	166	176	15	58
Householder 65 years and over	162	602	401	234	—	—	268	163	67	192
Owner-occupied housing units	126	509	316	216	—	—	212	96	38	164
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	—	—	—
No telephone in unit	—	21	5	—	—	—	21	17	—	6
No vehicle available	33	97	111	30	—	—	94	41	18	18
Complete plumbing facilities	708	3 288	1 464	595	35	—	845	1 014	183	784
1.00 or less persons per room	686	3 155	1 352	580	35	—	733	949	173	754
1.01 or more persons per room	22	133	112	15	—	—	112	65	10	30
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	—	30	—	—	—	—	25	—	—	—
1.00 or less persons per room	—	21	—	—	—	—	17	—	—	—
1.01 or more persons per room	—	9	—	—	—	—	8	—	—	—
Mean household income in 1989:										
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars)	35 164	34 615	34 678	50 002	—	—	24 225	25 897	16 545	48 546
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars)	20 998	18 808	16 930	22 691	13 071	—	12 820	15 700	11 696	20 721
Household income in 1989 below poverty level	103	600	433	104	15	—	314	359	89	143
Owner-occupied housing units	33	296	181	45	—	—	92	60	27	67
Renter-occupied housing units	70	304	252	59	15	—	222	299	62	76

Table 32. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Lafourche Parish									
	Tract 202.02 (pt.)	Tract 203 (pt.)	Tract 204 (pt.)	Tract 205 (pt.)	Tract 206 (pt.)	Tract 207 (pt.)	Tract 208	Tract 209	Tract 210	Tract 211
All housing units -----	959	-	-	894	540	2 742	1 396	912	961	2 441
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT										
1989 to March 1990-----	6	-	-	22	7	44	23	19	6	111
1985 to 1988-----	69	-	-	51	26	252	90	10	105	319
1980 to 1984-----	202	-	-	177	67	653	217	45	159	711
1970 to 1979-----	379	-	-	365	198	837	356	284	240	414
1960 to 1969-----	118	-	-	214	176	282	293	150	187	301
1950 to 1959-----	95	-	-	54	58	285	237	142	87	414
1940 to 1949-----	31	-	-	11	8	138	99	70	113	301
1939 or earlier-----	59	-	-	-	-	251	81	192	64	111
BEDROOMS										
No bedroom-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	49	9	-	-
1 bedroom-----	81	-	-	59	3	158	83	84	36	211
2 bedrooms-----	249	-	-	201	75	1 016	527	327	381	711
3 bedrooms-----	453	-	-	584	402	1 281	677	412	476	1 201
4 bedrooms-----	138	-	-	35	49	223	60	80	54	141
5 or more bedrooms-----	38	-	-	15	11	64	-	-	14	41
CONDOMINIUM HOUSING UNITS										
Owner-occupied condominium housing units-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	-	-
Renter-occupied condominium housing units-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vacant condominium housing units-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS										
Complete kitchen facilities-----	954	-	-	894	540	2 720	1 378	869	961	2 351
Source of water, public system or private company-----	948	-	-	894	540	2 742	1 392	905	943	2 401
Sewage disposal, public sewer-----	674	-	-	530	284	699	65	87	24	121
Locking complete plumbing facilities-----	5	-	-	11	-	30	27	50	-	21
Owner-occupied housing units-----	-	-	-	-	-	8	8	17	-	-
Renter-occupied housing units-----	5	-	-	11	-	22	8	9	-	-
Occupied housing units -----	916	-	-	857	525	2 534	1 313	799	883	2 141
HOUSE HEATING FUEL										
Utility gas-----	354	-	-	416	266	897	726	545	480	1 101
Battled, tank, or LP gas-----	-	-	-	6	-	175	87	14	34	51
Electricity-----	562	-	-	435	259	1 438	463	233	347	951
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.-----	-	-	-	-	-	24	24	-	6	-
All other fuels-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	13	-	16	21
No fuel used-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	-	-
VEHICLES AVAILABLE										
None-----	47	-	-	123	21	209	99	168	58	181
1-----	226	-	-	211	101	795	461	207	266	981
2-----	522	-	-	404	271	1 206	622	318	425	761
3 or more-----	121	-	-	119	132	324	131	106	134	201
Vehicles per household-----	1.8	-	-	1.6	2.0	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.8	1.1
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT										
Owner-occupied housing units										
1989 to March 1990-----	656	-	-	659	458	1 908	1 168	595	677	1 821
1985 to 1988-----	50	-	-	86	18	163	69	42	54	141
1980 to 1984-----	108	-	-	125	70	388	215	85	153	291
1970 to 1979-----	145	-	-	146	65	553	239	52	84	331
1969 or earlier-----	237	-	-	170	154	391	275	188	166	501
1969 or earlier-----	116	-	-	132	151	413	370	228	220	541
Renter-occupied housing units										
1989 to March 1990-----	260	-	-	198	67	626	145	204	206	311
1985 to 1988-----	139	-	-	41	31	296	63	53	52	111
1980 to 1984-----	92	-	-	113	28	162	61	42	97	101
1970 to 1979-----	5	-	-	26	8	68	16	34	28	61
1969 or earlier-----	19	-	-	18	-	37	-	30	16	61
1969 or earlier-----	5	-	-	-	-	63	5	45	13	21
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS										
No telephone in unit-----	53	-	-	103	-	187	149	167	77	171
Householder 65 years and over-----	122	-	-	44	95	410	182	148	102	291
Owner-occupied housing units-----	107	-	-	27	88	345	173	134	92	241
Lacking complete plumbing facilities-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	7	-	-
No telephone in unit-----	10	-	-	-	-	15	32	17	-	71
No vehicle available-----	27	-	-	17	15	79	44	53	22	451
Complete plumbing facilities-----	911	-	-	846	525	2 504	1 297	773	883	2 131
1.00 or less persons per room-----	891	-	-	791	513	2 401	1 214	717	785	1 911
1.01 or more persons per room-----	20	-	-	55	12	103	83	56	98	221
Lacking complete plumbing facilities-----	5	-	-	11	-	30	16	26	6	61
1.00 or less persons per room-----	5	-	-	11	-	21	16	4	-	61
1.01 or more persons per room-----	-	-	-	-	-	9	-	22	-	-
Mean household income in 1989:										
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars)-----	54 346	-	-	31 434	38 701	30 855	25 720	28 740	35 991	25 042
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars)-----	20 641	-	-	10 018	34 325	17 986	17 520	13 880	25 474	14 525
Household income in 1989 below poverty level-----	192	-	-	187	14	457	232	230	170	492
Owner-occupied housing units-----	77	-	-	55	6	229	196	131	109	327
Renter-occupied housing units-----	115	-	-	132	8	228	36	99	61	165

Table 32. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Lafourche Parish—Con.								Totals for split tracts/8NA's in Terrebonne Parish	
	Tract 212	Tract 213	Tract 214	Tract 215	Tract 216	Tract 217	Tract 218	Tract 219	Tract 2	Tract 3
All housing units	1 788	1 082	1 410	1 938	3 086	1 394	1 909	2 451	3 013	1 476
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT										
1989 to March 1990.....	2	1	—	4	—	4	31	38	21	—
1985 to 1988.....	119	62	118	158	307	60	135	150	248	54
1980 to 1984.....	143	86	170	249	658	153	237	381	522	95
1970 to 1979.....	406	124	279	538	1 137	248	514	853	1 109	382
1960 to 1969.....	347	233	317	474	460	215	523	320	759	401
1950 to 1959.....	445	214	296	273	328	433	226	356	300	361
1940 to 1949.....	219	178	89	159	117	140	161	85	36	94
1939 or earlier.....	107	184	141	83	79	141	82	268	18	89
BEDROOMS										
No bedroom.....	39	4	10	7	8	17	40	13	19	4
1 bedroom.....	125	131	50	179	172	118	198	113	382	130
2 bedrooms.....	674	434	498	566	975	539	655	850	767	438
3 bedrooms.....	835	392	699	1 067	1 643	580	914	1 244	1 605	766
4 bedrooms.....	84	108	122	119	228	120	92	194	212	117
5 or more bedrooms.....	31	13	31	—	60	20	10	37	28	21
CONDOMINIUM HOUSING UNITS										
Owner-occupied condominium housing units.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	—	—	—
Renter-occupied condominium housing units.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	26
Vacant condominium housing units.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS										
Complete kitchen facilities.....	1 746	1 063	1 391	1 914	3 064	1 377	1 892	2 411	2 975	1 465
Source of water, public system or private company.....	1 777	1 080	1 404	1 932	3 059	1 394	1 909	2 451	3 013	1 476
Sewage disposal, public sewer.....	49	73	36	118	406	940	202	313	2 074	1 348
Lacking complete plumbing facilities.....	38	19	20	34	50	13	18	—	23	11
Owner-occupied housing units.....	21	7	7	13	17	—	18	—	—	3
Renter-occupied housing units.....	2	1	—	7	8	8	—	—	—	—
Occupied housing units	1 614	951	1 296	1 807	2 922	1 291	1 750	2 290	2 709	1 421
HOUSE HEATING FUEL										
Utility gas.....	997	603	724	1 047	1 482	888	986	1 317	1 314	990
Bottled, tank, or LP gas.....	51	16	16	64	42	40	—	54	32	34
Electricity.....	536	323	556	691	1 383	356	764	903	1 349	381
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.....	9	3	—	—	6	—	—	16	—	16
All other fuels.....	21	3	—	5	—	7	—	—	14	—
No fuel used.....	—	3	—	—	9	—	—	—	—	—
VEHICLES AVAILABLE										
None.....	178	108	60	180	168	165	275	168	83	91
1.....	632	463	539	726	1 003	512	520	774	1 106	553
2.....	616	301	534	675	1 283	483	741	1 056	1 137	633
3 or more.....	188	79	163	226	468	131	214	292	383	144
Vehicles per household.....	1.5	1.4	1.6	1.6	1.8	1.5	1.5	1.7	1.7	1.6
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT										
Owner-occupied housing units	1 330	735	1 117	1 455	2 523	946	1 347	1 849	1 843	996
1989 to March 1990.....	73	54	59	96	171	79	118	100	179	82
1985 to 1988.....	162	103	197	341	487	214	228	423	473	136
1980 to 1984.....	228	88	135	189	501	84	178	371	317	137
1970 to 1979.....	322	120	291	385	853	204	373	530	526	233
1969 or earlier.....	545	370	435	444	511	365	450	425	348	408
Renter-occupied housing units	284	216	179	352	399	345	403	441	866	425
1989 to March 1990.....	127	82	83	166	203	159	190	236	501	264
1985 to 1988.....	90	64	59	122	120	85	153	122	276	102
1980 to 1984.....	1	26	26	22	22	58	32	33	57	11
1970 to 1979.....	13	15	6	31	23	21	18	40	20	24
1969 or earlier.....	53	29	5	11	31	22	10	10	12	24
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS										
No telephone in unit.....	168	107	86	164	186	177	242	209	142	69
Householder 65 years and over.....	309	233	289	243	531	331	323	344	221	206
Owner-occupied housing units.....	294	207	284	201	485	283	303	303	178	176
Lacking complete plumbing facilities.....	8	6	7	—	8	—	13	—	—	—
No telephone in unit.....	11	9	—	10	49	25	32	26	—	12
No vehicle available.....	69	52	29	28	113	92	65	82	12	12
Complete plumbing facilities.....	1 591	943	1 289	1 787	2 897	1 283	1 732	2 290	2 709	1 418
1.00 or less persons per room.....	1 459	884	1 250	1 659	2 690	1 173	1 593	2 102	2 560	1 348
1.01 or more persons per room.....	132	59	39	128	207	110	139	188	149	70
Lacking complete plumbing facilities.....	23	8	7	20	25	8	18	—	—	3
1.00 or less persons per room.....	20	7	7	20	25	8	18	—	—	3
1.01 or more persons per room.....	3	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mean household income in 1989:										
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars).....	23 728	25 262	26 259	27 478	30 738	21 910	26 961	30 965	31 906	28 825
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars).....	17 793	15 866	16 228	13 684	17 814	19 431	16 762	18 415	22 978	23 790
Household income in 1989 below poverty level.....	429	235	236	412	545	301	456	420	445	250
Owner-occupied housing units.....	311	133	184	219	392	181	303	261	257	128
Renter-occupied housing units.....	118	102	52	193	153	120	153	159	188	122

Table 32. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Terrebonne Parish—Con.									
	Tract 4	Tract 5	Tract 6	Tract 7	Tract 8	Tract 9	Tract 10	Tract 12	Tract 1	Tract 11
All housing units	2 854	2 538	2 200	2 364	2 512	2 184	1 673	3 263	1 821	1 821
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT										
1989 to March 1990	26	—	—	26	—	9	47	22	21	21
1985 to 1988	203	57	69	16	64	—	126	210	41	21
1980 to 1984	560	170	482	131	160	24	405	557	41	21
1970 to 1979	831	642	762	754	936	167	603	799	56	27
1960 to 1969	975	394	233	314	877	337	238	556	27	27
1950 to 1959	237	660	190	543	356	689	129	586	15	15
1940 to 1949	—	282	244	301	114	457	29	332	11	11
1939 or earlier	22	333	220	279	5	501	96	201	6	6
BEDROOMS										
No bedroom	15	199	34	—	39	19	—	—	4	4
1 bedroom	250	391	110	294	232	363	17	307	24	24
2 bedrooms	765	820	757	812	853	781	447	1 114	59	59
3 bedrooms	1 639	870	1 132	1 061	1 171	760	903	1 604	84	84
4 bedrooms	185	193	130	191	185	207	290	214	7	7
5 or more bedrooms	—	65	37	6	32	54	16	24	2	2
CONDOMINIUM HOUSING UNITS										
Owner-occupied condominium housing units	32	—	—	16	—	—	—	—	—	—
Renter-occupied condominium housing units	10	—	—	16	22	—	—	—	—	—
Vacant condominium housing units	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS										
Complete kitchen facilities	2 850	2 518	2 191	2 329	2 512	2 158	1 635	3 216	1 781	1 781
Source of water, public system or private company	2 854	2 538	2 200	2 358	2 512	2 184	1 660	3 256	1 811	1 811
Sewage disposal, public sewer	2 804	2 204	1 909	2 235	2 496	2 142	402	128	37	37
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	4	—	—	35	11	19	18	22	6	6
Owner-occupied housing units	—	—	—	24	5	—	9	14	1	1
Renter-occupied housing units	—	—	—	—	6	9	—	8	2	2
Occupied housing units	2 621	2 311	2 039	2 188	2 382	1 956	1 581	2 534	1 511	1 511
HOUSE HEATING FUEL										
Utility gas	1 295	1 783	1 133	1 668	1 498	1 648	947	1 811	99	99
Battled, tank, or LP gas	—	24	28	33	22	7	14	51	3	3
Electricity	1 304	504	878	479	862	301	606	627	46	46
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	—	—	—	—	—	—	9	25	—	—
All other fuels	22	—	—	—	—	—	5	20	2	2
No fuel used	—	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	—
VEHICLES AVAILABLE										
None	148	524	278	550	203	388	60	231	27	27
1	979	833	946	771	955	850	421	949	63	63
2	1 137	805	647	674	917	592	788	1 076	54	54
3 or more	357	149	168	193	307	126	312	278	5	5
Vehicles per household	1.7	1.3	1.4	1.2	1.6	1.2	1.9	1.6	1.1	1.1
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT										
Owner-occupied housing units	1 550	1 298	1 409	1 425	1 525	1 141	1 460	2 271	1 201	1 201
1989 to March 1990	109	35	118	109	142	26	180	139	10	10
1985 to 1988	325	185	235	267	229	211	283	491	26	26
1980 to 1984	244	185	319	174	164	136	277	399	30	30
1970 to 1979	438	290	444	338	531	194	466	425	27	27
1969 or earlier	434	603	293	537	459	574	254	817	24	24
Renter-occupied housing units	1 071	1 013	630	763	857	815	121	263	304	304
1989 to March 1990	726	387	341	356	538	357	45	83	13	13
1985 to 1988	272	360	214	210	233	224	61	108	10	10
1980 to 1984	39	108	57	65	44	52	—	43	3	3
1970 to 1979	34	121	—	68	42	119	9	11	1	1
1969 or earlier	—	37	18	64	—	63	6	18	1	1
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS										
No telephone in unit	115	200	162	332	102	221	34	170	20	20
Householder 65 years and over	304	747	329	385	298	737	222	408	19	19
Owner-occupied housing units	251	489	294	300	258	612	216	408	18	18
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	—	—	—	—	—	—	9	7	—	—
No telephone in unit	—	—	17	—	—	—	15	10	—	—
No vehicle available	47	305	106	181	59	145	60	117	7	7
Complete plumbing facilities	2 621	2 311	2 039	2 164	2 371	1 947	1 572	2 512	1 473	1 473
1.00 or less persons per room	2 552	2 161	1 866	1 894	2 143	1 846	1 505	2 168	1 174	1 174
1.01 or more persons per room	69	150	173	270	228	101	67	344	299	299
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	—	—	—	24	11	9	9	22	41	41
1.00 or less persons per room	—	—	—	24	5	9	9	22	2	2
1.01 or more persons per room	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	20	20
Mean household income in 1989:										
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars)	36 687	28 044	25 865	22 632	27 991	31 281	36 438	26 178	23 943	23 943
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars)	23 196	15 569	15 838	11 489	20 097	17 400	15 263	21 840	12 543	12 543
Household income in 1989 below poverty level	451	601	584	757	530	441	178	632	565	565
Owner-occupied housing units	173	189	291	306	308	182	129	554	377	377
Renter-occupied housing units	278	412	293	451	222	259	49	78	188	188

Table 32. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Terrebonne Parish—Con.		Boyou Cone CDP, Terrebonne Parish					Houma city, Terrebonne Parish	
	Tract 15.98	Tract 17	Tract 2 (pt.)	Tract 3 (pt.)	Tract 4 (pt.)	Tract 5 (pt.)	Tract 17 (pt.)	Tract 3 (pt.)	Tract 5 (pt.)
All housing units	1 771	885	1 670	1 101	2 846	340	—	363	1 799
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT									
1989 to March 1990.....	24	18	16	—	26	—	—	—	—
1985 to 1988.....	111	159	64	54	203	—	—	—	38
1980 to 1984.....	548	229	225	90	560	23	—	5	93
1970 to 1979.....	586	385	668	329	831	108	—	41	305
1960 to 1969.....	357	18	490	353	967	117	—	48	247
1950 to 1959.....	89	44	200	218	237	39	—	143	567
1940 to 1949.....	28	5	—	19	—	27	—	75	250
1939 or earlier.....	28	27	7	38	22	26	—	51	299
BEDROOMS									
No bedroom.....	—	—	—	4	15	—	—	—	199
1 bedroom.....	29	92	259	74	250	55	—	56	303
2 bedrooms.....	188	159	375	342	765	150	—	84	526
3 bedrooms.....	1 121	430	895	584	1 639	111	—	182	561
4 bedrooms.....	398	136	124	76	177	24	—	41	145
5 or more bedrooms.....	35	68	17	21	—	—	—	—	65
CONDOMINIUM HOUSING UNITS									
Owner-occupied condominium housing units.....	—	26	—	—	32	—	—	—	—
Renter-occupied condominium housing units.....	—	39	—	26	10	—	—	—	—
Vacant condominium housing units.....	—	14	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS									
Complete kitchen facilities.....	1 763	871	1 644	1 090	2 842	320	—	363	1 799
Source of water, public system or private company.....	1 771	885	1 670	1 101	2 846	340	—	363	1 799
Sewage disposal, public sewer.....	1 310	630	1 579	973	2 796	323	—	363	1 769
Locking complete plumbing facilities.....	8	—	19	11	4	—	—	—	—
Owner-occupied housing units.....	8	—	—	3	—	—	—	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Occupied housing units	1 682	851	1 486	1 066	2 613	292	—	343	1 654
HOUSE HEATING FUEL									
Utility gas.....	974	261	744	690	1 287	244	—	288	1 261
Bottled, tank, or LP gas.....	—	—	—	25	—	7	—	9	17
Electricity.....	708	590	742	335	1 304	41	—	46	376
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.....	—	—	—	16	—	—	—	—	—
All other fuels.....	—	—	—	—	22	—	—	—	—
No fuel used.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
VEHICLES AVAILABLE									
None.....	34	28	41	37	148	33	—	54	486
1.....	383	269	602	388	979	139	—	153	593
2.....	1 016	411	616	507	1 129	90	—	126	491
3 or more.....	249	143	227	134	357	30	—	10	84
Vehicles per household.....	1.9	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.4	—	1.3	1.1
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT									
Owner-occupied housing units									
1989 to March 1990.....	1 495	697	919	757	1 542	180	—	227	838
1985 to 1988.....	127	58	83	63	109	11	—	7	14
1980 to 1984.....	424	218	216	110	325	29	—	26	89
1970 to 1979.....	385	163	170	104	244	22	—	33	76
1969 or earlier.....	374	206	238	204	438	22	—	29	171
1969 or earlier.....	185	52	212	276	426	96	—	132	488
Renter-occupied housing units									
1989 to March 1990.....	187	154	567	309	1 071	112	—	116	816
1985 to 1988.....	76	80	337	208	726	86	—	56	259
1980 to 1984.....	70	53	165	75	272	16	—	27	315
1970 to 1979.....	19	15	33	11	39	—	—	—	94
1969 or earlier.....	22	6	20	15	34	—	—	9	121
1969 or earlier.....	—	—	12	—	—	10	—	24	27
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS									
No telephone in unit.....	29	38	74	28	115	44	—	41	146
Householder 65 years and over.....	164	81	97	125	296	42	—	81	663
Owner-occupied housing units.....	164	62	73	117	243	42	—	59	405
Locking complete plumbing facilities.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No telephone in unit.....	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	12	—
No vehicle available.....	10	28	—	—	47	8	—	12	292
Complete plumbing facilities.....	1 674	851	1 486	1 063	2 613	292	—	343	1 654
1.00 or less persons per room.....	1 648	834	1 416	1 019	2 544	254	—	317	1 567
1.01 or more persons per room.....	26	17	70	44	69	38	—	26	87
Locking complete plumbing facilities.....	8	—	—	3	—	—	—	—	—
1.00 or less persons per room.....	8	—	—	3	—	—	—	—	—
1.01 or more persons per room.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mean household income in 1989:									
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars).....	60 207	75 390	32 728	30 669	36 472	27 135	—	23 559	28 539
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars).....	31 573	21 751	24 943	27 006	23 196	19 340	—	15 223	14 613
Household income in 1989 below poverty level.....	133	114	252	159	451	84	—	91	448
Owner-occupied housing units.....	107	84	131	87	173	46	—	41	94
Renter-occupied housing units.....	26	30	121	72	278	38	—	50	354

Table 32. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Houma city, Terrebonne Parish—Con.								
	Tract 6 (pt.)	Tract 7 (pt.)	Tract 8 (pt.)	Tract 9 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 12 (pt.)	Tract 13 (pt.)	Tract 15.98 (pt.)	Tract 17 (pt.)
All housing units -----	889	2 215	2 512	2 184	-	-	118	1 092	304
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT									
1989 to March 1990-----	-	9	-	9	-	-	5	12	12
1985 to 1988-----	13	16	64	-	-	-	61	95	71
1980 to 1984-----	70	105	160	24	-	-	43	362	96
1970 to 1979-----	98	667	936	167	-	-	9	393	125
1960 to 1969-----	128	295	877	337	-	-	-	194	-
1950 to 1959-----	163	543	356	689	-	-	-	32	-
1940 to 1949-----	227	301	114	457	-	-	-	-	-
1939 or earlier-----	190	279	5	501	-	-	-	4	-
BEDROOMS									
No bedroom-----	30	-	39	19	-	-	-	-	-
1 bedroom-----	67	294	232	363	-	-	17	14	9
2 bedrooms-----	340	778	853	781	-	-	-	18	19
3 bedrooms-----	377	966	1 171	760	-	-	92	717	239
4 bedrooms-----	61	171	185	207	-	-	9	325	37
5 or more bedrooms-----	14	6	32	54	-	-	-	18	-
CONDOMINIUM HOUSING UNITS									
Owner-occupied condominium housing units-----	-	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Renter-occupied condominium housing units-----	-	16	22	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vacant condominium housing units-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS									
Complete kitchen facilities-----	880	2 180	2 512	2 158	-	-	118	1 084	294
Source of water, public system or private company-----	889	2 209	2 512	2 184	-	-	118	1 092	304
Sewage disposal, public sewer-----	874	2 131	2 496	2 142	-	-	118	1 048	304
Lacking complete plumbing facilities-----	-	35	11	19	-	-	-	8	-
Owner-occupied housing units-----	-	24	5	-	-	-	-	8	-
Renter-occupied housing units-----	-	-	6	9	-	-	-	-	-
Occupied housing units -----	811	2 043	2 382	1 956	-	-	118	1 057	294
HOUSE HEATING FUEL									
Utility gas-----	726	1 609	1 498	1 648	-	-	-	560	76
Bottled, tank, or LP gas-----	-	33	22	7	-	-	-	-	-
Electricity-----	85	401	862	301	-	-	118	497	218
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
All other fuels-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
No fuel used-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VEHICLES AVAILABLE									
None-----	151	534	203	388	-	-	-	12	-
1-----	384	719	955	850	-	-	-	176	72
2-----	186	614	917	592	-	-	98	679	191
3 or more-----	90	176	307	126	-	-	20	190	31
Vehicles per household-----	1.3	1.2	1.6	1.2	-	-	2.2	2.0	1.9
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT									
Owner-occupied housing units -----	540	1 296	1 525	1 141	-	-	97	946	266
1989 to March 1990-----	57	100	142	26	-	-	22	90	30
1985 to 1988-----	38	216	229	211	-	-	45	272	106
1980 to 1984-----	71	167	164	136	-	-	21	295	59
1970 to 1979-----	115	276	531	194	-	-	9	221	71
1969 or earlier-----	259	537	459	574	-	-	-	68	-
Renter-occupied housing units -----	271	747	857	815	-	-	21	111	28
1989 to March 1990-----	120	340	538	357	-	-	13	27	28
1985 to 1988-----	102	210	233	224	-	-	8	56	-
1980 to 1984-----	31	65	44	52	-	-	-	19	-
1970 to 1979-----	-	68	42	119	-	-	-	9	-
1969 or earlier-----	18	64	-	63	-	-	-	-	-
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS									
No telephone in unit-----	75	332	102	221	-	-	-	-	6
Householder 65 years and over-----	217	377	298	737	-	-	17	107	6
Owner-occupied housing units-----	190	292	258	612	-	-	17	107	6
Lacking complete plumbing facilities-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
No telephone in unit-----	9	17	-	22	-	-	-	-	-
No vehicle available-----	98	181	59	145	-	-	-	5	-
Complete plumbing facilities-----	811	2 019	2 371	1 947	-	-	118	1 049	294
1.00 or less persons per room-----	760	1 749	2 143	1 846	-	-	103	1 041	294
1.01 or more persons per room-----	51	270	228	101	-	-	15	8	-
Lacking complete plumbing facilities-----	-	24	11	9	-	-	-	8	-
1.00 or less persons per room-----	-	24	5	9	-	-	-	8	-
1.01 or more persons per room-----	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mean household income in 1989:									
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars)-----	18 033	21 331	27 991	31 281	-	-	43 875	63 063	56 716
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars)-----	13 597	10 401	20 097	17 400	-	-	24 354	40 064	41 048
Household income in 1989 below poverty level-----	282	743	530	441	-	-	17	5	23
Owner-occupied housing units-----	164	292	308	182	-	-	9	-	17
Renter-occupied housing units-----	118	451	222	259	-	-	8	5	6

Table 32. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Terrebonne Parish								
	Tract 1	Tract 2 (pt.)	Tract 3 (pt.)	Tract 4 (pt.)	Tract 5 (pt.)	Tract 6 (pt.)	Tract 7 (pt.)	Tract 8 (pt.)	Tract 9 (pt.)
All housing units.....	2 838	1 343	12	8	399	1 311	149	—	—
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT									
1989 to March 1990.....	55	5	—	—	—	—	17	—	—
1985 to 1988.....	149	184	—	—	19	56	—	—	—
1980 to 1984.....	547	297	—	—	54	412	26	—	—
1970 to 1979.....	882	441	12	—	229	664	87	—	—
1960 to 1969.....	527	269	—	8	30	105	19	—	—
1950 to 1959.....	346	100	—	—	54	27	—	—	—
1940 to 1949.....	179	36	—	—	5	17	—	—	—
1939 or earlier.....	153	11	—	—	8	30	—	—	—
BEDROOMS									
No bedroom.....	28	19	—	—	—	4	—	—	—
1 bedroom.....	230	123	—	—	33	43	—	—	—
2 bedrooms.....	961	392	12	—	144	417	34	—	—
3 bedrooms.....	1 371	710	—	—	198	755	95	—	—
4 bedrooms.....	204	88	—	8	24	69	20	—	—
5 or more bedrooms.....	44	11	—	—	—	23	—	—	—
CONDOMINIUM HOUSING UNITS									
Owner-occupied condominium housing units.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Renter-occupied condominium housing units.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Vacant condominium housing units.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS									
Complete kitchen facilities.....	2 781	1 331	12	8	399	1 311	149	—	—
Source of water, public system or private company.....	2 833	1 343	12	8	399	1 311	149	—	—
Sewage disposal, public sewer.....	865	495	12	8	112	1 035	104	—	—
Locking complete plumbing facilities.....	31	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Owner-occupied housing units.....	31	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Occupied housing units.....	2 581	1 223	12	8	365	1 228	145	—	—
HOUSE HEATING FUEL									
Utility gas.....	1 337	570	12	8	278	407	59	—	—
Bottled, tank, or LP gas.....	103	32	—	—	—	28	—	—	—
Electricity.....	1 130	607	—	—	87	793	78	—	—
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
All other fuels.....	—	14	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No fuel used.....	11	—	—	—	—	—	8	—	—
VEHICLES AVAILABLE									
None.....	272	42	—	—	5	127	16	—	—
1.....	891	504	12	—	101	562	52	—	—
2.....	1 093	521	—	8	224	461	60	—	—
3 or more.....	325	156	—	—	35	78	17	—	—
Vehicles per household.....	1.6	1.7	1.0	2.0	1.8	1.4	1.5	—	—
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT									
Owner-occupied housing units.....									
1989 to March 1990.....	2 058	924	12	8	280	869	129	—	—
1985 to 1988.....	203	96	12	—	10	61	9	—	—
1980 to 1984.....	367	257	—	—	67	197	51	—	—
1970 to 1979.....	423	147	—	—	87	248	7	—	—
1969 or earlier.....	491	288	—	—	97	329	62	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units.....									
1989 to March 1990.....	574	136	—	8	19	34	—	—	—
1985 to 1988.....	523	299	—	—	85	359	16	—	—
1980 to 1984.....	197	164	—	—	42	221	16	—	—
1970 to 1979.....	235	111	—	—	29	112	—	—	—
1969 or earlier.....	68	24	—	—	14	26	—	—	—
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS									
No telephone in unit.....	296	68	—	—	10	87	—	—	—
Householder 65 years and over.....	451	124	—	8	42	112	8	—	—
Owner-occupied housing units.....	417	105	—	8	42	104	8	—	—
Locking complete plumbing facilities.....	21	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No telephone in unit.....	41	—	—	—	—	8	—	—	—
No vehicle available.....	116	12	—	—	5	8	—	—	—
Complete plumbing facilities.....	2 550	1 223	12	8	365	1 228	145	—	—
1.00 or less persons per room.....	2 366	1 144	12	8	340	1 106	145	—	—
1.01 or more persons per room.....	184	79	—	—	25	122	—	—	—
Lacking complete plumbing facilities.....	31	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1.00 or less persons per room.....	27	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1.01 or more persons per room.....	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mean household income in 1989:									
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars).....	26 185	31 089	12 156	78 100	27 150	30 732	35 705	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars).....	25 091	19 252	—	—	19 779	17 529	62 318	—	—
Household income in 1989 below poverty level.....	568	193	—	—	69	302	14	—	—
Owner-occupied housing units.....	424	126	—	—	49	127	14	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units.....	144	67	—	—	20	175	—	—	—

Table 32. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Terrebonne Parish—Con.								
	Troct 10 (pt.)	Troct 11	Troct 12 (pt.)	Troct 12.22	Troct 13 (pt.)	Troct 14	Troct 15.98 (pt.)	Troct 16	Troct 17 (pt.)
All housing units -----	1 673	1 468	3 263	-	1 707	1 330	679	1 222	581
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT									
1989 to March 1990-----	47	11	22	-	17	5	12	11	-
1985 to 1988-----	126	149	210	-	158	50	16	60	81
1980 to 1984-----	405	167	557	-	367	252	186	251	131
1970 to 1979-----	603	378	799	-	558	502	193	381	261
1960 to 1969-----	238	276	556	-	274	271	163	135	111
1950 to 1959-----	129	186	586	-	157	85	57	84	41
1940 to 1949-----	29	148	332	-	113	68	28	119	41
1939 or earlier-----	96	153	201	-	63	97	24	181	27
BEDROOMS									
No bedroom-----	-	32	-	-	47	5	-	-	-
1 bedroom-----	17	129	307	-	224	79	15	30	81
2 bedrooms-----	447	505	1 114	-	591	426	170	475	141
3 bedrooms-----	903	698	1 604	-	753	681	404	655	191
4 bedrooms-----	290	88	214	-	70	130	73	59	91
5 or more bedrooms-----	16	16	24	-	22	9	17	3	61
CONDOMINIUM HOUSING UNITS									
Owner-occupied condominium housing units-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	21
Renter-occupied condominium housing units-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	39
Vocont condominium housing units-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS									
Complete kitchen facilities-----	1 635	1 433	3 216	-	1 664	1 325	679	1 214	577
Source of water, public system or private company-----	1 660	1 468	3 256	-	1 701	1 330	679	1 216	581
Sewage disposal, public sewer-----	402	55	128	-	258	326	262	105	326
Locking complete plumbing facilities-----	18	40	22	-	61	5	-	35	-
Owner-occupied housing units-----	9	17	14	-	18	-	-	25	-
Renter-occupied housing units-----	-	-	8	-	23	-	-	4	-
Occupied housing units -----	1 581	1 171	2 534	-	1 396	1 197	625	1 099	557
HOUSE HEATING FUEL									
Utility gas-----	947	841	1 811	-	994	746	414	628	185
Bottled, tank, or LP gas-----	14	45	51	-	36	91	-	111	-
Electricity-----	606	272	627	-	346	350	211	354	372
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.-----	9	-	25	-	-	-	-	6	-
All other fuels-----	5	13	20	-	20	6	-	-	-
No fuel used-----	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-
VEHICLES AVAILABLE									
None-----	60	212	231	-	278	185	22	149	28
1-----	421	388	949	-	637	469	207	431	197
2-----	788	478	1 076	-	445	442	337	405	220
3 or more-----	312	93	278	-	36	101	59	114	112
Vehicles per household-----	1.9	1.4	1.6	-	1.2	1.4	1.8	1.5	1.8
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT									
Owner-occupied housing units -----	1 460	1 006	2 271	-	1 111	1 021	549	890	431
1989 to March 1990-----	180	61	139	-	87	85	37	62	28
1985 to 1988-----	283	249	491	-	224	145	152	167	112
1980 to 1984-----	277	136	399	-	288	213	90	195	104
1970 to 1979-----	466	185	425	-	267	297	153	194	135
1969 or earlier-----	254	375	817	-	245	281	117	272	52
Renter-occupied housing units -----	121	165	263	-	285	176	76	209	126
1989 to March 1990-----	45	68	83	-	121	62	49	51	52
1985 to 1988-----	61	60	108	-	100	55	14	69	53
1980 to 1984-----	-	13	43	-	31	20	-	41	15
1970 to 1979-----	9	6	11	-	19	11	13	18	6
1969 or earlier-----	6	18	18	-	14	28	-	30	-
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS									
No telephone in unit-----	34	130	170	-	202	178	29	150	32
Householder 65 years and over-----	222	243	408	-	181	135	57	195	75
Owner-occupied housing units-----	216	226	408	-	163	135	57	168	56
Locking complete plumbing facilities-----	9	-	7	-	13	-	-	14	-
No telephone in unit-----	15	9	10	-	15	23	-	26	6
No vehicle available-----	60	55	117	-	72	79	5	61	28
Complete plumbing facilities-----	1 572	1 154	2 512	-	1 355	1 197	625	1 070	557
1.00 or less persons per room-----	1 505	985	2 168	-	1 071	1 012	607	976	540
1.01 or more persons per room-----	67	169	344	-	284	185	18	94	17
Locking complete plumbing facilities-----	9	17	22	-	41	-	-	29	-
1.00 or less persons per room-----	9	8	22	-	20	-	-	29	-
1.01 or more persons per room-----	-	9	-	-	21	-	-	-	-
Mean household income in 1989:									
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars)-----	36 438	22 024	26 178	-	22 203	25 339	55 285	22 580	86 915
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars)-----	15 263	16 120	21 840	-	11 673	18 952	19 173	22 975	17 462
Household income in 1989 below poverty level-----	178	366	632	-	548	362	128	370	91
Owner-occupied housing units-----	129	308	554	-	368	280	107	313	67
Renter-occupied housing units-----	49	58	78	-	180	82	21	57	24

Table 33. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Houma-Thibodaux, LA MSA	Lafourche Parish		Terrebonne Parish			Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Lafourche Parish			
		Total	Thibodaux city	Total	Bayou Cane CDP	Houma city	Tract 202.02	Tract 203	Tract 204	Tract 205
Specified owner-occupied housing units	32 334	15 527	2 216	16 807	2 954	6 043	517	-	360	672
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS										
With a mortgage	15 277	6 645	893	8 632	1 956	3 050	323	-	59	394
Less than \$300	1 225	496	83	729	210	309	-	-	-	25
\$300 to \$399	2 211	1 042	150	1 169	244	397	26	-	12	67
\$400 to \$499	2 717	1 254	144	1 463	403	462	27	-	17	56
\$500 to \$599	2 726	1 213	136	1 513	327	542	24	-	14	98
\$600 to \$799	3 494	1 535	153	1 959	455	548	88	-	14	94
\$800 to \$999	1 637	602	114	1 035	206	462	69	-	2	34
\$1,000 to \$1,499	1 013	417	96	596	95	280	82	-	-	20
\$1,500 to \$1,999	143	57	5	86	8	34	-	-	-	-
\$2,000 or more	111	29	12	82	8	16	-	-	-	-
Median (dollars)	553	540	537	564	543	563	794	-	502	545
Not mortgaged	17 057	8 882	1 323	8 175	998	2 993	194	-	301	278
Less than \$100	2 938	1 593	228	1 345	101	548	19	-	55	40
\$100 to \$199	9 095	4 927	724	4 168	578	1 520	103	-	182	190
\$200 to \$299	3 924	1 933	302	1 991	251	678	29	-	64	42
\$300 to \$399	751	317	32	434	48	151	25	-	-	6
\$400 to \$499	144	53	8	91	13	16	18	-	-	-
\$500 or more	205	59	29	146	7	80	-	-	-	-
Median (dollars)	160	156	159	165	171	158	180	-	152	159
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989										
Less than \$20,000	12 076	5 903	938	6 173	755	2 378	86	-	193	197
Less than 20 percent	5 331	2 918	474	2 413	206	1 004	46	-	94	105
20 to 24 percent	1 183	543	81	640	57	308	6	-	31	6
25 to 29 percent	865	393	50	472	106	155	16	-	4	35
30 to 34 percent	772	344	41	428	34	179	12	-	7	8
35 percent or more	3 497	1 490	272	2 007	316	673	6	-	57	43
Not computed	428	215	20	213	36	59	-	-	-	-
Median	22.1	19.6	19.5	24.4	29.6	22.5	19.4	-	20.4	18.6
\$20,000 to \$34,999	8 620	4 207	551	4 413	875	1 514	103	-	91	209
Less than 20 percent	5 814	2 937	406	2 877	546	938	70	-	83	104
20 to 24 percent	1 157	520	60	637	117	250	-	-	8	17
25 to 29 percent	744	353	45	391	78	141	13	-	-	45
30 to 34 percent	413	161	18	252	81	80	14	-	-	21
35 percent or more	481	231	22	250	53	105	6	-	-	22
Not computed	11	5	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median	14.2	13.1	13.5	15.2	16.7	16.2	12.9	-	11.1	20.1
\$35,000 to \$49,999	5 938	2 829	282	3 109	696	977	98	-	12	142
Less than 20 percent	4 684	2 316	215	2 368	512	708	50	-	12	110
20 to 24 percent	801	332	48	469	128	155	17	-	-	32
25 to 29 percent	225	89	10	136	8	41	-	-	-	-
30 to 34 percent	157	57	4	100	23	62	21	-	-	-
35 percent or more	65	29	5	36	25	11	10	-	-	-
Not computed	6	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median	13.7	12.1	11.9	15.1	15.5	14.6	19.8	-	10.0-	15.0
\$50,000 or more	5 700	2 588	445	3 112	628	1 174	230	-	64	124
Less than 20 percent	4 992	2 287	357	2 705	544	1 024	188	-	64	112
20 to 24 percent	495	213	69	282	53	122	32	-	-	12
25 to 29 percent	131	44	4	87	18	28	10	-	-	-
30 to 34 percent	35	23	-	12	5	-	-	-	-	-
35 percent or more	32	10	4	22	8	-	-	-	-	-
Not computed	15	11	11	4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median	10.4	10.0-	10.5	11.0	11.5	10.2	13.1	-	10.0-	10.0-
Specified renter-occupied housing units	15 177	6 819	2 339	8 358	2 050	3 752	278	-	404	846
GROSS RENT										
Less than \$100	573	416	120	157	-	151	-	-	17	113
\$100 to \$199	1 812	1 035	407	777	13	593	5	-	90	155
\$200 to \$299	3 377	1 614	722	1 763	262	845	83	-	110	266
\$300 to \$399	3 982	1 589	566	2 393	720	989	109	-	73	194
\$400 to \$499	1 905	600	212	1 305	513	505	35	-	22	49
\$500 to \$599	864	223	94	641	258	250	5	-	26	33
\$600 to \$749	416	100	12	316	140	101	6	-	-	14
\$750 to \$999	198	58	21	140	47	69	9	-	6	-
\$1,000 or more	33	3	-	30	8	15	-	-	-	-
No cash rent	2 017	1 181	185	836	89	234	26	-	60	22
Median (dollars)	321	285	282	347	398	317	333	-	250	256
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989										
Less than \$10,000	5 809	2 865	1 013	2 944	532	1 584	128	-	200	445
Less than 20 percent	189	132	58	57	-	57	-	-	4	20
20 to 24 percent	212	160	75	52	-	41	-	-	12	54
25 to 29 percent	367	157	67	210	-	195	-	-	9	12
30 to 34 percent	367	182	127	185	17	137	24	-	32	31
35 percent or more	3 440	1 529	569	1 911	405	974	90	-	101	281
Not computed	1 234	705	117	529	110	180	14	-	42	47
Median	50.0+	49.3	43.1	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	-	39.6	44.7
\$10,000 to \$19,999	4 072	1 723	606	2 349	520	1 064	53	-	110	135
Less than 20 percent	702	358	71	344	26	199	5	-	12	38
20 to 24 percent	728	380	179	348	93	168	11	-	21	42
25 to 29 percent	709	264	145	445	105	242	6	-	16	27
30 to 34 percent	690	246	97	444	136	156	7	-	16	20
35 percent or more	762	212	79	550	139	253	12	-	35	8
Not computed	481	263	35	218	21	46	12	-	10	-
Median	27.6	24.9	26.2	29.2	30.9	27.9	28.8	-	30.3	23.5
\$20,000 to \$34,999	3 277	1 451	446	1 826	575	633	55	-	79	184
Less than 20 percent	1 929	910	318	1 019	302	359	31	-	43	130
20 to 24 percent	601	190	56	411	188	129	14	-	6	35
25 to 29 percent	228	87	23	141	44	51	6	-	8	14
30 to 34 percent	99	19	-	80	28	41	-	-	-	-
35 percent or more	46	15	6	31	5	26	4	-	6	-
Not computed	374	230	43	144	8	27	-	-	16	5
Median	17.4	15.6	15.8	18.5	19.6	18.6	19.2	-	17.9	16.3
\$35,000 or more	2 019	780	274	1 239	423	471	42	-	15	82
Less than 20 percent	1 702	645	244	1 057	399	387	36	-	10	82
20 to 24 percent	61	19	-	42	-	39	6	-	-	-
25 to 29 percent	20	-	-	20	8	6	-	-	-	-
30 to 34 percent	7	-	-	7	-	-	-	-	-	-
35 percent or more	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Not computed	229	116	30	113	16	39	-	-	5	-
Median	11.7	11.4	11.4	11.9	11.9	12.0	10.0-	-	10.0-	10.0

Table 33. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Lafourche Parish—Con.		Thibodaux city, Lafourche Parish							
	Tract 206	Tract 207	Tract 201	Tract 202.01	Tract 202.02 (pt.)	Tract 203 (pt.)	Tract 204 (pt.)	Tract 205 (pt.)	Tract 206 (pt.)	Tract 207 (pt.)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	516	1 546	708	322	—	—	360	270	76	480
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS										
With a mortgage	306	811	282	103	—	—	59	148	20	281
Less than \$300.....	23	50	35	—	—	—	—	8	5	35
\$300 to \$399.....	24	61	78	—	—	—	12	43	—	17
\$400 to \$499.....	47	77	75	20	—	—	17	9	—	23
\$500 to \$599.....	59	88	24	18	—	—	14	58	6	16
\$600 to \$799.....	82	264	34	34	—	—	14	8	—	63
\$800 to \$999.....	43	128	16	8	—	—	2	14	9	65
\$1,000 to \$1,499.....	28	113	20	15	—	—	—	8	—	53
\$1,500 to \$1,999.....	—	26	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5
\$2,000 or more.....	—	4	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	4
Median (dollars).....	600	657	456	711	—	—	502	515	592	764
Not mortgaged	210	735	426	219	—	—	301	122	56	199
Less than \$100.....	18	118	86	19	—	—	55	32	6	30
\$100 to \$199.....	132	445	246	97	—	—	182	63	26	110
\$200 to \$299.....	54	161	77	68	—	—	64	21	24	48
\$300 to \$399.....	6	3	17	6	—	—	—	6	—	3
\$400 to \$499.....	—	2	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	2
\$500 or more.....	—	6	—	23	—	—	—	—	—	6
Median (dollars).....	168	145	148	195	—	—	152	153	167	148
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989										
Less than \$20,000.....	115	508	332	108	—	—	193	114	41	150
Less than 20 percent.....	39	303	190	31	—	—	94	55	14	90
20 to 24 percent.....	15	34	26	—	—	—	31	6	6	12
25 to 29 percent.....	7	19	11	5	—	—	4	26	—	4
30 to 34 percent.....	6	45	—	6	—	—	7	8	—	20
35 percent or more.....	42	107	100	57	—	—	57	19	15	24
Not computed.....	6	—	5	9	—	—	—	—	6	—
Median.....	25.4	16.2	17.0	36.4	—	—	20.4	21.7	22.9	17.4
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	141	326	209	50	—	—	91	97	24	80
Less than 20 percent.....	83	220	182	36	—	—	8	36	15	54
20 to 24 percent.....	16	46	15	14	—	—	—	7	—	16
25 to 29 percent.....	15	35	7	—	—	—	—	7	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	8	10	—	—	—	—	—	38	—	10
35 percent or more.....	19	15	5	—	—	—	—	8	9	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	15.8	11.4	13.4	10.0	—	—	11.1	25.7	13.6	11.5
\$35,000 to \$49,999.....	141	302	92	51	—	—	12	40	11	76
Less than 20 percent.....	118	198	77	35	—	—	12	34	11	46
20 to 24 percent.....	10	63	5	10	—	—	—	6	—	27
25 to 29 percent.....	13	17	6	4	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	15	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	9	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	3
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	13.5	16.8	15.3	10.0	—	—	10.0	11.5	10.0	17.3
\$50,000 or more.....	119	410	75	113	—	—	64	19	—	174
Less than 20 percent.....	104	299	53	101	—	—	64	11	—	128
20 to 24 percent.....	15	83	11	12	—	—	—	8	—	38
25 to 29 percent.....	—	12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4
30 to 34 percent.....	—	12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4
Not computed.....	—	—	11	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	11.6	13.9	10.4	10.0	—	—	10.0	10.0	—	16.0
Specified renter-occupied housing units	163	856	646	241	35	—	404	648	96	269
GROSS RENT										
Less than \$100.....	5	50	12	5	—	—	17	75	5	6
\$100 to \$199.....	39	132	132	11	—	—	90	117	39	18
\$200 to \$299.....	19	175	206	66	12	—	110	236	19	73
\$300 to \$399.....	37	191	180	49	23	—	73	151	17	73
\$400 to \$499.....	30	56	45	64	—	—	22	34	10	37
\$500 to \$599.....	19	24	5	19	—	—	26	24	6	14
\$600 to \$749.....	14	16	—	6	—	—	—	6	—	—
\$750 to \$999.....	—	15	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	15
\$1,000 or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No cash rent.....	—	197	66	21	—	—	60	5	—	33
Median (dollars).....	338	284	278	363	309	—	250	254	242	359
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989										
Less than \$10,000.....	66	307	279	83	15	—	200	304	58	74
Less than 20 percent.....	11	14	12	5	—	—	4	20	11	6
20 to 24 percent.....	—	25	14	5	—	—	12	44	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	11	8	35	—	—	—	9	12	11	—
30 to 34 percent.....	6	8	33	18	7	—	32	31	6	—
35 percent or more.....	31	160	137	50	8	—	101	188	23	62
Not computed.....	7	92	48	5	—	—	42	9	7	6
Median.....	41.3	50.0+	39.1	48.5	50.0+	—	39.6	42.4	32.9	50.0+
\$10,000 to \$19,999.....	41	301	172	39	12	—	110	124	27	122
Less than 20 percent.....	5	46	8	—	—	—	12	38	—	13
20 to 24 percent.....	16	70	65	17	5	—	21	31	—	40
25 to 29 percent.....	10	57	54	10	—	—	16	27	12	26
30 to 34 percent.....	10	57	29	6	—	—	16	20	10	16
35 percent or more.....	10	16	16	—	7	—	35	8	5	8
Not computed.....	—	55	—	6	—	—	10	—	—	19
Median.....	29.8	25.6	26.2	24.9	35.7	—	30.3	23.9	30.7	24.8
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	11	105	149	52	8	—	79	147	—	11
Less than 20 percent.....	6	71	126	31	8	—	43	110	—	—
20 to 24 percent.....	—	6	6	12	—	—	6	26	—	6
25 to 29 percent.....	—	5	—	4	—	—	8	6	—	5
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	5	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	23	17	5	—	—	16	5	—	—
Median.....	14.6	11.3	13.4	18.8	12.5	—	17.9	15.9	—	24.6
\$35,000 or more.....	45	143	46	67	—	—	15	73	11	62
Less than 20 percent.....	45	100	39	57	—	—	10	73	11	54
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	43	7	10	—	—	5	—	—	8
Median.....	13.5	11.7	10.4	13.6	—	—	10.0	10.0	12.5	12.7

Table 33. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on a sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Lofourche Parish									
	Tract 202.02 (pt.)	Tract 203 (pt.)	Tract 204 (pt.)	Tract 205 (pt.)	Tract 206 (pt.)	Tract 207 (pt.)	Tract 208	Tract 209	Tract 210	Tract 211
Specified owner-occupied housing units	517	—	—	402	440	1 066	670	401	472	1 388
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS										
With a mortgage	323	—	—	246	286	530	230	135	149	500
Less than \$300.....	—	—	—	17	18	15	35	15	5	42
\$300 to \$399.....	26	—	—	24	24	44	32	21	28	105
\$400 to \$499.....	27	—	—	47	47	54	43	22	55	90
\$500 to \$599.....	24	—	—	40	53	72	78	38	26	118
\$600 to \$799.....	88	—	—	86	82	201	23	14	29	107
\$800 to \$999.....	69	—	—	20	34	63	19	12	6	10
\$1,000 to \$1,499.....	82	—	—	12	28	60	—	—	—	28
\$1,500 to \$1,999.....	7	—	—	—	—	21	—	6	—	—
\$2,000 or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	—	—
Median (dollars)	794	—	—	592	605	641	504	537	474	507
Not mortgaged	194	—	—	156	154	536	440	266	323	888
Less than \$100.....	19	—	—	8	12	88	117	45	39	168
\$100 to \$199.....	103	—	—	127	106	335	277	166	168	411
\$200 to \$299.....	29	—	—	21	30	113	33	29	101	249
\$300 to \$399.....	25	—	—	—	6	—	13	20	—	60
\$400 to \$499.....	18	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	—
\$500 or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	9	—
Median (dollars)	180	—	—	162	168	144	135	146	172	168
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989										
Less than \$20,000.....	86	—	—	83	74	358	234	199	172	594
Less than 20 percent.....	46	—	—	50	25	213	157	106	76	335
20 to 24 percent.....	6	—	—	—	9	22	13	16	—	65
25 to 29 percent.....	16	—	—	9	7	15	—	12	12	22
30 to 34 percent.....	12	—	—	—	6	25	17	19	10	55
35 percent or more.....	6	—	—	24	27	83	37	34	69	101
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	12	5	16
Median	19.4	—	—	12.5	27.1	15.3	15.8	18.2	28.1	17.2
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	103	—	—	112	117	246	242	95	123	424
Less than 20 percent.....	70	—	—	68	68	166	184	58	99	300
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	—	10	16	30	32	18	10	63
25 to 29 percent.....	13	—	—	7	15	35	14	5	—	28
30 to 34 percent.....	14	—	—	13	8	—	7	6	14	9
35 percent or more.....	6	—	—	14	10	15	—	8	—	24
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	—	—	—
Median	12.9	—	—	17.9	16.8	11.3	10.0	11.5	10.0	12.8
\$35,000 to \$49,999.....	98	—	—	102	130	226	109	24	91	221
Less than 20 percent.....	50	—	—	76	107	152	109	24	66	201
20 to 24 percent.....	17	—	—	26	10	36	—	—	19	10
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	—	—	13	17	—	—	—	10
30 to 34 percent.....	21	—	—	—	—	15	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	10	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	—
Median	19.8	—	—	16.8	14.2	16.7	11.8	10.0	10.3	11.0
\$50,000 or more.....	230	—	—	105	119	236	85	83	86	149
Less than 20 percent.....	188	—	—	101	104	171	85	64	86	144
20 to 24 percent.....	32	—	—	4	15	45	—	19	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	10	—	—	—	—	8	—	—	—	5
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	12	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	13.1	—	—	10.0	11.6	12.7	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0
Specified renter-occupied housing units	243	—	—	198	67	587	145	172	206	318
GROSS RENT										
Less than \$100.....	—	—	—	38	—	44	5	24	—	27
\$100 to \$199.....	5	—	—	38	—	114	17	47	40	27
\$200 to \$299.....	71	—	—	30	—	102	31	12	33	64
\$300 to \$399.....	86	—	—	43	20	118	40	28	32	57
\$400 to \$499.....	35	—	—	15	20	19	11	—	14	28
\$500 to \$599.....	5	—	—	9	13	10	5	—	—	—
\$600 to \$749.....	6	—	—	8	14	16	—	—	—	13
\$750 to \$999.....	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	—
\$1,000 or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3
No cash rent.....	26	—	—	17	—	164	36	61	82	99
Median (dollars)	338	—	—	263	470	241	302	168	263	274
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989										
Less than \$10,000.....	113	—	—	141	8	233	42	97	64	173
Less than 20 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	8	—	20	8	—
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	—	10	—	25	5	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	8	—	7	12	19
30 to 34 percent.....	17	—	—	—	—	8	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	82	—	—	93	8	98	9	36	23	96
Not computed.....	14	—	—	38	—	86	28	34	21	58
Median	50.0+	—	—	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	37.8	43.0	50.0+
\$10,000 to \$19,999.....	41	—	—	11	14	179	54	44	46	72
Less than 20 percent.....	5	—	—	—	—	33	11	21	12	23
20 to 24 percent.....	6	—	—	11	5	30	—	4	—	17
25 to 29 percent.....	6	—	—	—	4	31	7	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	7	—	—	—	—	41	28	—	—	3
35 percent or more.....	5	—	—	—	5	8	—	7	14	—
Not computed.....	12	—	—	—	—	36	8	12	20	29
Median	27.9	—	—	22.5	27.5	26.4	30.9	18.4	35.7	19.5
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	47	—	—	37	11	94	36	27	68	58
Less than 20 percent.....	23	—	—	20	6	71	36	16	43	17
20 to 24 percent.....	14	—	—	9	—	—	—	—	—	23
25 to 29 percent.....	6	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	5
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	13
35 percent or more.....	4	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	20.2	—	—	18.9	14.6	10.6	15.0	11.3	12.9	22.6
\$35,000 or more.....	42	—	—	9	34	81	13	4	28	15
Less than 20 percent.....	36	—	—	9	34	46	13	—	12	—
20 to 24 percent.....	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	10.0	—	—	12.5	14.0	10.0	10.0	—	14.3	22.5

Table 33. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Lafourche Parish—Con.								Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Terrebonne Parish	
	Troct 212	Troct 213	Troct 214	Troct 215	Troct 216	Troct 217	Troct 218	Troct 219	Troct 2	Troct 3
Specified owner-occupied housing units	959	568	856	1 049	1 716	726	943	1 138	1 241	856
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS										
With a mortgage	311	171	291	399	870	236	404	671	849	468
Less than \$300.....	24	12	24	39	30	27	61	49	103	55
\$300 to \$399.....	37	31	42	73	135	45	76	149	95	91
\$400 to \$499.....	73	50	66	92	184	70	76	114	209	98
\$500 to \$599.....	85	26	21	89	191	37	59	120	201	95
\$600 to \$799.....	73	19	82	71	241	47	93	126	109	93
\$800 to \$999.....	14	9	27	28	65	5	35	72	68	32
\$1,000 to \$1,499.....	5	6	29	7	24	5	4	31	56	4
\$1,500 to \$1,999.....	—	15	—	—	—	—	—	10	—	—
\$2,000 or more.....	—	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	—
Medion (dollars).....	521	484	571	495	539	472	469	526	511	486
Not mortgaged	648	397	565	650	846	490	539	467	392	388
Less than \$100.....	147	76	77	125	191	85	97	71	48	48
\$100 to \$199.....	351	191	355	357	451	263	334	208	186	296
\$200 to \$299.....	129	96	107	134	198	128	88	146	139	34
\$300 to \$399.....	15	26	24	34	6	9	20	27	19	10
\$400 to \$499.....	6	5	2	—	—	—	—	8	—	—
\$500 or more.....	—	3	—	—	—	5	—	7	—	—
Medion (dollars).....	148	160	147	156	156	155	139	181	179	153
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989										
Less than \$20,000.....	504	299	312	400	553	303	432	362	363	307
Less than 20 percent.....	211	114	156	194	290	140	206	125	118	132
20 to 24 percent.....	38	35	39	44	47	35	57	36	14	39
25 to 29 percent.....	42	43	17	12	41	37	21	37	55	15
30 to 34 percent.....	39	13	5	11	32	5	32	22	31	4
35 percent or more.....	146	75	90	124	121	71	96	114	134	96
Not computed.....	28	19	5	15	22	15	20	28	11	21
Medion.....	23.6	23.7	19.7	19.9	18.2	20.6	20.0	25.8	29.0	21.4
\$20,000 to \$34,999	227	121	277	353	481	265	182	288	364	244
Less than 20 percent.....	141	92	211	285	304	207	128	150	229	188
20 to 24 percent.....	61	10	27	28	56	20	17	62	45	16
25 to 29 percent.....	21	5	8	22	46	23	32	34	26	16
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	18	13	7	5	5	24	42	10
35 percent or more.....	4	14	13	5	68	10	—	18	22	14
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Medion.....	13.7	13.3	10.0	12.0	15.4	12.7	12.4	19.2	17.4	14.6
\$35,000 to \$49,999	129	79	155	197	415	102	192	277	256	176
Less than 20 percent.....	109	73	121	191	334	102	167	219	226	147
20 to 24 percent.....	16	4	26	6	65	—	15	34	15	29
25 to 29 percent.....	4	2	—	—	7	—	10	16	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	8	—	9	—	—	—	7	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	8	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Medion.....	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	12.5	10.0	10.1	13.3	15.1	11.1
\$50,000 or more	99	69	112	99	267	56	137	211	258	129
Less than 20 percent.....	99	61	101	92	250	51	137	196	192	129
20 to 24 percent.....	—	2	—	—	17	—	—	10	53	—
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	—	7	—	5	—	5	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	11	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Medion.....	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	11.3	10.0	10.0	10.0	12.0	10.6
Specified renter-occupied housing units	284	216	174	346	369	345	395	415	866	416
GROSS RENT										
Less than \$100.....	—	11	—	68	8	—	53	18	—	10
\$100 to \$199.....	12	39	20	66	51	58	68	26	24	20
\$200 to \$299.....	75	52	47	32	46	99	83	115	128	68
\$300 to \$399.....	65	28	54	66	108	80	85	113	338	40
\$400 to \$499.....	35	9	18	24	59	45	23	33	196	122
\$500 to \$599.....	—	14	—	11	14	19	12	17	51	89
\$600 to \$749.....	1	—	—	9	6	7	8	—	66	—
\$750 to \$999.....	—	—	—	—	10	—	—	13	17	15
\$1,000 or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No cash rent.....	96	63	35	70	67	37	63	80	46	52
Medion (dollars).....	325	242	309	214	336	292	251	304	370	423
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989										
Less than \$10,000.....	128	103	47	187	131	88	152	145	203	128
Less than 20 percent.....	—	3	5	20	—	—	—	10	—	—
20 to 24 percent.....	—	3	—	17	15	—	10	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	2	15	—	—	—	6	—	21	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	2	7	—	7	—	—	14	—	—	14
35 percent or more.....	53	28	28	90	82	67	103	64	159	91
Not computed.....	71	47	14	53	34	15	25	50	44	23
Medion.....	50.0+	35.0	50.0+	43.2	50.0+	50.0+	46.1	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+
\$10,000 to \$19,999	53	44	56	65	104	100	90	144	211	97
Less than 20 percent.....	3	18	15	19	16	35	21	55	11	10
20 to 24 percent.....	7	8	12	12	23	24	13	29	36	7
25 to 29 percent.....	2	—	6	—	10	28	12	13	60	21
30 to 34 percent.....	13	—	—	6	8	—	17	26	48	32
35 percent or more.....	7	13	10	19	25	8	7	5	56	19
Not computed.....	21	5	13	9	22	5	20	16	—	8
Medion.....	31.5	20.9	22.7	23.8	26.0	22.6	25.4	21.6	29.9	31.0
\$20,000 to \$34,999	72	43	71	59	88	108	111	75	283	94
Less than 20 percent.....	50	26	41	31	37	54	72	49	136	28
20 to 24 percent.....	—	4	8	14	—	44	6	12	82	35
25 to 29 percent.....	13	—	—	—	26	—	6	—	22	13
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	15	7
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	—
Not computed.....	9	13	22	14	19	10	27	14	23	11
Medion.....	17.6	14.4	13.8	17.9	19.5	18.7	12.8	13.7	19.7	21.9
\$35,000 or more	31	26	—	35	46	49	42	51	169	97
Less than 20 percent.....	31	19	—	35	36	37	42	51	162	81
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	—	—	10	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	7	—	—	—	12	—	—	7	16
Medion.....	10.0	10.4	—	11.3	12.8	10.1	10.0	12.5	11.4	12.7

Table 33. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Terrebonne Parish—Con.								
	Tract 4	Tract 5	Tract 6	Tract 7	Tract 8	Tract 9	Tract 10	Tract 12	Tract 13
Specified owner-occupied housing units	1 450	1 025	1 064	1 164	1 282	1 036	953	1 460	683
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS									
With a mortgage	1 004	342	603	534	733	360	539	538	223
Less than \$300	107	34	50	72	78	54	5	51	14
\$300 to \$399	94	79	68	92	94	76	57	113	28
\$400 to \$499	189	65	84	89	192	61	66	121	26
\$500 to \$599	116	70	127	111	132	55	49	81	73
\$600 to \$799	314	40	220	72	135	55	192	108	52
\$800 to \$999	127	30	42	89	76	22	81	45	30
\$1,000 to \$1,499	49	24	—	9	26	22	69	19	—
\$1,500 to \$1,999	8	—	12	—	—	7	13	—	—
\$2,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	8	7	—	—
Median (dollars)	598	468	578	517	501	474	647	491	563
Not mortgaged	446	683	461	630	549	676	414	922	460
Less than \$100	35	86	140	137	72	92	57	145	86
\$100 to \$199	201	386	233	299	295	366	220	505	241
\$200 to \$299	151	162	45	142	147	171	91	193	101
\$300 to \$399	39	19	20	11	24	39	36	55	24
\$400 to \$499	13	9	—	11	—	—	10	24	8
\$500 or more	7	21	23	30	11	8	—	—	—
Median (dollars)	195	166	128	149	171	158	176	165	163
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989									
Less than \$20,000	292	468	468	609	438	461	233	695	342
Less than 20 percent	49	255	147	213	156	224	89	284	147
20 to 24 percent	43	34	61	97	32	56	14	61	34
25 to 29 percent	37	26	56	44	33	38	7	23	26
30 to 34 percent	17	26	37	70	28	11	23	70	19
35 percent or more	138	116	158	174	173	124	81	210	108
Not computed	8	11	9	11	16	8	19	47	8
Median	33.8	18.8	26.9	24.4	28.5	20.2	27.9	23.3	22.9
\$20,000 to \$34,999	418	208	299	316	427	282	247	356	183
Less than 20 percent	230	166	139	195	255	219	173	259	134
20 to 24 percent	63	15	53	62	56	33	36	52	24
25 to 29 percent	65	8	73	9	52	23	17	7	19
30 to 34 percent	29	19	7	9	17	—	15	32	6
35 percent or more	31	—	27	41	47	7	—	6	—
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	—
Median	17.7	11.4	21.0	17.2	16.5	11.1	11.6	13.9	10.0-
\$35,000 to \$49,999	341	201	197	163	258	81	223	244	83
Less than 20 percent	220	181	163	125	198	73	147	207	65
20 to 24 percent	90	5	24	29	28	—	63	18	18
25 to 29 percent	8	5	10	9	—	8	13	19	—
30 to 34 percent	6	10	—	—	32	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more	17	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	17.4	11.3	16.1	13.6	13.7	16.0	17.0	11.0	11.8
\$50,000 or more	399	148	100	76	159	212	250	165	75
Less than 20 percent	346	140	80	76	159	188	222	165	59
20 to 24 percent	35	8	20	—	—	24	11	—	16
25 to 29 percent	13	—	—	—	—	—	10	—	—
30 to 34 percent	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	—	—
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	11.6	10.0-	14.4	10.0-	10.0-	10.0-	13.4	10.0-	10.0-
Specified renter-occupied housing units	1 071	1 013	630	757	857	798	109	243	292
GROSS RENT									
Less than \$100	—	41	—	92	—	8	—	—	—
\$100 to \$199	—	293	49	136	46	85	16	—	24
\$200 to \$299	150	181	152	228	127	236	30	73	72
\$300 to \$399	390	239	203	112	409	235	14	31	49
\$400 to \$499	242	121	64	109	110	107	11	35	37
\$500 to \$599	134	41	70	19	109	37	—	—	13
\$600 to \$749	95	16	46	—	24	24	—	—	—
\$750 to \$999	15	7	9	—	4	8	6	—	—
\$1,000 or more	8	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No cash rent	37	65	37	61	28	58	32	104	97
Median (dollars)	394	270	355	227	367	309	244	291	303
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989									
Less than \$10,000	283	468	252	465	223	314	43	67	147
Less than 20 percent	—	27	—	22	—	8	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent	—	35	—	—	—	6	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent	—	108	9	59	8	11	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent	7	61	16	48	—	24	—	—	—
35 percent or more	224	217	179	269	187	223	43	19	75
Not computed	52	20	48	67	28	42	—	48	72
Median	50.0+	34.4	50.0+	49.1	50.0+	50.0+	46.1	50.0+	50.0+
\$10,000 to \$19,999	283	303	204	147	304	238	29	75	79
Less than 20 percent	—	77	38	53	36	49	—	20	26
20 to 24 percent	59	60	27	30	19	37	14	17	—
25 to 29 percent	47	42	38	23	90	58	—	—	13
30 to 34 percent	86	32	21	8	62	43	—	9	—
35 percent or more	74	78	75	28	97	27	—	—	23
Not computed	17	14	5	5	—	24	15	29	17
Median	31.6	25.9	29.5	23.0	30.6	26.8	22.5	20.9	26.9
\$20,000 to \$34,999	318	144	121	92	161	140	24	47	55
Less than 20 percent	204	69	85	53	74	94	—	31	34
20 to 24 percent	88	28	22	39	32	26	14	—	5
25 to 29 percent	9	6	14	—	29	9	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent	17	20	—	—	13	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—	—	13	8	—	—	—
Not computed	—	21	—	—	—	3	10	16	16
Median	18.7	19.2	16.2	18.4	21.0	15.6	22.5	13.7	16.4
\$35,000 or more	187	98	53	53	169	106	13	54	11
Less than 20 percent	179	82	50	33	154	91	—	43	7
20 to 24 percent	—	—	3	—	15	5	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent	8	—	—	—	—	—	6	—	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed	—	16	—	20	—	10	7	11	4
Median	12.6	10.0-	16.3	12.8	11.0	12.9	27.5	12.8	10.0-

Table 33. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Terrebonne Parish—Con.		Bayou Cone CDP, Terrebonne Parish					Houma city, Terrebonne Parish	
	Tract 15.98	Tract 17	Tract 2 (pt.)	Tract 3 (pt.)	Tract 4 (pt.)	Tract 5 (pt.)	Tract 17 (pt.)	Tract 3 (pt.)	Tract 5 (pt.)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	1 248	583	764	646	1 442	102	—	210	776
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS									
With a mortgage	957	427	538	372	1 004	42	—	96	242
Less than \$300.....	36	6	70	27	107	6	—	28	28
\$300 to \$399.....	47	5	68	77	94	5	—	14	64
\$400 to \$499.....	88	3	124	75	189	15	—	23	36
\$500 to \$599.....	136	38	118	87	116	6	—	8	56
\$600 to \$799.....	242	130	61	80	314	—	—	13	25
\$800 to \$999.....	211	78	53	26	127	—	—	6	24
\$1,000 to \$1,499.....	172	95	36	—	49	10	—	4	9
\$1,500 to \$1,999.....	17	29	—	—	8	—	—	—	—
\$2,000 or more.....	8	43	8	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars).....	756	856	508	506	598	433	—	443	468
Not mortgaged	291	156	226	274	438	60	—	114	534
Less than \$100.....	22	25	32	26	35	8	—	22	78
\$100 to \$199.....	96	58	129	223	201	25	—	73	316
\$200 to \$299.....	95	35	57	25	151	18	—	9	109
\$300 to \$399.....	60	19	8	—	31	9	—	10	10
\$400 to \$499.....	5	—	—	—	13	—	—	—	—
\$500 or more.....	13	19	—	—	7	—	—	—	21
Median (dollars).....	221	196	166	153	193	144	—	151	162
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989									
Less than \$20,000.....	157	73	228	202	292	33	—	105	388
Less than 20 percent.....	27	24	56	80	49	21	—	52	213
20 to 24 percent.....	23	8	—	14	43	—	—	25	34
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	42	15	37	12	—	—	14
30 to 34 percent.....	12	6	17	—	17	—	—	4	21
35 percent or more.....	79	31	102	76	138	—	—	20	95
Not computed.....	16	4	11	17	8	—	—	4	11
Median.....	40.7	32.1	33.1	24.5	33.8	18.4	—	16.3	18.7
\$20,000 to \$34,999	260	89	244	194	418	19	—	50	156
Less than 20 percent.....	110	41	149	156	230	11	—	32	130
20 to 24 percent.....	72	6	37	9	63	8	—	7	7
25 to 29 percent.....	7	26	8	5	65	—	—	11	—
30 to 34 percent.....	43	5	42	10	29	—	—	—	19
35 percent or more.....	28	11	8	14	31	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	21.4	22.9	17.6	14.6	17.7	18.5	—	14.7	10.0
\$35,000 to \$49,999	311	102	161	150	341	44	—	26	119
Less than 20 percent.....	176	33	131	127	220	34	—	20	114
20 to 24 percent.....	74	36	15	23	90	—	—	6	5
25 to 29 percent.....	25	13	—	—	8	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	30	15	7	—	6	10	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	6	5	8	—	17	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	18.5	22.5	15.8	11.5	17.4	11.3	—	10.0	10.0
\$50,000 or more	520	319	131	100	391	6	—	29	113
Less than 20 percent.....	443	229	100	100	338	6	—	29	105
20 to 24 percent.....	56	41	18	—	35	—	—	—	8
25 to 29 percent.....	17	35	5	—	13	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	7	—	—	5	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	7	8	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	13.1	14.1	11.5	11.2	11.8	10.0	—	10.0	10.0
Specified renter-occupied housing units	168	154	567	300	1 071	112	—	116	816
GROSS RENT									
Less than \$100.....	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	10	41
\$100 to \$199.....	—	6	—	—	—	13	—	20	272
\$200 to \$299.....	27	20	47	24	150	41	—	44	120
\$300 to \$399.....	40	58	241	31	390	58	—	9	152
\$400 to \$499.....	—	41	160	111	242	—	—	11	114
\$500 to \$599.....	8	—	41	83	134	—	—	6	33
\$600 to \$749.....	19	9	45	—	95	—	—	—	16
\$750 to \$999.....	45	14	17	15	15	—	—	—	7
\$1,000 or more.....	13	—	—	—	8	—	—	—	9
No cash rent.....	16	—	16	36	37	—	—	16	52
Median (dollars).....	605	383	393	457	394	301	—	245	256
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989									
Less than \$10,000.....	24	25	128	85	283	36	—	43	419
Less than 20 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	27
20 to 24 percent.....	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	35
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	108
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	10	7	—	—	4	61
35 percent or more.....	24	19	84	61	224	36	—	30	175
Not computed.....	—	—	44	14	52	—	—	9	13
Median.....	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	—	50.0+	32.7
\$10,000 to \$19,999	36	69	133	55	283	49	—	42	212
Less than 20 percent.....	—	11	—	—	—	26	—	10	36
20 to 24 percent.....	9	—	27	7	59	—	—	—	46
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	41	—	47	17	—	21	25
30 to 34 percent.....	—	37	25	25	86	—	—	7	32
35 percent or more.....	20	21	40	19	74	6	—	—	65
Not computed.....	7	—	—	4	17	—	—	4	8
Median.....	37.7	33.2	29.8	33.7	31.6	19.4	—	27.1	29.0
\$20,000 to \$34,999	32	34	178	70	318	9	—	24	120
Less than 20 percent.....	19	11	82	7	204	9	—	21	52
20 to 24 percent.....	—	23	65	35	88	—	—	—	21
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	22	13	9	—	—	—	6
30 to 34 percent.....	8	—	4	7	17	—	—	—	20
35 percent or more.....	5	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	8	—	—	—	3	21
Median.....	17.5	21.3	20.5	23.4	18.7	12.5	—	12.2	19.7
\$35,000 or more	76	26	128	90	187	18	—	7	65
Less than 20 percent.....	35	26	128	74	179	18	—	7	49
20 to 24 percent.....	19	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	6	—	—	—	8	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	9	—	—	16	—	—	—	—	16
Median.....	19.2	12.8	11.0	12.4	12.6	10.0	—	15.6	10.0

Table 33. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on a sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Hauma city, Terrebonne Parish—Con.									
	Tract 6 (pt.)	Tract 7 (pt.)	Tract 8 (pt.)	Tract 9 (pt.)	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 12 (pt.)	Tract 13 (pt.)	Tract 15,98 (pt.)	Tract 17 (pt.)	
Specified owner-occupied housing units -----	461	1 053	1 282	1 036	--	--	80	892	253	
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS										
With a mortgage -----	171	445	733	360	--	--	71	711	221	
Less than \$300 -----	50	59	78	54	--	--	--	6	6	
\$300 to \$399 -----	31	92	94	76	--	--	6	15	5	
\$400 to \$499 -----	27	89	192	61	--	--	5	29	--	
\$500 to \$599 -----	45	111	132	55	--	--	18	90	27	
\$600 to \$799 -----	18	26	135	55	--	--	17	190	69	
\$800 to \$999 -----	--	59	76	22	--	--	25	191	59	
\$1,000 to \$1,499 -----	--	9	26	22	--	--	--	165	45	
\$1,500 to \$1,999 -----	--	--	--	7	--	--	--	17	10	
\$2,000 or more -----	--	--	--	8	--	--	--	8	--	
Median (dollars) -----	412	475	501	474	--	--	677	817	808	
Not mortgaged -----	290	608	549	676	--	--	9	181	32	
Less than \$100 -----	140	137	72	92	--	--	--	7	--	
\$100 to \$199 -----	127	277	295	366	--	--	--	55	11	
\$200 to \$299 -----	5	142	147	171	--	--	9	65	21	
\$300 to \$399 -----	8	11	24	39	--	--	--	49	--	
\$400 to \$499 -----	--	11	--	--	--	--	--	5	--	
\$500 or more -----	10	30	11	8	--	--	--	--	--	
Median (dollars) -----	102	148	171	158	--	--	225	237	212	
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989										
Less than \$20,000 -----	293	587	438	461	--	--	14	56	36	
Less than 20 percent -----	127	213	156	224	--	--	--	14	5	
20 to 24 percent -----	50	97	32	56	--	--	--	6	8	
25 to 29 percent -----	26	44	33	38	--	--	--	--	--	
30 to 34 percent -----	37	65	28	11	--	--	--	7	6	
35 percent or more -----	44	157	173	124	--	--	14	29	17	
Not computed -----	9	11	16	8	--	--	--	--	--	
Median -----	21.5	23.9	28.5	20.2	--	--	50.0+	40.6	34.2	
\$20,000 to \$34,999 -----	110	271	427	282	--	--	35	153	30	
Less than 20 percent -----	55	181	255	219	--	--	6	55	5	
20 to 24 percent -----	31	53	56	33	--	--	17	46	--	
25 to 29 percent -----	7	9	52	23	--	--	12	7	20	
30 to 34 percent -----	7	9	17	--	--	--	--	23	5	
35 percent or more -----	10	19	47	7	--	--	--	22	--	
Not computed -----	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Median -----	20.0	16.5	16.5	11.1	--	--	23.4	22.3	27.5	
\$35,000 to \$49,999 -----	40	146	258	81	--	--	6	246	55	
Less than 20 percent -----	40	117	198	73	--	--	6	123	17	
20 to 24 percent -----	--	29	28	--	--	--	--	62	25	
25 to 29 percent -----	--	--	--	8	--	--	--	25	8	
30 to 34 percent -----	--	--	32	--	--	--	--	30	--	
35 percent or more -----	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	6	5	
Not computed -----	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Median -----	10.0-	13.6	13.7	16.0	--	--	17.5	20.0	22.1	
\$50,000 or more -----	18	49	159	212	--	--	25	437	132	
Less than 20 percent -----	18	49	159	188	--	--	9	364	103	
20 to 24 percent -----	--	--	--	24	--	--	16	56	18	
25 to 29 percent -----	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	17	11	
30 to 34 percent -----	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
35 percent or more -----	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Not computed -----	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Median -----	10.0-	10.0-	10.0-	10.0-	--	--	21.1	14.0	14.0	
Specified renter-occupied housing units -----	271	741	857	798	--	--	21	104	28	
GROSS RENT										
Less than \$100 -----	--	92	--	8	--	--	--	--	--	
\$100 to \$199 -----	34	136	46	85	--	--	--	--	--	
\$200 to \$299 -----	75	228	127	236	--	--	--	15	--	
\$300 to \$399 -----	60	112	409	235	--	--	--	12	--	
\$400 to \$499 -----	32	109	110	107	--	--	8	--	14	
\$500 to \$599 -----	25	19	109	37	--	--	13	8	--	
\$600 to \$749 -----	19	--	24	24	--	--	--	9	9	
\$750 to \$999 -----	--	--	4	8	--	--	--	45	5	
\$1,000 or more -----	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	6	--	
No cash rent -----	26	45	28	58	--	--	--	9	--	
Median (dollars) -----	320	227	367	309	--	--	560	769	550	
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989										
Less than \$10,000 -----	101	465	223	314	--	--	--	13	6	
Less than 20 percent -----	--	22	--	8	--	--	--	--	--	
20 to 24 percent -----	--	--	--	6	--	--	--	--	--	
25 to 29 percent -----	9	59	8	11	--	--	--	--	--	
30 to 34 percent -----	--	48	--	24	--	--	--	--	--	
35 percent or more -----	71	269	187	223	--	--	--	13	6	
Not computed -----	21	67	28	42	--	--	--	--	--	
Median -----	50.0+	49.1	50.0+	50.0+	--	--	--	50.0+	50.0+	
\$10,000 to \$19,999 -----	100	147	304	238	--	--	8	9	4	
Less than 20 percent -----	15	53	36	49	--	--	--	--	--	
20 to 24 percent -----	27	30	19	37	--	--	--	9	--	
25 to 29 percent -----	25	23	90	58	--	--	--	--	--	
30 to 34 percent -----	--	8	62	43	--	--	--	--	4	
35 percent or more -----	28	28	97	27	--	--	8	--	--	
Not computed -----	5	5	--	24	--	--	--	--	--	
Median -----	26.1	23.0	30.6	26.8	--	--	50.0+	22.5	32.5	
\$20,000 to \$34,999 -----	70	92	161	140	--	--	13	13	--	
Less than 20 percent -----	57	53	74	94	--	--	8	--	--	
20 to 24 percent -----	6	39	32	26	--	--	5	--	--	
25 to 29 percent -----	7	--	29	9	--	--	--	--	--	
30 to 34 percent -----	--	--	13	--	--	--	--	8	--	
35 percent or more -----	--	--	13	8	--	--	--	5	--	
Not computed -----	--	--	--	3	--	--	--	--	--	
Median -----	15.4	18.4	21.0	15.6	--	--	19.1	34.1	--	
\$35,000 or more -----	--	37	169	106	--	--	--	69	18	
Less than 20 percent -----	--	33	154	91	--	--	--	35	18	
20 to 24 percent -----	--	--	15	5	--	--	--	19	--	
25 to 29 percent -----	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	6	--	
30 to 34 percent -----	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
35 percent or more -----	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	
Not computed -----	--	4	--	10	--	--	--	9	--	
Median -----	--	12.8	11.0	12.9	--	--	--	17.2	15.0	

Table 33. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Terrebonne Parish								
	Tract 1	Tract 2 (pt.)	Tract 3 (pt.)	Tract 4 (pt.)	Tract 5 (pt.)	Tract 6 (pt.)	Tract 7 (pt.)	Tract 8 (pt.)	Tract 9 (pt.)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	1 183	477	-	8	147	603	111	-	-
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS									
With a mortgage	581	311	-	-	58	432	89	-	-
Less than \$300.....	52	33	-	-	-	-	13	-	-
\$300 to \$399.....	128	27	-	-	10	37	-	-	-
\$400 to \$499.....	93	85	-	-	14	57	-	-	-
\$500 to \$599.....	150	83	-	-	8	82	-	-	-
\$600 to \$799.....	102	48	-	-	15	202	46	-	-
\$800 to \$999.....	41	15	-	-	6	42	30	-	-
\$1,000 to \$1,499.....	7	20	-	-	5	-	-	-	-
\$1,500 to \$1,999.....	-	-	-	-	-	12	-	-	-
\$2,000 or more.....	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Medion (dollars).....	511	517	-	-	531	633	735	-	-
Not mortgaged	602	166	-	8	89	171	22	-	-
Less than \$100.....	90	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
\$100 to \$199.....	316	57	-	-	45	106	22	-	-
\$200 to \$299.....	170	82	-	-	35	40	-	-	-
\$300 to \$399.....	26	11	-	8	-	12	-	-	-
\$400 to \$499.....	-	-	-	-	9	-	-	-	-
\$500 or more.....	-	-	-	-	-	13	-	-	-
Medion (dollars).....	164	207	-	375	199	181	161	-	-
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989									
Less than \$20,000.....	481	135	-	-	47	175	22	-	-
Less than 20 percent.....	203	62	-	-	21	20	-	-	-
20 to 24 percent.....	52	14	-	-	-	11	-	-	-
25 to 29 percent.....	63	13	-	-	-	30	-	-	-
30 to 34 percent.....	13	14	-	-	5	-	5	-	-
35 percent or more.....	150	32	-	-	21	114	17	-	-
Not computed.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Medion.....	23.6	22.0	-	-	32.5	45.2	50.0+	-	-
\$20,000 to \$34,999	300	120	-	-	33	189	45	-	-
Less than 20 percent.....	210	80	-	-	25	84	14	-	-
20 to 24 percent.....	69	8	-	-	-	22	9	-	-
25 to 29 percent.....	14	18	-	-	8	66	-	-	-
30 to 34 percent.....	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35 percent or more.....	-	14	-	-	-	17	22	-	-
Not computed.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Medion.....	13.5	17.1	-	-	10.0-	22.4	24.7	-	-
\$35,000 to \$49,999	243	95	-	-	38	157	17	-	-
Less than 20 percent.....	212	95	-	-	33	123	8	-	-
20 to 24 percent.....	31	-	-	-	-	24	-	-	-
25 to 29 percent.....	-	-	-	-	5	10	9	-	-
30 to 34 percent.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35 percent or more.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Not computed.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Medion.....	16.1	14.0	-	-	15.9	17.0	25.3	-	-
\$50,000 or more	159	127	-	8	29	82	27	-	-
Less than 20 percent.....	145	92	-	8	29	62	27	-	-
20 to 24 percent.....	7	35	-	-	-	20	-	-	-
25 to 29 percent.....	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
30 to 34 percent.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35 percent or more.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Not computed.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Medion.....	10.0-	12.2	-	10.0-	10.0-	14.8	13.1	-	-
Specified renter-occupied housing units	480	299	-	-	85	359	16	-	-
GROSS RENT									
Less than \$100.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
\$100 to \$199.....	51	24	-	-	8	15	-	-	-
\$200 to \$299.....	151	81	-	-	20	77	-	-	-
\$300 to \$399.....	153	97	-	-	29	143	-	-	-
\$400 to \$499.....	34	36	-	-	7	32	-	-	-
\$500 to \$599.....	37	10	-	-	8	45	-	-	-
\$600 to \$749.....	11	21	-	-	-	27	-	-	-
\$750 to \$999.....	-	-	-	-	-	9	-	-	-
\$1,000 or more.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
No cash rent.....	43	30	-	-	13	11	16	-	-
Medion (dollars).....	316	328	-	-	338	366	-	-	-
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989									
Less than \$10,000.....	128	75	-	-	13	151	-	-	-
Less than 20 percent.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20 to 24 percent.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
25 to 29 percent.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
30 to 34 percent.....	-	-	-	-	-	16	-	-	-
35 percent or more.....	104	75	-	-	6	108	-	-	-
Not computed.....	24	-	-	-	7	27	-	-	-
Medion.....	50.0+	50.0+	-	-	50.0+	50.0+	-	-	-
\$10,000 to \$19,999	121	78	-	-	42	104	-	-	-
Less than 20 percent.....	7	11	-	-	15	23	-	-	-
20 to 24 percent.....	15	9	-	-	14	-	-	-	-
25 to 29 percent.....	45	19	-	-	-	13	-	-	-
30 to 34 percent.....	28	23	-	-	-	21	-	-	-
35 percent or more.....	16	16	-	-	7	47	-	-	-
Not computed.....	10	-	-	-	6	-	-	-	-
Medion.....	28.7	30.0	-	-	21.1	33.8	-	-	-
\$20,000 to \$34,999	147	105	-	-	15	51	-	-	-
Less than 20 percent.....	124	54	-	-	8	28	-	-	-
20 to 24 percent.....	-	17	-	-	7	16	-	-	-
25 to 29 percent.....	11	-	-	-	-	7	-	-	-
30 to 34 percent.....	-	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35 percent or more.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Not computed.....	12	23	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Medion.....	13.3	17.9	-	-	19.7	18.4	-	-	-
\$35,000 or more	84	41	-	-	15	53	16	-	-
Less than 20 percent.....	71	34	-	-	15	50	-	-	-
20 to 24 percent.....	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-
25 to 29 percent.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
30 to 34 percent.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35 percent or more.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Not computed.....	13	7	-	-	-	-	16	-	-
Medion.....	10.9	15.0	-	-	15.3	16.3	-	-	-

Table 33. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units: 1990—Con.

[Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Terrebonne Parish—Con.								
	Tract 10 (pt.)	Tract 11	Tract 12 (pt.)	Tract 12.22	Tract 13 (pt.)	Tract 14	Tract 15.98 (pt.)	Tract 16	Tract 17 (pt.)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	953	694	1 460	—	603	568	356	317	330
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS									
With a mortgage	539	166	538	—	152	190	246	118	206
Less than \$300.....	5	7	51	—	14	5	30	—	—
\$300 to \$399.....	57	28	113	—	22	59	32	15	—
\$400 to \$499.....	66	38	121	—	21	31	59	10	3
\$500 to \$599.....	49	24	81	—	55	34	46	21	11
\$600 to \$799.....	192	44	108	—	35	30	52	21	61
\$800 to \$999.....	81	20	45	—	5	20	20	23	19
\$1,000 to \$1,499.....	69	5	19	—	—	11	7	28	50
\$1,500 to \$1,999.....	13	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	19
\$2,000 or more.....	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	43
Median (dollars).....	647	561	491	—	529	500	505	694	1 056
Not mortgaged	414	528	922	—	451	378	110	199	124
Less than \$100.....	57	180	145	—	86	45	15	37	25
\$100 to \$199.....	220	194	505	—	241	175	41	101	47
\$200 to \$299.....	91	146	193	—	92	129	30	40	14
\$300 to \$399.....	36	8	55	—	24	20	11	5	19
\$400 to \$499.....	10	—	24	—	8	—	—	11	—
\$500 or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	9	13	5	19
Median (dollars).....	176	132	165	—	161	175	199	151	189
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989									
Less than \$20,000.....	233	352	695	—	328	269	101	165	37
Less than 20 percent.....	89	217	284	—	147	81	13	47	19
20 to 24 percent.....	14	42	61	—	34	19	17	11	—
25 to 29 percent.....	7	33	23	—	26	16	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	23	6	70	—	19	44	5	11	—
35 percent or more.....	81	44	210	—	94	95	50	96	14
Not computed.....	19	10	47	—	8	14	16	—	4
Median.....	27.9	16.2	23.3	—	21.9	31.3	40.8	42.7	14.0
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	247	157	356	—	148	199	107	64	59
Less than 20 percent.....	173	114	259	—	128	174	55	41	36
20 to 24 percent.....	36	20	52	—	7	8	26	7	6
25 to 29 percent.....	17	9	7	—	7	11	—	9	6
30 to 34 percent.....	15	11	32	—	6	—	20	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	3	6	—	—	6	6	7	11
Not computed.....	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	11.6	13.7	13.9	—	10.0	10.6	19.3	15.5	17.5
\$35,000 to \$49,999.....	223	135	244	—	77	67	65	28	47
Less than 20 percent.....	147	119	207	—	59	56	53	20	16
20 to 24 percent.....	63	—	18	—	18	6	12	3	11
25 to 29 percent.....	13	16	19	—	—	5	—	5	5
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	15
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	17.0	10.0	11.0	—	10.0	10.0	17.2	15.0	23.4
\$50,000 or more.....	250	50	165	—	50	33	83	60	187
Less than 20 percent.....	222	45	165	—	50	33	79	54	126
20 to 24 percent.....	11	5	—	—	—	—	—	6	23
25 to 29 percent.....	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	24
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7
35 percent or more.....	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	—	—
Median.....	13.4	10.9	10.0	—	10.0	10.0	10.0	15.2	14.4
Specified renter-occupied housing units	109	154	243	—	271	157	64	193	126
GROSS RENT									
Less than \$100.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6
\$100 to \$199.....	16	9	—	—	24	8	—	10	6
\$200 to \$299.....	30	59	73	—	72	18	12	43	20
\$300 to \$399.....	14	—	31	—	49	47	28	35	58
\$400 to \$499.....	11	29	35	—	29	17	—	30	27
\$500 to \$599.....	—	14	—	—	—	12	—	7	—
\$600 to \$749.....	—	—	—	—	—	6	10	—	—
\$750 to \$999.....	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	9
\$1,000 or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	—	—
No cash rent.....	32	43	104	—	97	49	7	68	—
Median (dollars).....	244	282	291	—	284	338	340	340	364
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989									
Less than \$10,000.....	43	66	67	—	147	58	11	50	19
Less than 20 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	6
25 to 29 percent.....	—	9	—	—	—	6	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	15	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	43	30	19	—	75	14	11	34	13
Not computed.....	—	12	48	—	72	38	—	11	—
Median.....	46.1	41.5	50.0+	—	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	37.9
\$10,000 to \$19,999.....	29	54	75	—	71	47	27	52	65
Less than 20 percent.....	—	—	20	—	26	—	—	6	11
20 to 24 percent.....	14	10	17	—	—	8	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	—	—	13	—	—	8	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	19	9	—	—	12	—	7	33
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	15	16	20	—	21
Not computed.....	15	25	29	—	17	11	7	31	—
Median.....	22.5	31.2	20.9	—	25.4	34.2	40.0	27.8	33.3
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	24	34	47	—	42	33	19	67	34
Less than 20 percent.....	—	14	31	—	26	16	19	27	11
20 to 24 percent.....	14	—	—	—	—	17	—	—	23
25 to 29 percent.....	—	14	—	—	—	—	—	14	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	10	6	16	—	16	—	—	26	—
Median.....	22.5	20.0	13.7	—	14.6	20.1	13.7	18.2	21.3
\$35,000 or more.....	13	—	54	—	11	19	7	24	8
Less than 20 percent.....	—	—	43	—	7	19	—	24	8
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	7	—	11	—	4	—	—	—	—
Median.....	27.5	—	12.8	—	10.0	10.0	32.5	10.0	10.0

Table 34. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on a sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Houma-Thibodaux, LA MSA	Lafourche Parish		Terrebonne Parish			Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Lafourche Parish		
		Total	Thibodaux city	Total	Bayou Cone CDP	Houma city	Tract 204	Tract 205	Tract 207
Occupied housing units -----	51 063	25 208	3 675	25 855	5 005	8 117	343	1 229	2 905
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT									
1989 to March 1990 -----	405	181	21	224	36	47	-	25	37
1985 to 1988 -----	3 205	1 731	145	1 474	285	275	4	95	252
1980 to 1984 -----	7 618	3 638	373	3 980	644	745	14	179	638
1970 to 1979 -----	14 636	6 927	661	7 709	1 639	1 820	9	460	815
1960 to 1969 -----	9 873	4 586	548	5 287	1 680	1 551	37	243	325
1950 to 1959 -----	7 818	4 150	876	3 668	631	1 683	35	197	393
1940 to 1949 -----	3 728	1 946	543	1 782	31	1 016	116	24	221
1939 or earlier -----	3 780	2 049	508	1 731	59	980	128	6	224
BEDROOMS									
No bedroom -----	384	117	5	267	19	202	-	-	5
1 bedroom -----	3 921	1 924	602	1 997	476	777	49	155	182
2 bedrooms -----	15 549	8 438	1 457	7 111	1 166	2 124	146	439	997
3 bedrooms -----	26 073	12 361	1 283	13 712	2 947	3 947	113	582	1 368
4 bedrooms -----	4 341	1 954	278	2 387	365	912	27	38	297
5 or more bedrooms -----	795	414	50	381	32	155	8	15	56
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS									
Complete kitchen facilities -----	50 823	25 085	3 646	25 738	4 998	8 081	343	1 211	2 892
Source of water, public system or private company -----	50 955	25 133	3 675	25 822	5 005	8 117	343	1 229	2 905
Sewage disposal, public sewer -----	22 637	7 119	3 628	15 518	4 754	7 949	343	934	1 116
Lacking complete plumbing facilities -----	219	134	-	85	-	13	-	-	21
Owner-occupied housing units -----	153	90	-	63	-	13	-	-	8
Renter-occupied housing units -----	66	44	-	22	-	-	-	-	13
HOUSE HEATING FUEL									
Utility gas -----	29 850	13 687	2 131	16 163	2 804	5 877	253	603	1 159
Bottled, tank, or LP gas -----	1 041	634	68	407	25	40	-	36	118
Electricity -----	19 829	10 690	1 444	9 139	2 138	2 200	90	590	1 604
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. -----	140	84	6	56	16	-	-	-	24
All other fuels -----	172	94	19	78	22	-	-	-	-
No fuel used -----	31	19	7	12	-	-	-	-	-
VEHICLES AVAILABLE									
None -----	3 791	1 818	369	1 973	174	917	62	48	147
1 -----	18 561	9 183	1 592	9 378	1 898	3 035	137	430	934
2 -----	22 245	10 916	1 293	11 329	2 200	3 298	112	598	1 411
3 or more -----	6 466	3 291	421	3 175	733	867	32	153	413
Vehicles per household -----	1.6	1.7	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.5	1.3	1.7	1.7
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT									
Owner-occupied housing units -----	39 472	19 954	2 124	19 518	3 229	5 633	227	803	2 244
1989 to March 1990 -----	2 858	1 358	110	1 500	242	394	6	104	158
1985 to 1988 -----	7 471	3 529	279	3 942	635	1 015	15	92	487
1980 to 1984 -----	6 892	3 395	251	3 497	498	839	11	128	566
1970 to 1979 -----	10 151	5 163	371	4 988	874	1 303	14	229	470
1969 or earlier -----	12 100	6 509	1 113	5 591	980	2 082	181	250	563
Renter-occupied housing units -----	11 591	5 254	1 551	6 337	1 776	2 484	116	426	661
1989 to March 1990 -----	5 512	2 390	734	3 122	1 151	1 057	75	197	289
1985 to 1988 -----	3 741	1 683	504	2 058	451	832	13	179	193
1980 to 1984 -----	1 067	519	129	548	83	236	8	31	67
1970 to 1979 -----	721	322	119	399	69	249	10	19	44
1969 or earlier -----	550	340	65	210	22	110	10	-	68
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS									
No telephone in unit -----	3 055	1 682	165	1 373	197	397	15	61	132
Householder 65 years and over -----	9 320	4 819	1 119	4 501	551	2 130	169	147	542
Owner-occupied housing units -----	8 087	4 235	907	3 852	466	1 681	160	95	466
Lacking complete plumbing facilities -----	68	44	-	24	-	-	-	-	-
No telephone in unit -----	324	201	24	123	-	47	11	7	21
No vehicle available -----	1 997	937	230	1 060	55	611	50	32	80
Complete plumbing facilities -----	50 844	25 074	3 675	25 770	5 005	8 104	343	1 229	2 884
1.00 or less persons per room -----	47 975	23 630	3 570	24 345	4 846	7 822	338	1 217	2 783
1.01 or more persons per room -----	2 869	1 444	105	1 425	159	282	5	12	101
Lacking complete plumbing facilities -----	219	134	-	85	-	13	-	-	21
1.00 or less persons per room -----	206	133	-	73	-	13	-	-	21
1.01 or more persons per room -----	13	1	-	12	-	-	-	-	-
Mean household income in 1989:									
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) -----	32 402	31 069	38 923	33 765	34 069	35 387	26 470	31 951	35 973
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) -----	20 879	19 587	20 306	21 949	25 514	20 008	18 218	20 427	21 712
Household income in 1989 below poverty level -----	9 018	4 568	768	4 450	718	1 336	50	194	371
Owner-occupied housing units -----	5 700	2 830	317	2 870	368	669	15	64	215
Renter-occupied housing units -----	3 318	1 738	451	1 580	350	667	35	130	156

Table 34. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Thibodaux city, Lafourche Parish			Remainder of Lafourche Parish					
	Tract 201	Tract 204 (pt.)	Tract 205 (pt.)	Tract 205 (pt.)	Tract 207 (pt.)	Tract 209	Tract 211	Tract 215	Tract 216
Occupied housing units	1 228	343	668	561	2 213	414	2 064	1 573	2 793
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT									
1989 to March 1990	13	—	8	17	37	12	5	—	—
1985 to 1988	28	4	44	51	205	10	144	137	272
1980 to 1984	40	14	90	89	500	18	323	192	603
1970 to 1979	170	9	218	242	676	83	659	416	1 042
1960 to 1969	207	37	111	132	261	72	407	363	424
1950 to 1959	368	35	167	30	250	53	280	262	283
1940 to 1949	212	116	24	—	113	39	69	125	108
1939 or earlier	190	128	6	—	171	127	177	78	61
BEDROOMS									
No bedroom	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	7	8
1 bedroom	203	49	147	8	101	16	204	129	158
2 bedrooms	501	146	328	111	771	132	621	440	851
3 bedrooms	459	113	170	412	1 072	220	1 053	904	1 499
4 bedrooms	59	27	23	15	217	46	136	93	217
5 or more bedrooms	6	8	—	15	52	—	40	—	60
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS									
Complete kitchen facilities	1 217	343	650	561	2 200	409	2 064	1 568	2 784
Source of water, public system or private company	1 228	343	668	561	2 213	414	2 057	1 567	2 766
Sewage disposal, public sewer	1 211	343	668	266	436	9	92	40	358
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	—	—	—	—	21	4	6	13	25
Owner-occupied housing units	—	—	—	—	8	4	6	6	17
Renter-occupied housing units	—	—	—	—	13	—	—	7	8
HOUSE HEATING FUEL									
Utility gas	820	253	334	269	825	221	1 056	923	1 402
Bottled, tank, or LP gas	5	—	30	6	118	7	52	64	42
Electricity	371	90	304	286	1 246	186	932	581	1 334
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	6	—	—	—	24	—	—	—	6
All other fuels	19	—	—	—	—	—	24	5	—
No fuel used	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	9
VEHICLES AVAILABLE									
None	136	62	39	9	98	24	176	109	132
1	534	137	333	97	664	100	952	637	953
2	435	112	246	352	1 139	207	742	628	1 262
3 or more	123	32	50	103	312	83	194	199	446
Vehicles per household	1.5	1.3	1.5	2.0	1.8	2.0	1.5	1.6	1.8
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT									
Owner-occupied housing units	732	227	283	520	1 781	325	1 780	1 313	2 416
1989 to March 1990	24	6	31	73	146	25	141	82	164
1985 to 1988	81	15	6	86	352	53	283	301	448
1980 to 1984	98	11	28	100	487	41	338	165	489
1970 to 1979	143	14	76	153	383	66	480	337	853
1969 or earlier	386	181	142	108	413	140	538	428	462
Renter-occupied housing units	496	116	385	41	432	89	284	260	377
1989 to March 1990	216	75	197	—	191	26	106	111	203
1985 to 1988	127	13	156	23	125	19	93	94	98
1980 to 1984	72	8	13	18	41	17	56	17	22
1970 to 1979	64	10	19	—	29	9	—	27	23
1969 or earlier	17	10	—	—	46	18	29	11	31
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS									
No telephone in unit	47	15	54	7	89	39	153	102	137
Householder 65 years and over	359	169	130	17	374	90	295	234	517
Owner-occupied housing units	274	160	87	8	326	76	247	201	471
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8
No telephone in unit	—	11	7	—	15	5	7	10	35
No vehicle available	91	50	23	9	62	24	43	23	99
Complete plumbing facilities	1 228	343	668	561	2 192	410	2 058	1 560	2 768
1.00 or less persons per room	1 172	338	662	555	2 121	388	1 861	1 455	2 573
1.01 or more persons per room	56	5	6	6	71	22	197	105	195
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	—	—	—	—	21	4	6	13	25
1.00 or less persons per room	—	—	—	—	21	4	6	13	25
1.01 or more persons per room	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mean household income in 1989:									
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars)	36 567	26 470	26 216	35 072	31 958	40 872	25 305	27 908	31 550
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars)	19 833	18 218	19 861	25 743	21 018	23 237	14 976	14 211	18 148
Household income in 1989 below poverty level	298	50	165	29	275	35	457	320	449
Owner-occupied housing units	153	15	41	23	170	9	307	187	306
Renter-occupied housing units	145	35	124	6	105	26	150	133	143

Table 34. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Lafourche Parish—Can.		Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Terrebonne Parish						
	Tract 218	Tract 219	Tract 2	Tract 3	Tract 4	Tract 5	Tract 6	Tract 7	Tract 8
Occupied housing units -----	1 467	2 191	2 535	1 168	2 387	1 959	1 707	1 105	2 042
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT									
1989 to March 1990 -----	26	38	21	—	20	—	—	17	—
1985 to 1988 -----	98	125	203	49	172	45	62	7	16
1980 to 1984 -----	172	365	350	83	416	127	331	51	88
1970 to 1979 -----	401	753	956	319	708	498	582	206	764
1960 to 1969 -----	404	307	688	343	812	311	195	153	735
1950 to 1959 -----	161	312	274	284	237	496	136	278	325
1940 to 1949 -----	145	81	36	50	—	192	210	198	109
1939 or earlier -----	60	210	7	40	22	290	191	195	5
BEDROOMS									
No bedroom -----	14	—	15	4	15	149	7	—	39
1 bedroom -----	133	100	271	98	188	281	88	114	154
2 bedrooms -----	478	756	579	323	464	641	553	372	619
3 bedrooms -----	740	1 118	1 466	642	1 539	688	951	532	1 052
4 bedrooms -----	92	180	179	86	181	155	71	87	154
5 or more bedrooms -----	10	37	25	15	—	45	37	—	24
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS									
Complete kitchen facilities -----	1 467	2 167	2 520	1 168	2 387	1 959	1 707	1 093	2 042
Source of water, public system or private company -----	1 467	2 191	2 535	1 168	2 387	1 959	1 707	1 105	2 042
Sewage disposal, public sewer -----	83	281	1 698	1 046	2 337	1 658	1 461	1 031	2 026
Lacking complete plumbing facilities -----	18	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5
Owner-occupied housing units -----	18	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5
Renter-occupied housing units -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
HOUSE HEATING FUEL									
Utility gas -----	858	1 252	1 262	804	1 265	1 550	1 091	886	1 348
Bottled, tank, or LP gas -----	—	54	32	29	—	9	28	5	22
Electricity -----	609	869	1 227	319	1 100	400	588	206	672
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. -----	—	16	—	16	—	—	—	—	—
All other fuels -----	—	—	14	—	22	—	—	—	—
No fuel used -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	—
VEHICLES AVAILABLE									
None -----	132	157	71	32	84	402	179	125	126
1 -----	446	739	1 005	459	884	734	786	448	810
2 -----	675	1 017	1 076	542	1 072	702	596	454	811
3 or more -----	214	278	383	135	347	121	146	78	295
Vehicles per household -----	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.7
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT									
Owner-occupied housing units -----	1 205	1 769	1 787	819	1 512	1 097	1 232	847	1 380
1989 to March 1990 -----	90	100	173	75	85	35	109	62	113
1985 to 1988 -----	183	390	459	100	325	176	159	189	173
1980 to 1984 -----	148	365	294	114	237	137	282	101	140
1970 to 1979 -----	346	523	513	200	431	225	407	195	500
1969 or earlier -----	438	391	348	330	434	524	275	300	454
Renter-occupied housing units -----	262	422	748	349	875	862	475	258	662
1989 to March 1990 -----	130	236	465	224	567	331	247	116	397
1985 to 1988 -----	90	114	204	75	235	316	164	76	190
1980 to 1984 -----	25	33	47	11	39	85	46	31	39
1970 to 1979 -----	10	29	20	15	34	100	—	9	36
1969 or earlier -----	7	10	12	24	—	30	18	26	—
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS									
No telephone in unit -----	111	187	117	47	64	137	100	68	72
Householder 65 years and over -----	289	312	221	188	304	663	312	222	293
Owner-occupied housing units -----	282	271	178	164	251	425	285	184	253
Lacking complete plumbing facilities -----	13	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No telephone in unit -----	10	19	—	12	—	—	9	17	—
No vehicle available -----	53	82	12	—	47	274	98	84	54
Complete plumbing facilities -----	1 449	2 191	2 535	1 168	2 387	1 959	1 707	1 105	2 037
1.00 or less persons per room -----	1 353	2 036	2 431	1 132	2 356	1 868	1 602	1 028	1 955
1.01 or more persons per room -----	96	155	104	36	31	91	105	77	82
Lacking complete plumbing facilities -----	18	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5
1.00 or less persons per room -----	18	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5
1.01 or more persons per room -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Mean household income in 1989:									
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) -----	28 281	31 646	32 163	30 286	36 642	29 030	26 149	25 617	29 172
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) -----	21 454	18 648	25 024	25 732	25 124	16 662	16 562	18 721	22 701
Household income in 1989 below poverty level -----	294	371	362	159	320	418	413	225	340
Owner-occupied housing units -----	238	223	243	70	163	123	216	131	224
Renter-occupied housing units -----	56	148	119	89	157	295	197	94	116

Table 34. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/8NA's in Terrebonne Parish—Con.			Bayou Cone COP, Terrebonne Parish	Houma city, Terrebonne Parish		
	Tract 9	Tract 12	Tract 13	Tract 4 (pt.)	Tract 3 (pt.)	Tract 5 (pt.)	Tract 7 (pt.)
Occupied housing units -----	1 349	2 373	960	2 379	187	1 341	1 004
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT							
1989 to March 1990 -----	9	22	22	20	—	—	9
1985 to 1988 -----	—	130	133	172	—	26	7
1980 to 1984 -----	24	347	291	416	—	66	25
1970 to 1979 -----	91	603	240	708	17	218	158
1960 to 1969 -----	178	415	84	804	18	179	134
1950 to 1959 -----	423	460	78	237	94	412	278
1940 to 1949 -----	301	218	63	—	31	175	198
1939 or earlier -----	323	178	49	22	27	265	195
BEDROOMS							
No bedroom -----	7	—	5	15	—	149	—
1 bedroom -----	148	205	119	188	39	215	114
2 bedrooms -----	427	756	283	464	38	394	338
3 bedrooms -----	560	1 238	504	1 539	87	431	473
4 bedrooms -----	153	168	39	173	23	107	79
5 or more bedrooms -----	54	6	10	—	—	45	—
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS							
Complete kitchen facilities -----	1 333	2 337	960	2 379	187	1 341	992
Source of water, public system or private company -----	1 349	2 366	954	2 379	187	1 341	1 004
Sewage disposal, public sewer -----	1 314	77	201	2 329	187	1 312	975
Locking complete plumbing facilities -----	—	22	27	—	—	—	—
Owner-occupied housing units -----	—	14	13	—	—	—	—
Renter-occupied housing units -----	—	8	14	—	—	—	—
HOUSE HEATING FUEL							
Utility gas -----	1 129	1 689	584	1 257	171	1 051	845
Bottled, tank, or LP gas -----	—	51	18	—	4	9	5
Electricity -----	220	588	352	1 100	12	281	154
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. -----	—	25	—	—	—	—	—
All other fuels -----	—	20	6	22	—	—	—
No fuel used -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
VEHICLES AVAILABLE							
None -----	158	205	130	84	11	369	109
1 -----	571	853	372	884	114	514	413
2 -----	500	1 037	408	1 064	56	402	412
3 or more -----	120	278	50	347	6	56	70
Vehicles per household -----	1.4	1.6	1.4	1.7	1.3	1.1	1.4
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT							
Owner-occupied housing units -----	918	2 118	784	1 504	105	676	762
1989 to March 1990 -----	12	139	84	85	—	14	62
1985 to 1988 -----	127	460	140	325	12	89	165
1980 to 1984 -----	114	373	226	237	10	40	94
1970 to 1979 -----	148	413	164	431	12	111	141
1969 or earlier -----	517	733	170	426	71	422	300
Renter-occupied housing units -----	431	255	176	875	82	665	242
1989 to March 1990 -----	139	75	73	567	44	203	100
1985 to 1988 -----	130	108	59	235	14	271	76
1980 to 1984 -----	45	43	21	39	—	71	31
1970 to 1979 -----	95	11	19	34	—	100	9
1969 or earlier -----	22	18	4	—	24	20	26
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS							
No telephone in unit -----	93	152	78	64	19	83	68
Householder 65 years and over -----	625	363	158	296	63	588	214
Owner-occupied housing units -----	535	363	140	243	47	350	176
Locking complete plumbing facilities -----	—	7	8	—	—	—	—
No telephone in unit -----	9	10	8	—	12	—	17
No vehicle available -----	109	104	56	47	—	261	84
Complete plumbing facilities -----	1 349	2 351	933	2 379	187	1 341	1 004
1.00 or less persons per room -----	1 322	2 043	793	2 348	187	1 309	927
1.01 or more persons per room -----	27	308	140	31	—	32	77
Locking complete plumbing facilities -----	—	22	27	—	—	—	—
1.00 or less persons per room -----	—	22	15	—	—	—	—
1.01 or more persons per room -----	—	—	12	—	—	—	—
Mean household income in 1989:							
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) -----	34 084	26 837	27 558	36 422	25 964	29 773	23 810
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) -----	22 444	21 773	17 389	25 124	17 841	15 812	15 839
Household income in 1989 below poverty level -----	171	562	251	320	30	286	220
Owner-occupied housing units -----	101	484	167	163	7	49	126
Renter-occupied housing units -----	70	78	84	157	23	237	94

Table 34. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Houma city, Terrebonne Parish— Con.		Remainder of Terrebonne Parish						
	Tract 8 (pt.)	Tract 9 (pt.)	Tract 1	Tract 6 (pt.)	Tract 11	Tract 12 (pt.)	Tract 13 (pt.)	Tract 14	Tract 16
Occupied housing units -----	2 042	1 349	1 904	938	987	2 373	856	830	675
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT									
1989 to March 1990 -----	—	9	24	—	5	22	17	5	—
1985 to 1988 -----	16	—	127	49	104	130	77	28	50
1980 to 1984 -----	88	24	361	261	136	347	248	168	177
1970 to 1979 -----	764	91	626	494	184	603	240	290	181
1960 to 1969 -----	735	178	365	79	165	415	84	177	102
1950 to 1959 -----	325	423	238	17	138	460	78	61	29
1940 to 1949 -----	109	301	100	8	136	218	63	46	61
1939 or earlier -----	5	323	63	30	119	178	49	55	75
BEDROOMS									
No bedroom -----	39	7	—	—	26	—	5	—	—
1 bedroom -----	154	148	89	21	66	205	102	63	7
2 bedrooms -----	619	427	641	271	324	756	283	216	266
3 bedrooms -----	1 052	560	995	594	496	1 238	426	458	373
4 bedrooms -----	154	153	148	29	69	168	30	84	26
5 or more bedrooms -----	24	54	31	23	6	6	10	9	3
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS									
Complete kitchen facilities -----	2 042	1 333	1 893	938	987	2 337	856	830	675
Source of water, public system or private company -----	2 042	1 349	1 899	938	987	2 366	850	830	669
Sewage disposal, public sewer -----	2 026	1 314	423	707	18	77	97	64	9
Locking complete plumbing facilities -----	5	—	—	—	8	22	27	—	6
Owner-occupied housing units -----	5	—	—	—	8	14	13	—	6
Renter-occupied housing units -----	—	—	—	—	—	8	14	—	6
HOUSE HEATING FUEL									
Utility gas -----	1 348	1 129	947	388	702	1 689	584	510	367
Bottled, tank, or LP gas -----	22	—	59	28	30	51	18	47	63
Electricity -----	672	220	898	522	250	588	248	263	239
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. -----	—	—	—	—	—	25	—	—	6
All other fuels -----	—	—	—	—	5	20	6	6	—
No fuel used -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	—
VEHICLES AVAILABLE									
None -----	126	158	84	47	128	205	130	114	48
1 -----	810	571	604	415	325	853	372	291	241
2 -----	811	500	930	420	451	1 037	324	335	297
3 or more -----	295	120	286	56	83	278	30	90	89
Vehicles per household -----	1.7	1.4	1.8	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.3	1.5	1.7
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT									
Owner-occupied housing units									
1989 to March 1990 -----	1 380	918	1 488	711	848	2 118	701	696	557
1985 to 1988 -----	113	12	144	52	46	139	62	42	57
1980 to 1984 -----	173	127	306	121	203	460	100	103	149
1970 to 1979 -----	140	114	311	211	109	373	205	146	125
1969 or earlier -----	500	148	321	302	152	413	164	207	99
1969 or earlier -----	454	517	406	25	338	733	170	198	127
Renter-occupied housing units									
1989 to March 1990 -----	662	431	416	227	139	255	155	134	118
1985 to 1988 -----	397	139	159	141	61	75	60	39	33
1980 to 1984 -----	190	130	194	71	41	108	51	55	33
1970 to 1979 -----	39	45	40	15	13	43	21	20	34
1969 or earlier -----	36	95	13	—	6	11	19	11	5
1969 or earlier -----	—	22	10	—	18	18	4	9	13
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS									
No telephone in unit -----	72	93	118	44	65	152	78	107	67
Householder 65 years and over -----	293	625	336	95	197	363	141	96	113
Owner-occupied housing units -----	253	535	302	95	189	363	123	96	96
Locking complete plumbing facilities -----	—	—	—	—	—	7	8	—	—
No telephone in unit -----	—	9	11	—	—	—	—	—	—
No vehicle available -----	54	109	48	—	29	104	56	60	17
Complete plumbing facilities -----	2 037	1 349	1 904	938	979	2 351	829	830	669
1.00 or less persons per room -----	1 955	1 322	1 832	874	861	2 043	704	751	619
1.01 or more persons per room -----	82	27	72	64	118	308	125	79	50
Locking complete plumbing facilities -----	5	—	—	—	8	22	27	—	6
1.00 or less persons per room -----	5	—	—	—	8	22	15	—	6
1.01 or more persons per room -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	12	—	—
Mean household income in 1989:									
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) -----	29 172	34 084	29 522	31 867	23 521	26 837	25 107	25 501	26 605
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) -----	22 701	22 444	23 433	19 820	17 904	21 773	16 445	19 904	30 039
Household income in 1989 below poverty level -----	340	171	260	160	239	562	243	212	159
Owner-occupied housing units -----	224	101	175	71	207	484	167	154	147
Renter-occupied housing units -----	116	70	85	89	32	78	76	58	12

Table 35. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Houma-Thibodaux, LA MSA	Lofourche Parish		Terrebonne Parish			Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Lofourche Parish		
		Total	Thibodaux city	Total	Bayou Cone COP	Houma city	Tract 204	Tract 205	Tract 207
Specified owner-occupied housing units	28 742	14 332	1 843	14 410	2 820	5 070	201	513	1 467
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS									
With a mortgage	13 755	6 212	739	7 543	1 888	2 569	27	271	778
Less than \$300	1 026	447	70	579	210	208	—	17	45
\$300 to \$399	1 924	969	110	955	229	311	12	26	61
\$400 to \$499	2 468	1 178	129	1 290	395	399	7	56	73
\$500 to \$599	2 461	1 114	88	1 347	313	482	—	56	78
\$600 to \$799	3 247	1 470	133	1 777	436	492	6	78	264
\$800 to \$999	1 417	557	114	860	199	371	2	34	122
\$1,000 to \$1,499	965	393	80	572	90	261	—	4	105
\$1,500 to \$1,999	138	57	5	81	8	29	—	—	26
\$2,000 or more	109	27	10	82	8	16	—	—	4
Median (dollars)	558	542	558	571	541	572	461	561	659
Not mortgaged	14 987	8 120	1 104	6 867	932	2 501	174	242	689
Less than \$100	2 401	1 384	183	1 017	94	429	29	40	109
\$100 to \$199	8 156	4 544	596	3 612	546	1 304	92	160	433
\$200 to \$299	3 493	1 785	260	1 708	233	572	53	36	136
\$300 to \$399	668	301	28	367	39	141	—	6	3
\$400 to \$499	111	53	8	58	13	5	—	—	2
\$500 or more	158	53	29	105	7	50	—	—	6
Median (dollars)	161	157	159	167	172	160	146	157	143
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989									
Less than \$20,000	9 826	5 130	728	4 696	707	1 785	96	134	460
Less than 20 percent	4 537	2 581	407	1 956	203	841	71	94	282
20 to 24 percent	922	470	63	452	53	216	13	6	34
25 to 29 percent	723	348	29	375	106	107	—	26	15
30 to 34 percent	603	286	26	317	34	157	—	—	45
35 percent or more	2 707	1 258	183	1 449	292	437	12	8	84
Not computed	334	187	20	147	19	27	—	—	—
Median	21.1	19.3	18.0	23.5	29.2	20.9	15.9	14.3	15.1
\$20,000 to \$34,999	7 926	3 984	450	3 942	869	1 289	56	146	309
Less than 20 percent	5 451	2 824	355	2 627	546	847	56	89	213
20 to 24 percent	1 056	492	35	564	117	212	—	10	36
25 to 29 percent	637	321	28	316	78	91	—	28	35
30 to 34 percent	372	142	18	230	75	64	—	13	10
35 percent or more	399	200	14	199	53	75	—	6	15
Not computed	11	5	—	6	—	—	—	—	—
Median	13.8	12.8	12.4	14.7	16.6	15.3	12.2	17.1	10.0
\$35,000 to \$49,999	5 561	2 727	274	2 834	643	903	12	117	302
Less than 20 percent	4 372	2 237	209	2 135	466	647	12	93	198
20 to 24 percent	754	311	48	443	121	142	—	24	63
25 to 29 percent	209	89	10	120	8	41	—	—	17
30 to 34 percent	157	57	4	100	23	62	—	—	15
35 percent or more	63	27	3	36	25	11	—	—	9
Not computed	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	13.8	12.0	11.7	15.2	16.0	15.2	10.0	14.9	16.8
\$50,000 or more	5 429	2 491	391	2 938	601	1 093	37	116	396
Less than 20 percent	4 778	2 217	319	2 561	522	954	37	112	299
20 to 24 percent	443	186	53	257	53	111	—	4	69
25 to 29 percent	126	44	4	82	13	28	—	—	12
30 to 34 percent	35	23	—	12	5	—	—	—	12
35 percent or more	32	10	4	22	8	—	—	—	4
Not computed	15	11	11	4	—	—	—	—	—
Median	10.4	10.0	10.9	10.9	11.2	10.4	10.0	10.0	13.6
Specified renter-occupied housing units	11 261	5 087	1 547	6 174	1 767	2 454	112	426	622
GROSS RENT									
Less than \$100	176	125	15	51	—	51	4	—	27
\$100 to \$199	1 116	624	243	492	13	372	9	70	87
\$200 to \$299	2 362	1 204	498	1 158	218	429	32	171	114
\$300 to \$399	3 134	1 312	423	1 822	616	703	22	116	156
\$400 to \$499	1 579	557	173	1 022	431	362	17	23	56
\$500 to \$599	727	188	62	539	242	201	8	33	10
\$600 to \$749	353	78	6	275	128	86	—	8	16
\$750 to \$999	164	58	21	106	34	51	6	—	15
\$1,000 or more	33	3	—	30	8	15	—	—	—
No cash rent	1 617	938	106	679	77	184	14	5	141
Median (dollars)	339	309	295	360	400	350	320	289	310
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989									
Less than \$10,000	3 373	1 784	515	1 589	370	745	34	150	168
Less than 20 percent	91	64	23	27	—	27	—	—	14
20 to 24 percent	138	98	41	40	—	35	—	22	17
25 to 29 percent	216	89	35	127	—	121	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent	185	101	60	84	7	61	6	8	8
35 percent or more	1 868	947	302	921	259	370	14	111	89
Not computed	875	485	54	390	104	131	14	9	40
Median	50.0+	50.0+	43.2	50.0+	50.0+	45.8	39.0	46.0	50.0+
\$10,000 to \$19,999	3 240	1 356	435	1 884	485	775	37	78	241
Less than 20 percent	490	247	40	243	26	131	—	19	31
20 to 24 percent	583	300	147	283	93	112	13	20	53
25 to 29 percent	608	241	122	367	92	188	7	19	51
30 to 34 percent	582	193	63	389	136	117	—	20	39
35 percent or more	593	162	42	431	117	210	17	—	16
Not computed	384	213	21	171	21	17	—	—	51
Median	27.9	25.5	25.8	29.5	30.8	28.6	28.9	25.0	26.1
\$20,000 to \$34,999	2 788	1 193	328	1 595	525	531	31	116	70
Less than 20 percent	1 606	705	233	901	270	317	17	68	50
20 to 24 percent	540	180	50	360	170	96	—	35	6
25 to 29 percent	194	76	12	118	44	42	8	—	—
30 to 34 percent	99	19	—	80	28	41	—	—	—
35 percent or more	34	15	6	19	5	14	6	—	—
Not computed	315	198	27	117	8	21	—	5	14
Median	17.7	16.3	16.0	18.4	19.7	18.3	19.4	18.3	10.0
\$35,000 or more	1 860	754	269	1 106	387	403	10	82	143
Less than 20 percent	1 584	624	244	960	375	340	10	82	100
20 to 24 percent	37	19	—	18	—	18	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent	20	—	—	20	8	6	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent	7	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed	212	111	25	101	4	39	—	—	43
Median	11.6	11.5	11.4	11.8	12.0	11.2	10.0	10.0	11.7

Table 35. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Thibodaux city, Lafourche Parish			Remainder of Lafourche Parish					
	Tract 201	Tract 204 (pt.)	Tract 205 (pt.)	Tract 205 (pt.)	Tract 207 (pt.)	Tract 209	Tract 211	Tract 215	Tract 216
Specified owner-occupied housing units	645	201	187	326	1 033	235	1 357	976	1 633
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS									
With a mortgage	268	27	65	206	520	98	495	373	863
Less than \$300.....	35	—	—	17	15	—	42	39	30
\$300 to \$399.....	73	12	8	18	44	21	105	73	135
\$400 to \$499.....	70	7	9	47	50	12	90	87	184
\$500 to \$599.....	24	—	34	22	72	29	118	84	191
\$600 to \$799.....	30	6	—	78	201	11	102	67	241
\$800 to \$999.....	16	2	14	20	57	12	10	16	58
\$1,000 to \$1,499.....	20	—	—	4	60	—	28	7	24
\$1,500 to \$1,999.....	—	—	—	—	21	6	—	—	—
\$2,000 or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	7	—	—	—
Median (dollars).....	454	461	535	596	640	559	506	486	538
Not mortgaged	377	174	122	120	513	137	862	603	770
Less than \$100.....	67	29	32	8	79	12	168	111	129
\$100 to \$199.....	223	92	63	97	327	105	385	342	451
\$200 to \$299.....	74	53	21	15	107	5	249	121	184
\$300 to \$399.....	13	—	6	—	—	15	60	29	6
\$400 to \$499.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$500 or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars).....	148	146	153	160	144	163	169	156	161
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989									
Less than \$20,000.....	285	96	86	48	331	53	568	357	491
Less than 20 percent.....	166	71	55	39	204	36	309	170	228
20 to 24 percent.....	26	13	6	—	22	—	65	39	47
25 to 29 percent.....	7	—	17	9	15	12	22	12	41
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	25	5	55	11	32
35 percent or more.....	81	12	8	—	65	—	101	110	121
Not computed.....	5	—	—	—	—	—	16	15	22
Median.....	17.0	15.9	17.5	10.0	14.9	13.4	17.6	20.1	20.7
\$20,000 to \$34,999	201	56	56	90	246	84	424	338	474
Less than 20 percent.....	174	56	27	62	166	50	300	277	304
20 to 24 percent.....	15	—	—	10	30	18	63	28	56
25 to 29 percent.....	7	—	21	7	35	5	28	22	46
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	8	5	—	6	9	6	7
35 percent or more.....	5	—	—	6	15	5	24	5	61
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	13.2	12.2	25.2	16.1	11.3	10.0	12.8	11.7	15.1
\$35,000 to \$49,999	92	12	34	83	226	20	216	187	401
Less than 20 percent.....	77	12	28	65	152	20	201	181	320
20 to 24 percent.....	5	—	6	18	36	—	5	6	65
25 to 29 percent.....	6	—	—	—	17	—	10	—	7
30 to 34 percent.....	4	—	—	—	15	—	—	—	9
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	15.3	10.0	11.1	16.5	16.7	10.0	10.5	10.0	13.2
\$50,000 or more	67	37	11	105	230	78	149	94	267
Less than 20 percent.....	45	37	11	101	171	59	144	87	250
20 to 24 percent.....	11	—	—	4	39	19	—	—	17
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	—	—	8	—	5	7	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	12	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	11	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	10.4	10.0	10.0	10.0	12.5	10.0	10.0	10.0	11.3
Specified renter-occupied housing units	496	112	385	41	393	57	284	254	347
GROSS RENT									
Less than \$100.....	—	4	—	—	21	—	27	22	8
\$100 to \$199.....	96	9	70	—	69	5	19	57	51
\$200 to \$299.....	177	32	162	9	52	4	45	27	46
\$300 to \$399.....	138	22	116	—	88	—	50	51	96
\$400 to \$499.....	37	17	8	15	19	—	28	20	59
\$500 to \$599.....	5	8	24	9	10	—	—	11	14
\$600 to \$749.....	—	—	—	8	16	—	13	9	6
\$750 to \$999.....	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	10
\$1,000 or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	—	—
No cash rent.....	43	14	5	—	118	20	99	57	57
Median (dollars).....	281	320	283	465	288	320	302	246	334
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989									
Less than \$10,000.....	178	34	135	15	119	13	158	127	121
Less than 20 percent.....	6	—	—	—	8	—	—	15	—
20 to 24 percent.....	14	—	22	—	17	—	—	17	15
25 to 29 percent.....	24	—	—	—	—	—	19	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	33	6	8	—	8	—	—	7	—
35 percent or more.....	82	14	96	15	46	8	81	46	82
Not computed.....	19	14	9	—	40	5	58	42	24
Median.....	35.5	39.0	45.4	48.3	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	41.5	50.0+
\$10,000 to \$19,999	140	37	78	—	129	20	53	61	92
Less than 20 percent.....	8	—	19	—	18	9	4	19	16
20 to 24 percent.....	52	13	20	—	13	4	17	12	11
25 to 29 percent.....	54	7	19	—	31	—	—	—	10
30 to 34 percent.....	21	—	20	—	23	—	3	6	8
35 percent or more.....	5	17	—	—	8	7	—	19	25
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	36	—	29	5	22
Median.....	25.9	28.9	25.0	—	27.5	21.3	22.4	23.8	29.0
\$20,000 to \$34,999	132	31	99	17	64	20	58	36	88
Less than 20 percent.....	109	17	68	—	50	9	17	16	37
20 to 24 percent.....	6	—	26	9	—	—	23	10	—
25 to 29 percent.....	—	8	—	8	—	—	5	—	26
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	13	—	6
35 percent or more.....	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	17	—	5	—	14	11	—	10	19
Median.....	13.3	19.4	17.1	24.7	10.0	15.5	22.6	18.5	19.5
\$35,000 or more	46	10	73	9	81	4	15	30	46
Less than 20 percent.....	39	10	73	9	46	—	—	30	36
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	—	10
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	7	—	—	—	35	4	12	—	—
Median.....	10.4	10.0	10.0	12.5	10.0	—	22.5	12.1	12.8

Table 35. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990—Con.

Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Remainder of Lafourche Parish—Con.		Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Terrebonne Parish							
	Tract 218	Tract 219	Tract 2	Tract 3	Tract 4	Tract 5	Tract 6	Tract 7	Tract 8	
Specified owner-occupied housing units	886	1 082	1 204	701	1 412	887	915	694	1 207	
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS										
With a mortgage	375	657	830	398	976	283	491	323	677	
Less than \$300.....	47	49	103	48	107	23	50	24	74	
\$300 to \$399.....	76	149	95	77	87	57	50	67	86	
400 to \$499.....	76	100	201	83	189	54	65	80	184	
500 to \$599.....	49	120	195	83	116	62	108	85	128	
600 to \$799.....	88	126	109	81	300	33	193	28	125	
800 to \$999.....	35	72	68	26	120	30	13	39	54	
1,000 to \$1,499.....	4	31	51	—	49	24	—	—	26	
1,500 to \$1,999.....	—	10	—	—	8	—	12	—	—	
2,000 or more.....	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Median (dollars).....	468	533	510	484	594	511	578	482	497	
Not mortgaged	511	425	374	303	436	604	424	371	530	
Less than \$100.....	97	64	48	36	35	68	131	76	67	
100 to \$199.....	306	180	186	236	191	342	214	216	281	
200 to \$299.....	88	139	121	31	151	154	36	68	147	
300 to \$399.....	20	27	19	—	39	10	20	11	24	
400 to \$499.....	—	8	—	—	13	9	—	—	—	
500 or more.....	—	7	—	—	7	21	23	—	11	
Median (dollars).....	138	184	174	155	197	170	125	147	171	
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989										
Less than \$20,000.....	397	314	349	226	282	387	394	316	404	
Less than 20 percent.....	201	95	118	106	49	219	137	153	151	
20 to 24 percent.....	43	32	14	18	43	23	61	33	32	
25 to 29 percent.....	17	37	55	15	37	26	56	19	19	
30 to 34 percent.....	32	8	31	4	17	26	37	59	28	
35 percent or more.....	84	114	120	83	128	82	103	52	158	
Not computed.....	20	28	11	—	8	11	—	—	16	
Median.....	18.5	27.2	28.4	21.9	32.4	18.5	24.9	20.8	27.9	
20,000 to \$34,999.....	160	280	358	219	418	190	263	197	402	
Less than 20 percent.....	121	142	229	181	230	148	129	149	255	
20 to 24 percent.....	17	62	45	9	63	15	45	35	52	
25 to 29 percent.....	17	34	26	5	65	8	64	—	42	
30 to 34 percent.....	5	24	36	10	29	19	7	—	17	
35 percent or more.....	—	18	22	14	31	—	18	13	36	
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Median.....	11.7	19.7	17.3	13.1	17.7	11.0	20.3	15.7	15.4	
35,000 to \$49,999.....	192	277	244	154	327	179	178	118	246	
Less than 20 percent.....	167	219	214	125	213	159	144	102	186	
20 to 24 percent.....	15	34	15	29	83	5	24	16	28	
25 to 29 percent.....	10	16	—	—	8	5	10	—	—	
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	7	—	6	10	—	—	32	
35 percent or more.....	—	8	8	—	17	—	—	—	—	
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Median.....	10.1	13.3	15.4	11.1	17.4	11.1	16.2	13.3	14.0	
50,000 or more.....	137	211	253	102	385	131	80	63	155	
Less than 20 percent.....	137	196	192	102	332	123	68	63	155	
20 to 24 percent.....	—	10	53	—	35	8	12	—	—	
25 to 29 percent.....	—	5	—	—	13	—	—	—	—	
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	5	—	—	—	—	
35 percent or more.....	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Median.....	10.0-	10.0-	11.8	10.6	11.3	10.0-	12.9	10.0-	10.0-	
Specified renter-occupied housing units	254	396	748	340	875	862	475	252	662	
GROSS RENT										
Less than \$100.....	—	18	—	10	—	41	—	—	—	
100 to \$199.....	22	15	8	14	—	248	41	29	46	
200 to \$299.....	67	107	97	37	116	136	114	67	84	
300 to \$399.....	73	113	313	32	301	195	141	58	305	
400 to \$499.....	23	33	175	116	179	112	49	40	88	
500 to \$599.....	12	17	51	83	124	41	55	4	102	
600 to \$749.....	8	—	54	—	95	16	32	—	9	
750 to \$999.....	—	13	4	15	15	7	6	—	—	
1,000 or more.....	—	—	—	—	8	9	—	—	—	
Cash rent.....	49	80	46	33	37	57	37	54	28	
Median (dollars).....	314	309	374	437	401	276	349	319	368	
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989										
Less than \$10,000.....	53	134	139	86	162	375	182	78	97	
Less than 20 percent.....	—	10	—	—	—	27	—	—	—	
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	35	—	—	—	
25 to 29 percent.....	—	10	—	—	—	93	9	—	8	
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	7	54	8	7	—	
35 percent or more.....	42	64	95	69	103	146	117	34	61	
Not computed.....	11	50	44	17	52	20	48	37	28	
Median.....	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	32.1	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	
10,000 to \$19,999.....	77	144	165	86	274	259	148	63	270	
Less than 20 percent.....	14	55	11	10	—	68	38	20	36	
20 to 24 percent.....	13	29	36	7	59	33	17	22	19	
25 to 29 percent.....	12	13	36	14	47	42	29	—	84	
30 to 34 percent.....	17	26	39	32	86	32	14	—	48	
35 percent or more.....	7	5	43	19	65	78	45	16	83	
Not computed.....	14	16	—	4	17	6	5	—	—	
Median.....	26.9	21.6	29.9	31.6	31.3	28.0	27.8	22.0	29.8	
20,000 to \$34,999.....	82	67	275	83	276	130	102	78	146	
Less than 20 percent.....	46	41	128	28	172	55	66	39	70	
20 to 24 percent.....	6	12	82	27	78	28	22	39	25	
25 to 29 percent.....	6	—	22	13	9	6	14	—	29	
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	15	7	17	20	—	—	13	
35 percent or more.....	—	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	9	
Not computed.....	24	14	23	8	—	21	—	—	—	
Median.....	15.5	13.2	19.9	21.8	18.9	19.9	16.3	20.0	20.6	
35,000 or more.....	42	51	169	85	163	98	43	33	149	
Less than 20 percent.....	42	51	162	81	155	82	43	13	149	
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Not computed.....	—	—	7	4	—	16	—	20	—	
Median.....	10.0-	12.5	11.4	12.7	13.1	10.0-	16.2	13.6	10.2	

Table 35. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Terrebonne Parish—Con.			Boyau Cane CDP, Terrebonne Parish	Hauma city, Terrebonne Parish		
	Tract 9	Tract 12	Tract 13	Tract 4 (pt.)	Tract 3 (pt.)	Tract 5 (pt.)	Tract 7 (pt.)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	849	1 360	458	1 404	105	647	62
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS							
With a mortgage	252	493	159	976	47	183	27
Less than \$300	23	51	7	107	21	17	1
\$300 to \$399	51	99	21	87	8	42	6
\$400 to \$499	46	103	9	189	8	25	8
\$500 to \$599	47	81	49	116	4	48	8
\$600 to \$799	40	95	52	300	6	18	2
\$800 to \$999	8	45	21	120	—	24	—
\$1,000 to \$1,499	22	19	—	49	—	9	—
\$1,500 to \$1,999	7	—	—	8	—	—	—
\$2,000 or more	8	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars)	510	495	588	594	316	519	46
Not mortgaged	597	867	299	428	58	464	34
Less than \$100	71	145	56	35	17	60	7
\$100 to \$199	329	492	135	191	35	272	19
\$200 to \$299	150	169	90	151	6	101	6
\$300 to \$399	39	55	10	31	—	10	1
\$400 to \$499	—	6	8	13	—	—	—
\$500 or more	8	—	—	7	—	21	—
Median (dollars)	160	160	175	195	135	168	14
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989							
Less than \$20,000	350	625	190	282	48	307	31
Less than 20 percent	185	271	86	49	29	177	15
20 to 24 percent	56	61	22	43	8	23	3
25 to 29 percent	29	23	12	37	—	14	1
30 to 34 percent	—	40	5	17	4	21	5
35 percent or more	80	183	65	128	7	61	5
Not computed	—	47	—	8	—	11	—
Median	18.9	21.5	22.0	32.4	12.9	18.2	20.2
\$20,000 to \$34,999	238	326	153	418	25	138	17
Less than 20 percent	199	229	116	230	25	112	13
20 to 24 percent	24	52	24	63	—	7	3
25 to 29 percent	8	7	7	65	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent	—	32	6	29	—	19	—
35 percent or more	7	6	—	31	—	—	—
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	10.5	13.1	10.0	17.7	10.8	10.0	15.8
\$35,000 to \$49,999	72	244	45	327	22	106	11
Less than 20 percent	64	207	33	213	16	101	9
20 to 24 percent	—	18	12	83	6	5	1
25 to 29 percent	8	19	—	8	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—	6	—	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—	17	—	—	—
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	16.6	11.0	16.5	17.4	10.0	10.0	14.1
\$50,000 or more	189	165	70	377	10	96	3
Less than 20 percent	176	165	54	324	10	88	3
20 to 24 percent	13	—	16	35	—	8	—
25 to 29 percent	—	—	—	13	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—	5	—	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	10.0	10.0	10.0	11.5	10.0	10.0	10.0
Specified renter-occupied housing units	414	235	170	875	82	665	236
GROSS RENT							
Less than \$100	—	—	—	—	10	41	—
\$100 to \$199	22	—	—	—	14	227	29
\$200 to \$299	113	73	32	116	23	75	67
\$300 to \$399	151	31	19	301	9	108	58
\$400 to \$499	64	35	28	179	11	105	40
\$500 to \$599	10	—	13	124	6	33	4
\$600 to \$749	24	—	—	95	—	16	—
\$750 to \$999	—	—	—	15	—	7	—
\$1,000 or more	—	—	—	8	—	9	—
No cash rent	30	96	78	37	9	44	38
Median (dollars)	323	291	382	401	259	244	319
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989							
Less than \$10,000	101	67	59	162	23	326	78
Less than 20 percent	—	—	—	—	—	27	—
20 to 24 percent	—	—	—	—	—	35	—
25 to 29 percent	11	—	—	—	—	93	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—	7	—	54	7
35 percent or more	67	19	18	103	14	104	34
Not computed	23	48	41	52	9	13	37
Median	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0	30.1	50.0+
\$10,000 to \$19,999	141	75	45	274	31	168	63
Less than 20 percent	23	20	—	—	10	27	20
20 to 24 percent	26	17	—	—	—	19	22
25 to 29 percent	49	—	13	47	14	25	—
30 to 34 percent	26	9	—	86	7	32	—
35 percent or more	10	—	15	65	—	65	16
Not computed	7	29	17	17	—	—	5
Median	26.8	20.9	41.4	31.3	27.0	32.0	22.0
\$20,000 to \$34,999	88	39	55	276	21	106	78
Less than 20 percent	88	31	34	172	21	38	39
20 to 24 percent	—	—	5	78	—	21	—
25 to 29 percent	—	—	—	9	—	6	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—	17	—	20	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed	—	8	16	—	—	—	—
Median	13.6	13.7	16.4	18.9	12.2	21.1	20.0
\$35,000 or more	84	54	11	163	7	65	17
Less than 20 percent	69	43	7	155	7	49	13
20 to 24 percent	5	—	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent	—	—	—	8	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed	10	11	4	—	—	16	4
Median	11.8	12.8	10.0	13.1	15.6	10.0	13.6

Table 35. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White Householder: 1990—Con.

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Houma city, Terrebonne Parish— Con.		Remainder of Terrebonne Parish						
	Tract 8 (pt.)	Tract 9 (pt.)	Tract 1	Tract 6 (pt.)	Tract 11	Tract 12 (pt.)	Tract 13 (pt.)	Tract 14	Tract 16
Specified owner-occupied housing units	1 207	849	857	473	590	1 360	392	411	198
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS									
With a mortgage	677	252	417	330	141	493	102	127	106
Less than \$300.....	74	23	23	—	7	51	7	5	—
\$300 to \$399.....	86	51	89	19	28	99	15	35	15
\$400 to \$499.....	184	46	71	38	29	103	9	15	10
\$500 to \$599.....	128	47	108	73	18	81	31	23	21
\$600 to \$799.....	125	40	78	175	44	95	35	25	15
\$800 to \$999.....	54	8	33	13	10	45	5	13	17
\$1,000 to \$1,499.....	26	22	7	—	5	19	—	11	28
\$1,500 to \$1,999.....	—	7	—	12	—	—	—	—	—
\$2,000 or more.....	—	8	8	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars).....	497	510	525	633	568	495	545	560	694
Not mortgaged	530	597	440	143	449	867	290	284	92
Less than \$100.....	67	71	37	—	135	145	56	36	8
\$100 to \$199.....	281	329	273	87	160	492	135	142	51
\$200 to \$299.....	147	150	121	31	146	169	81	82	26
\$300 to \$399.....	24	39	9	12	8	55	10	15	—
\$400 to \$499.....	—	—	—	—	—	6	8	—	7
\$500 or more.....	11	8	—	13	—	—	—	9	—
Median (dollars).....	171	160	164	178	142	160	172	167	159
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989									
Less than \$20,000.....	404	350	266	120	280	625	185	163	71
Less than 20 percent.....	151	185	121	10	169	271	86	67	11
20 to 24 percent.....	32	56	10	11	35	61	22	—	4
25 to 29 percent.....	19	29	43	30	22	23	12	12	—
30 to 34 percent.....	28	—	—	—	6	40	5	23	—
35 percent or more.....	158	80	92	69	38	183	60	56	56
Not computed.....	16	—	—	—	10	47	—	5	—
Median.....	27.9	18.9	25.2	41.4	16.5	21.5	21.5	30.0	48.2
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	402	238	262	153	138	326	123	153	55
Less than 20 percent.....	255	199	190	74	107	229	110	128	32
20 to 24 percent.....	52	24	51	14	20	52	7	8	7
25 to 29 percent.....	42	8	14	57	—	7	—	11	9
30 to 34 percent.....	17	—	7	—	11	32	6	—	—
35 percent or more.....	36	7	—	8	—	6	—	6	7
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	15.4	10.5	13.5	20.9	12.9	13.1	10.0	10.0	17.7
\$35,000 to \$49,999.....	246	72	191	138	122	244	39	67	22
Less than 20 percent.....	186	64	160	104	113	207	27	56	14
20 to 24 percent.....	28	—	31	24	—	18	12	6	3
25 to 29 percent.....	—	8	—	10	9	19	—	5	5
30 to 34 percent.....	32	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	14.0	16.6	15.5	17.3	10.0	11.0	15.8	10.0	12.0
\$50,000 or more.....	155	189	138	62	50	165	45	28	50
Less than 20 percent.....	155	176	124	50	45	165	45	28	50
20 to 24 percent.....	—	13	7	12	5	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	10.0	10.0	10.0	13.3	10.9	10.0	10.0	10.0	15.0
Specified renter-occupied housing units	662	414	385	227	128	235	149	115	105
GROSS RENT									
Less than \$100.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$100 to \$199.....	46	22	44	7	—	—	—	8	10
\$200 to \$299.....	84	113	134	62	42	73	32	13	29
\$300 to \$399.....	305	151	118	81	—	31	19	34	17
\$400 to \$499.....	88	64	22	17	29	35	20	17	16
\$500 to \$599.....	102	10	21	30	14	—	—	6	7
\$600 to \$749.....	9	24	11	13	—	—	—	6	—
\$750 to \$999.....	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—
\$1,000 or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No cash rent.....	28	30	35	11	43	96	78	31	26
Median (dollars).....	368	323	299	359	426	291	332	343	326
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989									
Less than \$10,000.....	97	101	77	81	40	67	59	34	11
Less than 20 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5
25 to 29 percent.....	8	11	—	—	—	—	—	6	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	8	8	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	61	67	77	46	20	19	18	8	6
Not computed.....	28	23	—	27	12	48	41	20	—
Median.....	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	46.0	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	40.8
\$10,000 to \$19,999.....	270	141	89	67	54	75	37	47	34
Less than 20 percent.....	36	23	—	23	—	20	—	—	6
20 to 24 percent.....	19	26	6	—	10	17	—	8	—
25 to 29 percent.....	84	49	45	13	—	—	13	—	8
30 to 34 percent.....	48	26	28	14	19	9	—	12	7
35 percent or more.....	83	10	—	17	—	—	—	16	—
Not computed.....	—	7	10	—	25	29	17	11	13
Median.....	29.8	26.8	28.7	29.0	31.2	20.9	28.8	34.2	27.8
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	146	88	147	36	34	39	42	22	36
Less than 20 percent.....	70	88	124	13	14	31	26	5	23
20 to 24 percent.....	25	—	—	16	—	—	—	17	—
25 to 29 percent.....	29	—	11	7	14	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	13	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	12	—	6	8	16	—	13
Median.....	20.6	13.6	13.3	21.6	20.0	13.7	14.6	21.8	16.8
\$35,000 or more.....	149	84	72	43	—	54	11	12	24
Less than 20 percent.....	149	69	59	43	—	43	7	12	24
20 to 24 percent.....	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	10	13	—	—	11	4	—	—
Median.....	10.2	11.8	12.1	16.2	—	12.8	10.0	10.0	10.0

Table 36. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Houma-Thibodaux, LA MSA	Lafourche Parish		Terrebonne Parish			Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Lafourche Parish		
		Total	Thibodaux city	Total	Bayou Corne COP	Houma city	Tract 204	Tract 205	Tract 206
Occupied housing units	7 639	3 050	1 240	4 589	381	2 174	520	642	367
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT									
1989 to March 1990	50	23	-	27	-	-	-	5	-
1985 to 1988	244	115	37	129	19	25	10	11	4
1980 to 1984	974	354	84	620	76	159	25	133	14
1970 to 1979	2 283	950	314	1 333	95	605	61	300	14
1960 to 1969	1 372	580	248	792	139	389	72	144	2
1950 to 1959	1 260	451	206	809	31	555	99	32	4
1940 to 1949	800	326	194	474	4	259	147	17	2
1939 or earlier	656	251	157	405	17	182	106	-	5
BEDROOMS									
No bedroom	111	47	23	64	-	41	8	-	-
1 bedroom	995	485	287	510	53	327	121	125	4
2 bedrooms	2 596	1 030	395	1 566	172	830	158	175	19
3 bedrooms	3 387	1 327	422	2 060	145	814	194	290	15
4 bedrooms	477	143	95	334	5	144	21	52	-
5 or more bedrooms	73	18	18	55	6	18	18	-	-
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS									
Complete kitchen facilities	7 491	2 996	1 240	4 495	378	2 162	520	642	37
Source of water, public system or private company	7 615	3 032	1 240	4 583	381	2 168	520	642	38
Sewage disposal, public sewer	5 346	1 906	1 207	3 440	372	2 124	515	561	26
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	168	72	25	96	3	39	25	11	-
Owner-occupied housing units	97	20	7	77	3	24	7	-	-
Renter-occupied housing units	71	52	18	19	-	15	18	11	-
HOUSE HEATING FUEL									
Utility gas	4 712	1 886	901	2 826	135	1 561	427	365	11
Bottled, tank, or LP gas	220	73	9	147	-	48	9	-	5
Electricity	2 689	1 084	330	1 605	246	565	84	277	21
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
All other fuels	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
No fuel used	18	7	-	11	-	-	-	-	-
VEHICLES AVAILABLE									
None	2 576	1 234	548	1 342	85	799	201	269	14
1	2 947	1 069	468	1 878	177	711	244	235	14
2	1 732	624	170	1 108	104	520	54	108	7
3 or more	384	123	54	261	15	144	21	30	2
Vehicles per household	1.0	.9	.8	1.1	1.1	1.0	.8	.9	1.0
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT									
Owner-occupied housing units	4 293	1 440	452	2 853	133	1 095	227	222	151
1989 to March 1990	326	117	34	209	24	69	20	22	-
1985 to 1988	735	258	39	477	41	182	18	39	47
1980 to 1984	773	265	63	508	30	165	22	82	64
1970 to 1979	1 062	365	110	697	8	288	49	55	6
1969 or earlier	1 397	435	206	962	30	391	118	24	23
Renter-occupied housing units	3 346	1 610	788	1 736	248	1 079	293	420	234
1989 to March 1990	1 424	579	255	845	180	508	74	113	124
1985 to 1988	1 097	587	300	510	68	297	92	210	53
1980 to 1984	274	157	85	117	-	69	47	24	32
1970 to 1979	328	184	100	144	-	119	45	73	8
1969 or earlier	223	103	48	120	-	86	35	-	17
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS									
No telephone in unit	1 926	989	405	937	64	457	151	218	113
Householder 65 years and over	1 165	446	206	719	9	362	99	60	60
Owner-occupied housing units	929	328	135	601	9	260	52	28	43
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	47	12	5	35	-	-	5	-	-
No telephone in unit	148	75	25	73	-	13	10	10	-
No vehicle available	525	181	82	344	-	176	44	26	17
Complete plumbing facilities	7 471	2 978	1 215	4 493	378	2 135	495	631	377
1.00 or less persons per room	6 272	2 538	976	3 734	328	1 746	388	523	345
1.01 or more persons per room	1 199	440	239	759	50	389	107	108	32
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	168	72	25	96	3	39	25	11	9
1.00 or less persons per room	119	33	17	86	3	33	17	11	-
1.01 or more persons per room	49	39	8	10	-	6	8	-	9
Mean household income in 1989:									
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars)	18 405	17 977	21 480	18 621	25 255	19 293	21 980	20 434	16 953
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars)	9 904	9 255	9 419	10 505	13 367	9 364	10 420	8 227	10 604
Household income in 1989 below poverty level	3 826	1 654	682	2 172	210	1 066	264	352	221
Owner-occupied housing units	1 656	563	155	1 093	58	376	77	51	73
Renter-occupied housing units	2 170	1 091	527	1 079	152	690	187	301	148

Table 36. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1990—Con.

Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Thibodaux city, Lafourche Parish			Remainder of Lafourche Parish					Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Terrebonne Parish	
	Tract 201	Tract 204 (pt.)	Tract 205 (pt.)	Tract 205 (pt.)	Tract 207 (pt.)	Tract 209	Tract 215	Tract 218	Tract 2	Tract 3
Occupied housing units -----	223	520	346	296	304	385	160	273	142	239
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT										
1989 to March 1990 -----	—	—	—	5	—	7	—	5	—	—
1985 to 1988 -----	—	10	11	—	31	—	—	19	12	5
1980 to 1984 -----	—	25	45	88	55	22	29	40	55	5
1970 to 1979 -----	26	61	189	111	123	156	39	84	47	49
1960 to 1969 -----	48	72	87	57	9	68	77	62	28	44
1950 to 1959 -----	72	99	8	24	23	84	—	43	—	65
1940 to 1949 -----	31	147	6	11	18	31	15	12	—	44
1939 or earlier -----	46	106	—	—	45	17	—	8	—	27
BEDROOMS										
1 bedroom -----	8	8	—	—	—	—	—	17	—	—
2 bedroom -----	62	121	86	39	34	50	11	28	25	25
3 bedrooms -----	82	158	98	77	152	163	41	90	39	81
4 bedrooms -----	53	194	118	172	118	162	104	138	78	104
5 bedrooms -----	18	21	44	8	—	10	4	—	—	23
6 or more bedrooms -----	—	18	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS										
Complete kitchen facilities -----	223	520	346	296	295	369	160	256	142	236
Source of water, public system or private company -----	223	520	346	296	304	378	160	273	142	239
Waste disposal, public sewer -----	216	515	334	227	178	64	40	80	134	239
Lacking complete plumbing facilities -----	—	5	—	11	9	22	—	—	—	3
Owner-occupied housing units -----	—	7	—	—	—	13	—	—	—	3
Renter-occupied housing units -----	—	18	—	11	9	9	—	—	—	—
HOUSE HEATING FUEL										
Utility gas -----	169	427	218	147	63	324	83	118	39	172
Bottled, tank, or LP gas -----	—	9	—	—	57	7	—	—	—	5
Electricity -----	54	84	128	149	184	47	77	155	103	62
Rel oil, kerosene, etc. -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1 other fuels -----	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No fuel used -----	—	—	—	—	—	7	—	—	—	—
VEHICLES AVAILABLE										
None -----	136	201	155	114	111	144	56	143	12	59
1 -----	35	244	121	114	114	107	63	74	87	86
2 -----	48	54	56	52	67	111	36	56	43	85
3 or more -----	4	21	14	16	12	23	5	—	—	9
Vehicles per household -----	.6	.8	.8	.9	1.0	1.0	.9	.7	1.2	1.2
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT										
Owner-occupied housing units -----										
1989 to March 1990 -----	78	227	83	139	110	270	86	132	38	163
1985 to 1988 -----	5	20	9	13	8	17	6	28	6	7
1980 to 1984 -----	—	18	—	39	28	32	13	45	14	30
1970 to 1979 -----	5	22	36	46	66	11	18	30	18	23
1969 or earlier -----	20	49	38	17	8	122	33	17	—	25
Renter-occupied housing units -----										
1989 to March 1990 -----	145	293	263	157	194	115	74	141	104	76
1985 to 1988 -----	73	74	72	41	105	27	51	60	29	40
1980 to 1984 -----	53	92	120	90	37	23	19	63	65	27
1970 to 1979 -----	6	47	16	8	27	17	—	7	10	—
1969 or earlier -----	13	35	—	—	17	27	—	3	—	—
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS										
No telephone in unit -----	84	151	122	96	98	128	43	131	25	22
Householder 65 years and over -----	42	99	33	27	36	58	4	34	—	18
Lacking complete plumbing facilities -----	42	52	9	19	19	58	—	21	—	12
No telephone in unit -----	—	5	—	—	—	7	—	—	—	—
No vehicle available -----	5	10	10	—	—	12	—	22	—	—
Complete plumbing facilities -----	20	44	18	8	17	29	—	12	—	12
1.00 or less persons per room -----	223	495	346	285	295	363	160	273	142	236
1.01 or more persons per room -----	167	388	287	236	263	329	160	230	110	216
Lacking complete plumbing facilities -----	56	107	59	49	32	34	—	43	32	20
1.00 or less persons per room -----	—	25	—	11	9	22	—	—	—	3
1.01 or more persons per room -----	—	17	—	11	—	—	—	—	—	3
1.01 or more persons per room -----	—	8	—	—	9	22	—	—	—	—
Mean household income in 1989:										
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) -----	16 950	21 980	24 809	17 822	15 528	14 136	22 401	14 924	20 362	21 042
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) -----	7 700	10 420	9 609	5 912	11 234	6 639	5 894	8 042	10 569	14 872
Household income in 1989 below poverty level -----	128	264	194	158	174	195	84	162	76	91
Owner-occupied housing units -----	28	77	19	32	51	122	24	65	14	58
Renter-occupied housing units -----	100	187	175	126	123	73	60	97	62	33

Table 36. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1990—Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on a sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Terrebonne Parish—Can.							Bayou Cane CDP, Terrebonne Parish
	Tract 4	Tract 5	Tract 6	Tract 7	Tract 8	Tract 9	Tract 12	Tract 4 (pt.)
Occupied housing units	199	320	206	998	207	523	161	199
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT								
1989 to March 1990	-	-	-	9	-	-	-	-
1985 to 1988	14	-	3	9	16	-	31	14
1980 to 1984	59	16	84	75	62	-	13	59
1970 to 1979	20	74	74	425	44	47	20	20
1960 to 1969	106	58	26	131	63	107	13	106
1950 to 1959	-	107	10	217	22	175	26	-
1940 to 1949	-	51	9	48	-	120	40	-
1939 or earlier	-	14	-	84	-	74	18	-
BEDROOMS								
No bedroom	-	29	-	-	-	12	-	-
1 bedroom	39	44	14	139	18	109	-	39
2 bedrooms	119	90	61	356	121	225	21	119
3 bedrooms	41	111	110	423	64	155	84	41
4 bedrooms	-	38	21	74	-	22	38	-
5 or more bedrooms	-	8	-	6	4	-	18	-
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS								
Complete kitchen facilities	199	320	206	986	207	523	161	199
Source of water, public system or private company	199	320	206	992	207	523	161	199
Sewage disposal, public sewer	199	311	206	955	207	516	-	199
Locking complete plumbing facilities	-	-	-	24	6	9	-	-
Owner-occupied housing units	-	-	-	24	-	-	-	-
Renter-occupied housing units	-	-	-	-	6	9	-	-
HOUSE HEATING FUEL								
Utility gas	17	219	10	706	97	445	122	17
Bottled, tank, or LP gas	-	8	-	28	-	7	-	-
Electricity	182	93	196	264	110	71	39	182
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
All other fuels	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
No fuel used	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VEHICLES AVAILABLE								
None	64	113	41	398	29	221	26	64
1	88	88	104	301	105	204	96	88
2	37	91	51	193	73	92	39	37
3 or more	10	28	10	106	-	6	-	10
Vehicles per household	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.2	.8	1.1	1.0
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT								
Owner-occupied housing units								
1989 to March 1990	31	185	137	511	97	216	153	31
1985 to 1988	24	-	9	37	20	14	-	24
1980 to 1984	-	5	64	60	46	77	31	-
1970 to 1979	7	41	27	64	20	22	26	7
1969 or earlier	-	60	28	143	11	46	12	-
1969 or earlier	-	79	9	207	-	57	84	-
Renter-occupied housing units								
1989 to March 1990	168	135	69	487	110	307	8	168
1985 to 1988	140	47	48	222	56	171	8	140
1980 to 1984	28	37	18	134	43	64	-	28
1970 to 1979	-	23	3	34	5	7	-	-
1969 or earlier	-	21	-	59	6	24	-	-
1969 or earlier	-	7	-	38	-	41	-	-
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS								
No telephone in unit	51	63	19	244	15	113	18	51
Householder 65 years and over	-	84	9	163	-	106	45	-
Owner-occupied housing units	-	64	9	116	-	77	45	-
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
No telephone in unit	-	-	-	-	-	13	-	-
No vehicle available	-	31	-	97	-	36	13	-
Complete plumbing facilities	199	320	206	974	201	514	161	199
1.00 or less persons per room	161	281	181	790	132	447	125	161
1.01 or more persons per room	38	39	25	184	69	67	36	38
Locking complete plumbing facilities	-	-	-	24	6	9	-	-
1.00 or less persons per room	-	-	-	24	-	9	-	-
1.01 or more persons per room	-	-	-	-	6	-	-	-
Mean household income in 1989:								
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars)	38 128	23 695	24 284	19 189	12 114	19 990	17 054	38 128
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars)	11 929	9 791	16 354	7 933	11 544	9 963	24 000	11 929
Household income in 1989 below poverty level	131	156	92	474	118	248	70	131
Owner-occupied housing units	10	55	47	135	69	74	70	10
Renter-occupied housing units	121	101	45	339	49	174	-	121

Table 36. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1990—Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Houma city, Terrebonne Parish					Remainder of Terrebonne Parish				
	Tract 3 (pt.)	Tract 5 (pt.)	Tract 7 (pt.)	Tract 8 (pt.)	Tract 9 (pt.)	Tract 1	Tract 6 (pt.)	Tract 12 (pt.)	Tract 14	Tract 16
Occupied housing units -----	150	297	972	207	523	657	196	161	256	414
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT										
1989 to March 1990 -----	-	-	-	-	-	13	-	-	-	-
1985 to 1988 -----	-	-	9	16	-	-	3	31	6	5
1980 to 1984 -----	5	11	75	62	-	100	84	13	42	51
1970 to 1979 -----	18	69	408	44	47	218	64	20	106	149
1960 to 1969 -----	30	58	131	63	107	111	26	13	48	17
1950 to 1959 -----	43	98	217	22	175	80	10	26	10	45
1940 to 1949 -----	44	47	48	-	120	72	9	40	22	52
1939 or earlier -----	10	14	84	-	74	63	-	18	22	95
BEDROOMS										
No bedroom -----	-	29	-	-	12	-	-	-	-	-
1 bedroom -----	17	44	139	18	109	70	14	-	-	14
2 bedrooms -----	33	85	356	121	225	160	51	21	80	140
3 bedrooms -----	82	93	405	64	155	361	110	84	147	242
4 bedrooms -----	18	38	66	-	22	53	21	38	29	18
5 or more bedrooms -----	-	8	6	4	-	13	-	18	-	-
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS										
Complete kitchen facilities -----	150	297	960	207	523	614	196	161	251	406
Source of water, public system or private company -----	150	297	966	207	523	657	196	161	256	414
Sewage disposal, public sewer -----	150	297	929	207	516	283	196	-	205	75
Lacking complete plumbing facilities -----	-	-	24	6	9	31	-	-	-	23
Owner-occupied housing units -----	-	-	24	-	-	31	-	-	-	19
Renter-occupied housing units -----	-	-	-	6	9	-	-	-	-	4
HOUSE HEATING FUEL										
Utility gas -----	111	201	697	97	445	378	-	122	178	255
Bottled, tank, or LP gas -----	5	8	28	-	7	44	-	-	11	44
Electricity -----	34	88	247	110	71	224	196	39	67	115
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. -----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
All other fuels -----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
No fuel used -----	-	-	-	-	-	11	-	-	-	-
VEHICLES AVAILABLE										
None -----	43	108	398	29	221	188	41	26	42	97
1 -----	39	79	284	105	204	279	104	96	135	190
2 -----	64	82	184	73	92	151	41	39	68	108
3 or more -----	4	28	106	-	6	39	10	-	11	19
Vehicles per household -----	1.2	1.1	1.0	1.2	.8	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.1
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT										
Owner-occupied housing units -----										
1989 to March 1990 -----	116	162	485	97	216	562	127	153	221	323
1985 to 1988 -----	7	-	28	20	14	51	9	-	15	5
1980 to 1984 -----	8	-	51	46	77	61	64	31	28	12
1970 to 1979 -----	23	36	64	20	22	112	27	26	42	70
1969 or earlier -----	17	60	135	11	46	170	18	12	65	91
Renter-occupied housing units -----										
1989 to March 1990 -----	34	135	487	110	307	95	69	8	35	91
1985 to 1988 -----	12	47	222	56	171	26	48	8	23	18
1980 to 1984 -----	13	37	134	43	64	41	18	-	-	36
1970 to 1979 -----	-	23	34	5	7	28	3	-	-	7
1969 or earlier -----	9	21	59	6	24	-	-	-	-	13
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS										
No telephone in unit -----	22	63	244	15	113	178	19	18	57	79
Householder 65 years and over -----	18	75	163	-	106	115	9	45	33	82
Owner-occupied housing units -----	12	55	116	-	77	115	9	45	33	72
Lacking complete plumbing facilities -----	-	-	-	-	-	21	-	-	-	14
No telephone in unit -----	-	-	-	-	13	30	-	-	8	15
No vehicle available -----	12	31	97	-	36	68	-	13	13	44
Complete plumbing facilities -----	150	297	948	201	514	626	196	161	256	391
1.00 or less persons per room -----	130	258	764	132	447	526	181	125	179	347
1.01 or more persons per room -----	20	39	184	69	67	100	15	36	77	44
Lacking complete plumbing facilities -----	-	-	24	6	9	31	-	-	-	23
1.00 or less persons per room -----	-	-	24	-	9	27	-	-	-	23
1.01 or more persons per room -----	-	-	-	6	-	4	-	-	-	-
Mean household income in 1989:										
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) -----	21 356	23 388	18 655	12 114	19 990	17 421	24 779	17 054	16 900	15 309
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) -----	8 912	9 791	7 933	11 544	9 963	8 847	16 354	24 000	10 295	13 814
Household income in 1989 below poverty level -----	61	146	474	118	248	308	82	70	96	207
Owner-occupied housing units -----	34	45	135	69	74	249	37	70	72	162
Renter-occupied housing units -----	27	101	339	49	174	59	45	-	24	45

Table 37. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Houma-Thibodaux, LA MSA	Lofourche Parish		Terrebonne Parish			Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Lafourche Parish		
		Total	Thibodaux city	Total	Bayou Cone CDP	Houma city	Tract 204	Tract 205	Tract 207
Specified owner-occupied housing units -----	2 780	898	363	1 882	114	867	159	159	60
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS									
With a mortgage -----	1 210	332	144	878	48	421	32	123	23
Less than \$300-----	181	42	13	139	-	97	-	8	5
\$300 to \$399-----	220	57	40	163	-	65	-	41	-
\$400 to \$499-----	179	46	15	133	8	50	10	-	4
\$500 to \$599-----	202	76	38	126	14	56	14	42	-
\$600 to \$799-----	216	58	20	158	19	56	8	16	-
\$800 to \$999-----	173	27	-	146	7	84	-	-	6
\$1,000 to \$1,499-----	37	24	16	13	-	13	-	16	8
\$1,500 to \$1,999-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
\$2,000 or more-----	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median (dollars)-----	511	521	505	503	620	497	521	526	871
Not mortgaged -----	1 570	566	219	1 004	66	446	127	36	37
Less than \$100-----	354	114	45	240	7	95	26	-	-
\$100 to \$199-----	713	317	128	396	32	212	90	30	12
\$200 to \$299-----	349	115	42	234	18	88	11	6	25
\$300 to \$399-----	74	14	4	60	9	10	-	-	-
\$400 to \$499-----	33	-	-	33	-	11	-	-	-
\$500 or more-----	47	6	-	41	-	30	-	-	-
Median (dollars)-----	158	156	159	160	148	146	157	168	254
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989									
Less than \$20,000-----	1 753	575	210	1 178	48	530	97	63	39
Less than 20 percent-----	548	204	67	344	3	148	23	11	12
20 to 24 percent-----	205	63	18	142	4	74	18	-	-
25 to 29 percent-----	113	38	21	75	-	44	4	9	4
30 to 34 percent-----	125	35	15	90	-	15	7	8	-
35 percent or more-----	695	217	89	478	24	226	45	35	23
Not computed-----	67	18	-	49	17	23	-	-	-
Median-----	29.0	26.5	29.8	30.2	45.3	28.6	32.5	36.6	50.0+
\$20,000 to \$34,999-----	557	176	91	381	6	203	35	63	7
Less than 20 percent-----	308	96	51	212	-	85	27	15	7
20 to 24 percent-----	76	15	15	61	-	34	8	7	-
25 to 29 percent-----	76	22	17	54	-	45	-	17	-
30 to 34 percent-----	34	19	-	15	6	9	-	8	-
35 percent or more-----	63	24	8	39	-	30	-	16	-
Not computed-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median-----	18.7	18.5	18.7	18.7	32.5	22.4	10.0-	27.8	17.5
\$35,000 to \$49,999-----	250	65	8	185	38	62	-	25	-
Less than 20 percent-----	211	55	6	156	31	49	-	17	-
20 to 24 percent-----	28	8	-	20	7	13	-	8	-
25 to 29 percent-----	9	-	-	9	-	-	-	-	-
30 to 34 percent-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35 percent or more-----	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Not computed-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median-----	14.7	14.0	13.3	15.1	11.1	10.0-	-	15.5	-
\$50,000 or more-----	220	82	54	138	22	72	27	8	14
Less than 20 percent-----	168	55	38	113	22	61	27	-	-
20 to 24 percent-----	52	27	16	25	-	11	-	8	14
25 to 29 percent-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
30 to 34 percent-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35 percent or more-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Not computed-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Median-----	11.8	12.5	10.0-	11.4	16.1	10.0-	10.0-	22.5	22.5
Specified renter-occupied housing units -----	3 315	1 594	772	1 721	248	1 079	285	420	234
GROSS RENT									
Less than \$100-----	395	289	105	106	-	100	13	113	23
\$100 to \$199-----	645	400	164	245	-	214	81	85	45
\$200 to \$299-----	857	342	218	515	44	363	78	95	61
\$300 to \$399-----	631	249	143	382	75	211	51	78	35
\$400 to \$499-----	243	39	39	204	76	91	5	26	-
\$500 to \$599-----	117	32	32	85	16	32	18	-	14
\$600 to \$749-----	34	22	6	12	12	-	-	6	-
\$750 to \$999-----	34	-	-	34	13	18	-	-	-
\$1,000 or more-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
No cash rent-----	359	221	65	138	12	50	39	17	56
Median (dollars)-----	241	199	220	278	398	244	220	202	222
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989									
Less than \$10,000-----	2 156	1 053	491	1 103	155	731	166	295	139
Less than 20 percent-----	98	68	35	30	-	30	4	20	-
20 to 24 percent-----	74	62	34	12	-	6	12	32	8
25 to 29 percent-----	132	58	32	74	-	74	9	12	8
30 to 34 percent-----	175	81	67	94	10	76	26	23	-
35 percent or more-----	1 360	575	267	785	139	496	87	170	71
Not computed-----	317	209	56	108	6	49	28	38	52
Median-----	50.0+	45.3	43.1	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	39.7	44.0	50.0+
\$10,000 to \$19,999-----	652	294	165	358	26	236	73	57	60
Less than 20 percent-----	169	82	31	87	-	68	12	19	15
20 to 24 percent-----	102	54	26	48	-	39	8	22	17
25 to 29 percent-----	92	23	23	69	13	45	9	8	6
30 to 34 percent-----	94	52	34	42	-	26	16	-	18
35 percent or more-----	102	37	37	65	13	29	18	8	-
Not computed-----	93	46	14	47	-	29	10	-	4
Median-----	25.5	23.9	29.0	26.5	40.0	24.6	30.8	22.2	23.8
\$20,000 to \$34,999-----	406	226	111	180	37	72	41	68	35
Less than 20 percent-----	273	180	85	93	19	38	26	62	21
20 to 24 percent-----	35	10	6	25	18	7	6	-	-
25 to 29 percent-----	34	11	11	23	-	9	-	6	5
30 to 34 percent-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35 percent or more-----	12	-	-	12	-	12	-	-	-
Not computed-----	52	25	9	27	-	6	9	-	9
Median-----	15.1	13.5	15.0	18.3	19.9	18.6	16.4	14.0	13.1
\$35,000 or more-----	101	21	5	80	30	40	5	-	-
Less than 20 percent-----	75	16	-	59	18	34	-	-	-
20 to 24 percent-----	9	-	-	9	-	6	-	-	-
25 to 29 percent-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
30 to 34 percent-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
35 percent or more-----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Not computed-----	17	5	5	12	12	-	5	-	-
Median-----	12.3	10.6	-	12.6	10.5	12.9	-	-	-

Table 37. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1990—Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Thibodaux city, Lofourche Parish			Remainder of Lofourche Parish					Totals for split tracts/BNA's in Terrebonne Parish	
	Tract 201	Tract 204 (pt.)	Tract 205 (pt.)	Tract 205 (pt.)	Tract 207 (pt.)	Tract 209	Tract 215	Tract 218	Tract 2	Tract 3
Specified owner-occupied housing units	63	159	83	76	24	166	48	47	32	141
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS										
With a mortgage	14	32	83	40	10	37	26	19	14	56
Less than \$300.....	—	—	8	—	—	15	—	14	—	7
\$300 to \$399.....	5	—	35	6	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$400 to \$499.....	5	10	—	—	4	10	5	—	8	15
\$500 to \$599.....	—	14	24	18	—	9	5	—	6	12
\$600 to \$799.....	4	8	8	8	—	3	4	5	—	12
\$800 to \$999.....	—	—	—	—	6	—	12	—	—	6
\$1,000 to \$1,499.....	—	—	8	8	—	—	—	—	—	4
\$1,500 to \$1,999.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$2,000 or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars).....	470	521	397	589	858	467	638	200	494	525
Not mortgaged	49	127	—	36	14	129	22	28	18	85
Less than \$100.....	19	26	—	—	—	33	7	—	—	12
\$100 to \$199.....	23	90	—	30	8	61	5	28	—	60
\$200 to \$299.....	3	11	—	6	6	24	5	—	18	3
\$300 to \$399.....	4	—	—	—	—	5	5	—	—	10
\$400 to \$499.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$500 or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars).....	146	157	—	168	194	128	190	161	238	145
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989										
Less than \$20,000.....	47	97	28	35	18	146	26	35	14	81
Less than 20 percent.....	24	23	—	11	—	70	7	5	—	26
20 to 24 percent.....	—	18	—	—	—	16	5	14	—	21
25 to 29 percent.....	4	4	9	—	—	—	—	4	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	7	8	—	—	14	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	19	45	11	24	18	34	14	12	14	13
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	12	—	—	—	21
Median.....	14.9	32.5	33.1	50.0+	50.0+	19.6	36.0	24.5	50.0+	21.0
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	8	35	41	22	—	11	7	12	6	19
Less than 20 percent.....	8	27	9	6	—	8	—	7	—	1
20 to 24 percent.....	—	8	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	7
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	17	—	—	—	—	5	—	11
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	8	—	—	7	—	6	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	8	8	—	3	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	16.0	10.0	26.3	33.1	—	13.4	32.5	10.0	32.5	25.7
\$35,000 to \$49,999.....	—	—	6	19	—	4	10	—	12	14
Less than 20 percent.....	—	—	6	11	—	4	10	—	12	14
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	—	8	—	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	—	—	12.5	18.5	—	10.0	12.5	—	10.0	10.0
\$50,000 or more.....	8	27	8	—	6	5	5	—	—	27
Less than 20 percent.....	8	27	—	—	—	5	5	—	—	27
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	8	—	6	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	10.0	10.0	22.5	—	22.5	12.5	17.5	—	—	10.3
Specified renter-occupied housing units	137	285	263	157	194	115	74	141	104	76
GROSS RENT										
Less than \$100.....	12	13	75	38	23	24	46	53	—	—
\$100 to \$199.....	36	81	47	38	45	42	4	46	16	6
\$200 to \$299.....	23	78	74	21	50	8	5	16	31	31
\$300 to \$399.....	42	51	35	43	30	—	10	12	11	8
\$400 to \$499.....	8	5	26	—	—	—	—	—	21	6
\$500 to \$599.....	—	18	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	6
\$600 to \$749.....	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$750 to \$999.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	12	—
\$1,000 or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	13	—
No cash rent.....	16	39	—	17	46	41	9	14	—	19
Median (dollars).....	266	220	206	121	208	127	91	111	336	246
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989										
Less than \$10,000.....	94	166	169	126	114	84	60	99	50	42
Less than 20 percent.....	6	4	20	—	—	20	5	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent.....	—	12	22	10	8	—	—	10	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	11	9	12	—	8	7	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	26	23	—	—	—	—	14	—	14
35 percent or more.....	55	87	92	78	52	28	44	61	50	22
Not computed.....	22	28	—	38	46	29	11	14	—	6
Median.....	50.0+	39.7	40.5	50.0+	49.5	35.3	50.0+	39.0	50.0+	50.0+
\$10,000 to \$19,999.....	26	73	46	11	50	24	—	13	46	11
Less than 20 percent.....	—	12	19	—	15	12	—	7	—	—
20 to 24 percent.....	7	8	11	11	17	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	—	9	8	—	—	—	—	—	24	7
30 to 34 percent.....	8	16	—	—	18	—	—	—	9	—
35 percent or more.....	11	18	8	—	—	—	—	—	13	—
Not computed.....	—	10	—	—	—	12	—	6	—	4
Median.....	33.8	30.8	21.8	22.5	22.9	17.5	—	17.5	29.8	27.5
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	17	41	48	20	30	7	14	29	8	11
Less than 20 percent.....	17	26	42	20	21	7	6	26	8	—
20 to 24 percent.....	—	6	—	—	—	—	4	—	—	8
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	9	—	—	9	—	4	3	—	3
Median.....	14.7	16.4	14.0	13.8	12.5	10.0	19.2	10.0	17.5	22.5
\$35,000 or more.....	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	12
Less than 20 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	12
Median.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Table 37. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1990—Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Totals for split tracts/8NA's in Terrebonne Parish—Con.							Bayou Cone CDP, Terrebonne Parish
	Tract 4	Tract 5	Tract 6	Tract 7	Tract 8	Tract 9	Tract 12	Tract 4 (pt.)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	31	138	119	424	42	180	100	31
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS								
With a mortgage	21	59	100	193	32	101	45	21
Less than \$300	—	11	—	48	—	31	—	—
\$300 to \$399	—	22	18	25	—	18	14	—
\$400 to \$499	—	11	19	9	—	15	18	—
\$500 to \$599	—	8	19	26	—	8	—	—
\$600 to \$799	14	7	27	26	10	15	13	14
\$800 to \$999	7	—	17	50	22	14	—	7
\$1,000 to \$1,499	—	—	—	9	—	—	—	—
\$1,500 to \$1,999	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$2,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars)	788	390	534	578	877	411	474	788
Not mortgaged	10	79	19	231	10	79	55	10
Less than \$100	—	18	—	51	—	21	—	—
\$100 to \$199	10	44	19	83	10	37	13	10
\$200 to \$299	—	8	—	56	—	21	24	—
\$300 to \$399	—	9	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$400 to \$499	—	—	—	11	—	—	18	—
\$500 or more	—	—	—	30	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars)	125	133	175	148	175	144	260	125
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989								
Less than \$20,000	10	81	56	256	21	104	70	10
Less than 20 percent	—	36	10	50	—	39	13	—
20 to 24 percent	—	11	—	46	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent	—	—	—	25	10	9	—	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—	11	—	4	30	—
35 percent or more	10	34	46	113	11	44	27	10
Not computed	—	—	—	11	—	8	—	—
Median	45.0	22.0	50.0+	30.7	50.0+	30.0	33.7	45.0
\$20,000 to \$34,999	—	18	36	110	21	44	30	—
Less than 20 percent	—	18	10	46	—	20	30	—
20 to 24 percent	—	—	8	27	—	9	—	—
25 to 29 percent	—	—	9	9	10	15	—	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—	9	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—	9	19	11	—	—	—
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	—	15.9	25.0	21.7	40.5	21.1	17.5	—
\$35,000 to \$49,999	7	22	19	45	—	9	—	7
Less than 20 percent	7	22	19	23	—	9	—	7
20 to 24 percent	—	—	—	13	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent	—	—	—	9	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	22.5	11.8	15.2	14.7	—	10.0-	—	22.5
\$50,000 or more	14	17	8	13	—	23	—	14
Less than 20 percent	14	17	—	13	—	12	—	14
20 to 24 percent	—	—	8	—	—	11	—	—
25 to 29 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	17.5	10.0-	22.5	10.0-	—	14.7	—	17.5
Specified renter-occupied housing units	168	135	69	487	110	307	8	168
GROSS RENT								
Less than \$100	—	—	—	92	—	8	—	—
\$100 to \$199	—	38	8	107	—	63	—	—
\$200 to \$299	34	36	7	161	28	117	—	34
\$300 to \$399	67	44	21	44	62	61	—	67
\$400 to \$499	57	9	15	69	9	4	—	57
\$500 to \$599	10	—	15	7	7	18	—	10
\$600 to \$749	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$750 to \$999	—	—	3	—	4	8	—	—
\$1,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No cash rent	—	8	—	7	—	28	8	—
Median (dollars)	348	273	395	211	345	267	—	348
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989								
Less than \$10,000	121	84	38	369	70	188	—	121
Less than 20 percent	—	—	—	22	—	8	—	—
20 to 24 percent	—	—	—	6	—	6	—	—
25 to 29 percent	—	15	—	59	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent	—	7	8	41	—	24	—	—
35 percent or more	121	62	30	217	70	131	—	121
Not computed	—	—	—	30	—	19	—	—
Median	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	46.7	50.0+	50.0+	—	50.0+
\$10,000 to \$19,999	—	37	14	84	20	84	—	—
Less than 20 percent	—	9	—	33	—	26	—	—
20 to 24 percent	—	20	—	8	—	11	—	—
25 to 29 percent	—	—	—	23	6	9	—	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—	7	8	14	4	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—	7	12	—	17	—	—
Not computed	—	8	—	—	—	17	—	—
Median	—	21.4	35.0	25.2	31.4	23.4	—	—
\$20,000 to \$34,999	29	14	7	14	15	26	8	29
Less than 20 percent	19	14	7	14	4	6	—	19
20 to 24 percent	10	—	—	—	7	—	—	10
25 to 29 percent	—	—	—	—	—	9	—	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—	—	4	8	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	3	8	—
Median	18.8	16.1	12.5	13.9	22.5	28.1	—	18.8
\$35,000 or more	18	—	10	20	5	9	—	18
Less than 20 percent	18	—	7	20	5	9	—	18
20 to 24 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	10.5	—	17.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	—	10.5

Table 37. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a Black Householder: 1990—Con.

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Houma city, Terrebonne Parish					Remainder of Terrebonne Parish				
	Tract 3 (pt.)	Tract 5 (pt.)	Tract 7 (pt.)	Tract 8 (pt.)	Tract 9 (pt.)	Tract 1	Tract 6 (pt.)	Tract 12 (pt.)	Tract 14	Tract 16
Specified owner-occupied housing units	99	129	398	42	180	318	109	100	129	113
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS										
With a mortgage	43	59	167	32	101	156	90	45	57	6
Less than \$300.....	7	11	48	—	31	29	—	—	—	—
\$300 to \$399.....	—	22	25	—	18	31	18	14	24	—
\$400 to \$499.....	15	11	9	—	15	22	19	18	16	—
\$500 to \$599.....	4	8	26	—	8	42	9	—	5	—
\$600 to \$799.....	7	7	17	—	15	24	27	13	5	—
\$800 to \$999.....	6	—	33	—	14	8	17	—	7	6
\$1,000 to \$1,499.....	4	—	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$1,500 to \$1,999.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$2,000 or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars).....	497	390	553	877	411	487	544	474	422	975
Not mortgaged	56	70	231	10	79	162	19	55	72	107
Less than \$100.....	5	18	51	—	21	53	—	—	9	29
\$100 to \$199.....	38	44	83	10	37	43	19	13	17	50
\$200 to \$299.....	3	8	56	—	21	49	—	24	41	14
\$300 to \$399.....	10	—	—	—	—	17	—	—	5	5
\$400 to \$499.....	—	—	11	—	—	—	—	18	—	4
\$500 or more.....	—	—	30	—	—	—	—	—	—	5
Median (dollars).....	164	126	148	175	144	158	175	260	212	145
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989										
Less than \$20,000.....	57	81	248	21	104	215	46	70	85	94
Less than 20 percent.....	23	36	50	—	39	82	10	13	14	36
20 to 24 percent.....	17	11	46	—	—	42	—	—	10	7
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	25	10	9	20	—	—	4	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	11	—	4	13	—	30	21	11
35 percent or more.....	13	34	105	11	44	58	36	27	27	40
Not computed.....	4	—	11	—	8	—	—	—	9	—
Median.....	21.0	22.0	29.5	50.0+	30.0	23.0	50.0+	33.7	32.4	31.8
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	19	18	101	21	44	30	36	30	39	9
Less than 20 percent.....	1	18	46	—	20	20	10	30	39	9
20 to 24 percent.....	7	—	18	—	9	10	8	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	11	—	9	10	15	—	9	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	19	11	—	—	9	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	25.7	15.9	21.3	40.5	21.1	10.0	25.0	17.5	14.8	10.5
\$35,000 to \$49,999.....	4	13	36	—	9	52	19	—	—	—
Less than 20 percent.....	4	13	23	—	9	52	19	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	13	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	10.0	10.9	11.9	—	10.0	17.1	15.2	—	—	—
\$50,000 or more.....	19	17	13	—	23	21	8	—	5	10
Less than 20 percent.....	19	17	13	—	12	21	8	—	5	4
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	—	—	11	—	8	—	—	6
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	10.0	10.0	10.0	—	14.7	10.0	22.5	—	12.5	20.8
Specified renter-occupied housing units	34	135	487	110	307	83	69	8	35	88
GROSS RENT										
Less than \$100.....	—	—	92	—	8	—	—	—	—	—
\$100 to \$199.....	6	38	107	—	63	7	8	—	—	—
\$200 to \$299.....	21	36	161	28	117	17	7	—	5	14
\$300 to \$399.....	—	44	44	62	61	35	21	—	6	18
\$400 to \$499.....	—	9	69	9	4	—	15	—	—	14
\$500 to \$599.....	—	—	7	7	18	16	15	—	6	—
\$600 to \$749.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$750 to \$999.....	—	—	—	4	8	—	3	—	—	—
\$1,000 or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No cash rent.....	7	8	7	—	28	8	—	8	18	42
Median (dollars).....	217	273	211	345	267	317	395	—	315	384
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989										
Less than \$10,000.....	20	84	369	70	188	51	38	—	24	39
Less than 20 percent.....	—	—	22	—	8	—	—	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	—	—	6	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	—	15	59	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	4	7	41	—	24	—	8	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	16	62	217	70	131	27	30	—	6	28
Not computed.....	—	—	30	—	19	24	—	—	18	11
Median.....	50.0+	50.0+	46.7	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+	—	50.0+	50.0+
\$10,000 to \$19,999.....	11	37	84	20	84	32	14	—	—	18
Less than 20 percent.....	—	9	33	—	26	7	—	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent.....	—	20	8	—	11	9	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	7	—	23	6	9	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	8	14	4	—	7	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	12	—	17	16	7	—	—	—
Not computed.....	4	8	—	—	17	—	—	—	—	18
Median.....	27.5	21.4	25.2	31.4	23.4	30.0	35.0	—	—	—
\$20,000 to \$34,999.....	3	14	14	15	26	—	7	8	11	31
Less than 20 percent.....	—	14	14	4	6	—	7	—	11	4
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	—	7	—	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	—	—	9	—	—	—	—	14
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	4	8	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	3	—	—	—	3	—	—	8	—	—
Median.....	—	16.1	13.9	22.5	28.1	—	12.5	—	14.6	26.8
\$35,000 or more.....	—	—	20	5	9	—	10	—	—	—
Less than 20 percent.....	—	—	20	5	9	—	7	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median.....	—	—	12.5	12.5	12.5	—	17.5	—	—	—

Table 38. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area			Terrebonne Parish		Lafourche Parish	Totals for split tracts/ BNA's in Terrebonne Parish	Remainder of Terrebonne Parish		
	Houma-Thibodaux, LA MSA	Lafourche Parish	Total	Hauma city	Tract 216	Tract 13	Tract 11	Tract 13 (pt.)	Tract 14
Occupied housing units -----	1 692	458	1 234	301	119	448	174	443	111
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT									
1989 to March 1990 -----	21	7	14	-	-	-	6	-	-
1985 to 1988 -----	145	49	96	40	13	30	20	25	11
1980 to 1984 -----	177	49	128	17	24	60	9	60	9
1970 to 1979 -----	609	136	473	78	26	165	62	165	55
1960 to 1969 -----	331	73	258	51	25	111	46	111	23
1950 to 1959 -----	180	66	114	33	13	46	17	46	6
1940 to 1949 -----	126	41	85	54	-	31	-	31	-
1939 or earlier -----	103	37	66	28	18	5	14	5	7
BEDROOMS									
No bedroom -----	44	7	37	18	-	13	6	13	-
1 bedroom -----	199	37	162	46	-	38	45	38	7
2 bedrooms -----	642	192	450	76	62	175	65	175	59
3 bedrooms -----	646	200	446	88	57	203	41	198	32
4 bedrooms -----	148	17	131	69	-	19	13	19	13
5 or more bedrooms -----	13	5	8	4	-	-	4	-	-
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS									
Complete kitchen facilities -----	1 668	449	1 219	292	119	448	168	443	111
Source of water, public system or private company -----	1 686	452	1 234	301	119	448	174	443	111
Sewage disposal, public sewer -----	551	54	497	289	12	56	9	51	26
Locking complete plumbing facilities -----	45	22	23	-	-	14	9	14	-
Owner-occupied housing units -----	33	19	14	-	-	5	9	5	-
Renter-occupied housing units -----	12	3	9	-	-	9	-	9	-
HOUSE HEATING FUEL									
Utility gas -----	1 077	253	824	201	80	336	129	336	58
Bottled, tank, or LP gas -----	98	21	77	-	-	18	15	18	33
Electricity -----	471	160	311	100	39	80	22	75	20
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. -----	10	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
All other fuels -----	36	14	22	-	-	14	8	14	-
No fuel used -----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VEHICLES AVAILABLE									
None -----	429	60	369	98	26	131	84	131	29
1 -----	706	195	511	129	50	217	63	217	43
2 -----	451	134	317	70	21	94	27	89	39
3 or more -----	106	69	37	4	22	6	-	6	-
Vehicles per household -----	1.1	1.5	1.0	.9	1.3	.9	.7	.9	1.1
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT									
Owner-occupied housing units -----	1 194	345	849	110	107	351	148	346	104
1989 to March 1990 -----	119	16	103	19	7	18	15	18	28
1985 to 1988 -----	319	98	221	22	39	98	46	93	14
1980 to 1984 -----	207	41	166	13	12	79	27	79	25
1970 to 1979 -----	298	97	201	12	-	91	23	91	25
1969 or earlier -----	251	93	158	44	49	65	37	65	12
Renter-occupied housing units -----	498	113	385	191	12	97	26	97	7
1989 to March 1990 -----	298	64	234	145	-	49	7	49	-
1985 to 1988 -----	182	48	134	46	12	38	19	38	-
1980 to 1984 -----	10	-	10	-	-	10	-	10	-
1970 to 1979 -----	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1969 or earlier -----	8	1	7	-	-	-	-	-	7
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS									
No telephone in unit -----	388	144	244	69	39	84	65	84	14
Householder 65 years and over -----	146	50	96	11	14	33	46	33	6
Owner-occupied housing units -----	127	46	81	5	14	33	37	33	6
Lacking complete plumbing facilities -----	11	6	5	-	-	5	-	5	-
No telephone in unit -----	25	16	9	-	14	-	9	-	-
No vehicle available -----	72	19	53	5	14	16	26	16	6
Complete plumbing facilities -----	1 647	436	1 211	301	119	434	165	429	111
1.00 or less persons per room -----	1 229	355	874	227	107	293	124	288	82
1.01 or more persons per room -----	418	81	337	74	12	141	41	141	29
Lacking complete plumbing facilities -----	45	22	23	-	-	14	9	14	-
1.00 or less persons per room -----	24	19	5	-	-	5	-	5	-
1.01 or more persons per room -----	21	3	18	-	-	9	9	9	-
Mean household income in 1989:									
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) -----	20 117	16 685	21 512	14 893	12 393	16 682	13 190	16 600	42 182
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) -----	17 570	16 031	18 022	14 274	18 000	5 152	6 585	5 152	44 000
Household income in 1989 below poverty level -----	864	211	653	143	86	258	127	258	54
Owner-occupied housing units -----	598	170	428	55	86	170	101	170	54
Renter-occupied housing units -----	266	41	225	88	-	88	26	88	-

Table 39. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Terrebonne Parish		Lafourche Parish		Totals for split tracts/ BNA's in Terrebonne Parish		Remainder of Terrebonne Parish		
	Houma-Thibodaux, LA MSA	Lofourche Parish	Total	Houma city	Tract 216	Tract 13	Tract 11	Tract 13 (pt.)	Tract 14
Specified owner-occupied housing units	696	230	466	74	83	193	104	188	28
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS									
With a mortgage	233	71	162	28	7	55	25	50	6
Less than \$300	18	7	11	4	—	7	—	7	—
\$300 to \$399	31	9	22	—	—	7	—	7	—
\$400 to \$499	70	30	40	13	—	17	9	12	—
\$500 to \$599	50	10	40	4	—	24	6	24	6
\$600 to \$799	17	2	15	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$800 to \$999	42	13	29	7	7	—	10	—	—
\$1,000 to \$1,499	5	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$1,500 to \$1,999	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$2,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars)	495	467	519	483	875	465	529	446	575
Not mortgaged	463	159	304	46	76	138	79	138	22
Less than \$100	172	84	88	24	62	19	45	19	—
\$100 to \$199	214	54	160	4	—	101	34	101	16
\$200 to \$299	68	19	49	18	14	11	—	11	6
\$300 to \$399	9	2	7	—	—	7	—	7	—
\$400 to \$499	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$500 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median (dollars)	122	100-	132	100-	100-	143	100-	143	134
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989									
Less than \$20,000	458	172	286	50	62	120	72	120	21
Less than 20 percent	231	118	113	15	62	50	48	50	—
20 to 24 percent	56	10	46	18	—	12	7	12	9
25 to 29 percent	29	7	22	4	—	7	11	7	—
30 to 34 percent	31	17	14	—	—	14	—	14	—
35 percent or more	84	10	74	4	—	29	6	29	12
Not computed	27	10	17	9	—	8	—	8	—
Median	18.9	16.0	22.3	21.5	14.2	22.5	15.4	22.5	36.3
\$20,000 to \$34,999	97	22	75	16	7	30	19	25	7
Less than 20 percent	34	2	32	—	—	18	7	18	7
20 to 24 percent	15	3	12	4	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent	31	10	21	5	—	12	9	7	—
30 to 34 percent	7	—	7	7	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more	10	7	3	—	7	—	3	—	—
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	24.8	28.0	22.3	29.0	37.5	10.0-	26.4	10.0-	10.0-
\$35,000 to \$49,999	106	32	74	4	14	38	13	38	—
Less than 20 percent	85	24	61	4	14	32	6	32	—
20 to 24 percent	14	8	6	—	—	6	—	6	—
25 to 29 percent	7	—	7	—	—	—	7	—	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	11.7	10.0	12.1	12.5	10.0-	10.0-	25.4	10.0-	—
\$50,000 or more	35	4	31	4	—	5	—	5	—
Less than 20 percent	30	4	26	4	—	5	—	5	—
20 to 24 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent	5	—	5	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	10.0-	10.0-	15.6	10.0-	—	10.0-	—	10.0-	—
Specified renter-occupied housing units	490	113	377	191	12	89	26	89	7
GROSS RENT									
Less than \$100	2	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$100 to \$199	44	4	40	7	—	24	9	24	—
\$200 to \$299	139	62	77	53	—	7	17	7	—
\$300 to \$399	146	23	123	47	12	30	—	30	7
\$400 to \$499	83	4	79	52	—	9	—	9	—
\$500 to \$599	20	3	17	17	—	—	—	—	—
\$600 to \$749	22	—	22	15	—	—	—	—	—
\$750 to \$999	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
\$1,000 or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
No cash rent	34	15	19	—	—	19	—	19	—
Median (dollars)	322	252	346	379	338	308	214	308	338
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989									
Less than \$10,000	227	19	208	80	—	72	26	72	—
Less than 20 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent	17	8	9	—	—	—	9	—	—
30 to 34 percent	7	—	7	—	—	—	7	—	—
35 percent or more	168	7	161	80	—	41	10	41	—
Not computed	35	4	31	—	—	31	—	31	—
Median	50.0+	29.7	50.0+	50.0+	—	50.0+	32.9	50.0+	—
\$10,000 to \$19,999	153	67	86	53	12	17	—	17	—
Less than 20 percent	38	29	9	—	—	9	—	9	—
20 to 24 percent	37	20	17	17	12	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent	9	—	9	9	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent	14	1	13	13	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more	51	13	38	14	—	8	—	8	—
Not computed	4	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	24.9	20.6	33.1	30.2	22.5	19.7	—	19.7	—
\$20,000 to \$34,999	57	27	30	30	—	—	—	—	—
Less than 20 percent	24	20	4	4	—	—	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent	26	—	26	26	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed	7	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	20.2	15.8	22.1	22.1	—	—	—	—	—
\$35,000 or more	53	—	53	28	—	—	—	—	7
Less than 20 percent	38	—	38	13	—	—	—	—	7
20 to 24 percent	15	—	15	15	—	—	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Not computed	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Median	15.6	—	15.6	20.3	—	—	—	—	10.0-

Table 40. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1990

Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.

Table 40. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Houma-Thibodaux, LA MSA	Lafourche Parish	Terrebonne Parish
Occupied housing units	174	60	114
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT			
1989 to March 1990	-	-	-
1985 to 1988	6	-	6
1980 to 1984	35	15	20
1970 to 1979	112	24	88
1960 to 1969	13	13	-
1950 to 1959	3	3	-
1940 to 1949	-	-	-
1939 or earlier	5	5	-
BEDROOMS			
No bedroom	-	-	-
1 bedroom	19	11	8
2 bedrooms	89	13	76
3 bedrooms	43	28	15
4 bedrooms	23	8	15
5 or more bedrooms	-	-	-
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS			
Complete kitchen facilities	174	60	114
Source of water, public system or private company	174	60	114
Sewage disposal, public sewer	145	31	114
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	-	-	-
Owner-occupied housing units	-	-	-
Renter-occupied housing units	-	-	-
HOUSE HEATING FUEL			
Utility gas	51	28	23
Battled, tank, or LP gas	-	-	-
Electricity	123	32	91
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	-	-	-
All other fuels	-	-	-
No fuel used	-	-	-
VEHICLES AVAILABLE			
None	45	15	30
1	71	27	44
2	21	-	21
3 or more	37	18	19
Vehicles per household	1.3	1.4	1.3
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT			
Owner-occupied housing units			
1989 to March 1990	88	42	46
1985 to 1988	14	8	6
1980 to 1984	43	22	21
1970 to 1979	12	7	5
1969 or earlier	17	3	14
Renter-occupied housing units			
1989 to March 1990	2	2	-
1985 to 1988	86	18	68
1980 to 1984	52	-	52
1970 to 1979	19	11	8
1969 or earlier	15	7	8
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS			
No telephone in unit	16	-	16
Householder 65 years and over	13	5	8
Owner-occupied housing units	-	-	-
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	-	-	-
No telephone in unit	8	-	8
No vehicle available	13	5	8
Complete plumbing facilities	174	60	114
1.00 or less persons per room	93	32	61
1.01 or more persons per room	81	28	53
Lacking complete plumbing facilities	-	-	-
1.00 or less persons per room	-	-	-
1.01 or more persons per room	-	-	-
Mean household income in 1989:			
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars)	34 988	25 458	43 690
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars)	13 768	32 165	8 898
Household income in 1989 below poverty level	81	16	65
Owner-occupied housing units	26	14	12
Renter-occupied housing units	55	2	53

Table 41. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With an Asian or Pacific Islander Householder: 1990

[Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Houma-Thibodaux, LA MSA	Lafourche Parish	Terrebonne Parish
Specified owner-occupied housing units	54	26	28
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS			
With a mortgage	38	10	28
Less than \$300	—	—	—
\$300 to \$399	15	7	8
\$400 to \$499	—	—	—
\$500 to \$599	3	3	—
\$600 to \$799	9	—	9
\$800 to \$999	—	—	—
\$1,000 to \$1,499	6	—	6
\$1,500 to \$1,999	5	—	5
\$2,000 or more	—	—	—
Median (dollars)	706	386	733
Not mortgaged	16	16	—
Less than \$100	2	2	—
\$100 to \$199	6	6	—
\$200 to \$299	8	8	—
\$300 to \$399	—	—	—
\$400 to \$499	—	—	—
\$500 or more	—	—	—
Median (dollars)	200	200	—
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989			
Less than \$20,000	17	11	6
Less than 20 percent	6	6	—
20 to 24 percent	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—
35 percent or more	11	5	6
Not computed	—	—	—
Median	39.2	19.6	50.0+
\$20,000 to \$34,999	24	15	9
Less than 20 percent	15	15	—
20 to 24 percent	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—
35 percent or more	9	—	9
Not computed	—	—	—
Median	17.9	14.7	37.5
\$35,000 to \$49,999	8	—	8
Less than 20 percent	8	—	8
20 to 24 percent	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—
Not computed	—	—	—
Median	10.0-	—	10.0-
\$50,000 or more	5	—	5
Less than 20 percent	5	—	5
20 to 24 percent	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—
Not computed	—	—	—
Median	12.5	—	12.5
Specified renter-occupied housing units	86	18	68
GROSS RENT			
Less than \$100	—	—	—
\$100 to \$199	7	7	—
\$200 to \$299	14	6	8
\$300 to \$399	58	5	53
\$400 to \$499	—	—	—
\$500 to \$599	—	—	—
\$600 to \$749	7	—	7
\$750 to \$999	—	—	—
\$1,000 or more	—	—	—
No cash rent	—	—	—
Median (dollars)	357	258	365
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989			
Less than \$10,000	46	2	44
Less than 20 percent	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent	2	2	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—
35 percent or more	44	—	44
Not computed	—	—	—
Median	50.0+	27.5	50.0+
\$10,000 to \$19,999	22	6	16
Less than 20 percent	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent	6	6	—
25 to 29 percent	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—
35 percent or more	16	—	16
Not computed	—	—	—
Median	37.8	22.5	39.4
\$20,000 to \$34,999	13	5	8
Less than 20 percent	13	5	8
20 to 24 percent	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—
Not computed	—	—	—
Median	15.9	10.0-	17.5
\$35,000 or more	5	5	—
Less than 20 percent	5	5	—
20 to 24 percent	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—
Not computed	—	—	—
Median	10.0-	10.0-	—

Table 42. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With an Hispanic Origin Householder: 1990

[Householders of Hispanic origin may be of any race. Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on a sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Houma-Thibodaux, LA MSA	Lafourche Parish	Terrebonne Parish
Occupied housing units -----	765	344	421
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT			
1989 to March 1990 -----	—	—	—
1985 to 1988 -----	74	15	59
1980 to 1984 -----	82	44	38
1970 to 1979 -----	232	74	158
1960 to 1969 -----	134	68	66
1950 to 1959 -----	101	57	44
1940 to 1949 -----	44	44	—
1939 or earlier -----	98	42	56
BEDROOMS			
No bedroom -----	10	2	8
1 bedroom -----	94	45	49
2 bedrooms -----	215	86	129
3 bedrooms -----	400	181	219
4 bedrooms -----	46	30	16
5 or more bedrooms -----	—	—	—
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS			
Complete kitchen facilities -----	765	344	421
Source of water, public system or private company -----	765	344	421
Sewage disposal, public sewer -----	422	127	295
Lacking complete plumbing facilities -----	8	—	8
Owner-occupied housing units -----	8	—	8
Renter-occupied housing units -----	—	—	—
HOUSE HEATING FUEL			
Utility gas -----	431	173	258
Bottled, tank, or LP gas -----	5	5	—
Electricity -----	329	166	163
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. -----	—	—	—
All other fuels -----	—	—	—
No fuel used -----	—	—	—
VEHICLES AVAILABLE			
None -----	63	17	46
1 -----	363	150	213
2 -----	242	115	127
3 or more -----	97	62	35
Vehicles per household -----	1.5	1.7	1.4
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT			
Owner-occupied housing units -----			
1989 to March 1990 -----	559	290	269
1985 to 1988 -----	56	35	21
1980 to 1984 -----	159	64	95
1970 to 1979 -----	76	35	41
1969 or earlier -----	175	92	83
Renter-occupied housing units -----			
1989 to March 1990 -----	99	31	68
1985 to 1988 -----	75	18	57
1980 to 1984 -----	22	—	22
1970 to 1979 -----	—	—	—
1969 or earlier -----	10	5	5
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS			
No telephone in unit -----	44	17	27
Householder 65 years and over -----	121	62	59
Owner-occupied housing units -----	113	62	51
Lacking complete plumbing facilities -----	8	—	8
No telephone in unit -----	8	—	8
No vehicle available -----	38	7	31
Complete plumbing facilities -----	757	344	413
1.00 or less persons per room -----	718	344	374
1.01 or more persons per room -----	39	—	39
Lacking complete plumbing facilities -----	8	—	8
1.00 or less persons per room -----	8	—	8
1.01 or more persons per room -----	—	—	—
Mean household income in 1989:			
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars) -----	27 829	26 920	28 809
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars) -----	21 804	18 536	22 965
Household income in 1989 below poverty level -----	147	70	77
Owner-occupied housing units -----	108	56	52
Renter-occupied housing units -----	39	14	25

Table 43. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With an Hispanic Origin Householder: 1990

[Householders of Hispanic origin may be of any race. Threshold is 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Houma-Thibodaux, LA MSA	Lafourche Parish	Terrebonne Parish
Specified owner-occupied housing units	415	229	186
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS			
With a mortgage	228	103	125
Less than \$300	38	—	38
\$300 to \$399	50	12	38
\$400 to \$499	23	18	5
\$500 to \$599	37	37	—
\$600 to \$799	56	28	28
\$800 to \$999	8	—	8
\$1,000 to \$1,499	16	8	8
\$1,500 to \$1,999	—	—	—
\$2,000 or more	—	—	—
Median (dollars)	519	573	373
Not mortgaged	187	126	61
Less than \$100	34	18	16
\$100 to \$199	83	53	30
\$200 to \$299	70	55	15
\$300 to \$399	—	—	—
\$400 to \$499	—	—	—
\$500 or more	—	—	—
Median (dollars)	176	188	154
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989			
Less than \$20,000	170	106	64
Less than 20 percent	28	22	6
20 to 24 percent	7	7	—
25 to 29 percent	40	33	7
30 to 34 percent	44	6	38
35 percent or more	48	35	13
Not computed	3	3	—
Median	31.0	28.4	32.5
\$20,000 to \$34,999	120	62	58
Less than 20 percent	68	23	45
20 to 24 percent	38	33	5
25 to 29 percent	14	6	8
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—
Not computed	—	—	—
Median	17.3	21.2	10.0-
\$35,000 to \$49,999	66	27	39
Less than 20 percent	40	8	32
20 to 24 percent	18	11	7
25 to 29 percent	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent	8	8	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—
Not computed	—	—	—
Median	15.6	22.5	12.2
\$50,000 or more	59	34	25
Less than 20 percent	51	34	17
20 to 24 percent	8	—	8
25 to 29 percent	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—
Not computed	—	—	—
Median	10.0-	10.0-	17.2
Specified renter-occupied housing units	206	54	152
GROSS RENT			
Less than \$100	—	—	—
\$100 to \$199	32	17	15
\$200 to \$299	36	—	36
\$300 to \$399	61	8	53
\$400 to \$499	34	6	28
\$500 to \$599	15	9	6
\$600 to \$749	—	—	—
\$750 to \$999	9	—	9
\$1,000 or more	—	—	—
No cash rent	19	14	5
Median (dollars)	358	384	355
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989			
Less than \$10,000	49	16	33
Less than 20 percent	—	—	—
20 to 24 percent	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent	10	2	8
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—
35 percent or more	20	—	20
Not computed	19	14	5
Median	38.6	27.5	39.3
\$10,000 to \$19,999	68	14	54
Less than 20 percent	21	7	14
20 to 24 percent	31	—	31
25 to 29 percent	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent	3	3	—
35 percent or more	13	4	9
Not computed	—	—	—
Median	22.1	25.0	22.1
\$20,000 to \$34,999	73	14	59
Less than 20 percent	50	14	36
20 to 24 percent	23	—	23
25 to 29 percent	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—
Not computed	—	—	—
Median	17.7	10.0-	18.6
\$35,000 or more	16	10	6
Less than 20 percent	16	10	6
20 to 24 percent	—	—	—
25 to 29 percent	—	—	—
30 to 34 percent	—	—	—
35 percent or more	—	—	—
Not computed	—	—	—
Median	12.0	15.0	10.0-

Table 44. Selected Structural Characteristics of Housing Units With a White, Not of Hispanic Origin Householder: 1990

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Houma-Thibodaux, LA MSA	Lofourche Parish	Terrebonne Parish
Occupied housing units	50 412	24 919	25 493
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT			
1989 to March 1990	405	181	224
1985 to 1988	3 144	1 716	1 428
1980 to 1984	7 547	3 599	3 948
1970 to 1979	14 432	6 853	7 579
1960 to 1969	9 753	4 527	5 226
1950 to 1959	7 726	4 102	3 624
1940 to 1949	3 694	1 912	1 782
1939 or earlier	3 711	2 029	1 682
BEDROOMS			
No bedroom	374	115	259
1 bedroom	3 833	1 885	1 948
2 bedrooms	15 385	8 377	7 008
3 bedrooms	25 713	12 203	13 510
4 bedrooms	4 312	1 925	2 387
5 or more bedrooms	795	414	381
SELECTED STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS			
Complete kitchen facilities	50 172	24 796	25 376
Source of water, public system or private company	50 304	24 844	25 460
Sewage disposal, public sewer	22 288	7 017	15 271
Locking complete plumbing facilities	211	134	77
Owner-occupied housing units	145	90	55
Renter-occupied housing units	66	44	22
HOUSE HEATING FUEL			
Utility gas	29 489	13 538	15 951
Bottled, tank, or LP gas	1 036	629	407
Electricity	19 544	10 555	8 989
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	140	84	56
All other fuels	172	94	78
No fuel used	31	19	12
VEHICLES AVAILABLE			
None	3 728	1 801	1 927
1	18 251	9 060	9 191
2	22 038	10 817	11 221
3 or more	6 395	3 241	3 154
Vehicles per household	1.7	1.7	1.6
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT			
Owner-occupied housing units	39 002	19 712	19 290
1989 to March 1990	2 832	1 347	1 485
1985 to 1988	7 335	3 475	3 860
1980 to 1984	6 816	3 360	3 456
1970 to 1979	10 010	5 083	4 927
1969 or earlier	12 009	6 447	5 562
Renter-occupied housing units	11 410	5 207	6 203
1989 to March 1990	5 433	2 366	3 067
1985 to 1988	3 666	1 665	2 001
1980 to 1984	1 045	519	526
1970 to 1979	721	322	399
1969 or earlier	545	335	210
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS			
No telephone in unit	3 016	1 670	1 346
Householder 65 years and over	9 205	4 763	4 442
Owner-occupied housing units	7 980	4 179	3 801
Locking complete plumbing facilities	60	44	16
No telephone in unit	316	201	115
No vehicle available	1 959	930	1 029
Complete plumbing facilities	50 201	24 785	25 416
1.00 or less persons per room	47 344	23 341	24 003
1.01 or more persons per room	2 857	1 444	1 413
Locking complete plumbing facilities	211	134	77
1.00 or less persons per room	198	133	65
1.01 or more persons per room	13	1	12
Mean household income in 1989:			
Owner-occupied housing units (dollars)	32 478	31 120	33 867
Renter-occupied housing units (dollars)	20 863	19 579	21 942
Household income in 1989 below poverty level	8 900	4 514	4 386
Owner-occupied housing units	5 614	2 783	2 831
Renter-occupied housing units	3 286	1 731	1 555

Table 45. Financial Characteristics of Housing Units With a White, Not of Hispanic Origin Householder: 1990

[Threshold and complementary threshold are 400 persons. Data based on sample and subject to sampling variability, see text. For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text.]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Houma-Thibodaux, LA MSA	Lofourche Parish	Terrebonne Parish
Specified owner-occupied housing units	28 395	14 142	14 253
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS			
With a mortgage	13 574	6 127	7 447
Less than \$300	988	447	541
\$300 to \$399	1 903	957	946
\$400 to \$499	2 446	1 161	1 285
\$500 to \$599	2 434	1 087	1 347
\$600 to \$799	3 198	1 449	1 749
\$800 to \$999	1 409	557	852
\$1,000 to \$1,499	949	385	564
\$1,500 to \$1,999	138	57	81
\$2,000 or more	109	27	82
Median (dollars)	558	542	571
Not mortgaged	14 821	8 015	6 806
Less than \$100	2 376	1 375	1 001
\$100 to \$199	8 079	4 497	3 582
\$200 to \$299	3 429	1 736	1 693
\$300 to \$399	668	301	367
\$400 to \$499	111	53	58
\$500 or more	158	53	105
Median (dollars)	161	156	167
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989			
Less than \$20,000	9 678	5 039	4 639
Less than 20 percent	4 518	2 568	1 950
20 to 24 percent	915	463	452
25 to 29 percent	683	315	368
30 to 34 percent	572	286	286
35 percent or more	2 659	1 223	1 436
Not computed	331	184	147
Median	20.8	19.0	23.3
\$20,000 to \$34,999	7 822	3 932	3 890
Less than 20 percent	5 389	2 801	2 588
20 to 24 percent	1 028	469	559
25 to 29 percent	623	315	308
30 to 34 percent	372	142	230
35 percent or more	399	200	199
Not computed	11	5	6
Median	13.8	12.7	14.7
\$35,000 to \$49,999	5 517	2 706	2 811
Less than 20 percent	4 349	2 230	2 119
20 to 24 percent	741	305	436
25 to 29 percent	209	89	120
30 to 34 percent	149	49	100
35 percent or more	63	27	36
Not computed	6	6	-
Median	13.7	11.9	15.2
\$50,000 or more	5 378	2 465	2 913
Less than 20 percent	4 735	2 191	2 544
20 to 24 percent	435	186	249
25 to 29 percent	126	44	82
30 to 34 percent	35	23	12
35 percent or more	32	10	22
Not computed	15	11	4
Median	10.4	10.0-	10.9
Specified renter-occupied housing units	11 080	5 040	6 040
GROSS RENT			
Less than \$100	176	125	51
\$100 to \$199	1 084	607	477
\$200 to \$299	2 331	1 204	1 127
\$300 to \$399	3 086	1 304	1 782
\$400 to \$499	1 545	551	994
\$500 to \$599	712	179	533
\$600 to \$749	353	78	275
\$750 to \$999	155	58	97
\$1,000 or more	33	3	30
No cash rent	1 605	931	674
Median (dollars)	339	309	361
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989 BY GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989			
Less than \$10,000	3 331	1 775	1 556
Less than 20 percent	91	64	27
20 to 24 percent	138	98	40
25 to 29 percent	206	87	119
30 to 34 percent	185	101	84
35 percent or more	1 848	947	901
Not computed	863	478	385
Median	50.0+	50.0+	50.0+
\$10,000 to \$19,999	3 177	1 342	1 835
Less than 20 percent	474	240	234
20 to 24 percent	552	300	252
25 to 29 percent	608	241	367
30 to 34 percent	579	190	389
35 percent or more	580	158	422
Not computed	384	213	171
Median	28.0	25.5	29.7
\$20,000 to \$34,999	2 728	1 179	1 549
Less than 20 percent	1 569	691	878
20 to 24 percent	517	180	337
25 to 29 percent	194	76	118
30 to 34 percent	99	19	80
35 percent or more	34	15	19
Not computed	315	198	117
Median	17.7	16.4	18.4
\$35,000 or more	1 844	744	1 100
Less than 20 percent	1 568	614	954
20 to 24 percent	37	19	18
25 to 29 percent	20	-	20
30 to 34 percent	7	-	7
35 percent or more	-	-	-
Not computed	212	111	101
Median	11.6	11.4	11.8

Table 46. Percent of Persons and Housing Units in Sample: 1990

[For definitions of terms and meanings of symbols, see text]

Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Persons		Housing units		Census Tract or Block Numbering Area	Persons		Housing units	
	100-percent count	Percent in sample	100-percent count	Percent in sample		100-percent count	Percent in sample	100-percent count	Percent in sample
Hauma-Thibodaux, LA MSA -----	182 842	13.9	66 748	14.1	TOTALS FOR SPLIT TRACTS/BNA'S IN TERREBONNE PARISH				
LAFOURCHE PARISH					Tract 2 -----	8 021	11.5	2 956	12.1
Total -----	85 860	15.2	31 332	15.6	Tract 3 -----	4 015	15.9	1 497	15.1
Thibodaux city -----	14 035	14.7	5 454	15.1	Tract 4 -----	7 594	11.8	2 840	11.5
TERREBONNE PARISH					Tract 5 -----	5 862	11.9	2 598	11.9
Total -----	96 982	12.7	35 416	12.8	Tract 6 -----	6 252	12.1	2 186	12.3
Bayou Cane CDP -----	15 876	12.7	5 957	12.3	Tract 7 -----	6 899	10.6	2 340	10.8
Hauma city -----	30 495	12.2	11 476	12.3	Tract 8 -----	7 034	11.2	2 507	11.6
TOTALS FOR SPLIT TRACTS/BNA'S IN LAFOURCHE PARISH					Tract 9 -----	5 165	11.8	2 182	11.7
Tract 202.02 -----	2 677	16.1	991	15.8	Tract 10 -----	5 106	14.4	1 644	14.7
Tract 203 -----	609	16.3	5	-	Tract 12 -----	8 057	11.7	3 268	11.7
Tract 204 -----	2 510	15.1	943	16.0	Tract 13 -----	5 320	15.8	1 819	15.5
Tract 205 -----	5 777	12.2	2 076	12.0	Tract 15.98 -----	5 299	14.7	1 779	15.3
Tract 206 -----	2 199	16.3	750	16.7	Tract 17 -----	2 894	14.5	920	15.3
Tract 207 -----	9 883	12.9	3 608	13.2	BAYOU CANE CDP, TERREBONNE PARISH				
THIBODAUX CITY, LAFOURCHE PARISH					Tract 2 (pt.) -----	4 288	12.6	1 630	12.4
Tract 201 -----	3 490	15.4	1 578	15.8	Tract 3 (pt.) -----	3 081	14.9	1 121	14.5
Tract 202.01 -----	1 617	15.1	668	16.0	Tract 4 (pt.) -----	7 547	11.8	2 820	11.6
Tract 202.02 (pt.) -----	54	18.5	32	15.6	Tract 5 (pt.) -----	944	12.9	380	11.3
Tract 203 (pt.) -----	609	16.3	5	-	Tract 17 (pt.) -----	16	-	6	-
Tract 204 (pt.) -----	2 510	15.1	943	16.0	HOUMA CITY, TERREBONNE PARISH				
Tract 205 (pt.) -----	2 998	11.9	1 173	11.9	Tract 3 (pt.) -----	932	19.0	374	16.8
Tract 206 (pt.) -----	568	14.6	199	16.6	Tract 5 (pt.) -----	3 894	11.4	1 816	11.8
Tract 207 (pt.) -----	2 189	15.8	856	16.2	Tract 6 (pt.) -----	2 116	12.7	869	12.5
REMAINDER OF LAFOURCHE PARISH					Tract 7 (pt.) -----	6 430	10.6	2 196	10.7
Tract 202.02 (pt.) -----	2 623	16.1	959	15.8	Tract 8 (pt.) -----	7 026	11.2	2 503	11.6
Tract 203 (pt.) -----	-	-	-	-	Tract 9 (pt.) -----	5 165	11.8	2 182	11.7
Tract 204 (pt.) -----	-	-	-	-	Tract 10 (pt.) -----	-	-	-	-
Tract 205 (pt.) -----	2 779	12.4	903	12.1	Tract 12 (pt.) -----	-	-	-	-
Tract 206 (pt.) -----	1 631	16.9	551	16.7	Tract 13 (pt.) -----	444	15.5	134	11.2
Tract 207 (pt.) -----	7 694	12.1	2 752	12.2	Tract 15.98 (pt.) -----	3 321	15.1	1 084	16.1
Tract 208 -----	3 866	15.2	1 391	15.5	Tract 17 (pt.) -----	1 167	15.3	318	16.7
Tract 209 -----	2 427	16.5	869	16.6	REMAINDER OF TERREBONNE PARISH				
Tract 210 -----	2 781	17.1	979	15.8	Tract 1 -----	8 023	12.1	2 852	11.8
Tract 211 -----	6 767	11.9	2 439	12.2	Tract 2 (pt.) -----	3 733	10.3	1 326	11.8
Tract 212 -----	4 547	19.4	1 779	19.8	Tract 3 (pt.) -----	2	50.0	2	50.0
Tract 213 -----	2 485	44.2	1 049	43.2	Tract 4 (pt.) -----	47	4.3	20	5.0
Tract 214 -----	3 806	16.5	1 430	15.9	Tract 5 (pt.) -----	1 024	13.0	402	12.7
Tract 215 -----	5 516	16.4	1 935	16.5	Tract 6 (pt.) -----	4 136	11.8	1 317	12.1
Tract 216 -----	9 034	11.9	3 043	12.3	Tract 7 (pt.) -----	469	10.9	144	11.8
Tract 217 -----	3 735	16.0	1 433	16.3	Tract 8 (pt.) -----	8	-	4	-
Tract 218 -----	5 088	15.3	1 888	16.3	Tract 9 (pt.) -----	-	-	-	-
Tract 219 -----	7 046	11.5	2 478	11.4	Tract 10 (pt.) -----	5 106	14.4	1 644	14.7
					Tract 11 -----	3 814	13.6	1 476	14.4
					Tract 12 (pt.) -----	8 057	11.7	3 268	11.7
					Tract 12.22 -----	-	-	-	-
					Tract 13 (pt.) -----	4 876	15.8	1 685	15.8
					Tract 14 -----	4 204	15.7	1 331	15.9
					Tract 15.98 (pt.) -----	1 978	14.1	695	14.2
					Tract 16 -----	3 423	13.5	1 221	15.1
					Tract 17 (pt.) -----	1 711	14.0	596	14.8

APPENDIX A.

Area Classifications

CONTENTS

Alaska Native Regional Corporation (ANRC) <i>(See American Indian and Alaska Native Area)</i>	
Alaska Native Village (ANV) <i>(See American Indian and Alaska Native Area)</i>	
Alaska Native Village Statistical Area <i>(See American Indian and Alaska Native Area)</i>	
American Indian and Alaska Native Area	A-1
American Indian Reservation <i>(See American Indian and Alaska Native Area, see County Subdivision)</i>	
American Indian Reservation and Trust Land <i>(See American Indian and Alaska Native Area)</i>	
American Samoa <i>(See Outlying Areas of the United States, see State)</i>	
Area Measurement	A-3
Assessment District <i>(See County Subdivision)</i>	
Block	A-3
Block Group (BG)	A-4
Block Numbering Area (BNA) <i>(See Census Tract and Block Numbering Area)</i>	
Borough <i>(See County Subdivision, see Place)</i>	
Borough and Census Area (Alaska) <i>(See County)</i>	
Boundary Changes	A-4
Census Area (Alaska) <i>(See County)</i>	
Census Block <i>(See Block)</i>	
Census Code <i>(See Geographic Code)</i>	
Census County Division (CCD) <i>(See County Subdivision)</i>	
Census Designated Place (CDP) <i>(See Place)</i>	
Census Division <i>(See Census Region and Census Division)</i>	
Census Geographic Code <i>(See Geographic Code)</i>	
Census Region and Census Division	A-4
Census Subarea (Alaska) <i>(See County Subdivision)</i>	
Census Tract and Block Numbering Area	A-5
Central City <i>(See Metropolitan Area)</i>	
Central Place <i>(See Urbanized Area)</i>	
City <i>(See Place)</i>	
Congressional District (CD)	A-6
Consolidated City <i>(See Place)</i>	
Consolidated Metropolitan Statistical Area (CMSA) <i>(See Metropolitan Area)</i>	
County	A-6
County Subdivision	A-6
Crews of Vessels <i>(See Area Measurement, see Block, see Census Tract and Block Numbering Area)</i>	
Division <i>(See Census Region and Division, see County Subdivision)</i>	
Election District <i>(See County Subdivision, see Voting District)</i>	
Extended City <i>(See Urban and Rural)</i>	
Farm <i>(See Urban and Rural)</i>	
Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) Code <i>(See Geographic Code)</i>	
Geographic Block Group <i>(See Block Group)</i>	
Geographic Code	A-7
Geographic Presentation	A-7
Gore <i>(See County Subdivision)</i>	
Grant <i>(See County Subdivision)</i>	
Guam <i>(See Outlying Areas of the United States, see State)</i>	
Hierarchical Presentation <i>(See Geographic Presentation)</i>	
Historic Areas of Oklahoma <i>(See American Indian and Alaska Native Area, Tribal Jurisdiction Statistical Area)</i>	
Historical Counts	A-8
Incorporated Place <i>(See Place)</i>	
Independent City <i>(See County)</i>	
Internal Point	A-8
Inventory Presentation <i>(See Geographic Presentation)</i>	
Land Area <i>(See Area Measurement)</i>	

Latitude <i>(See Internal Point)</i>	
Longitude <i>(See Internal Point)</i>	
Magisterial District <i>(See County Subdivision)</i>	
Metropolitan Area (MA)	A-8
Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA) <i>(See Metropolitan Area)</i>	
Minor Civil Division (MCD) <i>(See County Subdivision)</i>	
Northern Mariana Islands <i>(See Outlying Areas of the United States, see State)</i>	
Outlying Areas of the United States	A-9
Palau <i>(See Outlying Areas of the United States, see State)</i>	
Parish (Louisiana) <i>(See County)</i>	
Parish Governing Authority District <i>(See County Subdivision)</i>	
Place	A-9
Plantation <i>(See County Subdivision)</i>	
Population or Housing Unit Density	A-10
Precinct <i>(See County Subdivision, see Voting District)</i>	
Primary Metropolitan Statistical Area (PMSA) <i>(See Metropolitan Area)</i>	
Puerto Rico <i>(See Outlying Areas of the United States, see State)</i>	
Purchase <i>(See County Subdivision)</i>	
Region <i>(See Census Region and Census Division)</i>	
Rural <i>(See Urban and Rural)</i>	
Selected States <i>(See County Subdivision, see State)</i>	
State	A-11
Supervisors' District <i>(See County Subdivision)</i>	
Tabulation Block Group <i>(See Block Group)</i>	
TIGER	A-11
Town <i>(See County Subdivision, see Place)</i>	
Township <i>(See County Subdivision)</i>	
Tract <i>(See Census Tract and Block Numbering Area)</i>	
Tribal Designated Statistical Area (TDSA) <i>(See American Indian and Alaska Native Area)</i>	
Tribal Jurisdiction Statistical Area (TJSA) <i>(See American Indian and Alaska Native Area)</i>	
Trust Land <i>(See American Indian and Alaska Native Area)</i>	
United States	A-11
Unorganized Territory (unorg.) <i>(See County Subdivision)</i>	
Urban and Rural	A-11
Urbanized Area (UA)	A-12
Village <i>(See Place)</i>	
Virgin Islands <i>(See Outlying Areas of the United States, see State)</i>	
Voting District (VTD)	A-12
Water Area <i>(See Area Measurement)</i>	
ZIP Code[®]	A-13

These definitions are for all geographic entities and concepts that the Census Bureau will include in its standard 1990 census data products. Not all entities and concepts are shown in any one 1990 census data product. For a description of geographic areas included in each data product, see appendix F.

AMERICAN INDIAN AND ALASKA NATIVE AREA

Alaska Native Regional Corporation (ANRC)

Alaska Native Regional Corporations (ANRC's) are corporate entities established under the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act of 1972, Public Law 92-203, as amended by Public Law 94-204, to conduct both business and nonprofit affairs of Alaska Natives. Alaska is divided into

12 ANRC's that cover the entire State, except for the Annette Islands Reserve. The boundaries of the 12 ANRC's were established by the Department of the Interior, in cooperation with Alaska Natives. Each ANRC was designed to include, as far as practicable, Alaska Natives with a common heritage and common interests. The ANRC boundaries for the 1990 census were identified by the Bureau of Land Management. A 13th region was established for Alaska Natives who are not permanent residents and who chose not to enroll in one of the 12 ANRC's; no census products are prepared for the 13th region. ANRC's were first identified for the 1980 census.

Each ANRC is assigned a two-digit census code ranging from 07 through 84. These census codes are assigned in alphabetical order of the ANRC's.

Alaska Native Village (ANV) Statistical Area

Alaska Native villages (ANV's) constitute tribes, bands, clans, groups, villages, communities, or associations in Alaska that are recognized pursuant to the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act of 1972, Public Law 92-203. Because ANV's do not have legally designated boundaries, the Census Bureau has established Alaska Native village statistical areas (ANVSA's) for statistical purposes. For the 1990 census, the Census Bureau cooperated with officials of the nonprofit corporation within each participating Alaska Native Regional Corporation (ANRC), as well as other knowledgeable officials, to delineate boundaries that encompass the settled area associated with each ANV. ANVSA's are located within ANRC's and do not cross ANRC boundaries. ANVSA's for the 1990 census replace the ANV's that the Census Bureau recognized for the 1980 census.

Each ANVSA is assigned a four-digit census code ranging from 6001 through 8989. Each ANVSA also is assigned a five-digit FIPS code. Both the census and FIPS codes are assigned in alphabetical order of ANVSA's.

American Indian Reservation and Trust Land

American Indian Reservation—Federal American Indian reservations are areas with boundaries established by treaty, statute, and/or executive or court order, and recognized by the Federal Government as territory in which American Indian tribes have jurisdiction. State reservations are lands held in trust by State governments for the use and benefit of a given tribe. The reservations and their boundaries were identified for the 1990 census by the Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA), Department of Interior (for Federal reservations), and State governments (for State reservations). The names of American Indian reservations recognized by State governments, but not by the Federal Government, are followed by "(State)." Areas composed of reservation lands that are administered jointly and/or are claimed by two reservations, as identified by the BIA, are called "joint areas," and are treated as separate American Indian reservations for census purposes.

Federal reservations may cross State boundaries, and Federal and State reservations may cross county, county subdivision, and place boundaries. For reservations that cross State boundaries, only the portion of the reservations in a given State are shown in the data products for that State; the entire reservations are shown in data products for the United States.

Each American Indian reservation is assigned a four-digit census code ranging from 0001 through 4989. These census codes are assigned in alphabetical order of American Indian reservations nationwide, except that joint areas appear at the end of the code range. Each American Indian reservation also is assigned a five-digit FIPS code; because the FIPS codes are assigned in alphabetical sequence of American Indian reservations within each State, the FIPS code is different in each State for reservations in more than one State.

Trust Land—Trust lands are property associated with a particular American Indian reservation or tribe, held in trust by the Federal Government. Trust lands may be held in trust either for a tribe (tribal trust land) or for an individual member of a tribe (individual trust land). Trust lands recognized for the 1990 census comprise all tribal trust lands and inhabited individual trust lands located outside of a reservation boundary. As with other American Indian areas, trust lands may be located in more than one State. Only the trust lands in a given State are shown in the data products for that State; all trust lands associated with a reservation or tribe are shown in data products for the United States. The Census Bureau first reported data for tribal trust lands for the 1980 census.

Trust lands are assigned a four-digit census code and a five-digit FIPS code, the same as that for the reservation with which they are associated. Trust lands not associated with a reservation are presented by tribal name, interspersed alphabetically among the reservations.

