1. Даны предложения в пассиве. В некоторых есть ошибки, а в некоторых нет. Поставьте плюсики у правильных предложений, и исправьте неправильные.

1. This house was build by a famous architect. 2. A new food store is going to opened here. 3. All the trash has been thrown away. 4. The ladder is going to be painted. 5. Have been you invited to the party? 6. Can these forks be washed? 7. They are satisfied not. 8. This factory will closed. 9. All the cars was sold.

2. Измените сказуемое в действительном залоге на страдательный, производя необходимые изменения.

1. Someone brought potatoes to Russia from South America. 2. Christopher Columbus discovered America in 1492. 3. People built a huge castle in the 16th century. 4. People speak English all over the world. 5. Somebody published this dictionary in Russia. 6. The musicians play jazz all over the world. 7. Black Americans created jazz.

3. Раскройте скобки, употребляя глагол в нужной форме страдательного глагола.

1. I am sure I (to ask) at the lesson tomorrow. 2. The article (not, to translate) into Russian by the time. 3. The letter (type) just. 4. The new park (to lay) down soon. 5. The picture (to paint) last century. 6. The new dictionary (to sell) everywhere new. 7. The dinner (to cook) at 2 o'clock yesterday.

4. Передайте данные предложения в страдательном залоге, обращая внимание на модальные глаголы.

We must discuss the contents of the novel. 2. The actors ought to impress the audience. 3. You should stop these chatterboxes. 4. We must introduce the members of the team to each other. 5. You can't devour such books. 6. People have to transport these boxes as soon as possible. 7. They must translate the speech.

5. Передайте данные предложения в страдательном залоге.

1. English borrowed a lot of words. 2. A postman brings them a lot of periodicals. 3. Mr. William's secretary will send this telex tomorrow. 4. They didn't find the origin of the adjective "big". 5. People easily memorize such idioms. 6. Somebody bought a bronze candlestick and three green candles. 7. People push the door to open it.

6. Откройте скобки.

1. The new film much (to speak) about. 2. We (to teach) to read and speak English. 3. A new school (to build) in our street. 4. I (to meet) at the airport by Mike. 5. He (to listen) to with great interest. 6. The other speaker (to laugh) at. 7. The room (not, to live) in.

7. Переведите на английский:

1. мне показали; 2. нам одолжили; 3. им заплатили; 4. ему сказали; 5. мне предложили; 6. вас спросили; 7. ей отказали; 8. им отослали; 9. ей дали; 10. тебе разрешили.

8. Turn the following active constructions into passive ones omitting all mention of the agent of the action:

1. No one has made any mistakes. 2. What do you call it? 3. They asked us to stay a little longer. 4. One expects him to obey the regulations. 5. People have

made great progress in physics. 6. They are discussing the possibility of new negotiations. 8. Everybody thought that Jack was clever but lazy. 9. People use coal for making artificial materials. 10. People say it is difficult. 11. What books are people reading this year? 12. They elected him President of the Club last year. 13. They are rehearsing a new play at the National Theatre. 14. Someone found the children in the morning. 15. Nobody has ever treated me with such kindness. 16. He knew that they had sent the invitations out two weeks earlier. 17. They can arrange all things. 18. People expect you to meet the chief. 19. Are they sending for you? 20. They have always passed his telephone calls through to the Minister without questions.

9. Supply the required passive forms of the verbs in brackets:

1. Aunt Dinah (not to like) by my father's family; she (to consider) vulgar. 2. After his brother's departure Paul sat for a long time thinking about what (to say). 3. "I'm not prepared," my father said, "to listen to your suggestions that you never (to treat) fairly at school." 4. In the drawing-room the music of Mozart (to play) by an orchestra seen on the screen. 5. "Remember I (to pay) by the hour," grumbled the driver. 6. But there were signs that order (to restore) in the town. 7. I (to receive) by one of the chiefs and (to take) for lunch to the canteen. 8. Well, what (to do) about it, Ted? 9. He went into the bedroom. The bed (to turn) down for the night by the maid many hours before. 10. I said we yet (not to teach) anything. 11. Please find out if your father (to see) to leave. 12. She could have gone to Cambridge if she had wanted, she (to offer) a scholarship. 13. He arrived just after the electricity (to cut), and Joseph was lighting the oil-lamps. 14. On Friday she (to give) two weeks notice at the Works. 15. Then the voice announced that the passengers (to beg) to pass through the Customs.

10. Supply the required passive forms of the verbs in brackets:

- 1. This situation is serious. Something must before it's too late. (do)
- 2. Two men tried to sell a painting that (steal)
- 3. Weekends outdoors by most English people. (spend)
- 4. He responsible for the accident. (hold)
- 5. They this clock now. (repair)
- 6. It's a big company. It two hundred people. (employ)
- 7. A new book by that company next year. (publish)
- 8. Tom his key. (lose)
- 9. Mr. Green at the University since 1989. (teach)
- 10. This house in 1930. (build)
- 11. I don't think we must everything tomorrow. (finish)
- 12. I last Friday. (arrive)
- 13. A dog by the small red car. (hit)
- 14. Everybody by the terrible news yesterday. (shock)
- 15. The house by a pop star. (buy)