

	<b>Simple</b> <b>V-ed/V<sub>2</sub></b>	<b>Continuous</b> <b>Was/were +V-ing</b>	<b>Perfect</b> <b>Had + V<sub>3</sub></b>	<b>Perfect Continuous</b> <b>Had been +V-ing</b>
	I/he/she/it/you/we/they <b>asked</b> I/he/she/it/you/we/they <b>bought</b>	I/he/she/it <b>was asking</b> We/you/they <b>were asking</b>	I/he/she/it/you/we/they <b>had asked</b> (*d asked)	I/he/she/it/you/we/they <b>had been asking</b>
	I/he/she/you/we/they <b>did not (didn't) ask</b> I/he/she/you/we/they <b>did not (didn't) buy</b>	I/he/she/it <b>was not (wasn't) asking</b> We/you/they <b>were not (weren't) asking</b>	I/he/she/it/you/we/they <b>had not (hadn't) asked</b>	I/he/she/it/you/we/they <b>had not (hadn't) been asking</b>
	<b>Did</b> I/he/she/it/you/we/they <b>ask</b> ? <b>Did</b> she/you/we/they <b>buy</b> ?	<b>Was</b> I/he/she/it <b>was asking</b> ? <b>Were</b> We/you/they <b>were asking</b> ?	<b>Had</b> I/he/she/it/you/we/they <b>asked</b> ?	<b>Had</b> I/he/she/it/ you/we/they <b>been asking</b> ?
<b>PAST</b>	Действие, совершавшееся или совершившееся в прошлом в <b>истекший</b> период времени, который обычно указывается или уже известен (yesterday, last week/month/year, 2 days ago, in 1990, on Monday, just now, <b>for, during</b> ) <i>They arrived yesterday. He phoned a moment ago. I saw Dave in town. (when I was there this morning)</i> I never met my grandfather. (he is dead) Иногда Past Simple без указания времени совершения действия употребляется для обозначения действия, которое совершилось совсем недавно. (immediate past) <i>Did the phone ring? Who left the door open? (Who's left the door open?) Mike punched me in the stomach.</i>	Незаконченное длительное действие, совершавшееся в определенный момент в прошлом. Этот момент обозначается: - точным указанием времени совершения действия (at 5.30, at that moment, from 6 till 8) - другим прошедшим действием в Past Simple. На рус. яз. переводится глаг. несов. вида <i>The children were sleeping at 10 o'clock yesterday. The children were sleeping when we left. At that moment she was talking on the phone.</i>	Прошедшее действие, совершившееся до определенного момента в прошлом. Этот момент обозначается: - предлогом by (к) - другим (более поздним) прошедшим действием в Past Simple <i>When I rang, Jim had already left. The boys loved the zoo. They had never seen wild animals before. I began collecting toy cars in March and by October I had collected more than 100. She had finished the work and was listening to the radio. When I got home, they had already eaten everything in the house. (They ate everything in the house. I got home too late.)</i>	Длительное прошедшее действие, начавшееся ранее другого прошедшего действия, выраженного в Past Simple и еще происходившего в момент его совершения. Указывается период времени, в течение которого действие совершалось. ( <b>since</b> и <b>for</b> ) На рус. яз. переводится глаг. несов. вида <i>By 2001 George had been living in Scotland for 60 years. (action in progress; a time expression is used)</i>
	Последовательные действия в прошлом (при повествовании) <i>I was afraid to be late for work so I took a taxi. I arrived just in time to greet my colleagues and got down to work.</i> Повторяющиеся действия в прошлом (= used to) <i>I smoked forty cigarettes a day till I gave up. (= I used to smoke forty cigarettes a day till I gave up.)</i> <i>I always had my holiday in July. (=I used to have my holiday in July.)</i>	Незаконченное длительное действие, совершавшееся в определенный период в прошлом, который либо указывается в предложении, либо понятен из контекста <i>He was still looking for a job when I met him last weekend.</i>	В следующих конструкциях: <b>Scarcely had</b> I/he/we + V <sub>3</sub> <b>when</b> ... <b>Hardly had</b> I/he/we + V <sub>3</sub> <b>when</b> ... <b>No sooner had</b> I/he/we + V <sub>3</sub> <b>than</b> ... <b>Barely had</b> I/he/we + V <sub>3</sub> <b>when</b> ... <b>Nearly had</b> I/he/we + V <sub>3</sub> <b>when</b> ... <i>Hardly had we left the shop, when the shopkeeper called us back, as we had forgotten the change. Hardly had I arrived home when the telephone rang. (= I had hardly arrived home when the telephone rang.)</i> <i>Scarcely had she finished reading when she fell asleep. (= She had scarcely finished reading when she fell asleep.)</i> <i>No sooner had the company launched its new product than it went bankrupt. (= The company had no sooner launched its new product than it went bankrupt.)</i>	Длительное прошедшее действие, закончившееся непосредственно перед моментом наступления другого прош. действия. Период длительности действия не важен. <i>When I got to her house she had been waiting for hours. (the action had just stopped; a clause is used)</i> <i>He put down the fork he had been eating with and left the table.</i>
	С глаголами <b>wonder, hope, think</b> в Past Simple может обозначать не прошедшее действие, а вежливую просьбу <i>I <b>wondered</b> if you could give me a lift. (more tentative)</i>			
When-questions				