Tribal Designated Statistical Area (TDSA)

Tribal designated statistical areas (TDSA's) are areas, delineated outside Oklahoma by federally- and State-recognized tribes without a land base or associated trust lands, to provide statistical areas for which the Census Bureau tabulates data. TDSA's represent areas generally containing the American Indian population over which federally-recognized tribes have jurisdiction and areas in which State tribes provide benefits and services to their members. The names of TDSA's delineated by State-recognized tribes are followed by "(State)." The Census Bureau did not recognize TDSA's before the 1990 census.

Each TDSA is assigned a four-digit census code ranging from 9001 through 9589. The census codes are assigned in alphabetical order of TDSA's nationwide. Each TDSA also is assigned a five-digit FIPS code in alphabetical order within State.

Tribal Jurisdiction Statistical Area (TJSA)

Tribal jurisdiction statistical areas (TJSA's) are areas, delineated by federally-recognized tribes in Oklahoma without a reservation, for which the Census Bureau tabulates data. TJSA's represent areas generally containing the American Indian population over which one or more tribal governments have jurisdiction; if tribal officials delineated adjacent TJSA's so that they include some duplicate territory, the overlap area is called a "joint use area," which is treated as a separate TJSA for census purposes.

TJSA's replace the "Historic Areas of Oklahoma (excluding urbanized areas)" shown in 1980 census data products. The Historic Areas of Oklahoma comprised the territory located within reservations that had legally established boundaries from 1900 to 1907; these reservations were dissolved during the 2- to 3-year period preceding the statehood of Oklahoma in 1907. The Historic Areas of Oklahoma (excluding urbanized areas) were identified only for the 1980 census.

Each TJSA is assigned a four-digit census code ranging from 5001 through 5989. The census codes are assigned in alphabetical order of TJSA's, except that joint areas appear at the end of the code range. Each TJSA also is assigned a five-digit FIPS code in alphabetical order within Oklahoma.

AREA MEASUREMENT

Area measurements provide the size, in square kilometers (also in square miles in printed reports), recorded for each geographic entity for which the Census Bureau tabulates data in general-purpose data products (except crews-of-vessels entities and ZIP Codes). (Square kilometers may be divided by 2.59 to convert an area measurement to square miles.) Area was calculated from the specific set of boundaries recorded for the entity in the Census Bureau's geographic data base (see "TIGER"). On machine-readable files, area measurements are shown to three decimal places; the decimal point is implied. In printed reports and listings, area measurements are shown to one decimal.

The Census Bureau provides measurements for both land area and total water area for the 1990 census; the water figure includes inland, coastal, Great Lakes, and territorial water. (For the 1980 census, the Census Bureau provided area measurements for land and inland water.) The Census Bureau will provide measurements for the component types of water for the affected entities in a separate file. "Inland water" consists of any lake, reservoir, pond, or similar body of water that is recorded in the Census Bureau's geographic data base. It also includes any river, creek, canal, stream, or similar feature that is recorded in that data base as a two-dimensional feature (rather than as a single line). The portions of the oceans and related large embayments (such as the Chesapeake Bay and Puget Sound), the Gulf of Mexico, and the Caribbean Sea that belong to the United States and its territories are considered to be "coastal" and "territorial"

waters; the Great Lakes are treated as a separate water entity. Rivers and bays that empty into these bodies of water are treated as "inland water" from the point beyond which they are narrower than one nautical mile across. Identification of land and inland, coastal, and territorial waters is for statistical purposes, and does not necessarily reflect legal definitions thereof.

By definition, census blocks do not include water within their boundaries; therefore, the water area of a block is always zero. Land area measurements may disagree with the information displayed on census maps and in the TIGER file because, for area measurement purposes, features identified as "intermittent water" and "glacier" are reported as land area. For this reason, it may not be possible to derive the land area for an entity by summing the land area of its component census blocks. In addition, the water area measurement reported for some geographic entities includes water that is not included in any lower-level geographic entity. Therefore, because water is contained only in a higher-level geographic entity, summing the water measurements for all the component lower-level geographic entities will not yield the water area of that higher-level entity. This occurs, for example, where water is associated with a county but is not within the legal boundary of any minor civil division, or the water is associated with a State but is not within the legal boundary of any county. Crews-of-vessels entities (see "Census Tract and Block Numbering Area" and "Block") do not encompass territory and therefore have no area measurements. ZIP Codes do not have specific boundaries, and therefore, also do not have area measurements.

The accuracy of any area measurement figure is limited by the inaccuracy inherent in (1) the location and shape of the various boundary features in the data base, and (2) rounding affecting the last digit in all operations that compute and/or sum the area measurements.

BLOCK

Census blocks are small areas bounded on all sides by visible features such as streets, roads, streams, and railroad tracks, and by invisible boundaries such as city, town, township, and county limits, property lines, and short, imaginary extensions of streets and roads.

Tabulation blocks, used in census data products, are in most cases the same as collection blocks, used in the census enumeration. In some cases, collection blocks have been "split" into two or more parts required for data tabulations. Tabulation blocks do not cross the boundaries of counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts or block numbering areas, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, congressional districts, voting districts, urban or rural areas, or urbanized areas. The 1990 census is the first for which the entire United States and its possessions are block-numbered.

Blocks are numbered uniquely within each census tract or BNA. A block is identified by a three-digit number, sometimes with a single alphabetical suffix. Block numbers

with suffixes generally represent collection blocks that were "split" in order to identify separate geographic entities that divide the original block. For example, when a city limit runs through data collection block 101, the data for the portion inside the city is tabulated in block 101A and the portion outside, in block 101B. A block number with the suffix "Z" represents a "crews-of-vessels" entity for which the Census Bureau tabulates data, but that does not represent a true geographic area; such a block is shown on census maps associated with an anchor symbol and a census tract or block numbering area with a .99 suffix.

BLOCK GROUP (BG)

Geographic Block Group

A geographic block group (BG) is a cluster of blocks having the same first digit of their three-digit identifying numbers within a census tract or block numbering area (BNA). For example, BG 3 within a census tract or BNA includes all blocks numbered between 301 and 397. In most cases, the numbering involves substantially fewer than 97 blocks. Geographic BG's never cross census tract or BNA boundaries, but may cross the boundaries of county subdivisions, places, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, urbanized areas, voting districts, and congressional districts. BG's generally contain between 250 and 550 housing units, with the ideal size being 400 housing units.

Tabulation Block Group

In the data tabulations, a geographic BG may be split to present data for every unique combination of county subdivision, place, American Indian and Alaska Native area, urbanized area, voting district, urban/rural and congressional district shown in the data product; for example, if BG 3 is partly in a city and partly outside the city, there will be separate tabulated records for each portion of BG 3. BG's are used in tabulating decennial census data nationwide in the 1990 census, in all block-numbered areas in the 1980 census, and in Tape Address Register (TAR) areas in the 1970 census. For purposes of data presentation, BG's are a substitute for the enumeration districts (ED's) used for reporting data in many parts of the United States for the 1970 and 1980 censuses, and in all areas for pre-1970 censuses.

BOUNDARY CHANGES

The boundaries of some counties, county subdivisions, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, and many incorporated places, changed between those reported for the 1980 census and January 1, 1990. Boundary changes to legal entities result from:

1. Annexations to or detachments from legally established governmental units.
2. Mergers or consolidations of two or more governmental units.
3. Establishment of new governmental units.
4. Disincorporations or disorganizations of existing governmental units.
5. Changes in treaties and Executive Orders.

The historical counts shown for counties, county subdivisions, and places are not updated for such changes, and thus reflect the population and housing units in the area as delineated at each census. Information on boundary changes reported between the 1980 and 1990 censuses for counties, county subdivisions, and incorporated places is presented in the "User Notes" section of the technical documentation of Summary Tape Files 1 and 3, and in the 1990 CPH-2, *Population and Housing Unit Counts* printed reports. For information on boundary changes for such areas in the decade preceding other decennial censuses, see the *Number of Inhabitants* reports for each census. Boundary changes are not reported for some areas, such as census designated places and block groups.

CENSUS REGION AND CENSUS DIVISION

Census Division

Census divisions are groupings of States that are subdivisions of the four census regions. There are nine divisions, which the Census Bureau adopted in 1910 for the presentation of data. The regions, divisions, and their constituent States are:

Northeast Region

New England Division:

Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut

Middle Atlantic Division:

New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania

Midwest Region

East North Central Division:

Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Wisconsin

West North Central Division:

Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, North Dakota, South Dakota, Nebraska, Kansas

South Region

South Atlantic Division:

Delaware, Maryland, District of Columbia, Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida

East South Central Division:

Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama, Mississippi

West South Central Division:

Arkansas, Louisiana, Oklahoma, Texas

West Region

Mountain Division:

Montana, Idaho, Wyoming, Colorado, New Mexico, Arizona, Utah, Nevada

Pacific Division:

Washington, Oregon, California, Alaska, Hawaii

Census Region

Census regions are groupings of States that subdivide the United States for the presentation of data. There are four regions—Northeast, Midwest, South, and West. Each of the four census regions is divided into two or more census divisions. Prior to 1984, the Midwest region was named the North Central region. From 1910, when census regions were established, through the 1940's, there were three regions—North, South, and West.

CENSUS TRACT AND BLOCK NUMBERING AREA

Block Numbering Area (BNA)

Block numbering areas (BNA's) are small statistical subdivisions of a county for grouping and numbering blocks in nonmetropolitan counties where local census statistical areas committees have not established census tracts. State agencies and the Census Bureau delineated BNA's for the 1990 census, using guidelines similar to those for the delineation of census tracts. BNA's do not cross county boundaries.

BNA's are identified by a four-digit basic number and may have a two-digit suffix; for example, 9901.07. The decimal point separating the four-digit basic BNA number from the two-digit suffix is shown in printed reports, in microfiche, and on census maps; in machine-readable files, the decimal point is implied. Many BNA's do not have a suffix; in such cases, the suffix field is left blank in all data products. BNA numbers range from 9501 through 9989.99, and are unique within a county (numbers in the range of 0001 through 9499.99 denote a census tract). The suffix .99 identifies a BNA that was populated entirely by persons aboard one or more civilian or military ships. A "crews-of-vessels" BNA appears on census maps only as an anchor symbol with its BNA number (and block numbers on maps showing block numbers); the BNA relates to the ships associated with the onshore BNA's having the same four-digit basic number. Suffixes in the range .80 through .98 usually identify BNA's that either were revised or were created during the 1990 census data collection activities.

Some of these revisions produced BNA's that have extremely small land area and may have little or no population or housing. For data analysis, such a BNA can be summarized with an adjacent BNA.

Census Tract

Census tracts are small, relatively permanent statistical subdivisions of a county. Census tracts are delineated for all metropolitan areas (MA's) and other densely populated counties by local census statistical areas committees following Census Bureau guidelines (more than 3,000 census tracts have been established in 221 counties outside MA's). Six States (California, Connecticut, Delaware, Hawaii, New Jersey, and Rhode Island) and the District of Columbia are covered entirely by census tracts. Census tracts usually have between 2,500 and 8,000 persons and, when first delineated, are designed to be homogeneous with respect to population characteristics, economic status, and living conditions. Census tracts do not cross county boundaries. The spatial size of census tracts varies widely depending on the density of settlement. Census tract boundaries are delineated with the intention of being maintained over a long time so that statistical comparisons can be made from census to census. However, physical changes in street patterns caused by highway construction, new development, etc., may require occasional revisions; census tracts occasionally are split due to large population growth, or combined as a result of substantial population decline. Census tracts are referred to as "tracts" in all 1990 data products.

Census tracts are identified by a four-digit basic number and may have a two-digit suffix; for example, 6059.02. The decimal point separating the four-digit basic tract number from the two-digit suffix is shown in printed reports, in microfiche, and on census maps; in machine-readable files, the decimal point is implied. Many census tracts do not have a suffix; in such cases, the suffix field is left blank in all data products. Leading zeros in a census tract number (for example, 002502) are shown only on machine-readable files.

Census tract numbers range from 0001 through 9499.99 and are unique within a county (numbers in the range of 9501 through 9989.99 denote a block numbering area). The suffix .99 identifies a census tract that was populated entirely by persons aboard one or more civilian or military ships. A "crews-of-vessels" census tract appears on census maps only as an anchor symbol with its census tract number (and block numbers on maps showing block numbers). These census tracts relate to the ships associated with the onshore census tract having the same four-digit basic number. Suffixes in the range .80 through .98 usually identify census tracts that either were revised or were created during the 1990 census data collection activities. Some of these revisions may have resulted in census tracts that have extremely small land area and may have little or no population or housing. For data analysis, such a census tract can be summarized with an adjacent census tract.

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT (CD)

Congressional districts (CD's) are the 435 areas from which persons are elected to the U.S. House of Representatives. After the apportionment of congressional seats among the States, based on census population counts, each State is responsible for establishing CD's for the purpose of electing representatives. Each CD is to be as equal in population to all other CD's in the State as practicable, based on the decennial census counts.

The CD's that were in effect on January 1, 1990 were those of the 101st Congress. Data on the 101st Congress appear in an early 1990 census data product (Summary Tape File 1A). The CD's of the 101st Congress are the same as those in effect for the 102nd Congress. CD's of the 103rd Congress, reflecting redistricting based on the 1990 census, are summarized in later 1990 data products (STF's 1D and 3D, and 1990 CPH-4, *Population and Housing Characteristics for Congressional Districts of the 103rd Congress* printed reports).

COUNTY

The primary political divisions of most States are termed "counties." In Louisiana, these divisions are known as "parishes." In Alaska, which has no counties, the county equivalents are the organized "boroughs" and the "census areas" that are delineated for statistical purposes by the State of Alaska and the Census Bureau. In four States (Maryland, Missouri, Nevada, and Virginia), there are one or more cities that are independent of any county organization and thus constitute primary divisions of their States. These cities are known as "independent cities" and are treated as equivalent to counties for statistical purposes. That part of Yellowstone National Park in Montana is treated as a county equivalent. The District of Columbia has no primary divisions, and the entire area is considered equivalent to a county for statistical purposes.

Each county and county equivalent is assigned a three-digit FIPS code that is unique within State. These codes are assigned in alphabetical order of county or county equivalent within State, except for the independent cities, which follow the listing of counties.

COUNTY SUBDIVISION

County subdivisions are the primary subdivisions of counties and their equivalents for the reporting of decennial census data. They include census county divisions, census subareas, minor civil divisions, and unorganized territories.

Each county subdivision is assigned a three-digit census code in alphabetical order within county and a five-digit FIPS code in alphabetical order within State.

Census County Division (CCD)

Census county divisions (CCD's) are subdivisions of a county that were delineated by the Census Bureau, in cooperation with State officials and local census statistical

areas committees, for statistical purposes. CCD's were established in 21 States where there are no legally established minor civil divisions (MCD's), where the MCD's do not have governmental or administrative purposes, where the boundaries of the MCD's change frequently, and/or where the MCD's are not generally known to the public. CCD's have no legal functions, and are not governmental units.

The boundaries of CCD's usually are delineated to follow visible features, and in most cases coincide with census tract or block numbering area boundaries. The name of each CCD is based on a place, county, or well-known local name that identifies its location. CCD's have been established in the following 21 States: Alabama, Arizona, California, Colorado, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Hawaii, Idaho, Kentucky, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Oregon, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Washington, and Wyoming. For the 1980 census, the county subdivisions recognized for Nevada were MCD's.

Census Subarea (Alaska)

Census subareas are statistical subdivisions of boroughs and census areas (county equivalents) in Alaska. Census subareas were delineated cooperatively by the State of Alaska and the Census Bureau. The census subareas, identified first in 1980, replaced the various types of subdivisions used in the 1970 census.

Minor Civil Division (MCD)

Minor civil divisions (MCD's) are the primary political or administrative divisions of a county. MCD's represent many different kinds of legal entities with a wide variety of governmental and/or administrative functions. MCD's are variously designated as American Indian reservations, assessment districts, boroughs, election districts, gores, grants, magisterial districts, parish governing authority districts, plantations, precincts, purchases, supervisors' districts, towns, and townships. In some States, all or some incorporated places are not located in any MCD and thus serve as MCD's in their own right. In other States, incorporated places are subordinate to (part of) the MCD's in which they are located, or the pattern is mixed—some incorporated places are independent of MCD's and others are subordinate to one or more MCD's.

The Census Bureau recognizes MCD's in the following 28 States: Arkansas, Connecticut, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Nebraska, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, North Dakota, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Dakota, Vermont, Virginia, West Virginia, and Wisconsin. The District of Columbia has no primary divisions, and the entire area is considered equivalent to an MCD for statistical purposes.

The MCD's in 12 selected States (Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin) also serve as general-purpose local governments. The Census Bureau presents data for these MCD's in all data products in which it provides data for places.

Unorganized Territory (unorg.)

In nine States (Arkansas, Iowa, Kansas, Louisiana, Maine, Minnesota, North Carolina, North Dakota, and South Dakota), some counties contain territory that is not included in an MCD recognized by the Census Bureau. Each separate area of unorganized territory in these States is recognized as one or more separate county subdivisions for census purposes. Each unorganized territory is given a descriptive name, followed by the designation "unorg."

GEOGRAPHIC CODE

Geographic codes are shown primarily on machine-readable data products, such as computer tape and compact disc-read only memory (CD-ROM), but also appear on other products such as microfiche; they also are shown on some census maps. Codes are identified as "census codes" only if there is also a Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code for the same geographic entity. A code that is not identified as either "census" or "FIPS" is usually a census code for which there is no FIPS equivalent, or for which the Census Bureau does not use the FIPS code. The exceptions, which use only the FIPS code in census products, are county, congressional district, and metropolitan area (that is, metropolitan statistical area, consolidated metropolitan statistical area, and primary metropolitan statistical area).

Census Code

Census codes are assigned for a variety of geographic entities, including American Indian and Alaska Native area, census division, census region, county subdivision, place, State, urbanized area, and voting district. The structure, format, and meaning of census codes appear in the 1990 census *Geographic Identification Code Scheme*; in the data dictionary portion of the technical documentation for summary tape files, CD-ROM's, and microfiche.

Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) Code

Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) codes are assigned for a variety of geographic entities, including American Indian and Alaska Native area, congressional district, county, county subdivision, metropolitan area, place, and State. The structure, format, and meaning of FIPS

codes used in the census are shown in the 1990 census *Geographic Identification Code Scheme*; in the data dictionary portion of the technical documentation for summary tape files, CD-ROM's, and microfiche.

The objective of the FIPS codes is to improve the use of data resources of the Federal Government and avoid unnecessary duplication and incompatibilities in the collection, processing, and dissemination of data. More information about FIPS and FIPS code documentation is available from the National Technical Information Service, Springfield, VA 22161.

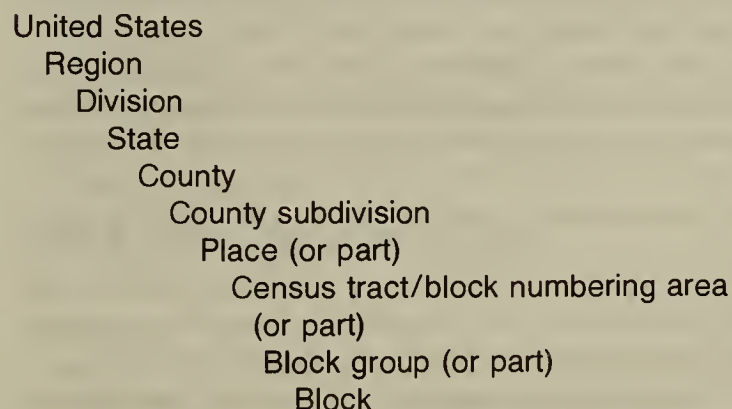
United States Postal Service (USPS) Code

United States Postal Service (USPS) codes for States are used in all 1990 data products. The codes are two-character alphabetic abbreviations. These codes are the same as the FIPS two-character alphabetic abbreviations.

GEOGRAPHIC PRESENTATION

Hierarchical Presentation

A hierarchical geographic presentation shows the geographic entities in a superior/subordinate structure in census products. This structure is derived from the legal, administrative, or areal relationships of the entities. The hierarchical structure is depicted in report tables by means of indentation, and is explained for machine-readable media in the discussion of file structure in the geographic coverage portion of the abstract in the technical documentation. An example of hierarchical presentation is the "standard census geographic hierarchy": block, within block group, within census tract or block numbering area, within place, within county subdivision, within county, within State, within division, within region, within the United States. Graphically, this is shown as:



Inventory Presentation

An inventory presentation of geographic entities is one in which all entities of the same type are shown in alphabetical or code sequence, without reference to their hierarchical relationships. Generally, an inventory presentation shows totals for entities that may be split in a hierarchical presentation, such as place, census

tract/block numbering area, or block group. An example of a series of inventory presentations is: State, followed by all the counties in that State, followed by all the places in that State. Graphically, this is shown as:

State
County "A"
County "B"
County "C"
Place "X"
Place "Y"
Place "Z"

HISTORICAL COUNTS

Historical counts for total population and total housing units are shown in the 1990 CPH-2, *Population and Housing Unit Counts* report series. As in past censuses, the general rule for presenting historical data for States, counties, county subdivisions, and places is to show historical counts only for single, continually existing entities. Stated another way, if an entity existed for both the current and preceding censuses, the tables show counts for the preceding censuses. Included in this category are entities of the same type (county, county subdivision, place) even if they had changed their names. Also included are entities that merged, but only if the new entity retained the name of one of the merged entities. The historical counts shown are for each entity as it was bounded at each census.

In cases where an entity was formed since a preceding census, such as a newly incorporated place or a newly organized township, the symbol three dots "... " is shown for earlier censuses. The three-dot symbol also is shown for those parts of a place that have extended into an additional county or county subdivision through annexation or other revision of boundaries since the preceding census.

In a few cases, changes in the boundaries of county subdivisions caused a place to be split into two or more parts, or to be split differently than in the preceding census. If historical counts for the parts of the place as currently split did not appear in a preceding census, "(NA)" is shown for the place in each county subdivision; however, the historical population and housing unit counts of the place appear in tables that show the entire place. For counties, county subdivisions, and places formed since January 1, 1980, 1980 census population and housing unit counts in the 1990 territory are reported in the geographic change notes included in the "User Notes" text section of 1990 CPH-2, *Population and Housing Unit Counts*, and in the technical documentation of Summary Tape Files 1 and 3.

In some cases, population and housing unit counts for individual areas were revised since publication of the 1980 reports (indicated by the prefix "r"). In a number of tables of 1990 CPH-2, *Population and Housing Unit Counts*, 1980 counts are shown for aggregations of individual areas,

such as the number, population, and housing unit counts of places in size groups, or urban and rural distributions. Revisions of population and housing unit counts for individual areas were not applied to the various aggregations. Therefore, it may not be possible to determine the individual areas in a given aggregation using the historical counts; conversely, the sum of the counts shown for individual areas may not agree with the aggregation.

INTERNAL POINT

An internal point is a set of geographic coordinates (latitude and longitude) that is located within a specified geographic entity. A single point is identified for each entity; for many entities, this point represents the approximate geographic center of that entity. If the shape of the entity caused this point to be located outside the boundaries of the entity, it is relocated from the center so that it is within the entity. If the internal point for a block falls in a water area, it is relocated to a land area within the block. On machine-readable products, internal points are shown to six decimal places; the decimal point is implied.

METROPOLITAN AREA (MA)

The general concept of a metropolitan area (MA) is one of a large population nucleus, together with adjacent communities that have a high degree of economic and social integration with that nucleus. Some MA's are defined around two or more nuclei.

The MA classification is a statistical standard, developed for use by Federal agencies in the production, analysis, and publication of data on MA's. The MA's are designated and defined by the Federal Office of Management and Budget, following a set of official published standards. These standards were developed by the inter-agency Federal Executive Committee on Metropolitan Areas, with the aim of producing definitions that are as consistent as possible for all MA's nationwide.

Each MA must contain either a place with a minimum population of 50,000 or a Census Bureau-defined urbanized area and a total MA population of at least 100,000 (75,000 in New England). An MA comprises one or more central counties. An MA also may include one or more outlying counties that have close economic and social relationships with the central county. An outlying county must have a specified level of commuting to the central counties and also must meet certain standards regarding metropolitan character, such as population density, urban population, and population growth. In New England, MA's are composed of cities and towns rather than whole counties.

The territory, population, and housing units in MA's are referred to as "metropolitan." The metropolitan category is subdivided into "inside central city" and "outside central city." The territory, population, and housing units located outside MA's are referred to as "nonmetropolitan." The

metropolitan and nonmetropolitan classification cuts across the other hierarchies; for example, there is generally both urban and rural territory within both metropolitan and nonmetropolitan areas.

To meet the needs of various users, the standards provide for a flexible structure of metropolitan definitions that classify an MA either as a metropolitan statistical area (MSA) or as a consolidated metropolitan statistical area (CMSA) that is divided into primary metropolitan statistical areas (PMSA's). Documentation of the MA standards and how they are applied is available from the Secretary, Federal Executive Committee on Metropolitan Areas, Population Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233.

Central City

In each MSA and CMSA, the largest place and, in some cases, additional places are designated as "central cities" under the official standards. A few PMSA's do not have central cities. The largest central city and, in some cases, up to two additional central cities are included in the title of the MA; there also are central cities that are not included in an MA title. An MA central city does not include any part of that city that extends outside the MA boundary.

Consolidated and Primary Metropolitan Statistical Area (CMSA and PMSA)

If an area that qualifies as an MA has more than one million persons, primary metropolitan statistical areas (PMSA's) may be defined within it. PMSA's consist of a large urbanized county or cluster of counties that demonstrates very strong internal economic and social links, in addition to close ties to other portions of the larger area. When PMSA's are established, the larger area of which they are component parts is designated a consolidated metropolitan statistical area (CMSA).

Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA)

Metropolitan statistical areas (MSA's) are relatively free-standing MA's and are not closely associated with other MA's. These areas typically are surrounded by nonmetropolitan counties.

Metropolitan Area Title and Code

The title of an MSA contains the name of its largest central city and up to two additional city names, provided that the additional places meet specified levels of population, employment, and commuting. Generally, a city with a population of 250,000 or more is in the title, regardless of other criteria.

The title of a PMSA may contain up to three place names, as determined above, or up to three county names, sequenced in order of population. A CMSA title also may include up to three names, the first of which generally is

the most populous central city in the area. The second name may be the first city or county name in the most populous remaining PMSA; the third name may be the first city or county name in the next most populous PMSA. A regional designation may be substituted for the second and/or third names in a CMSA title if such a designation is supported by local opinion and is deemed to be unambiguous and suitable by the Office of Management and Budget.

The titles for all MA's also contain the name of each State in which the area is located. Each metropolitan area is assigned a four-digit FIPS code, in alphabetical order nationwide. If the fourth digit of the code is a "2," it identifies a CMSA. Additionally, there is a separate set of two-digit codes for CMSA's, also assigned alphabetically.

OUTLYING AREAS OF THE UNITED STATES

The Census Bureau treats the outlying areas as the statistical equivalents of States for the 1990 census. The outlying areas are American Samoa, Guam, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands (Northern Mariana Islands), Republic of Palau (Palau), Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands of the United States (Virgin Islands). Geographic definitions specific to each outlying area are shown in appendix A of the text in the data products for each area.

PLACE

Places, for the reporting of decennial census data, include census designated places and incorporated places. Each place is assigned a four-digit census code that is unique within State. Each place is also assigned a five-digit FIPS code that is unique within State. Both the census and FIPS codes are assigned based on alphabetical order within State. Consolidated cities (see below) are assigned a one-character alphabetical census code that is unique nationwide and a five-digit FIPS code that is unique within State.

Census Designated Place (CDP)

Census designated places (CDP's) are delineated for the decennial census as the statistical counterparts of incorporated places. CDP's comprise densely settled concentrations of population that are identifiable by name, but are not legally incorporated places. Their boundaries, which usually coincide with visible features or the boundary of an adjacent incorporated place, have no legal status, nor do these places have officials elected to serve traditional municipal functions. CDP boundaries may change with changes in the settlement pattern; a CDP with the same name as in previous censuses does not necessarily have the same boundaries.

Beginning with the 1950 census, the Census Bureau, in cooperation with State agencies and local census statistical areas committees, has identified and delineated boundaries for CDP's. In the 1990 census, the name of each such place is followed by "CDP." In the 1980 census, "(CDP)" was used; in 1970, 1960, and 1950 censuses, these places were identified by "(U)," meaning "unincorporated place."

To qualify as a CDP for the 1990 census, an unincorporated community must have met the following criteria:

1. In all States except Alaska and Hawaii, the Census Bureau uses three population size criteria to designate a CDP. These criteria are:
 - a. 1,000 or more persons if outside the boundaries of an urbanized area (UA) delineated for the 1980 census or a subsequent special census.
 - b. 2,500 or more persons if inside the boundaries of a UA delineated for the 1980 census or a subsequent special census.
 - c. 250 or more persons if outside the boundaries of a UA delineated for the 1980 census or a subsequent special census, and within the official boundaries of an American Indian reservation recognized for the 1990 census.
2. In Alaska, 25 or more persons if outside a UA, and 2,500 or more persons if inside a UA delineated for the 1980 census or a subsequent special census.
3. In Hawaii, 300 or more persons, regardless of whether the community is inside or outside a UA.

For the 1990 census, CDP's qualified on the basis of the population counts prepared for the 1990 Postcensus Local Review Program. Because these counts were subject to change, a few CDP's may have final population counts lower than the minimums shown above.

Hawaii is the only State with no incorporated places recognized by the Bureau of the Census. All places shown for Hawaii in the data products are CDP's. By agreement with the State of Hawaii, the Census Bureau does not show data separately for the city of Honolulu, which is coextensive with Honolulu County.

Consolidated City

A consolidated government is a unit of local government for which the functions of an incorporated place and its county or minor civil division (MCD) have merged. The legal aspects of this action may result in both the primary incorporated place and the county or MCD continuing to exist as legal entities, even though the county or MCD performs few or no governmental functions and has few or no elected officials. Where this occurs, and where one or more other incorporated places in the county or MCD

continue to function as separate governments, even though they have been included in the consolidated government, the primary incorporated place is referred to as a "consolidated city."

The data presentation for consolidated cities varies depending upon the geographic presentation. In hierarchical presentations, consolidated cities are not shown. These presentations include the semi-independent places and the "consolidated city (remainder)." Where the consolidated city is coextensive with a county or county subdivision, the data shown for those areas in hierarchical presentations are equivalent to those for the consolidated government.

For inventory geographic presentations, the consolidated city appears at the end of the listing of places. The data for the consolidated city include places that are part of the consolidated city. The "consolidated city (remainder)" is the portion of the consolidated government minus the semi-independent places, and is shown in alphabetical sequence with other places.

In summary presentations by size of place, the consolidated city is not included. The places semi-independent of consolidated cities are categorized by their size, as is the "consolidated city (remainder)."

Each consolidated city is assigned a one-character alphabetic census code. Each consolidated city also is assigned a five-digit FIPS code that is unique within State. The semi-independent places and the "consolidated city (remainder)" are assigned a four-digit census code and a five-digit FIPS place code that are unique within State. Both the census and FIPS codes are assigned based on alphabetical order within State.

Incorporated Place

Incorporated places recognized in 1990 census data products are those reported to the Census Bureau as legally in existence on January 1, 1990 under the laws of their respective States as cities, boroughs, towns, and villages, with the following exceptions: the towns in the New England States, New York, and Wisconsin, and the boroughs in New York are recognized as minor civil divisions for census purposes; the boroughs in Alaska are county equivalents.

POPULATION OR HOUSING UNIT DENSITY

Population or housing unit density is computed by dividing the total population or housing units of a geographic unit (for example, United States, State, county, place) by its land area measured in square kilometers or square miles. Density is expressed as both "persons (or housing units) per square kilometer" and "persons (or housing units) per square mile" of land area in 1990 census printed reports.

STATE

States are the primary governmental divisions of the United States. The District of Columbia is treated as a statistical equivalent of a State for census purposes. The four census regions, nine census divisions, and their component States are shown under "CENSUS REGION AND CENSUS DIVISION" in this appendix.

The Census Bureau treats the outlying areas as State equivalents for the 1990 census. The outlying areas are American Samoa, Guam, the Northern Mariana Islands, Palau, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands of the United States. Geographic definitions specific to each outlying area are shown in appendix A in the data products for each area.

Each State and equivalent is assigned a two-digit numeric Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) code in alphabetical order by State name, followed by the outlying area names. Each State and equivalent area also is assigned a two-digit census code. This code is assigned on the basis of the geographic sequence of each State within each census division; the first digit of the code is the code for the respective division. Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, and the outlying areas of the Pacific are assigned "0" as the division code. Each State and equivalent area also is assigned the two-letter FIPS/United States Postal Service (USPS) code.

In 12 selected States (Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin), the minor civil divisions also serve as general-purpose local governments. The Census Bureau presents data for these minor civil divisions in all data products in which it provides data for places.

TIGER

TIGER is an acronym for the new digital (computer-readable) geographic data base that automates the mapping and related geographic activities required to support the Census Bureau's census and survey programs. The Census Bureau developed the Topologically Integrated Geographic Encoding and Referencing (TIGER) System to automate the geographic support processes needed to meet the major geographic needs of the 1990 census: producing the cartographic products to support data collection and map publication, providing the geographic structure for tabulation and publication of the collected data, assigning residential and employer addresses to their geographic location and relating those locations to the Census Bureau's geographic units, and so forth. The content of the TIGER data base is made available to the public through a variety of "TIGER Extract" files that may be obtained from the Data User Services Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233.

UNITED STATES

The United States comprises the 50 States and the District of Columbia. In addition, the Census Bureau treats

the outlying areas as statistical equivalents of States for the 1990 census. The outlying areas include American Samoa, Guam, the Northern Mariana Islands, Palau, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands.

URBAN AND RURAL

The Census Bureau defines "urban" for the 1990 census as comprising all territory, population, and housing units in urbanized areas and in places of 2,500 or more persons outside urbanized areas. More specifically, "urban" consists of territory, persons, and housing units in:

1. Places of 2,500 or more persons incorporated as cities, villages, boroughs (except in Alaska and New York), and towns (except in the six New England States, New York, and Wisconsin), but excluding the rural portions of "extended cities."
2. Census designated places of 2,500 or more persons.
3. Other territory, incorporated or unincorporated, included in urbanized areas.

Territory, population, and housing units not classified as urban constitute "rural." In the 100-percent data products, "rural" is divided into "places of less than 2,500" and "not in places." The "not in places" category comprises "rural" outside incorporated and census designated places and the rural portions of extended cities. In many data products, the term "other rural" is used; "other rural" is a residual category specific to the classification of the rural in each data product.

In the sample data products, rural population and housing units are subdivided into "rural farm" and "rural nonfarm." "Rural farm" comprises all rural households and housing units on farms (places from which \$1,000 or more of agricultural products were sold in 1989); "rural nonfarm" comprises the remaining rural.

The urban and rural classification cuts across the other hierarchies; for example, there is generally both urban and rural territory within both metropolitan and nonmetropolitan areas.

In censuses prior to 1950, "urban" comprised all territory, persons, and housing units in incorporated places of 2,500 or more persons, and in areas (usually minor civil divisions) classified as urban under special rules relating to population size and density. The definition of urban that restricted itself to incorporated places having 2,500 or more persons excluded many large, densely settled areas merely because they were not incorporated. Prior to the 1950 census, the Census Bureau attempted to avoid some of the more obvious omissions by classifying selected areas as "urban under special rules." Even with these rules, however, many large, closely built-up areas were excluded from the urban category.

To improve its measure of urban territory, population, and housing units, the Census Bureau adopted the concept of the urbanized area and delineated boundaries for

unincorporated places (now, census designated places) for the 1950 census. Urban was defined as territory, persons, and housing units in urbanized areas and, outside urbanized areas, in all places, incorporated or unincorporated, that had 2,500 or more persons. With the following three exceptions, the 1950 census definition of urban has continued substantially unchanged. First, in the 1960 census (but not in the 1970, 1980, or 1990 censuses), certain towns in the New England States, townships in New Jersey and Pennsylvania, and Arlington County, Virginia, were designated as urban. However, most of these "special rule" areas would have been classified as urban anyway because they were included in an urbanized area or in an unincorporated place of 2,500 or more persons. Second, "extended cities" were identified for the 1970, 1980, and 1990 censuses. Extended cities primarily affect the figures for urban and rural territory (area), but have very little effect on the urban and rural population and housing units at the national and State levels— although for some individual counties and urbanized areas, the effects have been more evident. Third, changes since the 1970 census in the criteria for defining urbanized areas have permitted these areas to be defined around smaller centers.

Documentation of the urbanized area and extended city criteria is available from the Chief, Geography Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233.

Extended City

Since the 1960 census, there has been a trend in some States toward the extension of city boundaries to include territory that is essentially rural in character. The classification of all the population and living quarters of such places as urban would include in the urban designation territory, persons, and housing units whose environment is primarily rural. For the 1970, 1980, and 1990 censuses, the Census Bureau identified as rural such territory and its population and housing units for each extended city whose closely settled area was located in an urbanized area. For the 1990 census, this classification also has been applied to certain places outside urbanized areas.

In summary presentations by size of place, the urban portion of an extended city is classified by the population of the entire place; the rural portion is included in "other rural."

URBANIZED AREA (UA)

The Census Bureau delineates urbanized areas (UA's) to provide a better separation of urban and rural territory, population, and housing in the vicinity of large places. A UA comprises one or more places ("central place") and the adjacent densely settled surrounding territory ("urban fringe") that together have a minimum of 50,000 persons. The urban fringe generally consists of contiguous territory having a density of least 1,000 persons per square mile. The urban fringe also includes outlying territory of such

density if it was connected to the core of the contiguous area by road and is within 1 1/2 road miles of that core, or within 5 road miles of the core but separated by water or other undevelopable territory. Other territory with a population density of fewer than 1,000 people per square mile is included in the urban fringe if it eliminates an enclave or closes an indentation in the boundary of the urbanized area. The population density is determined by (1) outside of a place, one or more contiguous census blocks with a population density of at least 1,000 persons per square mile or (2) inclusion of a place containing census blocks that have at least 50 percent of the population of the place and a density of at least 1,000 persons per square mile. The complete criteria are available from the Chief, Geography Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233.

Urbanized Area Central Place

One or more central places function as the dominant centers of each UA. The identification of a UA central place permits the comparison of this dominant center with the remaining territory in the UA. There is no limit on the number of central places, and not all central places are necessarily included in the UA title. UA central places include:

1. Each place entirely (or partially, if the place is an extended city) within the UA that is a central city of a metropolitan area (MA).
2. If the UA does not contain an MA central city or is located outside of an MA, the central place(s) is determined by population size.

Urbanized Area Title and Code

The title of a UA identifies those places that are most important within the UA; it links the UA to the encompassing MA, where appropriate. If a single MA includes most of the UA, the title and code of the UA generally are the same as the title and code of the MA. If the UA is not mostly included in a single MA, if it does not include any place that is a central city of the encompassing MA, or if it is not located in an MA, the Census Bureau uses the population size of the included places, with a preference for incorporated places, to determine the UA title. The name of each State in which the UA is located also is in each UA title.

The numeric code used to identify each UA is the same as the code for the mostly encompassing MA (including CMSA and PMSA). If MA title cities represent multiple UA's, or the UA title city does not correspond to the first name of an MA title, the Census Bureau assigns a code based on the alphabetical sequence of the UA title in relationship to the other UA and MA titles.

VOTING DISTRICT (VTD)

A voting district (VTD) is any of a variety of types of areas (for example, election districts, precincts, wards, legislative districts) established by State and local governments for purposes of elections. For census purposes,

each State participating in Phase 2 of the 1990 Census Redistricting Data Program outlined the boundaries of VTD's around groups of whole census blocks on census maps. The entities identified as VTD's are not necessarily those legally or currently established. Also, to meet the "whole block" criterion, a State may have had to adjust VTD boundaries to nearby block boundaries. Therefore, the VTD's shown on the 1990 census tapes, listings, and maps may not represent the actual VTD's in effect at the time of the census. In the 1980 census, VTD's were referred to as "election precincts."

Each VTD is assigned a four-character alphanumeric code that is unique within each county. The code "ZZZZ" is assigned to nonparticipating areas; the Census Bureau reports data for areas coded "ZZZZ."

ZIP CODE®

ZIP Codes are administrative units established by the United States Postal Service (USPS) for the distribution of mail. ZIP Codes serve addresses for the most efficient delivery of mail, and therefore generally do not respect political or census statistical area boundaries. ZIP Codes usually do not have clearly identifiable boundaries, often serve a continually changing area, are changed periodically to meet postal requirements, and do not cover all the land area of the United States. ZIP Codes are identified by five-digit codes assigned by the USPS. The first three digits identify a major city or sectional distribution center, and the last two digits generally signify a specific post office's delivery area or point. For the 1990 census, ZIP Code data are tabulated for the five-digit codes in STF 3B.

APPENDIX B.

Definitions of Subject Characteristics

CONTENTS

POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS B-2

Ability to Speak English (<i>See Language Spoken at Home and Ability to Speak English</i>)	
Actual Hours Worked Last Week (<i>See Employment Status</i>)	
Age	B-2
American Indian Tribe (<i>See Race</i>)	
Ancestry	B-2
Carpooling (<i>See Journey to Work</i>)	
Children Ever Born (<i>See Fertility</i>)	
Citizenship	B-4
Civilian Labor Force (<i>See Employment Status</i>)	
Class of Worker (<i>See Industry, Occupation, and Class of Worker</i>)	
Disability (<i>See Mobility Limitation Status, see Self-Care Limitation Status, see Work Disability Status</i>)	
Earnings in 1989 (<i>See Income in 1989</i>)	
Educational Attainment	B-4
Employment Status	B-5
Families (<i>See Household Type and Relationship</i>)	
Family Composition (<i>See Household Type and Relationship</i>)	
Family Income in 1989 (<i>See Income in 1989</i>)	
Family Size (<i>See Household Type and Relationship</i>)	
Family Type (<i>See Household Type and Relationship</i>)	
Farm Population (<i>See Farm Residence under Housing Characteristics</i>)	
Fertility	B-7
Foreign-Born Persons (<i>See Place of Birth</i>)	
Foster Children (<i>See Household Type and Relationship</i>)	
Group Quarters	B-7
Hispanic Origin	B-12
Household (<i>See Household Type and Relationship</i>)	
Household Income in 1989 (<i>See Income in 1989</i>)	
Household Language (<i>See Language Spoken At Home and Ability to Speak English</i>)	
Household Size (<i>See Household Type and Relationship</i>)	
Household Type and Relationship	B-13
Householder (<i>See Household Type and Relationship</i>)	
Income Deficit (<i>See Poverty Status in 1989</i>)	
Income in 1989	B-15
Income Type in 1989 (<i>See Income in 1989</i>)	
Industry, Occupation, and Class of Worker	B-19
Institutionalized Persons (<i>See Group Quarters</i>)	
Journey to Work	B-21
Labor Force Status (<i>See Employment Status</i>)	
Language Spoken at Home and Ability to Speak English	B-23
Linguistic Isolation (<i>See Language Spoken at Home and Ability to Speak English</i>)	
Marital Status	B-25
Married Couples (<i>See Marital Status</i>)	
Means of Transportation to Work (<i>See Journey to Work</i>)	
Migration (<i>See Residence in 1985</i>)	
Mobility Limitation Status	B-26
Nativity (<i>See Place of Birth</i>)	
Noninstitutionalized Group Quarters (<i>See Group Quarters</i>)	
Occupation (<i>See Industry, Occupation, and Class of Worker</i>)	
Own Children (<i>See Household Type and Relationship</i>)	
Per Capita Income (<i>See Income in 1989</i>)	
Period of Military Service (<i>See Veteran Status</i>)	
Persons in Family (<i>See Household Type and Relationship</i>)	
Persons in Households (<i>See Household Type and Relationship</i>)	
Place of Birth	B-26
Place of Work (<i>See Journey to Work</i>)	
Poverty Status in 1989	B-27
Presence of Children (<i>See Household Type and Relationship</i>)	
Private Vehicle Occupancy (<i>See Journey to Work</i>)	
Race	B-28
Reference Week	B-31

Related Children (<i>See Household Type and Relationship</i>)	
Residence in 1985	B-32
School Enrollment and Labor Force Status	B-33
School Enrollment and Type of School	B-33
Self-Care Limitation Status	B-34
Sex	B-34
Spanish Origin (<i>See Hispanic Origin</i>)	
Stepfamily (<i>See Household Type and Relationship</i>)	
Subfamily (<i>See Household Type and Relationship</i>)	
Time Leaving Home to Go to Work (<i>See Journey to Work</i>)	
Travel Time to Work (<i>See Journey to Work</i>)	
Type of School (<i>See School Enrollment and Type of School</i>)	
Usual Hours Worked Per Week Worked in 1989 (<i>See Work Status in 1989</i>)	
Veteran Status	B-34
Weeks Worked in 1989 (<i>See Work Status in 1989</i>)	
Work Disability Status	B-35
Work Status in 1989	B-35
Worker (<i>See Employment Status, see Industry, Occupation, and Class of Worker, see Journey to Work, see Work Status in 1989</i>)	
Workers in Family in 1989 (<i>See Work Status in 1989</i>)	
Year of Entry	B-36
Years of Military Service (<i>See Veteran Status</i>)	

HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS B-36

Acreage	B-37
Age of Structure (<i>See Year Structure Built</i>)	
Agricultural Sales	B-38
Bedrooms	B-38
Boarded-Up Status	B-38
Business on Property	B-38
Condominium Fee	B-39
Condominium Status	B-39
Congregate Housing (<i>See Meals Included in Rent</i>)	
Contract Rent	B-39
Crop Sales (<i>See Agricultural Sales</i>)	
Duration of Vacancy	B-40
Farm Residence	B-40
Gross Rent	B-40
Gross Rent as a Percentage of Household Income in 1989 ..	B-41
Homeowner Vacancy Rate (<i>See Vacancy Status</i>)	
House Heating Fuel	B-41
Housing Units (<i>See Living Quarters</i>)	
Insurance for Fire, Hazard, and Flood	B-41
Kitchen Facilities	B-41
Living Quarters	B-36
Meals Included in Rent	B-41
Mobile Home Costs	B-42
Months Vacant (<i>See Duration of Vacancy</i>)	
Mortgage Payment	B-42
Mortgage Status	B-42
Occupied Housing Units (<i>See Living Quarters</i>)	
Owner-Occupied Housing Units (<i>See Tenure</i>)	
Persons in Unit	B-43
Persons Per Room	B-43
Plumbing Facilities	B-43
Poverty Status of Households in 1989	B-43
Real Estate Taxes	B-43
Rental Vacancy Rate (<i>See Vacancy Status</i>)	
Renter-Occupied Housing Units (<i>See Tenure</i>)	
Rooms	B-44
Second or Junior Mortgage Payment	B-44
Selected Monthly Owner Costs	B-44
Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1989	B-45

CONTENTS—Con.

Sewage Disposal	B-45
Source of Water	B-45
Telephone in Housing Unit	B-45
Tenure	B-46
Type of Structure (See Units in Structure)	
Units in Structure	B-46
Usual Home Elsewhere	B-47
Utilities	B-47
Vacancy Status	B-47
Vacant Housing Units (See Living Quarters)	
Value	B-48
Vehicles Available	B-48
Year Householder Moved Into Unit	B-49
Year Structure Built	B-49
DERIVED MEASURES	B-49
Interpolation	B-49
Mean	B-49
Median	B-49
Percentages, Rates, and Ratios	B-50
Quartile	B-50

POPULATION CHARACTERISTICS

AGE

The data on age were derived from answers to questionnaire item 5, which was asked of all persons. The age classification is based on the age of the person in complete years as of April 1, 1990. The age response in question 5a was used normally to represent a person's age. However, when the age response was unacceptable or unavailable, a person's age was derived from an acceptable year-of-birth response in question 5b.

Data on age are used to determine the applicability of other questions for a person and to classify other characteristics in census tabulations. Age data are needed to interpret most social and economic characteristics used to plan and examine many programs and policies. Therefore, age is tabulated by single years of age and by many different groupings, such as 5-year age groups.

Some tabulations are shown by the age of the householder. These data were derived from the age responses for each householder. (For more information on householder, see the discussion under "Household Type and Relationship.")

Median Age—This measure divides the age distribution into two equal parts: one-half of the cases falling below the median value and one-half above the value. Generally, median age is computed on the basis of more detailed age intervals than are shown in some census publications; thus, a median based on a less detailed distribution may differ slightly from a corresponding median for the same population based on a more detailed distribution. (For more information on medians, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

Limitation of the Data—Counts in 1970 and 1980 for persons 100 years old and over were substantially overstated. Improvements were made in the questionnaire design, in the allocation procedures, and to the respondent instruction guide to attempt to minimize this problem for the 1990 census.

Review of detailed 1990 census information indicated that respondents tended to provide their age as of the date of completion of the questionnaire, not their age as of April 1, 1990. In addition, there may have been a tendency for respondents to round their age up if they were close to having a birthday. It is likely that approximately 10 percent of persons in most age groups are actually 1 year younger. For most single years of age, the misstatements are largely offsetting. The problem is most pronounced at age 0 because persons lost to age 1 may not have been fully offset by the inclusion of babies born after April 1, 1990, and because there may have been more rounding up to age 1 to avoid reporting age as 0 years. (Age in complete months was not collected for infants under age 1.)

The reporting of age 1 year older than age on April 1, 1990, is likely to have been greater in areas where the census data were collected later in 1990. The magnitude of this problem was much less in the three previous censuses where age was typically derived from respondent data on year of birth and quarter of birth. (For more information on the design of the age question, see the section below that discusses "Comparability.")

Comparability—Age data have been collected in every census. For the first time since 1950, the 1990 data are not available by quarter year of age. This change was made so that coded information could be obtained for both age and year of birth. In each census since 1940, the age of a person was assigned when it was not reported. In censuses before 1940, with the exception of 1880, persons of unknown age were shown as a separate category. Since 1960, assignment of unknown age has been performed by a general procedure described as "imputation." The specific procedures for imputing age have been different in each census. (For more information on imputation, see Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.)

ANCESTRY

The data on ancestry were derived from answers to questionnaire item 13, which was asked of a sample of persons. The question was based on self-identification; the data on ancestry represent self-classification by people according to the ancestry group(s) with which they most closely identify. Ancestry refers to a person's ethnic origin or descent, "roots," or heritage or the place of birth of the person or the person's parents or ancestors before their arrival in the United States. Some ethnic identities, such as "Egyptian" or "Polish" can be traced to geographic areas outside the United States, while other ethnicities such as "Pennsylvania Dutch" or "Cajun" evolved in the United States.

The intent of the ancestry question was not to measure the degree of attachment the respondent had to a particular ethnicity. For example, a response of "Irish" might reflect total involvement in an "Irish" community or only a memory of ancestors several generations removed from the individual.

The Census Bureau coded the responses through an automated review, edit, and coding operation. The open-ended write-in ancestry item was coded by subject-matter specialists into a numeric representation using a code list containing over 1,000 categories. The 1990 code list reflects the results of the Census Bureau's own research and consultations with many ethnic experts. Many decisions were made to determine the classification of responses. These decisions affected the grouping of the tabulated data. For example, the "Assyrian" category includes both responses of "Assyrian" and "Chaldean."

The ancestry question allowed respondents to report one or more ancestry groups. While a large number of respondents listed a single ancestry, the majority of answers included more than one ethnic entry. Generally, only the first two responses reported were coded in 1990. If a response was in terms of a dual ancestry, for example, Irish-English, the person was assigned two codes, in this case one for Irish and another for English.

However, in certain cases, multiple responses such as "French Canadian," "Scotch-Irish," "Greek Cypriote," and "Black Dutch" were assigned a single code reflecting their status as unique groups. If a person reported one of these unique groups in addition to another group, for example, "Scotch-Irish English," resulting in three terms, that person received one code for the unique group ("Scotch-Irish") and another one for the remaining group ("English"). If a person reported "English Irish French," only English and Irish were coded. Certain combinations of ancestries where the ancestry group is a part of another, such as "German-Bavarian," the responses were coded as a single ancestry using the smaller group ("Bavarian"). Also, responses such as "Polish-American" or "Italian-American" were coded and tabulated as a single entry ("Polish" or "Italian").

The Census Bureau accepted "American" as a unique ethnicity if it was given alone, with an ambiguous response, or with State names. If the respondent listed any other ethnic identity such as "Italian American," generally the "American" portion of the response was not coded. However, distinct groups such as "American Indian," "Mexican American," and "African American" were coded and identified separately because they represented groups who considered themselves different from those who reported as "Indian," "Mexican," or "African," respectively.

In all tabulations, when respondents provided an unacceptable ethnic identity (for example, an uncodeable or unintelligible response such as "multi-national," "adopted," or "I have no idea"), the answer was included in "Ancestry not reported."

The tabulations on ancestry are presented using two types of data presentations—one used total persons as the base, and the other used total responses as the base. The following are categories shown in the two data presentations:

Presentation Based on Persons:

Single Ancestries Reported—Includes all persons who reported only one ethnic group. Included in this

category are persons with multiple-term responses such as "Scotch-Irish" who are assigned a single code.

Multiple Ancestries Reported—Includes all persons who reported more than one group and were assigned two ancestry codes.

Ancestry Unclassified—Includes all persons who provided a response that could not be assigned an ancestry code because they provided nonsensical entries or religious responses.

Presentations Based on Responses:

Total Ancestries Reported—Includes the total number of ancestries reported and coded. If a person reported a multiple ancestry such as "French Danish," that response was counted twice in the tabulations—once in the "French" category and again in the "Danish" category. Thus, the sum of the counts in this type of presentation is not the total population but the total of all responses.

First Ancestry Reported—Includes the first response of all persons who reported at least one codeable entry. For example, in this category, the count for "Danish" would include all those who reported only Danish and those who reported Danish first and then some other group.

Second Ancestry Reported—Includes the second response of all persons who reported a multiple ancestry. Thus, the count for "Danish" in this category includes all persons who reported Danish as the second response, regardless of the first response provided.

The Census Bureau identified hundreds of ethnic groups in the 1990 census. However, it was impossible to show information for every group in all census tabulations because of space constraints. Publications such as the 1990 CP-2, *Social and Economic Characteristics* and the 1990 CPH-3, *Population and Housing Characteristics for Census Tracts and Block Numbering Areas* reports show a limited number of groups based on the number reported and the advice received from experts. A more complete distribution of groups is presented in the 1990 Summary Tape File 4, supplementary reports, and a special subject report on ancestry. In addition, groups identified specifically in the questions on race and Hispanic origin (for example, Japanese, Laotian, Mexican, Cuban, and Spaniard), in general, are not shown separately in ancestry tabulations.

Limitation of the Data—Although some experts consider religious affiliation a component of ethnic identity, the ancestry question was not designed to collect any information concerning religion. The Bureau of the Census is prohibited from collecting information on religion. Thus, if a religion was given as an answer to the ancestry question, it was coded as an "Other" response.

Comparability—A question on ancestry was first asked in the 1980 census. Although there were no comparable data prior to the 1980 census, related information on ethnicity was collected through questions on parental birthplace, own birthplace, and language which were included in previous censuses. Unlike other census questions, there was no imputation for nonresponse to the ancestry question.

In 1990, respondents were allowed to report more than one ancestry group; however, only the first two ancestry groups identified were coded. In 1980, the Census Bureau attempted to code a third ancestry for selected triple-ancestry responses.

New categories such as "Arab" and "West Indian" were added to the 1990 question to meet important data needs. The "West Indian" category excluded "Hispanic" groups such as "Puerto Rican" and "Cuban" that were identified primarily through the question on Hispanic origin. In 1990, the ancestry group, "American" is recognized and tabulated as a unique ethnicity. In 1980, "American" was tabulated but included under the category "Ancestry not specified."

A major improvement in the 1990 census was the use of an automated coding system for ancestry responses. The automated coding system used in the 1990 census greatly reduced the potential for error associated with a clerical review. Specialists with a thorough knowledge of the subject matter reviewed, edited, coded, and resolved inconsistent or incomplete responses.

CITIZENSHIP

The data on citizenship were derived from answers to questionnaire item 9, which was asked of a sample of persons.

Citizen—Persons who indicated that they were native-born and foreign-born persons who indicated that they have become naturalized. (For more information on native and foreign born, see the discussion under "Place of Birth.")

There are four categories of citizenship: (1) born in the United States, (2) born in Puerto Rico, Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, or the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, (3) born abroad of American parents, and (4) citizen by naturalization.

Naturalized Citizen—Foreign-born persons who had completed the naturalization process at the time of the census and upon whom the rights of citizenship had been conferred.

Not a Citizen—Foreign-born persons who were not citizens, including persons who had begun but not completed the naturalization process at the time of the census.

Limitation of the Data—Evaluation studies completed after previous censuses indicated that some persons may have reported themselves as citizens although they had not yet attained the status.

Comparability—Similar questions on citizenship were asked in the censuses of 1820, 1830, 1870, 1890 through 1950, 1970, and 1980. The 1980 question was asked of a sample of the foreign-born population. In 1990, both native and foreign-born persons who received the long-form questionnaire were asked to respond to the citizenship question.

EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT

Data on educational attainment were derived from answers to questionnaire item 12, which was asked of a sample of persons. Data are tabulated as attainment for persons 15 years old and over. Persons are classified according to the highest level of school completed or the highest degree received. The question included instructions to report the level of the previous grade attended or the highest degree received for persons currently enrolled in school. The question included response categories which allowed persons to report completing the 12th grade without receiving a high school diploma, and which instructed respondents to report as "high school graduate(s)"—persons who received either a high school diploma or the equivalent, for example, passed the Test of General Educational Development (G.E.D.), and did not attend college. (On the Military Census Report questionnaire, the lowest response category was "Less than 9th grade.")

Instructions included in the 1990 respondent instruction guide, which was mailed with the census questionnaire, further specified that schooling completed in foreign or ungraded school systems should be reported as the equivalent level of schooling in the regular American system; that vocational certificates or diplomas from vocational, trade, or business schools or colleges were not to be reported unless they were college level degrees; and that honorary degrees were not to be reported. The instructions gave "medicine, dentistry, chiropractic, optometry, osteopathic medicine, pharmacy, podiatry, veterinary medicine, law, and theology" as examples of professional school degrees, and specifically excluded "barber school, cosmetology, or other training for a specific trade" from the professional school category. The order in which they were listed suggested that doctorate degrees were "higher" than professional school degrees, which were "higher" than master's degrees.

Persons who did not report educational attainment were assigned the attainment of a person of the same age, race or Spanish origin, and sex who resided in the same or a nearby area. Persons who filled more than one circle were edited to the highest level or degree reported.

High School Graduate or Higher—Includes persons whose highest degree was a high school diploma or

its equivalent, persons who attended college or professional school, and persons who received a college, university, or professional degree. Persons who reported completing the 12th grade but not receiving a diploma are not included.

Not Enrolled, Not High School Graduate—Includes persons of compulsory school attendance age or above who were not enrolled in school and were not high school graduates; these persons may be taken to be “high school dropouts.” There is no restriction on when they “dropped out” of school, and they may have never attended high school.

In prior censuses, “Median school years completed” was used as a summary measure of educational attainment. In 1990, the median can only be calculated for groups of which less than half the members have attended college. “Percent high school graduate or higher” and “Percent bachelor’s degree or higher” are summary measures which can be calculated from the present data and offer quite readily interpretable measures of differences between population subgroups. To make comparisons over time, “Percent high school graduate or higher” can be calculated and “Percent bachelor’s degree or higher” can be approximated with data from previous censuses.

Comparability—From 1840 to 1930, the census measured educational attainment by means of a basic literacy question. In 1940, a single question was asked on highest grade of school completed. In the censuses of 1950 through 1980, a two-part question asking highest grade of school attended and whether that grade was finished was used to construct highest grade or year of school completed. For persons who have not attended college, the response categories in the 1990 educational attainment question should produce data which are comparable to data on highest grade completed from earlier censuses.

The response categories for persons who have attended college were modified from earlier censuses because there was some ambiguity in interpreting responses in terms of the number of years of college completed. For instance, it was not clear whether “completed the fourth year of college,” “completed the senior year of college,” and “college graduate” were synonymous. Research conducted shortly before the census suggests that these terms were more distinct in 1990 than in earlier decades, and this change may have threatened the ability to estimate the number of “college graduates” from the number of persons reported as having completed the fourth or a higher year of college. It was even more difficult to make inferences about post-baccalaureate degrees and “Associate” degrees from highest year of college completed. Thus, comparisons of post-secondary educational attainment in this and earlier censuses should be made with great caution.

In the 1960 and subsequent censuses, persons for whom educational attainment was not reported were assigned the same attainment level as a similar person whose

residence was in the same or a nearby area. In the 1940 and 1950 censuses, persons for whom educational attainment was not reported were not allocated.

EMPLOYMENT STATUS

The data on employment status were derived from answers to questionnaire items 21, 25, and 26, which were asked of a sample of persons. The series of questions on employment status was asked of all persons 15 years old and over and was designed to identify, in this sequence: (1) persons who worked at any time during the reference week; (2) persons who did not work during the reference week but who had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent (excluding layoff); (3) persons on layoff; and (4) persons who did not work during the reference week, but who were looking for work during the last four weeks and were available for work during the reference week. (For more information, see the discussion under “Reference Week.”)

The employment status data shown in this and other 1990 census tabulations relate to persons 16 years old and over. Some tabulations showing employment status, however, include persons 15 years old. By definition, these persons are classified as “Not in Labor Force.” In the 1940, 1950, and 1960 censuses, employment status data were presented for persons 14 years old and over. The change in the universe was made in 1970 to agree with the official measurement of the labor force as revised in January 1967 by the U.S. Department of Labor. The 1970 census was the last to show employment data for persons 14 and 15 years old.

Employed—All civilians 16 years old and over who were either (1) “at work”—those who did any work at all during the reference week as paid employees, worked in their own business or profession, worked on their own farm, or worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers on a family farm or in a family business; or (2) were “with a job but not at work”—those who did not work during the reference week but had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent due to illness, bad weather, industrial dispute, vacation, or other personal reasons. Excluded from the employed are persons whose only activity consisted of work around the house or unpaid volunteer work for religious, charitable, and similar organizations; also excluded are persons on active duty in the United States Armed Forces.

Unemployed—All civilians 16 years old and over are classified as unemployed if they (1) were neither “at work” nor “with a job but not at work” during the reference week, and (2) were looking for work during the last 4 weeks, and (3) were available to accept a job. Also included as unemployed are civilians who did not work at all during the reference week and were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off. Examples of job seeking activities are:

- Registering at a public or private employment office
- Meeting with prospective employers
- Investigating possibilities for starting a professional practice or opening a business
- Placing or answering advertisements
- Writing letters of application
- Being on a union or professional register

Civilian Labor Force—Consists of persons classified as employed or unemployed in accordance with the criteria described above.

Experienced Unemployed—These are unemployed persons who have worked at any time in the past.

Experienced Civilian Labor Force—Consists of the employed and the experienced unemployed.

Labor Force—All persons classified in the civilian labor force plus members of the U.S. Armed Forces (persons on active duty with the United States Army, Air Force, Navy, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard).

Not in Labor Force—All persons 16 years old and over who are not classified as members of the labor force. This category consists mainly of students, housewives, retired workers, seasonal workers enumerated in an *off* season who were not looking for work, institutionalized persons, and persons doing only incidental unpaid family work (less than 15 hours during the reference week).

Worker—This term appears in connection with several subjects: journey-to-work items, class of worker, weeks worked in 1989, and number of workers in family in 1989. Its meaning varies and, therefore, should be determined in each case by referring to the definition of the subject in which it appears.

Actual Hours Worked Last Week—All persons who reported working during the reference week were asked to report in questionnaire item 21b the number of hours that they worked. The statistics on hours worked pertain to the number of hours actually worked at all jobs, and do not necessarily reflect the number of hours typically or usually worked or the scheduled number of hours. The concept of “actual hours” differs from that of “usual hours” described below. The number of persons who worked only a small number of hours is probably understated since such persons sometimes consider themselves as not working. Respondents were asked to include overtime or extra hours worked, but to exclude lunch hours, sick leave, and vacation leave.

Limitation of the Data—The census may understate the number of employed persons because persons who have irregular, casual, or unstructured jobs sometimes report themselves as not working. The number of employed persons “at work” is probably overstated in the census (and conversely, the number of employed “with a job, but not at work” is understated) since some persons on vacation or sick leave erroneously reported themselves as working. This problem has no effect on the total number of employed persons. The reference week for the employment data is not the same for all persons. Since persons can change their employment status from one week to another, the lack of a uniform reference week may mean that the employment data do not reflect the reality of the employment situation of any given week. (For more information, see the discussion under “Reference Week.”)

Comparability—The questionnaire items and employment status concepts for the 1990 census are essentially the same as those used in the 1980 and 1970 censuses. However, these concepts differ in many respects from those associated with the 1950 and 1960 censuses.

Since employment data from the census are obtained from respondents in households, they differ from statistics based on reports from individual business establishments, farm enterprises, and certain government programs. Persons employed at more than one job are counted only once in the census and are classified according to the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the reference week. In statistics based on reports from business and farm establishments, persons who work for more than one establishment may be counted more than once. Moreover, some tabulations may exclude private household workers, unpaid family workers, and self-employed persons, but may include workers less than 16 years of age.

An additional difference in the data arises from the fact that persons who had a job but were not at work are included with the employed in the census statistics, whereas many of these persons are likely to be excluded from employment figures based on establishment payroll reports. Furthermore, the employment status data in census tabulations include persons on the basis of place of residence regardless of where they work, whereas establishment data report persons at their place of work regardless of where they live. This latter consideration is particularly significant when comparing data for workers who commute between areas.

Census data on actual hours worked during the reference week may differ from data from other sources. The census measures hours actually worked, whereas some surveys measure hours paid for by employers. Comparability of census actual hours worked data may also be affected by the nature of the reference week (see “Reference Week”).

For several reasons, the unemployment figures of the Census Bureau are not comparable with published figures on unemployment compensation claims. For example,

figures on unemployment compensation claims exclude persons who have exhausted their benefit rights, new workers who have not earned rights to unemployment insurance, and persons losing jobs not covered by unemployment insurance systems (including some workers in agriculture, domestic services, and religious organizations, and self-employed and unpaid family workers). In addition, the qualifications for drawing unemployment compensation differ from the definition of unemployment used by the Census Bureau. Persons working only a few hours during the week and persons with a job but not at work are sometimes eligible for unemployment compensation but are classified as "Employed" in the census. Differences in the geographical distribution of unemployment data arise because the place where claims are filed may not necessarily be the same as the place of residence of the unemployed worker.

The figures on employment status from the decennial census are generally comparable with similar data collected in the Current Population Survey. However, some difference may exist because of variations in enumeration and processing techniques.

FERTILITY

The data on fertility (also referred to as "children ever born") were derived from answers to questionnaire item 20, which was asked of a sample of women 15 years old and over regardless of marital status. Stillbirths, stepchildren, and adopted children were excluded from the number of children ever born. Ever-married women were instructed to include all children born to them before and during their most recent marriage, children no longer living, and children away from home, as well as children who were still living in the home. Never-married women were instructed to include all children born to them.

Data are most frequently presented in terms of the aggregate number of children ever born to women in the specified category and in terms of the rate per 1,000 women. For purposes of calculating the aggregate, the open-ended response category, "12 or more" is assigned a value of 13.

Limitation of the Data—Although the data are assumed to be less complete for out-of-wedlock births than for births occurring within marriage, comparisons of 1980 census data on the fertility of single women with other census sources and administrative records indicate that no significant differences were found between different data sources; that is, 1980 census data on children ever born to single women were complete with no significant understatements of childbearing.

Comparability—The wording of the question on children ever born was the same in 1990 as in 1980. In 1970, however, the question on children ever born was asked of all ever-married women but only of never-married women

who received self-administered questionnaires. Therefore, rates and numbers of children ever born to single women in 1970 may be understated. Data presented for children ever born to ever-married women are comparable for the 1990 census and all previous censuses containing this question.

GROUP QUARTERS

All persons not living in households are classified by the Census Bureau as living in group quarters. Two general categories of persons in group quarters are recognized: (1) institutionalized persons and (2) other persons in group quarters (also referred to as "noninstitutional group quarters").

Institutionalized Persons—Includes persons under formally authorized, supervised care or custody in institutions at the time of enumeration. Such persons are classified as "patients or inmates" of an institution regardless of the availability of nursing or medical care, the length of stay, or the number of persons in the institution. Generally, institutionalized persons are restricted to the institutional buildings and grounds (or must have passes or escorts to leave) and thus have limited interaction with the surrounding community. Also, they are generally under the care of trained staff who have responsibility for their safekeeping and supervision.

Type of Institution—The type of institution was determined as part of census enumeration activities. For institutions which specialize in only one specific type of service, all patients or inmates were given the same classification. For institutions which had multiple types of major services (usually general hospitals and Veterans' Administration hospitals), patients were classified according to selected types of wards. For example, in psychiatric wards of hospitals, patients were classified in "mental (psychiatric) hospitals"; in hospital wards for persons with chronic diseases, patients were classified in "hospitals for the chronically ill." Each patient or inmate was classified in only one type of institution. Institutions include the following types:

Correctional Institutions—Includes prisons, Federal detention centers, military stockades and jails, police lockups, halfway houses, local jails, and other confinement facilities, including work farms.

Prisons—Where persons convicted of crimes serve their sentences. In some census products, the prisons are classified by two types of control: (1) "Federal" (operated by the Bureau of Prisons of the Department of Justice) and (2) "State." Residents who are criminally insane were classified on the basis of where they resided at the time of enumeration: (1) in institutions (or hospital wards)

operated by departments of correction or similar agencies; or (2) in institutions operated by departments of mental health or similar agencies.

Federal Detention Centers—Operated by the Immigration and Naturalization Service (INS) and the Bureau of Prisons. These facilities include detention centers used by the Park Police; Bureau of Indian Affairs Detention Centers; INS Centers, such as the INS Federal Alien Detention Facility; INS Processing Centers; and INS Contract Detention Centers used to detain aliens under exclusion or deportation proceedings, as well as those aliens who have not been placed into proceedings, such as custodial required departures; and INS Detention Centers operated within local jails, and State and Federal prisons.

Military Stockades, Jails—Operated by military police and used to hold persons awaiting trial or convicted of violating military laws.

Local Jails and Other Confinement Facilities—Includes facilities operated by counties and cities that primarily hold persons beyond arraignment, usually for more than 48 hours. Also included in this category are work farms used to hold persons awaiting trial or serving time on relatively short sentences and jails run by private businesses under contract for local governments (but *not* by State governments).

Police Lockups—Temporary-holding facilities operated by county and city police that hold persons for 48 hours or less only if they have not been formally charged in court.

Halfway Houses—Operated for correctional purposes and include probation and restitution centers, pre-release centers, and community-residential centers.

Other Types of Correctional Institutions—Privately operated correctional facilities and correctional facilities specifically for alcohol/drug abuse.

Nursing Homes—Comprises a heterogeneous group of places. The majority of patients are elderly, although persons who require nursing care because of chronic physical conditions may be found in these homes regardless of their age. Included in this category are skilled-nursing facilities, intermediate-care facilities, long-term care rooms in wards or buildings on the grounds of hospitals, or long-term care rooms/nursing wings in congregate housing facilities. Also included are nursing, convalescent, and rest homes, such as soldiers', sailors', veterans', and fraternal or religious homes for the aged, with or without nursing care. In some census products, nursing homes are classified by type of ownership as "Federal," "State," "Private not-for-profit," and "Private for profit."

Mental (Psychiatric) Hospitals—Includes hospitals or wards for the criminally insane not operated by a prison, and psychiatric wards of general hospitals and veterans' hospitals. Patients receive supervised medical/nursing care from formally-trained staff. In some census products, mental hospitals are classified by type of ownership as "Federal," "State or local," "Private," and "Ownership not known."

Hospitals for Chronically Ill—Includes hospitals for patients who require long-term care, including those in military hospitals and wards for the chronically ill located on military bases; or other hospitals or wards for the chronically ill, which include tuberculosis hospitals or wards, wards in general and Veterans' Administration hospitals for the chronically ill, neurological wards, hospices, wards for patients with Hansen's Disease (leprosy) and other incurable diseases, and other unspecified wards for the chronically ill. Patients who had no usual home elsewhere were enumerated as part of the institutional population in the wards of general and military hospitals. Most hospital patients are at the hospital temporarily and were enumerated at their usual place of residence. (For more information, see "Wards in General and Military Hospitals for Patients Who Have No Usual Home Elsewhere.")

Schools, Hospitals, or Wards for the Mentally Retarded—Includes those institutions such as wards in hospitals for the mentally retarded, and intermediate-care facilities for the mentally retarded that provide supervised medical/nursing care from formally-trained staff. In some census products, this category is classified by type of ownership as "Federal," "State or local," "Private," and "Ownership not known."

Schools, Hospitals, or Wards for the Physically Handicapped—Includes three types of institutions: institutions for the blind, those for the deaf, and orthopedic wards and institutions for the physically handicapped. Institutions for persons with speech problems are classified with "institutions for the deaf." The category "orthopedic wards and institutions for the physically handicapped" includes those institutions providing relatively long-term care to accident victims, and to persons with polio, cerebral palsy, and muscular dystrophy. In some census products, this category is classified by type of ownership as "Public," "Private," and "Ownership not known."

Hospitals, and Wards for Drug/Alcohol Abuse—Includes hospitals, and hospital wards in psychiatric and general hospitals. These facilities are equipped medically and designed for the diagnosis and treatment of medical or psychiatric illnesses associated with alcohol or drug abuse. Patients receive supervised medical care from formally-trained staff.

Wards in General and Military Hospitals for Patients Who Have No Usual Home Elsewhere—Includes maternity, neonatal, pediatric (including wards for boarder babies), military, and surgical wards of hospitals, and wards for persons with infectious diseases.

Juvenile Institutions—Includes homes, schools, and other institutions providing care for children (short- or long-term care). Juvenile institutions include the following types:

Homes for Abused, Dependent, and Neglected Children—Includes orphanages and other institutions which provide long-term care (usually more than 30 days) for children. This category is classified in some census products by type of ownership as “Public” and “Private.”

Residential Treatment Centers—Includes those institutions which primarily serve children who, by clinical diagnosis, are moderately or seriously disturbed emotionally. Also, these institutions provide long-term treatment services, usually supervised or directed by a psychiatrist.

Training Schools for Juvenile Delinquents—Includes residential training schools or homes, and industrial schools, camps, or farms for juvenile delinquents.

Public Training Schools for Juvenile Delinquents—Usually operated by a State agency (for example, department of welfare, corrections, or a youth authority). Some are operated by county and city governments. These public training schools are specialized institutions serving delinquent children, generally between the ages of 10 and 17 years old, all of whom are committed by the courts.

Private Training Schools—Operated under private auspices. Some of the children they serve are committed by the courts as delinquents. Others are referred by parents or social agencies because of delinquent behavior. One difference between private and public training schools is that, by their administrative policy, private schools have control over their selection and intake.

Detention Centers—Includes institutions providing short-term care (usually 30 days or less) primarily for delinquent children pending disposition of their cases by a court. This category also covers diagnostic centers. In practice, such institutions may be caring for both delinquent and neglected children pending court disposition.

Other Persons in Group Quarters (also referred to as “noninstitutional group quarters”)—Includes all persons who live in group quarters other than institutions. Persons who live in the following living quarters are

classified as “other persons in group quarters” when there are 10 or more unrelated persons living in the unit; otherwise, these living quarters are classified as housing units.

Rooming Houses—Includes persons residing in rooming and boarding houses and living in quarters with 10 or more unrelated persons.

Group Homes—Includes “community-based homes” that provide care and supportive services. Such places include homes for the mentally ill, mentally retarded, and physically handicapped; drug/alcohol halfway houses; communes; and maternity homes for unwed mothers.

Homes for the Mentally Ill—Includes community-based homes that provide care primarily for the mentally ill. In some data products, this category is classified by type of ownership as “Federal,” “State,” “Private,” and “Ownership not known.” Homes which combine treatment of the physically handicapped with treatment of the mentally ill are counted as homes for the mentally ill.

Homes for the Mentally Retarded—Includes community-based homes that provide care primarily for the mentally retarded. Homes which combine treatment of the physically handicapped with treatment of the mentally retarded are counted as homes for the mentally retarded. This category is classified by type of ownership in some census products, as “Federal,” “State,” “Private,” or “Ownership not known.”

Homes for the Physically Handicapped—Includes community-based homes for the blind, for the deaf, and other community-based homes for the physically handicapped. Persons with speech problems are classified with homes for the deaf. In some census products, this category is classified by type of ownership as “Public,” “Private,” or “Ownership not known.”

Homes or Halfway Houses for Drug/Alcohol Abuse—Includes persons with no usual home elsewhere in places that provide community-based care and supportive services to persons suffering from a drug/alcohol addiction and to recovering alcoholics and drug abusers. Places providing community-based care for drug and alcohol abusers include group homes, detoxification centers, quarterway houses (residential treatment facilities that work closely with accredited hospitals), halfway houses, and recovery homes for ambulatory, mentally competent recovering alcoholics and drug abusers who may be re-entering the work force.

Maternity Homes for Unwed Mothers—Includes persons with no usual home elsewhere in places that provide domestic care for unwed mothers and their

children. These homes may provide social services and post-natal care within the facility, or may make arrangements for women to receive such services in the community. Nursing services are usually available in the facility.

Other Group Homes—Includes persons with no usual home elsewhere in communes, foster care homes, and job corps centers with 10 or more unrelated persons. These types of places provide communal living quarters, generally for persons who have formed their own community in which they have common interests and often share or own property jointly.

Religious Group Quarters—Includes, primarily, group quarters for nuns teaching in parochial schools and for priests living in rectories. It also includes other convents and monasteries, except those associated with a general hospital or an institution.

College Quarters Off Campus—Includes privately-owned rooming and boarding houses off campus, if the place is reserved exclusively for occupancy by college students and if there are 10 or more unrelated persons. In census products, persons in this category are classified as living in a college dormitory.

Persons residing in certain other types of living arrangements are classified as living in "noninstitutional group quarters" regardless of the number of people sharing the unit. These include persons residing in the following types of group quarters:

College Dormitories—Includes college students in dormitories (provided the dormitory is restricted to students who do not have their families living with them), fraternity and sorority houses, and on-campus residential quarters used exclusively for those in religious orders who are attending college. Students in privately-owned rooming and boarding houses off campus are also included, if the place is reserved exclusively for occupancy by college-level students and if there are 10 or more unrelated persons.

Military Quarters—Includes military personnel living in barracks and dormitories on base, in transient quarters on base for temporary residents (both civilian and military), and on military ships. However, patients in military hospitals receiving treatment for chronic diseases or who had no usual home elsewhere, and persons being held in military stockades were included as part of the institutional population.

Agriculture Workers' Dormitories—Includes persons in migratory farm workers' camps on farms, bunkhouses for ranch hands, and other dormitories on farms, such as those on "tree farms."

Other Workers' Dormitories—Includes persons in logging camps, construction workers' camps, firehouse dormitories, job-training camps, energy enclaves (Alaska only), and nonfarm migratory workers' camps (for example, workers in mineral and mining camps).

Emergency Shelters for Homeless Persons (with sleeping facilities) and Visible in Street Locations—Includes persons enumerated during the "Shelter-and-Street-Night" operation primarily on March 20-21, 1990. Enumerators were instructed not to ask if a person was "homeless." If a person was at one of the locations below on March 20-21, the person was counted as described below. (For more information on the "Shelter-and-Street-Night" operation, see Appendix D, Collection and Processing Procedures.) This category is divided into four classifications:

Emergency Shelters for Homeless Persons (with sleeping facilities)—Includes persons who stayed overnight on March 20, 1990, in permanent and temporary emergency housing, missions, hotels/motels, and flophouses charging \$12 or less (excluding taxes) per night; Salvation Army shelters, hotels, and motels used *entirely* for homeless persons regardless of the nightly rate charged; rooms in hotels and motels used *partially* for the homeless; and similar places known to have persons who have no usual home elsewhere staying overnight. If not shown separately, shelters and group homes that provide *temporary* sleeping facilities for runaway, neglected, and homeless children are included in this category in data products.

Shelters for Runaway, Neglected, and Homeless Children—Includes shelters/group homes which provide *temporary* sleeping facilities for juveniles.

Visible in Street Locations—Includes street blocks and open public locations designated before March 20, 1990, by city and community officials as places where the homeless congregate at night. *All* persons found at predesignated street sites from 2 a.m. to 4 a.m. and leaving abandoned or boarded-up buildings from 4 a.m. to 8 a.m. on March 21, 1990, were enumerated during "street" enumeration, except persons in uniform such as police and persons engaged in obvious money-making activities other than begging or panhandling. Enumerators were instructed not to ask if a person was "homeless."

This cannot be considered a complete count of all persons living on the streets because those who were so well hidden that local people did not know where to find them were likely to have been missed as were persons moving about or in places not identified by local officials. It is also possible that persons with homes could have been included in the count of "visible in street locations" if they were present when the enumerator did the enumeration of a particular block.

Predesignated street sites include street corners, parks, bridges, persons emerging from abandoned and boarded-up buildings, noncommercial campsites (tent cities), all-night movie theaters, all-night restaurants, emergency hospital waiting rooms, train stations, airports, bus depots, and subway stations.

Shelters for Abused Women (Shelters Against Domestic Violence or Family Crisis Centers)—Includes community-based homes or shelters that provide domiciliary care for women who have sought shelter from family violence and who may have been physically abused. Most shelters also provide care for children of abused women. These shelters may provide social services, meals, psychiatric treatment, and counseling. In some census products, “shelters for abused women” are included in the category “other noninstitutional group quarters.”

Dormitories for Nurses and Interns in General and Military Hospitals—Includes group quarters for nurses and other staff members. It excludes patients.

Crews of Maritime Vessels—Includes officers, crew members, and passengers of maritime U.S. flag vessels. All ocean-going and Great Lakes ships are included.

Staff Residents of Institutions—Includes staff residing in group quarters on institutional grounds who provide formally-authorized, supervised care or custody for the institutionalized population.

Other Nonhousehold Living Situations—Includes persons with no usual home elsewhere enumerated during transient or “T-Night” enumeration at YMCA’s, YWCA’s, youth hostels, commercial and government-run campgrounds, campgrounds at racetracks, fairs, and carnivals, and similar transient sites.

Living Quarters for Victims of Natural Disasters—Includes living quarters for persons temporarily displaced by natural disasters.

Limitation of the Data—Two types of errors can occur in the classification of “types of group quarters”:

1. *Misclassification of Group Quarters*—During the 1990 Special Place Prelist operation, the enumerator determined the type of group quarters associated with each special place in their assignment. The enumerator used the Alphabetical Group Quarters Code List and Index to the Alphabetical Group Quarters Code List to assign a two-digit code number followed by either an “I,” for institutional, or an “N,” for noninstitutional to each group quarters. In 1990, unacceptable group quarter codes were edited. (For more information on editing of unacceptable data, see Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.)

2. *No Classification (unknowns)*—The imputation rate for type of institution was higher in 1980 (23.5 percent) than in 1970 (3.3 percent). Improvements were made to the 1990 Alphabetical Group Quarters Code List; that is, the inclusion of more group quarters categories and an “Index to the Alphabetical Group Quarters Code List.” (For more information on the allocation rates for Type of Institution, see the allocation rates in 1990 CP-1, *General Population Characteristics*.)

In previous censuses, allocation rates for demographic characteristics (such as age, sex, race, and marital status) of the institutional population were similar to those for the total population. The allocation rates for sample characteristics such as school enrollment, highest grade completed, income, and veteran status for the institutional and noninstitutional group quarters population have been substantially higher than the population in households at least as far back as the 1960 census. The data, however, have historically presented a reasonable picture of the institutional and noninstitutional group quarters population.

Shelter and Street Night (S-Night)—For the 1990 census “Shelter-and-Street-Night” operation, persons well hidden, moving about, or in locations enumerators did not visit were likely to be missed. The number of people missed will never be known; thus, the 1990 census cannot be considered to include a definitive count of America’s total homeless population. It does, however, give an idea of relative differences among areas of the country. Other components were counted as part of regular census procedures.

The count of persons in shelters and visible on the street could have been affected by many factors. How much the factors affected the count can never be answered definitively, but some elements include:

1. How well enumerators were trained and how well they followed procedures.
2. How well the list of shelter and street locations given to the Census Bureau by the local government reflected the actual places that homeless persons stay at night.
3. Cities were encouraged to open temporary shelters for census night, and many did that and actively encouraged people to enter the shelters. Thus, people who may have been on the street otherwise were in shelters the night of March 20, so that the ratio of shelter-to-street population could be different than usual.
4. The weather, which was unusually cold in some parts of the country, could affect how likely people were to seek emergency shelter or to be more hidden than usual if they stayed outdoors.
5. The media occasionally interfered with the ability to do the count.
6. How homeless people perceived the census and whether they wanted to be counted or feared the census and hid from it.

The Census Bureau conducted two assessments of Shelter and Street Night: (1) the quality of the lists of shelters used for the Shelter-and-Street-Night operation, and (2) how well procedures were followed by census-takers for the street count in parts of five cities (Chicago, Los Angeles, New Orleans, New York, and Phoenix). Information about these two assessments is available from the Chief, Center for Survey Methods Research, Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233.

Comparability—For the 1990 census, the definition of institutionalized persons was revised so that the definition of “care” only includes persons under organized medical or formally-authorized, supervised care or custody. As a result of this change to the institutional definition, maternity homes are classified as noninstitutional rather than institutional group quarters as in previous censuses. The following types of other group quarters are classified as institutional rather than noninstitutional group quarters: “halfway houses (operated for correctional purposes)” and “wards in general and military hospitals for patients who have no usual home elsewhere,” which includes maternity, neonatal, pediatric, military, and surgical wards of hospitals, other-purpose wards of hospitals, and wards for infectious diseases. These changes should not significantly affect the comparability of data with earlier censuses because of the relatively small number of persons involved.

As in 1980, 10 or more unrelated persons living together were classified as living in noninstitutional group quarters. In 1970, the criteria was six or more unrelated persons.

Several changes also have occurred in the identification of specific types of group quarters. For the first time, the 1990 census identifies separately the following types of correctional institutions: persons in halfway houses (operated for correctional purposes), military stockades and jails, and police lockups. In 1990, tuberculosis hospitals or wards are included with hospitals for the chronically ill; in 1980, they were shown separately. For 1990, the noninstitutional group quarters category, “Group homes” is further classified as: group homes for drug/alcohol abuse; maternity homes (for unwed mothers), group homes for the mentally ill, group homes for the mentally retarded, and group homes for the physically handicapped. Persons living in communes, foster-care homes, and job corps centers are classified with “Other group homes” only if 10 or more unrelated persons share the unit; otherwise, they are classified as housing units.

In 1990, workers’ dormitories were classified as group quarters regardless of the number of persons sharing the dorm. In 1980, 10 or more unrelated persons had to share the dorm for it to be classified as a group quarters. In 1960, data on persons in military barracks were shown only for men. In subsequent censuses, they include both men and women.

In 1990 census data products, the phrase “inmates of institutions” was changed to “institutionalized persons.” Also, persons living in noninstitutional group quarters were

referred to as “other persons in group quarters,” and the phrase “staff residents” was used for staff living in institutions.

In 1990, there are additional institutional categories and noninstitutional group quarters categories compared with the 1980 census. The institutional categories added include “hospitals and wards for drug/alcohol abuse” and “military hospitals for the chronically ill.” The noninstitutional group quarters categories added include emergency shelters for homeless persons; shelters for runaway, neglected, and homeless children; shelters for abused women; and visible-in-street locations. Each of these noninstitutional group quarters categories was enumerated on March 20-21, 1990, during the “Shelter-and-Street-Night” operation. (For more information on the “Shelter-and-Street-Night” operation, see Appendix D, Collection and Processing Procedures.)

HISPANIC ORIGIN

The data on Spanish/Hispanic origin were derived from answers to questionnaire item 7, which was asked of all persons. Persons of Hispanic origin are those who classified themselves in one of the specific Hispanic origin categories listed on the questionnaire—“Mexican,” “Puerto Rican,” or “Cuban”—as well as those who indicated that they were of “other Spanish/Hispanic” origin. Persons of “Other Spanish/Hispanic” origin are those whose origins are from Spain, the Spanish-speaking countries of Central or South America, or the Dominican Republic, or they are persons of Hispanic origin identifying themselves generally as Spanish, Spanish-American, Hispanic, Hispano, Latino, and so on. Write-in responses to the “other Spanish/Hispanic” category were coded only for sample data.

Origin can be viewed as the ancestry, nationality group, lineage, or country of birth of the person or the person’s parents or ancestors before their arrival in the United States. Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race.

Some tabulations are shown by the Hispanic origin of the householder. In all cases where households, families, or occupied housing units are classified by Hispanic origin, the Hispanic origin of the householder is used. (See the discussion of householder under “Household Type and Relationship.”)

During direct interviews conducted by enumerators, if a person could not provide a single origin response, he or she was asked to select, based on self-identification, the group which best described his or her origin or descent. If a person could not provide a single group, the origin of the person’s mother was used. If a single group could not be provided for the person’s mother, the first origin reported by the person was used.

If any household member failed to respond to the Spanish/Hispanic origin question, a response was assigned by the computer according to the reported entries of other household members by using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. In the processing of sample

questionnaires, responses to other questions on the questionnaire, such as ancestry and place of birth, were used to assign an origin before any reference was made to the origin reported by other household members. If an origin was not entered for any household member, an origin was assigned from another household according to the race of the householder. This procedure is a variation of the general imputation process described in Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.

Comparability—There may be differences between the total Hispanic origin population based on 100-percent tabulations and sample tabulations. Such differences are the result of sampling variability, nonsampling error, and more extensive edit procedures for the Spanish/Hispanic origin item on the sample questionnaires. (For more information on sampling variability and nonsampling error, see Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.)

The 1990 data on Hispanic origin are generally comparable with those for the 1980 census. However, there are some differences in the format of the Hispanic origin question between the two censuses. For 1990, the word “descent” was deleted from the 1980 wording. In addition, the term “Mexican-Amer.” used in 1980 was shortened further to “Mexican-Am.” to reduce misreporting (of “American”) in this category detected in the 1980 census. Finally, the 1990 question allowed those who reported as “other Spanish/Hispanic” to write in their specific Hispanic origin group.

Misreporting in the “Mexican-Amer.” category of the 1980 census item on Spanish/Hispanic origin may affect the comparability of 1980 and 1990 census data for persons of Hispanic origin for certain areas of the country. An evaluation of the 1980 census item on Spanish/Hispanic origin indicated that there was misreporting in the Mexican origin category by White and Black persons in certain areas. The study results showed evidence that the misreporting occurred in the South (excluding Texas), the Northeast (excluding the New York City area), and a few States in the Midwest Region. Also, results based on available data suggest that the impact of possible misreporting of Mexican origin in the 1980 census was severe in those portions of the above-mentioned regions where the Hispanic origin population was generally sparse. However, national 1980 census data on the Mexican origin population or total Hispanic origin population at the national level was not seriously affected by the reporting problem. (For a more detailed discussion of the evaluation of the 1980 census Spanish/Hispanic origin item, see the 1980 census Supplementary Reports.)

The 1990 and 1980 census data on the Hispanic population are not directly comparable with 1970 Spanish origin data because of a number of factors: (1) overall improvements in the 1980 and 1990 censuses, (2) better coverage of the population, (3) improved question designs, and (4) an effective public relations campaign by the Census Bureau with the assistance of national and community ethnic groups.

Specific changes in question design between the 1980 and 1970 censuses included the placement of the category “No, not Spanish/Hispanic” as the first category in that question. (The corresponding category appeared last in the 1970 question.) Also, the 1970 category “Central or South American” was deleted because in 1970 some respondents misinterpreted the category; furthermore, the designations “Mexican-American” and “Chicano” were added to the Spanish/Hispanic origin question in 1980. In the 1970 census, the question on Spanish origin was asked of only a 5-percent sample of the population.

HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND RELATIONSHIP

Household

A household includes all the persons who occupy a housing unit. A housing unit is a house, an apartment, a mobile home, a group of rooms, or a single room that is occupied (or if vacant, is intended for occupancy) as separate living quarters. Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants live and eat separately from any other persons in the building and which have direct access from the outside of the building or through a common hall. The occupants may be a single family, one person living alone, two or more families living together, or any other group of related or unrelated persons who share living arrangements.

In 100-percent tabulations, the count of households or householders always equals the count of occupied housing units. In sample tabulations, the numbers may differ as a result of the weighting process.

Persons Per Household—A measure obtained by dividing the number of persons in households by the number of households (or householders). In cases where persons in households are cross-classified by race or Hispanic origin, persons in the household are classified by the race or Hispanic origin of the householder rather than the race or Hispanic origin of each individual.

Relationship to Householder

Householder—The data on relationship to householder were derived from answers to questionnaire item 2, which was asked of all persons in housing units. One person in each household is designated as the householder. In most cases, this is the person, or one of the persons, in whose name the home is owned, being bought, or rented and who is listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire. If there is no such person in the household, any adult household member 15 years old and over could be designated as the householder.

Households are classified by type according to the sex of the householder and the presence of relatives. Two types of householders are distinguished: a family householder and a nonfamily householder. A family householder

is a householder living with one or more persons related to him or her by birth, marriage, or adoption. The householder and all persons in the household related to him or her are family members. A nonfamily householder is a householder living alone or with nonrelatives only.

Spouse—Includes a person married to and living with a householder. This category includes persons in formal marriages, as well as persons in common-law marriages.

The number of spouses is equal to the number of “married-couple families” or “married-couple households” in 100-percent tabulations. The number of spouses, however, is generally less than half of the number of “married persons with spouse present” in sample tabulations, since more than one married couple can live in a household, but only spouses of householders are specifically identified as “spouse.” For sample tabulations, the number of “married persons with spouse present” includes married-couple subfamilies and married-couple families.

Child—Includes a son or daughter by birth, a stepchild, or adopted child of the householder, regardless of the child’s age or marital status. The category excludes sons-in-law, daughters-in-law, and foster children.

Natural-Born or Adopted Son/Daughter—A son or daughter of the householder by birth, regardless of the age of the child. Also, this category includes sons or daughters of the householder by legal adoption, regardless of the age of the child. If the stepson/stepdaughter of the householder has been legally adopted by the householder, the child is still classified as a stepchild.

Stepson/Stepdaughter—A son or daughter of the householder through marriage but not by birth, regardless of the age of the child. If the stepson/stepdaughter of the householder has been legally adopted by the householder, the child is still classified as a stepchild.

Own Child—A never-married child under 18 years who is a son or daughter by birth, a stepchild, or an adopted child of the householder. In certain tabulations, own children are further classified as living with two parents or with one parent only. Own children of the householder living with two parents are by definition found only in married-couple families.

In a subfamily, an “own child” is a never-married child under 18 years of age who is a son, daughter, stepchild, or an adopted child of a mother in a mother-child subfamily, a father in a father-child subfamily, or either spouse in a married-couple subfamily.

“Related children” in a family include own children and all other persons under 18 years of age in the household, regardless of marital status, who are related to the householder, except the spouse of the householder. Foster children are not included since they are not related to the householder.

Other Relatives—In tabulations, includes any household member related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption, but not included specifically in another relationship category. In certain detailed tabulations, the following categories may be shown:

Grandchild—The grandson or granddaughter of the householder.

Brother/Sister—The brother or sister of the householder, including stepbrothers, stepsisters, and brothers and sisters by adoption. Brothers-in-law and sisters-in-law are included in the “Other relative” category on the questionnaire.

Parent—The father or mother of the householder, including a stepparent or adoptive parent. Fathers-in-law and mothers-in-law are included in the “Other relative” category on the questionnaire.

Other Relatives—Anyone not listed in a reported category above who is related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption (brother-in-law, grandparent, nephew, aunt, mother-in-law, daughter-in-law, cousin, and so forth).

Nonrelatives—Includes any household member, including foster children not related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. The following categories may be presented in more detailed tabulations:

Roomer, Boarder, or Foster Child—Roomer, boarder, lodger, and foster children or foster adults of the householder.

Housemate or Roommate—A person who is not related to the householder and who shares living quarters primarily in order to share expenses.

Unmarried Partner—A person who is not related to the householder, who shares living quarters, and who has a close personal relationship with the householder.

Other Nonrelatives—A person who is not related by birth, marriage, or adoption to the householder and who is not described by the categories given above.

When relationship is not reported for an individual, it is imputed according to the responses for age, sex, and marital status for that person while maintaining consistency with responses for other individuals in the household. (For more information on imputation, see Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.)

Unrelated Individual

An unrelated individual is: (1) a householder living alone or with nonrelatives only, (2) a household member who is not related to the householder, or (3) a person living in group quarters who is not an inmate of an institution.

Family Type

A family consists of a householder and one or more other persons living in the same household who are related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. All persons in a household who are related to the householder are regarded as members of his or her family. A household can contain only one family for purposes of census tabulations. Not all households contain families since a household may comprise a group of unrelated persons or one person living alone.

Families are classified by type as either a "married-couple family" or "other family" according to the sex of the householder and the presence of relatives. The data on family type are based on answers to questions on sex and relationship which were asked on a 100-percent basis.

Married-Couple Family—A family in which the householder and his or her spouse are enumerated as members of the same household.

Other Family:

Male Householder, No Wife Present—A family with a male householder and no spouse of householder present.

Female Householder, No Husband Present—A family with a female householder and no spouse of householder present.

Persons Per Family—A measure obtained by dividing the number of persons in families by the total number of families (or family householders). In cases where the measure, "persons in family" or "persons per family" are cross-tabulated by race or Hispanic origin, the race or Hispanic origin refers to the householder rather than the race or Hispanic origin of each individual.

Subfamily

A subfamily is a married couple (husband and wife enumerated as members of the same household) with or without never-married children under 18 years old, or one parent with one or more never-married children under 18 years old, living in a household and related to, but not including, either the householder or the householder's spouse. The number of subfamilies is not included in the count of families, since subfamily members are counted as part of the householder's family.

Subfamilies are defined during processing of sample data. In selected tabulations, subfamilies are further classified by type: married-couple subfamilies, with or without own children; mother-child subfamilies; and father-child subfamilies.

Lone parents include people maintaining either one-parent families or one-parent subfamilies. Married couples include husbands and wives in both married-couple families and married-couple subfamilies.

Unmarried-Partner Household

An unmarried-partner household is a household other than a "married-couple household" that includes a householder and an "unmarried partner." An "unmarried partner" can be of the same sex or of the opposite sex of the householder. An "unmarried partner" in an "unmarried-partner household" is an adult who is unrelated to the householder, but shares living quarters and has a close personal relationship with the householder.

Unmarried-Couple Household

An unmarried-couple household is composed of two unrelated adults of the opposite sex (one of whom is the householder) who share a housing unit with or without the presence of children under 15 years old.

Foster Children

Foster children are nonrelatives of the householder and are included in the category, "Roomer, boarder, or foster child" on the questionnaire. Foster children are identified as persons under 18 years old and living in households that have no nonrelatives 18 years old and over (who might be parents of the nonrelatives under 18 years old).

Stepfamily

A stepfamily is a "married-couple family" with at least one stepchild of the householder present, where the householder is the husband.

Comparability—The 1990 definition of a household is the same as that used in 1980. The 1980 relationship category "Son/daughter" has been replaced by two categories, "Natural-born or adopted son/daughter" and "Stepson/stepdaughter." "Grandchild" has been added as a separate category. The 1980 nonrelative categories: "Roomer, boarder" and "Partner, roommate" have been replaced by the categories "Roomer, boarder, or foster child," "Housemate, roommate," and "Unmarried partner." The 1980 nonrelative category "Paid employee" has been dropped.

INCOME IN 1989

The data on income in 1989 were derived from answers to questionnaire items 32 and 33. Information on money income received in the calendar year 1989 was requested from persons 15 years old and over. "Total income" is the algebraic sum of the amounts reported separately for wage or salary income; net nonfarm self-employment income; net farm self-employment income; interest, dividend, or net rental or royalty income; Social Security or railroad retirement income; public assistance or welfare income; retirement or disability income; and all other income. "Earnings" is defined as the algebraic sum of

wage or salary income and net income from farm and nonfarm self-employment. "Earnings" represent the amount of income received regularly before deductions for personal income taxes, Social Security, bond purchases, union dues, medicare deductions, etc.

Receipts from the following sources are not included as income: money received from the sale of property (unless the recipient was engaged in the business of selling such property); the value of income "in kind" from food stamps, public housing subsidies, medical care, employer contributions for persons, etc.; withdrawal of bank deposits; money borrowed; tax refunds; exchange of money between relatives living in the same household; gifts and lump-sum inheritances, insurance payments, and other types of lump-sum receipts.

Income Type in 1989

The eight types of income reported in the census are defined as follows:

1. *Wage or Salary Income*—Includes total money earnings received for work performed as an employee during the calendar year 1989. It includes wages, salary, Armed Forces pay, commissions, tips, piece-rate payments, and cash bonuses earned before deductions were made for taxes, bonds, pensions, union dues, etc.
2. *Nonfarm Self-Employment Income*—Includes net money income (gross receipts minus expenses) from one's own business, professional enterprise, or partnership. Gross receipts include the value of all goods sold and services rendered. Expenses includes costs of goods purchased, rent, heat, light, power, depreciation charges, wages and salaries paid, business taxes (not personal income taxes), etc.
3. *Farm Self-Employment Income*—Includes net money income (gross receipts minus operating expenses) from the operation of a farm by a person on his or her own account, as an owner, renter, or sharecropper. Gross receipts include the value of all products sold, government farm programs, money received from the rental of farm equipment to others, and incidental receipts from the sale of wood, sand, gravel, etc. Operating expenses include cost of feed, fertilizer, seed, and other farming supplies, cash wages paid to farmhands, depreciation charges, cash rent, interest on farm mortgages, farm building repairs, farm taxes (not State and Federal personal income taxes), etc. The value of fuel, food, or other farm products used for family living is not included as part of net income.
4. *Interest, Dividend, or Net Rental Income*—Includes interest on savings or bonds, dividends from stockholdings or membership in associations, net income from rental of property to others and receipts from boarders or lodgers, net royalties, and periodic payments from an estate or trust fund.

5. *Social Security Income*—Includes Social Security pensions and survivors benefits and permanent disability insurance payments made by the Social Security Administration prior to deductions for medical insurance, and railroad retirement insurance checks from the U.S. Government. Medicare reimbursements are not included.

6. *Public Assistance Income*—Includes: (1) supplementary security income payments made by Federal or State welfare agencies to low income persons who are aged (65 years old or over), blind, or disabled; (2) aid to families with dependent children, and (3) general assistance. Separate payments received for hospital or other medical care (vendor payments) are excluded from this item.

7. *Retirement or Disability Income*—Includes: (1) retirement pensions and survivor benefits from a former employer, labor union, or Federal, State, county, or other governmental agency; (2) disability income from sources such as worker's compensation; companies or unions; Federal, State, or local government; and the U.S. military; (3) periodic receipts from annuities and insurance; and (4) regular income from IRA and KEOGH plans.

8. *All Other Income*—Includes unemployment compensation, Veterans Administration (VA) payments, alimony and child support, contributions received periodically from persons not living in the household, military family allotments, net gambling winnings, and other kinds of periodic income other than earnings.

Income of Households—Includes the income of the householder and all other persons 15 years old and over in the household, whether related to the householder or not. Because many households consist of only one person, average household income is usually less than average family income.

Income of Families and Persons—In compiling statistics on family income, the incomes of all members 15 years old and over in each family are summed and treated as a single amount. However, for persons 15 years old and over, the total amounts of their own incomes are used. Although the income statistics covered the calendar year 1989, the characteristics of persons and the composition of families refer to the time of enumeration (April 1990). Thus, the income of the family does not include amounts received by persons who were members of the family during all or part of the calendar year 1989 if these persons no longer resided with the family at the time of enumeration. Yet, family income amounts reported by related persons who did not reside with the family during 1989 but who were members of the family at the time of enumeration are included. However, the composition of most families was the same during 1989 as in April 1990.

Median Income—The median divides the income distribution into two equal parts, one having incomes above the median and the other having incomes below the median.

For households and families, the median income is based on the distribution of the total number of units including those with no income. The median for persons is based on persons with income. The median income values for all households, families, and persons are computed on the basis of more detailed income intervals than shown in most tabulations. Median household or family income figures of \$50,000 or less are calculated using linear interpolation. For persons, corresponding median values of \$40,000 or less are also computed using linear interpolation. All other median income amounts are derived through Pareto interpolation. (For more information on medians and interpolation, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

Mean Income—This is the amount obtained by dividing the total income of a particular statistical universe by the number of units in that universe. Thus, mean household income is obtained by dividing total household income by the total number of households. For the various types of income the means are based on households having those types of income. "Per capita income" is the mean income computed for every man, woman, and child in a particular group. It is derived by dividing the total income of a particular group by the total population in that group.

Care should be exercised in using and interpreting mean income values for small subgroups of the population. Because the mean is influenced strongly by extreme values in the distribution, it is especially susceptible to the effects of sampling variability, misreporting, and processing errors. The median, which is not affected by extreme values, is, therefore, a better measure than the mean when the population base is small. The mean, nevertheless, is shown in some data products for most small subgroups because, when weighted according to the number of cases, the means can be added to obtained summary measures for areas and groups other than those shown in census tabulations.

Limitation of the Data—Since questionnaire entries for income frequently are based on memory and not on records, many persons tended to forget minor or irregular sources of income and, therefore, underreport their income. Underreporting tends to be more pronounced for income sources that are not derived from earnings, such as Social Security, public assistance, or from interest, dividends, and net rental income.

There are errors of reporting due to the misunderstanding of the income questions such as reporting gross rather than net dollar amounts for the two questions on net self-employment income, which resulted in an overstatement of these items. Another common error is the reporting of identical dollar amounts in two of the eight type of income items where a respondent with only one source of income assumed that the second amount should be entered to represent total income. Such instances of

overreporting had an impact on the level of mean nonfarm or farm self-employment income and mean total income published for the various geographical subdivisions of the State.

Extensive computer editing procedures were instituted in the data processing operation to reduce some of these reporting errors and to improve the accuracy of the income data. These procedures corrected various reporting deficiencies and improved the consistency of reported income items associated with work experience and information on occupation and class of worker. For example, if persons reported they were self-employed on their own farm, not incorporated, but had reported wage and salary earnings only, the latter amount was shifted to net farm self-employment income. Also, if any respondent reported total income only, the amount was generally assigned to one of the type of income items according to responses to the work experience and class-of-worker questions. Another type of problem involved nonreporting of income data. Where income information was not reported, procedures were devised to impute appropriate values with either no income or positive or negative dollar amounts for the missing entries. (For more information on imputation, see Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.)

In income tabulations for households and families, the lowest income group (e.g., less than \$5,000) includes units that were classified as having no 1989 income. Many of these were living on income "in kind," savings, or gifts, were newly created families, or families in which the sole breadwinner had recently died or left the household. However, many of the households and families who reported no income probably had some money income which was not recorded in the census.

The income data presented in the tabulations covers money income only. The fact that many farm families receive an important part of their income in the form of "free" housing and goods produced and consumed on the farm rather than in money should be taken into consideration in comparing the income of farm and nonfarm residents. Nonmoney income such as business expense accounts, use of business transportation and facilities, or partial compensation by business for medical and educational expenses was also received by some nonfarm residents. Many low income families also receive income "in kind" from public welfare programs. In comparing income data for 1989 with earlier years, it should be noted that an increase or decrease in money income does not necessarily represent a comparable change in real income, unless adjustments for changes in prices are made.

Comparability—The income data collected in the 1980 and 1970 censuses are similar to the 1990 census data, but there are variations in the detail of the questions. In 1980, income information for 1979 was collected from persons in approximately 19 percent of all housing units and group quarters. Each person was required to report:

- Wage or salary income

- Net nonfarm self-employment income
- Net farm self-employment income
- Interest, dividend, or net rental or royalty income
- Social Security income
- Public assistance income
- Income from all other sources

Between the 1980 and 1990 censuses, there were minor differences in the processing of the data. In both censuses, all persons with missing values in one or more of the detailed type of income items *and* total income were designated as allocated. Each missing entry was imputed either as a "no" or as a dollar amount. If total income was reported *and* one or more of the type of income fields was not answered, then the entry in total income generally was assigned to one of the income types according to the socioeconomic characteristics of the income recipient. This person was designated as unallocated.

In 1980 and 1990, all nonrespondents with income not reported (whether heads of households or other persons) were assigned the reported income of persons with similar characteristics. (For more information on imputation, see Appendix C, "Accuracy of the Data.")

There was a difference in the method of computer derivation of aggregate income from individual amounts between the two census processing operations. In the 1980 census, income amounts less than \$100,000 were coded in tens of dollars, and amounts of \$100,000 or more were coded in thousands of dollars; \$5 was added to each amount coded in tens of dollars and \$500 to each amount coded in thousands of dollars. Entries of \$999,000 or more were treated as \$999,500 and losses of \$9,999 or more were treated as minus \$9,999. In the 1990 census, income amounts less than \$999,999 were keyed in dollars. Amounts of \$999,999 or more were treated as \$999,999 and losses of \$9,999 or more were treated as minus \$9,999 in all of the computer derivations of aggregate income.

In 1970, information on income in 1969 was obtained from all members in every fifth housing unit and small group quarters (less than 15 persons) and every fifth person in all other group quarters. Each person was required to report:

- Wage or salary income
- Net nonfarm self-employment income
- Net farm self-employment income
- Social Security or Railroad Retirement
- Public assistance or welfare payments
- Income from all other sources

If a person reported a dollar amount in wage or salary, net nonfarm self-employment income, or net farm self-employment income, the person was considered as unallocated only if no further dollar amounts were imputed for any additional missing entries.

In 1960, data on income were obtained from all members in every fourth housing unit and from every fourth person 14 years old and over living in group quarters. Each person was required to report wage or salary income, net self-employment income, and income other than earnings received in 1959. An assumption was made in the editing process that no other type of income was received by a person who reported the receipt of either wage and salary income or self-employment but who had failed to report the receipt of other money income.

For several reasons, the income data shown in census tabulations are not directly comparable with those that may be obtained from statistical summaries of income tax returns. Income, as defined for Federal tax purposes, differs somewhat from the Census Bureau concept. Moreover, the coverage of income tax statistics is different because of the exemptions of persons having small amounts of income and the inclusion of net capital gains in tax returns. Furthermore, members of some families file separate returns and others file joint returns; consequently, the income reporting unit is not consistently either a family or a person.

The earnings data shown in census tabulations are not directly comparable with earnings records of the Social Security Administration. The earnings record data for 1989 excluded the earnings of most civilian government employees, some employees of nonprofit organizations, workers covered by the Railroad Retirement Act, and persons not covered by the program because of insufficient earnings. Furthermore, earnings received from any one employer in excess of \$48,000 in 1989 are not covered by earnings records. Finally, because census data are obtained from household questionnaires, they may differ from Social Security Administration earnings record data, which are based upon employers' reports and the Federal income tax returns of self-employed persons.

The Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA) of the Department of Commerce publishes annual data on aggregate and per-capita personal income received by the population for States, metropolitan areas, and selected counties. Aggregate income estimates based on the income statistics shown in census products usually would be less than those shown in the BEA income series for several reasons. The Census Bureau data are obtained directly from households, whereas the BEA income series is estimated largely on the basis of data from administrative records of business and governmental sources. Moreover, the definitions of income are different. The BEA income series includes some items not included in the income data shown in census publications, such as income "in kind," income received by nonprofit institutions, the value of services of

banks and other financial intermediaries rendered to persons without the assessment of specific charges, Medicare payments, and the income of persons who died or emigrated prior to April 1, 1990. On the other hand, the census income data include contributions for support received from persons not residing in the same household and employer contributions for social insurance.

INDUSTRY, OCCUPATION, AND CLASS OF WORKER

The data on industry, occupation, and class of worker were derived from answers to questionnaire items 28, 29, and 30 respectively. These questions were asked of a sample of persons. Information on industry relates to the kind of business conducted by a person's employing organization; occupation describes the kind of work the person does on the job.

For employed persons, the data refer to the person's job during the reference week. For those who worked at two or more jobs, the data refer to the job at which the person worked the greatest number of hours. For unemployed persons, the data refer to their last job. The industry and occupation statistics are derived from the detailed classification systems developed for the 1990 census as described below. The *Classified Index of Industries and Occupations* provided additional information on the industry and occupation classification systems.

Respondents provided the data for the tabulations by writing on the questionnaires descriptions of their industry and occupation. These descriptions were keyed and passed through automated coding software which assigned a portion of the written entries to categories in the classification system. The automated system assigned codes to 59 percent of the industry entries and 38 percent of the occupation entries.

Those cases not coded by the computer were referred to clerical staff in the Census Bureau's Kansas City processing office for coding. The clerical staff converted the written questionnaire descriptions to codes by comparing these descriptions to entries in the *Alphabetical Index of Industries and Occupations*. For the industry code, these coders also referred to an Employer Name List (formerly called Company Name List). This list, prepared from the Standard Statistical Establishment List developed by the Census Bureau for the economic censuses and surveys, contained the names of business establishments and their Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) codes converted to population census equivalents. This list facilitated coding and maintained industrial classification comparability.

Industry

The industry classification system developed for the 1990 census consists of 236 categories for employed persons, classified into 13 major industry groups. Since

1940, the industrial classification has been based on the Standard Industrial Classification Manual (SIC). The 1990 census classification was developed from the 1987 SIC published by the Office of Management and Budget, Executive Office of the President.

The SIC was designed primarily to classify establishments by the type of industrial activity in which they were engaged. However, census data, which were collected from households, differ in detail and nature from those obtained from establishment surveys. Therefore, the census classification systems, while defined in SIC terms, cannot reflect the full detail in all categories. There are several levels of industrial classification found in census products. For example, the 1990 CP-2, *Social and Economic Characteristics* report includes 41 unique industrial categories, while the 1990 Summary Tape File 4 (STF 4) presents 72 categories.

Occupation

The occupational classification system developed for the 1990 census consists of 501 specific occupational categories for employed persons arranged into 6 summary and 13 major occupational groups. This classification was developed to be consistent with the Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) Manual: 1980, published by the Office of Federal Statistical Policy and Standards, U.S. Department of Commerce. Tabulations with occupation as the primary characteristic present several levels of occupational detail. The most detailed tabulations are shown in a special 1990 subject report and tape files on occupation. These products contain all 501 occupational categories plus industry or class of worker subgroupings of occupational categories.

Some occupation groups are related closely to certain industries. Operators of transportation equipment, farm operators and workers, and private household workers account for major portions of their respective industries of transportation, agriculture, and private households. However, the industry categories include persons in other occupations. For example, persons employed in agriculture include truck drivers and bookkeepers; persons employed in the transportation industry include mechanics, freight handlers, and payroll clerks; and persons employed in the private household industry include occupations such as chauffeur, gardener, and secretary.

Class of Worker

The data on class of worker were derived from answers to questionnaire item 30. The information on class of worker refers to the same job as a respondent's industry and occupation and categorizes persons according to the type of ownership of the employing organization. The class of worker categories are defined as follows:

Private Wage and Salary Workers—Includes persons who worked for wages, salary, commission, tips, pay-in-kind, or piece rates for a private for profit employer or a

private not-for-profit, tax-exempt or charitable organization. Self-employed persons whose business was incorporated are included with private wage and salary workers because they are paid employees of their own companies. Some tabulations present data separately for these sub-categories: "For profit," "Not for profit," and "Own business incorporated."

Employees of foreign governments, the United Nations, or other formal international organizations were classified as "Private-not-for-profit."

Government Workers—Includes persons who were employees of any local, State, or Federal governmental unit, regardless of the activity of the particular agency. For some tabulations, the data were presented separately for the three levels of government.

Self-Employed Workers—Includes persons who worked for profit or fees in their own unincorporated business, profession, or trade, or who operated a farm.

Unpaid Family Workers—Includes persons who worked 15 hours or more without pay in a business or on a farm operated by a relative.

Salaried/Self-Employed—In tabulations that categorize persons as either salaried or self-employed, the salaried category includes private and government wage and salary workers; self-employed includes self-employed persons and unpaid family workers.

The industry category, "Public administration," is limited to regular government functions such as legislative, judicial, administrative, and regulatory activities of governments. Other government organizations such as schools, hospitals, liquor stores, and bus lines are classified by industry according to the activity in which they are engaged. On the other hand, the class of worker government categories include all government workers.

Occasionally respondents supplied industry, occupation, or class of worker descriptions which were not sufficiently specific for precise classification or did not report on these items at all. Some of these cases were corrected through the field editing process and during the coding and tabulation operations. In the coding operation, certain types of incomplete entries were corrected using the *Alphabetical Index of Industries and Occupations*. For example, it was possible in certain situations to assign an industry code based on the occupation reported.

Following the coding operations, there was a computer edit and an allocation process. The edit first determined whether a respondent was in the universe which required an industry and occupation code. The codes for the three items (industry, occupation, and class of worker) were checked to ensure they were valid and were edited for their relation to each other. Invalid and inconsistent codes were either blanked or changed to a consistent code.

If one or more of the three codes were blank after the edit, a code was assigned from a "similar" person based on other items such as age, sex, education, farm or nonfarm residence, and weeks worked. If all the labor force and income data also were blank, all these economic items were assigned from one other person who provided all the necessary data.

Comparability—Comparability of industry and occupation data was affected by a number of factors, primarily the systems used to classify the questionnaire responses. For both the industry and occupation classification systems, the basic structures were generally the same from 1940 to 1970, but changes in the individual categories limited comparability of the data from one census to another. These changes were needed to recognize the "birth" of new industries and occupations, the "death" of others, and the growth and decline in existing industries and occupations, as well as, the desire of analysts and other users for more detail in the presentation of the data. Probably the greatest cause of incomparability is the movement of a segment of a category to a different category in the next census. Changes in the nature of jobs and respondent terminology, and refinement of category composition made these movements necessary.

In the 1990 census, the industry classification had minor revisions to reflect recent changes to the SIC. The 1990 occupational classification system is essentially the same as that for the 1980 census. However, the conversion of the census classification to the SOC in 1980 meant that the 1990 classification system was less comparable to the classifications used prior to the 1980 census.

Other factors that affected data comparability included the universe to which the data referred (in 1970, the age cutoff for labor force was changed from 14 years to 16 years); how the industry and occupation questions were worded on the questionnaire (for example, important changes were made in 1970); improvements in the coding procedures (the Employer Name List technique was introduced in 1960); and how the "not reported" cases are handled. Prior to 1970, they were placed in the residual categories, "Industry not reported" and "Occupation not reported." In 1970, an allocation process was introduced that assigned these cases to major groups. In 1990, as in 1980, the "Not reported" cases were assigned to individual categories. Therefore, the 1980 and 1990 data for individual categories included some numbers of persons who were tabulated in a "Not reported" category in previous censuses.

The following publications contain information on the various factors affecting comparability and are particularly useful for understanding differences in the occupation and industry information from earlier censuses: U.S. Bureau of the Census, *Changes Between the 1950 and 1960 Occupation and Industry Classifications With Detailed Adjustments of 1950 Data to the 1960 Classifications*, Technical Paper No. 18, 1968; U.S. Bureau of the Census, *1970 Occupation and Industry Classification Systems in Terms of their 1960 Occupation and Industry Elements*, Technical

Paper No. 26, 1972; and U.S. Bureau of the Census, *The Relationship Between the 1970 and 1980 Industry and Occupation Classification Systems*, Technical Paper No. 59, 1988. For citations for earlier census years, see the 1980 Census of Population report, PC80-1-D, *Detailed Population Characteristics*.

The 1990 census introduced an additional class of worker category for "private not-for-profit" employers. This category is a subset of the 1980 category "employee of private employer" so there is no comparable data before 1990. Also in 1990, employees of foreign governments, the United Nations, etc., are classified as "private not-for-profit," rather than Federal Government as in 1970 and 1980. While in theory, there was a change in comparability, in practice, the small number of U.S. residents working for foreign governments made this change negligible.

Comparability between the statistics on industry and occupation from the 1990 census and statistics from other sources is affected by many of the factors described in the section on "Employment Status." These factors are primarily geographic differences between residence and place of work, different dates of reference, and differences in counts because of dual job holding. Industry data from population censuses cover all industries and all kinds of workers, whereas, data from establishments often excluded private household workers, government workers, and the self-employed. Also, the replies from household respondents may have differed in detail and nature from those obtained from establishments.

Occupation data from the census and data from government licensing agencies, professional associations, trade unions, etc., may not be as comparable as expected. Organizational listings often include persons not in the labor force or persons devoting all or most of their time to another occupation; or the same person may be included in two or more different listings. In addition, relatively few organizations, except for those requiring licensing, attained complete coverage of membership in a particular occupational field.

JOURNEY TO WORK

Place of Work

The data on place of work were derived from answers to questionnaire item 22, which was asked of persons who indicated in question 21 that they worked at some time during the reference week. (For more information, see discussion under "Reference Week.")

Data were tabulated for workers 16 years and over; that is, members of the Armed Forces and civilians who were at work during the reference week. Data on place of work refer to the geographic location at which workers carried out their occupational activities during the reference week. The exact address (number and street) of the place of work was asked, as well as the place (city, town, or post office); whether or not the place of work was inside or

outside the limits of that city or town; and the county, State, and ZIP Code. If the person's employer operated in more than one location, the exact address of the location or branch where the respondent worked was requested. When the number and street name were unknown, a description of the location, such as the building name or nearest street or intersection, was to be entered.

Persons who worked at more than one location during the reference week were asked to report the one at which they worked the greatest number of hours. Persons who regularly worked in several locations each day during the reference week were requested to give the address at which they began work each day. For cases in which daily work did not begin at a central place each day, the person was asked to provide as much information as possible to describe the area in which he or she worked most during the reference week.

In some tabulations, place-of-work locations may be defined as "in area of residence" and "outside area of residence." The area of residence may vary from table to table or even within a table, and refers to the particular area or areas shown. For example, in a table that provides data for counties, "in area of residence" refers to persons who worked in the same county in which they lived, while "outside area of residence" refers to persons whose workplace was located in a county different from the one in which they lived. Similarly, in a table that provides data for several types of areas, such as the State and its individual metropolitan areas (MA's), counties, and places, the place-of-work data will be variable and is determined by the geographic level (State, MA, county, or place) shown in each section of the tabulation.

In tabulations that present data for States, workplaces for the residents of the State may include, in addition to the State itself, each contiguous State. The category, "in noncontiguous State or abroad," includes persons who worked in a State that did not border their State of residence as well as persons who worked outside the United States.

In tabulations that present data for an MSA/PMSA, place-of-work locations are specified to show the main destinations of workers living in the MSA/PMSA. (For more information on metropolitan areas (MA's), see Appendix A, Area Classifications.) All place-of-work locations are identified with respect to the boundaries of the MSA/PMSA as "inside MSA/PMSA" or "outside MSA/PMSA." Locations within the MSA/PMSA are further divided into each central city, and each county or county balance. Selected large incorporated places also may be specified as places of work.

Within New England MSA/PMSA's, the places of work presented generally are cities and towns. Locations outside the MSA/PMSA are specified if they are important commuting destinations for residents of the MSA/PMSA, and may include adjoining MSA/PMSA's and their central cities, their component counties, large incorporated places, or counties, cities, or other geographic areas outside any MA. In tabulations for MSA/PMSA's in New England;

Honolulu, Hawaii; and certain other MA's, some place-of-work locations are identified as "areas" (e.g., Area 1, Area 5, Area 12, etc.). Such areas consist of groups of towns, cities, census designated places (Honolulu MSA only), or counties that have been identified as unique place-of-work destinations. When an adjoining MSA/PMSA or MSA/PMSA remainder is specified as a place-of-work location, its components are not defined. However, the components are presented in the 1990 CP-1, *General Population Characteristics for Metropolitan Areas* and the 1990 CH-1, *General Housing Characteristics for Metropolitan Areas* reports. In tabulations that present data for census tracts outside MA's, place-of-work locations are defined as "in county of residence" and "outside county of residence."

In areas where the workplace address was coded to the block level, persons were tabulated as working inside or outside a specific place based on the location of that address, regardless of the response to question 22c concerning city/town limits. In areas where it was impossible to code the workplace address to the block level, persons were tabulated as working in a place if a place name was reported in question 22b and the response to question 22c was either "Yes" or the item was left blank. In selected areas, census designated places (CDP's) may appear in the tabulations as places of work. The accuracy of place-of-work data for CDP's may be affected by the extent to which their census names were familiar to respondents, and by coding problems caused by similarities between the CDP name and the names of other geographic jurisdictions in the same vicinity.

Place-of-work data are given for selected minor civil divisions (generally, cities, towns, and townships) in the nine Northeastern States, based on the responses to the place-of-work question. Many towns and townships are regarded locally as equivalent to a place and therefore, were reported as the place of work. When a respondent reported a locality or incorporated place that formed a part of a township or town, the coding and tabulating procedure was designed to include the response in the total for the township or town. The accuracy of the place-of-work data for minor civil divisions is greatest for the New England States. However, the data for some New England towns, for towns in New York, and for townships in New Jersey and Pennsylvania may be affected by coding problems that resulted from the unfamiliarity of the respondent with the minor civil division in which the workplace was located or when a township and a city or borough of the same or similar name are located close together.

Place-of-work data may show a few workers who made unlikely daily work trips (e.g., workers who lived in New York and worked in California). This result is attributable to persons who worked during the reference week at a location that was different from their usual place of work, such as persons away from home on business.

Comparability—The wording of the question on place of work was substantially the same in the 1990 census as it was in 1980. However, data on place of work from the

1990 census are based on the full census sample, while data from the 1980 census were based on only about one-half of the full sample.

For the 1980 census, nonresponse or incomplete responses to the place-of-work question were not allocated, resulting in the use of "not reported" categories in the 1980 publications. However, for the 1990 census, when place of work was not reported or the response was incomplete, a work location was allocated to the person based on their means of transportation to work, travel time to work, industry, and location of residence and workplace of others. The 1990 publications, therefore, do not contain a "not reported" category for the place-of-work data.

Comparisons between 1980 and 1990 census data on the gross number of workers in particular commuting flows, or the total number of persons working in an area, should be made with extreme caution. Any apparent increase in the magnitude of the gross numbers may be due solely to the fact that for 1990 the "not reported" cases have been distributed among specific place-of-work destinations, instead of tallied in a separate category as in 1980.

Limitation of the Data—The data on place of work relate to a reference week; that is, the calendar week preceding the date on which the respondents completed their questionnaires or were interviewed by enumerators. This week is not the same for all respondents because the enumeration was not completed in 1 week. However, for the majority of persons, the reference week for the 1990 census is the last week in March 1990. The lack of a uniform reference week means that the place-of-work data reported in the census will not exactly match the distribution of workplace locations observed or measured during an actual workweek.

The place-of-work data are estimates of persons 16 years old and over who were both employed and at work during the reference week (including persons in the Armed Forces). Persons who did not work during the reference week but had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent due to illness, bad weather, industrial dispute, vacation, or other personal reasons are not included in the place-of-work data. Therefore, the data on place of work understate the total number of jobs or total employment in a geographic area during the reference week. It also should be noted that persons who had irregular, casual, or unstructured jobs during the reference week may have erroneously reported themselves as not working.

The address where the individual worked most often during the reference week was recorded on the census questionnaire. If a worker held two jobs, only data about the primary job (the one worked the greatest number of hours during the preceding week) was requested. Persons who regularly worked in several locations during the reference week were requested to give the address at which they began work each day. For cases in which daily work was not begun at a central place each day, the person was

asked to provide as much information as possible to describe the area in which he or she worked most during the reference week.

Means of Transportation to Work

The data on means of transportation to work were derived from answers to questionnaire item 23a, which was asked of persons who indicated in question 21 that they worked at some time during the reference week. (For more information, see discussion under "Reference Week.") Means of transportation to work refers to the principal mode of travel or type of conveyance that the person usually used to get from home to work during the reference week.

Persons who used different means of transportation on different days of the week were asked to specify the one they used most often, that is, the greatest number of days. Persons who used more than one means of transportation to get to work each day were asked to report the one used for the longest distance during the work trip. The category, "Car, truck, or van," includes workers using a car (including company cars but excluding taxicabs), a truck of one-ton capacity or less, or a van. The category, "Public transportation," includes workers who used a bus or trolley bus, streetcar or trolley car, subway or elevated, railroad, ferryboat, or taxicab even if each mode is not shown separately in the tabulation. The category, "Other means," includes workers who used a mode of travel which is not identified separately within the data distribution. The category, "Other means," may vary from table to table, depending on the amount of detail shown in a particular distribution.

The means of transportation data for some areas may show workers using modes of public transportation that are not available in those areas (e.g., subway or elevated riders in an MA where there actually is no subway or elevated service). This result is largely due to persons who worked during the reference week at a location that was different from their usual place of work (such as persons away from home on business in an area where subway service was available) and persons who used more than one means of transportation each day but whose principal means was unavailable where they lived (for example, residents of nonmetropolitan areas who drove to the fringe of an MA and took the commuter railroad most of the distance to work).

Private Vehicle Occupancy

The data on private vehicle occupancy were derived from answers to questionnaire item 23b. This question was asked of persons who indicated in question 21 that they worked at some time during the reference week and who reported in question 23a that their means of transportation to work was "Car, truck, or van." (For more information, see discussion under "Reference Week.")

Private vehicle occupancy refers to the number of persons who usually rode to work in the vehicle during the reference week. The category, "Drove alone," includes persons who usually drove alone to work as well as persons who were driven to work by someone who then drove back home or to a nonwork destination. The category, "Carpooled," includes workers who reported that two or more persons usually rode to work in the vehicle during the reference week.

Persons Per Car, Truck, or Van—This is obtained by dividing the number of persons who reported using a car, truck, or van to get to work by the number of such vehicles that they used. The number of vehicles used is derived by counting each person who drove alone as one vehicle, each person who reported being in a two-person carpool as one-half vehicle, each person who reported being in a three-person carpool as one-third vehicle, and so on, and then summing all the vehicles.

Time Leaving Home to Go to Work

The data on time leaving home to go to work were derived from answers to questionnaire item 24a. This question was asked of persons who indicated in question 21 that they worked at some time during the reference week and who reported in question 23a that they worked outside their home. The departure time refers to the time of day that the person usually left home to go to work during the reference week. (For more information, see discussion under "Reference Week.")

Travel Time to Work

The data on travel time to work were derived from answers to questionnaire item 24b. This question was asked of persons who indicated in question 21 that they worked at some time during the reference week and who reported in question 23a that they worked outside their home. Travel time to work refers to the total number of minutes that it usually took the person to get from home to work during the reference week. The elapsed time includes time spent waiting for public transportation, picking up passengers in carpools, and time spent in other activities related to getting to work. (For more information, see discussion under "Reference Week.")

LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME AND ABILITY TO SPEAK ENGLISH

Language Spoken at Home

Data on language spoken at home were derived from the answers to questionnaire items 15a and 15b, which were asked of a sample of persons born before April 1, 1985. Instructions mailed with the 1990 census questionnaire stated that a respondent should mark "Yes" in

question 15a if the person sometimes or always spoke a language other than English at home and should not mark "Yes" if a language was spoken only at school or if speaking was limited to a few expressions or slang. For question 15b, respondents were instructed to print the name of the non-English language spoken at home. If the person spoke more than one language other than English, the person was to report the language spoken more often or the language learned first.

The cover of the census questionnaire included information in Spanish which provided a telephone number for respondents to call to request a census questionnaire and instructions in Spanish. Instruction guides were also available in 32 other languages to assist enumerators who encountered households or respondents who spoke no English.

Questions 15a and 15b referred to languages spoken at home in an effort to measure the current use of languages other than English. Persons who knew languages other than English but did not use them at home or who only used them elsewhere were excluded. Persons who reported speaking a language other than English at home may also speak English; however, the questions did not permit determination of the main or dominant language of persons who spoke both English and another language. (For more information, see discussion below on "Ability to Speak English.")

For persons who indicated that they spoke a language other than English at home in question 15a, but failed to specify the name of the language in question 15b, the language was assigned based on the language of other speakers in the household; on the language of a person of the same Spanish origin or detailed race group living in the same or a nearby area; or on a person of the same ancestry or place of birth. In all cases where a person was assigned a non-English language, it was assumed that the language was spoken at home. Persons for whom the name of a language other than English was entered in question 15b, and for whom question 15a was blank were assumed to speak that language at home.

The write-in responses listed in question 15b (specific language spoken) were transcribed onto computer files and coded into more than 380 detailed language categories using an automated coding system. The automated procedure compared write-in responses reported by respondents with entries in a computer dictionary, which initially contained approximately 2,000 language names. The dictionary was updated with a large number of new names, variations in spelling, and a small number of residual categories. Each write-in response was given a numeric code that was associated with one of the detailed categories in the dictionary. If the respondent listed more than one non-English language, only the first was coded.

The write-in responses represented the names people used for languages they speak. They may not match the names or categories used by linguists. The sets of categories used are sometimes geographic and sometimes linguistic. Figure 1 provides an illustration of the content of

the classification schemes used to present language data. For more information, write to the Chief, Population Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233.

Household Language—In households where one or more persons (age 5 years old or over) speak a language other than English, the household language assigned to all household members is the non-English language spoken by the first person with a non-English language in the following order: householder, spouse, parent, sibling, child, grandchild, other relative, stepchild, unmarried partner, housemate or roommate, roomer, boarder, or foster child, or other nonrelative. Thus, persons who speak only English may have a non-English household language assigned to them in tabulations of persons by household language.

Figure 1. **Four- and Twenty-Five-Group Classifications of 1990 Census Languages Spoken at Home with Illustrative Examples**

Four-Group Classification	Twenty-Five-Group Classification	Examples	
Spanish	Spanish	Spanish, Ladino	
	Other Indo-European	French	French, Cajun, French Creole
		Italian	
		Portuguese	
		German	
		Yiddish	
		Other West Germanic	Afrikaans, Dutch, Pennsylvania Dutch
		Scandinavian	Danish, Norwegian, Swedish
		Polish	
		Russian	
South Slavic		Serbocroatian, Bulgarian, Macedonian, Slovene	
Languages of Asia and the Pacific	Other Slavic	Czech, Slovak, Ukrainian	
	Greek		
	Indic	Hindi, Bengali, Gujarathi, Punjabi, Romany, Sinhalese	
	Other Indo-European, not elsewhere classified	Armenian, Gaelic, Lithuanian, Persian	
	Chinese		
	Japanese		
	Mon-Khmer	Cambodian	
	Tagalog		
	Korean		
	Vietnamese		
Other languages (part)	Chamorro, Dravidian Languages, Hawaiian, Ilocano, Thai, Turkish		
All other languages	Arabic		
	Hungarian		
	Native North American languages		
	Other languages (part)	Amharic, Syriac, Finnish, Hebrew, Languages of Central and South America, Other Languages of Africa	

Ability to Speak English

Persons 5 years old and over who reported that they spoke a language other than English in question 15a were also asked in question 15c to indicate their ability to speak English based on one of the following categories: "Very well," "Well," "Not well," or "Not at all."

The data on ability to speak English represent the person's own perception about his or her own ability or, because census questionnaires are usually completed by one household member, the responses may represent the perception of another household member. The instruction guides and questionnaires that were mailed to households did not include any information on how to interpret the response categories in question 15c.

Persons who reported that they spoke a language other than English at home but whose ability to speak English was not reported, were assigned the English-language ability of a randomly selected person of the same age, Spanish origin, nativity and year of entry, and language group.

Linguistic Isolation—A household in which no person age 14 years or over speaks only English and no person age 14 years or over who speaks a language other than English speaks English "Very well" is classified as "linguistically isolated." All the members of a linguistically isolated household are tabulated as linguistically isolated, including members under age 14 years who may speak only English.

Limitation of the Data—Persons who speak a language other than English at home may have first learned that language at school. However, these persons would be expected to indicate that they spoke English "Very well." Persons who speak a language other than English, but do not do so *at home*, should have been reported as not speaking a language other than English at home.

The extreme detail in which language names were coded may give a false impression of the linguistic precision of these data. The names used by speakers of a language to identify it may reflect ethnic, geographic, or political affiliations and do not necessarily respect linguistic distinctions. The categories shown in the tabulations were chosen on a number of criteria, such as information about the number of speakers of each language that might be expected in a sample of the United States population.

Comparability—Information on language has been collected in every census since 1890. The comparability of data among censuses is limited by changes in question wording, by the subpopulations to whom the question was addressed, and by the detail that was published.

The same question on language was asked in the 1980 and 1990 censuses. This question on the current language spoken at home replaced the questions asked in prior

censuses on mother tongue; that is, the language other than English spoken in the person's home when he or she was a child; one's first language; or the language spoken before immigrating to the United States. The censuses of 1910-1940, 1960 and 1970 included questions on mother tongue. A change in coding procedure from 1980 to 1990 should have improved accuracy of coding and may affect the number of persons reported in some of the 380 plus categories. It should not greatly affect the 4-group or 25-group lists. In 1980, coding clerks supplied numeric codes for the written entries on each questionnaire using a 2,000 name reference list. In 1990 written entries were transcribed to a computer file and matched to a computer dictionary which began with the 2,000 name list, but expanded as unmatched names were referred to headquarters specialists for resolution.

The question on ability to speak English was asked for the first time in 1980. In tabulations from 1980, the categories "Very well" and "Well" were combined. Data from other surveys suggested a major difference between the category "Very well" and the remaining categories. In tabulations showing ability to speak English, persons who reported that they spoke English "Very well" are presented separately from persons who reported their ability to speak English as less than "Very well."

MARITAL STATUS

The data on marital status were derived from answers to questionnaire item 6, which was asked of all persons. The marital status classification refers to the status at the time of enumeration. Data on marital status are tabulated only for persons 15 years old and over.

All persons were asked whether they were "now married," "widowed," "divorced," "separated," or "never married." Couples who live together (unmarried persons, persons in common-law marriages) were allowed to report the marital status they considered the most appropriate.

Never Married—Includes all persons who have never been married, including persons whose only marriage(s) was annulled.

Ever Married—Includes persons married at the time of enumeration (including those separated), widowed, or divorced.

Now Married, Except Separated—Includes persons whose current marriage has not ended through widowhood, divorce, or separation (regardless of previous marital history). The category may also include couples who live together or persons in common-law marriages if they consider this category the most appropriate. In certain tabulations, currently married persons are further classified as "spouse present" or "spouse absent."

Separated—Includes persons legally separated or otherwise absent from their spouse because of marital discord. Included are persons who have been deserted or who have parted because they no longer want to live together but who have not obtained a divorce.

Widowed—Includes widows and widowers who have not remarried.

Divorced—Includes persons who are legally divorced and who have not remarried.

In selected sample tabulations, data for married and separated persons are reorganized and combined with information on the presence of the spouse in the same household.

Now Married—All persons whose current marriage has not ended by widowhood or divorce. This category includes persons defined above as “separated.”

Spouse Present—Married persons whose wife or husband was enumerated as a member of the same household, including those whose spouse may have been temporarily absent for such reasons as travel or hospitalization.

Spouse Absent—Married persons whose wife or husband was not enumerated as a member of the same household. This category also includes all married persons living in group quarters.

Separated—Defined above.

Spouse Absent, Other—Married persons whose wife or husband was not enumerated as a member of the same household, excluding separated. Included is any person whose spouse was employed and living away from home or in an institution or absent in the Armed Forces.

Differences between the number of currently married males and the number of currently married females occur because of reporting differences and because some husbands and wives have their usual residence in different areas. In sample tabulations, these differences can also occur because different weights are applied to the individual's data. Any differences between the number of “now married, spouse present” males and females are due solely to sample weighting. By definition, the numbers would be the same.

When marital status was not reported, it was imputed according to the relationship to the householder and sex and age of the person. (For more information on imputation, see Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.)

Comparability—The 1990 marital status definitions are the same as those used in 1980 with the exception of the term “never married” which replaces the term “single” in tabulations. A general marital status question has been asked in every census since 1880.

MOBILITY LIMITATION STATUS

The data on mobility limitation status were derived from answers to questionnaire item 19a, which was asked of a sample of persons 15 years old and over. Persons were

identified as having a mobility limitation if they had a health condition that had lasted for 6 or more months and which made it difficult to go outside the home alone. Examples of outside activities on the questionnaire included shopping and visiting the doctor's office.

The term “health condition” referred to both physical and mental conditions. A temporary health problem, such as a broken bone that was expected to heal normally, was not considered a health condition.

Comparability—This was the first time that a question on mobility limitation was included in the census.

PLACE OF BIRTH

The data on place of birth were derived from answers to questionnaire item 8, which was asked on a sample basis. The place-of-birth question asked respondents to report the U.S. State, commonwealth or territory, or the foreign country where they were born. Persons born outside the United States were asked to report their place of birth according to current international boundaries. Since numerous changes in boundaries of foreign countries have occurred in the last century, some persons may have reported their place of birth in terms of boundaries that existed at the time of their birth or emigration, or in accordance with their own national preference.

Persons not reporting place of birth were assigned the birthplace of another family member or were allocated the response of another person with similar characteristics. Persons allocated as foreign born were not assigned a specific country of birth but were classified as “Born abroad, country not specified.”

Nativity—Information on place of birth and citizenship were used to classify the population into two major categories: native and foreign born. When information on place of birth was not reported, nativity was assigned on the basis of answers to citizenship, if reported, and other characteristics.

Native—Includes persons born in the United States, Puerto Rico, or an outlying area of the United States. The small number of persons who were born in a foreign country but have at least one American parent also are included in this category.

The native population is classified in the following groups: persons born in the State in which they resided at the time of the census; persons born in a different State, by region; persons born in Puerto Rico or an outlying area of the U.S.; and persons born abroad with at least one American parent.

Foreign Born—Includes persons not classified as “Native.” Prior to the 1970 census, persons not reporting place of birth were generally classified as native.

The foreign-born population is shown by selected area, country, or region of birth; the places of birth shown in data products were selected based on the number of respondents who reported that area or country of birth.

Comparability—Data on the State of birth of the native population have been collected in each census beginning with that of 1850. Similar data were shown in tabulations for the 1980 census and other recent censuses. Nonresponse was allocated in a similar manner in 1980; however, prior to 1980, nonresponse to the place of birth question was not allocated. Prior to the 1970 census, persons not reporting place of birth were generally classified as native.

The questionnaire instruction to report mother's State of residence instead of the person's actual State of birth (if born in a hospital in a different State) was dropped in 1990. Evaluation studies of 1970 and 1980 census data demonstrated that this instruction was generally either ignored or misunderstood. Since the hospital and the mother's residence is in the same State for most births, this change may have a slight effect on State of birth data for States with large metropolitan areas that straddle State lines.

POVERTY STATUS IN 1989

The data on poverty status were derived from answers to the same questions as the income data, questionnaire items 32 and 33. (For more information, see the discussion under "Income in 1989.") Poverty statistics presented in census publications were based on a definition originated by the Social Security Administration in 1964 and subsequently modified by Federal interagency committees in 1969 and 1980 and prescribed by the Office of Management and Budget in Directive 14 as the standard to be used by Federal agencies for statistical purposes.

At the core of this definition was the 1961 economy food plan, the least costly of four nutritionally adequate food plans designed by the Department of Agriculture. It was determined from the Agriculture Department's 1955 survey of food consumption that families of three or more persons spend approximately one-third of their income on food; hence, the poverty level for these families was set at three times the cost of the economy food plan. For smaller families and persons living alone, the cost of the economy food plan was multiplied by factors that were slightly higher to compensate for the relatively larger fixed expenses for these smaller households.

The income cutoffs used by the Census Bureau to determine the poverty status of families and unrelated individuals included a set of 48 thresholds arranged in a two-dimensional matrix consisting of family size (from one person to nine or more persons) cross-classified by presence and number of family members under 18 years old (from no children present to eight or more children present). Unrelated individuals and two-person families were further differentiated by age of the householder (under 65 years old and 65 years old and over).

The total income of each family or unrelated individual in the sample was tested against the appropriate poverty threshold to determine the poverty status of that family or unrelated individual. If the total income was less than the corresponding cutoff, the family or unrelated individual was classified as "below the poverty level." The number of persons below the poverty level was the sum of the number of persons in families with incomes below the poverty level and the number of unrelated individuals with incomes below the poverty level.

The poverty thresholds are revised annually to allow for changes in the cost of living as reflected in the Consumer Price Index. The average poverty threshold for a family of four persons was \$12,674 in 1989. (For more information, see table A below.) Poverty thresholds were applied on a national basis and were not adjusted for regional, State or local variations in the cost of living. For a detailed discussion of the poverty definition, see U.S. Bureau of the Census, Current Population Reports, Series P-60, No. 171, *Poverty in the United States: 1988 and 1989*.

Persons for Whom Poverty Status is Determined—Poverty status was determined for all persons except institutionalized persons, persons in military group quarters and in college dormitories, and unrelated individuals under 15 years old. These groups also were excluded from the denominator when calculating poverty rates.

Specified Poverty Levels—Since the poverty levels currently in use by the Federal Government do not meet all the needs of data users, some of the data are presented for alternate levels. These specified poverty levels are obtained by multiplying the income cutoffs at the poverty level by the appropriate factor. For example, the average income cutoff at 125 percent of poverty level was \$15,843 ($\$12,674 \times 1.25$) in 1989 for a family of four persons.

Weighted Average Thresholds at the Poverty Level—The average thresholds shown in the first column of table A are weighted by the presence and number of children. For example, the weighted average threshold for a given family size is obtained by multiplying the threshold for each presence and number of children category within the given family size by the number of families in that category. These products are then aggregated across the entire range of presence and number of children categories, and the aggregate is divided by the total number of families in the group to yield the weighted average threshold at the poverty level for that family size.

Since the basic thresholds used to determine the poverty status of families and unrelated individuals are applied to all families and unrelated individuals, the weighted average poverty thresholds are derived using all families and unrelated individuals rather than just those classified as being below the poverty level. To obtain the weighted poverty thresholds for families and unrelated individuals below alternate poverty levels, the weighted thresholds

shown in table A may be multiplied directly by the appropriate factor. The weighted average thresholds presented in the table are based on the March 1990 Current Population Survey. However, these thresholds would not differ significantly from those based on the 1990 census.

Income Deficit—Represents the difference between the total income of families and unrelated individuals below the poverty level and their respective poverty thresholds. In computing the income deficit, families reporting a net income loss are assigned zero dollars and for such cases the deficit is equal to the poverty threshold.

This measure provided an estimate of the amount which would be required to raise the incomes of all poor families and unrelated individuals to their respective poverty thresholds. The income deficit is thus a measure of the degree of impoverishment of a family or unrelated individual. However, caution must be used in comparing the average deficits of families with different characteristics. Apparent differences in average income deficits may, to some extent, be a function of differences in family size.

Mean Income Deficit—Represents the amount obtained by dividing the total income deficit of a group below the poverty level by the number of families (or unrelated individuals) in that group.

Comparability—The poverty definition used in the 1990 and 1980 censuses differed slightly from the one used in the 1970 census. Three technical modifications were made to the definition used in the 1970 census as described below:

1. The separate thresholds for families with a female householder with no husband present and all other families were eliminated. For the 1980 and 1990 censuses, the weighted average of the poverty thresholds for these two types of families was applied to all types of families, regardless of the sex of the householder.

2. Farm families and farm unrelated individuals no longer had a set of poverty thresholds that were lower than the thresholds applied to nonfarm families and unrelated individuals. The farm thresholds were 85 percent of the corresponding levels for nonfarm families in the 1970 census. The same thresholds were applied to all families and unrelated individuals regardless of residence in 1980 and 1990.

3. The thresholds by size of family were extended from seven or more persons in 1970 to nine or more persons in 1980 and 1990.

These changes resulted in a minimal increase in the number of poor at the national level. For a complete discussion of these modifications and their impact, see the Current Population Reports, Series P-60, No. 133.

The population covered in the poverty statistics derived from the 1980 and 1990 censuses was essentially the same as in the 1970 census. The only difference was that, in 1980 and 1990, unrelated individuals under 15 years old were excluded from the poverty universe, while in 1970, only those under 14 years old were excluded. The poverty data from the 1960 census excluded all persons in group quarters and included all unrelated individuals regardless of age. It was unlikely that these differences in population coverage would have had significant impact when comparing the poverty data for persons since the 1960 censuses.

Current Population Survey—Because of differences in the questionnaires and data collection procedures, estimates of the number of persons below the poverty level by various characteristics from the 1990 census may differ from those reported in the March 1990 Current Population Survey.

RACE

The data on race were derived from answers to questionnaire item 4, which was asked of all persons. The concept of race as used by the Census Bureau reflects

Table A. Poverty Thresholds in 1989 by Size of Family and Number of Related Children Under 18 Years

Size of Family Unit	Weighted average thresholds	Related children under 18 years								
		None	One	Two	Three	Four	Five	Six	Seven	Eight or more
One person (unrelated individual).	\$6,310									
Under 65 years.....	6,451	\$6,451								
65 years and over.....	5,947	5,947								
Two persons.....	8,076									
Householder under 65 years...	8,343	8,303	\$8,547							
Householder 65 years and over.....	7,501	7,495	8,515							
Three persons.....	9,885	9,699	9,981	\$9,990						
Four persons.....	12,674	12,790	12,999	12,575	\$12,619					
Five persons.....	14,990	15,424	15,648	15,169	14,798	\$14,572				
Six persons.....	16,921	17,740	17,811	17,444	17,092	16,569	\$16,259			
Seven persons.....	19,162	20,412	20,540	20,101	19,794	19,224	18,558	\$17,828		
Eight persons.....	21,328	22,830	23,031	22,617	22,253	21,738	21,084	20,403	\$20,230	
Nine or more persons.....	25,480	27,463	27,596	27,229	26,921	26,415	25,719	25,089	24,933	\$23,973

self-identification; it does not denote any clear-cut scientific definition of biological stock. The data for race represent self-classification by people according to the race with which they most closely identify. Furthermore, it is recognized that the categories of the race item include both racial and national origin or socio-cultural groups.

During direct interviews conducted by enumerators, if a person could not provide a single response to the race question, he or she was asked to select, based on self-identification, the group which best described his or her racial identity. If a person could not provide a single race response, the race of the mother was used. If a single race response could not be provided for the person's mother, the first race reported by the person was used. In all cases where occupied housing units, households, or families are classified by race, the race of the householder was used.

The racial classification used by the Census Bureau generally adheres to the guidelines in Federal Statistical Directive No. 15, issued by the Office of Management and Budget, which provides standards on ethnic and racial categories for statistical reporting to be used by all Federal agencies. The racial categories used in the 1990 census data products are provided below.

White—Includes persons who indicated their race as "White" or reported entries such as Canadian, German, Italian, Lebanese, Near Easterner, Arab, or Polish.

Black—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Black or Negro" or reported entries such as African American, Afro-American, Black Puerto Rican, Jamaican, Nigerian, West Indian, or Haitian.

American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut—Includes persons who classified themselves as such in one of the specific race categories identified below.

American Indian—Includes persons who indicated their race as "American Indian," entered the name of an Indian tribe, or reported such entries as Canadian Indian, French-American Indian, or Spanish-American Indian.

American Indian Tribe—Persons who identified themselves as American Indian were asked to report their enrolled or principal tribe. Therefore, tribal data in tabulations reflect the written tribal entries reported on the questionnaires. Some of the entries (for example, Iroquois, Sioux, Colorado River, and Flat-head) represent nations or reservations.

The information on tribe is based on self-identification and therefore does not reflect any designation of Federally- or State-recognized tribe. Information on American Indian tribes is presented in summary tape files and special data products. The information is derived from the American Indian Detailed Tribal

Classification List for the 1990 census. The classification list represents all tribes, bands, and clans that had a specified number of American Indians reported on the census questionnaire.

Eskimo—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Eskimo" or reported entries such as Arctic Slope, Inupiat, and Yupik.

Aleut—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Aleut" or reported entries such as Alutiiq, Egegik, and Pribilovian.

Asian or Pacific Islander—Includes persons who reported in one of the Asian or Pacific Islander groups listed on the questionnaire or who provided write-in responses such as Thai, Nepali, or Tongan. A more detailed listing of the groups comprising the Asian or Pacific Islander population is presented in figure 2 below. In some data products, information is presented separately for the Asian population and the Pacific Islander population.

Asian—Includes "Chinese," "Filipino," "Japanese," "Asian Indian," "Korean," "Vietnamese," and "Other Asian." In some tables, "Other Asian" may not be shown separately, but is included in the total Asian population.

Chinese—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Chinese" or who identified themselves as Cantonese, Tibetan, or Chinese American. In standard census reports, persons who reported as "Taiwanese" or "Formosan" are included here with Chinese. In special reports on the Asian or Pacific Islander population, information on persons who identified themselves as Taiwanese are shown separately.

Filipino—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Filipino" or reported entries such as Philipino, Philippine, or Filipino American.

Japanese—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Japanese" and persons who identified themselves as Nipponese or Japanese American.

Asian Indian—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Asian Indian" and persons who identified themselves as Bengalese, Bharat, Dravidian, East Indian, or Goanese.

Korean—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Korean" and persons who identified themselves as Korean American.

Vietnamese—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Vietnamese" and persons who identified themselves as Vietnamese American.

Cambodian—Includes persons who provided a write-in response such as Cambodian or Cambodia.

Hmong—Includes persons who provided a write-in response such as Hmong, Laohmong, or Mong.

Laotian—Includes persons who provided a write-in response such as Laotian, Laos, or Lao.

Thai—Includes persons who provided a write-in response such as Thai, Thailand, or Siamese.

Other Asian—Includes persons who provided a write-in response of Bangladeshi, Burmese, Indonesian, Pakistani, Sri Lankan, Amerasian, or Eurasian. See figure 2 for other groups comprising "Other Asian."

Pacific Islander—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Pacific Islander" by classifying themselves into one of the following groups or identifying themselves as one of the Pacific Islander cultural groups of Polynesian, Micronesian, or Melanesian.

Hawaiian—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Hawaiian" as well as persons who identified themselves as Part Hawaiian or Native Hawaiian.

Samoan—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Samoan" or persons who identified themselves as American Samoan or Western Samoan.

Guamanian—Includes persons who indicated their race as "Guamanian" or persons who identified themselves as Chamorro or Guam.

Other Pacific Islander—Includes persons who provided a write-in response of a Pacific Islander group such as Tahitian, Northern Mariana Islander, Palauan, Fijian, or a cultural group such as Polynesian, Micronesian, or Melanesian. See figure 2 for other groups comprising "Other Pacific Islander."

Other Race—Includes all other persons not included in the "White," "Black," "American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut," and the "Asian or Pacific Islander" race categories described above. Persons reporting in the "Other race" category and providing write-in entries such as multiracial, multiethnic, mixed, interracial, Wesort, or a Spanish/Hispanic origin group (such as Mexican, Cuban, or Puerto Rican) are included here.

Written entries to three categories on the race item—"Indian (Amer.)," "Other Asian or Pacific Islander (API)," and "Other race"—were reviewed, edited, and coded by subject matter specialists. (For more information on the coding operation, see the section below that discusses "Comparability.")

The written entries under "Indian (Amer.)," and "Other Asian or Pacific Islander (API)" were reviewed and coded during 100-percent processing of the 1990 census questionnaires. A substantial portion of the entries for the "Other race" category also were reviewed, edited, and coded during the 100-percent processing. The remaining entries under "Other race" underwent review and coding during sample processing. Most of the written entries reviewed and coded during sample processing were those indicating Hispanic origin such as Mexican, Cuban, or Puerto Rican.

If the race entry for a member of a household was missing on the questionnaire, race was assigned based upon the reported entries of race by other household members using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. For example, if race was missing for the daughter of the householder, then the race of her mother (as female householder or female spouse) would be assigned. If there was no female householder or spouse in the household, the daughter would be assigned her father's (male householder) race. If race was not reported for anyone in the household, the race of a householder in a previously processed household was assigned. This procedure is a variation of the general imputation procedures described in Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.

Limitation of the Data—In the 1980 census, a relatively high proportion (20 percent) of American Indians did not report any tribal entry in the race item. Evaluation of the pre-census tests indicated that changes made for the 1990 race item should improve the reporting of tribes in the rural areas (especially on reservations) for the 1990 census. The results for urban areas were inconclusive. Also, the precensus tests indicated that there may be overreporting of the Cherokee tribe. An evaluation of 1980 census data showed overreporting of Cherokee in urban areas or areas where the number of American Indians was sparse.

In the 1990 census, respondents sometimes did not fill in a circle or filled the "Other race" circle and wrote in a response, such as Arab, Polish, or African American in the shared write-in box for "Other race" and "Other API" responses. During the automated coding process, these responses were edited and assigned to the appropriate racial designation. Also, some Hispanic origin persons did not fill in a circle, but provided entries such as Mexican or Puerto Rican. These persons were classified in the "Other race" category during the coding and editing process. There may be some minor differences between sample data and 100-percent data because sample processing included additional edits not included in the 100-percent processing.

Figure 2. Asian or Pacific Islander Groups Reported in the 1990 Census

Asian	Pacific Islander
Chinese	Hawaiian
Filipino	Samoan
Japanese	Guamanian
Asian Indian	Other Pacific Islander ¹
Korean	Carolinian
Vietnamese	Fijian
Cambodian	Kosraean
Hmong	Melanesian ³
Laotian	Micronesian ³
Thai	Northern Mariana Islander
Other Asian ¹	Palauan
Bangladeshi	Papua New Guinean
Bhutanese	Ponapean (Pohnpeian)
Borneo	Polynesian ³
Burmese	Solomon Islander
Celebesian	Tahitian
Ceram	Tarawa Islander
Indochinese	Tokelauan
Indonesian	Tongan
Iwo-Jiman	Trukese (Chuukese)
Javanese	Yapese
Malayan	Pacific Islander, not specified
Maldivian	
Nepali	
Okinawan	
Pakistani	
Sikkim	
Singaporean	
Sri Lankan	
Sumatran	
Asian, not specified ²	

¹In some data products, specific groups listed under "Other Asian" or "Other Pacific Islander" are shown separately. Groups not shown are tabulated as "All other Asian" or "All other Pacific Islander," respectively.

²Includes entries such as Asian American, Asian, Asiatic, Amerasian, and Eurasian.

³Polynesian, Micronesian, and Melanesian are Pacific Islander cultural groups.

Comparability—Differences between the 1990 census and earlier censuses affect the comparability of data for certain racial groups and American Indian tribes. The 1990 census was the first census to undertake, on a 100-percent basis, an automated review, edit, and coding operation for written responses to the race item. The automated coding system used in the 1990 census greatly reduced the potential for error associated with a clerical review. Specialists with a thorough knowledge of the race subject matter reviewed, edited, coded, and resolved inconsistent or incomplete responses. In the 1980 census, there was only a limited clerical review of the race responses on the 100-percent forms with a full clerical review conducted only on the sample questionnaires.

Another major difference between the 1990 and preceding censuses is the handling of the write-in responses for the Asian or Pacific Islander populations. In addition to the nine Asian or Pacific Islander categories shown on the questionnaire under the spanner "Asian or Pacific Islander (API)," the 1990 census race item provided a new residual category, "Other API," for Asian or Pacific Islander persons who did not report in one of the listed Asian or Pacific

Islander groups. During the coding operation, write-in responses for "Other API" were reviewed, coded, and assigned to the appropriate classification. For example, in 1990, a write-in entry of Laotian, Thai, or Javanese is classified as "Other Asian," while a write-in entry of Tongan or Fijian is classified as "Other Pacific Islander." In the 1990 census, these persons were able to identify as "Other API" in both the 100-percent and sample operations.

In the 1980 census, the nine Asian or Pacific Islander groups were also listed separately. However, persons not belonging to these nine groups wrote in their specific racial group under the "Other" race category. Persons with a written entry such as Laotian, Thai, or Tongan, were tabulated and published as "Other race" in the 100-percent processing operation in 1980, but were reclassified as "Other Asian and Pacific Islander" in 1980 sample tabulations. In 1980 special reports on the Asian or Pacific Islander populations, data were shown separately for "Other Asian" and "Other Pacific Islander."

The 1970 questionnaire did not have separate race categories for Asian Indian, Vietnamese, Samoan, and Guamanian. These persons indicated their race in the "Other" category and later, through the editing process, were assigned to a specific group. For example, in 1970, Asian Indians were reclassified as "White," while Vietnamese, Guamanians, and Samoans were included in the "Other" category.

Another difference between 1990 and preceding censuses is the approach taken when persons of Spanish/Hispanic origin did not report in a specific race category but reported as "Other race" or "Other." These persons commonly provided a write-in entry such as Mexican, Venezuelan, or Latino. In the 1990 and 1980 censuses, these entries remained in the "Other race" or "Other" category, respectively. In the 1970 census, most of these persons were included in the "White" category.

REFERENCE WEEK

The data on labor force status and journey to work were related to the reference week; that is, the calendar week preceding the date on which the respondents completed their questionnaires or were interviewed by enumerators. This week is not the same for all respondents since the enumeration was not completed in one week. The occurrence of holidays during the enumeration period could affect the data on actual hours worked during the reference week, but probably had no effect on overall measurement of employment status (see the discussion below on "Comparability").

Comparability—The reference weeks for the 1990 and 1980 censuses differ in that Passover and Good Friday occurred in the first week of April 1980, but in the second week of April 1990. Many workers presumably took time off for those observances. The differing occurrence of

these holidays could affect the comparability of the 1990 and 1980 data on actual hours worked for some areas if the respective weeks were the reference weeks for a significant number of persons. The holidays probably did not affect the overall measurement of employment status since this information was based on work activity during the entire reference week.

RESIDENCE IN 1985

The data on residence in 1985 were derived from answers to questionnaire item 14b, which asked for the State (or foreign country), county, and place of residence on April 1, 1985, for those persons reporting in question 14a that on that date they lived in a different house than their current residence. Residence in 1985 is used in conjunction with location of current residence to determine the extent of residential mobility of the population and the resulting redistribution of the population across the various States, metropolitan areas, and regions of the country.

When no information on residence in 1985 was reported for a person, information for other family members, if available, was used to assign a location of residence in 1985. All cases of nonresponse or incomplete response that were not assigned a previous residence based on information from other family members were allocated the previous residence of another person with similar characteristics who provided complete information.

The tabulation category, "Same house," includes all persons 5 years old and over who did not move during the 5 years as well as those who had moved but by 1990 had returned to their 1985 residence. The category, "Different house in the United States," includes persons who lived in the United States in 1985 but in a different house or apartment from the one they occupied on April 1, 1990. These movers are then further subdivided according to the type of move.

In most tabulations, movers are divided into three groups according to their 1985 residence: "Different house, same county," "Different county, same State," and "Different State." The last group may be further subdivided into region of residence in 1985. The category, "Abroad," includes those persons who were residing in a foreign country, Puerto Rico, or an outlying area of the U.S. in 1985, including members of the Armed Forces and their dependents. Some tabulations show movers who were residing in Puerto Rico or an outlying area in 1985 separately from those residing in other countries.

In tabulations for metropolitan areas, movers are categorized according to the metropolitan status of their current and previous residences, resulting in such groups as movers within an MSA/PMSA, movers between MSA/PMSA's, movers from nonmetropolitan areas to MSA/PMSA, and movers from central cities to the remainder of an MSA/PMSA. In some tabulations, these categories are further subdivided by size of MSA/PMSA, region of current or previous residence, or movers within or between central cities and the remainder of the same or a different MSA/PMSA.

The size categories used in some tabulations for both 1985 and 1990 residence refer to the populations of the MSA/PMSA on April 1, 1990; that is, at the end of the migration interval.

Some tabulations present data on in-migrants, out-migrants, and net migration. "In-migrants" are generally defined as those persons who entered a specified area by crossing its boundary from some point outside the area. In some tabulations, movers from abroad are included in the number of in-migrants; in others, only movers within the United States are included.

"Out-migrants" are persons who depart from a specific area by crossing its boundary to a point outside it, but without leaving the United States. "Net migration" is calculated by subtracting the number of out-migrants from the number of in-migrants and, depending upon the particular tabulation, may or may not include movers from abroad. The net migration for the area is net immigration if the result was positive and net outmigration if the result was negative. In the tabulations, net outmigration is indicated by a minus sign (-).

In-migrants and out-migrants for States include only those persons who did not live in the same State in 1985 and 1990; that is, they exclude persons who moved between counties within the same State. Thus, the sum of the in-migrants to (or out-migrants from) all counties in any State is greater than the number of in-migrants to (or out-migrants from) that State. However, in the case of net migration, the sum of the nets for all the counties within a State equal the net for the State. In the same fashion, the net migration for a division or region equals the sum of the nets for the States comprising that division or region, while the number of in-migrants and out-migrants for that division or region is less than the sum of the in-migrants or out-migrants for the individual States.

The number of persons who were living in a different house in 1985 is somewhat less than the total number of moves during the 5-year period. Some persons in the same house at the two dates had moved during the 5-year period but by the time of the census had returned to their 1985 residence. Other persons who were living in a different house had made one or more intermediate moves. For similar reasons, the number of persons living in a different county, MSA/PMSA, or State or moving between nonmetropolitan areas may be understated.

Comparability—Similar questions were asked on all previous censuses beginning in 1940, except the questions in 1950 referred to residence 1 year earlier rather than 5 years earlier. Although the questions in the 1940 census covered a 5-year period, comparability with that census was reduced somewhat because of different definitions and categories of tabulation. Comparability with the 1960 and 1970 census is also somewhat reduced because nonresponse was not allocated in those earlier censuses. For the 1980 census, nonresponse was allocated in a manner similar to the 1990 allocation scheme.

SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND LABOR FORCE STATUS

Tabulation of data on enrollment, educational attainment, and labor force status for the population 16 to 19 years old allows for calculation of the proportion of the age group who are not enrolled in school and not high school graduates or "dropouts" and an unemployment rate for the "dropout" population. Definitions of the three topics and descriptions of the census items from which they were derived are presented in "Educational Attainment," "Employment Status," and "School Enrollment and Type of School." The published tabulations include both the civilian and Armed Forces populations, but labor force status is provided for the civilian population only. Therefore, the component labor force statuses may not add to the total lines *enrolled in school, high school graduate, and not high school graduate*. The difference is Armed Forces.

Comparability—The tabulation of school enrollment by labor force status is similar to that published in 1980 census reports. The 1980 census tabulation included a single data line for Armed Forces; however, enrollment, attainment, and labor force status data were shown for the civilian population only. In 1970, a tabulation was included for 16 to 21 year old males not attending school.

SCHOOL ENROLLMENT AND TYPE OF SCHOOL

Data on school enrollment were derived from answers to questionnaire item 11, which was asked of a sample of persons. Persons were classified as enrolled in school if they reported attending a "regular" public or private school or college at any time between February 1, 1990, and the time of enumeration. The question included instructions to "include only nursery school, kindergarten, elementary school, and schooling which would lead to a high school diploma or a college degree" as regular school. Instructions included in the 1990 respondent instruction guide, which was mailed with the census questionnaire, further specified that enrollment in a trade or business school, company training, or tutoring were not to be included unless the course would be accepted for credit at a regular elementary school, high school, or college. Persons who did not answer the enrollment question were assigned the enrollment status and type of school of a person with the same age, race or Hispanic origin, and, at older ages, sex, whose residence was in the same or a nearby area.

Public and Private School—Includes persons who attended school in the reference period and indicated they were enrolled by marking one of the questionnaire categories for either "public school, public college" or "private school, private college." The instruction guide defines a public school as "any school or college controlled and supported by a local, county, State, or Federal Government." Schools supported and controlled primarily by religious organizations or other private groups are defined as private. Persons who filled both the "public" and "private" circles are edited to the first entry, "public."

Level of School in Which Enrolled—Persons who were enrolled in school were classified as enrolled in "preprimary school," "elementary or high school," or "college" according to their response to question 12 (years of school completed or highest degree received). Persons who were enrolled and reported completing nursery school or less were classified as enrolled in "preprimary school," which includes kindergarten. Similarly, enrolled persons who had completed at least kindergarten, but not high school, were classified as enrolled in elementary or high school. Enrolled persons who reported completing high school or some college or having received a post-secondary degree were classified as enrolled in "college." Enrolled persons who reported completing the twelfth grade but receiving "NO DIPLOMA" were classified as enrolled in high school. (For more information on level of school, see the discussion under "Educational Attainment.")

Comparability—School enrollment questions have been included in the census since 1840; grade attended was first asked in 1940; type of school was first asked in 1960. Before 1940, the enrollment question in various censuses referred to attendance in the preceding six months or the preceding year. In 1940, the reference was to attendance in the month preceding the census, and in the 1950 and subsequent censuses, the question referred to attendance in the two months preceding the census date.

Until the 1910 census, there were no instructions limiting the kinds of schools in which enrollment was to be counted. Starting in 1910, the instructions indicated that attendance at "school, college, or any educational institution" was to be counted. In 1930 an instruction to include "night school" was added. In the 1940 instructions, night school, extension school, or vocational school were included only if the school was part of the regular school system. Correspondence school work of any kind was excluded. In the 1950 instructions, the term "regular school" was introduced, and it was defined as schooling which "advances a person towards an elementary or high school diploma or a college, university, or professional school degree." Vocational, trade, or business schools were excluded unless they were graded and considered part of a regular school system. On-the-job training was excluded, as was nursery school. Instruction by correspondence was excluded unless it was given by a regular school and counted towards promotion.

In 1960, the question used the term "regular school or college" and a similar, though expanded, definition of "regular" was included in the instructions, which continued to exclude nursery school. Because of the census' use of mailed questionnaires, the 1960 census was the first in which instructions were written for the respondent as well as enumerators. In the 1970 census, the questionnaire used the phrase "regular school or college" and included instructions to "count nursery school, kindergarten, and schooling which leads to an elementary school certificate, high school diploma, or college degree." Instructions in a separate document specified that to be counted as regular

school, nursery school must include instruction as an important and integral phase of its program, and continued the exclusion of vocational, trade, and business schools. The 1980 census question was very similar to the 1970 question, but the separate instruction booklet did not require that nursery school include substantial instructional content in order to be counted.

The age range for which enrollment data have been obtained and published has varied over the censuses. Information on enrollment was recorded for persons of all ages in the 1930 and 1940 and 1970 through 1990; for persons under age 30, in 1950; and for persons age 5 to 34, in 1960. Most of the published enrollment figures referred to persons age 5 to 20 in the 1930 census, 5 to 24 in 1940, 5 to 29 in 1950, 5 to 34 in 1960, 3 to 34 in 1970, and 3 years old and over in 1980. This growth in the age group whose enrollment was reported reflects increased interest in the number of children in preprimary schools and in the number of older persons attending colleges and universities.

In the 1950 and subsequent censuses, college students were enumerated where they lived while attending college, whereas in earlier censuses, they generally were enumerated at their parental homes. This change should not affect the comparability of national figures on college enrollment since 1940; however, it may affect the comparability over time of enrollment figures at sub-national levels.

Type of school was first introduced in the 1960 census, where a separate question asked the enrolled persons whether they were in a "public" or "private" school. Since the 1970 census, the type of school was incorporated into the response categories for the enrollment question and the terms were changed to "public," "parochial," and "other private." In the 1980 census, "private, church related" and "private, not church related" replaced "parochial" and "other private."

Grade of enrollment was first available in the 1940 census, where it was obtained from responses to the question on highest grade of school completed. Enumerators were instructed that "for a person still in school, the last grade completed will be the grade preceding the one in which he or she was now enrolled." From 1950 to 1980, grade of enrollment was obtained from the highest grade attended in the two-part question used to measure educational attainment. (For more information, see the discussion under "Educational Attainment.") The form of the question from which level of enrollment was derived in the 1990 census most closely corresponds to the question used in 1940. While data from prior censuses can be aggregated to provide levels of enrollment comparable to the 1990 census, 1990 data cannot be disaggregated to show single grade of enrollment as in previous censuses.

Data on school enrollment were also collected and published by other Federal, State, and local government agencies. Where these data were obtained from administrative records of school systems and institutions of higher learning, they were only roughly comparable with data from population censuses and household surveys because of

differences in definitions and concepts, subject matter covered, time references, and enumeration methods. At the local level, the difference between the location of the institution and the residence of the student may affect the comparability of census and administrative data. Differences between the boundaries of school districts and census geographic units also may affect these comparisons.

SELF-CARE LIMITATION STATUS

The data on self-care limitation status were derived from answers to questionnaire item 19b, which was asked of a sample of persons 15 years old and over. Persons were identified as having a self-care limitation if they had a health condition that had lasted for 6 or more months and which made it difficult to take care of their own personal needs, such as dressing, bathing, or getting around inside the home.

The term "health condition" referred to both physical and mental conditions. A temporary health problem, such as a broken bone that was expected to heal normally was not considered a health condition.

Comparability—This was the first time that a question on self-care limitation was included in the census.

SEX

The data on sex were derived from answers to questionnaire item 3, which was asked of all persons. For most cases in which sex was not reported, it was determined by the appropriate entry from the person's given name and household relationship. Otherwise, sex was imputed according to the relationship to the householder and the age and marital status of the person. For more information on imputation, see Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data.

Sex Ratio—A measure derived by dividing the total number of males by the total number of females and multiplying by 100.

Comparability—A question on the sex of individuals has been asked of the total population in every census.

VETERAN STATUS

Data on veteran status, period of military service, and years of military service were derived from answers to questionnaire item 17, which was asked of a sample of persons.

Veteran Status—The data on veteran status were derived from responses to question 17a. For census data products, a "civilian veteran" is a person 16 years old or over who had served (even for a short time) but is not now

serving on active duty in the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or the Coast Guard, or who served as a Merchant Marine seaman during World War II. Persons who served in the National Guard or military Reserves are classified as veterans only if they were ever called or ordered to active duty not counting the 4-6 months for initial training or yearly summer camps. All other civilians 16 years old and over are classified as nonveterans.

Period of Military Service—Persons who indicated in question 17a that they had served on active duty (civilian veterans) or were now on active duty were asked to indicate in question 17b the period or periods in which they served. Persons serving in at least one wartime period are classified in their most recent wartime period. For example, persons who served both during the Korean conflict and the post-Korean peacetime era between February 1955 and July 1964 are classified in one of the two "Korean conflict" categories. If the same person had also served during the Vietnam era, he or she would instead be included in the "Vietnam era and Korean conflict" category. The responses were edited to eliminate inconsistencies between reported period(s) of service and the age of the person and to cancel out reported combinations of periods containing unreasonable gaps (for example, a person could not serve during World War I and the Korean conflict without serving during World War II). Note that the period of service categories shown in this report are mutually exclusive.

Years of Military Service—Persons who indicated in question 17a that they had served on active duty (civilian veterans) or were now on active duty were asked to report the total number of years of active-duty service in question 17c. The data were edited for consistency with responses to question 17b (Period of Military Service) and with the age of the person.

Limitation of the Data—There may be a tendency for the following kinds of persons to report erroneously that they served on active duty in the Armed Forces: (a) persons who served in the National Guard or military Reserves but were never called to active duty; (b) civilian employees or volunteers for the USO, Red Cross, or the Department of Defense (or its predecessor Departments, War and Navy); and (c) employees of the Merchant Marine or Public Health Service. There may also be a tendency for persons to erroneously round up months to the nearest year in question 17c (for example, persons with 1 year 8 months of active duty military service may mistakenly report "2 years").

Comparability—Since census data on veterans were based on self-reported responses, they may differ from data from other sources such as administrative records of the Department of Defense. Census data may also differ from Veterans Administration data on the benefits-eligible population, since factors determining eligibility for veterans benefits differ from the rules for classifying veterans in the census.

The wording of the question on veteran status (17a) for 1990 was expanded from the veteran/not veteran question in 1980 to include questions on current active duty status and service in the military Reserves and the National Guard. The expansion was intended to clarify the appropriate response for persons in the Armed Forces and for persons who served in the National Guard or military Reserve units only. For the first time in a census, service during World War II as a Merchant Marine Seaman was considered active-duty military service and persons with such service were counted as veterans. An additional period of military service, "September 1980 or later" was added in 1990. As in 1970 and 1980, persons reporting more than one period of service are shown in the most recent wartime period of service category. Question 17c (Years of Military Service) was new for 1990.

WORK DISABILITY STATUS

The data on work disability were derived from answers to questionnaire item 18, which was asked of a sample of persons 15 years old and over. Persons were identified as having a work disability if they had a health condition that had lasted for 6 or more months and which limited the kind or amount of work they could do at a job or business. A person was limited in the kind of work he or she could do if the person had a health condition which restricted his or her choice of jobs. A person was limited in the amount of work if he or she was not able to work full-time. Persons with a work disability were further classified as "Prevented from working" or "Not prevented from working."

The term "health condition" referred to both physical and mental conditions. A temporary health problem, such as a broken bone that was expected to heal normally, was not considered a health condition.

Comparability—The wording of the question on work disability was the same in 1990 as in 1980. Information on work disability was first collected in 1970. In that census, the work disability question did not contain a clause restricting the definition of disability to limitations caused by a health condition that had lasted 6 or more months; however, it did contain a separate question about the duration of the disability.

WORK STATUS IN 1989

The data on work status in 1989 were derived from answers to questionnaire item 31, which was asked of a sample of persons. Persons 16 years old and over who worked 1 or more weeks according to the criteria described below are classified as "Worked in 1989." All other persons 16 years old and over are classified as "Did not work in 1989." Some tabulations showing work status in 1989 include 15 year olds; these persons, by definition, are classified as "Did not work in 1989."

Weeks Worked in 1989

The data on weeks worked in 1989 were derived from responses to questionnaire item 31b. Question 31b (Weeks Worked in 1989) was asked of persons 16 years old and over who indicated in question 31a that they worked in 1989.

The data pertain to the number of weeks during 1989 in which a person did any work for pay or profit (including paid vacation and paid sick leave) or worked without pay on a family farm or in a family business. Weeks of active service in the Armed Forces are also included.

Usual Hours Worked Per Week Worked in 1989

The data on usual hours worked per week worked in 1989 were derived from answers to questionnaire item 31c. This question was asked of persons 16 years old and over who indicated that they worked in 1989.

The data pertain to the number of hours a person usually worked during the weeks worked in 1989. The respondent was to report the number of hours worked per week in the majority of the weeks he or she worked in 1989. If the hours worked per week varied considerably during 1989, the respondent was to report an approximate average of the hours worked per week. The statistics on usual hours worked per week in 1989 are not necessarily related to the data on actual hours worked during the census reference week (question 21b).

Persons 16 years old and over who reported that they usually worked 35 or more hours each week during the weeks they worked are classified as "Usually worked full time;" persons who reported that they usually worked 1 to 34 hours are classified as "Usually worked part time."

Year-Round Full-Time Workers—All persons 16 years old and over who usually worked 35 hours or more per week for 50 to 52 weeks in 1989.

Number of Workers in Family in 1989—The term "worker" as used for these data is defined based on the criteria for Work Status in 1989.

Limitation of the Data—It is probable that the number of persons who worked in 1989 and the number of weeks worked are understated since there was some tendency for respondents to forget intermittent or short periods of employment or to exclude weeks worked without pay. There may also be a tendency for persons not to include weeks of paid vacation among their weeks worked; one result may be that the census figures may understate the number of persons who worked "50 to 52 weeks."

Comparability—The data on weeks worked collected in the 1990 census were comparable with data from the 1980, 1970, and 1960 censuses, but may not be entirely comparable with data from the 1940 and 1950 censuses. Since the 1960 census, two separate questions have been

used to obtain this information. The first identified persons with any work experience during the year and, thus, indicated those persons for whom the questions on number of weeks worked applied. In 1940 and 1950, however, the questionnaires contained only a single question on number of weeks worked.

In 1970, persons responded to the question on weeks worked by indicating one of six weeks-worked intervals. In 1980 and 1990, persons were asked to enter the specific number of weeks they worked.

YEAR OF ENTRY

The data on year of entry were derived from answers to questionnaire item 10, which was asked of a sample of persons. The question, "When did this person come to the United States to stay?" was asked of persons who indicated in the question on citizenship that they were not born in the United States. (For more information, see the discussion under "Citizenship.")

The 1990 census questions, tabulations, and census data products about citizenship and year of entry include no reference to immigration. All persons who were born and resided outside the United States before becoming residents of the United States have a date of entry. Some of these persons are U.S. citizens by birth (e.g., persons born in Puerto Rico or born abroad of American parents). To avoid any possible confusion concerning the date of entry of persons who are U.S. citizens by birth, the term, "year of entry" is used in this report instead of the term "year of immigration."

Limitation of the Data—The census questions on nativity, citizenship, and year of entry were not designed to measure the degree of permanence of residence in the United States. The phrase, "to stay" was used to obtain the year in which the person became a resident of the United States. Although the respondent was directed to indicate the year he or she entered the country "to stay," it was difficult to ensure that respondents interpreted the phrase correctly.

Comparability—A question on year of entry, (alternately called "year of immigration") was asked in each decennial census from 1890 to 1930, 1970, and 1980. In 1980, the question on year of entry included six arrival time intervals. The number of arrival intervals was expanded to ten in 1990. In 1980, the question on year of entry was asked only of the foreign-born population. In 1990, all persons who responded to the long-form questionnaire and were not born in the United States were to complete the question on year of entry.

HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS

LIVING QUARTERS

Living quarters are classified as either housing units or group quarters. (For more information, see the discussion of "Group Quarters" under Population Characteristics.)

Usually, living quarters are in structures intended for residential use (for example, a one-family home, apartment house, hotel or motel, boarding house, or mobile home). Living quarters also may be in structures intended for nonresidential use (for example, the rooms in a warehouse where a guard lives), as well as in places such as tents, vans, shelters for the homeless, dormitories, barracks, and old railroad cars.

Housing Units—A housing unit is a house, an apartment, a mobile home or trailer, a group of rooms or a single room occupied as separate living quarters or, if vacant, intended for occupancy as separate living quarters. Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants live and eat separately from any other persons in the building and which have direct access from outside the building or through a common hall.

The occupants may be a single family, one person living alone, two or more families living together, or any other group of related or unrelated persons who share living arrangements. For vacant units, the criteria of separateness and direct access are applied to the intended occupants whenever possible. If that information cannot be obtained, the criteria are applied to the previous occupants.

Both occupied and vacant housing units are included in the housing unit inventory, except that recreational vehicles, boats, vans, tents, railroad cars, and the like are included only if they are occupied as someone's usual place of residence. Vacant mobile homes are included provided they are intended for occupancy on the site where they stand. Vacant mobile homes on dealers' sales lots, at the factory, or in storage yards are excluded from the housing inventory.

If the living quarters contains nine or more persons unrelated to the householder or person in charge (a total of at least 10 unrelated persons), it is classified as group quarters. If the living quarters contains eight or fewer persons unrelated to the householder or person in charge, it is classified as a housing unit.

Occupied Housing Units—A housing unit is classified as occupied if it is the usual place of residence of the person or group of persons living in it at the time of enumeration, or if the occupants are only temporarily absent; that is, away on vacation or business. If all the persons staying in the unit at the time of the census have their usual place of residence elsewhere, the unit is classified as vacant. A household includes all the persons who occupy a housing unit as their usual place of residence. By definition, the count of occupied housing units for 100-percent tabulations is the same as the count of households or householders. In sample tabulations, the counts of household and occupied housing units may vary slightly because of different sample weighting methods.

Vacant Housing Units—A housing unit is vacant if no one is living in it at the time of enumeration, unless its occupants are only temporarily absent. Units temporarily occupied at the time of enumeration entirely by persons who have a usual residence elsewhere also are classified as vacant. (For more information, see discussion under "Usual Home Elsewhere.")

New units not yet occupied are classified as vacant housing units if construction has reached a point where all exterior windows and doors are installed and final usable floors are in place. Vacant units are excluded if they are open to the elements; that is, the roof, walls, windows, and/or doors no longer protect the interior from the elements, or if there is positive evidence (such as a sign on the house or in the block) that the unit is condemned or is to be demolished. Also excluded are quarters being used entirely for nonresidential purposes, such as a store or an office, or quarters used for the storage of business supplies or inventory, machinery, or agricultural products.

Hotels, Motels, Rooming Houses, Etc.—Occupied rooms or suites of rooms in hotels, motels, and similar places are classified as housing units only when occupied by permanent residents; that is, persons who consider the hotel as their usual place of residence or have no usual place of residence elsewhere. Vacant rooms or suites of rooms are classified as housing units only in those hotels, motels, and similar places in which 75 percent or more of the accommodations are occupied by permanent residents.

If any of the occupants in a rooming or boarding house live and eat separately from others in the building and have direct access, their quarters are classified as separate housing units.

Staff Living Quarters—The living quarters occupied by staff personnel within any group quarters are separate housing units if they satisfy the housing unit criteria of separateness and direct access; otherwise, they are considered group quarters.

Comparability—The first Census of Housing in 1940 established the "dwelling unit" concept. Although the term became "housing unit" and the definition has been modified slightly in succeeding censuses, the 1990 definition is essentially comparable to previous censuses. There was no change in the housing unit definition between 1980 and 1990.

ACREAGE

The data on acreage were obtained from questionnaire items H5a and H19a. Question H5a was asked at all occupied and vacant one-family houses and mobile homes. Question H19a was asked on a sample basis at occupied and vacant one-family houses and mobile homes.

Question H5a asks whether the house or mobile home is located on a place of 10 or more acres. The intent of this

item is to exclude owner-occupied and renter-occupied one-family houses on 10 or more acres from the specified owner- and renter-occupied universes for value and rent tabulations.

Question H19a provides data on whether the unit is located on less than 1 acre. The main purpose of this item, in conjunction with question H19b on agricultural sales, is to identify farm units. (For more information, see discussion under "Farm Residence.")

For both items, the land may consist of more than one tract or plot. These tracts or plots are usually adjoining; however, they may be separated by a road, creek, another piece of land, etc.

Comparability—Question H5a is similar to that asked in 1970 and 1980. This item was asked for the first time of mobile home occupants in 1990. Question H19a is an abbreviated form of a question asked on a sample basis in 1980. In previous censuses, information on city or suburban lot and number of acres was obtained also.

AGRICULTURAL SALES

Data on the sales of agricultural crops were obtained from questionnaire item H19b, which was asked on a sample basis at occupied one-family houses and mobile homes located on lots of 1 acre or more. Data for this item exclude units on lots of less than 1 acre, units located in structures containing 2 or more units, and all vacant units. This item refers to the total amount (before taxes and expenses) received in 1989 from the sale of crops, vegetables, fruits, nuts, livestock and livestock products, and nursery and forest products, produced on "this property." Respondents new to a unit were asked to estimate total agricultural sales in 1989 even if some portion of the sales had been made by other occupants of the unit.

This item is used mainly to classify housing units as farm or nonfarm residences, not to provide detailed information on the sale of agricultural products. Detailed information on the sale of agricultural products is provided by the Census Bureau's Census of Agriculture (*Factfinder for the Nation: Agricultural Statistics*, Bureau of the Census, 1989). (For more information, see the discussion under "Farm Residence.")

BEDROOMS

The data on bedrooms were obtained from questionnaire item H9, which was asked at both occupied and vacant housing units. This item was asked on a sample basis. The number of bedrooms is the count of rooms designed to be used as bedrooms; that is, the number of rooms that would be listed as bedrooms if the house or apartment were on the market for sale or for rent. Included are all rooms intended to be used as bedrooms even if

they currently are being used for some other purpose. A housing unit consisting of only one room, such as a one-room efficiency apartment, is classified, by definition, as having no bedroom.

Comparability—Data on bedrooms have been collected in every census since 1960. In 1970 and 1980, data for bedrooms were shown only for year-round units. In past censuses, a room was defined as a bedroom if it was used mainly for sleeping even if also used for other purposes. Rooms that were designed to be used as bedrooms but used mainly for other purposes were not considered to be bedrooms. A distribution of housing units by number of bedrooms calculated from data collected in a 1986 test showed virtually no differences in the two versions except in the two bedroom category, where the previous "use" definition showed a slightly lower proportion of units.

BOARDED-UP STATUS

Boarded-up status was obtained from questionnaire item C2 and was determined for all vacant units. Boarded-up units have windows and doors covered by wood, metal, or masonry to protect the interior and to prevent entry into the building. A single-unit structure, a unit in a multi-unit structure, or an entire multi-unit structure may be boarded-up in this way. For certain census data products, boarded-up units are shown only for units in the "Other vacant" category. A unit classified as "Usual home elsewhere" can never be boarded up. (For more information, see the discussion under "Usual Home Elsewhere.")

Comparability—This item was first asked in the 1980 census and was shown only for year-round vacant housing units. In 1990, data are shown for all vacant housing units.

BUSINESS ON PROPERTY

The data for business on property were obtained from questionnaire item H5b, which was asked at all occupied and vacant one-family houses and mobile homes. This question is used to exclude owner-occupied one-family houses with business or medical offices on the property from certain statistics on financial characteristics.

A business must be easily recognizable from the outside. It usually will have a separate outside entrance and have the appearance of a business, such as a grocery store, restaurant, or barber shop. It may be either attached to the house or mobile home or be located elsewhere on the property. Those housing units in which a room is used for business or professional purposes and have no recognizable alterations to the outside are *not* considered as having a business. Medical offices are considered businesses for tabulation purposes.

Comparability—Data on business on property have been collected since 1940.

CONDOMINIUM FEE

The data on condominium fee were obtained from questionnaire item H25, which was asked at owner-occupied condominiums. This item was asked on a sample basis. A condominium fee normally is charged monthly to the owners of the individual condominium units by the condominium owners association to cover operating, maintenance, administrative, and improvement costs of the common property (grounds, halls, lobby, parking areas, laundry rooms, swimming pool, etc.) The costs for utilities and/or fuels may be included in the condominium fee if the units do not have separate meters.

Data on condominium fees may include real estate tax and/or insurance payments for the common property, but do not include real estate taxes or fire, hazard, and flood insurance for the individual unit already reported in questions H21 and H22.

Amounts reported were the regular monthly payment, even if paid by someone outside the household or remain unpaid. Costs were estimated as closely as possible when exact costs were not known.

The data from this item were added to payments for mortgages (both first and junior mortgages and home equity loans); real estate taxes; fire, hazard, and flood insurance payments; and utilities and fuels to derive "Selected Monthly Owner Costs" and "Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1989" for condominium owners.

Comparability—This is a new item in 1990.

CONDOMINIUM STATUS

The data on condominium housing units were obtained from questionnaire item H18, which was asked on a sample basis at both occupied and vacant housing units. Condominium is a type of ownership that enables a person to own an apartment or house in a development of similarly owned units and to hold a common or joint ownership in some or all of the common areas and facilities such as land, roof, hallways, entrances, elevators, swimming pool, etc. Condominiums may be single-family houses as well as units in apartment buildings. A condominium unit need not be occupied by the owner to be counted as such. A unit classified as "mobile home or trailer" or "other" (see discussion under "Units in Structure") cannot be a condominium unit.

Limitation of the Data—Testing done prior to the 1980 and 1990 censuses indicated that the number of condominiums may be slightly overstated.

Comparability—In 1970, condominiums were grouped together with cooperative housing units, and the data were reported only for owner-occupied cooperatives and condominiums. Beginning in 1980, the census identified all

condominium units and the data were shown for renter-occupied and vacant year-round condominiums as well as owner occupied. In 1970 and 1980, the question on condominiums was asked on a 100-percent basis. In 1990, it was asked on a sample basis.

CONTRACT RENT

The data on contract rent (also referred to as "rent asked" for vacant units) were obtained from questionnaire item H7a, which was asked at all occupied housing units that were rented for cash rent and all vacant housing units that were for rent at the time of enumeration.

Housing units that are renter occupied without payment of cash rent are shown separately as "No cash rent" in census data products. The unit may be owned by friends or relatives who live elsewhere and who allow occupancy without charge. Rent-free houses or apartments may be provided to compensate caretakers, ministers, tenant farmers, sharecroppers, or others.

Contract rent is the monthly rent agreed to or contracted for, regardless of any furnishings, utilities, fees, meals, or services that may be included. For vacant units, it is the monthly rent asked for the rental unit at the time of enumeration.

If the contract rent includes rent for a business unit or for living quarters occupied by another household, the respondent was instructed to report that part of the rent estimated to be for his or her unit only. Respondents were asked to report rent only for the housing unit enumerated and to exclude any rent paid for additional units or for business premises.

If a renter pays rent to the owner of a condominium or cooperative, and the condominium fee or cooperative carrying charge is also paid by the renter to the owner, the respondent was instructed to include the fee or carrying charge.

If a renter receives payments from lodgers or roomers who are listed as members of the household, the respondent was instructed to report the rent without deduction for any payments received from the lodgers or roomers. The respondent was instructed to report the rent agreed to or contracted for even if paid by someone else such as friends or relatives living elsewhere, or a church or welfare agency.

In some tabulations, contract rent is presented for all renter-occupied housing units, as well as specified renter-occupied and vacant-for-rent units. Specified renter-occupied and specified vacant-for-rent units exclude one-family houses on 10 or more acres. (For more information on rent, see the discussion under "Gross Rent.")

Median and Quartile Contract Rent—The median divides the rent distribution into two equal parts. Quartiles divide the rent distribution into four equal parts. In computing median and quartile contract rent, units reported as "No

cash rent" are excluded. Median and quartile rent calculations are rounded to the nearest whole dollar. (For more information on medians and quartiles, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

Aggregate Contract Rent—To calculate aggregate contract rent, the amount assigned for the category "Less than \$80" is \$50. The amount assigned to the category "\$1,000 or more" is \$1,250. Mean contract rent is rounded to the nearest whole dollar. (For more information on aggregates and means, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

Limitation of the Data—In the 1970 and 1980 censuses, contract rent for vacant units had high allocation rates, about 35 percent.

Comparability—Data on this item have been collected since 1930. For 1990, quartiles were added because the range of rents and values in the United States has increased in recent years. Upper and lower quartiles can be used to note large rent and value differences among various geographic areas.

DURATION OF VACANCY

The data for duration of vacancy (also referred to as "months vacant") were obtained from questionnaire item D, which was completed by census enumerators. The statistics on duration of vacancy refer to the length of time (in months and years) between the date the last occupants moved from the unit and the time of enumeration. The data, therefore, do not provide a direct measure of the total length of time units remain vacant.

For newly constructed units which have never been occupied, the duration of vacancy is counted from the date construction was completed. For recently converted or merged units, the time is reported from the date conversion or merger was completed. Units occupied by an entire household with a usual home elsewhere are assigned to the "Less than 1 month" interval.

Comparability—Similar data have been collected since 1960. In 1970 and 1980, these data were shown only for year-round vacant housing units. In 1990, these data are shown for all vacant housing units.

FARM RESIDENCE

The data on farm residence were obtained from questionnaire items H19a and H19b. An occupied one-family house or mobile home is classified as a farm residence if: (1) the housing unit is located on a property of 1 acre or more, and (2) at least \$1,000 worth of agricultural products were sold from the property in 1989. Group quarters and housing units that are in multi-unit buildings or vacant are not included as farm residences.

A one-family unit occupied by a tenant household paying cash rent for land and buildings is enumerated as a farm residence only if sales of agricultural products from its yard (as opposed to the general property on which it is located) amounted to at least \$1,000 in 1989. A one-family unit occupied by a tenant household that does not pay cash rent is enumerated as a farm residence if the remainder of the farm (including its yard) qualifies as a farm.

Farm residence is provided as an independent data item only for housing units located in rural areas. It may be derived for housing units in urban areas from the data items on acreage and sales of agricultural products on the public-use microdata sample (PUMS) files. (For more information on PUMS, see Appendix F, Data Products and User Assistance.)

The farm population consists of persons in households living in farm residences. Some persons who are counted on a property classified as a farm (including in some cases farm workers) are excluded from the farm population. Such persons include those who reside in multi-unit buildings or group quarters.

Comparability—These are the same criteria that were used to define a farm residence in 1980. In 1960 and 1970, a farm was defined as a place of 10 or more acres with at least \$50 worth of agricultural sales or a place of less than 10 acres with at least \$250 worth of agricultural sales. Earlier censuses used other definitions. Note that the definition of a farm residence differs from the definition of a farm in the Census of Agriculture (*Factfinder for the Nation: Agricultural Statistics*, Bureau of the Census, 1989).

GROSS RENT

Gross rent is the contract rent plus the estimated average monthly cost of utilities (electricity, gas, and water) and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.) if these are paid for by the renter (or paid for the renter by someone else). Gross rent is intended to eliminate differentials which result from varying practices with respect to the inclusion of utilities and fuels as part of the rental payment. The estimated costs of utilities and fuels are reported on a yearly basis but are converted to monthly figures for the tabulations. Renter units occupied without payment of cash rent are shown separately as "No cash rent" in the tabulations. Gross rent is calculated on a sample basis.

Comparability—Data on gross rent have been collected since 1940 for renter-occupied housing units. In 1980, costs for electricity and gas were collected as average monthly costs. In 1990, all utility and fuel costs were collected as yearly costs and divided by 12 to provide an average monthly cost.

GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989

Gross rent as a percentage of household income in 1989 is a computed ratio of monthly gross rent to monthly household income (total household income in 1989 divided by 12). The ratio was computed separately for each unit and was rounded to the nearest whole percentage. Units for which no cash rent is paid and units occupied by households that reported no income or a net loss in 1989 comprise the category "Not computed." This item is calculated on a sample basis.

HOUSE HEATING FUEL

The data on house heating fuel were obtained from questionnaire item H14, which was asked at occupied housing units. This item was asked on a sample basis. The data show the type of fuel used most to heat the house or apartment.

Utility Gas—Includes gas piped through underground pipes from a central system to serve the neighborhood.

Bottled, Tank, or LP Gas—Includes liquid propane gas stored in bottles or tanks which are refilled or exchanged when empty.

Fuel Oil, Kerosene, Etc.—Includes fuel oil, kerosene, gasoline, alcohol, and other combustible liquids.

Wood—Includes purchased wood, wood cut by household members on their property or elsewhere, driftwood, saw-mill or construction scraps, or the like.

Solar Energy—Includes heat provided by sunlight which is collected, stored, and actively distributed to most of the rooms.

Other Fuel—Includes all other fuels not specified elsewhere.

No Fuel Used—Includes units that do not use any fuel or that do not have heating equipment.

Comparability—Data on house heating fuel have been collected since 1940. The category, "Solar energy" is new for 1990.

INSURANCE FOR FIRE, HAZARD, AND FLOOD

The data on fire, hazard, and flood insurance were obtained from questionnaire item H22, which was asked at a sample of owner-occupied one-family houses, condominiums, and mobile homes. The statistics for this item refer to the annual premium for fire, hazard, and flood insurance on

the property (land and buildings); that is, policies that protect the property and its contents against loss due to damage by fire, lightning, winds, hail, flood, explosion, and so on.

Liability policies are included only if they are paid with the fire, hazard, and flood insurance premiums and the amounts for fire, hazard, and flood cannot be separated. Premiums are included even if paid by someone outside the household or remain unpaid. When premiums are paid on other than a yearly basis, the premiums are converted to a yearly basis.

The payment for fire, hazard, and flood insurance is added to payments for real estate taxes, utilities, fuels, and mortgages (both first and junior mortgages and home equity loans) to derive "Selected Monthly Owner Costs" and "Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1989."

A separate question (H23d) determines whether insurance premiums are included in the mortgage payment to the lender(s). This makes it possible to avoid counting these premiums twice in the computations.

Comparability—Data on payment for fire and hazard insurance were collected for the first time in 1980. Flood insurance was not specifically mentioned in the wording of the question in 1980. The question was asked only at owner-occupied one-family houses. Excluded were mobile homes, condominiums, houses with a business or medical office on the property, houses on 10 or more acres, and housing units in multi-unit buildings. In 1990, the question was asked of all one-family owner-occupied houses, including houses on 10 or more acres. It also was asked at mobile homes, condominiums, and one-family houses with a business or medical office on the property.

KITCHEN FACILITIES

Data on kitchen facilities were obtained from questionnaire item H11, which was asked at both occupied and vacant housing units. A unit has complete kitchen facilities when it has all of the following: (1) an installed sink with piped water, (2) a range, cook top and convection or microwave oven, or cookstove, and (3) a refrigerator. All kitchen facilities must be located in the structure. They need not be in the same room. Portable cooking equipment is not considered a range or cookstove. An ice box is not considered to be a refrigerator.

Comparability—Data on complete kitchen facilities were collected for the first time in 1970. Earlier censuses collected data on individual components, such as kitchen sink and type of refrigeration equipment. In 1970 and 1980, data for kitchen facilities were shown only for year-round units. In 1990, data are shown for all housing units.

MEALS INCLUDED IN RENT

The data on meals included in the rent were obtained from questionnaire item H7b, which was asked of all

occupied housing units that were rented for cash and all vacant housing units that were for rent at the time of enumeration.

The statistics on meals included in rent are presented for specified renter-occupied and specified vacant-for-rent units. Specified renter-occupied and specified vacant-for-rent units exclude one-family houses on 10 or more acres. (For more information, see the discussion under "Contract Rent.")

Comparability—This is a new item in 1990. It is intended to measure "congregate" housing, which generally is considered to be housing units where the rent includes meals and other services, such as transportation to shopping and recreation.

MOBILE HOME COSTS

The data on mobile home costs were obtained from questionnaire item H26, which was asked at owner-occupied mobile homes. This item was asked on a sample basis.

These data include the total yearly costs for personal property taxes, land or site rent, registration fees, and license fees on all owner-occupied mobile homes. The instructions are to not include real estate taxes already reported in question H21.

Costs are estimated as closely as possible when exact costs are not known. Amounts are the total for an entire 12-month billing period, even if they are paid by someone outside the household or remain unpaid.

The data from this item are added to payments for mortgages, real estate taxes, fire, hazard, and flood insurance payments, utilities, and fuels to derive selected monthly owner costs for mobile homes owners.

Comparability—This item is new for 1990.

MORTGAGE PAYMENT

The data on mortgage payment were obtained from questionnaire item H23b, which was asked at owner-occupied one-family houses, condominiums, and mobile homes. This item was asked on a sample basis. Question H23b provides the regular monthly amount required to be paid the lender for the first mortgage (deed of trust, contract to purchase, or similar debt) on the property. Amounts are included even if the payments are delinquent or paid by someone else. The amounts reported are included in the computation of "Selected Monthly Owner Costs" and "Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1989" for units with a mortgage.

The amounts reported include everything paid to the lender including principal and interest payments, real estate taxes, fire, hazard, and flood insurance payments, and mortgage insurance premiums. Separate questions determine whether real estate taxes and fire, hazard, and flood

insurance payments are included in the mortgage payment to the lender. This makes it possible to avoid counting these components twice in the computation of "Selected Monthly Owner Costs."

Comparability—Information on mortgage payment was collected for the first time in 1980. It was collected only at owner-occupied one-family houses. Excluded were mobile homes, condominiums, houses with a business or medical office on the property, one-family houses on 10 or more acres, and housing units in multi-unit buildings. In 1990, the questions on monthly mortgage payments were asked of all owner-occupied one-family houses, including one-family houses on 10 or more acres. They were also asked at mobile homes, condominiums, and one-family houses with a business or medical office.

The 1980 census obtained total regular monthly mortgage payments, including payments on second or junior mortgages, from a single question. Two questions were used in 1990; one for regular monthly payments on first mortgages, and one for regular monthly payments on second or junior mortgages or home equity loans. (For more information, see the discussion under "Second or Junior Mortgage Payment.")

MORTGAGE STATUS

The data on mortgage status were obtained from questionnaire items H23a and H24a, which were asked at owner-occupied one-family houses, condominiums, and mobile homes. "Mortgage" refers to all forms of debt where the property is pledged as security for repayment of the debt. It includes such debt instruments as deeds of trust, trust deeds, contracts to purchase, land contracts, junior mortgages and home equity loans.

A mortgage is considered a first mortgage if it has prior claim over any other mortgage or if it is the only mortgage on the property. All other mortgages, (second, third, etc.) are considered junior mortgages. A home equity loan is generally a junior mortgage. If no first mortgage is reported, but a junior mortgage or home equity loan is reported, then the loan is considered a first mortgage.

In most census data products, the tabulations for "Selected Monthly Owner Costs" and "Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1989" usually are shown separately for units "with a mortgage" and for units "not mortgaged." The category "not mortgaged" is comprised of housing units owned free and clear of debt.

Comparability—A question on mortgage status was included in the 1940 and 1950 censuses, but not in the 1960 and 1970 censuses. The item was reinstated in 1980 along with a separate question dealing with the existence of second or junior mortgages. In 1980, the mortgage status questions were asked at owner-occupied one-family houses on less than 10 acres. Excluded were mobile homes,

condominiums, houses with a business or medical office, houses on 10 or more acres, and housing units in multi-unit buildings. In 1990, the questions were asked of all one-family owner-occupied housing units, including houses on 10 or more acres. They were also asked at mobile homes, condominiums, and houses with a business or medical office.

PERSONS IN UNIT

This item is based on the 100-percent count of persons in occupied housing units. All persons occupying the housing unit are counted, including the householder, occupants related to the householder, and lodgers, roomers, boarders, and so forth.

The data on "persons in unit" show the number of housing units occupied by the specified number of persons. The phrase "persons in unit" is used for housing tabulations, "persons in households" for population items. Figures for "persons in unit" match those for "persons in household" for 100-percent data products. In sample products, they may differ because of the weighting process.

Median Persons in Unit—In computing median persons in unit, a whole number is used as the midpoint of an interval; thus, a unit with 4 persons is treated as an interval ranging from 3.5 to 4.5 persons. Median persons is rounded to the nearest hundredth. (For more information on medians, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

Persons in Occupied Housing Units—This is the total population minus those persons living in group quarters. "Persons per occupied housing unit" is computed by dividing the population living in housing units by the number of occupied housing units.

PERSONS PER ROOM

"Persons per room" is obtained by dividing the number of persons in each occupied housing unit by the number of rooms in the unit. Persons per room is rounded to the nearest hundredth. The figures shown refer, therefore, to the number of occupied housing units having the specified ratio of persons per room.

Mean Persons Per Room—This is computed by dividing persons in housing units by the aggregate number of rooms. This is intended to provide a measure of utilization. A higher mean may indicate a greater degree of utilization or crowding; a low mean may indicate under-utilization. (For more information on means, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

PLUMBING FACILITIES

The data on plumbing facilities were obtained from questionnaire item H10, which was asked at both occupied and vacant housing units. This item was asked on a

sample basis. Complete plumbing facilities include hot and cold piped water, a flush toilet, and a bathtub or shower. All three facilities must be located inside the house, apartment, or mobile home, but not necessarily in the same room. Housing units are classified as lacking complete plumbing facilities when any of the three facilities are not present.

Comparability—The 1990 data on complete plumbing facilities are not strictly comparable with the 1980 data. In 1980, complete plumbing facilities were defined as hot and cold piped water, a bathtub or shower, and a flush toilet in the housing unit for the exclusive use of the residents of that unit. In 1990, the Census Bureau dropped the requirement of exclusive use from the definition of complete plumbing facilities. Of the 2.3 million year-round housing units classified in 1980 as lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use, approximately 25 percent of these units had complete plumbing but the facilities were also used by members of another household. From 1940 to 1970, separate and more detailed questions were asked on piped water, bathing, and toilet facilities. In 1970 and 1980, the data on plumbing facilities were shown only for year-round units.

POVERTY STATUS OF HOUSEHOLDS IN 1989

The data on poverty status of households were derived from answers to the income questions. The income items were asked on a sample basis. Households are classified below the poverty level when the total 1989 income of the family or of the nonfamily householder is below the appropriate poverty threshold. The income of persons living in the household who are unrelated to the householder is not considered when determining the poverty status of a household, nor does their presence affect the household size in determining the appropriate poverty threshold. The poverty thresholds vary depending upon three criteria: size of family, number of children, and age of the family householder or unrelated individual for one and two-persons households. (For more information, see the discussion of "Poverty Status in 1989" and "Income in 1989" under Population Characteristics.)

REAL ESTATE TAXES

The data on real estate taxes were obtained from questionnaire item H21, which was asked at owner-occupied one-family houses, condominiums, and mobile homes. The statistics from this question refer to the total amount of all real estate taxes on the entire property (land and buildings) payable in 1989 to all taxing jurisdictions, including special assessments, school taxes, county taxes, and so forth.

Real estate taxes include State, local, and all other real estate taxes even if delinquent, unpaid, or paid by someone who is not a member of the household. However, taxes due from prior years are not included. If taxes are paid on other than a yearly basis, the payments are converted to a yearly basis.

The payment for real estate taxes is added to payments for fire, hazard, and flood insurance; utilities and fuels; and mortgages (both first and junior mortgages and home equity loans) to derive "Selected Monthly Owner Costs" and "Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1989." A separate question (H23c) determines whether real estate taxes are included in the mortgage payment to the lender(s). This makes it possible to avoid counting taxes twice in the computations.

Comparability—Data for real estate taxes were collected for the first time in 1980. The question was asked only at owner-occupied one-family houses. Excluded were mobile homes or trailers, condominiums, houses with a business or medical office on the property, houses on 10 or more acres, and housing units in multi-unit buildings. In 1990, the question was asked of all one-family owner-occupied houses, including houses on 10 or more acres. It also was asked at mobile homes, condominiums, and one-family houses with a business or medical office on the property.

ROOMS

The data on rooms were obtained from questionnaire item H3, which was asked at both occupied and vacant housing units. The statistics on rooms are in terms of the number of housing units with a specified number of rooms. The intent of this question is to count the number of whole rooms used for living purposes.

For each unit, rooms include living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, enclosed porches suitable for year-round use, and lodger's rooms. Excluded are strip or pullman kitchens, bathrooms, open porches, balconies, halls or foyers, half-rooms, utility rooms, unfinished attics or basements, or other unfinished space used for storage. A partially divided room is a separate room only if there is a partition from floor to ceiling, but not if the partition consists solely of shelves or cabinets.

Median Rooms—This measure divides the room distribution into two equal parts, one-half of the cases falling below the median number of rooms and one-half above the median. In computing median rooms, the whole number is used as the midpoint of the interval; thus, the category "3 rooms" is treated as an interval ranging from 2.5 to 3.5 rooms. Median rooms is rounded to the nearest tenth. (For more information on medians, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

Aggregate Rooms—To calculate aggregate rooms, an arbitrary value of "10" is assigned to rooms for units falling within the terminal category, "9 or more." (For more information on aggregates and means, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

Comparability—Data on rooms have been collected since 1940. In 1970 and 1980, these data were shown only for year-round housing units. In 1990, these data are shown for all housing units.

SECOND OR JUNIOR MORTGAGE PAYMENT

The data on second or junior mortgage payments were obtained from questionnaire items H24a and H24b, which were asked at owner-occupied one-family houses, condominiums, and mobile homes. Question H24a asks whether a second or junior mortgage or a home equity loan exists on the property. Question H24b provides the regular monthly amount required to be paid to the lender on all second or junior mortgages and home equity loans. Amounts are included even if the payments are delinquent or paid by someone else. The amounts reported are included in the computation of "Selected Monthly Owner Costs" and "Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1989" for units with a mortgage.

All mortgages other than first mortgages are classified as "junior" mortgages. A second mortgage is a junior mortgage that gives the lender a claim against the property that is second to the claim of the holder of the first mortgage. Any other junior mortgage(s) would be subordinate to the second mortgage. A home equity loan is a line of credit available to the borrower that is secured by real estate. It may be placed on a property that already has a first or second mortgage, or it may be placed on a property that is owned free and clear.

If the respondents answered that no first mortgage existed, but a second mortgage did (as in the above case with a home equity loan), a computer edit assigned the unit a first mortgage and made the first mortgage monthly payment the amount reported in the second mortgage. The second mortgage data were then made "No" in question H24a and blank in question H24b.

Comparability—The 1980 census obtained total regular monthly mortgage payments, including payments on second or junior mortgages, from one single question. Two questions were used in 1990: one for regular monthly payments on first mortgages, and one for regular monthly payments on second or junior mortgages and home equity loans.

SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS

The data on selected monthly owner costs were obtained from questionnaire items H20 through H26 for a sample of owner-occupied one-family houses, condominiums, and mobile homes. Selected monthly owner costs is the sum of payments for mortgages, deeds of trust, contracts to purchase, or similar debts on the property (including payments for the first mortgage, second or junior mortgages, and home equity loans); real estate taxes; fire, hazard, and flood insurance on the property; utilities (electricity, gas, and water); and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.). It also includes, where appropriate, the monthly condominium fee for condominiums and mobile home costs (personal property taxes, site rent, registration fees, and license fees) for mobile homes.

In certain tabulations, selected monthly owner costs are presented separately for specified owner-occupied housing units (owner-occupied one-family houses on fewer than 10 acres without a business or medical office on the property), owner-occupied condominiums, and owner-occupied mobile homes. Data usually are shown separately for units "with a mortgage" and for units "not mortgaged."

Median Selected Monthly Owner Costs—This measure is rounded to the nearest whole dollar.

Comparability—The components of selected monthly owner costs were collected for the first time in 1980. The 1990 tabulations of selected monthly owner costs for specified owner-occupied housing units are virtually identical to 1980, the primary difference was the amounts of the first and second mortgages were collected in separate questions in 1990, while the amounts were collected in a single question in 1980. The component parts of the item were tabulated for mobile homes and condominiums for the first time in 1990.

In 1980, costs for electricity and gas were collected as average monthly costs. In 1990, all utility and fuel costs were collected as yearly costs and divided by 12 to provide an average monthly cost.

SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1989

The information on selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of household income in 1989 is the computed ratio of selected monthly owner costs to monthly household income in 1989. The ratio was computed separately for each unit and rounded to the nearest whole percentage. The data are tabulated separately for specified owner-occupied units, condominiums, and mobile homes.

Separate distributions are often shown for units "with a mortgage" and for units "not mortgaged." Units occupied by households reporting no income or a net loss in 1989 are included in the "not computed" category. (For more information, see the discussion under "Selected Monthly Owner Costs.")

Comparability—The components of selected monthly owner costs were collected for the first time in 1980. The tabulations of "Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1989" for specified owner-occupied housing units are comparable to 1980.

SEWAGE DISPOSAL

The data on sewage disposal were obtained from questionnaire item H16, which was asked at both occupied and vacant housing units. This item was asked on a sample basis. Housing units are either connected to a public sewer, to a septic tank or cesspool, or they dispose

of sewage by other means. A public sewer may be operated by a government body or by a private organization. A housing unit is considered to be connected to a septic tank or cesspool when the unit is provided with an underground pit or tank for sewage disposal. The category, "Other means" includes housing units which dispose of sewage in some other way.

Comparability—Data on sewage disposal have been collected since 1940. In 1970 and 1980, data were shown only for year-round housing units. In 1990, data are shown for all housing units.

SOURCE OF WATER

The data on source of water were obtained from questionnaire item H15, which was asked at both occupied and vacant housing units. Housing units may receive their water supply from a number of sources. A common source supplying water to five or more units is classified as a "Public system or private company." The water may be supplied by a city, county, water district, water company, etc., or it may be obtained from a well which supplies water to five or more housing units. If the water is supplied from a well serving four or fewer housing units, the units are classified as having water supplied by either an "Individual drilled well" or an "Individual dug well." Drilled wells or small diameter wells are usually less than 1-1/2 feet in diameter. Dug wells are usually larger than 1-1/2 feet wide and generally hand dug. The category, "Some other source" includes water obtained from springs, creeks, rivers, lakes, cisterns, etc.

Comparability—Data on source of water have been collected since 1940. In 1970 and 1980, data were shown only for year-round housing units. In 1990, data are shown for all housing units.

TELEPHONE IN HOUSING UNIT

The data on telephones were obtained from questionnaire item H12, which was asked at occupied housing units. This item was asked on a sample basis. A telephone must be inside the house or apartment for the unit to be classified as having a telephone. Units where the respondent uses a telephone located inside the building but not in the respondent's living quarters are classified as having no telephone.

Comparability—Data on telephones in 1980 are comparable to 1990. The 1960 and 1970 censuses collected data on telephone availability. A unit was classified as having a telephone available if there was a telephone number on which occupants of the unit could be reached. The telephone could have been in another unit, in a common hall, or outside the building.

TENURE

The data for tenure were obtained from questionnaire item H4, which was asked at all occupied housing units. All occupied housing units are classified as either owner occupied or renter occupied.

Owner Occupied—A housing unit is owner occupied if the owner or co-owner lives in the unit even if it is mortgaged or not fully paid for. The owner or co-owner must live in the unit and usually is the person listed in column 1 of the questionnaire. The unit is "Owned by you or someone in this household with a mortgage or loan" if it is being purchased with a mortgage or some other debt arrangement such as a deed of trust, trust deed, contract to purchase, land contract, or purchase agreement. The unit is also considered owned with a mortgage if it is built on leased land and there is a mortgage on the unit.

A housing unit is "Owned by you or someone in this household free and clear (without a mortgage)" if there is no mortgage or other similar debt on the house, apartment, or mobile home including units built on leased land if the unit is owned outright without a mortgage. Although owner-occupied units are divided between mortgaged and owned free and clear on the questionnaire, census data products containing 100-percent data show only total owner-occupied counts. More extensive mortgage information was collected on the long-form questionnaire and are shown in census products containing sample data. (For more information, see the discussion under "Mortgage Status.")

Renter Occupied—All occupied housing units which are not owner occupied, whether they are rented for cash rent or occupied without payment of cash rent, are classified as renter occupied. "No cash rent" units are separately identified in the rent tabulations. Such units are generally provided free by friends or relatives or in exchange for services such as resident manager, caretaker, minister, or tenant farmer. Housing units on military bases also are classified in the "No cash rent" category. "Rented for cash rent" includes units in continuing care, sometimes called life care arrangements. These arrangements usually involve a contract between one or more individuals and a health services provider guaranteeing the individual shelter, usually a house or apartment, and services, such as meals or transportation to shopping or recreation.

Comparability—Data on tenure have been collected since 1890. In 1970, the question on tenure also included a category for condominium and cooperative ownership. In 1980, condominium units and cooperatives were dropped from the tenure item, and since 1980, only condominium units are identified in a separate question.

For 1990, the response categories were expanded to allow the respondent to report whether the unit was owned with a mortgage or free and clear (without a mortgage). The distinction between units owned with a mortgage and units owned free and clear was added in 1990 to improve

the count of owner-occupied units. Research after the 1980 census indicated some respondents did not consider their units owned if they had a mortgage.

UNITS IN STRUCTURE

The data on units in structure (also referred to as "type of structure") were obtained from questionnaire item H2, which was asked at all housing units. A structure is a separate building that either has open spaces on all sides or is separated from other structures by dividing walls that extend from ground to roof. In determining the number of units in a structure, all housing units, both occupied and vacant, are counted. Stores and office space are excluded.

The statistics are presented for the number of housing units in structures of specified type and size, not for the number of residential buildings.

1-Unit, Detached—This is a 1-unit structure detached from any other house; that is, with open space on all four sides. Such structures are considered detached even if they have an adjoining shed or garage. A one-family house that contains a business is considered detached as long as the building has open space on all four sides. Mobile homes or trailers to which one or more permanent rooms have been added or built also are included.

1-Unit, Attached—This is a 1-unit structure that has one or more walls extending from ground to roof separating it from adjoining structures. In row houses (sometimes called townhouses), double houses, or houses attached to non-residential structures, each house is a separate, attached structure if the dividing or common wall goes from ground to roof.

2 or More Units—These are units in structures containing 2 or more housing units, further categorized as units in structures with 2, 3 or 4, 5 to 9, 10 to 19, 20 to 49, and 50 or more units.

Mobile Home or Trailer—Both occupied and vacant mobile homes to which no permanent rooms have been added are counted in this category. Mobile homes or trailers used only for business purposes or for extra sleeping space and mobile homes or trailers for sale on a dealer's lot, at the factory, or in storage are not counted in the housing inventory.

Other—This category is for any living quarters occupied as a housing unit that does not fit the previous categories. Examples that fit this category are houseboats, railroad cars, campers, and vans.

Comparability—Data on units in structure have been collected since 1940 and on mobile homes and trailers since 1950. In 1970 and 1980, these data were shown only for year-round housing units. In 1990, these data are

shown for all housing units. In 1980, the data were collected on a sample basis. The category, "Boat, tent, van, etc." was replaced in 1990 by the category "Other." In some areas, the proportion of units classified as "Other" is far larger than the number of units that were classified as "Boat, tent, van, etc." in 1980.

USUAL HOME ELSEWHERE

The data for usual home elsewhere are obtained from questionnaire item B, which was completed by census employees. A housing unit temporarily occupied at the time of enumeration entirely by persons with a usual residence elsewhere is classified as vacant. The occupants are classified as having a "Usual home elsewhere" and are counted at the address of their usual place of residence. Typical examples are people in a vacation home, persons renting living quarters temporarily for work, and migrant workers.

Limitation of the Data—Evidence from previous censuses suggests that in some areas enumerators marked units as "vacant—usual home elsewhere" when they should have marked "vacant—regular."

Comparability—Data for usual home elsewhere was tabulated for the first time in 1980.

UTILITIES

The data on utility costs were obtained from questionnaire items H20a through H20d, which were asked of occupied housing units. These items were asked on a sample basis.

Questions H20a through H20d asked for the yearly cost of utilities (electricity, gas, water) and other fuels (oil, coal, wood, kerosene, etc.). For the tabulations, these yearly amounts are divided by 12 to derive the average monthly cost and are then included in the computation of "Gross Rent," "Gross Rent as a Percentage of Household Income in 1989," "Selected Monthly Owner Costs," and "Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1989."

Costs are recorded if paid by or billed to occupants, a welfare agency, relatives, or friends. Costs that are paid by landlords, included in the rent payment, or included in condominium or cooperative fees are excluded.

Limitation of the Data—Research has shown that respondents tended to overstate their expenses for electricity and gas when compared to utility company records. There is some evidence that this overstatement is reduced when yearly costs are asked rather than monthly costs. Caution should be exercised in using these data for direct analysis because costs are not reported for certain kinds of units

such as renter-occupied units with all utilities included in the rent and owner-occupied condominium units with utilities included in the condominium fee.

Comparability—The data on utility costs have been collected since 1980 for owner-occupied housing units, and since 1940 for renter-occupied housing units. In 1980, costs for electricity and gas were collected as average monthly costs. In 1990, all utility and fuel costs were collected as yearly costs and divided by 12 to provide an average monthly cost.

VACANCY STATUS

The data on vacancy status were obtained from questionnaire item C1, which was completed by census enumerators. Vacancy status and other characteristics of vacant units were determined by enumerators obtaining information from landlords, owners, neighbors, rental agents, and others. Vacant units are subdivided according to their housing market classification as follows:

For Rent—These are vacant units offered "for rent," and vacant units offered either "for rent" or "for sale."

For Sale Only—These are vacant units being offered "for sale only," including units in cooperatives and condominium projects if the individual units are offered "for sale only."

Rented or Sold, Not Occupied—If any money rent has been paid or agreed upon but the new renter has not moved in as of the date of enumeration, or if the unit has recently been sold but the new owner has not yet moved in, the vacant unit is classified as "rented or sold, not occupied."

For Seasonal, Recreational, or Occasional Use—These are vacant units used or intended for use only in certain seasons or for weekend or other occasional use throughout the year.

Seasonal units include those used for summer or winter sports or recreation, such as beach cottages and hunting cabins. Seasonal units also may include quarters for such workers as herders and loggers. Interval ownership units, sometimes called shared-ownership or time-sharing condominiums, also are included here.

For Migrant Workers—These include vacant units intended for occupancy by migratory workers employed in farm work during the crop season. (Work in a cannery, a freezer plant, or a food-processing plant is not farm work.)

Other Vacant—If a vacant unit does not fall into any of the classifications specified above, it is classified as "other vacant." For example, this category includes units held for occupancy by a caretaker or janitor, and units held for personal reasons of the owner.

Homeowner Vacancy Rate—This is the percentage relationship between the number of vacant units for sale and the total homeowner inventory. It is computed by dividing the number of vacant units for sale only by the sum of the owner-occupied units and the number of vacant units that are for sale only.

Rental Vacancy Rate—This is the percentage relationship of the number of vacant units for rent to the total rental inventory. It is computed by dividing the number of vacant units for rent by the sum of the renter-occupied units and the number of vacant units for rent.

Comparability—Data on vacancy status have been collected since 1940. For 1990, the category, "seasonal/recreational/occasional use" combined vacant units classified in 1980 as "seasonal or migratory" and "held for occasional use." Also, in 1970 and 1980, housing characteristics generally were presented only for year-round units. In 1990, housing characteristics are shown for all housing units.

VALUE

The data on value (also referred to as "price asked" for vacant units) were obtained from questionnaire item H6, which was asked at housing units that were owned, being bought, or vacant for sale at the time of enumeration. Value is the respondent's estimate of how much the property (house and lot, mobile home and lot, or condominium unit) would sell for if it were for sale. If the house or mobile home was owned or being bought, but the land on which it sits was not, the respondent was asked to estimate the combined value of the house or mobile home and the land. For vacant units, value was the price asked for the property.

Value was tabulated separately for all owner-occupied and vacant-for-sale housing units, owner-occupied and vacant-for-sale mobile homes or trailers, and specified owner-occupied and specified vacant-for-sale housing units. Specified owner-occupied and specified vacant-for-sale housing units include only one-family houses on fewer than 10 acres without a business or medical office on the property. The data for "specified units" exclude mobile homes, houses with a business or medical office, houses on 10 or more acres, and housing units in multi-unit buildings.

Median and Quartile Value—The median divides the value distribution into two equal parts. Quartiles divide the value distribution into four equal parts. These measures are rounded to the nearest hundred dollars. (For more information on medians and quartiles, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

Aggregate Value—To calculate aggregate value, the amount assigned for the category "Less than \$10,000" is \$9,000. The amount assigned to the category "\$500,000 or more"

is \$600,000. Mean value is rounded to the nearest hundred dollars. (For more information on aggregates and means, see the discussion under "Derived Measures.")

Comparability—In 1980, value was asked only at owner-occupied or vacant-for-sale one-family houses on fewer than 10 acres with no business or medical office on the property and at all owner-occupied or vacant-for-sale condominium housing units. Mobile homes were excluded. Value data were presented for specified owner-occupied housing units, specified vacant-for-sale-only housing units, and owner-occupied condominium housing units.

In 1990, the question was asked at all owner-occupied or vacant-for-sale-only housing units with no exclusions. Data presented for specified owner-occupied and specified vacant-for-sale-only housing units will include one-family condominium houses but not condominiums in multi-unit structures since condominium units are now identified only in long-form questionnaires.

For 1990, quartiles have been added because the range of values and rents in the United States has increased in recent years. Upper and lower quartiles can be used to note large value and rent differences among various geographic areas.

VEHICLES AVAILABLE

The data on vehicles available were obtained from questionnaire item H13, which was asked at occupied housing units. This item was asked on a sample basis. These data show the number of households with a specified number of passenger cars, vans, and pickup or panel trucks of one-ton capacity or less kept at home and available for the use of household members. Vehicles rented or leased for one month or more, company vehicles, and police and government vehicles are included if kept at home and used for nonbusiness purposes. Dismantled or immobile vehicles are excluded. Vehicles kept at home but used only for business purposes also are excluded.

Vehicles Per Household—This is computed by dividing aggregate vehicles available by the number of occupied housing units.

Limitation of the Data—The 1980 census evaluations showed that the number of automobiles was slightly overreported; the number of vans and trucks slightly underreported. The statistics do not measure the number of vehicles privately owned or the number of households owning vehicles.

Comparability—Data on automobiles available were collected from 1960 to 1980. In 1980, a separate question also was asked on the number of trucks and vans. The data on automobiles and trucks and vans were presented

separately and also as a combined vehicles available tabulation. The 1990 data are comparable to the 1980 vehicles available tabulations.

YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT

The data on year householder moved into unit were obtained from questionnaire item H8, which was asked at occupied housing units. This item was asked on a sample basis. These data refer to the year of the latest move by the householder. If a householder moved back into a housing unit he or she previously occupied, the year of the latest move was reported. If the householder moved from one apartment to another within the same building, the year the householder moved into the present apartment was reported. The intent is to establish the year the present occupancy by the householder began. The year that the householder moved in is not necessarily the same year other members of the household moved, although in the great majority of cases an entire household moves at the same time.

Comparability—In 1960 and 1970, this question was asked of every person and included in population reports. This item in housing tabulations refers to the year the householder moved in. In 1980 and 1990, the question was asked only of the householder.

YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT

The data on year structure built were obtained from questionnaire item H17, which was asked at both occupied and vacant housing units. This item was asked on a sample basis. Data on year structure built refer to when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted. For housing units under construction that met the housing unit definition—that is, all exterior windows, doors, and final usable floors were in place—the category “1989 or March 1990” was used. For a houseboat or a mobile home or trailer, the manufacturer’s model year was assumed to be the year built. The figures shown in census data products relate to the number of units built during the specified periods that were still in existence at the time of enumeration.

Median Year Structure Built—The median divides the distribution into two equal parts. The median is rounded to the nearest calendar year. Median age of housing can be obtained by subtracting median year structure built from 1990. For example, if the median year structure built is 1957, the median age of housing in that area is 33 years (1990 minus 1957).

Limitation of the Data—Data on year structure built are more susceptible to errors of response and nonreporting than data on many other items because respondents must rely on their memory or on estimates by persons who have

lived in the neighborhood a long time. Available evidence indicates there is underreporting in the older-year-structure-built categories, especially “Built in 1939 or earlier.” The introduction of the “Don’t know” category (see the discussion on “Comparability”) may have resulted in relatively higher allocation rates. Data users should refer to the discussion in Appendix C, Accuracy of the Data, and to the allocation tables.

Comparability—Data on year structure built were collected for the first time in the 1940 census. Since then, the response categories have been modified to accommodate the 10-year period between each census. In 1990, the category, “Don’t Know,” was added in an effort to minimize the response error mentioned in the paragraph above on limitation of the data.

DERIVED MEASURES

Census data products include various derived measures, such as medians, means, and percentages, as well as certain rates and ratios. Derived measures that round to less than 0.1 are not shown but indicated as zero. In printed reports, zero is indicated by a dash (-).

Interpolation

Interpolation frequently is used in calculating medians or quartiles based on interval data and in approximating standard errors from tables. Linear interpolation is used to estimate values of a function between two known values. “Pareto interpolation” is an alternative to linear interpolation. It is used by the Census Bureau in calculating median income within intervals wider than \$2,500. In Pareto interpolation, the median is derived by interpolating between the logarithms of the upper and lower income limits of the median category.

Mean

This measure represents an arithmetic average of a set of values. It is derived by dividing the sum of a group of numerical items (or aggregate) by the total number of items. Aggregates are used in computing mean values. For example, mean family income is obtained by dividing the aggregate of all income reported by persons in families by the total number of families. (Additional information on means and aggregates is included in the separate explanations of many population and housing subjects.)

Median

This measure represents the middle value in a distribution. The median divides the total frequency into two equal parts: one-half of the cases fall below the median and one-half of the cases exceed the median. The median is

computed on the basis of the distribution as tabulated, which is sometimes more detailed than the distribution shown in specific census publications and other data products.

In reports, if the median falls within the upper interval of the tabulation distribution, the median is shown as the initial value of the interval followed by a plus sign (+); if within the lower interval, the median is shown as the upper value of the category followed by a minus sign (-). For summary tape files, if the median falls within the upper or lower interval, it is set to a specified value. (Additional information on medians is included in the separate explanations of many population and housing subjects.)

Percentages, Rates, and Ratios

These measures are frequently presented in census products to compare two numbers or two sets of measurements. These comparisons are made in two ways: (1)

subtraction, which provides an absolute measure of the difference between two items, and (2) the quotient of two numbers, which provides a relative measure of difference.

Quartile

This measure divides a distribution into four equal parts. The first quartile (or lower quartile) is the value that defines the upper limit of the lowest one-quarter of the cases. The second quartile is the median. The third quartile (or upper quartile) defines the lower limit of the upper one-quarter of the cases in the distribution. The difference between the upper and lower quartiles is called the interquartile range. This interquartile range is less affected by wide variations than is the mean. Quartiles are presented for certain financial characteristics such as housing value and rent.

APPENDIX C.

Accuracy of the Data

CONTENTS

Confidentiality of the Data	C-1
Editing of Unacceptable Data	C-9
Errors in the Data	C-2
Estimation Procedure	C-5
Sample Design	C-1

INTRODUCTION

The data contained in this data product are based on the 1990 census sample. The data are estimates of the actual figures that would have been obtained from a complete count. Estimates derived from a sample are expected to be different from the 100-percent figures because they are subject to sampling and nonsampling errors. Sampling error in data arises from the selection of persons and housing units to be included in the sample. Nonsampling error affects both sample and 100-percent data, and is introduced as a result of errors that may occur during the collection and processing phases of the census. Provided below is a detailed discussion of both types of errors and a description of the estimation procedures.

SAMPLE DESIGN

Every person and housing unit in the United States was asked certain basic demographic and housing questions (for example, race, age, marital status, housing value, or rent). A sample of these persons and housing units was asked more detailed questions about such items as income, occupation, and housing costs in addition to the basic demographic and housing information. The primary sampling unit for the 1990 census was the housing unit, including all occupants. For persons living in group quarters, the sampling unit was the person. Persons in group quarters were sampled at a 1-in-6 rate.

The sample designation method depended on the data collection procedures. Approximately 95 percent of the population was enumerated by the mailback procedure. In these areas, the Bureau of the Census either purchased a commercial mailing list, which was updated by the United States Postal Service and Census Bureau field staff, or prepared a mailing list by canvassing and listing each address in the area prior to Census Day. These lists were computerized and the appropriate units were electronically designated as sample units. The questionnaires were either mailed or hand-delivered to the addresses with instructions to complete and mail back the form.

Housing units in governmental units with a precensus (1988) estimated population of fewer than 2,500 persons were sampled at 1-in-2. Governmental units were defined for sampling purposes as all incorporated places, all counties, all county equivalents such as parishes in Louisiana, and all minor civil divisions in Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin. Housing units in census tracts and block numbering areas (BNA's) with a precensus housing unit count below 2,000 housing units were sampled at 1-in-6 for those portions not in small governmental units (governmental units with a population less than 2,500). Housing units within census tracts and BNA's with 2,000 or more housing units were sampled at 1-in-8 for those portions not in small governmental units.

In list/enumerate areas (about 5 percent of the population), each enumerator was given a blank address register with designated sample lines. Beginning about Census Day, the enumerator systematically canvassed an assigned area and listed all housing units in the address register in the order they were encountered. Completed questionnaires, including sample information for any housing unit listed on a designated sample line, were collected. For all governmental units with fewer than 2,500 persons in list/enumerate areas, a 1-in-2 sampling rate was used. All other list/enumerate areas were sampled at 1-in-6.

Housing units in American Indian reservations, tribal jurisdiction statistical areas, and Alaska Native villages were sampled according to the same criteria as other governmental units, except the sampling rates were based on the size of the American Indian and Alaska Native population in those areas as measured in the 1980 census. Trust lands were sampled at the same rate as their associated American Indian reservations. Census designated places in Hawaii were sampled at the same rate as governmental units because the Census Bureau does not recognize incorporated places in Hawaii.

The purpose of using variable sampling rates was to provide relatively more reliable estimates for small areas and decrease respondent burden in more densely populated areas while maintaining data reliability. When all sampling rates were taken into account across the Nation, approximately one out of every six housing units in the Nation was included in the 1990 census sample.

CONFIDENTIALITY OF THE DATA

To maintain the confidentiality required by law (Title 13, United States Code), the Bureau of the Census applies a confidentiality edit to the 1990 census data to assure that

published data do not disclose information about specific individuals, households, or housing units. As a result, a small amount of uncertainty is introduced into the estimates of census characteristics. The sample itself provides adequate protection for most areas for which sample data are published since the resulting data are estimates of the actual counts; however, small areas require more protection. The edit is controlled so that the basic structure of the data is preserved.

The confidentiality edit is implemented by selecting a small subset of individual households from the internal sample data files and blanking a subset of the data items on these household records. Responses to those data items were then imputed using the same imputation procedures that were used for nonresponse. A larger subset of households is selected for the confidentiality edit for small areas to provide greater protection for these areas. The editing process is implemented in such a way that the quality and usefulness of the data were preserved.

ERRORS IN THE DATA

Since statistics in this data product are based on a sample, they may differ somewhat from 100-percent figures that would have been obtained if all housing units, persons within those housing units, and persons living in group quarters had been enumerated using the same questionnaires, instructions, enumerators, etc. The sample estimate also would differ from other samples of housing units, persons within those housing units, and persons living in group quarters. The deviation of a sample estimate from the average of all possible samples is called the sampling error. The standard error of a sample estimate is a measure of the variation among the estimates from all the possible samples and thus is a measure of the precision with which an estimate from a particular sample approximates the average result of all possible samples. The sample estimate and its estimated standard error permit the construction of interval estimates with prescribed confidence that the interval includes the average result of all possible samples. Described below is the method of calculating standard errors and confidence intervals for the data in this product.

In addition to the variability which arises from the sampling procedures, both sample data and 100-percent data are subject to nonsampling error. Nonsampling error may be introduced during any of the various complex operations used to collect and process census data. For example, operations such as editing, reviewing, or handling questionnaires may introduce error into the data. A detailed discussion of the sources of nonsampling error is given in the section on "Control of Nonsampling Error" in this appendix.

Nonsampling error may affect the data in two ways. Errors that are introduced randomly will increase the variability of the data and should therefore be reflected in the standard error. Errors that tend to be consistent in one

direction will make both sample and 100-percent data biased in that direction. For example, if respondents consistently tend to under-report their income, then the resulting counts of households or families by income category will tend to be understated for the higher income categories and overstated for the lower income categories. Such biases are not reflected in the standard error.

Calculation of Standard Errors

Totals and Percentages—Tables A through C in this appendix contain the information necessary to calculate the standard errors of sample estimates in this data product. To calculate the standard error, it is necessary to know the basic standard error for the characteristic (given in table A or B) that would result under a simple random sample design (of persons, households, or housing units) and estimation technique; the design factor for the particular characteristic estimated (given in table C); and the number of persons or housing units in the tabulation area and the percent of these in the sample. For machine-readable products, the percent-in-sample is included in a data matrix on the file for each tabulation area. In printed reports, the percent-in-sample is provided in data tables at the end of the statistical tables that compose the report. The design factors reflect the effects of the actual sample design and complex ratio estimation procedure used for the 1990 census. Tape purchasers will receive table C, the table of design factors, as a supplement to the technical documentation. Table C is included in this appendix for printed reports.

The steps given below should be used to calculate the standard error of an estimate of a total or a percentage contained in this product. A percentage is defined here as a ratio of a numerator to a denominator where the numerator is a subset of the denominator. For example, the proportion of Black teachers is the ratio of Black teachers to all teachers.

1. Obtain the standard error from table A or B (or use the formula given below the table) for the estimated total or percentage, respectively.
2. Find the geographic area to which the estimate applies in the appropriate percent-in-sample table or appropriate matrix, and obtain the person or housing unit "percent-in-sample" figure for this area. Use the person "percent-in-sample" figure for person and family characteristics. Use the housing unit "percent-in-sample" figure for housing unit characteristics.
3. Use table C to obtain the design factor for the characteristic (for example, employment status, school enrollment) and the range that contains the percent-in-sample with which you are working. Multiply the basic standard error by this factor.

The unadjusted standard errors of zero estimates or of very small estimated totals or percentages will approach zero. This is also the case for very large percentages or

estimated totals that are close to the size of the tabulation areas to which they correspond. Nevertheless, these estimated totals and percentages still are subject to sampling and nonsampling variability, and an estimated standard error of zero (or a very small standard error) is not appropriate. For estimated percentages that are less than 2 or greater than 98, use the basic standard errors in table B that appear in the "2 or 98" row. For an estimated total that is less than 50 or within 50 of the total size of the tabulation area, use a basic standard error of 16.

An illustration of the use of the tables is given in the section entitled "Use of Tables to Compute Standard Errors."

Sums and Differences—The standard errors estimated from these tables are not directly applicable to sums of and differences between two sample estimates. To estimate the standard error of a sum or difference, the tables are to be used somewhat differently in the following three situations:

1. For the sum of or difference between a sample estimate and a 100-percent value, use the standard error of the sample estimate. The complete count value is not subject to sampling error.
2. For the sum of or difference between two sample estimates, the appropriate standard error is approximately the square root of the sum of the two individual standard errors squared; that is, for standard errors:

$SE_{\hat{X}}$ and $SE_{\hat{Y}}$ of estimates \hat{X} and \hat{Y} :

$$SE_{(\hat{X}+\hat{Y})} = SE_{(\hat{X}-\hat{Y})} = \sqrt{(SE_{\hat{X}})^2 + (SE_{\hat{Y}})^2}$$

This method, however, will underestimate (overestimate) the standard error if the two items in a sum are highly positively (negatively) correlated or if the two items in a difference are highly negatively (positively) correlated. This method may also be used for the difference between (or sum of) sample estimates from two censuses or from a census sample and another survey. The standard error for estimates not based on the 1990 census sample must be obtained from an appropriate source outside of this appendix.

3. For the differences between two estimates, one of which is a subclass of the other, use the tables directly where the calculated difference is the estimate of interest. For example, to determine the estimate of non-Black teachers, one may subtract the estimate of Black teachers from the estimate of total teachers. To determine the standard error of the estimate of non-Black teachers apply the above formula directly.

Ratios—Frequently, the statistic of interest is the ratio of two variables, where the numerator is not a subset of the

denominator. For example, the ratio of teachers to students in public elementary schools. The standard error of the ratio between two sample estimates is estimated as follows:

1. If the ratio is a proportion, then follow the procedure outlined for "Totals and Percentages."
2. If the ratio is not a proportion, then approximate the standard error using the formula below.

$$SE_{(\hat{X}/\hat{Y})} = \frac{\hat{X}}{\hat{Y}} \sqrt{\frac{(SE_{\hat{X}})^2}{\hat{X}^2} + \frac{(SE_{\hat{Y}})^2}{\hat{Y}^2}}$$

Medians—For the standard error of the median of a characteristic, it is necessary to examine the distribution from which the median is derived, as the size of the base and the distribution itself affect the standard error. An approximate method is given here. As the first step, compute one-half of the number on which the median is based (refer to this result as $N/2$). Treat $N/2$ as if it were an ordinary estimate and obtain its standard error as instructed above. Compute the desired confidence interval about $N/2$. Starting with the lowest value of the characteristic, cumulate the frequencies in each category of the characteristic until the sum equals or first exceeds the lower limit of the confidence interval about $N/2$. By linear interpolation, obtain a value of the characteristic corresponding to this sum. This is the lower limit of the confidence interval of the median. In a similar manner, continue cumulating frequencies until the sum equals or exceeds the count in excess of the upper limit of the interval about $N/2$. Interpolate as before to obtain the upper limit of the confidence interval for the estimated median.

When interpolation is required in the upper open-ended interval of a distribution to obtain a confidence bound, use 1.5 times the lower limit of the open-ended confidence interval as the upper limit of the open-ended interval.

Confidence Intervals

A sample estimate and its estimated standard error may be used to construct confidence intervals about the estimate. These intervals are ranges that will contain the average value of the estimated characteristic that results over all possible samples, with a known probability. For example, if all possible samples that could result under the 1990 census sample design were independently selected and surveyed under the same conditions, and if the estimate and its estimated standard error were calculated for each of these samples, then:

1. Approximately 68 percent of the intervals from one estimated standard error below the estimate to one estimated standard error above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples;

2. Approximately 90 percent of the intervals from 1.645 times the estimated standard error below the estimate to 1.645 times the estimated standard error above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples.
3. Approximately 95 percent of the intervals from two estimated standard errors below the estimate to two estimated standard errors above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples.

The intervals are referred to as 68 percent, 90 percent, and 95 percent confidence intervals, respectively.

The average value of the estimated characteristic that could be derived from all possible samples is or is not contained in any particular computed interval. Thus, we cannot make the statement that the average value has a certain probability of falling between the limits of the calculated confidence interval. Rather, one can say with a specified probability of confidence that the calculated confidence interval includes the average estimate from all possible samples (approximately the 100-percent value).

Confidence intervals also may be constructed for the ratio, sum of, or difference between two sample figures. This is done by first computing the ratio, sum, or difference, then obtaining the standard error of the ratio, sum, or difference (using the formulas given earlier), and finally forming a confidence interval for this estimated ratio, sum, or difference as above. One can then say with specified confidence that this interval includes the ratio, sum, or difference that would have been obtained by averaging the results from all possible samples.

The estimated standard errors given in this appendix do not include all portions of the variability due to nonsampling error that may be present in the data. The standard errors reflect the effect of simple response variance, but not the effect of correlated errors introduced by enumerators, coders, or other field or processing personnel. Thus, the standard errors calculated represent a lower bound of the total error. As a result, confidence intervals formed using these estimated standard errors may not meet the stated levels of confidence (i.e., 68, 90, or 95 percent). Thus, some care must be exercised in the interpretation of the data in this data product based on the estimated standard errors.

A standard sampling theory text should be helpful if the user needs more information about confidence intervals and nonsampling errors.

Use of Tables to Compute Standard Errors

The following is a hypothetical example of how to compute a standard error of a total and a percentage. Suppose a particular data table shows that for City A 9,948 persons out of all 15,888 persons age 16 years and over were in the civilian labor force. The percent-in-sample

table lists City A with a percent-in-sample of 16.0 percent (Persons column). The column in table C which includes 16.0 percent-in-sample shows the design factor to be 1.1 for "Employment status."

The basic standard error for the estimated total 9,948 may be obtained from table A or from the formula given below table A. In order to avoid interpolation, the use of the formula will be demonstrated here. Suppose that the total population of City A was 21,220. The formula for the basic standard error, SE, is

$$\begin{aligned} SE(9,948) &= \sqrt{5(9,948) (1 - 9,948 / 21,220)} \\ &= 163 \text{ persons.} \end{aligned}$$

The standard error of the estimated 9,948 persons 16 years and over who were in the civilian labor force is found by multiplying the basic standard error 163 by the design factor, 1.1 from table C. This yields an estimated standard error of 179 for the total number of persons 16 years and over in City A who were in the civilian labor force.

The estimated percent of persons 16 years and over who were in the civilian labor force in City A is 62.6. From table B, the unadjusted standard error is found to be approximately 0.85 percentage points. The standard error for the estimated 62.6 percent of persons 16 years and over who were in the civilian labor force is $0.85 \times 1.1 = 0.94$ percentage points.

A note of caution concerning numerical values is necessary. Standard errors of percentages derived in this manner are approximate. Calculations can be expressed to several decimal places, but to do so would indicate more precision in the data than is justifiable. Final results should contain no more than two decimal places when the estimated standard error is one percentage point (i.e., 1.00) or more.

In the previous example, the standard error of the 9,948 persons 16 years and over in City A who were in the civilian labor force was found to be 179. Thus, a 90 percent confidence interval for this estimated total is found to be:

$$\begin{aligned} &[9,948 - 1.645(179)] \text{ to } [9,948 + 1.645(179)] \\ &\qquad\qquad\qquad\text{or} \\ &9,654 \text{ to } 10,242 \end{aligned}$$

One can say, with about 90 percent confidence, that this interval includes the value that would have been obtained by averaging the results from all possible samples.

The following is an illustration of the calculation of standard errors and confidence intervals when a difference between two sample estimates is obtained. For example, suppose the number of persons in City B age 16 years and over who were in the civilian labor force was 9,314 and the total number of persons 16 years and over was 16,666. Further suppose the population of City B was 25,225. Thus, the estimated percentage of persons 16 years and over who were in the civilian labor force is 55.9 percent. The unadjusted standard error determined using the formula provided at the bottom of table B is 0.86

percentage points. We find that City B had a percent-in-sample of 15.7. The range which includes 15.7 percent-in-sample in table C shows the design factor to be 1.1 for "Employment Status." Thus, the approximate standard error of the percentage (55.9 percent) is $0.86 \times 1.1 = 0.95$ percentage points.

Now suppose that one wished to obtain the standard error of the difference between City A and City B of the percentages of persons who were 16 years and over and who were in the civilian labor force. The difference in the percentages of interest for the two cities is:

$$62.6 - 55.9 = 6.7 \text{ percent.}$$

Using the results of the previous example:

$$\begin{aligned} SE(6.7) &= \sqrt{(SE(62.6))^2 + (SE(55.9))^2} = \sqrt{(0.94)^2 + (0.95)^2} \\ &= 1.34 \text{ percentage points} \end{aligned}$$

The 90 percent confidence interval for the difference is formed as before:

$$\begin{aligned} [6.70 - 1.645(1.34)] \text{ to } [6.70 + 1.645(1.34)] \\ \text{or} \\ 4.50 \text{ to } 8.90 \end{aligned}$$

One can say with 90 percent confidence that the interval includes the difference that would have been obtained by averaging the results from all possible samples.

For reasonably large samples, ratio estimates are normally distributed, particularly for the census population. Therefore, if we can calculate the standard error of a ratio estimate then we can form a confidence interval around the ratio. Suppose that one wished to obtain the standard error of the ratio of the estimate of persons who were 16 years and over and who were in the civilian labor force in City A to the estimate of persons who were 16 years and over and who were in the civilian labor force in City B. The ratio of the two estimates of interest is:

$$9948/9314 = 1.07$$

$$\begin{aligned} SE(1.07) &= \left(\frac{9948}{9314}\right) \sqrt{\frac{179^2}{(9948)^2} + \frac{188^2}{(9314)^2}} \\ &= .029 \end{aligned}$$

Using the results above, the 90 percent confidence interval for this ratio would be:

$$\begin{aligned} [1.07 - 1.645(.029)] \text{ to } [1.07 + 1.645(.029)] \\ \text{or} \\ 1.02 \text{ to } 1.12 \end{aligned}$$

ESTIMATION PROCEDURE

The estimates which appear in this publication were obtained from an iterative ratio estimation procedure (iterative proportional fitting) resulting in the assignment of a weight to each sample person or housing unit record. For

any given tabulation area, a characteristic total was estimated by summing the weights assigned to the persons or housing units possessing the characteristic in the tabulation area. Estimates of family or household characteristics were based on the weight assigned to the family member designated as householder. Each sample person or housing unit record was assigned exactly one weight to be used to produce estimates of all characteristics. For example, if the weight given to a sample person or housing unit had the value 6, all characteristics of that person or housing unit would be tabulated with the weight of 6. The estimation procedure, however, did assign weights varying from person to person or housing unit to housing unit. The estimation procedure used to assign the weights was performed in geographically defined "weighting areas." Weighting areas generally were formed of contiguous geographic units which agreed closely with census tabulation areas within counties. Weighting areas were required to have a minimum sample of 400 persons. Weighting areas never crossed State or county boundaries. In small counties with a sample count below 400 persons, the minimum required sample condition was relaxed to permit the entire county to become a weighting area.

Within a weighting area, the ratio estimation procedure for persons was performed in four stages. For persons, the first stage applied 17 household-type groups. The second stage used two groups: sampling rate of 1-in-2; sampling rate less than 1-in-2. The third stage used the dichotomy householders/nonhouseholders. The fourth stage applied 180 aggregate age-sex-race-Hispanic origin categories. The stages were as follows:

PERSONS

STAGE I: TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD

Group	Persons in Housing Units With a Family With Own Children Under 18
1	2 persons in housing unit
2	3 persons in housing unit
3	4 persons in housing unit
4	5 to 7 persons in housing unit
5	8 or more persons in housing unit
	Persons in Housing Units With a Family Without Own Children Under 18
6-10	2 through 8 or more persons in housing unit
	Persons in All Other Housing Units
11	1 person in housing unit
12-16	2 through 8 or more persons in housing unit
	Persons in Group Quarters
17	Persons in Group Quarters

STAGE II: SAMPLING RATES

1	Sampling rate of 1-in-2
2	Sampling rate less than 1-in-2

STAGE III: HOUSEHOLDER/NONHOUSEHOLDER

- 1 Householder
- 2 Nonhouseholder

STAGE IV: AGE/SEX/RACE/HISPANIC ORIGIN

Group	White
	Persons of Hispanic Origin
	Male
1	0 to 4 years
2	5 to 14 years
3	15 to 19 years
4	20 to 24 years
5	25 to 34 years
6	35 to 54 years
7	55 to 64 years
8	65 to 74 years
9	75 years and over
	Female
10-18	Same age categories as groups 1 through 9.
	Persons Not of Hispanic Origin
19-36	Same sex and age categories as groups 1 through 18.
	Black
37-72	Same age/sex/Hispanic origin categories as groups 1 through 36.
	Asian or Pacific Islander
73-108	Same age/sex/Hispanic origin categories as groups 1 through 36.
	American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut
109-144	Same age/sex/Hispanic origin categories as groups 1 through 36.
	Other Race (includes those races not listed above)
145-180	Same age/sex/Hispanic origin categories as groups 1 through 36.

Within a weighting area, the first step in the estimation procedure was to assign an initial weight to each sample person record. This weight was approximately equal to the inverse of the probability of selecting a person for the census sample.

The next step in the estimation procedure, prior to iterative proportional fitting, was to combine categories in each of the four estimation stages, when needed to increase the reliability of the ratio estimation procedure. For each stage, any group that did not meet certain criteria for the unweighted sample count or for the ratio of the 100-percent to the initially weighted sample count, was combined, or collapsed, with another group in the same stage according to a specified collapsing pattern. At the fourth stage, an additional criterion concerning the number of complete count persons in each race/Hispanic origin category was applied.

As the final step, the initial weights underwent four stages of ratio adjustment applying the grouping procedures described above. At the first stage, the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the initial weights for each sample person was computed for each stage I group. The initial weight assigned to each person in a group was then multiplied by the stage I group ratio to produce an adjusted weight.

In stage II, the stage I adjusted weights were again adjusted by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage I weights for sample persons in each stage II group. Next, at stage III, the stage II weights were adjusted by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage II weights for sample persons in each stage III group. Finally, at stage IV, the stage III weights were adjusted by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage III weights for sample persons in each stage IV group. The four stages of ratio adjustment were performed two times (two iterations) in the order given above. The weights obtained from the second iteration for stage IV were assigned to the sample person records. However, to avoid complications in rounding for tabulated data, only whole number weights were assigned. For example, if the final weight of the persons in a particular group was 7.25 then 1/4 of the sample persons in this group were randomly assigned a weight of 8, while the remaining 3/4 received a weight of 7.

The ratio estimation procedure for housing units was essentially the same as that for persons, except that vacant units were treated differently. The occupied housing unit ratio estimation procedure was done in four stages, and the vacant housing unit ratio estimation procedure was done in a single stage. The first stage for occupied housing units applied 16 household type categories, while the second stage used the two sampling categories described above for persons. The third stage applied three units-in-structure categories; i.e. single units, multi-unit less than 10 and multi-unit 10 or more. The fourth stage could potentially use 200 tenure-race-Hispanic origin-value/rent groups. The stages for ratio estimation for housing units were as follows:

OCCUPIED HOUSING UNITS

STAGE I: TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD

Group	Housing Units With a Family With Own Children Under 18
1	2 persons in housing unit
2	3 persons in housing unit
3	4 persons in housing unit
4	5 to 7 persons in housing unit
5	8 or more persons in housing unit
	Housing Units With a Family Without Own Children Under 18
6-10	2 through 8 or more persons in housing unit

STAGE I: TYPE OF HOUSEHOLD—Con.

All Other Housing Units		Renter	
11	1 person in housing unit		White Householder
12-16	2 through 8 or more persons in housing unit		Householder of Hispanic origin
			Rent
		101	Less than \$100
		102	\$100 to \$199
		103	\$200 to \$299
		104	\$300 to \$399
		105	\$400 to \$499
		106	\$500 to \$599
		107	\$600 to \$749
		108	\$750 to \$999
		109	\$1,000 or more
		110	No cash rent
			Householder Not of Hispanic Origin
		111-120	Same rent categories as groups 101 through 110
			Black Householder
		121-140	Same Hispanic origin/rent categories as groups 101 through 120
			Asian or Pacific Islander Householder
		141-160	Same Hispanic origin/rent categories as groups 101 through 120
			American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder
		161-180	Same Hispanic origin/rent categories as groups 101 through 120
			Householder of Other Race
		181-200	Same Hispanic origin/rent categories as groups 101 through 120
			Vacant Housing Units
		1	Vacant for rent
		2	Vacant for sale
		3	Other vacant
			Householder of Other Race
		21-40	Same Hispanic origin/value categories as groups 1 through 20
			Black Householder
		41-60	Same Hispanic origin/value categories as groups 1 through 20
			Asian or Pacific Islander Householder
		61-80	Same Hispanic origin/value categories as groups 1 through 20
			American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Householder
		81-100	Same Hispanic origin/value categories as groups 1 through 20
			Householder of Other Race

¹Value of units in this category results from other factors besides housing value alone, for example, inclusion of more than 10 acres of land, or presence of a business establishment on the premises.

The estimates produced by this procedure realize some of the gains in sampling efficiency that would have resulted if the population had been stratified into the ratio estimation groups before sampling, and if the sampling rate had been applied independently to each group. The net effect is a reduction in both the standard error and the possible bias of most estimated characteristics to levels below what would have resulted from simply using the initial, unadjusted weight. A by-product of this estimation procedure is that the estimates from the sample will, for the most part, be consistent with the complete count figures for the population and housing unit groups used in the estimation procedure.

Control of Nonsampling Error

As mentioned earlier, both sample and 100-percent data are subject to nonsampling error. This component of error could introduce serious bias into the data, and the total error could increase dramatically over that which would result purely from sampling. While it is impossible to completely eliminate nonsampling error from an operation as large and complex as the decennial census, the Bureau of the Census attempted to control the sources of such error during the collection and processing operations. Described below are the primary sources of nonsampling error and the programs instituted for control of this error. The success of these programs, however, was contingent upon how well the instructions actually were carried out during the census. As part of the 1990 census evaluation program, both the effects of these programs and the amount of error remaining after their application will be evaluated.

Undercoverage—It is possible for some households or persons to be missed entirely by the census. The undercoverage of persons and housing units can introduce biases into the data.

Several coverage improvement programs were implemented during the development of the census address list and census enumeration and processing to minimize undercoverage of the population and housing units. These programs were developed based on experience from the 1980 census and results from the 1990 census testing cycle. In developing and updating the census address list, the Census Bureau used a variety of specialized procedures in different parts of the country.

- In the large urban areas, the Census Bureau purchased and geocoded address lists. Concurrent with geocoding, the United States Postal Service (USPS) reviewed and updated this list. After the postal check, census enumerators conducted a dependent canvass and update operation. In the fall of 1989, local officials were given the opportunity to examine block counts of address listings (local review) and identify possible errors. Prior to mailout, the USPS conducted a final review.
- In small cities, suburban areas, and selected rural parts of the country, the Census Bureau created the address list through a listing operation. The USPS reviewed and updated this list, and the Census Bureau reconciled USPS corrections and updated through a field operation. In the fall of 1989, local officials participated in reviewing block counts of address listings. Prior to mailout, the USPS conducted a final review.
- The Census Bureau (rather than the USPS) conducted a listing operation in the fall of 1989 and delivered census questionnaires in selected rural and seasonal housing areas in March of 1990. In some inner-city public housing developments, whose addresses had been obtained via the purchased address list noted above, census questionnaires were also delivered by Census Bureau enumerators.

Coverage improvement programs continued during and after mailout. A recheck of units initially classified as vacant or nonexistent improved further the coverage of persons and housing units. All local officials were given the opportunity to participate in a post-census local review, and census enumerators conducted an additional recanvass. In addition, efforts were made to improve the coverage of unique population groups, such as the homeless and parolees/probationers. Computer and clerical edits and telephone and personal visit followup also contributed to improved coverage.

More extensive discussion of the programs implemented to improve coverage will be published by the Census Bureau when the evaluation of the coverage improvement program is completed.

Respondent and Enumerator Error—The person answering the questionnaire or responding to the questions posed by an enumerator could serve as a source of error, although the questions were phrased as clearly as possible based on precensus tests, and detailed instructions for completing the questionnaire were provided to each household. In addition, respondents' answers were edited for completeness and consistency, and problems were followed up as necessary.

The enumerator may misinterpret or otherwise incorrectly record information given by a respondent; may fail to collect some of the information for a person or household; or may collect data for households that were not designated as part of the sample. To control these problems, the work of enumerators was monitored carefully. Field staff were prepared for their tasks by using standardized training packages that included hands-on experience in using census materials. A sample of the households interviewed by enumerators for nonresponse were reinterviewed to control for the possibility of data for fabricated persons being submitted by enumerators. Also, the estimation procedure was designed to control for biases that would result from the collection of data from households not designated for the sample.

Processing Error—The many phases involved in processing the census data represent potential sources for the introduction of nonsampling error. The processing of the census questionnaires includes the field editing, followup, and transmittal of completed questionnaires; the manual coding of write-in responses; and the electronic data processing. The various field, coding and computer operations undergo a number of quality control checks to insure their accurate application.

Nonresponse—Nonresponse to particular questions on the census questionnaire allows for the introduction of bias into the data, since the characteristics of the nonrespondents have not been observed and may differ from those reported by respondents. As a result, any imputation procedure using respondent data may not completely

reflect this difference either at the elemental level (individual person or housing unit) or on the average. Some protection against the introduction of large biases is afforded by minimizing nonresponse. In the census, nonresponse was reduced substantially during the field operations by the various edit and followup operations aimed at obtaining a response for every question. Characteristics for the nonresponses remaining after this operation were imputed by the computer by using reported data for a person or housing unit with similar characteristics.

EDITING OF UNACCEPTABLE DATA

The objective of the processing operation is to produce a set of data that describes the population as accurately and clearly as possible. To meet this objective, questionnaires were edited during field data collection operations for consistency, completeness, and acceptability. Questionnaires also were reviewed by census clerks for omissions, certain specific inconsistencies, and population coverage. For example, write-in entries such as "Don't know" or "NA" were considered unacceptable. For some district offices, the initial edit was automated; however, for the majority of the district offices, it was performed by clerks. As a result of this operation, a telephone or personal visit followup was made to obtain missing information. Potential coverage errors were included in the followup, as well as a sample of questionnaires with omissions and/or inconsistencies.

Subsequent to field operations, remaining incomplete or inconsistent information on the questionnaires was assigned

using imputation procedures during the final automated edit of the collected data. Imputations, or computer assignments of acceptable codes in place of unacceptable entries or blanks, are needed most often when an entry for a given item is lacking or when the information reported for a person or housing unit on that item is inconsistent with other information for that same person or housing unit. As in previous censuses, the general procedure for changing unacceptable entries was to assign an entry for a person or housing unit that was consistent with entries for persons or housing units with similar characteristics. The assignment of acceptable codes in place of blanks or unacceptable entries enhances the usefulness of the data.

Another way in which corrections were made during the computer editing process was through substitution; that is, the assignment of a full set of characteristics for a person or housing unit. When there was an indication that a housing unit was occupied but the questionnaire contained no information for the people within the household or the occupants were not listed on the questionnaire, a previously accepted household was selected as a substitute, and the full set of characteristics for the substitute was duplicated. The assignment of the full set of housing characteristics occurred when there was no housing information available. If the housing unit was determined to be occupied, the housing characteristics were assigned from a previously processed occupied unit. If the housing unit was vacant, the housing characteristics were assigned from a previously processed vacant unit.

Table A. Unadjusted Standard Error for Estimated Totals

[Based on a 1-in-6 simple random sample]

Estimated Total ¹	Size of publication area ²													
	500	1,000	2,500	5,000	10,000	25,000	50,000	100,000	250,000	500,000	1,000,000	5,000,000	10,000,000	25,000,000
50	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16
100	20	21	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22
250	25	30	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35
500	-	35	45	45	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
1,000	-	-	55	65	65	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70
2,500	-	-	-	80	95	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110
5,000	-	-	-	-	110	140	150	150	160	160	160	160	160	160
10,000	-	-	-	-	-	170	200	210	220	220	220	220	220	220
15,000	-	-	-	-	-	170	230	250	270	270	270	270	270	270
25,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	250	310	340	350	350	350	350	350
75,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	310	510	570	590	610	610	610
100,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	550	630	670	700	700	710
250,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	790	970	1 090	1 100	1 100
500,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 120	1 500	1 540	1 570
1,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 000	2 120	2 190
5,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3 540	4 470
10,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5 480

¹For estimated totals larger than 10,000,000, the standard error is somewhat larger than the table values. The formula given below should be used to calculate the standard error.

$$SE(\hat{Y}) = \sqrt{5\hat{Y}\left(1 - \frac{\hat{Y}}{N}\right)}$$

N = Size of area

\hat{Y} = Estimate of characteristic total

²The total count of persons in the area if the estimated total is a person characteristic, or the total count of housing units in the area if the estimated total is a housing unit characteristic.

Table B. Unadjusted Standard Error in Percentage Points for Estimated Percentage

[Based on a 1-in-6 simple random sample]

Estimated Percentage	Base of percentage ¹													
	500	750	1,000	1,500	2,500	5,000	7,500	10,000	25,000	50,000	100,000	250,000	500,000	
2 or 98	1.4	1.1	1.0	0.8	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	
5 or 95	2.2	1.8	1.5	1.3	1.0	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	
10 or 90	3.0	2.4	2.1	1.7	1.3	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	
15 or 85	3.6	2.9	2.5	2.1	1.6	1.1	0.9	0.8	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	
20 or 80	4.0	3.3	2.8	2.3	1.8	1.3	1.0	0.9	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	
25 or 75	4.3	3.5	3.1	2.5	1.9	1.4	1.1	1.0	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	
30 or 70	4.6	3.7	3.2	2.6	2.0	1.4	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.1	
35 or 65	4.8	3.9	3.4	2.8	2.1	1.5	1.2	1.1	0.7	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2	
50	5.0	4.1	3.5	2.9	2.2	1.6	1.3	1.1	0.7	0.5	0.4	0.2	0.2	

¹For a percentage and/or base of percentage not shown in the table, the formula given below may be used to calculate the standard error. This table should only be used for proportions, that is, where the numerator is a subset of the denominator.

$$SE(\hat{p}) = \sqrt{\frac{5}{B}\hat{p}(100 - \hat{p})}$$

B = Base of estimated percentage

\hat{p} = Estimated percentage

Table C. Standard Error Design Factors—Louisiana

[Percent of persons or housing units in sample]

Characteristic	Less than 15 percent	15 to 30 percent	30 to 45 percent	45 percent or more
POPULATION				
Age.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Sex.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Race.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Hispanic origin (of any race).....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Marital status.....	1.1	1.0	0.6	0.4
Household type and relationship.....	1.3	1.1	0.6	0.5
Children ever born.....	2.7	2.5	1.4	1.2
Work disability and mobility limitation status.....	1.2	1.1	0.6	0.5
Ancestry.....	2.3	1.9	1.1	0.9
Place of birth.....	2.7	2.3	1.6	1.0
Citizenship.....	1.8	1.6	0.9	0.7
Residence in 1985.....	2.1	2.0	1.1	0.9
Year of entry.....	1.4	1.2	0.6	0.6
Language spoken at home and ability to speak English.....	1.7	1.5	0.8	0.6
Educational attainment.....	1.3	1.2	0.6	0.5
School enrollment.....	1.7	1.5	0.8	0.7
Type of residence (urban/rural).....	2.2	2.0	1.0	0.9
Household type.....	1.3	1.1	0.6	0.5
Family type.....	1.2	1.1	0.6	0.5
Group quarters.....	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.5
Subfamily type and presence of children.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Employment status.....	1.2	1.1	0.6	0.5
Industry.....	1.3	1.1	0.6	0.5
Occupation.....	1.2	1.1	0.6	0.5
Class of worker.....	1.4	1.2	0.6	0.5
Hours per week and weeks worked in 1989.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Number of workers in family.....	1.3	1.1	0.6	0.5
Place of work.....	1.4	1.2	0.6	0.5
Means of transportation to work.....	1.4	1.2	0.7	0.5
Travel time to work.....	1.3	1.1	0.6	0.5
Private vehicle occupancy.....	1.4	1.2	0.7	0.5
Time leaving home to go to work.....	1.3	1.1	0.6	0.5
Type of income in 1989.....	1.4	1.2	0.7	0.5
Household income in 1989.....	1.2	1.1	0.6	0.5
Family income in 1989.....	1.2	1.1	0.6	0.5
Poverty status in 1989 (persons).....	1.7	1.5	0.8	0.7
Poverty status in 1989 (families).....	1.2	1.0	0.5	0.5
Armed Forces and veteran status.....	1.5	1.3	0.7	0.6
HOUSING				
Age of householder.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Race of householder.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Hispanic origin of householder.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Type of residence (urban/rural).....	1.0	1.0	0.6	0.6
Condominium status.....	1.2	1.1	0.6	0.5
Units in structure.....	1.2	1.1	0.6	0.5
Tenure.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Occupancy status.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Value.....	1.2	1.1	0.6	0.5
Gross rent.....	1.2	1.1	0.6	0.5
Household income in 1989.....	1.2	1.1	0.6	0.5
Year structure built.....	1.2	1.0	0.5	0.5
Rooms, bedrooms.....	1.2	1.1	0.6	0.5
Kitchen facilities.....	1.4	1.4	0.6	0.5
Source of water, plumbing facilities.....	1.3	1.2	0.6	0.5
Sewage disposal.....	1.2	1.0	0.5	0.5
House heating fuel.....	1.2	1.1	0.6	0.5
Telephone in housing unit.....	1.2	1.1	0.6	0.5
Vehicles available.....	1.2	1.1	0.6	0.5
Year householder moved into structure.....	1.2	1.1	0.6	0.5
Mortgage status and monthly mortgage costs.....	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5
Mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs.....	1.2	1.0	0.5	0.5
Gross rent as a percentage of household income in 1989.....	1.3	1.1	0.6	0.5
Household income in 1989 by selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of income.....	1.2	1.0	0.5	0.5

APPENDIX D.

Collection and Processing Procedures

CONTENTS

Data Collection Procedures	D-2
Enumeration and Residence Rules	D-1
Processing Procedures	D-4

ENUMERATION AND RESIDENCE RULES

In accordance with census practice dating back to the first United States census in 1790, each person was to be enumerated as an inhabitant of his or her "usual residence" in the 1990 census. Usual residence is the place where the person lives and sleeps most of the time or considers to be his or her usual residence. This place is not necessarily the same as the person's legal residence or voting residence. In the vast majority of cases, however, the use of these different bases of classification would produce substantially the same statistics, although there might be appreciable differences for a few areas.

The implementation of this practice has resulted in the establishment of rules for certain categories of persons whose usual place of residence is not immediately apparent. Furthermore, this practice means that persons were not always counted as residents of the place where they happened to be staying on Census Day (April 1, 1990).

Enumeration Rules

Each person whose usual residence was in the United States was to be included in the census, without regard to the person's legal status or citizenship. In a departure from earlier censuses, foreign diplomatic personnel participated voluntarily in the census, regardless of their residence on or off the premises of an embassy. As in previous censuses, persons in the United States specifically excluded from the census were foreign travelers who had not established a residence.

Americans with a usual residence outside the United States were not enumerated in the 1990 census. United States military and Federal civilian employees, and their dependents overseas, are included in the population counts for States for purposes of Congressional apportionment, but are excluded from all other tabulations for States and their subdivisions. The counts of United States military and Federal civilian employees, and their dependents, were obtained from administrative records maintained by Federal departments and agencies. Other Americans living overseas, such as employees of international agencies

and private businesses and students, were not enumerated, nor were their counts obtained from administrative sources. On the other hand, Americans temporarily overseas were to be enumerated at their usual residence in the United States.

Residence Rules

Each person included in the census was to be counted at his or her usual residence—the place where he or she lives and sleeps most of the time or the place where the person considers to be his or her usual home. If a person had no usual residence, the person was to be counted where he or she was staying on April 1, 1990.

Persons temporarily away from their usual residence, whether in the United States or overseas, on a vacation or on a business trip, were counted at their usual residence. Persons who occupied more than one residence during the year were counted at the one they considered to be their usual residence. Persons who moved on or near Census Day were counted at the place they considered to be their usual residence.

Persons in the Armed Forces—Members of the Armed Forces were counted as residents of the area in which the installation was located, either on the installation or in the surrounding community. Family members of Armed Forces personnel were counted where they were living on Census Day (for example, with the Armed Forces person or at another location).

Each Navy ship not deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet was attributed to the municipality that the Department of the Navy designated as its homeport. If the homeport included more than one municipality, ships berthed there on Census Day were assigned by the Bureau of the Census to the municipality in which the land immediately adjacent to the dock or pier was actually located. Ships attributed to the homeport, but not physically present and not deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet, were assigned to the municipality named on the Department of the Navy's homeport list. These rules also apply to Coast Guard vessels.

Personnel assigned to each Navy and Coast Guard ship were given the opportunity to report a residence off the ship. Those who did report an off-ship residence in the communities surrounding the homeport were counted there; those who did not were counted as residents of the ship. Personnel on Navy ships deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet on Census Day were considered to be part of the overseas population.

Persons on Maritime Ships—Persons aboard maritime ships who reported an off-ship residence were counted at that residence. Those who did not were counted as residents of the ship, and were attributed as follows:

1. The port where the ship was docked on Census Day, if that port was in the United States or its territories.
2. The port of departure if the ship was at sea, provided the port was in the United States or its territories.
3. The port of destination in the United States or its territories, if the port of departure of a ship at sea was a foreign port.
4. The overseas population if the ship was docked at a foreign port or at sea between foreign ports. (These persons were not included in the overseas population for apportionment purposes.)

Persons Away at School—College students were counted as residents of the area in which they were living while attending college, as they have been since the 1950 census. Children in boarding schools below the college level were counted at their parental home.

Persons in Institutions—Persons under formally authorized, supervised care or custody, such as in Federal or State prisons; local jails; Federal detention centers; juvenile institutions; nursing, convalescent, and rest homes for the aged and dependent; or homes, schools, hospitals, or wards for the physically handicapped, mentally retarded, or mentally ill, were counted at these places.

Persons Away From Their Usual Residence on Census Day—Migrant agricultural workers who did not report a usual residence elsewhere were counted as residents of the place where they were on Census Day. Persons in worker camps who did not report a usual residence elsewhere were counted as residents of the camp where they were on Census Day.

In some parts of the country, natural disasters displaced significant numbers of households from their usual place of residence. If these persons reported a destroyed or damaged residence as their usual residence, they were counted at that location.

Persons away from their usual residence were counted by means of interviews with other members of their families, resident managers, or neighbors.

DATA COLLECTION PROCEDURES

The 1990 census was conducted primarily through self-enumeration. The questionnaire packet included general information about the 1990 census and an instruction guide explaining how to complete the questionnaire. Spanish-language questionnaires and instruction guides were available on request. Instruction guides also were available in 32 other languages.

Enumeration of Housing Units

Each housing unit in the country received one of two versions of the census questionnaire:

1. A short-form questionnaire that contained a limited number of basic population and housing questions; these questions were asked of all persons and housing units and are often referred to as 100-percent questions.
2. A long-form questionnaire that contained the 100-percent items and a number of additional questions; a sampling procedure was used to determine those housing units that were to receive the long-form questionnaire.

Three sampling rates were employed. For slightly more than one-half of the country, one in every six housing units (about 17 percent) received the long-form or sample questionnaire. In functioning local governmental units (counties and incorporated places, and in some parts of the country, towns and townships) estimated to have fewer than 2,500 inhabitants, every other housing unit (50 percent) received the sample questionnaire in order to enhance the reliability of the sample data for these small areas. For census tracts and block numbering areas having more than 2,000 housing units in the Census Bureau's address files, one in every eight housing units (about 13 percent) received a sample questionnaire, providing reliable statistics for these areas while permitting the Census Bureau to stay within a limit of 17.7 million sample questionnaires, or a one-in-six sample, nationwide.

The mail-out/mail-back procedure was used mainly in cities, suburban areas, towns, and rural areas where mailing addresses consisted of a house number and street name. In these areas, the Census Bureau developed mailing lists that included about 88.4 million addresses. The questionnaires were delivered through the mail and respondents were to return them by mail. Census questionnaires were delivered 1 week before Census Day (April 1, 1990)

The update/leave/mail-back method was used mainly in densely populated rural areas where it was difficult to develop mailing lists because mailing addresses did *not* use house number and street name. The Census Bureau compiled lists of housing units in advance of the census. Enumerators delivered the questionnaires, asked respondents to return them by mail, and added housing units not on the mailing lists. This method was used mainly in the South and Midwest, and also included some high-rise, low-income urban areas. A variation of this method was used in urban areas having large numbers of boarded-up buildings. About 11 million housing units were enumerated using this method.

The list/enumerate method (formerly called conventional or door-to-door enumeration) was used mainly in very remote and sparsely-settled areas. The United States

Postal Service delivered unaddressed short-form questionnaires before Census Day. Starting a week before Census Day, enumerators canvassed these areas, checked that all housing units received a questionnaire, created a list of all housing units, completed long-form questionnaires, and picked up the completed short-form questionnaires. This method was used mainly in the West and Northeast to enumerate an estimated 6.5 million housing units.

Followup

Nonresponse Followup—In areas where respondents were to mail back their questionnaires, an enumerator visited each address from which a questionnaire was not received.

Coverage and Edit-Failure Followup—In the mail-back areas, some households returned a questionnaire that did not meet specific quality standards because of incomplete or inconsistent information, or the respondent had indicated difficulty in deciding who was to be listed on the questionnaire. These households were contacted by telephone or by personal visit to obtain the missing information or to clarify who was to be enumerated in the household. In areas where an enumerator picked up the questionnaires, the enumerator checked the respondent-filled questionnaire for completeness and consistency.

Special Enumeration Procedures

Special procedures and questionnaires were used for the enumeration of persons in group quarters, such as college dormitories, nursing homes, prisons, military barracks, and ships. The questionnaires (Individual Census Reports, Military Census Reports, and Shipboard Census Reports) included the 100-percent population questions but did not include any housing questions. In all group quarters, all persons were asked the basic population questions; in most group quarters, additional questions were asked of a sample (one-in-six) of persons.

Shelter and Street Night (S-Night)

The Census Bureau collected data for various components of the homeless population at different stages in the 1990 census. "Shelter and Street Night" (S-Night) was a special census operation to count the population in four types of locations where homeless people are found. On the evening of March 20, 1990, and during the early morning hours of March 21, 1990, enumerators counted persons in pre-identified locations:

1. Emergency shelters for the homeless population (public and private; permanent and temporary).
2. Shelters with temporary lodging for runaway youths.
3. Shelters for abused women and their children.

4. Open locations in streets or other places not intended for habitation.

Emergency shelters include all hotels and motels costing \$12 or less (excluding taxes) per night regardless of whether persons living there considered themselves to be homeless, hotels and motels (regardless of cost) used entirely to shelter homeless persons, and pre-identified rooms in hotels and motels used for homeless persons and families. Enumeration in shelters usually occurred from 6 p.m. to midnight; street enumeration, from 2 a.m. to 4 a.m.; abandoned and boarded-up buildings from 4 a.m. to 8 a.m.; and shelters for abused women, from 6 p.m. on March 20 to noon on March 21.

Other components, which some consider as part of the homeless population, were enumerated as part of regular census operations. These include persons doubled up with other families, as well as persons with no other usual home living in transient sites, such as commercial campgrounds, maternity homes for unwed mothers, and drug/alcohol abuse detoxification centers. In institutions, such as local jails and mental hospitals, the Census Bureau does not know who has a usual home elsewhere; therefore, even though some are literally homeless, these persons cannot be identified separately as a component of the homeless population.

There is no generally agreed-upon definition of "the homeless," and there are limitations in the census count that prevent obtaining a total count of the homeless population under any definition. As such, the Census Bureau does not have a definition and will not provide a total count of "the homeless." Rather, the Census Bureau will provide counts and characteristics of persons found at the time of the census in *selected* types of living arrangements. These selected components can be used as building blocks to construct a count of homeless persons appropriate to particular purposes as long as the data limitations are taken into account.

In preparation for "Shelter-and-Street-Night" enumeration, the regional census centers (RCC's) mailed a certified letter (Form D-33 (L)) to the highest elected official of each active functioning government of the United States (more than 39,000) requesting them to identify:

1. All shelters with sleeping facilities (permanent and temporary, such as church basements, armories, public buildings, and so forth, that could be open on March 20).
2. Hotels and motels used to house homeless persons and families.
3. A list of outdoor locations where homeless persons tend to be at night.
4. Places such as bus or train stations, subway stations, airports, hospital emergency rooms, and so forth, where homeless persons seek shelter at night.

5. The specific addresses of abandoned or boarded-up buildings where homeless persons were thought to stay at night.

The letter from the RCC's to the governmental units emphasized the importance of listing night-time congregating sites. The list of shelters was expanded using information from administrative records and informed local sources. The street sites were limited to the list provided by the jurisdictions. All governmental units were eligible for "Shelter and Street Night." For cities with 50,000 or more persons, the Census Bureau took additional steps to update the list of shelter and street locations if the local jurisdiction did not respond to the certified letter. Smaller cities and rural areas participated if the local jurisdiction provided the Census Bureau a list of shelters or open public places to visit or if shelters were identified through our inventory development, local knowledge update, or during the Special Place Prelist operation.

The Census Bureau encouraged persons familiar with homeless persons and the homeless themselves to apply as enumerators. This recruiting effort was particularly successful in larger cities.

For shelters, both long- and short-form Individual Census Reports (ICR's) were distributed. For street enumeration, only short-form ICR's were used. Persons in shelters and at street locations were asked the basic population questions. Additional questions about social and economic characteristics were asked of a sample of persons in shelters only.

Enumerators were instructed *not* to ask who was homeless; rather, they were told to count all persons (including children) staying overnight at the shelters, and everyone they saw on the street except the police, other persons in uniform, and persons engaged in employment or obvious money-making activities other than begging and panhandling.

At both shelter and street sites, persons found sleeping were not awakened to answer questions. Rather, the enumerator answered the sex and race questions by observation and estimated the person's age to the best of his or her ability. In shelters, administrative records and information from the shelter operator were used, when available, for persons who were already asleep.

Less than 1 percent of shelters refused to participate in the census count at first. By the end of the census period, most of those eventually cooperated and the number of refusals had been reduced to a few. For the final refusals, head counts and population characteristics were obtained by enumerators standing outside such shelters and counting people as they left in the morning.

The "street" count was restricted to persons who were visible when the enumerator came to the open, public locations that had been identified by local jurisdictions. Homeless persons who were well hidden, moving about, or in locations other than those identified by the local governments were likely missed. The number missed will never be known and there is no basis to make an estimate

of the number missed from census data. The count of persons in open, public places was affected by many factors, including the extra efforts made to encourage people to go to shelters for "Shelter and Street Night," the weather (which was unusually cold in many parts of the country), the presence of the media, and distrust of the census. Expectations of the number of homeless persons on the street cannot be based on the number seen during the day because the night-time situation is normally very different as more homeless persons are in shelters or very well hidden.

For both "Shelter-and-Street-Night" locations, the Census Bureau assumed that the usual home of those enumerated was in the block where they were found (shelter or street).

The "Shelter-and-Street-Night" operation replaced and expanded the 1980 Mission Night (M-Night) and Casual Count operations. These two operations were aimed at counting the population who reported having no usual residence. M-Night was conducted a week after Census Day, in April 1980. Enumerators visited hotels, motels, and similar places costing \$4 or less each night; missions, flophouses, local jails and similar places at which the average length of stay was 30 days or less; and nonshelter locations, such as bus depots, train stations, and all night movie theaters. Questions were asked of everyone, regardless of age. Enumerators conducted M-Night up to midnight on April 8, 1980, and returned the next morning to collect any forms completed after midnight.

The Casual Count operation was conducted in May 1980 at additional nonshelter locations, such as street corners, pool halls, welfare and employment offices. This operation lasted for approximately 2 weeks. Casual Count was conducted during the day only in selected large central cities. Only persons who appeared to be at least 15 years of age were asked if they had been previously enumerated. Casual Count was actually a coverage-improvement operation. It was not specifically an operation to count homeless persons living in the streets. Persons were excluded if they said they had a usual home outside the city because it was not cost effective to check through individual questionnaires in another city to try to find the person.

PROCESSING PROCEDURES

Respondents returned many census questionnaires by mail to 1 of over 344 census district offices or to one of six processing offices. In these offices, the questionnaires were "checked in" and edited for completeness and consistency of the responses. After this initial processing had been performed, all questionnaires were sent to the processing offices.

In the processing offices, the household questionnaires were microfilmed and processed by the Film Optical Sensing Device for Input to Computers (FOSDIC). For most items on the questionnaire, the information supplied

by the respondent was indicated by filling circles in pre-designated positions. FOSDIC electronically "read" these filled circles from the microfilm copy of the questionnaire and transferred the information to computer tape. The computer tape did not include individual names, addresses, or handwritten responses.

The data processing was performed in several stages. All questionnaires were microfilmed, "read" by FOSDIC, and transferred to computer disk. Selected written entries in the race question on both the short and long forms were keyed from the microfilm and coded using the data base developed from the 1980 census and subsequent content and operational tests. Keying of other written entries on the long forms occurred in the seven processing offices.

The information (for example, income dollar amounts or homeowner shelter costs) on these keyed files was merged with the FOSDIC data or processed further through one of three automated coding programs. The codes for industry, occupation, place-of-birth, migration, place-of-work, ancestry, language, relationship, race, and Hispanic origin were merged with the FOSDIC data for editing, weighting, and tabulating operations at Census Bureau headquarters. All responses to the questions on Individual Census Reports (ICR's), Military Census Reports (MCR's), and Shipboard Census Reports (SCR's) were keyed, not processed by microfilm or FOSDIC.



APPENDIX E. Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages

Your Guide for the **1990 U.S. Census Form**

This guide gives helpful information on filling out your census form. If you need more help, call the local U.S. census office. **The telephone number is on the cover of the questionnaire.** After you have filled out your form, please return it in the **envelope** we have provided.

On the inside	Page
How to fill out your census form	2
Example	2
Your answers are confidential	2
Instructions for the census questions	3-11
What the census is about	12
Why the census asks certain questions	12

CENSUS '90



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

D4

How to Fill Out Your Census Form

Please use a black lead pencil only. Black lead pencil is better to use than ballpoint or other pens. Most questions ask you to fill in the circle, or to print the information. See **Example** below.

Make sure you print answers for everyone in this household. If someone in the household, such as a roomer or boarder, does not want to give you all the information for the form, print at least the person's name and answer questions 2 and 3. A census taker will call to get the other information directly from the person.

There may be a question you cannot answer exactly. For example, you might not know the age of an elderly person or the price for which your house would sell. Ask someone else in your household; if no one knows, give your best estimate.

Instructions for individual questions begin on page 3 of this guide. They will help you to understand the questions and answer them correctly.

If you have a question about filling out the census form or need assistance, call the local U.S. census office. **The telephone number is given on the cover of the questionnaire.**

If you do not mail back your census form, a census taker will be sent out to assist you. But it saves time and your taxpayer dollars if you fill out the form yourself and mail it back.

Example

a. Age	b. Year of birth	a. Age	b. Year of birth
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 0 0 0 0	<input type="checkbox"/> 1 8 0 0 0 0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 0 9	<input type="checkbox"/> 1 9 8 1
<input type="checkbox"/> 1 0 1 0 1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 9 1 0 1 0	<input type="checkbox"/> 1 0 1 0 1 0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 9 1 0 1
<input type="checkbox"/> 2 0 2 0	<input type="checkbox"/> 2 0 2 0	<input type="checkbox"/> 2 0 2 0	<input type="checkbox"/> 2 0 2 0
<input type="checkbox"/> 3 0 3 0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 3 0 3 0	<input type="checkbox"/> 3 0 3 0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 3 0 3 0
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 4 0 4 0	<input type="checkbox"/> 4 0 4 0	<input type="checkbox"/> 4 0 4 0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 4 0 4 0
<input type="checkbox"/> 5 0 5 0	<input type="checkbox"/> 5 0 5 0	<input type="checkbox"/> 5 0 5 0	<input type="checkbox"/> 5 0 5 0
<input type="checkbox"/> 6 0 6 0	<input type="checkbox"/> 6 0 6 0	<input type="checkbox"/> 6 0 6 0	<input type="checkbox"/> 6 0 6 0
<input type="checkbox"/> 7 0 7 0	<input type="checkbox"/> 7 0 7 0	<input type="checkbox"/> 7 0 7 0	<input type="checkbox"/> 7 0 7 0
<input type="checkbox"/> 8 0 8 0	<input type="checkbox"/> 8 0 8 0	<input type="checkbox"/> 8 0 8 0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 8 0 8 0
<input type="checkbox"/> 9 0 9 0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 9 0 9 0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 9 0 9 0	<input type="checkbox"/> 9 0 9 0

Your Answers Are Confidential

The law authorizing the census (Title 13, U.S. Code) also provides that your answers are confidential. No one except census workers may see your completed form and they can be fined and/or imprisoned for any disclosure of your answers. Only after 72 years can your individual census form become available to other government agencies (whether federal, state, county, or local). Until then, no other person or business can see your individual report.

The same law that protects the confidentiality of your answers requires that you provide the information asked in this census to the best of your knowledge.

Information collected from the decennial census is used for a variety of statistical purposes. Census information is used to find out where funding is most needed for schools, health centers, highways, and other services. Census results are used by members of public and private groups—including community organizations—and by businesses and industries, as well as by agencies at all levels of government.

Instructions for Questions 1a through 7

- 1a.** List everyone who lives at this address in question 1a. If you are not sure if you should list a person, see the rules on page 1 of the census form. If you are still not sure, answer as best you can and fill in "Yes" for question H1a or H1b, as appropriate.

If there are more than seven people in your household, please list all the persons in question 1a, complete the form for seven people, and mail it back in the enclosed envelope. A census taker will call to obtain the information for the additional persons.

- b.** If everyone listed in question 1a usually lives at another address(es), print the address(es) in 1b.
- 2.** Fill one circle to show how each person is related to the person in column 1. If **Other relative** of the person in column 1, print the exact relationship such as son-in-law, daughter-in-law, grandparent, nephew, niece, mother-in-law, father-in-law, cousin, and so on. If the **Stepson/stepdaughter** of the person in column 1 also has been legally adopted by the person in column 1, mark **Stepson/stepdaughter** but do not mark **Natural-born or adopted son/daughter**. In other words, **Stepson/stepdaughter** takes precedence over **Adopted son/daughter**.

- 4.** Fill ONE circle for the race each person considers himself/herself to be. If you fill the **Indian (Amer.)** circle, print the name of the tribe or tribes in which the person is enrolled. If the person is not enrolled in a tribe, print the name of the principal tribe(s). If you fill the **Other API** circle (under **Asian or Pacific Islander (API)**), **only** print the name of the group to which the person belongs. For example, the **Other API** category includes persons who identify as Burmese, Fijian, Hmong, Indonesian, Laotian, Bangladeshi, Pakistani, Tongan, Thai, Cambodian, Sri Lankan, and so on.

If you fill the **Other race** circle, be sure to print the name of the race.

If the person considers himself/herself to be **White, Black or Negro, Eskimo or Aleut**, fill one circle only. **Please do not print the race in the boxes.**

The **Black or Negro** category also includes persons who identify as African-American, Afro-American, Haitian, Jamaican, West Indian, Nigerian, and so on.

All persons, regardless of citizenship status, should answer this question.

- 5.** Print age at last birthday in the space provided (print "00" for babies less than 1 year old). Fill in the matching circle below each box. Also, print year of birth in the space provided. Then fill in the matching circle below each box. For an illustration of how to complete question 5, see the **Example** on page 2 of this guide.
- 6.** If the person's only marriage was annulled, mark **Never married**.
- 7.** A person is of Spanish/Hispanic origin if the person's origin (ancestry) is Mexican, Mexican-Am., Chicano, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Argentinean, Colombian, Costa Rican, Dominican, Ecuadoran, Guatemalan, Honduran, Nicaraguan, Peruvian, Salvadoran, from other Spanish-speaking countries of the Caribbean or Central or South America, or from Spain.

If you fill the **Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic** circle, print one group.

A person who is not of Spanish/Hispanic origin should answer this question by filling the **No (not Spanish/Hispanic)** circle. Note that the term "**Mexican-Am.**" refers only to persons of Mexican origin or ancestry.

All persons, regardless of citizenship status, should answer this question.

Instructions for Question H1a through H1b

- H1a.** Refer to the list of persons you entered in question 1a on page 1. If you left anyone out of your list because you were not sure if the person(s) should be listed, answer question H1a as **Yes**. Then enter the name(s) and reason(s) why you did not list the person(s) on the lines provided. Otherwise, answer question H1a as **No**.

- b.** If you included anyone on your list even though you were not sure that you should list the person(s), answer question H1b as **Yes**. Then enter the name(s) and reason(s) why you listed the person(s) on the lines provided. Otherwise, answer question H1b as **No**.

Instructions for Questions H2 through H7b

H2. Fill only one circle.

Count all occupied and vacant apartments in the house or building. Do not count stores or office space.

Detached means there is open space on all sides, or the house is joined only to a shed or garage. *Attached* means that the house is joined to another house or building by at least one wall that goes from ground to roof. An example of **A one-family house attached to one or more houses** is a house in a row of houses attached to one another.

A mobile home or trailer that has had one or more rooms added or built onto it should be counted as a *one-family detached house*; a porch or shed is not considered a room.

H3. Count only whole rooms in your house, apartment, or mobile home used for living purposes, such as living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, family rooms, etc. Do not count bathrooms, kitchenettes, strip or pullman kitchens, utility rooms, foyers, halls, half-rooms, porches, balconies, unfinished attics, unfinished basements, or other unfinished space used for storage.

H4. Housing is owned if the owner or co-owner lives in it. Mark **Owned by you or someone in this household with a mortgage or loan** if the house, apartment, or mobile home is mortgaged or there is a contract to purchase. Mark **Owned by you or someone in this household free and clear (without a mortgage)** if there is no mortgage or other debt. If the house, apartment, or mobile home is owned but the land is rented, mark this question to show the status of the house, apartment, or mobile home.

Mark **Rented for cash rent** if any money rent is paid, even if the rent is paid by persons who are not members of your household, or by a federal, state, or local government agency.

Mark **Occupied without payment of cash rent** if the unit is not owned or being bought by the occupants and if money rent is not paid or contracted. The unit may be owned by friends or relatives who live elsewhere and who allow occupancy without charge. A house or apartment may be provided as part of wages or salary. Examples are: caretaker's or janitor's house or apartment; parsonages; tenant farmer or sharecropper houses for which the occupants do not pay cash rent; or military housing.

H5a. Answer H5a and H5b if you live in a one-family house or a mobile home; include only land that you own or rent.

b. A business is easily recognized from the outside; for example, a grocery store or barber shop. A medical office is a doctor's or dentist's office regularly visited by patients.

H6. If this is a house, include the value of the house, the land it is on, and any other structures on the same property. If the house is owned but the land is rented, estimate the combined value of the house and the land. If this is a condominium unit, estimate the value for your house or apartment including your share of the common elements. If this is a mobile home, include the value of the mobile home and the value of the land. If you rent the land, estimate the value of the rented land and add it to the value of the mobile home.

H7a. Report the rent agreed to or contracted for, even if the rent for your house, apartment, or mobile home is unpaid or paid by someone else.

If rent is paid:	Multiply rent by:	If rent is paid:	Divide rent by:
By the day	30	4 times a year	3
By the week	4	2 times a year	6
Every other week	2	Once a year	12

b. Answer **Yes** if meals are included in the monthly rent payment, or you must contract for meals or a meal plan in order to live in this building.

Instructions for Questions H8 through H19b

H8. The *person listed in column 1* refers to the person listed in the first column on page 2. This person should be the household member (or one of the members) in whose name the house, apartment, or mobile home is owned, being bought, or rented. If there is no such person, any adult household member can be the person in column 1. Mark when this person last moved into this house, apartment, or mobile home.

H9. Include all rooms intended to be used as bedrooms in this house, apartment, or mobile home, even if they are currently being used for other purposes.

H10. Mark **Yes, have all three facilities** if you have all the facilities mentioned; all facilities must be in your house, apartment, or mobile home, but not necessarily in the same room. Consider that you have hot water even if you have it only part of the time. Mark **No** if any of the three facilities is not present.

H11. The kitchen sink, stove, and refrigerator must be located in the building but do not have to be in the same room. Portable cooking equipment is not considered as a range or cookstove.

H12. Answer **Yes** only if the telephone is located in your house, apartment, or mobile home.

H13. Count company cars (including police cars and taxicabs) and company trucks of one-ton capacity or less that are regularly kept at home and used by household members for nonbusiness purposes. Do **not** count cars or trucks permanently out of working order.

H14. Fill the circle for the fuel used most to heat your house, apartment, or mobile home. In buildings containing more than one apartment you may obtain this information from the owner, manager, or janitor.

Solar energy is provided by a system that collects, stores, and distributes heat from the sun. **Other fuel** includes any fuel not separately listed; for example, purchased steam, fuel briquettes, waste material, etc.

H15. If a well provides water for five or more houses, apartments, or mobile homes, mark **A public system**. If a well provides water for four or fewer houses, apartments, or mobile homes, fill one of the circles for **Individual well**.

Drilled wells, or small diameter wells, are usually less than 1½ feet in diameter. **Dug wells** are generally hand dug and are larger than 1½ feet wide.

H16. A **public sewer** may be operated by a government body or private organization. A **septic tank** or **cesspool** is an underground tank or pit used for disposal of sewage.

H17. Fill the circle corresponding to the period in which the original construction was completed, *not* the time of any later remodeling, additions, or conversions. In buildings containing more than one apartment, the owner, manager, or janitor may be of help in determining when the building was built.

If you live in a houseboat or a trailer or mobile home, fill the circle corresponding to the model year in which it was manufactured.

If you do not know the period when the building was first constructed, fill the circle for **Don't know**.

H18. A *condominium* is a type of ownership in which the apartments, houses, or mobile homes in a building or development are individually owned, but the common areas, such as lobbies, halls, etc., are jointly owned. Cooperative occupants should mark **No**.

H19a. Answer H19a and H19b if you live in a one-family house or mobile home.

b. *This property* is the acreage on which the house is located; it includes adjoining land you rent for your use. Report sales made in 1989 from this property by you or previous occupants.

Instructions for Questions H20 through H26

H20. If your house or apartment is rented, enter the costs for utilities and fuels **only if you pay for them in addition to the rent entered in H7a.**

If you live in a condominium, enter the costs for utilities and fuels **only if you pay for them in addition to your condominium fee.**

If your fuel and utility costs are already included in your rent or condominium fee, fill the **Included in rent or in condominium fee** circle. Do not enter any dollar amounts.

The amounts to be reported should be the total amount for the past 12 months. Estimate as closely as possible when exact costs are not known. If you have lived in this house or apartment less than 1 year, estimate the yearly cost.

Report amounts even if your bills are unpaid or paid by someone else. If the bills include utilities or fuel used also by another apartment or a business establishment, estimate the amounts for your own house or apartment. If gas and electricity are billed together, enter the combined amount on the electricity line and bracket [] the two utilities.

H21. Report taxes for all taxing jurisdictions (city or town, county, state, school district, etc.) even if they are included in your mortgage payment, not yet paid or paid by someone else, or are delinquent. Do not include taxes past due from previous years.

H22. When premiums are paid on other than a yearly basis, convert to a yearly basis. Enter the yearly amount even if no payment was made during the past 12 months.

H23a. The word *mortgage* is used as a general term to indicate all types of loans that are secured by real estate.

b. Enter a monthly amount even if it is unpaid or paid by someone else. If the amount is paid on some other periodic basis, see the instructions for H7a to change it to a monthly amount.

Include payments on first mortgages and contracts to purchase only. Payments for second or junior mortgages and home equity loans should be reported in H24b.

H24a. A second or junior mortgage or home equity loan is secured by real estate.

b. Enter a monthly amount even if it is unpaid or paid by someone else. If the amount is paid on some other periodic basis, see instructions for H7a and change it to a monthly amount. Include payments on all second or junior mortgages or home equity loans.

H25. A *condominium fee* is normally assessed by the condominium owners' association for the purpose of improving and maintaining the common areas. Enter a monthly amount even if it is unpaid or paid by someone else. If the amount is paid on some other periodic basis, see the instructions for H7a on how to change it to a monthly amount.

H26. Report amount even if your bills are unpaid or paid by someone else. Include payments for personal property taxes, land or site rent, registration fees and license fees. Do not include real estate taxes already reported in H21. The amount to be reported should be the total amount for an entire 12-month billing period even if made in two or more installments. Estimate as closely as possible when exact costs are not known.

Instructions for Question 8

8. For persons born in the United States:

Print the name of the State in which this person was born. If the person was born in Washington, D.C., print District of Columbia. If the person was born in a U.S. territory or commonwealth, print Puerto Rico, U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, or Northern Marianas.

For persons born outside the United States:

Print the name of the foreign country or area where the person was born. Use current boundaries, not boundaries at the time of the person's birth. Specify whether Northern Ireland or the Republic of Ireland (Eire); East or West Germany; North or South Korea; England, Scotland, or Wales (not Great Britain or United Kingdom). Specify the particular country or island in the Caribbean (not, for example, West Indies).

Instructions for Questions 9 through 13

9. A person should fill the **Yes, U.S. citizen by naturalization** circle only if he/she has completed the naturalization process and is now a United States citizen. If the person was born in Puerto Rico, Guam, the U.S. Virgin Islands, or Northern Marianas, he/she should fill the **Yes, born in Puerto Rico, Guam, the U.S. Virgin Islands, or Northern Marianas** circle. If the person was born outside the United States (or at sea) and has at least one American parent, he/she should fill the **Yes, born abroad of American parent or parents** circle.

10. If the person has entered the United States (that is, the 50 states and the District of Columbia) more than once, fill the circle for the latest year he/she came to stay.

11. Do not include enrollment in a trade or business school, company training, or tutoring unless the course would be accepted for credit at a regular elementary school, high school, or college.

A *public school* is any school or college that is controlled and supported primarily by a local, county, State, or Federal Government. Schools are private if supported and controlled primarily by religious organizations or other private groups.

12. Mark the category for the highest grade or level of schooling the person has **successfully completed** or the **highest degree** the person received. If the person is enrolled in school, mark the category containing the highest grade completed (the grade previous to the grade in which enrolled). Schooling completed in foreign or ungraded schools should be reported as the equivalent level of schooling in the regular American school system.

Persons who completed high school by passing an equivalency test, such as the General Educational Development (GED) examination, and did not attend college, should fill the circle for high school graduate.

Do not include vocational certificates or diplomas from vocational, trade, or business schools or colleges unless they were college level associate degrees or higher.

Some examples of *professional school degrees* include medicine, dentistry, chiropractic, optometry, osteopathic medicine, pharmacy, podiatry, veterinary medicine, law, and theology. Do not include barber school, cosmetology, or other training for a specific trade.

Do not include honorary degrees awarded by colleges and universities to individuals for their accomplishments. Include only "earned" degrees.

13. Print the ancestry group. Ancestry refers to the person's ethnic origin or descent, "roots," or heritage. Ancestry also may refer to the country of birth of the person or the person's parents or ancestors before their arrival in the United States. *All* persons, regardless of citizenship status, should answer this question.

Persons who have more than one origin and cannot identify with a single ancestry group may report two ancestry groups (for example, German-Irish).

Be specific. For example, print whether West Indian, Asian Indian, or American Indian. West Indian includes persons whose ancestors came from Jamaica, Trinidad, Haiti, etc. Distinguish Cape Verdean from Portuguese; French Canadian from Canadian; and Dominican Republic from Dominica Island.

A religious group should not be reported as a person's ancestry.

Instructions for Questions 14a through 19

- 14a.** Mark **Yes** if this person lived in this same house or apartment on April 1, 1985, even if he/she moved away and came back since then. Mark **No** if this person lived in the same building but in a different apartment (or in the same mobile home or trailer but on a different lot or trailer site).
- b.** If this person lived in a different house or apartment on April 1, 1985, give the location of this person's usual home at that time.

Part (1)

If the person lived in the United States on April 1, 1985, print the name of the State (or District of Columbia) where he or she lived. Continue with parts (2) through (4).

If the person lived in a U.S. territory or commonwealth, print the name of the territory or commonwealth, such as Puerto Rico, U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, or Northern Marianas. Then go to question 15a.

If the person lived outside the United States, print the name of the foreign country or area where he or she lived. Specify whether Northern Ireland or the Republic of Ireland (Eire); East or West Germany; North or South Korea; England, Scotland or Wales (not Great Britain or United Kingdom). Specify the particular country or island in the Caribbean (not, for example, West Indies). Then go to question 15a.

Part (2)

If the person lived in Louisiana, print the parish name. If the person lived in Alaska, print the borough name. If the person lived in New York city and the county name is not known, print the borough name. If the person lived in an independent city (not in any county) or in Washington, D.C., leave blank and enter the city name in part (3).

Part (3)

If the person lived in New England, print the name of the town rather than the village name, unless the name of the town is not known. If the person lived outside the limits or boundaries of any city or town, print the name of the post office or the nearest town and mark **No**, **lived outside the city/town limits** in part (4).

Part (4)

Mark **Yes** if the location is now inside the city/town limits even if it was not inside the limits on April 1, 1985; that is, if the area was annexed by the city/town since that time.

- 15.** Mark **Yes** if the person sometimes or always speaks a language other than English at home.
- Do not mark **Yes** for a language spoken only at school or if speaking is limited to a few expressions or slang.
- Print the name of the language spoken at home. If this person speaks more than one non-English language and cannot determine which is spoken more often, report the first language the person learned to speak.
- 17a.** For a person with service in the National Guard or a military reserve unit, fill one of the two **Yes, active duty** circles if and only if the person has ever been called up for active duty other than training; otherwise, mark **Yes, service in Reserves or National Guard only**. For a person whose only service was as a civilian employee or volunteer for the Red Cross, USO, Public Health Service, or War or Defense Department, mark **No**. Count **World War II Merchant Marine Seaman service** as active duty; do **not** count other Merchant Marine service as active duty.
- 18.** Mark **Yes** to part (a) if a health condition substantially limits this person in his or her choice of occupation or if the condition limits the amount of work that can be accomplished in a given period of time. Mark **Yes** to part (b) if the health condition prevents this person from holding any significant employment.
- 19.** Consider a person to have difficulty with these activities if any of the following situations apply: (1) it takes extra time or extra effort for the person to perform one or more of the activities, (2) there are times when the person cannot perform one or more of the activities, or (3) the person is completely unable to perform one or more of the activities.

Instructions for Questions 20 through 23b

- 20.** Count all children born alive, including any who have died (even shortly after birth) or who no longer live with you. Do not include miscarriages or stillborn children or any adopted, foster, or stepchildren.

21a. Count as work — Mark **Yes**:

- Work for someone else for wages, salary, piece rate, commission, tips, or payments "in kind" (for example, food, lodging received as payment for work performed).
- Work in own business, professional practice, or farm.
- Any work in a family business or farm, paid or not.
- Any part-time work including babysitting, paper routes, etc.
- Active duty in Armed Forces.

Do not count as work — Mark **No**:

- Housework or yard work at home.
- Unpaid volunteer work.
- School work.
- Work done as a resident of an institution.

- 22a.** Include the street type (for example, St., Road, Ave.) and the street direction (if a direction such as "North" is part of the address). For example, print 1239 N. Main St. or 1239 Main St., N.W. not just 1239 Main.

If the only known address is a post office box, give a description of the work location. For example, print the name of the building or shopping center where the person works, the nearest intersection, the nearest street where the workplace is located, etc. DO NOT GIVE A POST OFFICE BOX NUMBER.

If the person worked at a military installation or military base that has no street address, report the name of the military installation or base.

If the person worked at several locations, but reported to the same location each day to begin work, print the address of the location where he or she reported. If the person did not report to the same location each day to begin work, print the address of the location where he or she worked most last week.

If the person's employer operates in more than one location (such as a grocery store chain or public school system), print the exact address of the location or branch where the person worked. If the exact address of a school is not known, print the name of the school.

If the person worked on a college or university campus and the exact address of the workplace is not known, print the name of the building where he or she worked.

- d.** *If the person worked in New York city and the county is not known, print the name of the borough where the person worked.*

If the person worked in Louisiana, print the name of the parish where the person worked.

If the person worked in Alaska, print the name of the borough where the person worked.

- e.** *If the person worked in a foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc., print the name of the country in 22e and leave the other parts of question 22 blank.*

- 23a.** *If the person usually used more than one type of transportation to get to work (for example, rode the bus and transferred to the subway), fill the circle of the one method of transportation that he/she used for most of the distance during the trip.*

- b.** *If the person was driven to work by someone who then drove back home or to a nonwork destination, fill the circle for **Drove alone**.*

DO NOT include persons who rode to school or some other nonwork destination in the count of persons who rode in the vehicle.

Instructions for Questions 24a through 30

- 24a.** Give the time of day the person usually *left home to go to work*. DO NOT give the time that the person usually began his or her work.
If the person usually left home to go to work sometime *between 12:00 o'clock midnight and 12:00 o'clock noon*, fill the **a.m.** circle.
If the person usually left home to go to work sometime *between 12:00 o'clock noon and 12:00 o'clock midnight*, fill the **p.m.** circle.
- b.** Travel time is from door to door. Include time taken waiting for public transportation or picking up passengers in a carpool.
- 25.** If the person works only during certain seasons or on a day-by-day basis when work is available, mark **No**.
- 26a.** Mark **Yes** if the person tried to get a job or to start a business or professional practice at any time in the last 4 weeks; for example, registered at an employment office, went to a job interview, placed or answered ads, or did anything toward starting a business or professional practice.
- b.** Mark **No**, **already has a job** if the person was on layoff or was expecting to report to a job within 30 days.
Mark **No**, **temporarily ill** if the person expects to be able to work within 30 days.
Mark **No**, **other reasons** if the person could not have taken a job because he or she was going to school, taking care of children, etc.
- 27.** Look at the instructions for question 21a to see what to count as work. Mark **Never worked** if the person: (1) never worked at any kind of job or business, either full or part time, (2) never did any work, with or without pay, in a family business or farm, and (3) never served in the Armed Forces.
- 28a.** If the person worked for a company, business, or government agency, print the name of the company, not the name of the person's supervisor. If the person worked for an individual or a business that had no company name, print the name of the individual worked for. If the person worked in his/her own business, print "self-employed."
- b.** Print two or more words to tell what the business, industry, or individual employer named in 28a did. If there is more than one activity, describe only the major activity at the place where the person worked. Enter what is made, what is sold, or what service is given.
Some examples of what to enter:
- | | |
|---|-----------------------|
| Enter a description like the following – | Do not enter – |
| Metal furniture manufacturing | Furniture company |
| Retail grocery store | Grocery store |
| Petroleum refining | Oil company |
| Cattle ranch | Ranch |
- 29.** Print two or more words to describe the kind of work the person did. If the person was a trainee, apprentice, or helper, include that in the description.
Some examples of what to enter:
- | | |
|---|-----------------------|
| Enter a description like the following – | Do not enter – |
| Production clerk | Clerk |
| Carpenter's helper | Helper |
| Auto engine mechanic | Mechanic |
| Registered nurse | Nurse |
- 30.** Mark **Employee of a PRIVATE NOT-FOR-PROFIT . . . organization** if the person worked for a cooperative, credit union, mutual insurance company, or similar organization.
Employees of foreign governments, the United Nations, and other international organizations should mark **PRIVATE NOT-FOR-PROFIT . . . organization**.
For persons who worked at a public school, college or university, mark the appropriate *government* category; for example, mark **State GOVERNMENT employee** for a state university, or mark **Local GOVERNMENT employee** for a county-run community college or a city-run public school.

Instructions for Questions 31a through 32h

- 31a.** Look at the instructions for question 21a to see what to count as work.
- b.** Count every week in which the person did any work at all, even for an hour.
- 32.** Fill the **Yes** or **No** circle for each part and enter the amount received during 1989.
If income from any source was received jointly by household members, report, if possible, the appropriate share for each person; otherwise, report the whole amount for only one person and fill the **No** circle for the other person.
- a.** Include wages and salaries from *all jobs before* deductions. Be sure to include any tips, commissions, or bonuses. Owners of *incorporated* businesses should enter their salary here. Military personnel should include base pay plus cash housing and/or subsistence allowance, flight pay, uniform allotments, reenlistment bonuses, etc.
- b.** Include **NONFARM** profit (or loss) from self-employment in sole proprietorships and partnerships. *Exclude* profit (or loss) of incorporated businesses you own.
- c.** Include **FARM** profit (or loss) from self-employment in sole proprietorships and partnerships. *Exclude* profit (or loss) of incorporated farm businesses you own. *Also exclude* amounts from land rented for cash but include amounts from land rented for shares.
- d.** Include interest received or credited to checking and savings accounts, money market funds, certificates of deposit (CDs), IRAs, KEOGHs, and government bonds.
Include dividends received, credited, or reinvested from ownership of stocks or mutual funds.
Include profit (or loss) from royalties and the rental of land, buildings or real estate, or from roomers or boarders. Income received by self-employed persons whose *primary* source of income is from renting property or from royalties should be included in questions 32b or 32c above. Include regular payments from an estate or trust fund.
- e.** Include Social Security (and/or Railroad Retirement) payments to retired persons, to dependents of deceased insured workers, and to disabled workers *before* Medicare deductions.
- f.** Include Supplemental Security Income received by aged, blind, or disabled persons, Aid to Families with Dependent Children, or income from other government programs such as general or emergency assistance. Do not include assistance received from private charities. *Exclude* assistance to pay for heating (cooling) costs.
- g.** Include retirement, disability, or survivor benefits received from companies and unions; Federal, State, and local governments, and the U.S. military. Include regular income from annuities and IRA or KEOGH retirement plans.
- h.** Include Veterans' (VA) disability compensation and educational assistance payments (VEAP), unemployment compensation, child support or alimony, and all other regular payments such as Armed Forces transfer payments; assistance from private charities; regular contributions from persons not living in the household, etc.
Do not include the following as income in any item:
- Refunds or rebates of any kind
 - Withdrawals from savings of any kind
 - Capital gains or losses from the sale of homes, shares of stock, etc.
 - Inheritances or insurance settlements
 - Any type of loan
 - Pay in-kind such as food, free rent, etc.

What the Census Is About — Some Questions and Answers

Why are we taking a census?

The most important reason for taking a decennial census is to determine how many representatives each state will have in Congress.

What does the Census Bureau do with the information you provide?

The individual information collected in the census is grouped together into statistical totals. Information such as the number of persons in a given area, their ages, educational background, the characteristics of their housing, etc., enable government, business, and industry to plan more effectively.

How long have we been taking the census?

The first census was taken in 1790 in accordance with the requirement in the first article of the constitution. A census has been taken every 10 years since. The 1990 Decennial Census marks the 200th anniversary of the census.

How are you being counted?

Census forms are delivered to all households a few days before census day. Households are requested to fill out the form and mail it back to the census office.

Why the Census Asks Certain Questions

Here are a few reasons for asking some of the questions.

It is as important to get information about people and their houses as it is to count them.

Name?

Names help make sure that everyone in a household is counted, but that no one is counted twice.

Value or rent?

Government and planning agencies use answers to these questions in combination with other information to develop housing programs to meet the needs of people at different economic levels.

Complete plumbing?

This question gives information on the quality of housing. The data are used with other statistics to show how the "level of living" compares in various areas and how it has changed over time.

Place of birth?

This question provides information used to study long-term trends as to where people move and to study migration patterns and differences in growth patterns.

Job?

Answers to the questions about the jobs people hold provide information on the extent and types of employment in different areas of the country. From this information, training programs can be developed and the need for new industries can be determined.

Income?

Income, more than anything else, determines how families or persons live. Income information makes it possible to compare the economic levels of different areas.

OFFICIAL 1990 U.S. CENSUS FORM



Thank you for taking time to complete and return this census questionnaire. It's important to you, your community, and the Nation.

The law requires answers but guarantees privacy.

By law (Title 13, U.S. Code), you're required to answer the census questions to the best of your knowledge. However, the same law guarantees that your census form remains confidential. For 72 years—or until the year 2062—only Census Bureau employees can see your form. No one else—no other government body, no police department, no court system or welfare agency—is permitted to see this confidential information under any circumstances.

How to get started—and get help.

Start by listing on the next page the names of all the people who live in your home. Please answer all questions with a black lead pencil. You'll find detailed instructions for answering the census in the enclosed guide. If you need additional help, call the toll-free telephone number to the left, near your address.

Please answer and return your form promptly.

Complete your form and return it by April 1, 1990 in the postage-paid envelope provided. Avoid the inconvenience of having a census taker visit your home.

Again, thank you for answering the 1990 Census.
Remember: Return the completed form by April 1, 1990.

Para personas de habla hispana -

(For Spanish-speaking persons)

Si usted desea un cuestionario del censo en español, llame sin cargo alguno al siguiente número: **1-800-CUENTAN**
(o sea 1-800-283-6826)

U.S. Department of Commerce
BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

FORM D-2

OMB No. 0607-0628
Approval Expires 07/31/91

The 1990 census must count every person at his or her "usual residence." This means the place where the person lives and sleeps most of the time.

1a. List on the numbered lines below the name of each person living here on Sunday, April 1, including all persons staying here who have no other home. If EVERYONE at this address is staying here temporarily and usually lives somewhere else, follow the instructions given in question 1b below.

Include

- Everyone who usually lives here such as family members, housemates and roommates, foster children, roomers, boarders, and live-in employees
- Persons who are temporarily away on a business trip, on vacation, or in a general hospital
- College students who stay here while attending college
- Persons in the Armed Forces who live here
- Newborn babies still in the hospital
- Children in boarding schools below the college level
- Persons who stay here most of the week while working even if they have a home somewhere else
- Persons with no other home who are staying here on April 1

Do NOT include

- Persons who usually live somewhere else
- Persons who are away in an institution such as a prison, mental hospital, or a nursing home
- College students who live somewhere else while attending college
- Persons in the Armed Forces who live somewhere else
- Persons who stay somewhere else most of the week while working

Print last name, first name, and middle initial for each person. Begin on line 1 with the household member (or one of the household members) in whose name this house or apartment is owned, being bought, or rented. If there is no such person, start on line 1 with any adult household member.

LAST	FIRST	INITIAL	LAST	FIRST	INITIAL
1			7		
2			8		
3			9		
4			10		
5			11		
6			12		

1b. If EVERYONE is staying here only temporarily and usually lives somewhere else, list the name of each person on the numbered lines above, fill this circle and print their usual address below. DO NOT PRINT THE ADDRESS LISTED ON THE FRONT COVER.

House number	Street or road/Rural route and box number	Apartment number
City	State	ZIP Code
County or foreign country	Names of nearest intersecting streets or roads	

NOW PLEASE OPEN THE FLAP TO PAGE 2 AND ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS FOR THE FIRST 7 PEOPLE LISTED. USE A BLACK LEAD PENCIL ONLY.

Please fill one column → for each person listed in Question 1a on page 1.	PERSON 1		PERSON 2	
	Last name	First name Middle initial	Last name	First name Middle initial
<p>2. How is this person related to PERSON 1?</p> <p>Fill ONE circle for each person.</p> <p>If Other relative of person in column 1, fill circle and print exact relationship, such as mother-in-law, grandparent, son-in-law, niece, cousin, and so on.</p>	<p>START in this column with the household member (or one of the members) in whose name the home is owned, being bought, or rented.</p> <p>If there is no such person, start in this column with any adult household member.</p>		<p>If a RELATIVE of Person 1:</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Husband/wife <input type="radio"/> Brother/sister</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Natural-born or adopted son/daughter <input type="radio"/> Father/mother</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Stepson/stepdaughter <input type="radio"/> Grandchild</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Other relative →</p> <p>If NOT RELATED to Person 1:</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Roomer, boarder, or foster child <input type="radio"/> Unmarried partner</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Housemate, roommate <input type="radio"/> Other nonrelative</p>	
<p>3. Sex</p> <p>Fill ONE circle for each person.</p>	<p><input type="radio"/> Male <input type="radio"/> Female</p>		<p><input type="radio"/> Male <input type="radio"/> Female</p>	
<p>4. Race</p> <p>Fill ONE circle for the race that the person considers himself/herself to be.</p> <p>If Indian (Amer.), print the name of the enrolled or principal tribe. →</p> <p>If Other Asian or Pacific Islander (API), print one group, for example: Hmong, Fijian, Laotian, Thai, Tongan, Pakistani, Cambodian, and so on. →</p> <p>If Other race, print race. →</p>	<p><input type="radio"/> White</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Black or Negro</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Indian (Amer.) (Print the name of the enrolled or principal tribe.) →</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Eskimo</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Aleut</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Asian or Pacific Islander (API)</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Chinese <input type="radio"/> Japanese</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Filipino <input type="radio"/> Asian Indian</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Hawaiian <input type="radio"/> Samoan</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Korean <input type="radio"/> Guamanian</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Vietnamese <input type="radio"/> Other API →</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Other race (Print race) →</p>		<p><input type="radio"/> White</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Black or Negro</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Indian (Amer.) (Print the name of the enrolled or principal tribe.) →</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Eskimo</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Aleut</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Asian or Pacific Islander (API)</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Chinese <input type="radio"/> Japanese</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Filipino <input type="radio"/> Asian Indian</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Hawaiian <input type="radio"/> Samoan</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Korean <input type="radio"/> Guamanian</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Vietnamese <input type="radio"/> Other API →</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Other race (Print race) →</p>	
<p>5. Age and year of birth</p> <p>a. Print each person's age at last birthday. Fill in the matching circle below each box.</p> <p>b. Print each person's year of birth and fill the matching circle below each box.</p>	<p>a. Age</p> <p>b. Year of birth</p> <p>0 ○ 0 ○ 0 ○ 0 ○ 1 ● 8 ○ 0 ○ 0 ○ 0 ○</p> <p>1 ○ 1 ○ 1 ○ 9 ○ 1 ○ 1 ○</p> <p>2 ○ 2 ○ 2 ○ 2 ○</p> <p>3 ○ 3 ○ 3 ○ 3 ○</p> <p>4 ○ 4 ○ 4 ○ 4 ○</p> <p>5 ○ 5 ○ 5 ○ 5 ○</p> <p>6 ○ 6 ○ 6 ○ 6 ○</p> <p>7 ○ 7 ○ 7 ○ 7 ○</p> <p>8 ○ 8 ○ 8 ○ 8 ○</p> <p>9 ○ 9 ○ 9 ○ 9 ○</p>		<p>a. Age</p> <p>b. Year of birth</p> <p>0 ○ 0 ○ 0 ○ 0 ○ 1 ● 8 ○ 0 ○ 0 ○ 0 ○</p> <p>1 ○ 1 ○ 1 ○ 9 ○ 1 ○ 1 ○</p> <p>2 ○ 2 ○ 2 ○ 2 ○</p> <p>3 ○ 3 ○ 3 ○ 3 ○</p> <p>4 ○ 4 ○ 4 ○ 4 ○</p> <p>5 ○ 5 ○ 5 ○ 5 ○</p> <p>6 ○ 6 ○ 6 ○ 6 ○</p> <p>7 ○ 7 ○ 7 ○ 7 ○</p> <p>8 ○ 8 ○ 8 ○ 8 ○</p> <p>9 ○ 9 ○ 9 ○ 9 ○</p>	
<p>6. Marital status</p> <p>Fill ONE circle for each person.</p>	<p><input type="radio"/> Now married <input type="radio"/> Separated</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Widowed <input type="radio"/> Never married</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Divorced</p>		<p><input type="radio"/> Now married <input type="radio"/> Separated</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Widowed <input type="radio"/> Never married</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Divorced</p>	
<p>7. Is this person of Spanish/Hispanic origin?</p> <p>Fill ONE circle for each person.</p> <p>If Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic, print one group. →</p>	<p><input type="radio"/> No (not Spanish/Hispanic)</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Am., Chicano</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Yes, Puerto Rican</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Yes, Cuban</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic (Print one group, for example: Argentinean, Colombian, Dominican, Nicaraguan, Salvadoran, Spaniard, and so on.) →</p>		<p><input type="radio"/> No (not Spanish/Hispanic)</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Am., Chicano</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Yes, Puerto Rican</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Yes, Cuban</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic (Print one group, for example: Argentinean, Colombian, Dominican, Nicaraguan, Salvadoran, Spaniard, and so on.) →</p>	
<p>FOR CENSUS USE →</p>	<p><input type="radio"/></p> <p><input type="radio"/></p>		<p><input type="radio"/></p> <p><input type="radio"/></p>	

NOW PLEASE ANSWER QUESTIONS H1a-H26 FOR THIS HOUSEHOLD

PERSON 7	
Last name	
First name	Middle initial
If a RELATIVE of Person 1: <input type="radio"/> Husband/wife <input type="radio"/> Brother/sister <input type="radio"/> Natural-born or adopted son/daughter <input type="radio"/> Father/mother or Grandchild <input type="radio"/> Stepson/stepdaughter <input type="radio"/> Other relative	
If NOT RELATED to Person 1: <input type="radio"/> Roomer, boarder, or foster child <input type="radio"/> Unmarried partner <input type="radio"/> Housemate, roommate <input type="radio"/> Other nonrelative	
<input type="radio"/> Male <input type="radio"/> Female	
<input type="radio"/> White <input type="radio"/> Black or Negro <input type="radio"/> Indian (Amer.) (Print the name of the enrolled or principal tribe.)	
<input type="radio"/> Eskimo <input type="radio"/> Aleut Asian or Pacific Islander (API) <input type="radio"/> Chinese <input type="radio"/> Japanese <input type="radio"/> Filipino <input type="radio"/> Asian Indian <input type="radio"/> Hawaiian <input type="radio"/> Samoan <input type="radio"/> Korean <input type="radio"/> Guamanian <input type="radio"/> Vietnamese <input type="radio"/> Other API	
<input type="radio"/> Other race (Print race)	
a. Age	b. Year of birth
0 0 0 0 0 0	1 8 0 0 0 0
1 0 1 0 1 0	9 0 1 0 1 0
2 0 2 0	2 0 2 0
3 0 3 0	3 0 3 0
4 0 4 0	4 0 4 0
5 0 5 0	5 0 5 0
6 0 6 0	6 0 6 0
7 0 7 0	7 0 7 0
8 0 8 0	8 0 8 0
9 0 9 0	9 0 9 0

H1a. Did you leave anyone out of your list of persons for Question 1a on page 1 because you were not sure if the person should be listed — for example, someone temporarily away on a business trip or vacation, a newborn baby still in the hospital, or a person who stays here once in a while and has no other home?

Yes, please print the name(s) and reason(s).

No

b. Did you include anyone in your list of persons for Question 1a on page 1 even though you were not sure that the person should be listed — for example, a visitor who is staying here temporarily or a person who usually lives somewhere else?

Yes, please print the name(s) and reason(s).

No

H2. Which best describes this building? Include all apartments, flats, etc., even if vacant.

A mobile home or trailer
 A one-family house detached from any other house
 A one-family house attached to one or more houses
 A building with 2 apartments
 A building with 3 or 4 apartments
 A building with 5 to 9 apartments
 A building with 10 to 19 apartments
 A building with 20 to 49 apartments
 A building with 50 or more apartments
 Other

H3. How many rooms do you have in this house or apartment? Do NOT count bathrooms, porches, balconies, foyers, halls, or half-rooms.

1 room 4 rooms 7 rooms
 2 rooms 5 rooms 8 rooms
 3 rooms 6 rooms 9 or more rooms

H4. Is this house or apartment —

Owned by you or someone in this household with a mortgage or loan?
 Owned by you or someone in this household free and clear (without a mortgage)?
 Rented for cash rent?
 Occupied without payment of cash rent?

If this is a ONE-FAMILY HOUSE —

H5a. Is this house on ten or more acres?

Yes No

b. Is there a business (such as a store or barber shop) or a medical office on this property?

Yes No

Answer only if you or someone in this household OWNS OR IS BUYING this house or apartment —

H6. What is the value of this property; that is, how much do you think this house and lot or condominium unit would sell for if it were for sale?

Less than \$10,000 \$70,000 to \$74,999
 \$10,000 to \$14,999 \$75,000 to \$79,999
 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$80,000 to \$89,999
 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$90,000 to \$99,999
 \$25,000 to \$29,999 \$100,000 to \$124,999
 \$30,000 to \$34,999 \$125,000 to \$149,999
 \$35,000 to \$39,999 \$150,000 to \$174,999
 \$40,000 to \$44,999 \$175,000 to \$199,999
 \$45,000 to \$49,999 \$200,000 to \$249,999
 \$50,000 to \$54,999 \$250,000 to \$299,999
 \$55,000 to \$59,999 \$300,000 to \$399,999
 \$60,000 to \$64,999 \$400,000 to \$499,999
 \$65,000 to \$69,999 \$500,000 or more

Answer only if you PAY RENT for this house or apartment —

H7a. What is the monthly rent?

Less than \$80 \$375 to \$399
 \$80 to \$99 \$400 to \$424
 \$100 to \$124 \$425 to \$449
 \$125 to \$149 \$450 to \$474
 \$150 to \$174 \$475 to \$499
 \$175 to \$199 \$500 to \$524
 \$200 to \$224 \$525 to \$549
 \$225 to \$249 \$550 to \$599
 \$250 to \$274 \$500 to \$649
 \$275 to \$299 \$650 to \$699
 \$300 to \$324 \$700 to \$749
 \$325 to \$349 \$750 to \$999
 \$350 to \$374 \$1,000 or more

b. Does the monthly rent include any meals?

Yes No

Now married Separated
 Widowed Never married
 Divorced

No (not Spanish/Hispanic)
 Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Am., Chicano
 Yes, Puerto Rican
 Yes, Cuban
 Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic (Print one group, for example: Argentinean, Colombian, Dominican, Nicaraguan, Salvadoran, Spaniard, and so on.)

FOR CENSUS USE

A. Total persons	B. Type of unit	D. Months vacant	G. DO	ID
0 0 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 9	Occupied Vacant <input type="radio"/> First form <input type="radio"/> Regular <input type="radio"/> Cont'n <input type="radio"/> Usual home elsewhere	<input type="radio"/> Less than 1 <input type="radio"/> 6 up to 12 <input type="radio"/> 1 up to 2 <input type="radio"/> 12 up to 24 <input type="radio"/> 2 up to 6 <input type="radio"/> 24 or more		
	C1. Vacancy status <input type="radio"/> For rent <input type="radio"/> For seas/rec/occ <input type="radio"/> For sale only <input type="radio"/> Rented or sold, not occupied <input type="radio"/> For migrant workers <input type="radio"/> Other vacant	E. Complete after <input type="radio"/> LR <input type="radio"/> TC <input type="radio"/> QA <input type="radio"/> JIC 1 <input type="radio"/> P/F <input type="radio"/> RE <input type="radio"/> I/T <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> MV <input type="radio"/> ED <input type="radio"/> EN <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> P0 <input type="radio"/> P3 <input type="radio"/> P6 <input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/> P1 <input type="radio"/> P4 <input type="radio"/> IA <input type="radio"/> JIC 2 <input type="radio"/> P2 <input type="radio"/> P5 <input type="radio"/> SM <input type="radio"/>		
	C2. Is this unit boarded up? <input type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No	F. Cov. <input type="radio"/> 1b <input type="radio"/> 1a <input type="radio"/> 7 <input type="radio"/> H1		

H8. When did the person listed in column 1 on page 2 move into this house or apartment?

- 1989 or 1990
- 1985 to 1988
- 1980 to 1984
- 1970 to 1979
- 1960 to 1969
- 1959 or earlier

H9. How many bedrooms do you have; that is, how many bedrooms would you list if this house or apartment were on the market for sale or rent?

- No bedroom
- 1 bedroom
- 2 bedrooms
- 3 bedrooms
- 4 bedrooms
- 5 or more bedrooms

H10. Do you have COMPLETE plumbing facilities in this house or apartment; that is, 1) hot and cold piped water, 2) a flush toilet, and 3) a bathtub or shower?

- Yes, have all three facilities
- No

H11. Do you have COMPLETE kitchen facilities; that is, 1) a sink with piped water, 2) a range or cookstove, and 3) a refrigerator?

- Yes
- No

H12. Do you have a telephone in this house or apartment?

- Yes
- No

H13. How many automobiles, vans, and trucks of one-ton capacity or less are kept at home for use by members of your household?

- None
- 1
- 2
- 3
- 4
- 5
- 6
- 7 or more

H14. Which FUEL is used MOST for heating this house or apartment?

- Gas: from underground pipes serving the neighborhood
- Gas: bottled, tank, or LP
- Electricity
- Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.
- Coal or coke
- Wood
- Solar energy
- Other fuel
- No fuel used

H15. Do you get water from —

- A public system such as a city water department, or private company?
- An individual drilled well?
- An individual dug well?
- Some other source such as a spring, creek, river, cistern, etc.?

H16. Is this building connected to a public sewer?

- Yes, connected to public sewer
- No, connected to septic tank or cesspool
- No, use other means

H17. About when was this building first built?

- 1989 or 1990
- 1985 to 1988
- 1980 to 1984
- 1970 to 1979
- 1960 to 1969
- 1950 to 1959
- 1940 to 1949
- 1939 or earlier
- Don't know

H18. Is this house or apartment part of a condominium?

- Yes
- No

If you live in an apartment building, skip to H20.

H19a. Is this house on less than 1 acre?

- Yes — Skip to H20
- No

b. In 1989, what were the actual sales of all agricultural products from this property?

- None
- \$1 to \$999
- \$1,000 to \$2,499
- \$2,500 to \$4,999
- \$5,000 to \$9,999
- \$10,000 or more

H20. What are the yearly costs of utilities and fuels for this house or apartment? If you have lived here less than 1 year, estimate the yearly cost.

a. Electricity

\$.00
Yearly cost — Dollars

OR

- Included in rent or in condominium fee
- No charge or electricity not used

b. Gas

\$.00
Yearly cost — Dollars

OR

- Included in rent or in condominium fee
- No charge or gas not used

c. Water

\$.00
Yearly cost — Dollars

OR

- Included in rent or in condominium fee
- No charge

d. Oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.

\$.00
Yearly cost — Dollars

OR

- Included in rent or in condominium fee
- No charge or these fuels not used

9
8
7
6
5
4
3
2
●
0

9
8
7
6
5
●
3
2
1
0

INSTRUCTION:

Answer questions H21 TO H26, if this is a one-family house, a condominium, or a mobile home that someone in this household OWNS OR IS BUYING; otherwise, go to page 6.

H23a. Do you have a mortgage, deed of trust, contract to purchase, or similar debt on THIS property?

- Yes, mortgage, deed of trust, or similar debt
 - Yes, contract to purchase
 - No — Skip to H24a
- } Go to H23b

b. How much is your regular monthly mortgage payment on THIS property? Include payment only on first mortgage or contract to purchase.

\$.00
Monthly amount — Dollars

OR

- No regular payment required — Skip to H24a

c. Does your regular monthly mortgage payment include payments for real estate taxes on THIS property?

- Yes, taxes included in payment
- No, taxes paid separately or taxes not required

d. Does your regular monthly mortgage payment include payments for fire, hazard, or flood insurance on THIS property?

- Yes, insurance included in payment
- No, insurance paid separately or no insurance

H24a. Do you have a second or junior mortgage or a home equity loan on THIS property?

- Yes
- No — Skip to H25

b. How much is your regular monthly payment on all second or junior mortgages and all home equity loans?

\$.00
Monthly amount — Dollars

OR

- No regular payment required

Answer ONLY if this is a CONDOMINIUM —

H25. What is the monthly condominium fee?

\$.00
Monthly amount — Dollars

Answer ONLY if this is a MOBILE HOME —

H26. What was the total cost for personal property taxes, site rent, registration fees, and license fees on this mobile home and its site last year? Exclude real estate taxes.

\$.00
Yearly amount — Dollars

Please turn to page 6. →

H21. What were the real estate taxes on THIS property last year?

\$.00
Yearly amount — Dollars

OR

- None

H22. What was the annual payment for fire, hazard, and flood insurance on THIS property?

\$.00
Yearly amount — Dollars

OR

- None

9
8
7
6
5
4
3
2
1
0

23a. How did this person usually get to work LAST WEEK? If this person usually used more than one method of transportation during the trip, fill the circle of the one used for most of the distance.

Car, truck, or van Motorcycle
 Bus or trolley bus Bicycle
 Streetcar or trolley car Walked
 Subway or elevated Worked at home
 Railroad Ferryboat Other method
 Taxicab *Skip to 28*

If "car, truck, or van" is marked in 23a, go to 23b. Otherwise, skip to 24a.

b. How many people, including this person, usually rode to work in the car, truck, or van LAST WEEK?

Drove alone 5 people
 2 people 6 people
 3 people 7 to 9 people
 4 people 10 or more people

24a. What time did this person usually leave home to go to work LAST WEEK?

a.m.
 p.m.

b. How many minutes did it usually take this person to get from home to work LAST WEEK?

Minutes — *Skip to 28*

25. Was this person TEMPORARILY absent or on layoff from a job or business LAST WEEK?

Yes, on layoff
 Yes, on vacation, temporary illness, labor dispute, etc.
 No

26a. Has this person been looking for work during the last 4 weeks?

Yes
 No — *Skip to 27*

b. Could this person have taken a job LAST WEEK if one had been offered?

No, already has a job
 No, temporarily ill
 No, other reasons (in school, etc.)
 Yes, could have taken a job

27. When did this person last work, even for a few days?

1990 1980 to 1984
 1989 1979 or earlier
 1988 Never worked
 1985 to 1987

Go to 28 *Skip to 32*

28-30. CURRENT OR MOST RECENT JOB ACTIVITY. Describe clearly this person's chief job activity or business last week. If this person had more than one job, describe the one at which this person worked the most hours. If this person had no job or business last week, give information for his/her last job or business since 1985.

28. Industry or Employer

a. For whom did this person work? If now on active duty in the Armed Forces, fill this circle and print the branch of the Armed Forces.

(Name of company, business, or other employer)

b. What kind of business or industry was this? Describe the activity at location where employed.

(For example: hospital, newspaper publishing, mail order house, auto engine manufacturing, retail bakery)

c. Is this mainly — Fill ONE circle

Manufacturing Other (agriculture, construction, service, government, etc.)
 Wholesale trade
 Retail trade

29. Occupation

a. What kind of work was this person doing?

(For example: registered nurse, personnel manager, supervisor of order department, gasoline engine assembler, cake icer)

b. What were this person's most important activities or duties?

(For example: patient care, directing hiring policies, supervising order clerks, assembling engines, icing cakes)

30. Was this person — Fill ONE circle

Employee of a PRIVATE FOR PROFIT company or business or of an individual, for wages, salary, or commissions
 Employee of a PRIVATE NOT-FOR-PROFIT, tax-exempt, or charitable organization
 Local GOVERNMENT employee (city, county, etc.)
 State GOVERNMENT employee
 Federal GOVERNMENT employee
 SELF-EMPLOYED in own NOT INCORPORATED business, professional practice, or farm
 SELF-EMPLOYED in own INCORPORATED business, professional practice, or farm
 Working WITHOUT PAY in family business or farm

31a. Last year (1989), did this person work, even for a few days, at a paid job or in a business or farm?

Yes
 No — *Skip to 32*

b. How many weeks did this person work in 1989? Count paid vacation, paid sick leave, and military service.

Weeks

c. During the weeks WORKED in 1989, how many hours did this person usually work each week?

Hours

32. INCOME IN 1989 — Fill the "Yes" circle below for each income source received during 1989. Otherwise, fill the "No" circle. If "Yes," enter the total amount received during 1989. For income received jointly, see instruction guide. If exact amount is not known, please give best estimate. If net income was a loss, write "Loss" above the dollar amount.

a. Wages, salary, commissions, bonuses, or tips from all jobs — Report amount before deductions for taxes, bonds, dues, or other items.

Yes
 No

\$.00
Annual amount — Dollars

b. Self-employment income from own nonfarm business, including proprietorship and partnership — Report NET income after business expenses.

Yes
 No

\$.00
Annual amount — Dollars

c. Farm self-employment income — Report NET income after operating expenses. Include earnings as a tenant farmer or sharecropper.

Yes
 No

\$.00
Annual amount — Dollars

d. Interest, dividends, net rental income or royalty income, or income from estates and trusts — Report even small amounts credited to an account.

Yes
 No

\$.00
Annual amount — Dollars

e. Social Security or Railroad Retirement

Yes
 No

\$.00
Annual amount — Dollars

f. Supplemental Security Income (SSI), Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC), or other public assistance or public welfare payments.

Yes
 No

\$.00
Annual amount — Dollars

g. Retirement, survivor, or disability pensions — Do NOT include Social Security.

Yes
 No

\$.00
Annual amount — Dollars

h. Any other sources of income received regularly such as Veterans' (VA) payments, unemployment compensation, child support, or alimony — Do NOT include lump-sum payments such as money from an inheritance or the sale of a home.

Yes
 No

\$.00
Annual amount — Dollars

33. What was this person's total income in 1989? Add entries in questions 32a through 32h; subtract any losses. If total amount was a loss, write "Loss" above amount.

None OR \$.00
Annual amount — Dollars

Please turn the page and answer questions for Person 2 listed on page 1. If this is the last person listed in question 1a on page 1, go to the back of the form.

Summary Tape Files (STF's)— These computer tape files provide statistics with greater subject-matter detail than printed reports. They also present statistics for some types of areas, such as block groups and blocks, that are not included in the reports. (See figure 3.)

Here are some important features of STF's:

- Each STF presents a particular set of data tables for specific types of geographic areas.
- Each STF has three or more file types (indicated by a letter suffix attached to the STF number) that differ in the geographic levels reported, but contain the same data detail.
- STF's 1 and 2 contain 100-percent data, and STF's 3 and 4 offer sample data.
- STF's 1 and 3 report on smaller areas and offer less data detail than STF's 2 and 4.
- STF's 1 through 4 offer greater data detail than the 1980 STF's 1 through 4.

Subject Summary Tape Files (SSTF's)—These files are the source of the subject reports and provide greater subject-matter detail than the STF's. They present data for the United States, regions, and divisions, and, in some cases, also for States, counties, and large cities. (See figure 4.)

Public Use Microdata Sample (PUMS) Files—These computer tape files (see figure 4) contain data from samples of long-form housing-unit records ("microdata") for large geographic areas. Each sample housing-unit record includes essentially all the 1990 census data collected about each person in a sample household and the characteristics of the housing unit. Information that could be used to identify an individual or a housing unit is not included in the file.

Microdata files enable users to prepare customized tabulations and cross-tabulations of most items on the census questionnaire. There are two PUMS files:

- A file presenting a 5-percent sample of housing units in which each household record includes codes to let the user know in what area, such as a group of counties, a single county, or a place, the household is located. Each area identified must have a population of at least 100,000 and boundaries that do not cross State lines.
- A file presenting a 1-percent sample of housing units. Its household records include codes associating them with MA's and other large areas, the boundaries of which may cross State lines. (For the 1980 census, there were two files with 1-percent samples. The 1-percent sample showing data for selected urbanized areas and other large areas will not be produced for the 1990 census.)

Other Special Computer Tape Files—Other files include the Census/Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) Special File and the County-to-County Migration File. (See figure 4.) The Census Bureau may prepare additional special files.

Microfiche

Block statistics are available on microfiche as they were for the 1980 census. The microfiche present, in table format, a subset of the tabulations for census blocks found in STF 1B (see figure 3). In the 1990 census, for the first time, the entire land area of the Nation and its possessions was block-numbered. This increased the number of blocks for which the Census Bureau provides data from 2.5 million in 1980 to 7 million for 1990. The cost and storage of block data of this magnitude would be prohibitive if the data were published in printed reports.

STF's 1A and 3A are available on microfiche, as well. As noted in figure 3, they provide data for a variety of geographic areas. Also, all printed reports are offered on microfiche from Customer Services soon after they are published.

Compact Disc—Read-Only Memory (CD-ROM)

For the 1990 census, the Public Law (P.L.) 94-171 file; an extract of STF 1B that presents selected statistics for blocks; and STF's 1A, 1C, 3A, 3B, and 3C are also available on CD-ROM. (One 4 3/4-inch CD-ROM, a type of optical or laser disc, can hold the contents of approximately 1,600 flexible diskettes, or three or four high-density computer tapes.)

Online Information Systems

The Census Bureau began CENDATA™, its online information service, in 1984. CENDATA™ is accessible through two information vendors, CompuServe and DIALOG. A number of Census Bureau reports, in whole or in part, are offered online. For the 1990 census, CENDATA™ provides up-to-date information about the availability of data products and carries selections of State, county, MA, and place data from the P.L. 94-171 tape file and STF's 1 and 3.

Custom Data Products

These products are for users who require unique tabulations that are not included in standard products; for example, information for locally defined geographic areas. Users also can order special microdata files.

The cost of preparing custom products must be paid by the users who request them. Any data that the Census Bureau provides in these products are subject to the same standards applied to other data to ensure that confidential individual information is not revealed.

User-Defined Areas Program (UDAP) Tabulations

UDAP can provide a set of predefined data tables for locally defined areas that do not correspond to standard 1990 census geographic areas. Users identify the geographic areas of interest to them by delineating boundaries around groupings of census blocks on 1990 census County

Block Maps or by electronically submitting the geographic components of their area of interest. (A contact for more information is given in the "Sources of Assistance" section.)

Special Tabulations—The Census Bureau can prepare special data tabulations for any specific geographic or subject-matter area. Users should rely on standard reports, tapes, microfiche, or user-defined area tabulations whenever possible, since special tabulations tend to be substantially more expensive and take time to arrange and produce. (Contacts for more information are given in the "Sources of Assistance" section.)

GEOGRAPHIC PRODUCTS

Maps

Census Bureau maps are necessary for virtually all uses of small-area 1990 census data. They are needed to locate the specific geographic areas for which the census provides data and to study the spatial relationship of the data for analytic purposes. The Census Bureau prepares a variety of 1990 census maps. Among the most useful are these four series:

County Block Maps—These maps show census blocks and their numbers; boundaries for statistical and governmental entities, such as census tracts and places; and physical features. The P.L. 94-171 version of these maps also shows voting district boundaries in those States that furnished them. The maps are prepared on electrostatic plotters by county (or equivalent entity) with one or more map sheets each, depending on the size and shape of the area and the density of the block pattern. An average county requires 20 map sheets. The maps may be purchased from Customer Services.

County Subdivision Outline Maps—Maps in this State-based series present the boundaries of the counties, county subdivisions, places, American Indian and Alaska Native areas (including off-reservation trust lands), tribal designated statistical areas, and tribal jurisdiction statistical areas. Electrostatic-plotter copies are available for purchase from Customer Services. Also, they appear on multiple page-size sheets in the State reports of these series: 1990 CPH-1, 1990 CPH-2, 1990 CPH-5, 1990 CP-1, 1990 CP-2, 1990 CH-1, and 1990 CH-2.

Census Tract/Block Numbering Area (BNA) Outline Maps—Maps in this county-based series depict census tract or BNA boundaries and numbers, and the features underlying the boundaries. They also show governmental units in relation to the census tracts/BNA's. Customer Services sells electrostatic-plotter copies, and the Superintendent of Documents sells printed copies.

Voting District Outline Maps—Maps in this county-based series depict voting district boundaries (for those counties for which States furnished boundary information) and the features underlying the boundaries. They also show governmental unit boundaries in relation to the voting districts. They are prepared on electrostatic plotters and sold by Customer Services.

Geographic Publications

The *Geographic Identification Code Scheme* report in the 1990 CPH-R series shows the 1990 census geographic area codes and Federal information processing standards (FIPS) codes, as appropriate, for States, metropolitan areas, counties, county subdivisions, places, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, and other entities, along with some descriptive information about the codes. The code scheme also is offered on computer tape.

Machine-Readable Geographic Files

All 1990 census summary tape files include 1990 census geographic area codes, FIPS codes, certain area names, land and inland water area in square kilometers, geographic coordinates for an internal point for each entity, and other geographic information.

The Census Bureau developed an automated geographic data base, known as the TIGER (Topologically Integrated Geographic Encoding and Referencing) System, to produce the geographic products for the 1990 census. TIGER provides coordinate-based digital map information for the entire United States, Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and the Pacific territories over which the United States has jurisdiction.

The TIGER System has significantly improved the utility of 1990 census maps and geographic reference products. Extract files generated from the TIGER System permit users, with appropriate software, to perform such tasks as linking the statistical data in the P.L. 94-171 file or the STF's and displaying selected characteristics on maps or a video display screen at different scales and with whatever boundaries they select for any geographic area of the country. For example, a map for a particular county could show the distribution of the voting age population by city block.

The first extract of selected geographic and cartographic information intended for computer applications, such as plotting maps and building geographic information systems, is called the TIGER/Line™ files. TIGER/Line™ files contain attributes for the segments of each boundary and feature (for example, roads, railroads, and rivers), including 1990 census geographic codes for adjacent areas, latitude/longitude coordinates of segment end points and the curvature of segments, the name and type of the feature, and the relevant census feature class code identifying the feature segment by category. TIGER/Line™ files also furnish address ranges and associated ZIP

Codes for each side of street segments in major urban areas; provide the names of landmarks, such as lakes and golf courses; and include other information.

TIGER/Line™ files and other TIGER System extracts, such as TIGER/Boundary™ and TIGER/DataBase™, are released on computer tape and, in some cases, CD-ROM. For information on TIGER extract files, contact Customer Services.

REFERENCE MATERIALS

The Census Bureau issues several reference publications for data users. Some are sold by the Superintendent of Documents; others are distributed free by Customer Services. Addresses and phone numbers for the Superintendent of Documents and Customer Services are given in the following section.

- *1990 Census of Population and Housing, Guide*. This guide, in the 1990 CPH-R report series, provides detailed information about all aspects of the census and a comprehensive glossary of census terms. Sold by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office.
- *1990 Census of Population and Housing Tabulation and Publication Program*. A free report describing 1990 census products, comparing 1990 products with those of 1980, and more. Request from Customer Services.
- *Census '90 Basics*. A free booklet covering how the 1990 census data were collected and processed, the full range of data products, the maps and geographic files, and more, but with less detail than the Guide (above). Request from Customer Services.
- *Census ABC's—Applications in Business and Community*. A free booklet that highlights key information about the 1990 census and illustrates a variety of ways the data can be used. Request from Customer Services.
- *Strength in Numbers*. A free, tabloid-size booklet designed to assist people in using 1990 census data in redistricting. Among other features, it includes illustrations of maps and Public Law 94-171 counts. Request from Customer Services.
- *TIGER: The Coast-to-Coast Digital Map Data Base*. A free booklet describing the structure and uses of the Census Bureau's TIGER System. Request from Customer Services.
- *Census and You*. The Census Bureau's monthly newsletter for data users. It reports on the latest 1990 census developments, selected new publications and computer tape files, other censuses and surveys, developments in services to users, and upcoming conferences and training courses. Subscriptions are sold by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office.

- *Monthly Product Announcement*. A free monthly listing of all new Census Bureau publications; microfiche; maps; data files on tape, diskettes, or CD-ROM; and technical documentation. To subscribe, contact Customer Services.
- *Census Catalog and Guide*. A comprehensive annual description of data products, statistical programs, and services of the Census Bureau. It provides abstracts of the publications, data files, microfiche, maps, and items online. In addition, the Catalog/Guide offers such features as information about censuses and surveys and telephone contact lists of data specialists at the Census Bureau, the State Data Centers, and other data processing service centers. It is sold by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office.

Users also can get listings of new Census Bureau products, updated daily, by subscribing to the *Daily List*. This information and selected statistics are available online through CENDATA™, the Census Bureau's online information service. For more information, contact Customer Services.

SOURCES OF ASSISTANCE

U.S. Bureau of the Census

The Census Bureau's Customer Services sells most of the machine-readable data products, microfiche, and maps described earlier. (The 1990 census printed reports are sold by the Superintendent of Documents, as noted below.) Also, users may consult with specialists at the Census Bureau's Washington headquarters and its 12 regional offices. From time to time, the specialists also conduct workshops, seminars, and training courses.

Washington, DC, Contacts—To order products, for a telephone contacts list of Census Bureau specialists, and for general information: Customer Services, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233, telephone 301-763-4100 (fax number, 301-763-4794).

For User-Defined Areas Program (UDAP) information: UDAP Staff, Decennial Planning Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233, telephone 301-763-4282.

For special tabulation information: Population—Rosemarie Cowan, Population Division, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233, telephone 301-763-5476; Housing—William Downs, Housing and Household Economic Statistics, U.S. Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233, telephone 301-763-8553.

Regional Office Contacts—

Atlanta, GA	404-347-2274
Boston, MA	617-565-7078
Charlotte, NC	704-371-6144
Chicago, IL	312-353-0980
Dallas, TX	214-767-7105
Denver, CO	303-969-7750
Detroit, MI	313-354-4654
Kansas City, KS	913-236-3711
Los Angeles, CA	818-904-6339
New York, NY	212-264-4730
Philadelphia, PA	215-597-8313
Seattle, WA	206-728-5314

Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office

The Superintendent of Documents handles the sale of most of the Federal Government's publications, including 1990 census reports. To order reports and for information: Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402, telephone 202-783-3238.

Other Sources of Products and Services

State Data Centers—The Census Bureau furnishes data products, training in data access and use, technical assistance, and consultation to all States, the District of Columbia, Guam, Puerto Rico, and the U.S. Virgin Islands. State Data Centers, in turn, offer publications for reference, printouts from computer tape, specially prepared reports, maps, and other products and assistance to data users. For a list of the State Data Centers, see the *Census Catalog and Guide* or contact Customer Services. The list also notes organizations in States participating in the Census Bureau's Business/Industry Data Center (BIDC) Program. The BIDC's help business people, economic development planners, and other data users obtain and use data.

National Services Program—The National Services Program (NSP) provides data-related services for nationally based nonprofit organizations that represent minorities or other segments of the population who have been historically undercounted in decennial censuses. The participants include social service, business, professional, civil rights, educational, and religious groups. Through a pilot project, the National Services Information Center (NSIC) Initiative, three of these nonprofit groups now offer their clientele reports, computer tape printouts, and other information from the Census Bureau. To learn more about the NSP and the NSIC, write to the National Services Program, Data User Services Division, Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233, or call 301-763-1384.

National Clearinghouse—The National Clearinghouse for Census Data Services is a listing of private companies and other organizations that offer assistance in obtaining and

using data released by the Census Bureau. For a list of participants in the National Clearinghouse, see the *Census Catalog and Guide* or contact Customer Services.

Depository Libraries—There are 1,400 libraries that receive (from the Government Printing Office) Federal publications that they think their patrons will need. Often some of these publications are Census Bureau reports. The Census Bureau provides free reports to an additional 120 census depository libraries. Also, many libraries purchase census reports and maps for their areas. The *Census Catalog and Guide* includes a list of all depository libraries.

OTHER CENSUS BUREAU RESOURCES

The Census Bureau has more to offer than just the results of the census of population and housing. Through other censuses, surveys, and estimates programs, it compiles and issues (in reports, computer tape, and other media) data on subjects as diverse as appliance sales, neighborhood conditions, and exports to other countries. Here are examples of the information published about—

- *People:* Age, race, sex, income, poverty, child care, child support, fertility, noncash benefits, education, commuting habits, pension coverage, unemployment, ancestry.
- *Business and industry:* Number of employees, total payroll, sales and receipts, products manufactured or sold.
- *Housing and construction:* Value of new construction, numbers of owners and renters, property value or rent paid, housing starts, fuels used, mortgage costs.
- *Farms:* Number, acreage, livestock, crop sales.
- *Governments:* Revenues and expenditures, taxes, employment, pension funds.
- *Foreign trade:* Exports and imports, origin and destination, units shipped.
- *Other nations:* Population, birth rates, death rates, literacy, fertility.

The other censuses, such as agriculture, retail trade, manufactures, and governments, are collected for years ending in "2" and "7." Surveys and estimates programs generate results as often as every month.

Many of the monthly "economic indicators" that measure how the Nation is doing come directly or indirectly from the Census Bureau. Examples: employment and unemployment; housing starts; wholesale and retail trade; manufacturers' shipments, inventories, and orders; export and import trade; and sales of single-family homes.

The other statistical activities of the Census Bureau are described below. Data users will find more information about them and descriptions of their data products in the

annual *Census Catalog and Guide*. Also, special guides and brochures are prepared for most of them. Contact the Census Bureau's Customer Services for more information.

Current Demographic and Housing Programs

Two types of current programs complement the 10-year census: population estimates and surveys. The total population of the United States is estimated monthly; the population of States, counties, and metropolitan areas is estimated annually; and the population of places and other governmental units is estimated every 2 years. Projections of future population are made at the national and State levels.

The Census Bureau's many household surveys update population and housing characteristics at the national level and sometimes for States and metropolitan areas, as well. These surveys also obtain many characteristics not included in the 10-year census. The Current Population Survey is taken monthly; the American Housing Survey national sample is taken biennially; the American Housing Survey metropolitan sample is taken in 44 areas, 11 per year in a 4-year cycle; most other surveys are annual or less frequent.

Economic Censuses and Surveys

The economic censuses provide statistics about business establishments once every 5 years, covering years ending in "2" and "7." The 1987 Economic Censuses include the censuses of retail trade, wholesale trade, service industries, transportation, manufactures, mineral industries, and construction industries. Also included are related programs, such as statistics on minority- and women-owned businesses, enterprise statistics, and censuses of economic activity in Puerto Rico and some of the outlying areas under U.S. jurisdiction.

Several key statistics are tabulated for all industries covered in the censuses. They are number of establishments, number of employees, payroll, and measure of output (sales or receipts, and value of shipments or of work done). Other items vary from sector to sector.

The Census Bureau also has programs that provide current statistics on such measures as total sales of particular kinds of businesses or production of particular products. These programs include monthly, quarterly, and annual surveys, the results of which appear in publication series such as *Current Business Reports* and *Current Industrial Reports*. The County Business Patterns program offers annual statistics based on data compiled primarily from administrative records.

Agriculture Census and Surveys

The agriculture census is conducted concurrently with the economic censuses. It is the only source of uniform agriculture data at the county level. It provides data on such subjects as the number and size of farms; land use and ownership; livestock, poultry, and crops; and value of products sold.

Results of three surveys—the 1988 Farm and Ranch Irrigation Survey, 1988 Census of Horticulture Specialties, and 1988 Agricultural Economics and Land Ownership Survey—are published in conjunction with the 1987 Census of Agriculture. Also, the Census Bureau regularly issues reports from a survey on cotton ginnings.

Governments Census and Surveys

The census of governments, also for years ending in "2" and "7," covers all types of governments: Federal, State, county, municipal (place), township (county subdivision), school district, and special district. It provides data on such subjects as number of public employees, payrolls, revenue, and expenditures.

Annual and quarterly surveys cover the same principal subjects but generate data only for States and the largest local governments.

Foreign Trade Statistics

Monthly U.S. merchandise trade data compiled by the Census Bureau summarize export and import transactions and are based on the official documents filed by shippers and receivers. These figures reflect the flow of merchandise but not intangibles like services and financial commitments. The trade figures trace commodity movements out of and into the U.S. Customs jurisdiction, which includes Puerto Rico and the U.S. Virgin Islands as well as the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Data are published separately on trade between the United States and Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and other U.S. possessions.

Other Statistical Activities

The Census Bureau also offers international data. It maintains an international data base which is available to the public on computer tape and is used to produce the biennial *World Population Profile* report. It prepares studies dealing with the demographic and economic characteristics of other countries and world regions.

Statistical compendia are another important data product. These publications (sometimes also offered in machine-readable form) draw data from many sources and reorganize them for convenient use. The most widely used compendia are the annual *Statistical Abstract of the United States*, the *County and City Data Book* (published every 5 years), and the *State and Metropolitan Area Data Book* (published approximately every 4 years).

Figure 1. 1990 Census Content

100-PERCENT COMPONENT

Population

Household relationship
Sex
Race
Age
Marital status
Hispanic origin

Housing

Number of units in structure
Number of rooms in unit
Tenure—owned or rented
Value of home or monthly rent
Congregate housing (meals included in rent)
Vacancy characteristics

SAMPLE COMPONENT

Population

Social characteristics:

Education—enrollment and attainment
Place of birth, citizenship, and year of entry into U.S.
Ancestry
Language spoken at home
Migration (residence in 1985)
Disability
Fertility
Veteran status

Economic characteristics:

Labor force
Occupation, industry, and class of worker
Place of work and journey to work
Work experience in 1989
Income in 1989
Year last worked

Housing

Year moved into residence
Number of bedrooms
Plumbing and kitchen facilities
Telephone in unit
Vehicles available
Heating fuel
Source of water and method of sewage disposal
Year structure built
Condominium status
Farm residence
Shelter costs, including utilities

NOTE: Questions dealing with the subjects covered in the 100-percent component were asked of all persons and housing units. Those covered by the sample component were asked of a sample of the population and housing units.

Figure 2. 1990 Census Printed Reports

Series	Title	Report(s) issued for	Description	Geographic areas
1990 CENSUS OF POPULATION AND HOUSING (1990 CPH)				
100-Percent Data				
1990 CPH-1	Summary Population and Housing Characteristics	U.S., States, DC, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Population and housing unit counts, and summary statistics on age, sex, race, Hispanic origin, household relationship, units in structure, value and rent, number of rooms, tenure, and vacancy characteristics	Local governmental units (i.e., counties, places, and towns and townships), other county subdivisions, and American Indian and Alaska Native areas
1990 CPH-2	Population and Housing Unit Counts	U.S., States, DC, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Total population and housing unit counts for 1990 and previous censuses	States, counties, county subdivisions, places, State component parts of metropolitan areas (MA's) and urbanized areas (UA's), and summary geographic areas (for example, urban and rural)
100-Percent and Sample Data				
1990 CPH-3	Population and Housing Characteristics for Census Tracts and Block Numbering Areas	MA's, and the nonmetropolitan balance of each State, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Statistics on 100-percent and sample population and housing subjects	In MA's: census tracts/block numbering areas (BNA's), places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and counties. In the remainder of each State: census tracts/BNA's, places of 10,000 or more, and counties
1990 CPH-4	Population and Housing Characteristics for Congressional Districts of the 103rd Congress	States and DC	Statistics on 100-percent and sample population and housing subjects	Congressional districts (CD's) and, within CD's, counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 10,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, and American Indian and Alaska Native areas
Sample Data				
1990 CPH-5	Summary Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics	U.S., States, DC, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Statistics generally on sample population and housing subjects	Local governmental units (i.e., counties, places, and towns and townships), other county subdivisions, and American Indian and Alaska Native areas
1990 CENSUS OF POPULATION (1990 CP)				
100-Percent Data				
1990 CP-1	General Population Characteristics	U.S., States, DC, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Detailed statistics on age, sex, race, Hispanic origin, marital status, and household relationship characteristics	States, counties, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 1,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, State parts of American Indian areas, Alaska Native areas, and summary geographic areas such as urban and rural

Figure 2. 1990 Census Printed Reports—Con.

Series	Title	Report(s) issued for	Description	Geographic areas
1990 CENSUS OF POPULATION (1990 CP)—Con.				
100-Percent Data—Con.				
1990 CP-1-1A	General Population Characteristics for American Indian and Alaska Native Areas	U.S.	Detailed statistics on age, sex, race, Hispanic origin, marital status, and household relationship characteristics	American Indian and Alaska Native areas; i.e., American Indian reservations, off-reservation trust lands, tribal jurisdiction statistical areas (Oklahoma), tribal designated statistical areas, Alaska Native village statistical areas, and Alaska Native Regional Corporations
1990 CP-1-1B	General Population Characteristics for Metropolitan Areas	U.S.	Detailed statistics on age, sex, race, Hispanic origin, marital status, and household relationship characteristics	Individual MA's. For MA's split by State boundaries, summaries are provided both for the parts and for the whole MA
1990 CP-1-1C	General Population Characteristics for Urbanized Areas	U.S.	Detailed statistics on age, sex, race, Hispanic origin, marital status, and household relationship characteristics	Individual UA's. For UA's split by State boundaries, summaries are provided both for the parts and for the whole UA
Sample Data				
1990 CP-2	Social and Economic Characteristics	U.S., States, DC, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Statistics generally on sample population subjects	States (including summaries such as urban and rural), counties, places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 2,500 or more inhabitants in selected States, Alaska Native areas, and the State portion of American Indian areas
1990 CP-2-1A	Social and Economic Characteristics for American Indian and Alaska Native Areas	U.S.	Statistics generally on sample population subjects	American Indian and Alaska Native areas, as for CP-1-1A
1990 CP-2-1B	Social and Economic Characteristics for Metropolitan Areas	U.S.	Statistics generally on sample population subjects	Individual MA's, as for CP-1-1B
1990 CP-2-1C	Social and Economic Characteristics for Urbanized Areas	U.S.	Statistics generally on sample population subjects	Individual UA's, as for CP-1-1C
1990 CP-3	Population Subject Reports	Selected subjects	Approximately 30 reports on population census subjects such as migration, education, income, the older population, and racial and ethnic groups	Generally limited to the U.S., regions, and divisions; for some reports, other highly populated areas such as States, MA's, counties, and large places

Figure 2. 1990 Census Printed Reports—Con.

Series	Title	Report(s) issued for	Description	Geographic areas
1990 CENSUS OF HOUSING (1990 CH)				
100-Percent Data				
1990 CH-1	General Housing Characteristics	U.S., States, DC, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Detailed statistics on units in structure, value and rent, number of rooms, tenure, and vacancy characteristics	States, counties, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 1,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, State parts of American Indian areas, Alaska Native areas, and summary geographic areas such as urban and rural
1990 CH-1-1A	General Housing Characteristics for American Indian and Alaska Native Areas	U.S.	Detailed statistics on units in structure, value and rent, number of rooms, tenure, and vacancy characteristics	American Indian and Alaska Native areas; i.e., American Indian reservations, trust lands, tribal jurisdiction statistical areas (Oklahoma), tribal designated statistical areas, Alaska Native village statistical areas, and Alaska Native Regional Corporations
1990 CH-1-1B	General Housing Characteristics for Metropolitan Areas	U.S.	Detailed statistics on units in structure, value and rent, number of rooms, tenure, and vacancy characteristics	Individual MA's. For MA's split by State boundaries, summaries are provided both for the parts and for the whole MA
1990 CH-1-1C	General Housing Characteristics for Urbanized Areas	U.S.	Detailed statistics on units in structure, value and rent, number of rooms, tenure, and vacancy characteristics	Individual UA's. For UA's split by State boundaries, summaries are provided both for the parts and for the whole UA
Sample Data				
1990 CH-2	Detailed Housing Characteristics	U.S., States, DC, Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands	Statistics generally on sample housing subjects	States (including summaries such as urban and rural), counties, places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 2,500 or more inhabitants in selected States, Alaska Native areas, and State parts of American Indian areas
1990 CH-2-1A	Detailed Housing Characteristics for American Indian and Alaska Native Areas	U.S.	Statistics generally on sample housing subjects	American Indian and Alaska Native areas, as in 1990 CH-1-1A
1990 CH-2-1B	Detailed Housing Characteristics for Metropolitan Areas	U.S.	Statistics generally on sample housing subjects	Individual MA's, as in 1990 CH-1-1B
1990 CH-2-1C	Detailed Housing Characteristics for Urbanized Areas	U.S.	Statistics generally on sample housing subjects	Individual UA's, as in 1990 CH-1-1C
1990 CH-3	Housing Subject Reports	Selected subjects	Approximately 10 reports on housing census subjects such as structural characteristics and space utilization	Generally limited to U.S., regions, and divisions; for some reports, other highly populated areas such as States, MA's, counties, and large places

Figure 3. 1990 Census Summary Tape Files

Summary Tape File (STF 1A, 1B, etc.) and data type (100 percent or sample) ¹	Geographic areas	Description
STF 1 (100 percent)	A ^{2 3}	States, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts/block numbering areas (BNA's), block groups (BG's). Also Alaska Native areas and State parts of American Indian areas
	B ^{2 3}	States, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts/BNA's, BG's, blocks. Also Alaska Native areas and State parts of American Indian areas
	C ³	U.S., regions, divisions, States (including summaries such as urban and rural), counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 10,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, metropolitan areas (MA's), urbanized areas (UA's), American Indian and Alaska Native areas
	D	Congressional districts (CD's) of the 103rd Congress by State; and within each CD: counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 10,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, Alaska Native areas, and American Indian areas
STF 2 (100 percent)	A	In MA's: counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and census tracts/BNA's. In the remainder of each State: counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and census tracts/BNA's
	B	States (including summaries such as urban and rural), counties, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions, State parts of American Indian areas, and Alaska Native areas
	C	U.S., regions, divisions, States (including summaries such as urban and rural), counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 10,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, all county subdivisions in New England MA's, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, MA's, UA's
STF 3 (Sample)	A ^{2 3}	States, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts/BNA's, BG's. Also Alaska Native areas and State parts of American Indian areas
	B ³	Five-digit ZIP Codes within each State
	C ³	U.S., regions, divisions, States, counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 10,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, MA's, UA's
	D	CD's of the 103rd Congress by State; and within each CD: counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 10,000 or more inhabitants in selected States

Figure 3. 1990 Census Summary Tape Files—Con.

Summary Tape File
(STF 1A, 1B, etc.)
and data type
(100 percent or
sample)¹

	Geographic areas	Description
STF 4 (Sample)	A	In MA's: counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and census tracts/BNA's. In the remainder of each State: counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and census tracts/BNA's
	B	State (including summaries such as urban and rural), counties, places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 2,500 or more inhabitants in selected States, all county subdivisions in New England MA's, State parts of American Indian areas, and Alaska Native areas
	C	U.S., regions, divisions, States (including urban and rural and metropolitan and nonmetropolitan components), counties, places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, county subdivisions of 10,000 or more inhabitants in selected States, all county subdivisions in New England MA's, American Indian and Alaska Native areas, MA's, UA's

Over 8,500 cells/items of sample population and housing characteristics for each geographic area. Each of the STF 4 files will include a set of tabulations for the total population and separate presentations of tabulations by race and Hispanic origin.

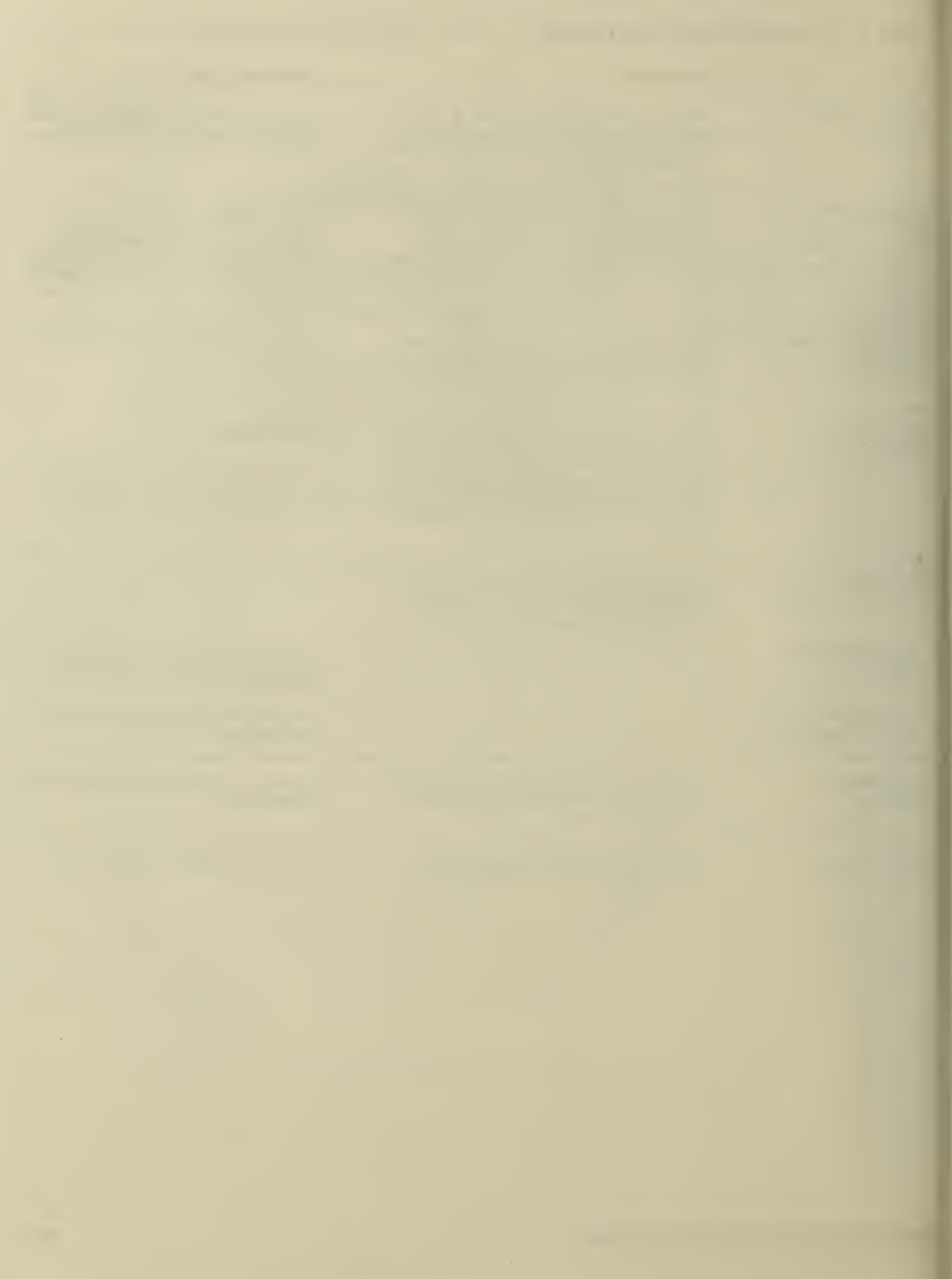
¹Similar STF's will be prepared for Puerto Rico and the U.S. Virgin Islands.

²Also available on microfiche. STF 1B microfiche provides only part of the data for blocks and other areas in the tape file.

³Also available on laser disc (CD-ROM). STF 1B CD-ROM presents the same file extract as STF 1B microfiche.

Figure 4. Other 1990 Census Data Products

Title	Description	Geographic areas
Subject Summary Tape Files	About 20 computer tape files used to produce the subject reports (1990 CP-3 and 1990 CH-3 series). On the average, a file is the source of two subject reports	U.S., regions, divisions, States, metropolitan areas (MA's), and large counties and places
Public Law 94-171 Data File (redistricting data)	Counts by total, race, and Hispanic origin for the total population and population 18 years old and over, and counts of housing units. Available on tape, CD-ROM, and paper listings	States, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts/block numbering areas (BNA's), block groups (BG's), and blocks; voting districts where States have identified them for the Census Bureau; and American Indian and Alaska Native areas
Census/Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) Special File	Sample tabulations showing detailed occupations and educational attainment data by age; cross tabulated by sex, Hispanic origin, and race	Counties, MA's, places of 50,000 or more inhabitants
County-to-County Migration File	Summary statistics for all intra-state county-to-county migration streams and significant inter-state county-to-county migration streams. Each record will include codes for the geographic area of destination, and selected characteristics of the persons who made up the migration stream	States, counties
Public Use Microdata Sample (PUMS) Files	Machine-readable files containing a sample of individual long-form census records showing most population and housing characteristics but with identifying information removed	<p data-bbox="1201 1194 1760 1277">5 Percent—PUMS Areas County groups, counties, county subdivisions, and places with 100,000 or more inhabitants</p> <p data-bbox="1201 1300 1760 1359">1 Percent—Metropolitan Areas (1990) MA's and other large areas with 100,000 or more inhabitants</p>
User-Defined Areas Tabulations	A set of standard tabulations provided on printouts, tapes, or other products with maps and narrative (if requested)	User-defined areas created by aggregating census blocks
Special Tabulations	User-defined tabulations for specified geographic areas provided on printouts, tapes, or other products	User-defined areas or standard areas



APPENDIX G. Maps

Census Tract/Block Numbering Area Outline Maps—These are county-based maps that depict the boundaries and codes of census tracts or block numbering areas, the features and feature names underlying the boundaries and names of counties, county subdivisions, places, and American Indian/Alaska Native areas. Map scales vary to minimize the number of sheets. Printed versions of these maps are available from the Superintendent of Documents, Government Printing Office (GPO).

THE HISTORY OF THE
CITY OF BOSTON

FROM THE FIRST SETTLEMENT TO THE PRESENT TIME
BY
NATHANIEL BENTLEY

1912

1912

1912



1912

1912

1912

1912

1912

1912

1912

1912

1912

1912

1912

1912

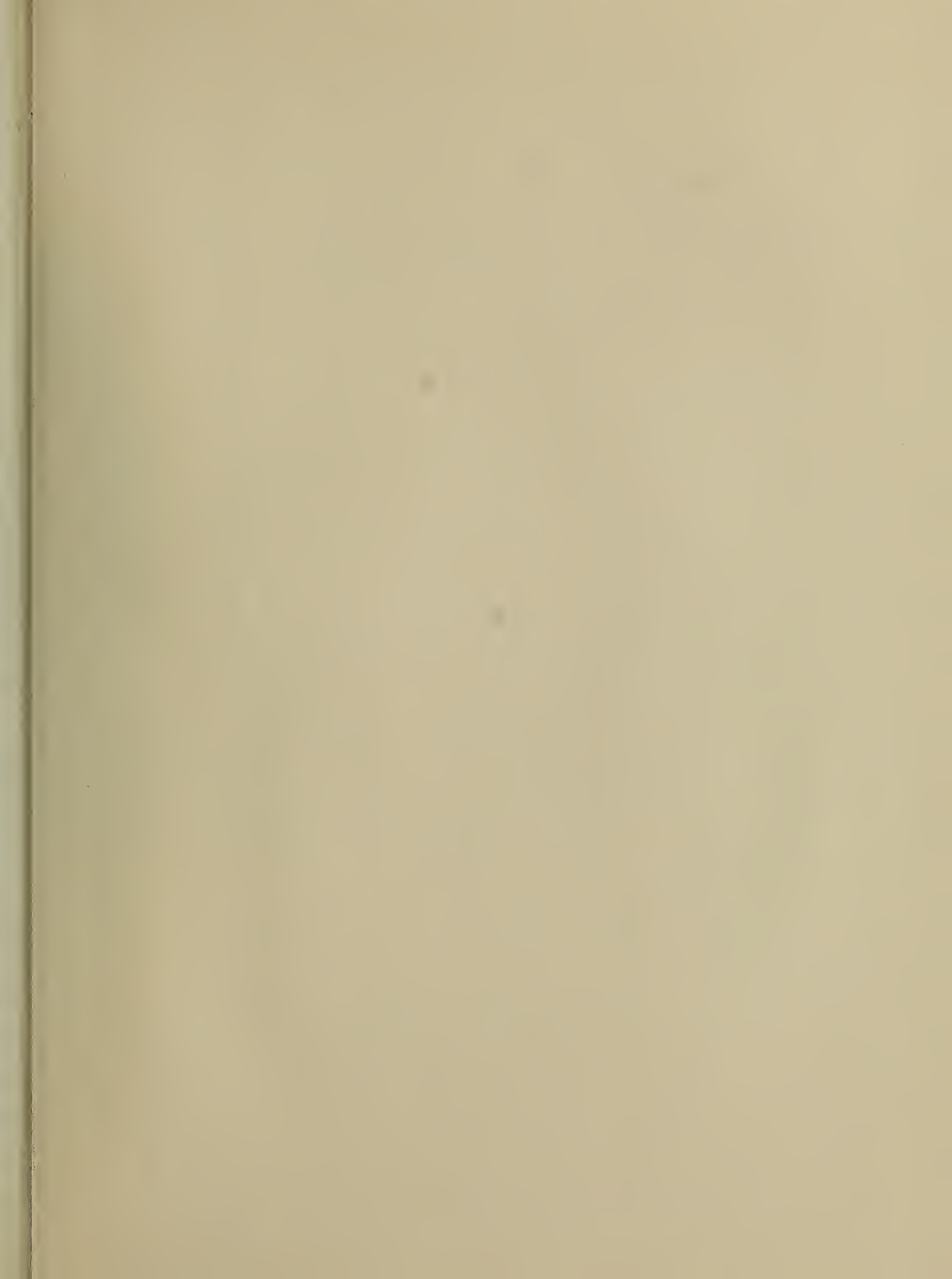
1912

1912

1912

1912

1912



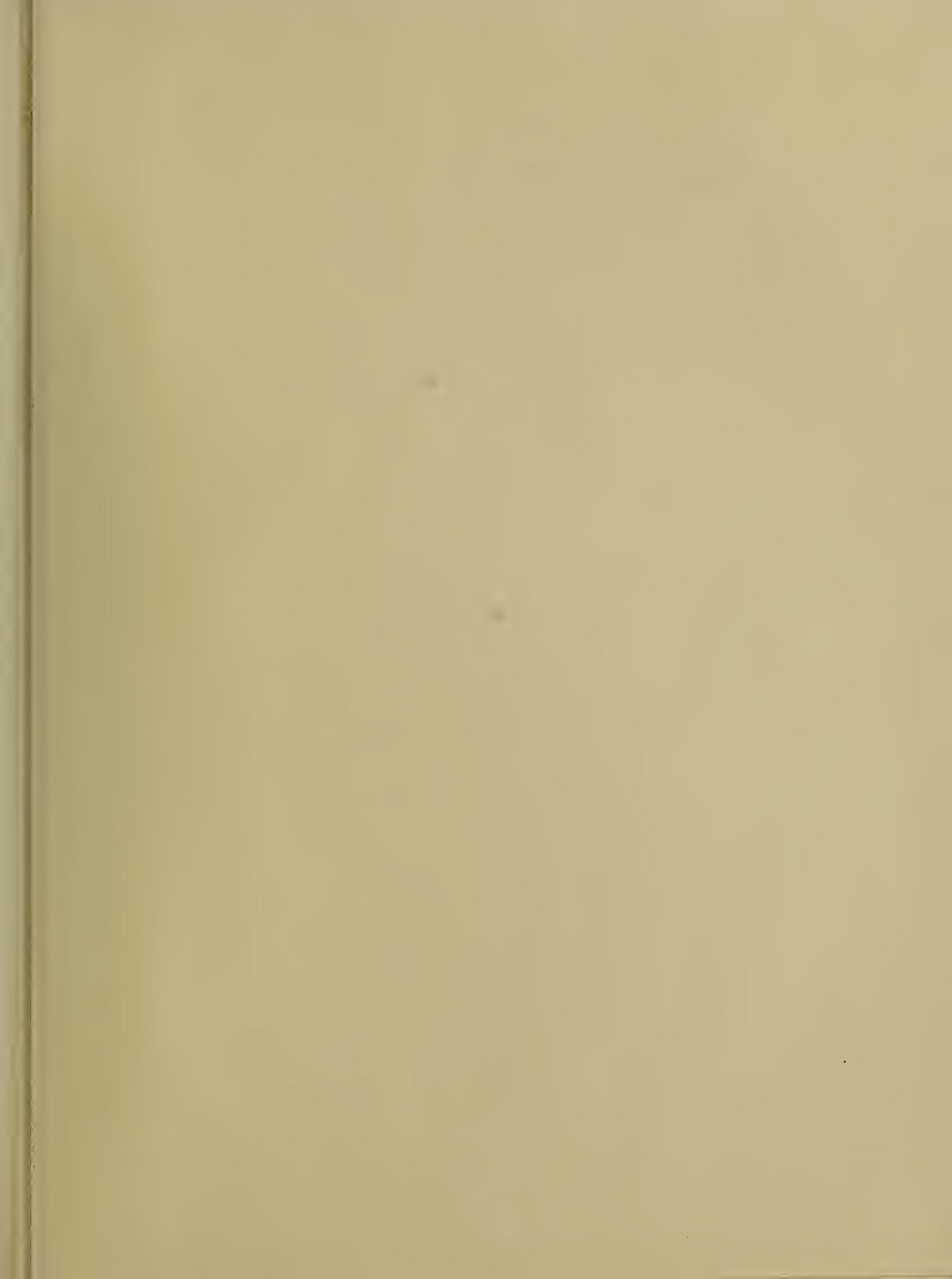
**BUREAU OF THE CENSUS
LIBRARY
Washington, D.C. 20233**

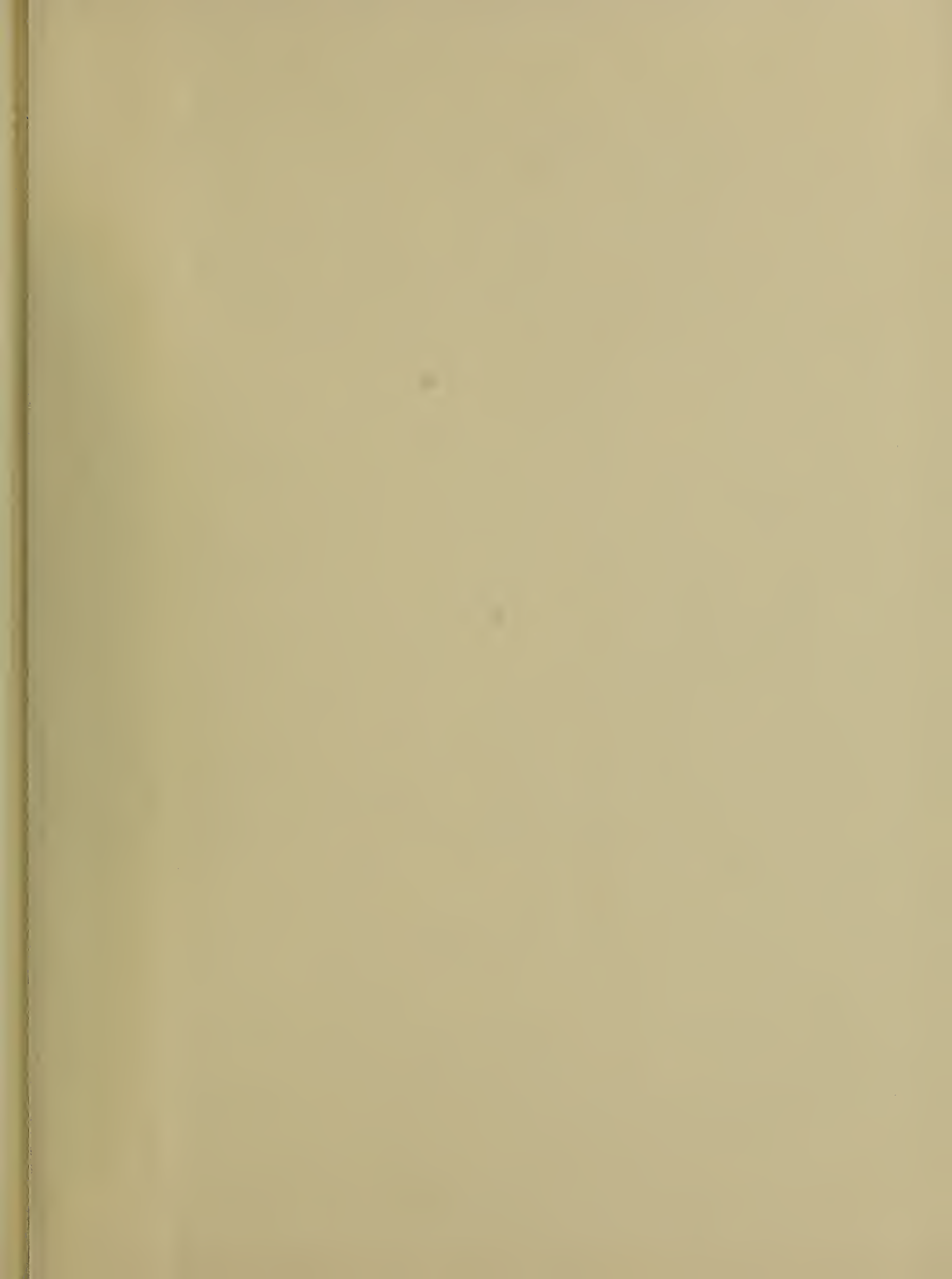
6403 3657 31

10/08/97

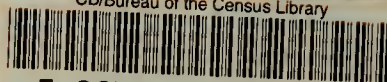
MAB







CB/Bureau of the Census Library



5 0673 01021357 0